The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1757. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET,

That COTTAGE, the property of N. Tetrau, Esq., Notary, in the Lower Village of Hull, with a handsome flower garden, stable, wood shed, ice house, &c., with or without the necessary firewood for next winter on the place. Mr. Tetrau having arranged for his residence in the dwelling adjoining his office, consented to the leasing of the property. For further information apply to N. TETREAU, N. P., Hull, P. Q. 1746 8

NOTICE.

TO LET, a Large OFFICE and THREE BEDROOMS well situated in the Aumond Block, west, end Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, July 11th, 1871. 1813 tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
3 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily)
1 Case Laces.
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills.

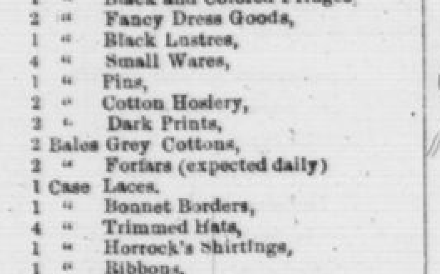
CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 10, 1871



SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following :

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain,
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co.

TANNERY,

PARK STREET, OTTAWA.

EDMOND GERMAIN, Proprietor.

All kinds of LEATHER for Sale, Whole sale, at reasonable prices.

ALSO,

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS WHOLESALE.

Of his own manufacture, at REDUCED PRICES.

19th August, 1871. 1746tf

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, Agent,
Times Office Ottawa

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof whi h will be guarenteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Destillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU W

CHEAP DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 3m

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their, sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

METCALFE-ST.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Spirits, 50 over proof,
Old Rye, Malt and
Family Proof Whiskeys,
Very Old Chippawa,
Eureka Rye Whiskey,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy,
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Bergundy Ports

Domecq's and Greek Sherries,
Clarets,
Sautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Finest Wine Vinegar,
Liqueurs, &c.

Bass', Guinness', Dow's, Dawes', Labatt's and Cosgrave's Ales and Porters, &c., &c.
Liberal terms.
Inspection invited.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building,
11 Metcalfe street

Ottawa, July 22, 1871.

SITUATION WANTED.

To Merchants and Others.—By a Young Man, of active business habits, thoroughly acquainted with both languages, a Situation in a Store or Office, or as Traveller for an wholesale establishment. The best references given. For address, apply at this office. 1736tf

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

100 CASES

HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT

"THE RED BOOT,"

OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overs,

MOCCASINS,

Laces & Boot Dressing

Which will be sold at the very lowest price possible,

Wholesale and Retail.

City and country dealers will find (on giving us a call) that they can be supplied at

Montreal Prices—Freight Added.

Having received a good part of our

Fall and Winter Goods

We are prepared to EXECUTE PROMPTLY all orders.

All summer goods selling at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Orders for Hand Made Custom Work attended to promptly.

A full sett of

Messrs. Ames, Millard & Co's Samples

of BOOTS and SHOES, always on view, and orders taken at lowest prices. One of our firm will wait on the merchants of Ottawa City and District soliciting orders.

Agents for wholesaling of Wm. Clendinneng's manufacture of *Stoves, Iron-furniture, Railings, Builders* and all kinds of *Plain and Fancy Castings.*

Agents for the celebrated

Plantagenet Mineral Water.

Orders promptly attended to.

LAMB & RODDEN,
No. 28, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, July 20, 1871.

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE, at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 88 Sussex Street, Ottawa.
1738 tNY SIMEON LEBEAU, Agent.

1,000 yards of Japanese silks at 50 cents per yard at Allan, McKinnon's & McMorran's.

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:1 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6 40 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No. 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2.4 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.00 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

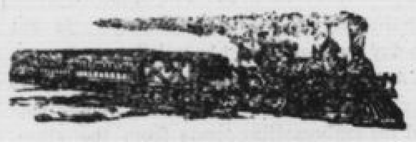
Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, taws

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.
Ottawa June 1st, 1871



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways.

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7th, 1 Trains will run as follows :

Leave Brockville

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1.00 p.m., and at Sand Point, at 1.30 p m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 10.00 a.m., and 4.30 p m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 2.00 p.m, connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 5.4 p. m., and at Sand Point, 6 30 p m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a m arriving at Brockville at 1.34 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and an

LOCAL TRAINS at 2.50 p.m, and 6.20 p.m

Arrive at Sand Point

at 3.50 p m, 10.00 p,m, 6.15 p.m. 1.30 p,m

Leave Sand Point

At 8.30 a.m., 11,30 a,m., 3,00 a.m, 2.00 p.m

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a m, after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment

H ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, June 6 1871

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec :

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

NESTORIAN	26th August
SCANDINAVIAN	2nd September
HIBERNIAN	9th "
MORAVIAN	15th "
SARMATIAN	23rd "
PRUSSIAN	30th "

Rates of Passage from Quebec :

Cabin	$70 to $80
Steerage	$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN, on or about	31st Aug.
OTTAWA "	7th Sept.
ST. DAVID "	14th "
ST. ANDREW "	21st "
ST. PATRICK "	28th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin	$67 25
Intermediate	$47 or 44 00
Steerage	28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

RARE CHANCE.

The advertiser has received instructions to offer for SALE, by TENDER, at so much in the Dollar, as per Inventory Valuation,

A WELL ASSORTED TAILOR'S STOCK,

Consisting of English Cloths, Canada Tweeds, Trimmings, &c., &c., amounting to over $4,000.

The Goods are all in first-class order, and have been well selected.

The above offers an excellent opportunity to any one about to commence business, as the goodwill can be secured.

Every information may be had by addressing Box 468, Montreal, and Stock Sheets can be seen on application to the undersigned.

Tenders will be received until the 26th instant. Parties making other than a CASH OFFER, will please name security.

C. BAILLIE,
181 St. James' Street.

Montreal, August 5th, 1871. 1739t12

NEW SPRING GOODS,

AT

O'MEARA & CO.,

59 SPARKS STREET.

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED.

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Cassimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Shirts
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

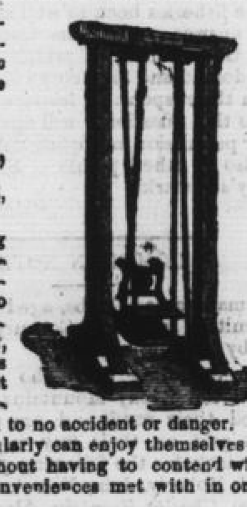
Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871



THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No. 120, Sussex street, and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

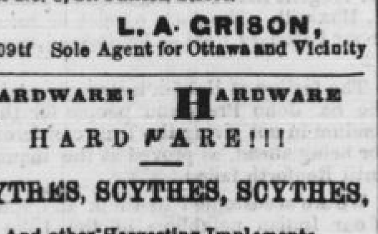
HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES,

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,



No. 24 Rideau street.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid Steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.

All ground ready for use.

Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent,
Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each ; just received direct from the Quarrie;

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

8 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1663tf

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

OF THE

AGRICULTURAL & ARTS ASSOCIATION

OF ONTARIO,

To be held at Kingston,

On the 25th to 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Persons intending to exhibit will please take notice that the Entries of articles in the respective classes must be made with the Secretary, at Toronto, on or before the undermentioned dates, viz :

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before Saturday, August 26th.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery and Manufactures generally, on or before Saturday, September 2nd.

Horticultural Products, Ladies' Work, the Fine Arts, &c., on or before Saturday, September 16th.

Prize Lists and Blank Forms for making the entries upon, can be obtained of the Secretaries of all Agricultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes throughout the Province.

HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec'y Agricultural and Arts Association

Toronto, August 15, 1871. 1745-d&w.

COUNTY OF CARLETON

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Annual Exhibition will take place on

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,

5th and 6th October,

at Bell's Corners, Nepean.

All SUBSCRIPTIONS should be paid before 1st September.

ENTRIES to be made before 3rd October.

PRIZE LISTS now ready and may be had from the Secretary at Ottawa, or at the different hotels, Bell's Corners.

A S WOODBURN,
35 3 Secy.-Treas.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway hereby give public notice that they are prepared to receive TENDERS for TRACK-LAYING and BALLASTING on 75; miles of the line, being Sections 4, 7, and 12, in the Province of Nova Scotia. Tenders may be for the whole distance, or for separate Sections.

Specifications and forms of tender can be obtained at the Commissioners' Office, Ottawa, and at the offices of the Engineers at Truro and Amherst.

Sealed Tenders, marked "Tenders," and addressed to the Commissioners, will be received at their Office in Ottawa, up to 12 o'clock noon, on MONDAY, the 25th day of September, 1871.

Tenders will also be received at the same time and place for 300 tons of Spikes according to samples, to be seen at the above named offices.

Tenders to state price per ton of 2,240 lbs., delivered in equal quantities at Truro and Amherst at Railway Stations. 50 tons to be delivered at Amherst by the 16th October, and 50 tons by the 1st November next. Balance of delivery by 1st July, 1872.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.

Intercolonial Railway Commissioners' Office,

Ottawa, 14th August, 1871.

McGILL

NORMAL SCHOOL.

The fifteenth session of this School will commence on FRIDAY, 1st SEPTEMBER 1871.

Students trained in this School are, after passing its examinations, entitled to Provincial Diplomas as Teachers.

On passing the Examination, Students not resident in Montreal will be entitled to Bursaries in aid of their Board; and, if resident more than ninety miles from Montreal, to an allowance for travelling expenses.

Tuition and use of Text Books free.

Candidates for admission will present themselves, if possible, at the Normal School, Belmont Street, Montreal, on September 1st, at 9 a.m.

MODEL SCHOOL

—OF—

McGILL NORMAL SCHOOL.

The classes re-assemble on FRIDAY, the 1st September, at 9 a.m.

Prospectuses containing full information concerning the Courses in McGill Normal School, and Forms of Admission, may be had either at the office of the undersigned, or at the School.

W C BAYNES, B A,
Secretary.

July 4, 1871. 1708wkJ&A

GREAT

TRADE SALE

By Auction.

TEN THOUSAND CASES

INDIA RUBBER OVERSHOES

The subscribers have received instructions from the QUEBEC RUBBER CO to close out BY AUCTION, at their agency, 19 St. Helen Street, Montreal, on WEDNESDAY, 6th SEPTEMBER, their entire remaining stock of Men's, Women's, Boys', Misses' and Children's Rubber Overshoes, Wool-lined Shoes Felt and Cloth Boots, &c, &c.

JOHN LEEMING & CO,
Auctioneers.

July 4. 1708awk6w

YOUNG LADIES SEMINARY

OF

NOTRE DAME DU SACRE CŒUR,

Rideau Street.

CONDUCTED BY THE GREY NUNS.

The usual Courses of Instruction will begin on FRIDAY, the first of September next.

The Ladies of this Institution, in announcing the opening of their classes for the coming term, would tender their grateful acknowledgments to their many friends in Canada and the United States, for the distinguished encouragement extended to them.

Ottawa, 3rd August. 1734td

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
1746b Post Office Block.

THE REV. G. JEMMETT, M.A.,

WILL OPEN A

SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

ON

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 4,

In the School Room in Mr. Skead's building, Queen street, formerly occupied by Rev. J. May.

The course of instruction will comprise the usual English branches, French, Latin, Greek and Mathematics.

An Assistant required.

For further particulars, application may be made to the Rev. J. S. Lauder, Rev. H. Pollard, or after September 1st, to the Head Master.

Ottawa, August 28. 1754 td

CITY COUNCIL.

OTTAWA, August 29, 1871.

Present : His Worship the Mayor and Aldermen O'Connor, Bangs, Woodburn, Rowe, Featherston, Cunningham, Taillon, Kehoe, Heney, Lapierre, Martineau.

Ald. Rowe presented the application of the City Clerk for the usual yearly leave of absence.

1. Moved by Ald. Rowe, seconded by Ald. Kehoe, that the request of the City Clerk be granted. Carried.

Ald O'Connor presented the petition of Levi Young and others, asking the Corporation to acquire for City purposes, the small piece of land at the corner of Lloyd and Duke streets. Referred to the Board of Works.

Ald Rowe presented the petition of John Henry, praying that the Police be instructed not to interfere with him in removing sand blown from his property on the street. Referred to the Board of Works. The letter also of Messrs. Keefer and Kimber, respecting a nuisance complained of by Mr. Miles, caused by a drain running underneath his house. Referred to the Board of Works and Board of Health.

Ald. O'Connor presented the petition of N. S. Blasdell & Co., for the straightening of the westerly portion of Middle street. Referred to the Board of Works.

His Worship the Mayor presented a writ of ejectment at the suit of Margaret Campbell, to recover possession of the Lot at present used as a market ground in Victoria Ward.

Ald. Martineau presented the report of the Auditors, on the Rolls, including those of 1870. Referred to the Finance Committee. Also the letter of G. H. Preston, in reference to the matter in dispute between the City Chamberlain and himself.

2. Moved by Ald. Lapierre, seconded by Ald. Heney, that the communication of Mr. G. H. Preston, just read, be received, and referred to the Finance Committee to consult with the City Solicitor respecting the same. Carried.

3. Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. O'Connor, that the ejectment summons in the matter of Campbell *vs.* the City of Ottawa, be referred to the City Solicitor and His Worship the Mayor, to deal with the same as they may deem advisable for the interests of the city. Carried.

His Worship the Mayor presented a letter from Thos. C. Keefer, Esq., respecting Railway matters.

4. Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the letter of Thomas C. Keefer, Esq., be received, printed in the minutes, and referred to the Board of Works and Finance Committee. Carried.

Ald. Martineau presented the accounts of Octave Duheuil, A. Swalwell, T. W. Currier, John Thompson, J. Roberts, J. G. Bell, and George Taylor. Referred to the Finance Committee. Carried.

Ald. Featherston presented Report No. 17 of the Board of Works.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

The Board of Works respectfully submit their Seventeenth Report.

Your Worshipful Body has resolved to construct during the coming winter and the ensuing year, various works of importance; and in the opinion of your Board it will be necessary to issue debentures to obtain money sufficient to complete the same, so as not to throw the whole burden upon the present ratepayers of the City.

The Works referred to and their probable cost, is as follows :

The Bridge at Wellington street	$36,000
The repairs to Sappers Bridge	9,000
The Bridge at Maria street	5,000
The Bridge at Queen street	10,000
	$60,000

Your Board, therefore, respectfully pray that the Finance Committee be requested to consider the desirability of issuing debentures sufficient to meet said expenditure ; and if in their opinion advisable, to prepare and submit such By-law as shall be necessary for said purpose.

All respectfully submitted.

J. P. FEATHERSTON,
Chairman.
C. W. BANGS,
WM. KEHOE.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Bangs, that the Seventeenth Report of the Board of Works be received and adopted. Carried.

Ald. Lapierre presented Report No. 4 of the By-law Committee.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

The By-law Committee beg leave to submit their Fourth Report.

Having been instructed to prepare a By-law to appoint an Arbitrator in behalf of your Council, to arbitrate respecting the price of Lots required for the enlargement of the By-Ward Market, they respectfully submit that they have caused such By-law to be prepared ; and would recommend the same to be adopted by your Worshipful Body.

All respectfully submitted.

H. LAPIERRE,
Chairman.
G. TAILLON,
A. S. WOODBURN.

Ottawa, Aug. 29, 1871.

6. Moved by Ald. Lapierre, seconded by Ald. Woodburn, that the Fourth Report of the By-law Committee by received and adopted. Carried.

Ald. Lapierre introduced a By-law to appoint an arbitrator on behalf of this Corporation, to settle the price of the Lots required to extend the By-Ward Market ground.

7. Moved by Ald. Lapierre, seconded by Ald. Woodburn, that the By-Law to appoint an Arbitrator in behalf of the Council, to arbitrate respecting price of lots required for the enlargement of the By-Ward Market be now introduced and read a first time, suspending all rules of this Council to the contrary. Carried.

8. Moved by Ald. Lapierre, seconded by Ald. Woodburn, that the blank in the By-law just read be filled up with the name of Martin O'Gara, Esq., Barrister at Law; and that the said By-law be now read a second time and passed, suspending any rule or rules of this Council to the contrary. Carried.

9. Moevd by Ald. Bangs, seconded by Ald. Woodburn, that the Water Works Committee be requested to call upon the owners of the various sites for water works mentioned in the report of Professor Green and ascertain the prices of each site, and report to this Council at its next meeting.

10. The time of the Council was extended one hour by resolution.

11. Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Rowe, in amendment that, the following be added to the original motion. That the same committee be requested to consult Mr. Keefer as to the site of Victoria Island and to wait on the Government in relation thereto, and press the views of the said gentleman, and ask their compliance therewith, and that the motion as so amended do pass, and that said committee report at the next meeting of the Council. Carried,

The Council then adjourned.

APPENDIX No 1.

NEW EDINBURGH, Aug. 21st, 1871.

SIR,—About eighteen months ago delegates from the Ottawa counties of Ontario and from the city of Montreal, met at the City Hall in Ottawa for the purpose of promoting a railway through the Ottawa Valley from Montreal to Pembroke. A decision was then come to, to support the renewal of the Charter of the Canada Central Railway for this purpose. This renewal was obtained (after the most strenuous opposition from both the local Governments of Ontario and Quebec, in the person of their Premiers) and in consequence of this renewal, Mr. Bolckom, the English owner of the Canada Central Charter, constructed last summer the branch between the City of Ottawa and Carleton Place. For the extension eastward the Canada Central proposed to go on the south shore to Hawksbury, and crossing there amalgamate with the Northern Colonization Company, and thus reach Montreal. The Government of Quebec, however, at the last session of the Legislature of that Province broke up this arrangement, compelling the Northern Colonization Company to abandon the idea of an extension westward through Ontario, and to take instead a line through the Province of Quebec as far as Aylmer, or as proposed by some as far as the Deep River.

In view of the Pacific Railway it is the policy apparently of the Government and Legislature of Quebec to make the Capital of that Province the Atlantic terminus of the road, and extend its main line as far as possible within the limits of that Province, intercepting the Government line which commences at Nipissing, at the highest practicable point above Ottawa. Circumstances, however, force the Quebec National line to come into Hull, and there (for the present) it is proposed by the Canada Central to unite with it, by a bridge over the Ottawa above this city. The Directors of the Canada Central have by their recent report formally abandoned any intention of an extension eastward of Ottawa, and as this was known at the last session of the Dominion Legislature, the Vaudreuil Railway Company was authorized to occupy the ground thus vacated.

The County of Prescott, the only one in Ontario without any railway, whose sole reliance now is upon the Vaudreuil Charter has carried a By-law granting a bonus to this road. The County of Vandreuil has promised $50,000 ; and Montreal has been appealed to. The City of Ottawa and County of Carleton are deeply interested in the extension of the Ottawa Valley Railroad on the Ontario side of the Ottawa River in preference to any other route.

The shortest possible railway route between Ottawa and Montreal is one in which passing through the County of Prescott, will strike the Grand Trunk at Vaudreuil. This line will reach Caledonia and Plantagenet Springs, passing near the Long Sault, L'Original, Hawksbury, Vankleek Hill, Rigaud, Como and Hudson, and will therefore be the most desirable for the people of Montreal and for the Ottawa Valley.

A rival line via Coteau, Alexandria and Casselman's in Cambridge, to the survey of which the City has recently granted $500, was chartered last spring; but as the County of Prescott is at present inaccessible by rail either from Montreal or Ottawa, this fact alone should give the preference to the Vaudreiul route in both cities. A more important consideration, however, is that Ottawa and Carleton as well as Montreal are, by their action in convention here, pledged to the route through Prescott county, and although the Canada Central has been obliged, by the Quebec legislation, to abandon an Ontario county, which has for twenty years been promised a railway by Montreal and Ottawa men, I feel sure there will be no disposition on the part of any Ottawa municipality in Ontario to do the same.

When the convention met here it was proposed to construct at least 120 miles of railway with three costly bridges over the Ottawa. By running to Vaudreuil less than 90 miles of railway will give the shortest and best possible railway communication between the two cities. This consideration will doubtless induce Montreal to assist in the construction of this road, while also aiding that by the North Shore. The two lines will bring both sides of the Ottawa into communication by rail with that city, and while with the whole amount of aid proposed for the North shore route may prove insufficient to ensure its construction within any reasonable time, a comparatively small proportion of it would in twelve months bring about the most direct and substantial mode of communication between the two cities, if the parties to the convention at Ottawa contribute at all in proportion to the County of Prescott.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
THOS. C. KEEFER.

W. P. LETT, Esq.,
City Clerk, Ottawa.

APPENDIX NO. 2.

BY-LAW NO. 608.

By-law to appoint an Arbitrator on behalf of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to settle upon the price to be paid for lots Nos. 8 and 9, and the next half of lot No. 10, on the North side of George street, and lots Nos. 8, 9 and the next half lot No. 10 on the north side of York street in the City of Ottawa.

Whereas, the Corporation of the City of Ottawa are authorised by Law upon, passing a By-law, stating their intention to acquire lots Nos. 8, 9 and the next half of lot No. 10 on the north side of George street, and lots Nos. 8, 9 and the next half of lot No. 10 on the south side of York street in the City of Ottawa, for the purpose of enlarging the By Ward Market, to treat for purchase and acquire the said lands for the purposes aforesaid, and in the event of their being unable to agree upon the price to be paid there for, such price shall be settled by arbitration, as set forth in the Statute authorizing them in that behalf ;

And whereas, the Corporation of the City of Ottawa by the Council thereof, have passed such By-law and have caused to be served a copy thereof on each of the owners of the said lands, and such owners have not, nor have any or either of them named an Arbitrator on their or his behalf, and given notice thereof to the head of the Council of the said Corporation, and more than one month hath elapsed since the service of the said copies of the said By law ;

And whereas, it is necessary to appoint an Arbitrator on behalf of this Council for the purpose aforesaid.

Therefore, the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, do hereby enact and ordain as follows: That Martin O'Gara, Esq., of the City of Ottawa, Barrister at Law, be and he is hereby appointed, Arbitrator on behalf of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, to settle the price to be paid for such lands and each and every part thereof

Given under the Corporate Seal of the City of Ottawa, this Twenty-ninth day of August, A. D. 1871.

JOHN ROCHESTER, JR.,
Mayor.

Certified,
WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS

Are you disturbed at night and broken your rest by a sick child suffering ; and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure and call for

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Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. Jyt31 2m

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H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625y

NOTICE.

MR. J. G. DAVIS having resigned the agency for the OTTAWA TIMES, we have this day appointed MR. L. A. GRISON, Agent in his stead, and who is now authorized to collect accounts and solicit orders for this establishment.

Ottawa, 14th August, 1871.

THE

Treaty of Washington,

WITH

THE OFFICIAL CORRESPONDENCE, &c., IN REFERENCE THERETO.

Published in Pamphlet Form, price 12½ Cents.

Send in your orders immediately to the Office of the

TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Every man in Canada ought to possess a copy of this Pamphlet, more especially as no correct copy of this important Treaty has, as yet been published.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Howe's Circus and Caravan.
Commission Agent—Fred T. Palmer.
Furnished Rooms Wanted—Box 366.
Cheap Fares—O. F. Davis.
Fall and Winter Goods—Russell & Watson.

On and after the 28th instant, the office of the TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY will be on Wellington street, in the building formerly known as "Her Majesty's Theatre," opposite the Western Block of the Departmental Buildings.

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1871.

Sir John Macdonald will leave Riviere du Loup on Monday next, arriving in Ottawa on Wednesday.

A number of 450 pounder Armstrong guns have been shipped from England to be mounted on the fortifications of Halifax N.S.

Mr. Drinkwater, Private Secretary to the Premier, arrived in town yesterday, looking well and hearty after his well earned holiday.

An immense gathering of the Howe family took place at South Farmington, (Mass.,) yesterday. The Hon. Joseph Howe delivered an oration, and Miss Julia Ward Howe, recited a poem.

An American naval officer writes that the grandest spectacle he ever witnessed was the British fleet cruising off Vigo on the 5th ultimo. The squadron consisted of seventeen magnificent iron clads and six wooden frigates.

Mr. Trudeau, Deputy of the Minister of Public Works, left for Montreal last night, to inquire into the circumstances connected with the supply of water to the Lachine canal, in accordance with the wishes of the deputation that waited upon Sir George Cartier yesterday.

A deputation of Montreal gentlemen headed by M. P. Ryan, Esq., M. P., and A. W. Ogilvie, M. P. P., visited Ottawa yesterday, and had an interview with Sir G. E. Cartier, in his capacity as Acting Minister of Public Works during the absence of the Hon. Mr. Langevin.

In the course of his speech at Port Colborne, Mr. Mackenzie said that he desired to "protest against our being *compelled* to submit to it (the Treaty of Washington) if we believed it was disastrous to our interests." Why does the honourable member for Langton protest against what we have never been asked to do? So far as our connection with the Treaty of Washington goes we have merely been requested to deal with it as we think most advisable. Of course, Mr. Mackenzie is aware that such is the case, but all this fuss and nonsense is intended to delude the people, and make them believe that if it were not for him and the Opposition the interests of this country would be sacrificed The trick is transparent enough for any-one to see.

The apathy of the Ottawa City Council is beginning to be noticed all over Canada, as well it may be.

The Montreal *Gazette* says:

The Ottawa TIMES censures the City Council for the apathy and indifference shown by that body on the question of the construction of Water Works. The people generally are in favour of pushing on the matter, but the Council delays taking any action. The TIMES recommends that the sense of the citizens be at once taken as to the maximum cost and manner of construction, and that the wishes of the public be then complied with as promptly as possible. It is certainly time that better provision was made for supplying the Capital with water."

Let us first determine that we will have Water Works. It is of the utmost importance to the city that we should have them at once. Then it will time enough to squabble about the route.

THE STEAMBOAT CONTRACT.

In reference to the building of the steamers for service on Rainy Lake and the Lake of the Woods, the Toronto *Globe* says that our statement to the effect that tamerac and rock elm can be obtained in the vicinity of Fort Francis is "absolutely untrue." We made the statement on the best authority and we now once more repeat it, not having the slightest shadow of a doubt as to its being correct. The *Globe* of Wednesday announces that "a gang of ship carpenters had left Quebec under Mr. Dick, for Rainy River for the purpose of constructing vessels there." Now Mr. Dick, the contractor, knows perfectly well that nothing but tamerac and rock elm are to be used in the construction of the frame-work of these vessels, and under these circumstances is it likely that he would go to the expense of taking a gang of ship carpenters up there unless he were quite certain that the required timber could be obtained? The *Globe* is so anxious to make a point against the Government, that it will swallow any story without a moment's consideration or enquiry as to its truth or falsehood.

"OF MINOR CONSEQUENCE."

An Opposition organ referring to the latest trumped up charge against the Premier of Ontario, says that "whether Sandfield used the language attributed to him by the *Globe* on this occasion or not is of minor consequence."

Here we have a specimen of Grit morality. Whether the charge that the Premier of Ontario had used uncourteous and ungentlemanly language to the Strathroy delegates as he was accused of doing, whether in plain language the leading organ of the opposition had asserted the truth or told a falsehood is "a matter of minor consequence." Of course. The only thing to be considered is the possibility of making a point against a political opponent. That is all the Grits think or care about, and whether the charges they bring are true or false is of "minor importance" if they can only mislead the public and possibly gain a vote or two. The political morality of a Grit purist is a study in its way.

WATER WORKS.

We were pleased to learn on Tuesday last that a special meeting of the City Council had been called for that evening and anxiously hoped that some important action would be taken on the water works question. A long discussion took place upon a motion which was ultimately slightly amended or added to and carried, but we feel convinced that the action to be taken in accordance with that resolution, can in no wise influence the final choice of route though it may serve to swell the volume of information on the question. The answer of the Government to the petition of the corporation will be on hand in all probability for the benefit of the commissioners, but the latter will not be constrained to adopt any particular route, and therefore we consider this action as another premature step, as begging a favor which may ultimately be declined with thanks. However, if the motion should serve no other object, it elicited in a lengthy and spirited discussion the opinions of every individual alderman on the question of Water Works, and indeed we were greatly pleased at the decided wish expressed on every side for all possible despatch in their construction, and the willingness of all to exert their utmost energy in that direction. There certainly seems to be a healthy revival in process in the Council, and we now believe that every member has resolved to put his shoulder to the wheel and bless the city with Water Works at as early a day as possible.

We certainly feel highly complimented by the candid and very flattering terms in which His Worship the Mayor gave us credit for our advocacy of the question. We acknowledge the compliment thus paid us, and will conclude by saying with him that it is our ardent wish and desire to obtain Water Works for Ottawa, and that now as in the past, we will spare no pains to hasten their construction.

The question is one of such vast public importance that no personal prejudices or jealousies ought for one moment to be allowed to enter into its discussion.

"THE LOST CAUSE."

There are some premonitory symptoms of a storm which darken the Southern sky, and indicate that the friends of the "Lost Cause" have not yet given up their cherished dream of Southern independence. It is unfortunate that the work of reconstruction and reunion has progressed so slowly since the fall of Richmond and the collapse of the Confederacy. In point of fact we much question whether it can be said to have progressed at all, the same bitter dislike to Northern rule being as apparent now as it was six years ago.

The Southern Association, of which Ex-Vice-President Alexander H. Stevens, one of the ablest of Southern Statesmen, and one of the most determined adherents to the doctrine of States' Rights, is the President, have lately published a manifesto entitled "Concession, or how the Lost Cause may be Regained, and the Independence of the South secured." The first part of this pamphlet is devoted to a philosophical dissertation tending to prove that the North and South are really distinct nationalities. It says:

No cause is lost, or ever can be lost, which is shrined in the hearts of a great people, and for which they have shed their most precious blood and offered up to heaven their holiest and purest prayers.

We of the South are a nation. The late war with its horrors and sacrifices has united us into one—a common cause has made us a common name—and brought out from the chaos of a disjointed government a new nation.

What have we in common with the people of the North except a common language? Nothing. It is as foolish and untrue to speak of the people of the North and South as being one nation as it would be to insist that the English people are one with us for the same reason. The English speaking peoples comprise several distinct nationalities—the English proper, the Scotch, the Irish, the Canadian, the North Americans of the United States and ourselves of the South, all distinct nationalities, yet all speaking the same language.

The warm-hearted, whole-souled, chivalric son of the sunny South is no more like the cold-hearted, calculating, puritanical Yankee, than a Hollander is like an Irishman. I repeat it, then, we of the South are a nation, and a people different from the North. We are moved by different impulses, were reared under a different theory of government, and are marching forward to a different and far more glorious destiny.

The second part points out the way to the realization of the hopes of the South. First the Southern people must abandon all connection with the Northern democrats who "encouraged us into the late war and then basely deserted us." Then overturn by peaceable means the Radical state administrations and elect none but real Southern men to office. When this is done, a convention is to be called and a commission sent to Washington to demand a peaceable separation.

The pamphlet adds:

The demand, if firmly made a second time by the united South, will be granted.

That this plan will succeed is very apparent from the following considerations:

First—There is nothing in it contrary to law.

Second—The North are tired of war; they would not consent to another. The whole railroad and moneyed interests of the country—capitalists everywhere—would unite and form a peace party and advise the propriety of letting us go.

It would then be evident to all that the old Union based on fraternal feeling has become impossible, and that no Union could ever be maintained without a large standing army, involving a great and burdensome increase of taxation to support it, and endangering the liberty of the Northern people themselves.

The pamphlet is a very lengthy one; were it not so it is of sufficient interest and importance to justify its publication in full. Its general tone will be seen however from the extracts we have given, and it may be accepted as an indication of the present state of public feeling in the South.

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH AND THE TREATY.

We do not often expect to find anything of which we can approve in the London *Advertiser*, which as a general thing is nothing but an echo, and a very weak one, of the Toronto *Globe*. There is a considerable amount of truth however in the following remarks which we extract from the editorial columns of that journal:

Mr. William Macdougall's opinion of what would be Canada's share in the ratification of the Treaty of Washington does not appear to be the opinion of the Imperial Government. Our exManitoban claimed that the Treaty was already ratified to all intents and purposes, and that despite all formal official utterances, Canada would be powerless to object. But a sentence in the Queen's speech at the prorogation of the British Parliament is emphatically the reverse of this. Here it is: "I will apprise the Parliament of Canada that the provisions which require its consent are, in my view, highly conducive to the interests of the Dominion; *on the provisions, however, that Parliament will pass independent and final judgment.*" We hope this will satisfy Mr. McMacdougall and those who think with him.

In view of this emphatic utterance of the British Government, the argument of those timid people who would have us ratify these clauses of the Treaty because of the supposed uselessness of opposition to it falls to the ground. If we do not approve it is our place to oppose, and our rejection will be effective. That the people of Canada are almost unanimous in their disapproval no one acquainted with public sentiment will be likely to deny. It is admitted that the Reformers are opposed to it; but it would appear that the Ministry are just as earnestly opposed as we are. From the lame attempts made by some of the Conservative press to defend the Treaty, we might be excused for supposing that they spoke with authority, and that the Treaty of Washington was a permanent plank of the ministerial platform. But it seems such is not the case. The Dominion Cabinet, we learn, were opposed to the fishery clauses of the Treaty from its very inception, or, as a Conservative organ has it, "the Dominion Government on this question is fully in accord with public feeling."

Here there are two very important and satisfactory admissions; first, that our rejection of the fishery clauses "will be effective," the remainder of the Treaty as to the *Alabama* claims, &c., and insuring peace between the British Empire and the American Republic, of course holding good under any circumstances; and, secondly, that the Dominion Government are thoroughly in accord with public feeling. Yet in spite of all this they are called "traitors," "corruptionists," "howling dervishes," and other opprobrious epithets of which there is a large and varied assortment constantly on hand in the *Globe* office; Grit country newspapers supplied with any number on short notice.

THE ENGLISH CENSUS.

A preliminary report of the Registrar General of England, respecting the census is before us. Of course it does not pretend to be absolutely correct, but merely an approximation to the truth.

We find that the population of Great Britain and Ireland has increased to the number of 5,900,000 since the commencement of Her Majesty's reign, amounting at the present time to 31,817,108, viz.: 15,549,271 males and 16,267,837 females, showing the rather alarming majority of 718,566 in favour of the latter. London has now a population of 3,251,804 or rather including the Metropolitan and City Police Division, 3,883,062, being an increase of 631,288 since 1861. The population of "the City of London proper," that is the very heart of the city, the centre of trade and business, is decreasing, being 74,732 against 113,063 in 1861. Its streets and warehouses are empty and silent during the night, but during the day are filled with the din and hurry of more than 250,000 people. In 1801 London held only 958,000, so that within the memory of living persons it has increased more than three fold, and at present its ratio of growth is greater than ever. It is now the largest, richest, and, we believe, we may add the healthiest city in the world, while all the marvels it contains, such as the Albert Hall, which holds 23,000 persons comfortably, the Thames embankment, the underground railroads, &c., surpass anything of the kind which can be met with in any other city.

Sixty years ago Great Britain battled successfully against France, the United States, and certain nations of continental Europe whom Napoleon had arrayed against her. Since that time her population has nearly doubled, while her material wealth has increased in a far larger proportion. Within the last ten years her commerce has grown immensely. Her tonnage has risen from 4,282,000 to 5,554,000 tons, and the products of her manufactures have increased in a still larger ratio. The population of the United Kingdom is increasing at an average rate of 1173 per day with a daily average emigration of 468 persons. It is as we have often contended the duty of the Imperial Government to direct the stream of emigration to the colonies. They have a duty to perform to those subjects of Queen Victoria who by the force of circumstances are crowded out of their island home, as well as to those who remain in it. Let them take measures to direct a fair proportions of this emigration to Canada and in the course of year we shall have upon this continent a "Greater Britain" inhabited by a race who still grand of and loyal to the old land and the old flags would be ready and willing so come to and of the Mother Country in the hour of need.

THE WASHINGTON TREATY.

To the Editor of the TIMES:

SIR,—In the concluding part of my communication of the 26th inst., I referred to Sir Charles Adderly's remarks on the provisions of the Treaty, having reference to the required Legislation of Canada before certain "Articles"—from 18 to 25 and Article 30—could become law.

The Queen's speech has fully borne out this statement, and the remarks in your leader of yesterday are much to the purpose, as is also your pithy leading article of to-day.

By the Speech from the Throne, it will be seen that the Legislature of Canada is required to give an *independant* answer to the appeal. The question of *loyalty* cannot for a moment be entertained: both the Commons, the Senate, and the people are truly loyal, and if the Queen—God bless her! were appealed to, she would say: "I have had too many proofs of the loyalty, nay, affection of the people of Canada towards myself and my family to dishonour them, even with a doubt of their good faith," and in relation to the Treaty, she would say: "at the request of my long tried and faithful servant, your Premier, you will have submitted to you certain clauses of the Treaty of Washington that have particular reference to the interests of Canada. My advisers deem that the whole treaty is in the interest of the Empire,—of which you are an integral part. Judge then, therefore among yourselves, whether it be or be not for your welfare to sanction those several articles that will be submitted for your consideration; act "*independantly*" and without prejudice and be assured that whatever the award may be, I shall be perfectly satisfied with your decision."

This is the sentiment that we might reasonably expect Her Majesty would utter. Hence the necessity for careful examination of the question in all its bearings,—not only the mere reading of the treaty, but the study of the question at large. The canals, the fisheries, their value; the past, the present and the future; the results that may arise from a more extended commercial intercourse with our neighbours. These and many other questions that necessarily become involved in the consideration of this momentous question call loudly on every member of the legislature to make himself acquainted, with the merits of the treaty,—*for this is no mere question of party*, though, undoubtedly, the opinions of the one, who has become so intimately connected with these questions and whose judgement is so mature, will necessarily be of great assistance to those who seek conscientiously for a wise solution of the problem.

I now again revert to the remarks of Sir Charles Adderly, and in reference to the fisheries, he says,—"*they are of enormous "value to Canada"*" and he adds "*their value had been greatly increased by improvements she had herself carried out.*"

Yes, Sir Charles, they are of great value, and from 1857, they have been protected under a judicious system that other countries would do well to follow.

And under whose administraton have these fisheries been so well cared for?

I answer, under the fostering care of the Government, of which Sir John A. Macdonald and Sir George E. Cartier have been the responsible leaders.

To this question I will again revert with your permission in a future communication, as also on other points of Sir Charles Adderly's remarks.

"CANADIAN."

DOMINION NOTES.

A man named Daubs, aged about sixty, committed suicide in Cobourg on Tuesday last by hanging himself.

The exploring party who are on their way to the Rocky Mountains, have completed their outfit and are now for the most part on their way westward. The party includes the following gentlemen:—Frank Moberly, John Nichol, James Ermatinger, Charles Horetski, Alexander Page, Alexis Maldterre, William Bourchier, Samuel Trott, J. H. Gravely, J. Campbell, A. W. Tregent Bazil Pleaute, Maglion Pleaute, A. Maxwell. The party expect to return about February next.—*Manitoban*, August 12.

The feeling at Halifax is strongly against the St. John Press and people for their conduct in not giving the Tyne crew credit for being ahead, as proved at the inquest, until Renforth failed.

We are accustomed to think and speak of our Indian neighbors of the Lake of Two Mountains as illiterate beings. That the charge is not altogether well founded is shown by the fact that a chief put in jail on a land dispute translated the whole of the New Testament into the Indian tongue during his confinement.

Such harvests and such harvest weather as we have in Lanark county this season, says the Perth *Courier*, have never been surpassed in the memory of our grandfathers. Not a single untoward circumstance has arisen to mar the good fortune of the farmers so far; not a single department in the agricultural list has failed to even surpass the expectations of our farming friends. The fear just beginning to be felt that the absence of rain for some time past was leaving the ground too dry for fall culture, was on Thursday morning dispelled by a heavy thunder shower, which has answered every purpose.

The new iron steamer *Maud*, which is being built in Kingston by Mr. Gildersleeve has been launched, and is being elegantly fitted up for her route. She is a beautiful model, and if not a little faster than the fastest we are mistaken.

Brockville had quite an excitement on Saturday. One Elliot and his son living in Billa Flint's hotel, a large tenement house for the poorer classes, being armed with horse pistols, fired at the Sheridan family through the window from the outside. A girl, 17 years of age, named Sheridan, was struck in the back and severely injured. Had it not been for her corset, which broke the force of the ball, she would have been killed. Constable Hunter hurt his leg. The whole of the Elliot family are now lodged in the county jail.

The church ship Star, employed in missionary service on the Newfoundland coast by Bishops Field and Kelly, has been totally wrecked. The crew were saved. The ship was partially insured only.

Henry Potter, who was detected in attempting to rob a till at Toronto, and lodged in the police station, made a most determined attempt to commit suicide in the cells. He manufactured a rope out of his braces, with which he hung himself to the bars of the cell window.

The Canadian Engine and Machinery Company has just completed and despatched the fourth locomotive of the contract for the Intercolonial Railway, and ten cars of reversable gauge for the Rolling Stock Company of Boston, being part of a contract for 150 cars entered into by the Kingston Machinery Company with the above named. In connection with this subject it may be stated that the Kingston Machinery Company has extended its works and machinery at a cost of $30,000, which enables it to turn out annually thirty locomotives and four hundred cars.

The London "Herald" of the 28th ult. says: It is reported the Hemlocks, West McGillivray, are on fire. The whole country is full of smoke. Mr. John Corbett has with difficulty saved his saw mills, being obliged to employ gangs of men in order to stay in some measure the approach of the devouring element in the immediate vicinity of his mill. At different points along the lake shore the woods are in flames. Near Bayfield the crops are being consumed, and one farmer had to employ eleven teams in order to remove his grain to a place of safety.

On Saturday last, say the "Herald" an unusually large sized snake was killed on the farm of Mr. David Brown, London Township.

We regret to learn that Mr. Mackenzie, M.P. for Lambton, has been unwell, but is now better.

Beer fills many a bottle, and the bottle many a bier.

During the last twenty-five days of the life of Mrs. Nancy Wells, who died at Bloomfield, Mass., on the 20th inst., at the age of sixty, she took not a particle of nourishment, and only a small quantity of water.

GENTLEMEN,—Have your Shirts made to fit and as you want them at Allan, McSimmons & McMorrans.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

THE GREAT BOAT RACE.

Special Telegram to the TIMES.

HALIFAX, Thursday evening.

The great four oared boat race came off this afternoon at four o'clock, a good start being affected. The Renforth crew whose colours were black and white took the lead for the first three miles, but made some mistake in turning the buoy, and having to go round it again lost ground which they were unable to recover. The other English crew then took the first place and came in first winning easily by three lengths. The following is the order in which the boats came in:

Taylor-Winship Crew .... 1st.
Pryor .... 2nd.
Renforth .... 3rd.
Coulter .... 4th.

The St. John crew could not be persuaded to row and reached St. John's last evening.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Aug. 31.

The steamship *Hibernian* arrived last night having been enlarged and one thousand tons added to her capacity. She is one of the largest of the line.

The fall term courts open to-morrow. The appeal side presents a heavy calendar. Judge Duval, Caron, Drummond, Badgeley and Monk, will preside. The Guibord case will be decided during this term.

The Queen's bench criminal side opens on the 25th.

Advices from Caribou Point, near the Gulf, to-day, states that the ship *Glenallinn*, grounded there recently on its way to Montreal, will not be got off.

A swindler named Desjardins, to-day, was arrested, having prevailed on a French family, at Quebec, to sell all their effects and entrusted him with the proceeds while he would guide them to an alleged money making place in the States. The dupe followed him as far as Montreal when he decamped, taking the money. He was to-day overtaken and is in jail.

Andrew Stewart, who was for many years a clerk for H. Willison, grocer, was arrested for embezzelling goods from the shop, amounting to $10,000. The accused was the confidential clerk. He confessed on his arrest to speculation in goods and money amounting to $800 a year some time past.

J. Connor and Thos. Smith, two immigrants, were sent to jail for two months to-day, for stealing clothes from a companion immigrant, named Woodward.

Strong feeling continues against the St. John crew.

Latest reports say the general crops from the Gulf to Quebec and both sides of the St. Lawrence, are superb in appearance, but the potato rot has broken out in many places.

Several Western buyers have arrived since Tuesday, and strong opening of fall trade.

The ship *Cheroke*, which arrived in port on the 28th has cleared yesterday for Glasgow.

The work for the new fire station on St. Gabriel street is progressing rapidly.

A large number of subscriptions to the fund of the Walter Scott Bursary, established under the auspices of the Caledonia Society has been received.

The theatre is well crowded every night.

Stocks—Bank of Montreal offered 275, asked 271½; Ontario Bank offered 110½, asked 111; Merchants' Bank offered 134½, asked 135; Toronto Bank offered 189, asked 191.

Weather coal and pleasant.

Latest Cable Telegrams.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Aug 31.—At a preliminary examination of Clarke, the American bond robber, the principal witnesses were Messrs Bowles, American Bankers and Messrs Sanderson and Laugham, all of whom were victims of the fraud.

Garibaldi telegraphs from Caperea to friends in London that his health is better.

Francis Wm Russell, member of Parliament for Limerick, died to day aged 71.

FRANCE.

VERSAILLES, Aug. 31.—The caucus to discuss the subject of the dissolution of the National Assembly was presided over by Gambetta. At the very outset of the discussion violent dissentions arose as to what was a constituent chamber. Several speakers held that the Assembly could only be dissolved by its own consent, and combatted Gambetta's resolution. Others maintained that the Assembly was only started to decide upon the conclusion of peace, and that its powers did not extend to legislation. Gambetta made a long speech in favor of the dissolution of the present Chamber and the election of another Constituent Assembly. He found, however, that the caucus could not agree upon the resolution, and that the party was almost equally divided upon the subject. He, therefore, determined to abandon the issue for the present, and withdrew his motion for the dissolution of the National Assembly.

VERSAILLES, Aug. 31.—In the Assembly, to-day, M. Picard made a fervant appeal for harmony in the Chamber and elsewhere. He said it was the duty of all Frenchmen in the presence of the enemy to forget their dissensions grasp to the hand of fellowship and take all means to strengthen rather than to weaken the power of the government. The remainder of the preamble in the course of the constituent powers of the Assembly, was adopted, and subsequently M. Dufare's paragraph enlogizing the conduct of Thiers was carried by a vote of 533 yeas against 34 nays. One hundred members abstained from voting.

GERMANY.

GASTEIN, Aug. 31.—The conference of Gastein has conferred an agreement between Austria and Prussia on some important principals of policy. Details of this agreement were written down on both and the two drafts were compared and adjusted in the nature of a Treaty. The agreement is therefore not exactly a formal Treaty though tantamount to it, and the functionaries whose services would have been necessary in forming up a formal Treaty were not present. They were dispensed with in order that the exact terms of ogreement should be kept perfectly secret.

BERLIN, Aug. 31.—A despatch from Konigsburg says that in a small village in that district with a total population of 479 there have already been 79 case of cholera, 46 of which terminated fatally.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Aug 30.—At a public meeting in Southhampton to-day, resolve approving the selection of Alderman Gurney as British Commissioner, under the Treaty of Washington was adopted. It is said that Gurney has received English claims to the amount of £14,000 against the United States.

FRANCE.

VERSAILLES, Aug 30.—The Assembly proceeded to discuss that part of the preamble of the decree which declares the Chamber possessed of constitutent powers. A disgraceful tumult began while Mr. Baragnon was speaking. Mr. Testelin shouted, "you licked the Emperor's boots" a violent scene followed which lasted over ten minutes and was brought to a close by the President putting on his hat. Gambetta opposed assumption of the constituted powers, and declared that he would not accept even the Republic from the present Assembly. He was obliged to bring his speech to an abrupt close from sheer physical exhaustion. The uproar in the Chamber was deafening and several personal collisions occurred between the deputies. The first part of the preamble affirming the constituent powers of the Assembly, was brought to a vote and was adopted by 133 yeas to 227 nays. The debate will be continued to-morrow.

Latest American Telegrams.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.—Miss Rosenweigh, daughter of the doctor, was arrested to-day and locked up. The Police authorities refuse to state any specific charge against her, but it is reported that evidence has been gained of her complicity in the death of Miss Bowles by abortion. The Coroner will commence the investigation into the circumstances connected with Miss Bowles' death to-morrow.

In the Supreme Court Chambers, to-day, Judge Sunderland has issued a writ of *habeas corpus* for the production of Dr. Rosenweigh, the alleged abortionist.

A young man named Frank Fripp, who came from some Massachusetts town, two years ago and opened a velocipede school in Paterson, and who has since been much in company with Miss Bowles, is reported to be the author of her seduction, and subsequent death at the hands of the abortionist.

Walter Conkling, son of Ald. Conkling, of Paterson, N.J., shot himself with a revolver in the throat at about one o'clock to day, and is now dead. Connection with the heath of Miss Bowles, is believed to have prompted the act.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 31.—No new cases of yellow fever were reported to-day. Two of the persons who were attacked last week died to-day.

SARATOGA, N Y., Aug. 31.—The Buffalo Boat Crew and Pokerpouse Crew, has been entered for the four oared race, and J. McCready of N. Y., for the single scull race. Up to the present time there are 7 entries for the four oared race and 1 for the single scull race regatta, which takes place on the 9th and 11th of September.

WEST INDIES.

KINGSTON, Jam., Aug 28.—The African cannibal who recently killed a boy, roasted his lips and drank his blood, has been found guilty and sentenced to death.

ST. THOMAS, Aug. 30.—Another hurricane and earthquake has swept over this unfortunate Island, and overthrowing every house and laying the place in ruins. Thirty thousand people are rendered homeless and 150 killed and injured.

VENEZUELA.

Advices from Venezuela, represents that Gen. Blanco's troops have again been defeated, and that all the Eastern part of the Republic is in arms against him. Large quantities of ammunition have been shipped from Saskomas for both Blanco and the revolutionists. It is believed General Salagar will join the Revolutionists.

SAN DOMINGO.

JACKEL, Aug. 8.—The National Assembly was to close on the 20th ultimo, and will continue its sessions till the 20th instant to discuss matters regarding the Vendiaga and St. Domingo annexation question. Protests against annexation continues to be sent by different towns to President Sagit and some revolutionists. The partisans of the late President Salnave are gathering at Monte Cristo on the Dominican territory to invade the Northern Provinces.

The revolutionists under Cabral have formed a provisional government having its seat at Las Matas and that a new General is at the head of the revolutionary forces. A new and well organized attack is to be made against the troops of Baez. Baez on his side is not idle; he continues making great military preparations in the Azna, and the United States war steamer *Nantucket* is said to have left Samana and to be at Prescott cruising near Azna to co-operate by sea.

MEXICO.

MONTERY, Mexico, Aug.—A local revolution is imminent. Gasea Mela, the successful gubernatorial candidate in the recent election, was imprisoned by the present Governor on a charge of perjury. He is unable to obtain a trial, and has appealed to the people. The revolutionary Chief, Peter Martinez, sustains him.

CITY OF MEXICO, Aug 24.—The press has announced the breaking out of a revolution in Oaxaca, against the Government.

The election of Juarez is more doubtful than ever, money and official position are freely offered to Congress men for votes. Congress will act independent of the vote of the people.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Aug 30.—The S. S. "Mississippi" from this city, Aug 19th for New Orleans was wrecked on the 29th inst., in a hurricane of the Florida coast, all on board were saved by the S. S. "Cortes" and carried to New Orleans. The vessel and cargo are probably a total loss, the cargo was mostly dry goods and shoes, and was valued at $500,000.

MADISON, Wis., Aug. 30.—The Republicans to-day nominated General Washburne for Governor.

SHORT PARAGRAPHS.

A letter describing the Scott Centenary Celebration says the Waverly masquerade procession was the private venture of a circus company, and the centenary was observed on the 9th August, because grouse shooting begins on the 12th, three days before Scott's birthday.

An old soldier near Louisville has regularly recurring quarrels with his wife. At such time he takes his tent and frying pan and some provisions, and camps out until his wife hunts him up and effects a reconciliation. He then leaves his frying pan again on the fire.

Mrs. Lydia Perkins, who died in Topsfield, Mass., on Friday, last at the age of more than eighty-seven years, was married in the year 1812, and in the year 1813 removed to the residence which she occupied to the time of her death, having slept in the same bedroom fifty-eight years.

The editor of the Cape Ann *Advertiser* naively says: "The business men of a Western town have presented to their editor a fine horse and buggy, as an evidence of their appreciation of his paper. We hope there will be no such trick played upon anybody here in Essex County."

There is a man out in Wyoming who did not want for woman's wit when forced to do woman's work while his wife was on the jury. He appealed to her to come home, but she wasn't in any particular hurry, as "he would now find out how nice it was to stay at home and mind the children, while she was loafing around the court house as he used to do." The man went home and hired a good looking cook, and sent his wife word to be sure and not come home until she wanted to on his account, but as soon as the news reached her she bolted immediately, and is now one of the loudest opposers of female suffrage.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

THE APPOINTMENTS UNDER THE TREATY OF WASHINGTON.

By the terms of the Treaty of Washington it was provided that five arbitrators should be appointed, to sit at Geneva in Switzerland, and decide all claims generally known as the "Alabama Claims," and, in case the arbitrators found that Great Britain had failed to fulfil any duty set forth in the three rules established by the Treaty or recognized by the principles of international law, they might proceed to award a sum in gross to be paid by Great Britain to the United States. Under this provision of the Treaty the Queen of Great Britain has appointed Lord Chief Justice Sir Alexander Cockburn to be an arbitrator; President Grant has appointed Charles Francis Adams; the President of the Swiss Confederation has appointed Jacques Stæmpfli, Ex President of the Confederation.

The treaty also provides for the selection of an arbitrator by the Emperor of Brazil, and another by the King of Italy. Thus two arbitrators remain to be appointed. According to the terms of the treaty, in case one or more of the Sovereigns already mentioned shall refuse or omit, for two months after receipt of the request from either of the contracting parties, to make such selection, the King of Sweden and Norway shall be requested to appoint one or more persons, as the case may require, to act as such arbitrator or abitrators.

In addition to these appointments the British Government has entrusted the drawing up of the case for themselves before the arbitrators to the Lord Chancello, with Prof. Morntague Bernard, of Oxford University, one of the Commissioners who signed the Treaty, and Lord Tenderden as assistants. Sir Roundell Palmer was made Council for Great Britain before the Board of Arbitration. That Government has not yet appointed an Agent, but the American Government has named J. Bancroft Davis, Assistant Secretary of State to be their own Agent, and Charles C. Beanan, jr., to assist him in preparing the case. No Counsel has been appointed by the American Government.

The 12th Article of the Treaty provides for a Commission to sit at Washington to investigate all claims on the part of corporations, companies or private individuals, citizens of the United States committed against the persons or property of citizens of the United States during the period between April 13, 1861, and April 9, 1865, inclusive, not being claims growing out of the acts of the vessels involving the Alabama claims. The Commission is also to investigate similar claims of British subjects upon the Government of the United States arising out of acts committed during the same period against the persons or property of British subjects. Under this provision of the Treaty the Queen of Great Britain has appointed Mr. Russell Gurney, Recorder of the City of London, to be the British Commissioner, and President Grant has appointed Judge Frazer of Indiana as the United States Commissioner, and such third Commissioner as should be agreed upon by the President of the United States and the Queen of Great Britain, and such agreement is indicated in the announcement of the selection of the Italian Minister at Washington, Count Lugi Corti. The appointments under this section of the bill having all been made, the Commission can commence its investigations as soon as Mr. Gurney, the British Commissioner, shall arrive in the States. His departure from England, as announced by a cable dispatch, will take place on the 9th of September.

A very interesting pamphlet has just been published, purporting to be a *fac simile* of the *London Gazette* of 1666, containing the full account of the Great Fire of London, which raged from September 3 to September 10, 1666. It is printed in the old style of spelling, and contains an account of the total destruction of 13,200 houses, 87 churches, 6 chapels, 4 bridges, 3 city gates, the Royal Exchange, the Custom House, the gaol at Newgate, and the Guildhall. The whole forms a valuable literary curiosity.

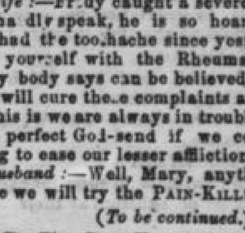
Mr. G. A. Rowell has published a series of papers "On the Cause of Rain, Storms, the Aurora, and Terrestrial Magnetism."

VERILY IT HATH NO EQUAL.

CONSUMPTIVES READ!

Would you cure that distressing Cough and bring back that healthy vigor till lately planted in your cheek? If you would, do not delay for, ere you are aware, it will be too late.

Allen's Lung Balsam is your hope; it has been tried by thousands such as you who have been cured, many in their gratitude have lent their names to us that suffering humanity can read their evidence and believe. Don't experiment with new and untried mixtures, you cannot afford it, but try at once this invaluable article, it can be found in any Drug Store and at most general stores. It is warranted to break up the most troublesome Cough in a few hours if not of too long standing It is warranted to give entire satisfaction in all cases of Lung and Throat difficulties.



Wife to Husband.—Charles, I wish when you are in the village to-day that you would step into the Druggist's and buy a bottle of THE PAIN-KILLER. Be sure and get the genuine made by "Perry Davis & Son."

Husband:—What on earth do you intend doing with the PAIN-KILLER, my dear?

Wife:—Fredy caught a severe cold last night, can hardly speak, he is so hoarse, and George has had the toothache since yesterday morning, and yourself with the Rheumatism. If what every body says can be believed, the PAIN-KILLER will cure these complaints and such a house as this is we are always in trouble, and it would be a perfect God-send if we could find something to ease our lesser afflictions.

Husband:—Well, Mary, anything for a quiet home we will try the PAIN-KILLER.

(*To be continued.*)

The PAIN-KILLER is an internal and external remedy for pain. For internal pain, Cramps, Spasms, Sudden Colds and Bowel difficulties, a few drops in water will give immediate relief. As a liniment it is without an equal; it stops pain almost instantly. Be sure and get the genuine made by Perry Davis & Son and sold by all Druggists and Grocers.

PHOSPHATES are Nature's great fertilizers and restoratives. They are equally essential to the growth of the ANIMAL and VEGETABLE KINGDOMS. Under their use grass, herbs, trees, bone, muscle and sinew, attain a full and complete development. Every intelligent farmer employs them to fructify the soil, and every scientific physician prescribes them to energize and vitalize the human system. Of these valuable medicinal agents the most efficient and agreeable is DR WHEELER'S COMPOUND ELIXER OF PHOSPHATES AND CALISAYA. By taking it for a few weeks, Chronic Wasting Diseases, of a Scrofulous, Consumptive, or Venereal character rapidly improve, the whole constitution becoming renovated and purified, and all the organs restored to a vigorous vitality.

It is a delightful cordial to take. Its effect is immediate, and its curative action not weakened by protracted use.

Sold by all druggists.

EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
1731tf General Agents

ENGLISH WEEKLY NEWSPAPERS AND MONTHLY MAGAZINES.

LLOYD'S WEEKLY LONDON NEWS, Weekly Times, Reynolds', Weekly Dispatch,—the latest editions,—5 cents. Subscription (post free to any part of the Dominion)—yearly, $2.50; six months, $1.25.

Illustrated London News, Graphic, Bell's Life, News of the World, Punch, Fun, Judy, &c., &c.

THE TORONTO GLOBE delivered at 10 cents per week.

C. E. HUCKETT & CO.,
69, Sparks Street.

August 29. 1755 1m

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY,

For SALE by PRIVATE CONTRACT, being part of Lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, and Lots Nos 6 7, 8, and 9, in one block, equal to about three quarters of an acre, situated on the west side of the Canal (Ordnance reserve). There is an excellent Brick House on the property, well finished, with outbuildings, &c. The property can be divided into lots or used as a garden, the soil being of the very best. A clear title can be given.

For any further information apply to

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, August 1st, 1871. 1732tf

THE APPROACHING EXTENSIVE SALE of INDIA RUBBER SHOES for the QUEBEC RUBBER COMPANY.

A report having been industriously spread that the above Sale, advertised by us to be held on WEDNESDAY, the 6th SEPTEMBER, would not take place, we beg to notify dealers and the public that the SALE WILL POSITIVELY TAKE PLACE on the day named, according to advertisement, and that the Goods will be warranted to be equal to any ever sold in Canada or elsewhere.

By order,
JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Montreal, August 24, 1871. 1752t18

OTTAWA TURF CLUB.

The Annual Meeting of the above Club will take place at

MUTCHMOR'S DRIVING PARK

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, 20th SEPTEMBER.

—AND—

FRIDAY 22nd SEPTEMBER,

When $2,000 in Purses will be given to be run for as follows:

Lumbermen's Purse of $200.
Steward's Plate of $300.
Hotel-Keepers' Purse of $300.
Hurdle Race of $300.
Carleton Plate of $500.
Ladies' Cup of $150.
Consolation Stakes of $200.

Full particulars in large posters.
Any further information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

EDWARD C. BARBER,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Ottawa, August 10, 1871. 1747-td

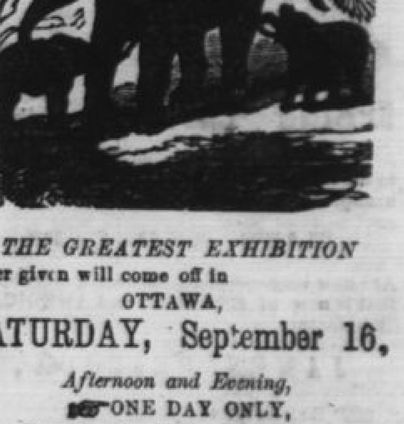
Circus and Caravan

COMING.

A Herd of Eight Elephants!

Recently added to the Exhibition, will appear in the Grand Procession in the City of Ottawa.

FULL TROOP OF BRITISH RIDERS AND ACROBATS.



THE GREATEST EXHIBITION
Ever given will come off in
OTTAWA,

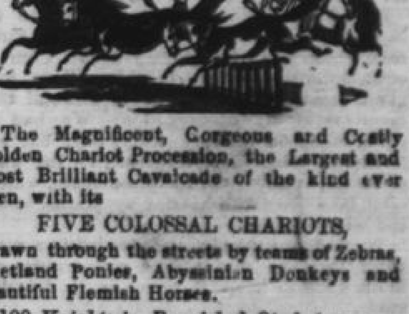
SATURDAY, September 16,

Afternoon and Evening,
ONE DAY ONLY,

Howe's Great London Circus

AND

SANGER'S English Menagerie
OF TRAINED ANIMALS.



The Magnificent, Gorgeous and Costly Golden Chariot Procession, the Largest and Most Brilliant Cavalcade of the kind ever seen, with its

FIVE COLOSSAL CHARIOTS,

Drawn through the streets by teams of Zebras, Shetland Ponies, Abyssinian Donkeys and beautiful Flemish Horses.

100 *Knights in Burnished Steel Armor,*

Ladies in full Circassian Costume, attended by their Equerries, Squires, Pages, &c., in appropriate Dresses, with Banners, Flags, Superb Trappings, &c., and the full

BRITISH CORNET BAND,

Conceded by the Profession to be the best musical accompaniment ever heard in a circus.

Doors open at 1 and at 7 p.m.
Admission, 50 cents; Children under ten 25 cents. 1747td

FRED. T. PALMER,

Commission and Lumbermen's Agent, Rideau Street, (entrance O'Meara's Gateway.)

Particular attention will be given to hiring men, teams, &c., and all transactions with the Crown Land and Timber Office.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:

R Nagle, Esq, Allan Grant, Esq, | Wm Mackay, Esq, E McGillivray, Esq.

Ottawa, Sept 1, 1871. 1746tf

FURNISHED ROOMS WANTED,

By a gentleman in the Bank of Montreal, a furnished BEDROOM and SITTING ROOM. A liberal price given for suitable apartments. Address, Box 366, Ottawa. 1747 4

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES!

On the Line of the

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of

12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co,
Omaha, Neb.

LOCAL NEWS.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—A man named Huot met with a serious accident in McLaren's saw mill yesterday afternoon; his thigh was broken.

CHILD RUN OVER.—About 7 o'clock last evening a little boy was run over by a waggon on Dalhousie street. The little fellow received very serious if not fatal injuries.

IT GRINDETH.—A saintly looking member of the Hurdy-Gurdy fraternity made his debut in this city, yesterday, on Sparks street. He turned the crank for about one hour, but finally went off failing to find a solitary appreciative genius to offer him a cent.

BITTEN BY A DOG.—A little girl was bitten a few days ago by a large dog on Nicholas Street. The child offered him something to eat when he sprang at her furiously and hit her seriously in several places about the head.

DANGEROUSLY, CARELESS.—Men employed on buildings in course of erection in Ottawa on the principal streets are culpably careless in their handling of boards and other material, letting fall or throwing down heavy pieces of wood &c to the sidewalk from the buildings. Pedestrians are constantly in danger of being seriously injured.

ACADEMY FOR BOYS.—The Rev. C. F. Street, M. A., will open his Boarding and Day Academy for boys on Thursday next, the 7th inst., at 9.30 a.m. The Academy is situated on the corner of Ottawa and Daly streets in the stone building on the north side of Daly street.

SPORTING.—We understand Mr. Coleman intends entering his horses, Citadel and Raven at the Watertown races.

The great Howe Circus display a large area of handsome posters to an admiring public on the corner of Rideau and Sussex streets.

An enterprising capitalist of this city is thinking of buying the Desbarats' property, on the corner of Sparks and O'Connor streets, with the intention of erecting thereon a handsome block for stores.

CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE.—Howe's Great Circus and Menagerie will exhibit in Ottawa on the 16th inst. This splendid combination have been travelling through the West during the last couple of months and everywhere the press spoke of them as the best and most extensive concern of the kind that had ever exhibited in that section. A herd of fifteen large elephants have lately been added to the collection of animals and will head the procession on the grand entree to the city which will take place at 10 o'clock on the morning of the 16th inst. Every person should see the grand pageant and be present at the exhibitions.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—A W Ogilvie, Montreal; Jas Parkeper, do; J S Hall, do; Alderman McGauvrin, do; M Harvey, do; M P Ryan, M P., do; W Linton, do; J Elliots, do; P Cleary and two sons, do; A M Holt, Aylmer; Miss Holt, do; Mr and Mrs J R Supple, Pembroke; Jas Inglis, Montreal; Dr Dickson, Pembroke; J Lowden, Montreal; D Starke City; N T Derby and wife, Ogdensburg; Robert R. Derby and wife, Ogdensburg; Mrs C S Higgins, Brooklyn, N Y; Mrs P H Higgins, Rouse's Point; G Bright, wife and son, Pottsville, Pa; P White, Jr Pembroke; W F Daniel and wife, Franklin N H; Alfred W Hucheson, Montreal; Lt.-Col Jackson, Brockville; F C Flood, Quebec; D M Bowman, London, England; Mrs R Shaw and son, Perth; Jas McNaughton, Albany, N Y; Frank Wilson, Montreal; John Boutellier, Montreal; J H Haven's, wife and child, New York; W Hall and wife, Montreal.

CONVENT OF THE CONGREGATION OF NOTRE DAME DU SACRE CŒUR.

This famous Institution re-opens this morning. The Convent of the *Congregation de Notre Dame du Sacre Cœur* is the oldest established Institution for the education of young ladies in this city, and as such it has won for itself a reputation and prestige which has rendered it very deservedly popular. In fact in Ottawa a sort of romantic and pleasurable sentiment attaches to it in the minds of at least every native citizen, for in bygone years, as at present it shed its rays of enlightenment and refinement on the minds of the young ladies of the Forest Town; it has grown and extended its usefulness, with the growth of Ottawa; ladies who in former years benefitted by its presence have grown with time, and to day feeling a deep respect and natural veneration for the Institution cannot think of having their children educated elsewhere. A deep-rooted love of anything, the result of early association will impel a person to extend the hand of welcome and support to the same in after days; but more a powerful affection than this obtains in the human breast, viz: the love of a mother to her children; their welfare and happiness is identified with her own, and their advancement is ever her aim. Her greatest ambition is to put them under the direction of first class teachers, and the parents who send their children to the Institution of which we write have long been satisfied of the splendid accomplishments and ability of the sisters. Young ladies put under their care receive the greatest attention in every way, and progress rapidly in the different branches. We are glad to notice the very liberal encouragement which the Institution continues to receive, and hope it will still continue.

The building is large and well situated in a healthy part of the city.

HOWES' GREAT LONDON CIRCUS AND THE ELEPHANTS.

The appearance of this famous troupe in Ottawa is announced for Saturday, Sept. 16, giving only one day's exhibition. Besides the extensive company of equestrians and acrobatic artists, will be exhibited a fine collection of trained wild beasts belonging to Sanger's celebrated English Menagerie. From all accounts it must be an extraordinarily large exhibition, and brought out at an enormous outlay. The herd of elephants, recently arrived out from Ceylon, has been added to their grand procession, which, with their five golden chariots and splendid cavalcade of knights in full armour, must make an imposing display wherever it appears. The Toronto *Leader* gives the following notice of their performances: "Show or circus records contain no mention of an equally satisfactory, profitable, and creditable exhibition. In the afternoon the vast tent was crowded, and in the evening there was an audience vaster still. The attendance was not only very numerous as to numbers but in quality was both respectable and refined. The London exhibition, since its arrival in America, has always drawn the better class of people. The public are assured from the reputation it enjoys in England and their experience during the short time the company has been in this country, that it is in every respect first class. Nothing to offend is seen or heard, and consequently audiences, even fashionable in style, manner, and character, gather to witness the wonderful and legitimate performances of the ring, as displayed by the renowned and unequalled artists who are connected with Howe's London Circus and Sangers' English Menagerie of trained animals.

HORSE RACING.

The following is a list of meetings to take place in Canada this year:

Waterloo	Aug. 31 and Sept. 1
Stratford	September 6 and 7
St. Catharines	September 6, 7 and 8
Belleville	September 5 and 6
Aurora	September 12
Seaforth	September 11 and 12
Guelph	September 14 and 15
Ottawa	September 20 and 22
Kingston	Sept. 27, 28, 29, & 30

EPPING FOREST.

The encroachments on Epping Forest, a place of recreation to which the public has hitherto had free access, caused no little indignation in London. A Bill, introduced in the Lords, while protecting the rights and lords of the claims of the manor and others connected with the forest, and securing them compensation for any loss they may sustain, enables Commissioners to prepare a scheme for the preservation of the wastes of Epping Forest for public recreation. The Duke of St. Albans, in moving the second reading of this Bill in the Lords on the 17th instant, remarked that in 1849 a Bill prepared by a Select Committee of the House of Commons was passed to enquire into rights and claims and certain enclosures in Waltham Forest, which included Epping and Hainauff. This Commission reported in the following year that there were difficulties in the prosecution of the inquiry. In 1866, Mr. Gladstone transferred the management of Epping Forest to the Commissioers of Works with a view to its preservation as a place of public recreation and enjoyment. Last year, Her Majesty, in reply to an address voted by the House of Commons, expressed her concurrence in the desirability of preserving open spaces in the neighbourhood of the metropolis, and promised to consider how effect might be given to that object. The result has been the preparation of the present Bill. The Commissioners to be appointed under it are to report within two years, and a scheme is looked for, which while respecting the rights of the parties interested, will preserve for the dense population of the East End the lands to which the public has had free access.

THE TRIAL OF COMMUNISTS.

Courbet one the prisoners now on trial before the Court Martial is an artist, and we believe, a man of wealth: It was he who managed the destruction of the column in the Place Vendome. In his replies to interrogatories he stated that he never proposed the destruction of that monument; but that led away by public opinion, and by that of the Government of the 4th September, which had removed the statue of the Petit Corporal, Prince Eugene, and Napoleon III, and influenced by a decree of the Commune to destroy the column in order to procure bronze for a new statue of Strasburg, he had addressed to the Commune a proposition to remove the column from the Place Vendome to the Invalides, where it would be less in the way. Others had complained of the column as the glorification of a warlike spirit, and of the Bonapartes, and as galling to foreigners. His hostility to it was simply that of an artist. He thought it a bad imitation of Trajan's column. The figures were grotesque—a child could make as good ones, and it was in consequence a laughing stock to strangers, but would be in its right place at the Invalides Several witnesses gave Courbet a good character, and said that he had been of great service in protecting museums and works of art during the seige—moreover, that he had wished to take down the column piece meal. On the whole the effect of the evidence is reported as being favourable to the accused. The President of the Bank of France gave an interesting account of the precautions taken for the defence of that institution. It was defended by about four hundred armed clerks; but besides that the cellars were filled with sand, so that the contents could not have been set on fire, and if cannon had been employed the ruins would only have created a greater obstacle to getting at the vaults.

THE MONSTER CATHEDRAL AT MONTREAL.

The *Witness*, speaking of the R. C. Cathedral at Montreal, says:

"We have now risingamongst ourselves an ecclesiastical edifice which, in many respects, will, we believe, be worthy to compare with the mediæval cathedrals to which we have just referred. We allude to the new St. Peter's Cathedral, whose massive walls may be seen over the lofty fence on Cemetery street. Even in their present mere fragmentary state, they strike the beholder with something like awe at their vastness and strength. Their rugged yet grand contour manifests how imposing will be the finished building, just as a mutilated torso shows how noble was the perfect statue. The walls are of dark Montreal limestone, left rough, except the facade facing towards Dorchester street, which is of a lighter stone, and polished with the chisel. A moment's gaze into the interior give some idea of the vastness of the capacity of the future Canadian St. Peter's, which, huge as it is, is only a diminished copy of that at Rome. Seldom has a building of such pretensions and positive grandeur proceeded so far with so little notice. Comparatively few residents in Montreal have seen it, though it is a considerable time since the foundations were laid, and hundreds of our summer visitors leave the city without seeing this stupendous work, which is already one of our most noteworthy sights."

COUGHS AND COLDS

Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly, when taken in the early stages of disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the Lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imnitations be sure to obtain the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

THE GREAT EASTERN STEAMSHIP.—Unlike any other exhibition, we believe the sight of this noble vessel has given good satisfaction to the thousands of persons who travelled to Quebec to view her, and well repaid them for their outlay; and it is just so with the "Canadian Pain Destroyer." There never was anything that gave such satisfaction; it relieves pain almost instantly, and is the finest thing in the world for rheumatism, neuralgia, and pains in the stomach, &c. 25 cents will buy a bottle of it. Sold by all medicine dealers.

All the year round, "Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders" should be given to horses that are "kept up." To horses and cattle that graze in summer they should only be given in winter and spring.

SUCCEEDING TO THE BUSINESS OF MAGEE & RUSSELL.

The Undersigned, in succeeding to the business of the above named Firm, would say that the balance of the Stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Carried over by them, will now be offered by us, at prices that cannot but attract the attention of

CLOSEST BUYERS.

In order that we may have time to get the stuff forward and reduced,

THE SALE

Will not begin before

Monday, the 4th September.

Having therefore decided that all Goods of this Season MUST BE SOLD, we have reduced to them to such prices as must soon effect it.

We therefore invite inspection of our Stock by intending purchasers.

We would call special attention to our

SILK DEPARTMENT,

As in this line we are offering decided BARGAINS in Colored, Fancy and Black Silks.

In the

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

We will offer a large lot of FRENCH MERINOS, FRENCH TWILLS, REPPS, SERGES and WINCIES.

The Goods in this Department were considered fair value at old prices, but having decided to CLEAR OUT, all of last Season's Stock have been marked down. Those requiring anything in this line will do well to give a look through the Departments.

ALL STAPLE GOODS, WHILE THE SALE CONTINUES, WILL BE OFFERED AT A SMALL ADVANCE.

☞ A large quantity of Grey and White Cottons now forward, and considered extra GOOD VALUE.

We will not quote prices, being satisfied, as we are, that purchasers must see value before paying any attention to figures.

RUSSELL & WATSON,

SUCCESSORS TO—

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

IF YOU DESIRE

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

SEND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor

ESTABLISHMENT FOR YOUN LADIES,
Wilbrod Street (between Nelson and Gloucester Streets), Sandy Hill, Ottawa.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART returns thanks for the kind patronage she has received during her residence in Ottawa, and hopes by unwearied attention to her scholastic duties, and by their efficient discharge, to merit and receive a continuance of favor and support.

The School will be RE-OPENED on FRIDAY, the 1st of September. All the Classes are open to any who may wish to join one or more of them for the study of any special subject.

Terms very moderate. References to parents of pupils.

August 18th, 1871. 1746 tf

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA,
Between Howell and Finland & Draper's
E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.
1737 f

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested o settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

WANTED,
Young Ladies to learn Systematic Dress Cutting by the "PRINCESS LOUISE CHART." Terms $3. Apply to Miss FARNHAM, Russell House, Ottawa. 1746 a

DR. LOGAN,
Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.
☞ Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

A. E. GENDREAU,
HAIR DRESSING SALOON,
YORK STREET, Lower Town, next door to Mathew's Hotel,
And at No. 209 WELLINGTON STREET Upper Town, opposite the Montreal Bank.

Mr. GENDREAU has always on hand the best French and English perfumeries.

You are respectfully requested to visit these establishments.

Ottawa, 21st August, 1871. 1747 8

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY,
WELLINGTON STREET,
CONDUCTED BY THE GREY NUNS.

The course of studies at this Institution will be resumed on Monday 4th Sept.

OTTAWA CONVENT,
Grey Nuns, Aug. 17, 1871. 1745-b

CHURCH OF ENGLAND
LADIES' SCHOOL,
209 WELLINGTON STREET, OTTAWA,
(Established, 1869—Incorporated, 1871.)

Lady Principal.....*Miss Machin.*

This School will re-open SEPT. 1st. New Prospectuses can be obtained of Durie & Son and Hope & Co.

Further particulars on application to the Lady Principal, or

REV R POLLARD,
1743c Secretary, Ottawa.

THE Rev. C. F. STREET informs his friends and the public that he will open his Classical and Commercial SCHOOL on MONDAY, 28th AUGUST, in the School Room lately occupied by the Rev. Mr. May.

For particulars, apply to Mrs. Kendall, Taylor's Block, corner of Nelson and Daly streets. 1741tf

MR. E H. HARINGTON, B.A., Oxford University,
Begs to inform his Friends and the Public, that he will OPEN his PRIVATE SCHOOL on MONDAY, the 4th September. School-room, corner of Bank and Albert Streets. For further particulars, apply to Mr. E. H. HARINGTON, Russell House.

N.B.—Private pupils can be taken in the evenings.

August 24, 1871. 1751 8

ACADEMY OF THE GREY NUNS,
AYLMER.

The Classes of this Academy will OPEN on the 1st SEPTEMBER next. The building is new and spacious, and is situate near the banks of the Ottawa river.

Aylmer, 16th August, 1871. 1744tf

SELECT
BOARDING AND DAY ACADEMY FOR BOYS.
(CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL)
Principal — REV. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

Careful instruction will be given in Latin and Greek Studies, in French and German Languages, in Mathematics, in certain branches of Science and Art, and in all the common branches of an English education.

The Academy will be OPENED on the 7th SEPTEMBER next.

For further particulars, please address the Rev. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

August 25. 1752 1

A MARRIED WOMAN (English) wishes to obtain a small Family's WASHING. AD. C., care of John Bobier, Ottawa.

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for supplying during the season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season		$5 00
20lbs " "		9 00
10lbs	month	1 50
20lbs "	"	2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance ☜

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N B.—Ice supplied per ton or cwt.

Ottawa April 1871.

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Third Annual Exhibition under the auspices of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society will take place on

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.
SEPTEMBER 20TH, 21ST AND 22ND, 1871.

On the Society's Grounds adjoining the City limits.

COMPETITION OPEN TO THE WORLD!

Nearly $3,000 is offered in Premiums

For Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, Agricultural and Horticultural Productions, Manufactures, Domestic Products, &c.

All parties may compete for prizes on payment of Two Dollars; Ladies on payment of One Dollar.

ENTRIES.

All entries must be made on printed forms, which may be had from the Secretary. These forms are to be filled up and signed by the Exhibitor, enclosing Two Dollars, which amount will entitle the Exhibitor to compete in all the departments.

The entries in each department must be made as follows:—

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before the 10th of SEPTEMBER.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery, and Manufactures generally SEPTEMBER 15th.

Horticultural Products, Flowers, Ladies' Work, &c., SEPTEMBER 18th.

The Society will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railroad Proprietors for carrying articles and passengers at reduced rates.

Arrangements will be made with the Customs Department for the free entry of articles for competition.

J B LEWIS,
President.
A S WOODBURN,
Sec. Treas.

Ottawa August 22. 1749d

AN EXPERIENCED ACCOUNTANT
Having a few hours daily to spare, is desirous of obtaining a Set of Books to keep. Good references. Terms moderate. Address E. T. P., TIMES Office. 1746 a

YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY.

"CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME," a Branch of the Villa Maria Establishment, corner of Wellington and O'Connor streets.

This Establishment RE-OPENS its Classes on the 7th SEPTEMBER. The Course of Instruction comprises every branch suitable to the education of young ladies. Special attention is given to the cultivation of politeness and lady-like deportment. A select day school is attached to the establishment, where in day scholars can have dinner at an extra charge of $2 per month. For particulars and prospectus, apply to the Lady Superior.

Ottawa, 30th Aug., 1871. 1756td

TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

The Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy will, at a Session to be held in the Hall of the said Township on SATURDAY, the 30th day of SEPTEMBER next, pass a By-law to establish the road as now laid out, between Lots Nos. 5 and 6, in the Third Concession of the said Township.

W. P. TAYLOR,
Township Clerk.

Fitzroy, 28th August, 1871. 36 4

BOARD WANTED
In a Private Family, by a Gentleman. Six o'clock dinner preferred Address X. Y. Z., P. O. Box, 285. 1754

TEMPORARY PREMISES,
34 Sparks-street

LAST WEEK OF BARGAINS.

CARPETS!

CARPETS!

CARPETS

T. Hunton, Shoolbred & Co.

Are now selling their Immense Stock of

BRUSSELS—Best 5 frame—at $1.50.

TAPESTRY—New Patterns—at 90 cents.

2 PLY AXMINSTER, at $1.00

And Rugs, Mats, &c., in proportion.

FOR BARGAINS EXAMINE

POSITIVELY LAST WEEK
FOR REDUCTIONS!

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,
PORTER'S BLOCK,
34 SPARKS STREET

Ottawa, August 22, 1871.

BUSINESS CHANGE.

We, the undersigned, in relinquishing the Retail branch of our business, beg to return thanks to the public of Ottawa and vicinity for the very liberal support accorded to us during the past eight years, and to announce that we have

DISPOSED OF OUR STOCK,

And leased the premises,

29 Sparks Street,

TO

MESSRS.

ALEXANDER RUSSELL,
(Late of Blyth & Russell, Ottawa,)

AND

ROBERT WATSON,
(Of Watson & Hayes, Almonte,)

Who will continue the business under the name and style of

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Both of these gentlemen were formerly in our employ, and being possessed of ample means and long experience we have great pleasure in recommending them to the confidence and patronage of all our friends and customers.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, August, 1871.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE

RUSSELL & WATSON

Have pleasure in announcing that they have purchased the

Entire Stock in Trade,

AND

GOOD WILL
OF THE

RETAIL BUSINESS

Lately conducted by Messrs.

Magee & Russell,

And leased their premises, 29 Sparks Street, for a term of years.

And hope by keeping only the best qualities of goods, and adopting a uniform and

Moderate Scale of Profits,

By anticipating the wants of the public and a strict attention to business to merit and retain the patronage so liberally bestowed upon their predecessors.

And we beg to assure the old patrons of the establishment that no efforts will be spared in maintaining the leading position to which it had attained.

ALEX. RUSSELL. ROB'T. WATSON.

Ottawa, August 1871.

Peaches!

Peaches!

Peaches!

Pears!

Pears!

Pears!

Apples!

Apples!

Apples!

And all other Kinds of Fruit

at the Fruit Depots of

G. LORENZ,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

—AND—

NO. 56 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

CHEAP SALE

OF

NEW SILKS

Just received

1,000 YDS. JAPANESE SILKS,

In stylish patterns, serviceable colors, and only 50 cents per yard.

AND

Another large lot of

Japanese Silks,

In a variety of beautiful shades and designs, at 65c. per yard.

ALSO,

A lot of

Fancy Col'd Dress Silks

Only 80 cents per yd, and a lot of Plain Colored, Wide Width, DRESS SILKS, at $1 per yard.

A large quantity of NEW BLACK SILKS at correspondingly low prices.

Allan, McKinnon's & McMoran,

No. 20, Sparks street.

Ottawa, August 21, 1871.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's,

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—
The best old brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

GIN—
J. DeKuyper & Son, Fine Old Double Berried.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—
Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—
Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
Best Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

☞ ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

AGENTS WANTED
To sell the "PRINCESS LOUISE CHART," for fitting dresses and basques. Terms liberal. Apply to Miss FARNHAM, Russell House, Ottawa. 1746 a

FOR CHEAP READING,
GO TO
HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,
No. 38 Rideau Street.
The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

☞ Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged.

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the Shareholders in the British American Bank Note Company will be held at their office, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the FIFTH day of SEPTEMBER next.

HENRY EARLE,
Sec'y, Treas.

Ottawa, 21st August, 1871. 1748 5

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

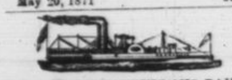
S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.
May 29, 1871 2670tf



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the 1st day of SEPTEMBER—

The Steamer JESSIE CASSELS will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 7.30 a.m., connecting with Steamers of the Line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The Steamer PONTIAC leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted), at 1 p.m., for Des Joachim; returning—leaving at 6 a.m., connecting with Steamer JASON GOULD, which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 p.m., passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The Steamer PRINCE ARTHUR leaves Portage du Fort at 7 a.m., connecting with Steamer JESSIE CASSELS for Aylmer.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip, at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 9 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, August 28th, 1871.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5.30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Original.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"

CAPT. NICHOL,

Leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

MR E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1736tf

FOR SALE.

All that Property in Gloucester, between the Rideau River and the Railway adjoining Cummings Bridge, in Lots to suit purchasers. Regarding the River front, particulars can be had from J B LEWIS, Esq, Barrister Ottawa.

For particulars, apply to
DONALD M'ARTHUR or
JOHN A M'ARTHUR,
Gloucester.

Gloucester 2nd August, 1871. 1733 4

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the ransaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks, —"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Sold only in tin tins packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London. d1569 1y

SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY,

—AND—

AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD,

Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE MOWER

—AND—

SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain*.

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separators.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD,
Smith's Falls,
Ontario.

June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

McGill University, Montreal,

SESSION 1871-72.

THE CLASSES in the several Faculties will open as follows:—

FACULTY OF ARTS.....September 15th.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE....October 3rd.
FACULTY OF LAW.....October 3rd.

The Department of Practical Science, in the Faculty of Arts, including courses in Engineering, Mining, Practical Chemistry and Assaying, will be opened on the 15th September.

The Classes in the McGill Normal School will be opened on the 1st September.

In the Examinations in the Faculty of Arts, commencing September 15th, the following Scholarships and Exhibitions will be offered
First Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Second Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Third Year, 4 Scholarships, (tenable for two years), of $125 yearly.

The Calendar containing details of all the above courses of Study may be had on application, post paid to the undersigned.

W. C. BAYNES,
Secretary.

May 31, 1871 1689 2awk 2m

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

E. A. CENDREAU,

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

WELLINGTON STREET,

OPPOSITE THE MONTREAL BANK.

MR. CENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department,

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. CENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOONING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.

Ottawa, May 24, 1871

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to

MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st,
Ottawa

N.B.—MANUSCRIPT copied.

Ottawa, May 19, 1871 1662tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonising pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewe energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause, Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N.B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of rual and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantril, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awky

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa P. O., July 31st, 1871.

Adams Thos	Martin Miss
Attrell Miss B	May Mrs Jane
Barry Miss E	Madden Miss Eliza
Barwick John	Martin Miss Delia
Baggs John	Martin Frs
Bellot Mrs A F	Manson Wm
Bell Wm	Marsellus Sarah
Bingham & Son	Martin Wm
Blue Mrs M	Mahoney Hannah
Burman Fred	Moore Jas
Cameron Miss M A	Morrow J C
Clayton C F	Munroe Jas
Clements W	Nagle Captain
Couch L E	Nichols John
Conway Geo E S	Nowlan Peter
Coleman Miss B	Otto Miss Jamima
Coburn Hugh F	Parsons Albert
Coughlin M	Palmer Fred T
Corrigan, Mrs Ed	Perlie C H
Cole Miss Maggie	Perry Frs
Cummins Mrs Ann	Pumpelly R
Dunford Jas	Rathwell Benj
Donavan Mrs Cath	Rhodes Miss
Doyle J F	Reilly Michael
Dowler Mrs John	Rivers David
Emmitt M	Reilly Mrs John
Empey Adam	Rivett Amos
Eplett R	Ross Miss A
Favely Jas F	Robinson John
Fairweather Jos S	Rogers Henry
Fitzwilliam Frank	Ross Jos
Fitzgerald Thos	Robinson W
Fisher George	Scarf Robert
Fletcher Miss Mary	Shaw Miss E M
Fowler Samuel	Sharp Thos
Frizell Hy	Smith Chas T
Frith Miss L	Smith Alex
Gaze M	Smith W
Gaudry Wm	Smith Thos
Glenn Alex	Story Chas
Goemley Patrick	Stewart Miss J
Gordon John	Tinney John
Gorman Miss Jane	Wallace Geo
Greer Thos	Walsh J W
Grant J P	Walker Lieut T
Hackland Mrs J	Wait Wm
Hallida Y F	Watt Willie
Harbottle Capt	Waldon Emily
Hayes Wm	Walters John
Hewson John	Weir John
Hewlett Thos	Welsh Mrs M
Hewsan John	West David
Hewson Miss Mary	White George
Hickey J	Wood H O
Hiel Mrs Ellen W	Wood D R
Hillingdon H E	Woods Miss A M
Hunter G	McBryde Jas
Jammy Robt	McCaw John
Johnston Miss Mary	McCardle Wm
Johnson W H	McCabe Pat
Johnson J T	McCarney Miss A
Kettles Miss M	McDonald J D R
Kennedy Robert	McDiarmid Robt
Kerr Cath	McDempsey M
King Chas	McDonald Alex
King Geo	McGee John
King P B	McKay Jas
Lovick W	McLaughlin Wm
Logue C	McRae F W
Mackie Chas	McPherson John
Martin Geo P	McCuan Wm

142 names

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

The undersigned being about to visit England, offers the following properties for sale:

A large Brick Dwelling situate on Besserer and Chapel Streets, with Coach House, Stables, &c.

12 Cottages on Augusta street, producing a clear rental of $780 per annum.

ALSO,

100 Acres of Land at L'Orignal, being south half of Lot No. 15, fourth Concession of Caledonia.

Terms to suit the purchaser.

1719d JAS G ROBINSON.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY P.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY P.M.
.....	12.45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	.....	4.20
.....	12.45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	.....	4.20
.....	.....	9.00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8.00	.....	6.00
.....	.....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	.....	6.00
10.15	12.45	9.00	United States, *via* Ogdensburg	8.00	.....	4.20
10.15	12.45	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	.....	4.20
10.15	.....	.....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	.....	.....	4.20
10.15	.....	.....	Osgoode, Russell, &c	.....	.....	4.20
9 20	2.00	.....	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	.....	3.00
9 20	.....	.....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	.....	.....	3.00
9.30	.....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	.....
1	.....	.....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c	.....	.....	7.00
6.15	.....	.....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	.....	.....	760
10.00	.....	.....	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	.....	.....
6.00	.....	.....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	.....	.....	6.00
11.50	.....	.....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	.....	.....

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P.M. in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, June 7, 1871.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Herman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until Noon of WEDNESDAY, the Sixth day of September next, for the widening of Sappers' Bridge and the construction of a new Bridge over the Rideau Canal to connect Wellington and Rideau Streets, according to the Engineer's plans and specifications, which may be seen at this office after the twentieth instant.

The bridges are to be constructed of iron and stone in a permanent manner, and may be let in one or more contracts as the City Council may decide after receiving the Tenders. The work is to be proceeded with at once, and good security will be required for the due performance of the contracts.

No tenders will be entertained unless made in the prescribed form. They are to be addressed to the undersigned, endorsed, "Tender for Bridges," and contain the names and addresses of two persons who are willing to become security for the contractor.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa 19th July, 1871. 1721td

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET,

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the ST. JAMES HOTEL.

Strict attention to business.

Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1596

COW LOST.

Strayed yesterday, from Sussex street, a White and Red coloured Cow, with crooked horns. Any person finding the same will please give information to Messrs McDonnell & Mongenais, Wholesale Grocers, No. 66 Sussex street, when they will be rewarded.

Aug 5. 1736tf

HAVE YOU A COLD?

HAVE YOU A COUGH?

HAVE YOU BRONCHITIS?

HAVE YOU THE ASTHMA?

HAVE YOU ANY LUNG DIFFICULTY OR WEAKNESS IN YOUR THROAT?

Read the following:

Mrs. Amy Kennedy, of Painesville, Ohio, says—"I have suffered with Asthma 24 years; have been doctored by many physicians. As soon as I took the Balsam it relieved me. I cannot express the gratitude I feel for the benefit your Allen's Lung Balsam has been to me."

Dr. Harris, of Middlebury, Vt., says—"I had been troubled with Bronchitis for two years so affecting the organs of speech that I could not speak aloud for six weeks. I had with it a severe cough and cold night sweats. I took two bottles of Allen's Lung Balsam, and am entirely cured."

Capt. Foster, of Port Burwell, Ont., says—"I have been troubled with a cough, at times very severe, for years past. I have found Allen's Lung Balsam to relieve my cough more readily than any other cough medicine I have ever tried. My wife also used it with the most satisfactory results."

The Balsam is sold by all Druggists. Price $1 per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
GENERAL AGENTS,
Providence and Montreal.

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c, &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

FOR SALE.

BRAE SIDE STEAM SAW MILL,

Situated near Arnprior, Province of Ontario, and extensive Timber Limits on the River Coulonge, Province of Quebec.

The Mill has just been completed, and is most substantially built and fitted with the most improved Machinery, and can manufacture 140,000 feet of lumber per day. It has an extensive piling ground attached to it. Being placed where the Brockville Railway runs beside the Ottawa River, the lumber manufactured by it may be sent direct to the United States market. The limits comprise about 280 square miles of valuable Pine Timber country, with two extensive and productive Farms, and having commodious Dwelling Houses, Storehouses and Stables erected on them. They are also supplied with a large stock of provisions, horse feed and shanty plant for next season's operations.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be had by applying to J. B. Lewis, Esq, Barrister, Ottawa, or from Mr. George Purvis, at the offices of the Mill.

Ottawa, July 28, 1871. 1729 d&w4 1awk

Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Chesley, County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a ort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869:

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

F WOOD, J P.

Warden County of Hastings Province of Ontario. Canada.

SEEDS! SEEDS

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

A. CHRISTIE & CO,

(Late Alex. Christie.)

Druggists,

46, Sparks-st

Ottawa April 28, 1871

Medical.

MESSRS. GABRIELS'

CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE TEETH & GUMS AND PREVENTING THE ACHE OF TOOTHACHE AND GOUT

BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN THE PARTS OF THE WORLD

PREPARED ONLY BY MESSRS. GABRIEL, DENTISTS, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be readily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 11871

SHOSHONES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was here ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hoovy, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.1y

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties horoughly tested, and it is conceded to be he cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
ewcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, In Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1532tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

WANTED,

A good Carriage and Sleigh Maker, and Blacksmith, at Kinburn, Township of Fitzroy. A good business chance for both, with shop accommodations. Steady and good workmen only need apply.

ALLAN FRASER.

Kinburn 2nd August 1871. 1733tf

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. R. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 4utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD F. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mos

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1758. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET,

That COTTAGE the property of N. Tetrau, Esq., Notary, in the Lower Village of Hull, with a handsome flower garden, stable, wood shed, ice house, &c., with or without the necessary firewood for next winter on the place. Mr. Tetrau having arranged for his residence in the dwelling adjoining his office, consented to the leasing of the property. For further information apply to N. TETREAU, N. P., Hull, P. Q. 1746 3

NOTICE.

TO LET, a Large OFFICE and THREE BEDROOMS well situated in the Aumond Block, west, end Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, July 11th, 1871. 1813 tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $16 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.
Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints.
2 Bales Grey Cottons.
2 " Forkers (expected daily)
1 Case Laces.
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrocks's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills.

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 MRICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

☞ The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported in Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED ☜

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that he has received his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

☞ Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

☞ OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND ☜

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) showed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward.

I remain,
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
cumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.
C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co.

TANNERY,

PARK STREET, OTTAWA.

EDMOND GERMAIN, Proprietor.

All kinds of LEATHER for Sale, Wholesale, at reasonable prices.

ALSO,

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE.

Of his own manufacture, at REDUCED PRICES.

19th August, 1871. 1746tf

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $100 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, Agent,
TIMES Office Ottawa

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Godderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be had down here from the Distillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU W

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 3m

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.
Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

METCALFE-ST.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Spirits, 50 over proof,
Old Rye, Malt and
Family Proof Whiskeys,
Very Old Chippawa,
Eureka Rye Whiskey,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy,
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Bergundy
Ports
Domecq's and Greek Sherries,
Clarets,
Sautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Finest Wine Vinegar,
Liqueurs, &c.
Bass', Guinness', Dow's, Dawes', Labatt's and Cosgrave's Ales and Porters, &c., &c.
Liberal terms.
☞ Inspection invited.
K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building,
11 Metcalfe street.
Ottawa, July 22, 1871.

SITUATION WANTED.

To Merchants and Others.—By a Young Man, of active business habits, thoroughly acquainted with both languages, a Situation in a Store or Office, or as Traveller for an wholesale establishment. The best references given. For address, apply at this office. 1736tf

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

100 CASES

HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT

"THE RED BOOT,"

OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overs,

MOCCASINS,

Laces & Boot Dressing

Which will be sold at the very lowest price possible,

Wholesale and Retail.

City and country dealers will find (on giving us a call) that they can be supplied at

Montreal Prices—Freight Added.

Having received a good part of our

Fall and Winter Goods

We are prepared to EXECUTE PROMPTLY all orders.

All summer goods selling at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Orders for Hand Made Custom Work attended to promptly.

A full sett of

Messrs. Ames, Millard & Co's Samples of BOOTS and SHOES, always on view, and orders taken at lowest prices. One of our firm will wait on the merchants of Ottawa City and District soliciting orders.

Agents for wholesaling of Wm. Clendinneng's manufacture of *Stoves, Iron-furniture, Railings, Builders* and all kinds of *Plain and Fancy Castings.*

Agents for the celebrated

☞ *Plantagenet Mineral Water.* ☜

Orders promptly attended to.

LAMB & RODDEN,
No. 23, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, July 29, 1871.

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE, at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 88 Sussex Street, Ottawa.
1738 1NY SIMEON LEBEAU, Agent.

1,000 yards of Japadese silks at 50 cents per yard at Allan, McKinnon's & McMorran's.

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East,

Nos. 2, 4, 3, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:1 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6 40 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No. 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2.4 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.00 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa

B. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.
Ottawa June 1st, 1871

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7th, Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1.00 p.m., and at Sand Point, at 1.40 p.m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 10.00 a.m., and 4.30 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 2.00 p.m. connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 5.4 p.m., and at Sand Point, 5.30 p.m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a.m. arriving at Brockville at 1.34 p.m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 7.50 p.m., and 6.21 p.m.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 3.50 p.m., 10.00 p.m., 6.15 p.m. 1.30 p.m

Leave Sand Point

At 8.30 a.m., 11.35 a.m., 3.05 a.m., 2.05 p.m

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a.m., after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment

H ABBOTT,
Brockville, June 6 1871 Manager.

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

NESTORIAN .....26th August
SCANDINAVIAN .....2d September
HIBERNIAN.....9th "
MORAVIAN.....15th "
SARMATIAN.....23rd "
PRUSSIAN.....30th "

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin .....$70 to $80
Steerage.....$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN, on or about...31st Aug.
OTTAWA " .....7th Sept.
ST. DAVID " .....14th "
ST. ANDREW " .....21st "
ST. PATRICK " .....28th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin.....$67 25
Intermediate.....$47 or 44 00
Steerage.....28 00

☞ An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-st.
Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

RARE CHANCE.

The advertiser has received instructions to offer for SALE, by TENDER, at so much in the Dollar, as per Inventory Valuation,

A WELL ASSORTED TAILOR'S STOCK,

Consisting of English Cloths, Canada Tweeds, Trimmings, &c., &c., amounting to over $4,000.

The Goods are all in first-class order, and have been well selected.

The above offers an excellent opportunity to any one about to commence business, as the goodwill can be secured.

Every information may be had by addressing Box 468, Montreal, and Stock Sheets can be seen on application to the undersigned.

Tenders will be received until the 26th instant. Parties making other than a CASH OFFER, will please name security.

C. BAILLIE,
181 St. James' Street.
Montreal, August 5th, 1871. 1739t A

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT

O'MEARA & CO.,

59 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An Immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Cassimeres
English and Canadian Tweeds
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons,
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Vests
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞ Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF.
O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, April 11, 1871

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex Street, and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,
1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A

TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway hereby give public notice that they are prepared to receive TENDERS for TRACK-LAYING and BALLASTING on 75½ miles of the line, being Sections 4, 7, and 12, in the Province of Nova Scotia. Tenders may be for the whole distance, or for separate Sections.

Specifications and forms of tender can be obtained at the Commissioners' Office, Ottawa, and at the offices of the Engineers at Truro and Amherst.

Sealed Tenders, marked "Tenders," and addressed to the Commissioners, will be received at their Office in Ottawa, up to 12 o'clock noon, on MONDAY, the 25th day of September, 1871.

Tenders will also be received at the same time and place for 300 tons of Spikes according to samples, to be seen at the above named offices.

Tenders to state price per ton of 2,240 lbs., delivered in equal quantities at Truro and Amherst Railway Stations. 50 tons to be delivered at Amherst by the 16th October, and 50 tons by the 1st November next. Balance of delivery by 1st July, 1872.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.

Intercolonial Railway Commissioners' Office,
Ottawa, 14th August, 1871.

McGILL

NORMAL SCHOOL.

The fifteenth session of this School will commence on FRIDAY, 1st SEPTEMBER 1871.

Students trained in this School are, after passing its examinations, entitled to Provincial Diplomas as Teachers.

On passing the Examination, Students not resident in Montreal will be entitled to Bursaries in aid of their Board; and, if resident more than ninety miles from Montreal, to an allowance for travelling expenses.

Tuition and use of Text Books free.

Candidates for admission will present themselves, if possible, at the Normal School, Belmont Street, Montreal, on September 1st, at 9 a.m.

MODEL SCHOOL

—OF—

McGILL NORMAL SCHOOL.

The classes re-assemble on FRIDAY, the 1st September, at 9 a.m.

Prospectuses containing full information concerning the Courses in McGill Normal School, and Forms of Admission, may be had either at the office of the undersigned, or at the School.

W C BAYNES, B A,
Secretary.
July 4, 1871. 1708wkJ&A

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
1746b Post Office Block.

Circus and Caravan

COMING.

A Herd of Eight Elephants!

Recently added to the Exhibition, will appear in the Grand Procession in the City of Ottawa.

FULL TROOP OF BRITISH RIDERS AND ACROBATS.

THE GREATEST EXHIBITION
Ever given will come off in
OTTAWA,

SATURDAY, September 16,

Afternoon and Evening,

☞ ONE DAY ONLY,

Howe's Great London Circus

AND

SANGER'S English Menagerie

OF TRAINED ANIMALS.

The Magnificent, Gorgeous and Costly Golden Chariot Procession, the Largest and Most Brilliant Cavalcade of the kind ever seen, with its

FIVE COLOSSAL CHARIOTS,

Drawn through the streets by teams of Zebras, Shetland Ponies, Abyssinian Donkeys and beautiful Flemish Horses.

100 *Knights in Burnished Steel Armor,*

Ladies in full Circassian Costume, attended by their Equerries, Squires, Pages, &c., in appropriate Dresses, with Banners, Flags, Superb Trappings, &c., and the full

BRITISH CORNET BAND,

Conceded by the Profession to be the best musical accompaniment ever heard in a circus.

Doors open at 1 and at 7 p.m.

Admission, 50 cents Children under ten 25 cents. 1747td

GREAT

TRADE SALE

By Auction.

TEN THOUSAND CASES

INDIA RUBBER OVERSHOES

The subscribers have received instructions from the QUEBEC RUBBER CO to close out BY AUCTION, at their agency, 19 St. Helen Street, Montreal, on WEDNESDAY, 6th SEPTEMBER, their entire remaining stock of Men's, Women's, Boys', Misses' and Children's Rubber Overshoes, Wool-lined Shoes Felt and Cloth Boots, &c, &c.

JOHN LEEMING & CO,
Auctioneers.
July 4. 1708awk6w

YOUNG LADIES SEMINARY

OF

NOTRE DAME DU SACRE CŒUR,

Rideau Street.

CONDUCTED BY THE GREY NUNS.

The usual Courses of Instruction will begin on FRIDAY, the first of September next.

The Ladies of this Institution, in announcing the opening of their classes for the coming term, would tender their grateful acknowledgments to their many friends in Canada and the United States, for the distinguished encouragement extended to them.

Ottawa, 3rd August. 1734td

THE REV. G. JEMMETT, M.A.,

WILL OPEN A

SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

ON

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 4,

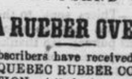
In the School Room in Mr. Skead's building, Queen street, formerly occupied by Rev. J. May.

The course of instruction will comprise the usual English branches, French, Latin, Greek and Mathematics.

An Assistant required.

For further particulars, application may be made to the Rev. J. S. Lauder, Rev. H. Pollard, or after September 1st, to the Head Master.

Ottawa, August 28. 1754 td



OTTAWA TURF CLUB.

The Annual Meeting of the above Club will take place at

MUTCHMOR'S DRIVING PARK

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, 20th SEPTEMBER.

—AND

FRIDAY 22nd SEPTEMBER,

When $2,000 in Purses will be given to be run for as follows:

Lumbermen's Purse of $200.
Steward's Plate of $300.
Hotel-Keepers' Purse of $300.
Hurdle Race of $300.
Carleton Plate of $500.
Ladies' Cup of $150.
Consolation Stakes of $200.

☞ Full particulars in large posters.

Any further information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

EDWARD C. BARBER,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Ottawa, August 10, 1871. 1747-td

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XXXI

LIVELY SPECULATION.

Like the rest of her sex, she had made a fetish for herself, and worshipped it in silence and solitude. She had her treasures that might have been with advantage thrust into the fire. Andrew's letters; a piece of his first sermon; a marked copy of Longfellow's poems; a few ferns he had gathered one day when they took a long walk together; a ring he bought for her when they were engaged; a lock of his hair, and a few other such valuables, which she kept locked up in her desk, and looked at almost every night of her life.

But after that visit to St. Swithin's, whenever she bowed herself down in the house of her Rimmon, and whenever she spread out before her the memorials she possessed, there appeared before her mental fancy another form, which suggested to her different ideas. Here, on the one hand, was her temporal Baal, to whom she had offered every thing her life held dear—her youth, which has passed away, her love, her future, her hopes of a home of her own. She had cried to her idol through the years, and no sound returned to her. She had kept herself for him, and no assurance came—"I, too, have been faithful." She had wearied her own heart with conjecture, her own soul with unavailing grief, and still he came not—the lover of her long ago—to whose memory she meant to remain faithful forever.

And on the other hand stood Herbert Spencer, who had been faithful to her, even as she had been faithful to Andrew Hardell, who was tender, loving, true; whose hardest reproach had never proved keener than the words I have quoted—"I hope it may not be too late."

Right well she knew what he meant, namely, that he trusted light would come to her before the summer flowers were faded, before the autumn fruits were gathered; before winter frosts and snow had fallen on their heads and their hearts; he hoped she would cease pining for a shadow, and take the substance he had to offer in lieu of a love he felt was hopeless as that of the bereaved queen who watched for the re-animation of her husband's corpse.

"Too late!" She thought of those words often, with a great pity and a great tenderness welling in upon her heart. If she might never be happy herself, she might at least make Herbert so. But she could not do this, so long as she believed it possible for the poor wanderer to return and claim her love and pity.

"Supposing he came back and found me married," she was wont to think, when Herbert's love and constancy almost woke an answering echo in her breast. "It would break his heart."

Wherein, of course, she was utterly wrong, only she was not aware of the fact; and so the months slipped by, and Madge was nearly two years older than on the morning she and Herbert stood together looking at the register in St. Swithin's Church, when one Friday her cousin came and said,

"Madge, Mr. Anthony Hardell is to preach next Sunday evening at St. Martin the Martyr's. Should you like to hear him? If so, I will call for you a little before six."

"How good you are!" she said; "I should like to hear him greatly. Where is he now, Herbert, do you know? I mean, where is his own place?"

"That I can not tell you," he answered. "I went down to Essex Marsh a little while since, but found he had left there nearly a year—got some preferment, the sexton thought, but did not know for certain."

"I should like to see him again greatly," she remarked.

"Well, you shall then, if you are ready in good time," Herbert replied. "I dare say the place will be crowded, for I hear he is wonderfully clever, and has lately been going about a good deal preaching charity and special sermons."

"I certainly am astonished to hear it," Madge said, thoughtfully, "for we never considered him anything remarkable at Langmore. Had it been Andrew, now—"

"Oh, confound Andrew!" mentally exclaimed Mr. Spencer; but he was sensible enough merely to observe that it appeared the Rev. Anthony Hardell had not been an exception to the general rule of no prophet being without honor save in his own country and among his own people. I am quite certain," Herbert finished, "he would never have been asked to preach at St. Martin's had he not been something out of the common. But you will be able to judge for yourself if we get there early enough on Sunday evening; and perhaps, Madge," added the man, suggestively, yet with an almost pitiful pleading in his voice, "you might even get a chance of speaking to him—that is, if you wish to do so."

"I do wish, and will try," she said; and for the first time in all their long acquaintance Madge returned the kiss Herbert had been in the habit—half as cousin, half as lover—of giving her at parting.

He did not attach much importance to that circumstance then, regarding it as an evidence more of gratitude than of love, more as accorded to any thing which seemed even a link between herself and Andrew Hardell than as a token of affection for the man who loved her as Andrew Hardell had never done.

But Madge knew it was nothing of the sort which had influenced her. She felt the very strength of her own love was at length compelling a comprehension of his—that the extent of her own sorrow had enabled her to plumb the depth of his grief.

She had begun to feel—lonely and desolate as she was—that a grief, like a child, may be nursed too long—to consider that one man might deserve affection and gratitude as well as another; and there was a half-formed feeling in her mind, that if Herbert asked her again to marry him she would not say "no," but try to be his faithful wife and friend to the end of the chapter.

Whereupon, though the light touch of her lips conveyed but little meaning then to the mind of the man who had loved her so long and so hopelessly, he was glad afterwards to remember he had received that kiss, and she to recollect it had been given.

CHAPTER XXXII.

AT LAST.

Meantime, as a cart-horse, after his fortnight's run in some meadow where he has been barely able to make off a poor living—so close have other teeth besides his own eaten down the blades of grass—returns to his drawing of bricks, and his endless collar-work over heavy country roads and the greasy London stones, Andrew Hardell, his time of rest and repose over, had come back once more to Essex Marsh, to the familiar place where he made his first start in that new life which commenced when all the links binding him to the old were broken—to the familiar faces he had learned to regard as those of friends in the days following that period when he voluntarily cut himself adrift from all former ties—from all the hands which might have been outstretched to help him—from all those who, had he but taken heart and told his story fairly from beginning to end, would have believed, pitied, and lamented too.

But he did not return to Essex Marsh quite the same man—neither was his daily toil just what it once appeared. As the horse—meagre though his food may have been, and short his run—must take back to his dark stable and to his allotted task some memory of those weeks of freedom when harness and whip were as things lying in the dim past, so the curate brought with him from Eclin memories that tinged the gray clouds of his life with golden sunshine—sweet thoughts which were his dear companions while he walked the familiar lanes—fancies that turned themselves into realities in his dreams.

He had loved, and they were separated; by his own act and his own deed; for he knew that, had he but told her father, not a hundred fathers would have hindered her marrying him. But was something even to have loved; the very pain of his wound he felt more endurable than the apathy in which he had existed before. He had some one now beside himself to think of—some one, though he might never be husband to her, to deny himself for.

He was more human than before he went to Eclin—his sympathies were extended—his powers for usefulness greater. It did not seem to him now—as it had once almost done, when he beheld misery and penury, pale-faced wives and sickly children—that if men were not to wed, or women marry, or sons and daughters to be born, a good thing would have come to pass. Nay, rather, now, when in the twilight he beheld a couple standing at that point in the railings round the churchyard where a few old trees made a shade over the foot-path—or saw a lingering farewell beneath the vicarage wall—the man understood here was some portion of compensation which he would, in his ignorance, have cut out of these lives, had not experience taught him better.

The keener, however, his human sympathy became, so in precise proportion grew at times his impatience with his own lot. What! were these people, whose love-making he beheld, whose banns he published, whom he joined together for life, to have homes, wives, children, and he—he stand outside in the cold forever? If, their homes were poor—if the wives turned out slatterns—if the children were dragged up—still their lives held a promise once, and he knew enough both of the men and the women to be aware it was their own faults if that promise were never even partially fulfilled.

But for him, whose very education made him understand more fully the loss he had sustained, and feel more keenly the length, and breadth, and depth of his loneliness—was there never to break a morrow when he, too, should take one to his heart and hold her there? never an evening when he should return to other than a desolate hearth, with no voice save that of silence to greet him—nothing save the dropping of the cinders to break the stillness of the room?

Sometimes it seems to me that in trying to write this story, which has proved no easy task, I have been like one beating the air—as one spending his strength for naught. How is it possible I, with only a few poor words at command, should ever be able to make my readers understand such utter mental isolation—the position of a man who, with every capacity for the enjoyment of domestic happiness—with naturally a keen relish for society—with a nature capable of loving passionately—ay, with even the power of winning love in return—had yet voluntarily to renounce marriage, home ties, the charms of companionship, the solace of friendship?

To be continued.

COUGHS AND COLDS

Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly, when taken in the early stages of disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the Lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a bracer influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations be sure to obtain the *genuine.* Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

All the year round, "Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders" should be given to horses that are "kept up." To horses and cattle that graze in summer they should only be given in winter and spring.

THE GREAT EASTERN STEAMSHIP.—Unlike any other exhibition, we believe the sight of this noble vessel has given good satisfaction to the thousands of persons who travelled to Quebec to view her, and well repaid them for their outlay; and it is just so with the "Canadian Pain Destroyer." There never was anything that gave such satisfaction; it relieves pain almost instantly, and is the finest thing in the world for rheumatism, neuralgia, and pains in the stomach, &c. 25 cents will buy a bottle of it. Sold by all medicine dealers.

CARELESSNESS.

Many persons neglect their horse's health and condition until it is too late, when at a trifling expense and no trouble, the horse might have been saved if attended to in time. To all who may have occasion to use an article of the kind, we would confidently recommend "Dadey's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy;" it is without doubt the best preparation in use, as thousands who have used it testify. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS MOTHERS

Are you disturbed at night and broken your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth

If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."

Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are but imitations. 4yrsM 2m

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

Officers and soldiers who served in the army, physicians, surgeons and eminent men and women everywhere, join in recommending Johnson's Anodyne Liniment" to be the best internal and external family medicine ever invented. Test it on our experience.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

☞ Coughs and colds, when left to themselves, frequently bring on pulmonary complaints, which lead to that distressing and fatal disease, consumption; but if attended to in time, "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers" are a certain remedy. They stop the irritating cough, and soothe and strengthen the bronchial tubes, allaying all irritations and inflammation. They are also particularly adapted for the use of singers and public speakers. Sold by all druggists and country dealers Price 25 cents per box.

AS THE RESULTS OF FAST LIVING AND ALL free use of stimulants, fatty degeneration of the Heart, Liver and Kidneys is quently occurs; the heart becomes feeble and irregular in action, the liver torpid, the kidneys fail to perform their function properly, and the complexion gradually assumes a pasty hue, the appetite is capricious, digestion feeble, bowels more or less inactive, and a general feeling of lassitude and indisposition to exertion pervades the system. From this deplorable state of health relief may be speedily obtained, by the use of Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya, which is a Chemical Food and Nutritive Tonic. The appetite will be improved, digestion invigorated, assimilation perfected, the constitution strengthened.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

J. H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa

Ottawa, March 25, 1871. 1625 y

NOTICE.

MR. J. G. DAVIS having resigned the agency for the OTTAWA TIMES, we have this day appointed MR. L. A. GRISON, Agent in his stead, and who is now authorized to collect accounts and solicit orders for this establishment.

Ottawa, 14th August, 1871.

THE

Treaty of Washington,

WITH

THE OFFICIAL CORRESPONDENCE, &c., IN REFERENCE THERETO.

Published in Pamphlet Form, price 12½ Cents.

Send in your orders immediately to the Office of the

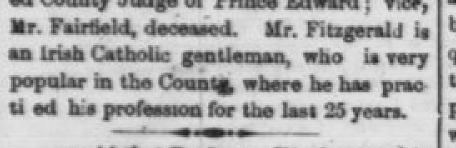
TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Every man in Canada ought to possess a copy of this Pamphlet; more especially as no correct copy of this important document has as yet been published.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Dry Goods Sale—Allans, M'Kinnons & M'Morran.
Canada Central Railway.
Brockville and Ottawa Railway.
Lost, a silver Watch.
Arnoldi's Wine Vaults.

On and after the 28th instant, the office of the TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY will be on Wellington street, in the building formerly known as "Her Majesty's Theatre," opposite the Western Block of the Departmental Buildings.



The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

SATURDAY, SEPT. 2, 1871.

Hon. W. McDougall, C. B., is in town, and staying at the Russell House.

Mr. Speaker Cockburn arrived here yesterday.

Her Majesty is still in bad health. She is suffering from an affection of the throat, accompanied by violent nervous headaches.

We understand that Richard John Fitzgerald, Esq., of Picton, has been appointed County Judge of Prince Edward; vice, Mr. Fairfield, deceased. Mr. Fitzgerald is an Irish Catholic gentleman, who is very popular in the County, where he has practised his profession for the last 25 years.

It is said that Professor Hincks intends resigning the Chair of Natural History in the University of Toronto, and a successor is to be appointed. One rumour is to the effect that Professor Goldwin Smith, having become tired of American democracy, is desirous of taking up his residence in Toronto, and may, perhaps, accept a Professorship there.

Mr. Molesworth, Inspector of Public Works for the Ontario Government, has returned to this city, after having inspected the new works in connection with the drainage of the County of Russell. He reports that the work has been admirably performed by Mr. Kingsford. Upwards of 8,000 acres of land will be reclaimed. Mr. Molesworth leaves for Toronto to-day.

A GREAT SUBJECT.

Editors complain very generally just now that they do not know what to write about,—the difficulty being not how to write but how and where to find subjects of interest to discuss. There is one absorbing question which at the present moment agitates the minds and attracts the attention of Western journalists, and that is did the Hon. Sandfield Macdonald make use of a naughty word while giving audience to the Strathroy delegation, or did he not? This is the great, the momentous question, which has proved of such absorbing interest to the leading organ of the Opposition as to induce that journal to forget the Washington Treaty, the "howling dervishes" at Ottawa, the Grand Trunk Railway, and all the other causes of complaint which usually agitate it. It now proposes that the matter should be brought into court, and witnesses examined as to whether the Premier of Ontario used that highly improper expletive which he is accused of using, or not. When the question has been thoroughly sifted and conclusively decided, let the leading Opposition organ start some other subject of general interest to the public. The exact height and circumference of the Ontario Premier's shirt collars, or some other topic of equally vital importance to the country. It is by the consideration of such subjects as these that we may hope to elevate the tone of public feeling, and inspire the readers of Canadian journals with those high patriotic sentiments which it is the duty of every journalist to encourage so far as he can. What is the Treaty of Washington, or the construction of the Pacific Railway, compared with the question as to whether the Premier of Ontario used that naughty little word of four letters? Nothing whatever in the estimation of a Grit.

FACTION DYING OUT.

The Ontario Grits tried to make people believe that the late demonstration of the Party of Progress at Wellandport, was a failure, instead of what it really was, viz., a decided success. It seems evident, however, that the recent Grit meetings at Galt and in the County of Norfolk, were miserable *fiascos*. The attendance was small, there was no enthusiasm, and under such circumstances we cannot wonder that the speeches were tame and insipid. Not even "honest Joe Rymal," who does the low comedy business for the Grit combination, could manage to raise a hearty laugh although he tried to be as funny as ever. As for the speech of Messrs. MacKenzie, McKellar, and the rest, the "leading organ" did not think them worth reporting *in extenso*. There is abundant evidence on every side which serves to show that the cause of faction is on the decline. Agitation for agitation's sake will not long have any influence with an intelligent reflecting people like those of Ontario. The public are fast learning to estimate the patriotism and political morality of the agitators at their true worth, and to see that all they have done since Confederation was established, has been to impede progress by every means in their power, and to cause public agitation and disquietude when there was no real necessity for doing so, solely in the hope of obtaining power. We do not doubt however that the Grit leaders will go on in their course of factious opposition with a persistence worthy of a better cause, and it is in the highest degree necessary that the people should not allow themselves to be led away or deceived by the misrepresentations which will be made, and the false issues that will be raised. That Confederation has progressed so rapidly, and has worked so satisfactorily, is due to the efforts of the Government and their supporters, and the success which has attended our new political system has been achieved in spite of, and not with the assistance of the Grits. The general prosperity with which we are now favoured, is of course attributable principally to the energy and industry of the people themselves; but we are also indebted for it in a large degree to the sound practical policy of the Dominion and Local Governments. On all great and important questions they have shown that their views were thoroughly in accord with those of the community at large, and in more than one instance, notably in the case of the Pacific Railway scheme, those who have opposed them have been compelled by the force of public opinion to turn round and "eat the leek." These are facts which no one can gainsay, and under such circumstances no one who has any belief in the intelligence of the people, can doubt that the number of the Ministerial supporters will continue to increase, and that the friends of Faction will diminish in numbers and in influence day by day. It is only necessary that the Party of Progress should work unitedly together; that they should expose every Opposition trick and misrepresentation with a relentless hand, and then the narrow-minded partizans who have shown themselves so utterly selfish and unreliable, will be consigned to political oblivion as they deserve to be. Let us be but true to ourselves and to our country, and the victory must be ours.

THE ST. JOHN'S CREW.

The conduct of the St. John's boatmen has caused a very general feeling of disgust throughout the country. The manner in which they are reported to have behaved when the death of Renforth was announced, was not likely to commend them to public favour, while the miserable cowardice they displayed in refusing to take part in the International four-oared race as they had agreed to do, is generally regarded as dastardly in the extreme. They won a race by an accident, and evidently imagined that they would be able to retain the credit of their questionable victory if they did not run the risk of another contest. The miserable pretext about the water being too rough will not avail. The St. John's boat was as well adapted for rough water as any of the others; they knew perfectly well before hand what was the usual condition of the water in Halifax harbour, nor could they know on Tuesday night whether or not it would be unusually rough on Wednesday afternoon.

These men had better retire into private life and no longer pretend to be the champions of a brave and chivalrous people. They have forfeited every claim to public favour and public confidence, and we feel sure that however much the people of New Brunswick may naturally have felt inclined in their favour, they will now regard them in a very different light. Had they been beaten after doing their best, no one would have blamed them, however much they might have regretted the result. But it is evident to everyone, that feeling their inability to compete with the English crew in a fair race, they sought to preserve the credit of the so-called "victory," which the death of poor Renforth had enabled them to obtain. It is the boast of the people of Canada, of the people of the Maritime Provinces more especially, that they are the descendants of those whose

"House of yore
Was on the foaming wave,
And there they gathered bright renown,
The bravest of the brave."

Fulton and his companions, who only profess to be able to row when the water is as smooth as glass, are certainly not fit to be the representatives of such a race as this.

DOMINION NOTES.

Mr. Willison, grocer, St. Catharine's street, Montreal, has lately discovered that a clerk who had been with him for some years, and in whom he had implicit confidence, had for some time been robbing him at the rate of about $1,000 per annum.

During Mr. Langevin's short stay in San Francisco, scores of his Canadian compatriots who were living in California, called to pay their respects to their distinguished countryman.

Mr. Walter Lynch, brother of Dr. Lynch, of Manitoba, has made a visit to his old home in Lobo. One of Mr. Lynch's objects in returning is to purchase stock and implements for his farming ventures in the new province. He has already bought a number of sheep, pigs and poultry in this section, and of the most improved breeds.

At St. Mary's, on Monday evening, a man named Thomas Murray was brutally assaulted with a scythe by one Wm. Haney. The parties got into a dispute, when Haney drew a scythe which he was using and struck his opponent with it over the head and face, hacking and wounding him in a fearful manner. The wounded man is in a precarious condition. The man Haney was arrested and placed in custody.

There was a popular meeting at Burlington, Vt., on Saturday last, which was addressed by Colonel Thomas, of Dubuque, Iowa, in behalf of the Caughnawaga canal and connecting schemes for improving the water route to the West. The speaker showed by a strong array of facts and statistics the indisputable value of that work to New England. A convention is to be held at Detroit about the 18th of October, at which the entire scheme will be formulated and placed more clearly before the public.

Mr. Murse, a printer, was crossing from Toronto to the Island on the the steamer *Bouquet*, with his wife and child, on the 29th August, when his boy fell overboard, he jumped in after him and was drowned.

Three rafts went to pieces near the Victoria Bridge on the 29th August.

Five ships are loading in Montreal with lumber for Buenos Ayres.

The Provincial Anglican Synod is called to meet in Montreal on the 13th Sept.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 1.

Much concern and sympathy is expressed for His Lordship the Metropolitan, who is now ill in Toronto. The Synod is approaching, and his detention is felt to be singularly unfortunate.

The Court of Quarter Sessions opened to-day before Judge Coursol. There are fourteen cases in the calender, all of which are of a trivial character.

Joseph Richard, aged 19, was committed to-day for horse stealing. He was arrested in the act of selling the animal, and confessed the theft.

Posters appeared on the walls to day challenging the St. John Crew to row in a certain private garden in the city any time between now and Christmas if not too cold. The race is to be in wash tubs of the latest build, and the stakes are to be of the same approved pattern. The satire creates much fun at the expense of the St. John runaways.

Andrew Stewart, the $10,000 embezzling clerk of J. Willison, grocer, who was arrested yesterday, was to day discharged to the astonishment of everybody. Willison withdrew the charge, alleging that he had no proof, although the goods were found in the prisoner's house, and he confessed to the constable.

Cabmen are daily becoming more reckless. A boy was run over yesterday, his ribs broken, and much injured generally, but the delinquent proceeded ignorant of his doings, and no police attempted his arrest.

The Writ has been issued for the election of a member of the Quebec Parliament in the district of Montcalm in place of Mr. Dufresne, who has been appointed Sheriff. Mederic Boucher and Firmain Dugas are the present candidates. The Nomination takes place on the 5th inst.

The thermometer stood at 70° this morning.

Flour market, heavy; 5cts lower this afternoon, though the stocks are very light.

LATEST CABLE TELEGRAMS.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sep. 1.—The second mate of the American ship "Rochester" has been committed for trial at Liverpool on the charge of shooting a sailor named Trott, the alleged ring leader of a mutiny which occurred recently in the St. George's channel and in consequence of which the "Rochester" was compelled to put into Queenstown on her voyage from Liverpool to Bath, Me.

It is reported that Kelly accused of the murder of Talbot, high constable of Cork, escaped from the prison where he was awaiting his trial.

A Naval Court Martial has been ordered by an Admiralty to thoroughly investigate as to the cause of the accident to the iron clad "Repulse" which as stated yesterday, has been aground at Sheerness.

ITALY.

LONDON, Sept. 1—A despatch from Paris says the Austrian Ambassador to France, Prince Metternich, has been authorized to declare that Italy declined to participate in the Conference at Gastein.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 1.—Thiers sent to the Assembly to-day his first message since the prolongation of his powers. He thanks the Assembly for its expression of confidence, repeats his protestations of devotion to the country, and hopes to succeed in the rehabilitation of France.

It is expected that the sentences of the Communists tried by the court-martial will be pronounced to-morrow morning.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Sept. 1.—The Prussian *Cross Gazette* says that it was agreed that Prussia should make representations to Russia, calculated to lead to the restoration of a good understanding between Russia and Austria.

Latest American Telegrams,

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.—Lieut.-Governor Wilmot, of New Brunswick, has invited the President with the members of his staff and Cabinet, to visit that Province on the occasion of the opening of the new railway from Bangor to St. John's, on the 18th October next. He adds that the Governor General of the Dominion has promised to meet the President, and they shall all look forward with much pleasure for an agreeable interchange of national courtesies, &c. The President replied to-day, declining the invitation, on the ground that it has never been customary for the President to leave the United States during his term of office, and he is reluctant to establish such precedent.

At the Cabinet meeting, to-day, the three reports from Admiral Rogers were laid before it by Secretary Robinson. The United States will not now renew an attack on the people of the Corea, but await the result of the British expedition. It is thought that ultimately the United States, Great Britain and North German confederation may form an alliance against the Coreans.

The Counsel for our Arbitrators at Geneva has been made, but his name is officially withheld until it is known whether he accepts the office.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—Immediately after the rendering of the Coroner's Jury this afternoon, in Bowlesby abortion case, Dr. Rosenweigh was committed to the Tombs, to await the action of the grand jury.

The mother of Miss B. is completely prostrated, and it is believed she will die.

The Writ of *Habeas Corpus* issued yesterday in the Supreme Court for the production of the body of Rosenweigh, has not been served.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES

UNITED STATES.

Jane J. Austin, an inmate and so-called servant in Dr. Rosenweigh's family, has confessed that a girl answering the description of the body found in a trunk, came to the doctor's house from New Jersey, on Wednesday of last week. She was told by Rosa, the doctor's daughter, that the body was taken away by her friends the next night, after which she heard nothing of her. The girl states, on Saturday, about noon, she was sent out of the house with the children, and remained out about an hour and a-half, and does not know what took place in the house during that time. It was at that hour that the trunk was taken from the house by the truckman. She identifies the comforter found with the remains in the trunk, as one that was used upon Dr. Rosenweigh's bed.

The Upper Forest Tin Works, near Swansea, England, have capped the climax of thin paper. They have produced a sheet 10×5¼ inches, weighing 20 grains, which is but 16 grains for 44 surface inches, and it requires 4,809 placed side by side to make one inch in thickness. This stands on record as the thinnest sheet of tissue paper to be purchased measures the 1,200th part of an inch—four times as thick as this.

THE QUEEN'S HEALTH

A correspondent writing from England on the 19th ultimo, says:

I regret to say that the health of the Queen is in a more than usually critical condition and that very grave apprehensions are entertained concerning her. She has been overwhelmed with hard work during the session of Parliament which closes to morrow; and while she was suffering from this she was greatly agitated and distressed, first by the attacks made upon her in the *Times*, in the House of Commons, and in the Lords by Lord Oranmore; and secondly, by the late unhappy occurrences in Dublin. These produced a very disastrous effect upon the nervous system of her Majesty, and her medical advisers insisted that she must not remain in England to await the end of the session, but must depart at once for Scotland, although this would involve the necessity of some of the Cabinet ministers making the long journey to Balmoral immediately. When the Queen arrived at Perth, day before yesterday, on her way to Balmoral, she looked extremely pale and exhausted, and took no notice of the preparations made for her welcome, nor responded in any way to the cheers of the populace. The *Lancet* of yesterday contains an article in which, after expressing regret at the attacks on the Queen, based on her absence from evening entertainments on her brief residence in London, adds:

Now the fact is—and the more widely this fact is known and the more plainly it is stated the better—her Majesty is not physically capable of bearing the effects of crowded or overheated rooms, or of prolonged residence in London. The effort of entertaining in the evening produces great and immediate discomfort, followed by sleeplessness or disturbed rest and severe headache; and her Majesty rarely visits Buckingham Palace without suffering in a similar manner. The profession will readily, without our entering more fully into so delicate a subject, understand the necessity for her Majesty's medical advisers exercising the greatest diligence to prevent the recurrence of these symptoms. It would appear as if some persons forget that the Queen is a lady nearly 53 years of age, for they talk as if they expected her to possess the same remarkable physical vigor and nerve power she exhibited twenty years ago.

SENTENCE OF THE ENGLISH MURDERESS.

(From the London Daily News, Aug. 15.)

Agnes Norman was yesterday sentenced to ten years' penal servitude for having attempted to strangle a little boy named Parfitt; and so ends one of the strongest stories of crime which have ever found their way into our criminal records. It will be remembered that this girl was accused of having murdered children in various houses in which she had been maid servant; and it was also stated that her mania for killing extended to parrots, dogs, and other animals. What is definitely known is that certain young children whom she had under her care died suddenly without apparent cause; and that the mothers suspected her of having smothered them while in bed.

The Jury, however, acquitted her on all charges except one, not deeming the evidence sufficient in the others; and she is now reaping the penalty of having attempted to murder a child who was fortunately rescued. It is obvious, however, that this girl presents one of those curious phenomena with which our jurisprudence finds it difficult to deal. None of the ordinary motives of cupidity or revenge would seem to have influenced her, and one is naturally led to ask how a mania of this kind is to be distinguished from that insanity which relieves its victims from responsibility. In other directions, it is true, Agnes Norman would seem to be sane enough. There is something, however, very horrible in the notion of an apparently quiet and gentle girl going about a house in the character of an assistant domestic, with her thoughts perpetually turning on the possibility of killing something. Will ten years' penal servitude cause the leopard to change its spots?

GLORIES OF CHAMPAGNE.

THAT GENTLE WINE CONSIDERED AS A SOCIAL FORCE.

A writer in *London Society* says:—"*Vinum Moselanum est omni tempore sanum* runs the monkish doggrel. 'In wine is truth;' and truth especially is innate in the wine of champagne. Look at a man's library, and you shall know his intellectual tastes; drink of a man's champagne, and you shall be able at once to decide what his moral nature is—whether he be mean of noble, generous or parsimonious.

Champagne is a certain and unerring detective of social hypocrisy and pretentiousness. If we are to trust Mr. Disraeli in 'Lothair,' it is the touchstone of the sublimest virtues. It is not enough that Lord St. Jerome in 'Lothair' shall be gracious in his manner and princely in his character; the culmination of his eulogy is the remark, "His lordship gave the same champagne at supper that he did at dinner, and, (now comes the immediate *sequitur* and direct inference) was, in short, a patriot

"Yet the very pretentiousness and hypocrisy which champagne betrays in the mean is but additional proof of the homage which it receives. Is there another wine in the world whose presence is so highly coveted as thine, Champagne? Are there any laurels of hospitality on which men set greater store than those which the reputation of giving thee in the perfection of thy effervescent purity to their guests bestows? A well stocked cellar of noble Clicquot, that is indeed fame; the champagne at his house is always safe—what a world of reputation lies in such eulogy as this.

"The dinner table is far from being the sole scene of the triumphs and powers of the great wine. We might tell of breakfasts and of suppers suddenly converted from Saharas of intolerable dullness into oases of smiles and laughter by the appearance of champagne. What would be the breakfast matrimonial without its assistance? Who could tolerate the banquet, almost funereal in its dullness, without champagne? Where would be the compliments to the bridesmaids, where the sparkling humour of the inevitable wag of these feasts, where the point and witticism of the speeches, were it not for the redeeming influences of the benificent vintage? You sit down like a company of mutes; you have just witnessed a copious display of parental and genuine weeping in church, and you expect every minute to see the same thing over the breakfast table; you want to show your sympathy with what you see, and you know not how to do it. To laugh seems heartless, and to weep you are unable. Hey, presto! a sudden reports: "Champagne, Sir?"

"The scene altered; there is merriment and jest: the string in the tongue is loosed on all side. You pull yourself together, and enter into the festivity of the occasion with what appetite you can. And there are breakfasts and breakfasts—breakfasts eminently political, and breakfasts eminently social, but without champagne would they ever drag their alow and tedious length successfully along?

"At sea, again, is champagne good for pleasure, for enjoyment, and for health. Champagne, though the fact may not be generally known, happens to be a capital antidote against marine nausea. Says the late Sir J. Y. Simpson, when discussing a variety of remedies that have been proposed for sea sickness, 'I myself, when crossing the Bay of Biscay before now, have partaken of devilled lobster and dry champagne, and found them real blessings.' Here, if you like, is the language of appreciation.

"Yachting without champagne-cup!—why, you might as well try to dislocate spirit from body or matter from mind. Delicious in the noontide's heat, and even more delicious when your fairy craft lies at anchor in the sultry summer night, and the waters singing a slumbrous lullaby around you, you sit meditative, or perhaps conversational, or perhaps listening to the strain of that music which never sounds so well as at sea, over your last cigar before turning in.

"Great, too, is champagne-cup, and powerful its operation on the cricket field. County cricket fields, we mean, where the match itself over, a dance not unseldom winds up the day.

"Poetical, also, and even classical, the beverage seems when quaffed in the cloistered seclusion of college rooms.

"Not at dinner nor breakfast only, nor such miscellaneous occasions as we have here instanced alone is champagne seen as a great social force. What are we to say of its presence at pic-nics, its sway at suppers?

"Would it be a mistake to describe champagne as a not less errant match-maker than the most diplomatic of mammas, or even *Pronuba Juno* herself? Madame Clicquot has been deprived by destiny of her good husband; but has not her vintage proved instrumental in supplying husbands to no small number of young ladies who we sincerely hope are now very happy wives?

"Proposing is very nervous work even for the most stout-hearted. A glass of champagne is no contemptible receipt for screwing the manly courage up to the needful sticking point. Do you thing that Mr. Flutter, of whom it was said by his friends that he could not say "bo to a goose," would ever have been inspired with the requisite amount of pluck to make a declaration of passion to Mrs. F., then Miss Rasper, had it not been that after the second glass of champagne, he felt that he could have met a personage much less smiling than even his adored one? Who shall say for what mighty issues that second glass of champagne may not be answerable.

MULTUM IN PARVO.

The total number of messages forwarded from postal telegraph stations in the United Kingdom during the week ended August 12th, 1871 was 351,898 against 212,202 in the corresponding week of last year showing an increase of, 39,696.

The Earl of Dunmore has parted with his estate in the Hebrides for the sum of £156,000. Notwithstanding that Harris is all but unrivalled in Scotland for deer stalking, shooting, and fishing, the purchase money, considering the rent roll, must, says the *North British Mail*, be considered a fancy price.

The *Guardian* states that the deanery of St. Paul's has been offered by Mr. Gladstone to the Rev. R. W. Church, rector of Whatley, and formerly Fellow and Tutor of Oriel College. It is uncertain, however whether he has accepted the appointment.

It is settled that the Edinburgh memorial to the late Prince Consort is to be placed in Charlotte square. The consent of all the proprietors of the square has been obtained, and the Queen is understood to have signified her approval.

At the Bristol Assizes on the 12th Aug. an action for libel was tried before Mr. Justice Brett, brought by Mr. Latimer, proprietor of the *Western Daily Mercury*, published at Plymouth, against a joint-stock company, owning the *Western Morning News*, which is published at the same place. There has been considerable rivalry between the two papers with regard to their respective circulation and the number of advertisements in each, and the gist of the libel complained of was that the *Morning News* had charged the *Mercury* with manufacturing advertisements, inserting them without authority, and afterwards attempting to obtain payment for them. The jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff with £400 damages.

The most beautiful girl in the United States must live near Lincoln, Ill. The following is her picture, given by a local paper:—"Her hair is of that particular hue that a field of white wheat throws towards the setting sun. Her eyes send forth a light so effulgent and magnetic that strangers become spell-bound under its influence, and stand rudely gazing. Her cheeks bear a bloom like the sunny side of an early peach. A pearl would seem almost black beside her teeth. Her form is so graceful that men worship her before seeing her face. Her hands suggest the idea of waxen fingers tipped with vermillion. Her smiles seem actually to illuminate her presence, and when she laughs the listener fancies he hears sweet music in the distance."

A memorial is to be placed in St. Paul's Cathedral as a record of the distinguished service rendered to Christian literature and to mental philosophy by the late Dean Mansel.

According to a return of the Imperial Parliament, it was the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland who gave orders for the suppression of the Phœnix Park meeting.

Major George F. Browning, City Marshal of Salem, died on Tuesday night. He was thirty-four years of age. His death is attributed to excitement caused by the Revere railroad disaster, in which his brother was badly hurt.

Sir Duncan Gibb told the British Association at its late meeting of an enormous woman, Caroline Heenan, now exhibiting in London, age 22 years, weighing 560 pounds, 7 feet round the body, 22 inches round the arm, and 3 feet 6 inches across the shoulders. Still, it appears that this large lady is not so much fat as muscular, and, unlike most fat people, she is also "handsome and pleasing," and "highly intelligent," not in the least "drowsy," nor is her face "fat and greasy."

The *Paris Journal* reports a narrow escape of the King of Italy. The king was hunting in the wood of Valsavaranche, in the Valley of Aosta, when he was suddenly attacked by two wild boars, one of which ripped open with its tusk the stomach of the King's horse. His Majesty was saved by his suite, but received a slight wound in the thigh.

On the 4th inst., (says the *Swiss Times*) the bodies of two male infants were found in a rivulet near Courtelary. The affair having come to the knowledge of the police, they discovered, on inquiry, that the wife of a traveling juggler passing through the village had given birth to twins a few days previously, and that her husband—unwilling to be burdened with them, and in spite of the entreaties of his wife — brutally drowned them in the stream.

The Rev. Edward Pullen, an Oxford professor and the author of "Dame Europa's School," has married Miss Breta Watson, of Burlington, N. J.

Oliver Cromwell is to have a statue in Parliament Square, Palace yard, directly opposite the principal entrance to the House of Commons.

The Khedive of Egypt, has the greatest private purse of any individual in the world. His personal wealth is said to amount to $300,000,000.

Count de Moltke is said to be afflicted with an attack of gout which, on account of his age and recent fatigues, places his life in danger.

The English Admiralty have ordered a commencement to be made of the squadron, of small, handy, heavily armored gun vessels, two of which have been laid down in the dock at Chatham. in which they are to be built. Three others of the same description of vessel will be commenced as soon as the work now in hand at Chatham dock yark will allow. The new gun vessels are to be 150 feet length, and of light draught, each drawing under one foot of water. Each of the vessels will carry four guns, two of which will be of a large calibre.

It is pointed out by the Italian journals that the great tunnel under Mount Cenis, which is to be opened on the 15th of the month, will then have been completed three months before the time stipulated in the contract, viz, December, 1871. The works were commenced in 1857, and have thus been fourteen years in hand. The rate of progress has been about three yards per day.

An express train between Plymouth and London makes the distance, 194 miles, in four and a quarter hours, including fifteen minutes' stoppage. This is probably the fastest travelling in the world.

The sad news was received on Saturday evening of the death from typhoid fever on that day at Lucerne, Switzerland, of Mr Charles Scribner, head of the eminent publishing company house of Charles Scribner & Co.

A servant girl at Louisville, Ky., a few days ago because her mother demanded her money—which she had saved from her earnings—tried to commit suicide by cutting her throat, but the knife was so dull that she barely cut through the skin. She then tried to choke herself to death with her hands, but failed.

The waters of the Pacific coast abound in curiosities of the finny tribe. The latest specimens brought to the attention of the naturalists of San Francisco are the "Rhina California," or angel-fish, and the devil-fish of Anarhichas Dentsculatus. The angel-fish bears some resemblance to the black flounder, though it has well defined wings. The skin is rough and thick, and the length from tip to tip is exactly forty inches. Its mouth is furnished with five rows of teeth.

There are 450,000 miles of telegraph wire in Europe, 190 000 in America, 14,000 in India and 10,000 in Australia. There are in addition 30,000 miles of sub-marine cable, and yet telegraphic extensions throughout the world are going on at the rate of 100,000 miles of wire per annum.

A boy sixteen years old, named King, became weary on the second night of his confinement in the lock-up at Lewiston, Me., and with a nail made a saw of a case knife, with which he cut off the bars of his cell. He had nearly escaped when the police discovered what he was doing, and put him in another cell. In a short time he had nearly worked out of this cell, badly smashing the walls as bad as cutting bars. They then put him in a third cell, with bracelets on his wrists, and went on their rounds. In forty minutes King had cut off two bars, and made his escape.

Mr. Charles Lever, the eminent Irish novelist, is, after an absence of twenty years, on a visit to his native country, and, as Cornelius O'Dowd, records his impressions in the current number of *Blackwood*.

A Georgia game of base ball broke up in the eighth innings with one arm broken, one eye put out, one jaw dislocated and eighteen fingers "shitted." The game will be finished as soon as the physicians think best.

The body of the young woman found in a trunk at the railway station in New York has been identified.

Mark Twain (Samuel L. Clemens) has purchased a house, and gone to live permanently in Hartford, Conn.

A Georgian of eighty years has been the father of fifty-six children, of whom forty survive.

A "modern Borgia" case in Minnesota turned out to be an "over-dose" of whiskey.

The Rothschild family, says the *Constitutionel*, is about to celebrate the centenary of the banking house to which it owes its fortune. The firm was established at Frankfort in 1771 by Meyer-Anselm.

A woman has just been admitted to the Lunatic Asylum at Paris, who had seen a young relation shot because he would not serve under the Commune. Shortly after she had stood by whilst a young girl of her acquaintance was burnt alive in one of the houses sacrificed to Communistic zeal. Then she went mad. Her habit was to fill with water all the vessels she could get hold off, and when the gas on the staircase was lit at night, she would pour their contents down the stairs, believing the place was on fire. This soon became intolerable to persons on the lower floors, and on the authorities being communicated with, attendants from the Maison de Sante came so take her away. When they approached she jumped up shrieking. "The assassins! the assassins!" and taking a knife out of her pocket drew it across her throat, and then jumped out of the open window. By a miracle she escaped with her life, and now lies in the asylum.

SCIENTIFIC.

A Baltimore, Md., firm is engaged in manufacturing paper by a new pulping process recently devised in Prussia. This invention consists in exposing the row material, such as straw, corn leaves, etc., to the action of a weak alkail.

An English chemist has been experimenting for the purpose of ascertaining how much of various kinds of food must be eaten in order to make one pound of flesh. He comes to the conclusion that it requires 25 pounds of milk, 100 of turnips 50 of potatoes, 50 of carrots, 8 of oatmeal, 7½ of barley meal, and 3½ of beans.

Billiard balls may be coloured red by first steeping in a mordant of nitro-hydrochlorate of tin and then plunging them in a hot decoction of Brazil or cochinal; afterwards placing them in cold water. Experiments will teach the proportions which influence the shade of color. Tin mordant—Mix four ounces hydrochloric with one of nitric acid and one of water; dissolve in it, by small portions at a time, two drachms of grain.—*Manufacturer and Building.*

An English medical journal publishes a warning against the wearing of green kid gloves. It has been observed in several cases that the hands of those wearing gloves of this color soon became covered with an eruption which physicians find hard to cure, as the poison seems to enter the system. Upon analysis, it has been found that the green used for dyeing the kid contains arsenic. Though not all the green kid gloves in the market are so dyed, it is nevertheless safer to wear others of a less bright and less dangerous color.

A LIVING HEAD ON A DEAD BODY.

In Iowa resides James Anderson, aged 26. Three years ago he died from his neck downward. His head, however, is alive, and more vigorous than before the body ceased to be vital. At the age of three he was tossed several times by an angry cow. Shortly afterward, while he was eating bread and milk, a rattlesnake joined him, and when the two had finished, his snakeship made his bow and retired. At 6 years old a horse ran away with him, and made for a stable, accross the entrance of which was a bar, and his mother seized him just in time to save his life. He grew up a good gymnast, and at the time of the accident was a handsome young man.

One afternoon, at Glenwood, Iowa, he was exercising on a pole. He had on gaiters tipped with patent leather. He swung down from the pole by his feet; the leather slipped, and he fell. He struck his neck just where it joins the shoulders, was bewildered, but conscious. His body felt as though crushed to a jelly. He experienced a horrible tingling; and when the doctor came he told him not to touch him, as his body was broken to pieces. Inflammation set in, and all thought that his end was come. To the surprise of all, in a few days he began to mend.

Time hung heavily on his hands, and he resolved to learn to write with his mouth. He accomplished this, and, as he says in a letter to Mr. J. K. Nutting, he soon wrote a tolerably good mouth. He is now trying to paint, and hopes by this means to earn something for his support. He has been, and still is, tenderly cared for by his sister, herself a cripple, and speaks in the highest terms of his step-father, who, though a poor man, has shown him every kindness. His worst enemies are the flies which buzz about his face. He holds a leafy twig in his mouth however, and manages to twirl it about in a wonderful way, and drives off his tormentors. The case is without a parallel, except that of John Carter, of England, who was injured in a similar way, and who became a famous painter.

WIT AND WISDOM.

The Cap of Liberty—A mob cap.

Forced politeness—Bowing to circumstances.

The old fashioned school master's motto—Semper Hide'em.

Marriage is favorable to longevity. Few old maids get beyond thirty.

Advice, like snow, the softer it falls the longer it dwells upon, and the deeper it sinks, into the mind.

The passions, like heavy bodies down steep hills, once in motion move themselves, and know no ground but the bottom.

Some one said to Talleyrand that the Abbe Sieyes was a very profound man. "Profound!" was the reply; "yes, he is a perfect cavity."

Those people who are always "sticking on their dignity" are continually losing friends and making enemies, and fostering a spirit of unhappiness in themselves.

A mere enthusiasm for doing good, if excited by vanity and not accompanied by common sense, will seldom be very serviceable to ourselves or to others.

"How much did he leave?" enquired a gentleman of a wag, on learning the death of a wealthy citizen. "Everything," responded the wag; "he didn't take a dollar with him."

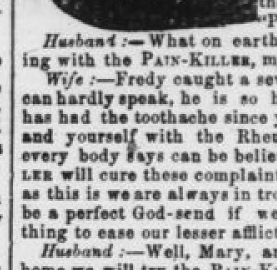
"Sambo! my massa always trabbel; yours ebber stay at home." "Dat berry true, Jim; but you know what de proverb say, "Rollin' stone gather no moss!" "No, Sambo, but it gadder polish! an' dat ere's a qualification your massa stan' very much in need ob!"

BIRTH.

In this City, on the 30th ult., the wife of William D. Le Sueur, of a daughter.

MARRIED.

At Christchurch, on the 31st ult., by the Rev. J. S. Lauder, M.A., Robert Paterson, of Guelph, Merchant, to Wilhelmina, youngest daughter of William Cousens, Esq., of this city.



Wife to Husband.—Charles, I wish when you are in the village to-day that you would step into the Druggist's and buy a bottle of THE PAIN-KILLER. Be sure and get the genuine made by "Perry Davis & Son."

Husband:—What on earth do you intend doing with the PAIN-KILLER, my dear?

Wife:—Fredy caught a severe cold last night, can hardly speak, he is so hoarse, and George has had the toothache since yesterday morning, and yourself with the Rheumatism. If what every body says can be believed, the PAIN-KILLER will cure these complaints and such a house as this is we are always in trouble, and it would be a perfect God-send if we could find something to ease our lesser afflictions.

Husband:—Well, Mary, anything for a quiet home we will try the PAIN-KILLER.

(*To be continued.*)

The PAIN-KILLER is an internal and external remedy for pain. For internal pain, Cramps, Spasms, Sudden Colds and Bowel difficulties, a few drops in water will give immediate relief. As a liniment it is without an equal; it stops pain almost instantly. Be sure and get the genuine made by Perry Davis & Son and sold by all Druggists and Grocers.

PHOSPHATES are Nature's great fertilizers and restoratives. They are equally essential to the growth of the ANIMAL and VEGETABLE KINGDOMS. Under their use grass, herbs, fruit tree, bone, muscle and sinew, attain a full and complete development. Every intelligent farmer employs them to fructify the soil, and every scientific physician prescribes them to energize and vitalize the human system. Of these valuable medicinal agents the most elegant and agreeable is DR. WHEELER'S COMPOUND ELIXER OF PHOSPHATES and CALISAYA. By taking it for a few weeks, Chronic Wasting Diseases, of a Scrofulous, Consumptive, or Venereal character rapidly improve, the whole constitution becoming renovated and purified, and all the organs restored to a vigorous vitality.

It is a delightful cordial to take. Its effect is immediate, and its curative action not weakened by protracted use.

Sold by all druggists.

EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
1731tf General Agents

GREAT

DRY GOODS SALE.

Allan, McKinnon's & McMoran,

Have determined to clear out the FALL and WINTER GOODS purchased at a heavy discount from Messrs GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO, and with that view will bring forward the whole stock, including several large lots of

NEW GOODS

purchased far below Market value, and offer the whole at prices that must induce good judges of goods to buy largely.

The sale will commence on

Monday, 4th Sept'r.,

And continue one month.

As many of the cheapest lines will be sold quickly, intending purchasers will do well to call early and secure a choice.

1,000 YDS. JAPANESE SILKS,

At 50 cents per yard.

ONE CASE OF VELVET RIBBONS, damaged by fresh water, will be offered at less than half price.

2 Bales of GREY COTTONS, in short pieces, at from one to two cents below usual prices.

To be reduced one third in prices—a large quantity of

MILLINERY, MANTLES and MANTLE CLOTHS,

A line of Velveteen Jackets, reduced to $1.50 each. Waterproof Mantles at from $2:50 to $5.

DRESS GOODS, in a variety of fabrics, reduced below cost.

PRINTS—A line formerly sold at 12½ cents will be cleared out at 9 cents per yard.

A large lot of Gloves and Hosiery will be marked down far below cost.

A lot of best Brussels Carpets will be sold at $1.25 per yard.

ALLAN, McKINNON'S & McMORRAN,
Successors to Garland, Mutchmor & Co.
No. 20, Sparks Street.

LOST.

On THURSDAY, near the Market, a SILVER WATCH. Finder will be rewarded on returning the same to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher. 1758 2

AGENTS WANTED

To sell the "PRINCESS LOUISE CHART," for fitting dresses and basques. Terms liberal. Apply to Miss FARNHAM, Russell House, Ottawa. 1746 a

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY,

For SALE by PRIVATE CONTRACT, being part of Lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, and Lots Nos. 6 7, 8, and 9, in one block, equal to about three quarters of an acre, situated on the west side of the Canal (Ordnance reserve). There is an excellent Brick House on the property, well finished, with outbuildings, &c. The property can be divided into lots or used as a garden, the soil being of the very best. A clear title can be given.

For any further information apply to

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, August 1st, 1871. 1732tf

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES!

On the Line of the
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of
12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.
Omaha, Neb.

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Third Annual Exhibition under the auspices of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society will take place on

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.

SEPTEMBER 20TH, 21ST AND 22ND, 1871.

On the Society's Grounds adjoining the limits.

COMPETITION OPEN TO THE WORLD!

Nearly $3,000 is offered in Premiums

For Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, Agricultural and Horticultural Productions, Manufactures, Domestic Products, &c.

All parties may compete for prizes on payment of Two Dollars; Ladies on payment of One Dollar.

ENTRIES.

All entries must be made on printed forms, which may be had from the Secretary. These forms are to be filled up and signed by the Exhibitor, enclosing Two Dollars, which amount will entitle the Exhibitor to compete in all the departments.

The entries in each department must be made as follows:—

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before the 10th of SEPTEMBER.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery, and Manufactures generally SEPTEMBER 15th.

Horticultural Products, Flowers, Ladies' Work, &c., SEPTEMBER 18th.

The Society will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railroad Proprietors for carrying articles and passengers at reduced rates.

Arrangements will be made with the Customs Department for the free entry of articles for competition.

J B LEWIS,
President.
A S WOODBURN,
Sec. Treas.

Ottawa August 22 1749t

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY will be held at OTTAWA on the fourth day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon the accepting of a lease from the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company of that section of their Railway lying between Carleton Place and Sand Point, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the BROCKVILLE and OTTAWA RAILWAY will be held at BROCKVILLE on the 3rd day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon a lease of the section of the said Railway lying between CARLETON PLACE and SAND POINT to the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, and of authorising the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VINEGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building.

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

ENGLISH WEEKLY NEWSPAPERS AND MONTHLY MAGAZINES.

LLOYD'S WEEKLY LONDON NEWS, Weekly Times, Reynolds', Weekly Dispatch,—the latest editions,—5 cents. Subscription (post free to any part of the Dominion)—yearly, $2.50; six months, $1.25.

Illustrated London News, Graphic, Bell's Life, News of the World, Punch, Fun, Judy, &c., &c.

THE TORONTO GLOBE delivered at 10 cents per week.

C. E. HUCKETT & CO.
69, Sparks Street.

August 29. 1755 1m

LOCAL NEWS.

The nights are becoming quite cold—a foretaste of Jack Frost.

The market was very well attended yesterday, but changes in prices were few. Flour has risen 25 cents on the barrel.

A NUISANCE.—Could not the rubbish on Sparks street, opposite the new brick buildings be removed.

Great Sale of Dry Goods. Large reductions in price, to begin on Monday, 4th September. Allans, M'Kinnons & M'Morran, 20 Sparks street.

A lot of Brussels carpets, best quality at $1 25 per yard. Allans, M'Kinnons & M'Morran, 20 Sparks street.

LILLA & ZOE.—The Lilla & Zoe combination gave a poor performance in the Music Hall last night, to a pretty good audience.

BURGLARY.—A burglar entered a small shop kept by Wm. Payne, on Dalhousie street early yesterday morning and carried away a couple of dollars in cash and some trifles in goods.

CRICKET.—Eleven members of the Ottawa Cricket Club proceed to Carleton Place this morning, to play the club of that place. They leave by the C. C. train at 10 a.m.

HORSE STOLEN.—Some party unknown took a horse from Ald. Mosgrove's stables on Thursday night, and drove away, it is not known where. There are strong suspicions however, as to the party, and it is thought the thief will be caught.

SUNDAY SCHOOL PIC-NIC.—We understand that great preparations are being made to make the pic nic of the Church of England Sunday Schools a most pleasant affair today in McKay's woods, New Edinburgh. There will be games of all sorts and other amusements. We wish the children, teachers and friends a happy day together.

POLICE COURT.—FRIDAY.—Gilbert Cardinal was charged with selling liquor without license, but as the witnesses did not appear the case was adjourned until Wednesday.

Charles Gravel, charged with a similar offence did not apper in Court, and a warrant for his arrest.

PERSONAL.—Alderman Mosgrove, who was out of town on professional business, returned yesterday, and no doubt he will have his long looked for Water Works report ready to submit to the Council at its meeting on Monday night.

ARRESTED.—Last evening a mischievous individual gratified his passion by snatching a paper from a newsboy on Sparks street and tearing it to pieces. The little boy's father happened to be close by but the latter failing to elicit a satisfactory explanation from the perpetrator of the wanton act went for a constable and had him arrested. He will probably be mulcted of the price of several more papers at the Police Court this morning.

PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.—The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals held a meeting in the Mechanics Institute yesterday afternoon and transacted some business of small public importance. The following gentlemen are the officers of the Society:

President, His Worship the Mayor, John Rochester, jun., Esq., Vice-Presidents; J. M. Currier, Esq., M. P.; J. A. Gray, Esq., M. D., M. P., Allan Gilmour, Esq., Joseph Aumond, Esq., and the Hon. James Skead; Secretary-Treasurer, H. J. McLardy, Esq.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—C A Danserau, Montreal; Z T Slater, do; A U Hood, do; Rev G Jemmet, Hamilton; John M Inglis, Toronto; Mr Cockburn, Cobourg; Alex Rae, do; W McDougall, Toronto; T W Molesworth, do; C S Clarke, Portland; Rev T C DesBarres, Amherstburg; James Perryman, Montreal; John Bryson, Mansfield; Alex Gowdey, Montreal; N P Leach, do; W Robertson, Montreal; J G Macdonald, Hartford, Conn; U W Waddell, Glasgow; Ed Scott, Montreal.

PAID AT SIGHT IN BLACK AND WHITE.—A well known sportsman of respectable connections, and whose ambition is to sink as low as he can in the estimation of his friends, burst out into one of his periodical pugilistic fits in a certain saloon a few nights back, and in an ecstacy of unbridled conceit, challenged every person about him to fight. No one among those present felt inclined to run the risk of getting a beating for nothing, but the Hector finally obliged a young man against whom he said he had an account, to fight. A few minutes sufficed to settle the said account, the young man paying his antagonist at sight in white and black.

OPENING OF CLASSES.—With pleasure we learn that the educational establishment for young ladies conducted by the Revd. Sisters of the Congregation of Notre Dame will reopen on the 4th inst., for day pupils and on the 7th for the young lady boarders. The efficiency of this community in imparting a finished education to lady pupils scarcely needs this graceful tribute or even a verbal comment since it is only one of the many instances in which the public testimony is appealed to as witness of what these refined and learned ladies alone have the secret of proving to demonstration and which they know so well how to do without other ostentation or adver tisement than their own devotion to the work entrusted to them.

FOSTER'S BATHING HOUSE.—About a month ago Mr. Foster was notified to remove his Bathing House from the foot of the locks and to anchor it in some other part of river. The house was then and during the the next two weeks so hemmed in with timber that it was impossible for him to remove, but he immediately set about finding a convenient and suitable place to anchor it. After sounding for several days he concluded to take it to the Western side of the Queen's Wharf, but the owner of the brewery in that locality raised such decided objections to having a Bathing House there that Mr. Foster was finally obliged to content himself with the liberty of mooring his craft below the Wharf. The water for the Parliament and Departmental Buildings comes from near the foot of the locks, and hence the objection to tolerating the Bathing House in the locality, though we have no doubt there will be as many and perhaps a greater number of persons bathe there when Mr. Foster has sailed for other parts. The brewer based his objections on similar grounds.

The "quartette of cowards" is the appropriate heading to an editorial article in yesterday's Toronto *Telegraph* on the disgraceful drawback of the St. John crew.

CIVIL SERVICE RIFLE COMPANY.

The annual match of the Civil Service Company takes place to day on the Rideau Rifle Range. Firing commences at 1.30. The Ranges are to be 200, 500 and 600 yards. Five shots at each. No sighting shots. Intending competitors will enter their names with Lieut. Weatherly, at his office, Western Block, not later than 11.30 a.m. The following is a list of prizes:

1st.—A Silver Medal.
2nd.—A Silver Plated Cup. This prize open also to Capt, De Boucherville, O. B. G. A., late a Member of the Corps, and to be considered as won by him should he succeed in making the best or second best score in the Match.
3rd.—A Silver Plated Cup.
4th.—Card Basket. (Papier Mache.)
5th.—Inkstand do
6th.—Fishing Basket.
7th.—Merschaum Pipe.
8th.—Mr. Edmonde's Prize.
9th.—Beer Mug.
10th.—Briar-Root Pipe.

SPECIAL PRIZES.

Highest score at 200 yards, Mr. J. Thompson's prize (Case of Claret.)
Highest score at 500 yards, Capt. Mowatts' prize.
Highest score at 500 yards, Mr. W. A. Allan's prize, (Silver Plated Cup.)

NEW ZEALAND.

Afar in the South Pacific—south eastward of Australia—lie two large, a smaller and several insignificant islands, discovered by Tasman in 1642, and named New Zealand, after a Province of Holland. The famous English discoverer, Captain Cook, visited them over a century later, and made the first survey of their coasts in 1770. New Zealand now constitutes a British colony, and may be regarded as the antipodes of Great Britain, Ireland, and their surrounding islets, about equal to them in area, (95,000 square miles) and with a very similar climate. But New Zealand is of volcanic origin, and is studded with mountains, the highest, 14,000 feet high, snow-crowned, like several others, while one active volcano is 6,000 feet high. Perhaps there is no other portion of the earth's surface at present thinly inhabited which is more inviting to immigrants than New Zealand. Its climate is mild and equable; its soil fertile and easily worked; its extensive coast line thickly studded with admirable harbors; it is in good part covered with excellent timber; it has vast plains and slopes made verdant with succulent grasses, whereon cattle and sheep thrive without cured food or any shelter but such as the never leafless woods afford; it has plenty of excellent coal, and its mountains yield gold in considerable quantities. Wheat, barley, oats, and potatoes, grow luxuriantly; but the chief wealth of her farmers is found in their flocks and herds: Wool, timber, gold dust, and ores, being their principal exports. The settlers are mainly British, and generally persons of superior intelligence and enterprise. They are rapidly increasing in numbers, production, and wealth. Their annual wool-clip is estimated at ten millions of pounds.

RED RIVER SCENERY.

Writing from Chicago Bayard Taylor says:—We all found the scenery of Red River much more beautiful on our return. Something was perhaps owing to the circumstance that the Selkirk drew only 18 inches, while the river had risen three or four inches from rains, and we escaped the vexatious delays of the downward trip; but there was also a marked difference in the effect of heading *towards*, instead of *from*, the sun. The wealth of foliage along the winding banks was broken by the most charming interruptions of shadow, and gave us a seccession of simple, quiet, yet constantly changing pictures. The heat was still great during the day, but every evening on the hurricane deck seemed like a fresh idyl of the wilderness, so pure and perfect were the tints of the sky, so glassy the reaches of the river. Once or twice we had some electrical effects which were astonishing. The lightning had a wild freedom of action, as if released from all local attraction, and simply deporting itself in space. First, there would come a broad red flash, filling all the sky, then, a dozen streams of fire would dart in all directions, sometimes rushing upward from the earth and seeming to explode lik a rocket, sometimes wriggling like so many frightened snakes, or whirled horizontally like a whip-lash. At times the air was apparently filled with these rollicking streaks, which came from no overcharged cloud, but formed themselves everywhere. It is singular that the cultivation of the earth should, to such an extent, tame and regulate these tremendous forces.

After leaving Winnepeg we had a long, bright, and beautiful day on the river. Passing the frontier during the second night, we reached Pembina long before dawn.

FROM BRITISH COLUMBIA.

SWEARING IN OF LIEUT.-GOVERNOR TRUTCH.

The Victoria *Standard* of August 15th, contains the following:—

The swearing in of Mr. Trutch as the first Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of British Bolumbia, took place yesterday, at the Court House, James' Bay, by Chief Justice Begbie. The Governor, accompanied by his Private Secretary and the officials, entered the Court House at one o'clock, which was crowded with our most influential citizens and several ladies. Mr. Trutch and the Chief Justice took their places on the bench, when Mr. Trutch handed to Mr. Begbie his commission from Canada, authorizing him to administer the oaths as Lieutenant-Governor of this Province, which was handed to the Registrar of the Court and read. Mr. Trutch then handed to the Chief Justice his commission under the great seal of Canada, signed by Baron Lisgar, appointing him Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of British Columbia, which was read by the Chief Justice. The oaths of office were then administered by Mr. Begbie, who afterwards shook Mr. Trutch by the hand and congratulated him on his appointment, and wished him much success in the administration of the Government of the Province. The Lieutenant Governor then retired. On leaving the building three hearty cheers were given him.

NEW POSTAL ARRANGEMENTS.

The arrival of Mr. Gilbert Griffin from Canada, which was mentioned in yesterday's *Standard*, will be hailed with much satisfaction by the people of the Province, as it will lead to a reduction of the postal rates, so as to be on a par with the rates of the Dominion post office. Mr. Griffin is a Dominion Inspector of Post offices for the western division of the country—from Hamilton westwards to Detroit. He has with him the stamps to be used, together with authority to initiate in the Province the postal law and arrangements of the Dominion of Canada. Letter postage to Canada, for instance, will be three cents instead of 15 cents as heretofore. Mr. Griffin is brother of Mr. Griffin, formerly of the H. B. Co.'s service, San Juan Island. He will probably remain in the country several weeks.

GENTLEMEN,—Have your Shirts made to fit and as you want them at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans.

THE APPROACHING EXTENSIVE SALE of INDIA RUBBER SHOES for the QUEBEC RUBBER COMPANY.

A report having been industriously spread that the above Sale, advertised by us to be held on WEDNESDAY, the 6th SEPTEMBER, would not take place, we beg to notify dealers and the public that the SALE WILL POSITIVELY TAKE PLACE on the day named, according to advertisement, and that the Goods will be warranted to be equal to any ever sold in Canada or elsewhere.

By order,
JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Montreal, August 24, 1871. 1752 t48

SUCCEEDING TO THE BUSINESS OF MAGEE & RUSSELL.

The Undersigned, in succeeding to the business of the above named Firm, would say that the balance of the Stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Carried over by them, will now be offered by us, at prices that cannot but attract the attention of

CLOSEST BUYERS.

In order that we may have time to get the stuff forward and reduced,

THE SALE

Will not begin before

Monday, the 4th September.

Having therefore decided that all Goods of this Season MUST BE SOLD, we have reduced to them to such prices as must soon effect it.
We therefore invite inspection of our Stock by intending purchasers.
We would call special attention to our

SILK DEPARTMENT,

As in this line we are offering decided BARGAINS in Colored, Fancy and Black Silks.

In the

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

We will offer a large lot of FRENCH MERINOS, FRENCH TWILLS, REPPS, SERGES and WINCIES.

The Goods in this Department were considered fair value at old prices, but having decided to CLEAR OUT, all of last Season's Stock have been marked down. Those requiring anything in this line will do well to give a look through the Departments.

ALL STAPLE GOODS, WHILE THE SALE CONTINUES, WILL BE OFFERED AT A SMALL ADVANCE.

☞ A large quantity of Grey and White Cottons now forward, and considered extra GOOD VALUE.

We will not quote prices, being satisfied, as we are, that purchasers must see value before paying any attention to figures.

RUSSELL & WATSON,
SUCCESSORS TO—
MAGEE & RUSSELL.

IF YOU DESIRE

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

SEND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor

ESTABLISHMENT FOR YOUNG LADIES, Wilbrod Street (between Nelson and Gloucester Streets), Sandy Hill, Ottawa.

Mrs. ROBERT STEWART returns thanks for the kind patronage she has received during her residence in Ottawa, and hopes by unwearied attention to her scholastic duties, and by their efficient discharge, to merit and receive a continuance of favor and support.

The School will be RE-OPENED on FRIDAY, the 1st of September. All the Classes are open to any who may wish to join one or more of them for the study of any special subject.

Terms very moderate. References to parents of pupils.

August 18th, 1871. 1746 tf

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.
CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.
1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA,
Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's.
E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.
1737tf

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested o settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

WANTED,
Young Ladies to learn Systematic Dress Cutting by the "PRINCESS LOUISE CHART." Terms $3. Apply to Miss FARNHAM, Russell House, Ottawa. 1746 a

DR. LOGAN,
Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.
☞ Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

A. E. GENDREAU.
HAIR DRESSING SALOON,
YORK STREET, Lower Town, next door to Mathew's Hotel,
And at No. 269 WELLINGTON STREET
Upper Town, opposite the Montreal Bank.

Mr. GENDREAU has always on hand the best French and English perfumeries.
You are respectfully requested to visit these establishments.
Ottawa, 21st August, 1871. 1747 8

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY,
WELLINGTON STREET,
CONDUCTED BY THE GREY NUNS.

The course of studies at this Institution will be resumed on Monday 4th Sept.
OTTAWA CONVENT,
Grey Nuns, Aug. 17, 1871. 1745-b

CHURCH OF ENGLAND
LADIES' SCHOOL,
300 WELNGTON STREET, OTTAWA
(Established, 1869—Incorporated, 1871.)
Lady Principal............*Miss Machim.*

This School will re-open SEPT. 1st.
New Prospectuses can be obtained of Durie & Son and Hope & Co.
Further particulars on application to the Lady Principal, or
REV B POLLARD,
1743o Secretary, Ottawa.

THE Rev. C. F. STREET informs his friends and the public that he will open his Classical and Commercial SCHOOL on MONDAY, 28th AUGUST, in the School Room lately occupied by the Rev. Mr. May.
For particulars, apply to Mrs. Kendall, Taylor's Block, corner of Nelson and Daly streets. 1741tf

MR. E. H. HARINGTON, B.A., Oxford University,
Begs to inform his Friends and the Public, that he will OPEN his PRIVATE SCHOOL on MONDAY, the 4th September. School-room, corner of Bank and Albert Streets. For further particulars, apply to Mr. E. H. HARINGTON, Russell House.
N.B.—Private pupils can be taken in the evenings.
August 24, 1871. 1751 8

ACADEMY OF THE GREY NUNS,
AYLMER.

The Classes of this Academy will OPEN on the 1st SEPTEMBER next. The building is new and spacious, and is situate near the banks of the Ottawa river.
Aylmer, 16th August, 1871. 1744td

SELECT
BOARDING AND DAY ACADEMY FOR BOYS.
(CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL.)

Principal — REV. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

Careful instruction will be given in Latin and Greek Studies, in French and German Languages, in Mathematics, in certain branches of Science and Art, and in all the common branches of an English education.
The Academy will be OPENED on the 7th SEPTEMBER next.
For further particulars, please address the Rev. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.
August 25. 1752 1

A MARRIED WOMAN (English) wishes to obtain a small Family's WASHING. AD. C., care of John Bobier, Ottawa.

ICE!

IC !!

IC !!!

Terms for supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY
FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season..		$5 00
20lbs " " ..		9 00
10lbs	month	1 50
20lbs	"	2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance. ☜

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N B.—Ice sup [illegible] r ton or cwt.
Ottawa April [illegible] 871.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE
HARDWARE!!!
SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES,
And other Harvesting Implements
AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,
No. 24 Rideau street.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red River solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.
All ground ready for use.
Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent,
Scythe Stones, &c.. &c.
Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarrie:
Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.
Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION
OF THE
AGRICULTURAL & ARTS ASSOCIATION
OF ONTARIO,
To be held at Kingston,
On the 25th to 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Persons intending to exhibit will please take notice that the Entries of articles in the respective classes must be made with the Secretary, at Toronto, on or before the undermentioned dates, viz:
Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before Saturday, August 26th.
Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery and Manufactures generally, on or before Saturday, September 2nd.
Horticultural Products, Ladies' Work, the Fine Arts, &c., on or before Saturday, September 16th.
Prize Lists and Blank Forms for making the entries upon, can be obtained of the Secretaries of all Agricultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes throughout the Province.
HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec'y Agricultural and Arts Association
Toronto, August 15, 1871. 1745-d&w

AN EXPERIENCED ACCOUNTANT
Having a few hours daily to spare, is desirous of obtaining a Set of Books to keep. Good references. Terms moderate. Address E. T. P., Times Office. 1746 a

YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY.
"CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME," a Branch of the Villa Maria Establishment, corner of Wellington and O'Connor streets.

This Establishment RE-OPENS its Classes on the 7th SEPTEMBER. The Course of Instruction comprises every branch suitable to the education of young ladies. Special attention is given to the cultivation of politeness and lady-like deportment. A select day school is attached to the establishment, where in day scholars can have dinner at an extra charge of $2 per month. For particulars and prospectus, apply to the Lady Superior.
Ottawa, 30th Aug., 1871. 1756td

BOARD WANTED.
In a Private Family, by a Gentleman. Six o'clock dinner preferred. Address X. Y. Z., P. O. Box, 285. 1754

TEMPORARY PREMISES,
34 Sparks-street.

LAST WEEK OF BARGAINS.

CARPETS!
CARPETS!
CARPETS

T. Hunton, Shoolbred & Co.

Are now selling their Immense Stock of

BRUSSELS—Best 5 frame—at $1.50.

TAPESTRY—New Patterns—at 90 cents.

2 PLY AXMINSTER, at $1 00.

And Rugs, Mats, &c., in proportion.

FOR BARGAINS EXAMINE

POSITIVELY LAST WEEK
FOR REDUCTIONS!

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,
PORTER'S BLOCK,
34 SPARKS STREET,
Ottawa, August 22, 1871.

BUSINESS CHANGE.

We, the undersigned, in relinquishing the Retail branch of our business, beg to return thanks to the public of Ottawa and vicinity for the very liberal support accorded to us during the past eight years, and to announce that we have

DISPOSED OF OUR STOCK,

And leased the premises,

29 Sparks Street,

TO

MESSRS.

ALEXANDER RUSSELL,
(Late of Blyth & Russell, Ottawa,)
AND
ROBERT WATSON,
(Of Watson & Hayes, Almonte,)

Who will continue the business under the name and style of

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Both of these gentlemen were formerly in our employ, and being possessed of ample means and long experience we have great pleasure in recommending them to the confidence and patronage of all our friends and customers.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, August, 1871.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE
RUSSELL & WATSON
Have pleasure in announcing that they have purchased the
Entire Stock in Trade,
AND
GOOD WILL
OF THE
RETAIL BUSINESS
Lately conducted by Messrs.
Magee & Russell,

And leased their premises, 29 Sparks Street, for a term of years.

And hope by keeping only the best qualities of goods, and adopting a uniform and

Moderate Scale of Profits,

By anticipating the wants of the public and a strict attention to business to merit and retain the patronage so liberally bestowed upon their predecessors.

And we beg to assure the old patrons of the establishment that no efforts will be spared in maintaining the leading position to which it had attained.
ALEX. RUSSELL. ROB'T. WATSON.
Ottawa, August 1871.

Peaches!
Peaches!
Peaches!

Pears!
Pears!
Pears!

Apples!
Apples!
Apples!

And all other Kinds of Fruit

at the Fruit Depots of

G. LORENZ,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

—AND—

NO. 56 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Groceries, &c:

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's,
No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—
The best old brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

GIN—
J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—
[illegible] Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—
Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
Best Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

☞ Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.
Ottawa, May 2, 1871

FRED. T. PALMER,
Commission and Lumbermen's Agent, Rideau Street, (entrance O'Meara's Gateway.)
Particular attention will be given to hiring men, teams, &c., and all transactions with the Crown Land and Timber Office.
REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:
R Nagle, Esq, Allan Grant, Esq, | Wm Mackay, Esq, E McGillivray, Esq.
Ottawa, Sept 1, 1871. 1746tf

FOR CHEAP READING,
GO TO
HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,
No. 38 Rideau Street.
The Latest Novels Always on Hand.
☞ Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged.
Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

NOTICE.
The Annual Meeting of the Shareholders in the British American Bank Note Company will be held at their office, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the FIFTH day of SEPTEMBER next.
HENRY EARLE,
Sec'y. Treas.
Ottawa, 21st August, 1871. 1748 5

TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.
The Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy will, at a Session to be held in the Hall of the said Township on SATURDAY, the 9th day of SEPTEMBER next, pass a By-law to establish the road as now laid out, between Lots Nos. 5 and 6, in the Third Concession of the said Township.
W. P. TAYLOR,
Township Clerk.
Fitzroy, 28th August, 1871. 36 4

COUNTY OF CARLETON
AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.
The Annual Exhibition will take place on
WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,
5th and 6th October,
at Bell's Corners, Nepean.
All SUBSCRIPTIONS should be paid before 1st September.
ENTRIES to be made before 3rd October.
PRIZE LISTS now ready and may be had from the Secretary at Ottawa, or at the different hotels, Bell's Corners.
A S WOODBURN,
35 8 Secy.-Treas.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS
—IN—
TEAS AND WINES,
8 HOSPITAL STREET
MONTREAL.

VERILY IT HATH NO EQUAL.
CONSUMPTIVES READ!
Would you cure that distressing Cough and bring back that healthy vigor till lately planted in your cheek? If you would, do not delay for, ere you are aware, it will be too late.
Allen's Lung Balsam is your hope; it has been tried by thousands such as you who have been cured, many in their gratitude have lent their names to us that suffering humanity can read their evidence and believe. Don't experiment with new and untried mixtures, you cannot afford it, but try at once this invaluable article, it can be found in any Drug Store and at most general stores. It is warranted to break up the most troublesome Cough in a few hours if not of too long standing It is warrented to give entire satisfaction in all cases of Lung and Throat difficulties.

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company,

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Picton, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Picton, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Picton, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Picton, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

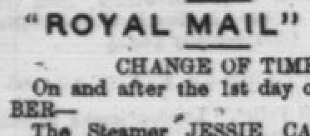
The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B. thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Picton with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Picton, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

MERRICK & CROMBIE.
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 29, 1871 2679tf



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the 1st day of SEPTEMBER—

The Steamer JESSIE CASSELS will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 7.30 a.m., connecting with Steamers of the Line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

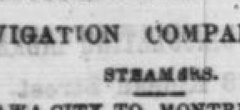
The Steamer PONTIAC leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted), at 1 p.m., for Des Joachim; returning—leaving at 6 a.m., connecting with Steamer JASON GOULD, which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 p.m., passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The Steamer PRINCE ARTHUR leaves Portage du Fort at 7 a.m., connecting with Steamer JESSIE CASSELS for Aylmer.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip, at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 9 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, August 28th, 1871.

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER
NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL
STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"
CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

MR E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B — Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1736tf

FOR SALE.

All that Property in Gloucester, between the Rideau River and the Railway adjoining Cummings Bridge, in Lots to suit purchasers. Regarding the River front, particulars can be had from J B LEWIS, Esq, Barrister Ottawa.

For particulars, apply to
DONALD McARTHUR or
JOHN A McARTHUR,
Gloucester.

Gloucester 2nd August, 1871. 1733 4

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

BREAKFAST — EPPS'S COCOA — GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.— The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks,—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well select d cocoa. Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tinline packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopothic Chemists, London. d1509 1y

SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY,

—AND—

AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD,
Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE MOWER

—AND—

SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain*.

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD,
Smith's Falls,
Ontario.

June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

McGill University, Montreal,

SESSION 1871-72.

THE CLASSES in the several Faculties will open as follows:—

FACULTY OF ARTS...... September 15th.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE...... October 3rd.
FACULTY OF LAW...... October 3rd.

The Department of Practical Science, in the Faculty of Arts, including courses in Engineering, Mining, Practical Chemistry and Assaying, will be opened on the 15th September.

The Classes in the McGill Normal School will be opened on the 1st September.

In the Examinations in the Faculty of Arts, commencing September 15th, the following Scholarships and Exhibitions will be offered

First Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Second Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Third Year, 4 Scholarships, (tenable for two years), of $125 yearly.

The Calendar containing details of all the above courses of Study may be had on application, post paid to the undersigned.

W. C. BAYNES,
Secretary.

May 31, 1871 1689 2awk 2m

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gassfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

E. A. GENDREAU,

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

WELLINGTON STREET,

OPPOSITE THE MONTREAL BANK.

MR. GENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR.

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department,

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. GENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOOING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.

Ottawa, May 24, 1871

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to

MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.
Ottawa, May 19, 1871 1659tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonising pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause, Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.
"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D, F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies.

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantrl, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awky

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa P. O., July 31st, 1871.

Adams Thos	Martin Miss
Attrell Miss B	May Mrs Jane
Barry Miss E	Madden Miss Eliza
Barwick John	Martin Miss Delia
Baggs John	Martin Frs
Bellot Mrs A F	Manson Wm
Bell Wm	Marsellus Sarah
Bingham & Son	Martin Wm
Blue Mrs M	Mahoney Hannah
Burman Fred	Moore Jas
Cameron Miss M A	Morrow J C
Clayton C F	Munroe Jas
Clements W	Nagle Captain
Couch L E	Nichols John
Conway Geo E S	Nowlan Peter
Coleman Miss B	Otto Miss Jamima
Coburn Hugh F	Parsons Albert
Coughlin M	Palmer Fred T
Corrigan, Mrs Ed	Perlie C H
Cole Miss Maggie	Perry Frs
Cummins Mrs Ann	Pumpelly R
Dunford Jas	Rathwell Benj
Donavan Mrs Cath	Rhodes Miss
Doyle J F	Reilly Michael
Dowler Mrs John	Rivers David
Emmitt M	Reilly Mrs John
Empey Adam	Rivett Amos
Eplett R	Ross Miss A
Favely Jas F	Robinson John
Fairweather Jos S	Rogers Henry
Fitswilliam Frank	Ross Jos
Fitzgerald Thos	Robinson W
Fisher George	Scarf Robert
Fletcher Miss Mary	Shaw Miss E M
Fowler Samuel	Sharp Thos
Frizell Hy	Smith Chas T
Frith Miss L	Smith Alex
Gaze M	Smith W
Gaudry Wm	Smith Thos
Glenn Alex	Story Chas
Goemley Patrick	Stewart Miss J
Gordon John	Tinney John
Gorman Miss Jane	Wallace Geo
Greer Thos	Walsh J W
Grant J P	Walker Lieut T
Hackland Mrs J	Wait Wm
Hallida Y F	Watt Willie
Harbottle Capt	Waldon Emily
Hayes Wm	Walters John
Hewson John	Weir John
Hewlett Thos	Welsh Mrs M
Hewsan John	West David
Hewson Miss Mary	White George
Hickey J	Wood H O
Hiel Mrs Ellen W	Wood D R
Hillingdon H B	Woods Miss A M
Hunter G	McBryde Jas
Jammy Robt	McCaw John
Johnston Miss Mary	McCardle Wm
Johnson W H	McCabe Pat
Johnson J T	McCarney Miss A
Kettles Miss M	McDonald J D R
Kennedy Robert	McDiarmid Robt
Kerr Cath	McDempsey M
King Chas	McDonald Alex
King Geo	McGee John
King P B	McKay Jas
Lovick W	McLaughlin Wm
Logne C	McRae F W
Mackie Chas	McPherson John
Martin Geo P	McCuan Wm

142 names

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

The undersigned being about to visit England, offers the following properties for sale:

A large Brick Dwelling situate on Besserer and Chapel Streets, with Coach House, Stables, &c.

12 Cottages on Augusta street, producing a clear rental of $760 per annum.

ALSO,

100 Acres of Land at L'Orignal, being south half of Lot No. 15, fourth Concession of Caledonia.

Terms to suit the purchaser.

1310d JAS G ROBINSON.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M	CLOSE P.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
......	12 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	......	4.20
......	12 45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	......	4.20
......	......	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8,00	......	6,00
......	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	......	6.00
10.15	12.45	9.00	United States, *via* Ogdensburg	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	12.45	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	North Gower, *Kars*, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	......	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c.	......	......	4.20
9 20	2.00	......	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	3.00
9 20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	......	......	3.00
0:30 1	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage. Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	8.00	11.00	7.00
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c.	......	......	700
10.00	......	......	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	......	......
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	......	......	6.00
11.50	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	......	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via NewYork close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P.M. in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

Post Office,
Ottawa, June 7, 1871.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs. Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Furs, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866. besides numerous Testimonials. *Agents for Ottawa*—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until Noon of WEDNESDAY, the Sixth day of September next, for the widening of Sappers' Bridge and the construction of a new Bridge over the Rideau Canal to connect Wellington and Rideau Streets, according to the Engineer's plans and specifications, which may be seen at this office after the twentieth instant.

The bridges are to be constructed of iron and stone in a permanent manner, and may be let in one or more contracts as the City Council may decide after receiving the Tenders. The work is to be proceeded with at once, and good security will be required for the due performance of the contracts.

No tenders will be entertained unless made in the prescribed form. They are to be addressed to the undersigned, endorsed, "Tender for Bridges," and contain the names and addresses of two persons who are willing to become security for the contractor.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa 19th July, 1871.
1721td

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET,

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel.

Strict attention to business.
Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1390

COW LOST.

Strayed yesterday, from Sussex street, a White and Red colored Cow, with crooked horns. Any person finding the same will please give information to Messrs McDonnel & Mongenis, Wholesale Grocers, No. 66 Sussex street, when they will be rewarded.

Aug 5. 1736tf

HAVE YOU A COLD?
HAVE YOU A COUGH?
HAVE YOU BRONCHITIS?
HAVE YOU THE ASTHMA?
HAVE YOU ANY LUNG DIFFICULTY OR WEAKNESS IN YOUR THROAT?

Read the following:

Mrs. Amy Kennedy, of Painsville, Ohio, says—"I have suffered with Asthma 24 years; have been doctored by many physicians. As soon as I took the Balsam it relieved me. I cannot express the gratitude I feel for the benefit your Allen's Lung Balsam has been to me."

Dr. Harris, of Middlebury, Vt., says—"I had been troubled with Bronchitis for two years so affecting the organs of speech that I could not speak aloud for six weeks. I had with it a severe cough and cold night sweats. I took two bottles of Allen's Lung Balsam, and am entirely cured."

Capt. Foster, of Port Burwell, Ont., says—"I have been troubled with a cough, at times very severe, for years past. I have found Allen's Lung Balsam to relieve my cough more readily than any other cough medicine I have ever tried. My wife also used it with the most satisfactory results."

The Balsam is sold by all Druggists. Price $1 per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
GENERAL AGENTS,
Providence and Montreal.

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

FOR SALE.

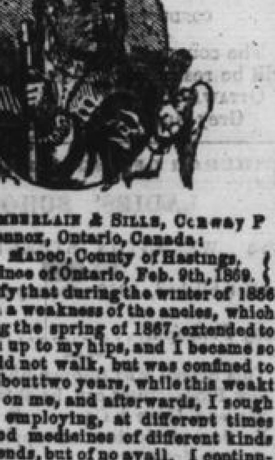
BRAE SIDE STEAM SAW MILL,

Situated near Arnprior, Province of Ontario, and extensive Timber Limits on the River Coulonge, Province of Quebec.

The Mill has just been completed, and is most substantially built and fitted with the most improved Machinery, and can manufacture 140,000 feet of lumber per day. It has an extensive piling ground attached to it. Being placed where the Brockville Railway runs beside the Ottawa River, the lumber manufactured by it may be sent direct to the United States market. The limits comprise about 280 square miles of valuable Pine Timber country, with two extensive and productive Farms, and having commodious Dwelling Houses, Storehouses and Stables erected on them. They are also supplied with a large stock of provisions, horse feed and shanty plant for next season's operations

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be had by applying to J. B. Lewis, Esq, Barrister, Ottawa, or from Mr. George Purvis, at the offices of the Mill.

Ottawa, July 28, 1871. 1729 d&w4 1awk



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees *Remedy*; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

F WOOD, J P.

Warden county of Hastings Province of Ontario. D I Canada.

SEEDS! SEEDS

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

☞ FLOWER SEEDS. ☜

A. CHRISTIE & CO.

(Late Alex. Christie.)

Druggists,

Ottawa April 28, 1871 40, Sparks-st

Medical

MESSRS GABRIEL'S
CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING
THE
TEETH & GUMS
AND
PREVENTING TOOTHACHE
ARE SOLD
BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS
IN ALL
PARTS OF THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY
MESSRS GABRIEL.
DENTISTS
LUDGATE HILL. LONDON E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	"SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.
MESSRS GABRIEL'S	ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

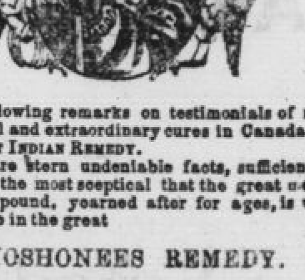
MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa,

May 1 1871

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was here ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.1y

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1532tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

WANTED,

A good Carriage and Sleigh Maker, and Blacksmith, at Kinburn, Township of Fitzroy. A good business chance for both, with shop accommodations. Steady and good workmen only need apply.

ALLAN FRASER.

Kinburn 2nd August 1871. 1738M

Legal

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 4autf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

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E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Fetherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law, Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.

W MCKAY WRIGHT. 12y F C CLEMOW

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT,

NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MARCIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetrau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.

Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,

Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

G. C. RAINBOTH,

Provincial Land Surveyor and Draughtsman, commissioned for the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.

Office. Aylmer, P. Q. 1722 tf

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 749;

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,

ACCOUNTANT, ACTUARY AND AUDITOR.

Merchants' books periodically posted and balanced Balance Sheets, Partnership Accounts Accounts in Bankruptcy and Public Companies accounts accurately prepared. Complicated accounts investigated and corrected.

OFFICE—Immigrant Aid Society's offices Aumond's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb 20 1871. 1595 6m

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED,

For a few weeks, for a lady and child, within a short distance of the City. Apply at this office, addressed "W. T. U." 1723d&w tf

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1864.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelised Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

1871. ICE! 1871.

ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street.

Ottawa, May 1649d

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed.

Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

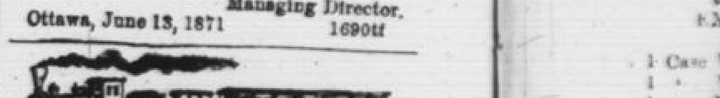
On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at	6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at	9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at	9.00 p.m
Mixed Train or Brockville, at	11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at	5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at	7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at	8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at	2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston	10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz.:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1689 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thorougly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

T. BELLEMARE.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory and Wholesale Dealer No. 67 Sussex-st.

OTTAWA.

Having made extensive alterations in my Manufactory, I am now prepared to take orders for the ensuing Spring Trade. For the best and latest styles in Gentlemen's, Ladies, Misses, and Childrens BOOTS and SHOES, which for style, durability and elegance, in appearance, defy competition.

As I have no travelling agent, I would respectfully invite dealers in my line of Trade, to give me a call and examine my Stock.

I would particularly call your attention to the very low prices for the large stock I have on hand, and those purchasing of me will find all orders filled with promptness and despatch.

Ottawa, March 4, 1871 1665 3m

DOMINION HOUSE

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 6m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.

Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

MORRISON'S

STEAM BISCUIT BAKERY

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your Orders are solicited, and will be PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO by

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,

Nos. 36 and 38 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre), Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1759. OTTAWA, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET,

That COTTAGE, the property of N. Tetrau, Esq., Notary, in the Lower Village of Hull, with a handsome flower garden, stable, wood shed, ice house, &c., with or without the necessary firewood for next winter on the place. Mr. Tetrau having arranged for his residence in the dwelling adjoining his office, consented to the leasing of the property. For further information apply to N. TETREAU, N. P., Hull, P. Q. 1746.8

NOTICE.

TO LET, a Large OFFICE and THREE BEDROOMS situated in the Aumond Block, west end Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

Apply to ... POWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Jul... 1871. 1813 tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. B...win's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.
Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Receiv

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Foriars (expected daily)
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills.

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RUCK'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings,
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

3? Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 3, 1871 1626y

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

Madoc, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain,
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.
C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co.

TANNERY,

PARK STREET, OTTAWA.

EDMOND GERMAIN, Proprietor.

All kinds of LEATHER for Sale, Whole sale, at reasonable prices.

ALSO,

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE,

Of his own manufacture, at REDUCED PRICES.

19th August, 1871. 1746tf

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, Agent,
Trust Office Ottawa

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Gooderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guarenteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Destillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU W

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 3m

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their, sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.
Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

METCALFE-ST.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Spirits, 50 over proof,
Old Rye, Malt and Family Proof Whiskeys,
Very Old Chippawa,
Eureka Rye Whiskey,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy,
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Bergundy Ports
Domecq's and Greek Sherries,
Clarets,
Sautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Finest Wine Vinegar,
Liqueurs, &c.
Bass', Guinness', Dow's, Dawes', Labatt's and Cosgrave's Ales and Porters, &c., &c.
Liberal terms.
Inspection invited.
K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building,
11 Metcalfe street.
Ottawa, July 22, 1871.

SITUATION WANTED.

To Merchants and Others.—By a Young Man, of active business habits, thoroughly acquainted with both languages, a Situation in a Store or Office, or as Traveller for an wholesale establishment. The best references given ... address, apply at this office. 1736tf

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

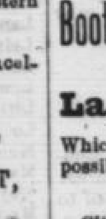
Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.



100 CASES

HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT

"THE RED BOOT,"

OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overs,

MOCCASINS,

Laces & Boot Dressing

Which will be sold at the very lowest price possible,

Wholesale and Retail.

City and country dealers will find (on giving us a call) that they can be supplied at

Montreal Prices—Freight Added.

Having received a good part of our

Fall and Winter Goods

We are prepared to EXECUTE PROMPTLY all orders.

All summer goods selling at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Orders for Hand Made Custom Work attended to promptly.

A full sett of

Messrs. Ames, Millard & Co's Samples

of BOOTS and SHOES, always on view, and orders taken at lowest prices. One of our firm will wait on the merchants of Ottawa City and District soliciting orders.

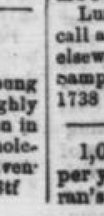
Agents for wholesaling of Wm. Clendinneng's manufacture of *Stoves, Iron-furniture, Railings, Builders* and all kinds of *Plain and Fancy Castings.*

Agents for the celebrated

Plantagenet Mineral Water.

Orders promptly attended to.

LAMB & RODDEN,
No. 28, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, July 20, 1871.



BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE, at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 88 Sussex Street, Ottawa.
1738 tNY SIMEON LEBEAU, Agent.

1,000 yards of Japanese silks at 50 cents per yard at Allan, McKinnon's & McMorran's.

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M
8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:1 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6.40 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No. 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2 4 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.00 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

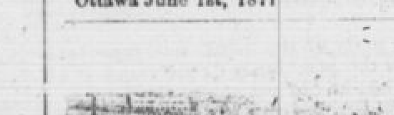
Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, taw

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott,
Ottawa June 1st, 1871



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after WEDNESDAY, JUNE ... Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1 00 p.m., and at Sand Point, at 1.30 p.m connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 10.00 a.m., and 4 30 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 2 40 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 5.4 p.m., and at Sand Point, 6 30 p.m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a.m arriving at Brockville at 1.34 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and as.

LOCAL TRAINS at 1.50 p.m., and 6.20 p.m

Arrive at Sand Point

at 3.50 p.m., 10.00 p.m., 6.15 p.m. 1.30 p.m

Leave Sand Point

At 8.30 a.m., 11.30 a.m., 3.00 a.m., 2.00 p.m

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a.m., after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment

H ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, June 6 1871

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

NESTORIAN	26th August
SCANDINAVIAN	2nd September
HIBERNIAN	9th "
MORAVIAN	15th "
SARMATIAN	23rd "
PRUSSIAN	30th "

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin	$70 to $80
Steerage	$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN, on or about	31st Aug.
OTTAWA "	7th Sept.
ST. DAVID "	14th "
ST. ANDREW "	21st "
ST. PATRICK "	28th "
Fares from Ottawa, cabin	$67 25
Intermediate	$47 or 44 00
Steerage	28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-.
Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

RARE CHANCE.

The advertiser has received instructions to offer for SALE, by TENDER, at so much in the Dollar, as per Inventory Valuation,

A WELL ASSORTED TAILOR'S STOCK,

Consisting of English Cloths, Canada Tweeds, Trimmings, &c., &c., amounting to over $4,000.

The Goods are all in first-class order, and have been well selected.

The above offers an excellent opportunity to any one about to commence business, as the goodwill can be secured.

Every information may be had by addressing Box 468, Montreal, and Stock Sheets can be seen on application to the undersigned.

Tenders will be received until the 26th instant. Parties making other than a CASH OFFER, will please name security.

C. BAILLIE,
181 St. James' Street.
Montreal, August 5th, 1871 1739t A

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons,
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Undershirts
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

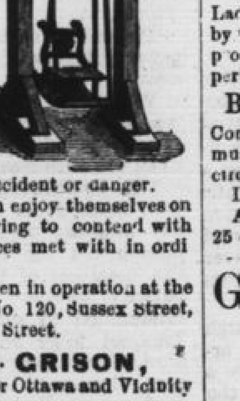
Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, April 11, 1871



THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No. 120, Sussex Street, and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,
1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

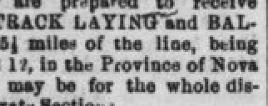
IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 3, 1871.



INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway hereby give public notice that they are prepared to receive TENDERS for TRACK LAYING and BALLASTING on 75½ miles of the line, being Sections 4, 7, and 12, in the Province of Nova Scotia. Tenders may be for the whole distance, or for separate Sections.

Specifications and forms of tender can be obtained at the Commissioners' Office, Ottawa, and at the offices of the Engineers at Truro and Amherst.

Sealed Tenders, marked "Tenders," and addressed to the Commissioners, will be received at their Office in Ottawa, up to 12 o'clock noon, on MONDAY, the 25th day of September, 1871.

Tenders will also be received at the same time and place for 300 tons of Spikes according to samples, to be seen at the above named offices.

Tenders to state price per ton of 2,240 lbs., delivered in equal quantities at Truro and Amherst Railway Stations. 50 tons to be delivered at Amherst by the 16th October, and 50 tons by the 1st November next. Balance of delivery by 1st July, 1872.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.

Intercolonial Railway Commissioners' Office,
Ottawa, 14th August, 1871.

McGILL

NORMAL SCHOOL.

The fifteenth session of this School will commence on FRIDAY, 1st SEPTEMBER 1871.

Students trained in this School are, after passing its examinations, entitled to Provincial Diplomas as Teachers.

On passing the Examination, Students not resident in Montreal will be entitled to Bursaries in aid of their Board; and, if resident more than ninety miles from Montreal, to an allowance for travelling expenses.

Tuition and use of Text Books free.

Candidates for admission will present themselves, if possible, at the Normal School, Belmont Street, Montreal, on September 1st, at 9 a.m.

MODEL SCHOOL

—OF—

McGILL NORMAL SCHOOL.

The classes re-assemble on FRIDAY, the 1st September, at 9 a.m.

Prospectuses containing full information concerning the Courses in McGill Normal School, and Forms of Admission, may be had either at the office of the undersigned, or at the School.

W C BAYNES, B A,
Secretary.
July 4, 1871. 1708.wkJ&A

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
1746b Post Office Block.

Circus and Caravan

COMING.

A Herd of Eight Elephants!

Recently added to the Exhibition, will appear in the Grand Procession in the City of Ottawa.

FULL TROOP OF BRITISH RIDERS AND ACROBATS.

THE GREATEST EXHIBITION

Ever given will come off in

OTTAWA,

SATURDAY, September 16,

Afternoon and Evening,

ONE DAY ONLY,

Howe's Great London Circus

AND

SANGER'S English Menagerie

OF TRAINED ANIMALS.

The Magnificent, Gorgeous and Costly Golden Chariot Procession, the Largest and Most Brilliant Cavalcade of the kind ever seen, with its

FIVE COLOSSAL CHARIOTS,

Drawn through the streets by teams of Zebras, Shetland Ponies, Abyssinian Donkeys and beautiful Flemish Horses.

100 *Knights in Burnished Steel Armor,*

Ladies in full Circassian Costume, attended by their Equerries, Squires, Pages, &c., in appropriate Dresses, with Banners, Flags, Superb Trappings, &c., and the full

BRITISH CORNET BAND,

Conceded by the Profession to be the best musical accompaniment ever heard in a circus.

Doors open at 1 and at 7 p.m.

Admission, 50 cents Children under ten 25 cents. 1747td

GREAT

TRADE SALE

By Auction.

TEN THOUSAND CASES

INDIA RUBBER OVERSHOES

The subscribers have received instructions from the QUEBEC RUBBER CO to close out BY AUCTION, at their agency, 19 St. Helen Street, Montreal, on WEDNESDAY, 6th SEPTEMBER, their entire remaining stock of Men's, Women's, Boys', Misses' and Children's Rubber Overshoes, Wool-lined Shoes Felt and Cloth Boots, &c, &c.

JOHN LEEMING & CO,
Auctioneers.
July 4. 1738awk6w

YOUNG LADIES SEMINARY

OF

NOTRE DAME DU SACRE CŒUR,

Rideau Street.

CONDUCTED BY THE GREY NUNS.

The usual Courses of Instruction will begin on FRIDAY, the first of September next.

The Ladies of this Institution, in announcing the opening of their classes for the coming term, would tender their grateful acknowledgments to their many friends in Canada and the United States, for the distinguished encouragement extended to them.

Ottawa, 3rd August. 1734td

THE REV. G. JEMMETT, M.A.,

WILL OPEN A

SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

ON

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 4,

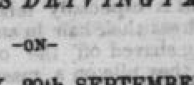
In the School Room in Mr. Skead's building Queen street, formerly occupied by Rev. J. May.

The course of instruction will comprise the usual English branches, French, Latin, Greek and Mathematics.

An Assistant required.

For further particulars, application may be ... or after ... to the Head Master.

Ottawa, August 28. 1754 td



OTTAWA TURF CLUB.

The Annual Meeting of the above Club will take place at

MUTCHMOR'S DRIVING PARK

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, 20th SEPTEMBER.

—AND

FRIDAY 22nd SEPTEMBER,

When $2,000 in Purses will be given to be run for as follows:

Lumbermen's Purse of $200.
Steward's Plate of $300.
Hotel-Keepers' Purse of $300.
Hurdle Race of $300.
Carleton Plate of $500.
Ladies' Cup of $150.
Consolation Stakes of $200.

Full particulars in large posters.

Any further information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

EDWARD C. BARBER,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Ottawa, August 10, 1871. 1747-td

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XXXII.

AT LAST.

Shall the young understand me—who have their lives before them—all before—with the broad plains of possibility stretching away in the future, bounded only by the sunlit hills of achievement? Shall the middle aged—who have grasped happiness, and, it may be, rent the gaudy-colored robe which floats around her—who have found thorns among their roses, sorrows amid their joys. Shall the old—who have seen friends depart—who have lost children—who have buried the loves of the long ago—who have learned to care more for the cozy seat by the fireside, and the daily trickle of petty gossip, and the dinner duly served, and in the stroll in the warm sunshine, than to hear of the aspirations and disappointments of those who stand where once they stood? Shall those who are the light of happy, cheerful homes, comprehend this story—or even those who are struggling to gain such homes? No. By all these this tale of "A Life's Assize," tooled by a man in his youth and prime, will be cast aside unheeded; and but for the one here and there—for the man whose ship has, like Andrew Hardell's been wrecked almost before leaving port, and for that other who sits, it may be, lonely among his fellows by reason of some secret which he has carried for years within his breast—which possibly he may carry in silence to his grave—the story might as well have been left untold—the recital of those long solitary years spared.

But, for the one or two, I will go on to to the end, believing that some heart in its desolation will answer to his heart as deep calleth unto deep.

So—preaching, praying, visiting, reading, working—time went by. If he had ... Joy, he had, at all events, schooled himself to think of her as of one passed out of his life, when suddenly there came to him news.

The Altons were back in London, and Mr. Alton had lost forty thousand pounds by the collapse of the London and Newcastle Gas Company.

It was Mr. Creaff who communicated these tidings to Andrew Hardell. Mr. Creaff, standing on a wretched November day before the fire in his office, and talking to Andrew, who sat in that gentleman's own especial arm-chair—an uncomfortable chair with arms too tight for any ordinary occupant, and a wretched cane-bottomed seat. But it was not of the chair, or the office, or Mr. Creaff, that Andrew Hardell thought as he looked at his authority and listened, while the other went on—

"Yes—of course you knew Alton when you were down at Eclin—fine place there, I am told. He never asked me to it, though. Was not above meddling in City dirt, but liked to wash his hands of it before returning to pastoral innocence, as his friend Grey used to observe.

"Did I know him?—Yes, indeed, and even took upon myself to recommend caution—for which advice I got snubbed, of course. He did not scout me yesterday, though, I can tell you. He said 'I wish, Mr. Creaff, I had listended to your warning. That villain Grey is off, and the London and Newcastle must be wound up, and I am in for forty thousand pounds.'"

"What was the London and Newcastle?" Andrew inquired, faintly; "a railway?"

"No—a gas company. It was got up by a lot of fellows—some rogues, some fools—for the purpose of supplying London with gas made at the pit's mouth. They proposed laying pipes along the railway to the metropolis, and intended ultimately, I believe, to light all England in the same manner."

"What an absurd idea!" Andrew exclaimed.

"Not at all," Mr. Creaff replied; "it was not an absurd idea, but there were practical difficulties, not the least among them being to find a market for their coke. The idea was just so good, and the prospectus so admirably drawn up, and the board of directors so unexceptionable, and the London gas so bad, and the London gas companies so independent, and their prices so exorbitant, and the metropolitan antagonism against them consequently so great, that the shares were bought up eagerly. And had Gray sold out four months ago, he and Alton might have made instead of losing their fortunes."

"Who was Grey?" inquired the curate.

"A gentleman of most unfortunate antecedents, whom it always pleased Mr. Alton to regard as a fair representative of commercial honesty. A perfect scamp—a cad—a stag—"

"I beg your pardon," said Mr. Hardell, interrupting. "A What?"

"Supposing," exclaimed Mr. Creaff, "that you saw the prospectus of some company advertised in to-day's 'Times,' and that, although you had not a penny in the world, you still sent in asking for an allotment of say fifty shares. Supposing you begged, borrowed, or stole enough money to pay the deposit on those shares—twenty five pounds, let us assume for the sake of illustration—and then, when they went up a quarter, sold them. Supposing you made this sort of thing your business—that you went into every company likely to rise even an eighth, and that at length you were fortunate, like Mr. Grey, and got a capitalist to back you, and that you and he worked together, he taking the bulk of the risk, and you a considerable portion of the profit; supposing, in fact, you were buying on nothing and selling what could not honestly be said ever to have belonged to you—you would be a 'stag.' Do you understand me?"

"I think so; but it does not appear to ... the sort of business in which I should have expected a man like Mr. Alton to engage." The curate said this hesitatingly, and Mr. Creaff noticed that hesitation.

"It is a singular fact," he answered, "that men like Mr. Alton, who despise trade and every thing and person connected with it, always, if they embark in business at all, ship themselves on board some disreputable craft, and place their characters and their property at the mercy of some worthless vagabond. It is like a man who denounces three-penny points, staking all he is worth on *rouge et noir*, or like those clergymen who most rigorously denounce popery at home, attending service at every cathedral abroad. I took it upon me once to warn Alton about Grey, but he treated the matter in such a high-and-mighty style, that I determined, whether he sank or swam, never to tell him there was a leak in his boat again.

"'When a tool has served our turn we lay it aside, Mr. Creaff,' he said.

"'You may damage yourself for life with it, first, though,' I replied, 'and if you do not live to regret having any thing to do with Grey, my name is not Creaff. Why, before he turned "stag" he was jackal to a bill discounter, and—'

"'Really, Mr. Creaff, the narrative of Mr. Grey's antecedents has not the slightest interest for me,' he remarked, and so the subject ended; but yesterday, as I told you, he said, 'I wish I had attended to your warning—it would have been forty thousand pounds in my pocket.'"

"Poor Mr. Alton!" said the curate, sotto voce.

"Yes, I am sorry for him, too," exclaimed Mr. Creaff, "though he did give himself airs over people as good as he any day. If a man despise the City, why don't he stay out of it? if he think a merchant a lower order of creation, why don't he keep himself undefiled from trade? The best of the matter is," proceeded Mr. Creaff, "that a lawyer, who knows the whole of them, told me last night that Grey had proposed for Miss Alton, and been almost kicked out of doors by her father in consequence. They say, shortly after there was a drop in the gas company's shares, and that Grey immediately tried to sell those he held in order to keep himself square while letting in Mr. Alton. Failing to get rid of them, and seeing quite well what was coming, he realized every other marketable share he possessed and slipped off to the Continent where he will enjoy himself no doubt immensely, while his money lasts. Meantime Alton is altogether in a bad way; he is liable for all this money; his estate is strictly entailed, so that Miss Alton, instead of being an heiress, will have nothing, or next to nothing; not that I believe it will matter much to her, for Graham—you remember meeting Graham at our house, don't you?—clever fellow—talked well when once started—says she's dying."

"What Andrew Hardell did, or tried to do, after that, always remained to him like the memory of a bad dream. He retained a faint recollection of feeling he must get out of the office, of groping his way to the door, of having his hand on the lock, and being detained and led back by Mr. Creaff, who put him in a chair, and poured out wine and made him swallow it, and ran on with a series of broken sentences:—"Forgive me, Hardell; on my word I had not an idea; would have bitten my tongue out first. Very likely there is no truth in it. And this loss makes your chance better than ever; more especially now that you are two lives nearer the Somersetshire property. Do not take it so to heart. I dare say the young lady is only fretting about you. You shall ask me to the wedding yet, and there is not a man living that will be better pleased to see you married than I."

"No man will ever see me married," Andrew answered; and he bent his head till the other could not see his face, and there was silence for a moment.

"The heart knoweth its own bitterness," and Mr. Creaff instinctively felt that there was some awful sorrow in this man's breast, with which a stranger might no more intermediate than he dare touch an equally intense joy.

"Can I do any thing for you in the matter?" he asked at last.

"Yes," Andrew replied; "keep my secret." And then the two shook hands, and the curate went out into the foggy streets, and walked back to Essex Marsh, and tried for a day or two to go about his work as usual, and think that, whether Joy were living or dying, it was his bounden duty to keep away from her.

But he could not do it; and so, one morning, almost against his will, he found himself sitting *vis-a-vis* to Mr. Alton, and telling that gentleman he had heard of his daughter's illness, and that he could not rest without calling to inquire how she was.

"She is very ill," was the reply, and Mr. Alton's voice trembled a little; "too ill to see even an old friend, or I would ask you to wait. The doctors give me great hopes, though; they say there is no ground for real anxiety—but then, you know, I can not help being anxious." A statement Mr. Hardell could well have confirmed on his own account.

"And you—are you still at Essex Marsh?" Mr. Alton proceeded.

"Yes. I am still in that aristocratic parish," the curate replied.

"But you like the place; do you not?"

"As much as I shall ever like any place," was the reply.

"You are not married?" This was interrogative, and Andrew shook his head in reply.

"Ah! you will marry some day, and forget all about that," Mr. Alton remarked.

"You are very kind to hope so," the other said, with a little mock humility of tone and manner, which, however, Mr. Alton did not notice.

To be concluded.

COUGHS AND COLDS

Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly, when taken in the early stages of disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the Lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine.* Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

All the year round, "Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders" should be given to horses that are "kept up." To horses and cattle that graze in summer they should only be given in winter and spring.

THE GREAT EASTERN STEAMSHIP.—Unlike any other exhibition, we believe the sight of this noble vessel has given good satisfaction to the thousands of persons who travelled to Quebec to view her, and well repaid them for their outlay; and it is just so with the "Canadian Pain Destroyer." There never was anything that gave such satisfaction; it relieves pain almost instantly, and is the finest thing in the world for rheumatism, neuralgia, and pains in the stomach, &c. 25 cents will buy a bottle of it. Sold by all medicine dealers.

CARELESSNESS.

Many persons neglect their horse's health and condition until it is too late, when a trifling expense and no trouble, the horse might have been saved if attended to in time. To all who may have occasion to use an article of the kind we would confidently recommend "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy;" it is without doubt the best preparation in use, as thousands who have used it testify. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS MOTHERS

Are you disturbed at night and broken your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. JytSl 2m

Coughs and colds, when left to themselves, frequently bring on pulmonary complaints, which lead to that distressing and fatal disease, consumption; but if attended to in time, "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers" are a certain remedy. They stop the irritating cough, and soothe and strengthen the bronchial tubes, allaying all irritations and inflammation. They are also particularly adapted for the use of singers and public speakers. Sold by all druggists and country dealers. Price 25 cents per box.

AS THE RESULTS OF FAST LIVING ARE ALL free use of stimulants, fatty degeneration of the Heart, Liver and Kidneys frequently occurs; the heart becomes feeble and irregular in action, the liver torpid, the kidneys fail to perform their function properly, and the complexion gradually assumes a pasty hue, the appetite is capricious, digestion feeble, bowels more or less inactive, and a general feeling of lassitude and indisposition to exertion pervades the system. From this deplorable state of health relief may be speedily obtained, by the use of Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya, which is a Chemical Food and Nutritive Tonic. The appetite will be improved, digestion invigorated, assimilation perfected, the constitution ener- ous.

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

GREAT

DRY GOODS SALE.

Allan, McKinnon's & McMoran,

Have determined to clear out the FALL and WINTER GOODS purchased at a heavy discount from Messrs GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO, and with that view will bring forward the whole stock, including several large lots of

NEW GOODS

purchased far below Market value, and offer the whole at prices that must induce good judges of goods to buy largely.

The sale will commence on

Monday, 4th Sept'r.,

And continue one month.

As many of the cheapest lines will be sold quickly, intending purchasers will do well to call early and secure a choice.

1,000 YDS. JAPANESE SILKS,

At 50 cents per yard.

ONE CASE OF VELVET RIBBONS, damaged by fresh water, will be offered at less than half price.

2 Bales of GREY COTTONS, in short pieces, at from one to two cents below usual prices.

To be reduced one third in prices—a large quantity of

MILLINERY, MANTLES and MANTLE CLOTHS,

A line of Velveteen Jackets, reduced to $1.50 each, Waterproof Mantles at from $2.50 to $5.

DRESS GOODS, in a variety of fabrics, reduced below cost.

PRINTS—A line formerly sold at 12½ cents will be cleared out at 9 cents per yard.

A large lot of Gloves and Hosiery will be marked down far below cost.

A lot of best Brussels Carpets will be sold at $1.25 per yard.

ALLAN, McKINNON'S & McMORRAN,
Successors to Garland, Mutchmor & Co.
No. 20, Sparks Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Auction Sale of Household Furniture—A. Rowe.

Valuable Timber Limits for Sale—Alexander Fraser.

List of Letters Remaining in Ottawa Post Office.

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 4 1871.

The office of the TIMES Printing and Publishing Company is now removed to South Wellington Street, in the building formerly known as Her Majesty's Theatre.

Hon. Mr. Dunkin returned to town on Saturday evening.

The Emigration Conference will be held here on the 19th inst.

Lt. Colonel Bernard left for Quebec on Saturday morning.

Sir G. E. Cartier who went to Montreal on Thursday evening is expected to return here to-day.

Mr. F. T. Bradley of North Pembina, Manitoba, has been appointed Sub-Collector of Customs.

The Grand Trunk traffic receipts for July last were $621,806 against $560,853 during the corresponding month of last year. This is a very large increase, nearly $61,000. The receipts on the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway were $10,660 against $9,687 in July 1870.

We are informed by the Marine Department that Captain Torey, Commander of the Dominion Marine Police schooner *Sweepstakes*, seized the American schooner, *Edward A. Horton*, of Gloucester, Massachusetts, on the 1st instant, for fishing within the three mile limit on the south side of Cape George, Nova Scotia.

SENSELESS DISCUSSION.

The question as to Mr. Sandfield Macdonald's behaviour to the Strathroy deputation becomes more and more involved. The *Globe* is now engaged in discussing whether the word "the" or "in" was used by the Ontario Premier, before the naughty expletive, which that journal, in spite of the direct evidence of those who were present, insists that he uttered. Of course it is highly essential that this matter should be cleared up at once and forever; the future destinies of the country are bound up in and dependant upon the momentous question, viz.: Did Sandfield Macdonald say "What in h—, &c., or "What the h— has Strathroy done for me!"

We wonder whether in the political history of any country anything more pitiful or contemptible was ever seen than this exhibition on the part of a leading journal. We are somewhat fond of boasting that the arena of Canadian political life is free from those low personalities which are sometimes indulged in by American politicians, and that Canadian journals do not descend to those petty arguments and contentions which too often disgrace the newspapers of the United States. We very much question, however, whether even in the neighboring Republic such a display of petty spleen, has ever been endured. But what would they say in England, the country whose manners and customs we strive to imitate and whose tone of political thought and argument we take as our example? What would the English public have thought if when Lord Palmerston was Premier, the London *Times* or *Telegraph* had devoted column after column of editorial in order to prove that that worthy but somewhat impulsive old nobleman had let fall an improper expression in an unguarded moment, or had had an extra bottle of port wine! Public men are said to be public property, and so to a certain extent and in a sense they no doubt are. But it is with their public acts that we have to do, and not with any little personal habit or foible that they may possess. In the matter of the Strathroy delegation, we have the evidence of the delegates themselves that Mr. Macdonald received them with courtesy, furnished them with all the information they required, and thus discharged his duty as a public official. This is all the country has to do with.

We cannot in a new country be too careful in drawing the line between that portion of a man's character and habits which concerns the public, and those matters which are strictly personal. No one can say that we have scrupled to attack the Hon. George Brown in his public capacity. We have from time to time as occasion has required, and as duty demanded, exposed that gentleman's selfishness and narrow minded prejudices as a politician, his utter lack of real principle and patriotism as a public man. But we have never attacked his private character, or attempted to make political capital against him by referring to his private weaknesses and foibles. Had we been disposed to have done so, to have resorted to the *tu quoque* argument, which to our mind has always seemed the weakest of all arguments, we might without much difficulty have held Mr. Brown up to ridicule and shame. We might have referred to his conduct to Mr. Capreol, and to the horsewhipping which that gentleman prepared to administer to him, to his brutal and ungentlemanly conduct to Mr. St. Germain in his office, and to Mr. George Hamilton in a Grand Trunk sleeping car. In fact we could easily fill a column or two with accounts of the various unjustifiable and violent acts which Mr. Brown has from time to time been led into by his ungovernable temper. But we forbear to do so. It is with George Brown the factious and selfish politician we have to do, not with George Brown the overbearing tyrant of private life. And when he and his organ descend to petty discussions like those in which they have lately indulged, he not only disgraces himself, but lowers Canada and Canadian journalism in the estimation of the whole world.

ENGLISH REPUBLICANISM.

It has to a certain extent become the fashion to suppose that Republican feeling is much stronger in England than it has been for the past hundred years, and that monarchical institutions are destined to fall at no distant day. We believe this to be a very grave mistake. If Republicanism had really obtained any wide spread influence among the English people, it would show itself in some different form to that in which it is at present apparent. It would make its voice heard and its power felt in Parliament and on the hustings, and would have more respectable and more able champions than two communists like Odger and Murphy. At the commencement of Queen Victoria's reign, Chartism which in reality was only another name for Republicanism, was rampant, while fifty years ago there was more atheism communism, and radicalism existing in Great Britain than there is to-day. The British Monarchy is dear to the British people, not only by reason of long venerated associations and traditions, but because under it they enjoy a larger share of liberty than any other nation, the people of the United States of America not excepted; and in the interest of humanity at large it is to be hoped that no parricidal hand may ever be raised against what we honestly believe to be "the best Government the world ever saw."

BASE AND BASELESS.

"His best consideration" was the empty and stereotyped promise with which Sir George E. Cartier, now performing the official duties of his colleague Mr. Langevin, got rid of a Montreal deputation with regard to the construction of a waste weir.—*Toronto Globe.*

Our contemporary makes a mistake in attacking Sir George Cartier in reference to this matter, and it is only one error among many of the same kind into which it has been betrayed of late by its own imprudence and malicious desire to make a point against the Government. "His best consideration" was not the empty promise with which Sir George Cartier "got rid" of the deputation referred to. On the contrary, with that energy and decision for which even the Minister of Militia's worst enemies give him credit, he at once took action in the matter. In fact Mr. Trudeau, the Deputy Minister of Public Works started that very night for Montreal, in order to enquire into it, and, if possible, to carry out the wishes of the deputation. We may add that we had some conversation with the gentlemen who formed the deputation, after their interview with Sir George Cartier, and they expressed themselves as being highly gratified, not only at the courteous reception which the honourable Baronet had given them, but also with the prompt action taken in the matter.

This may seem but a small affair and scarce worth noticing, but it is as a sample of the unprincipled tactics adopted by the Opposition that it becomes noteworthy. Here is a case in which all possible promptness and energy was displayed by the government, in which so far from the deputation being "got rid of" by "a stereotyped promise" action was at once taken, and the members of the deputation, practical business men, were sent away delighted with the result of their visit. Yet, even this is made the subject for an ill-natured fling at the government! So is it on every occasion. No matter what amount of zeal or industry a member of the present Administration may display; no matter how able or painstaking he may be, because he has not bowed the knee to the Baal of Grit fanaticism, he and all he does must be denounced and condemned by Opposition leaders and Opposition organs.

A contemporary calls attention to the fact that no matter in what other qualities the St. John boatmen have shown themselves to be deficient, they at least deserve credit for prudence and caution. They found at Halifax not only two English crews, but a Nova Scotian crew also that they could not hope to beat, and under such circumstances, discretion being the better part of valour, they did well to retreat. The course was three-quarters of a mile longer than that on the Kennebecasis, so that, when the roughness of the water is taken into account, the time made was considerably better than that made in the former race.

DOMINION NEWS.

The formation of the new batteries of artillery to garrison Kingston as a regular force will soon be proceeded with. The recruiting will take place in that city,

Mr. Fisher, of Hyde Park Farm, near London, thrashed two hundred and seventy six bushels of first class wheat from six acres of land. This is an average of forty-six bushels to the acre.

Speaking of the progress made in the construction of the International Bridge in Buffalo, the *Courier* says that the engineering difficulties have been so great in the way of sinking the centre pier for the International Bridge, that the contractor has given up his original intention and decided to commence building out from the American side.

Mr. George E. Desbarats, proprietor of the *Canadian Illustrated News*, has established telegraphic communication between his city offices and works at the upper end of St. Antoine street, and will thereby no doubt effect the saving of much valuable time.

Wm. Gordon, of Montreal, has just died from sickness caused by exposure as a volunteer during the last Fenian raid.

It is said that as the Winship crew passed the Kelly-Chambers boat, Winship shouted that it was "all right;" that Chambers need not exert himself, as the stakes would be given to Renforth's family if won by them (the Winship crew.)

If this be true, then indeed, has a noble deed been done.

The Rev. Dr. Cordner, of Montreal, conducted the funeral services of the late Rev. Dr. Gannett, (killed by the railway accident last Saturday), at Mount Auburn on Wednesday.

Professor Goldwin Smith Smith has been presented with a handsome inkstand, bearing the inscription "To Goldwin Smith, Esq., from a few of his many German and Canadian friends, in Berlin, Ont., August, 1871, as a slight *souvenir* of his recent visit to Berlin, where he delivered a lecture on the Franco-German war and its results.

GOSSIP FOR LADIES.

The most admired belles at the seaside this season are married ladies; monopolize the best dancers, and the mild eyed maidens are righteously wrathful about it.

At a ball at White Sulphur Springs, a Kentucky belle represented "Arctic Moonlight," in a dress of full illusion skirts, dotted with swans' down and oxydised glass, and luminous with silver bands and crescents, pine cones, pearls &c.

A party of Polish ladies, of great though peculiar beauty, are among the late arrivals at Newport, and have made quite a sensation, and put all the old belles in the shade. They are just from Paris and dress in a style entirely different from that in vogue here. They dress their hair in the classical style—a small coil high on their head, from which drop two or three curls.

One of the novelties in expensive goods—worth $12 in New York—is called pekin It has a satin ground of light shade, with darker stripes of velvet of very heavy pile. It is in the cloth shades only. A simpler fabric, also called pekin, a soft silk with satin stripes, is for overskirts of dinner dresses.

Another new style of dress goods for the coming season is cheviotte, a soft silk with heavy twill, like the diagonal ribs of the Scotch cheviots worn by gentlemen. It is all pure silk, not highly dressed, drapes gracefully, and will doubtless make a most serviceable costume. It is designed for street suits.

A lady writer blames the men more than the women for the ridiculous fashions now in vogue. She says: If all men possessing a thousand dollars and upwards should form a league not to marry any woman who mounted a chignon, how long do you suppose the ugly monstrocities would continue to be in vogue?"

The *True Woman*, published at Baltimore, is a cheerful sheet. Its original poem in the last number is headed, "Lines to a not beautiful, but very good woman in her coffin."

An impatient Welshman called to his wife, "Come, come. Isn't breakfast ready? I've had none since yesterday, and to-morrow will be the third day." This is equal to the call of the stiring housewife, who aroused her maid at four o'clock, with, "Come, Mary, get up. Here, 'tis Monday morning, to-morrow is Tuesday, the next day's Wednesday—half the week gone, and nothing done yet!"

In the execution of a deed by a man and his wife, the wife was taken aside before the acknowledgment was made by a commissioner, who, in the usual form, asked, "Do you execute this deed freely, and without any fear or compulsion of your husband?" "Fear of my husband!" exclaimed the wife; "I've had five husbands, and never was afraid of any of them!"

The annual income of Miss Anna Dickinson for lecturing for the past seven years has averaged twelve thousand dollars. Her profits last year are said to have reached nineteen thousand dollars.

The Hon. James Brooks writes an exceedingly interresting and amusing letter to the New York *Express* from Yokohama, detailing the various peculiar experiences and sights incident to a sojourn among the "Japs." In regard to the ladies there, his account is especially felicitous. He says they dress their hair in an unique manner. Having shaved off the original crown of glory, they pile on a mass of false tresses. Once a week only is the hair done up, skewered and glued, Spanish style, thus defying the winds and the fogs for a whole week, and kept in place nights, whiles sleeping on the mat-bed, with a wooden pillow under the nape of the neck. In regard to teeth, also, the Japanese matrons are peculiar. When the women are married they blacken their teeth, that being apparently an equivalent for rings and other civilized nonsense. They put on some white preparation that turns them, being "very, very pretty," and that they might as reasonably be dumfounded by the hoops, corsets and chignons of their American and European sisters, as the latter would be at their blackened teeth and shaven heads.

A WOMAN'S ENCOUNTER WITH A MONSTER ALLIGATOR.

From the New Iberia (La.,) Banner, Aug. 21.

Yesterday the wife of George Hamerlin, on Mme. O. Delahouse's plantation, was washing her clothes on the banks of the Grand Marais canal, about four feet deep at this time. A large black alligator, twelve feet long which had a few days before captured a large hog, and which was probably hidden in the bushes, seeing its prey, darted in a noiseless, stealthy way and caught the woman by the arm, dragging her into the water. She succeeded in disengaging her arm, but the monster enclosed her head in its jaws, and brought her once more under the water. Then a frightful struggle took place, the neighbors being too far off to hear the cries of the unfortunate woman, she was left to defend her own life.

She can't give an exact account of the manner by which she extricated her head from the monster's jaws, but said she never lost presence of mind, and her fixed purpose of reaching the bank. She succeeded at last, and offered then a pitiable aspect indeed. Her arm presented several deep cuts, one of them coming very near the artery of the pulse. The forehead had also some deep wounds, but the fangs of the aligator had not pierced the back hair or chignon.

None of these bites were torn or jagged but all offered a clean, linear shape, like that of a fine edged knife. I saw the woman about an hour after the accident, and I could detect no trace of excitement in her manner. I suppose she owes her life to her sang froid and self possession.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

WATERLOO.

WATERLOO, Sept. 2.

The man Jas. Hogg, who was injured at the Hurdle Race here yesterday, died this morning at a quarter before seven. He remained unconscious to the last. The deceased leaves a wife and three children, who reside near Carlton. The body was sent to Toronto this evening. Dr. Walden, Coroner, empanelled a jury and held an inquest, at which Dr. Bowlby of Berlin made a *post mortem* examination and found that the neck was dislocated between the first and second cervical vertebrae which was the cause of his death. The jury returned the following verdict—we find that Jas. Hogg came to his death whilst riding in a Hurdle Race on September 1st by his horse coming in contact with the hurdle, causing horse and rider to fall, and that no blame attaches to any one, but we desire to express the opinion that hurdle races being so exceedingling dangerous should be dispensed with. The untoward termination of the race has cast a gloom over the whole village.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 2.—Walter Montgomery, the well known actor, who had recently returned from a professional visit to the United States, committed suicide last night by shooting himself with a revolver. Mr. Montgomery was married on the Wednesday previous to an American lady.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 3.—Her Von Arnim has presented his credentials as diplomatic representative of Germany to President Thiers.

The court martial at Marseilles has sentenced Brissey a Communist leader, to death.

VERSAILLES, Sept. 3.—In the Assembly yesterday, M. Farget proposed that the Session be adjourned on the 15th inst, until the 15th November.

The court-martial, after deliberating with closed doors from six o'clock yesterday morning until seven in the evening pronounced the following sentences on the members of the Commune brought before it for trial: Ferre and Lullier are condemned to suffer death; Urbain and Trinquet to an imprisonment for life at hard labor; Assy, Billioray, Champy, Regere, Grousset, Verdure and Ferrat, to confinement in the fortress; Jourde and Rastoul, to a simple transportation; Courbet, to six months imprisonment and a fine of 500 francs; Clement, to three months imprisonment; Deschamps and Parent are acquitted. President Thiers has written a letter to Mr. Lacey asking him to withdraw his resignation decreed passed on the 31st of August prolonging Thiers' powers It provides for Vice-President of the Council of Ministers to occupy the chair in case of absence of Thiers. In consequence of the changes made in the constitution the members of the Ministry have resigned, but resumed their portfolios at the request of Thiers.

The publication of the *Verite* newspaper, has been suspended.

The *Pontz Quartier* stated in confirmation of reports previously published in journals that the third instalment of war indemnity amounting to half a million of francs had been paid over to the Germans, and he implored on the Assembly not to adjourn until it had provided ways and means for meeting the financial demands of the Government.

PARIS, Sept. 3. — The court martial of Versailles will suspend its sitting for three days, after which it will take up the cases of cavaliers Rochefort, Rossel and Meroleau.

The female prisoners accused on firing the buildings with petroleum, will be tried before the separate tribunal to-morrow.

The mortality returns of the city of Paris for the past week show a total of 846 deaths, of which 4 were from cholera.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, September 3.—The Prussian *Cross Gazette* states that the intention of sending to the diplomatic representatives of Germany abroad a circular communicating the character of the results arrived at at Gastin has been relinquished. Reassuring explanations will be sent only where disquiet is expressed.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, September 2.—It is said some changes are to be made in the Italian Cabinet. Devincenz will be probably appointed Minister of Public Works, Ribbott, Minister of Marine, and Cadda Prefect of Rome.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, September s.—The condition of the Grand Visers health is again critical.

RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 3. — The Grand Duke Alexis sailed to-day from Constrand in frigate Svetland for the United States.

The Emperor of Russia has gone to Caucasus and the Empress to the Crimea.

COREA.

The British warmsteamer *Kingdore* had returned from Corea with two Englishmen captured by the Coreans from the wreck of the *Chusan*. They had been kindly treated. No indignity had been offered to them.

The German reported by the Chinese as having been captured at the same time was found to have left with the Chinese and it is reported the Chinese murdered him, and invented the story of his capture by the Coreans to conceal their own crime.

Shanghai papers publish an authenticated letter from the Corean government to the Commander of the United States steamer *Wachusett* when that ship went up the river in 1868 to enquire after the crew of the ship *General Sherman.*

The letter is friendly and conciliatory to a last degree, and had it been received by the commander at the time it was intended to reach him subsequent bloodshed would never have occurred. The letter was delayed for a few hours, and meanwhile the war steamer *Wachusett* sailed without it.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

SAN FRANCISCO, 2,—A special China mail by Steamer *Alaska* arrived last p. m. in 38 days from Hong Kong and 56 days from Yokohama.

Political affairs in China and Japan are generally quiet. In the city of Canton rumors had been industriously circulated that the Europeans intended poisoning the Chinese, causing much exasperation among the natives, but measures had been taken to promptly crush any uprising.

Great damage had been done by the flood in the vicinity of Canton.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 3. — The British Bark *Japan* was wrecked on East Cape, Arctic Ocean, last October and the third mate and eight of the crew were lost. The remainder of the crew have arrived here.

SATURDAY'S MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 2.—The *Anna*, bound to Copenhagen, has been wrecked and all on board were lost.

A boiler exploded on board a bark at Cardiff yesterday, and the Captain and engineer were blown overboard and drowned.

The number of emigrants who sailed from Liverpool during the month of August, was four thousand greater than in the same month of any previous year.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

DUBLIN, Sept. 1.—An Amnesty meeting will be held on Phoenix Park to-morrow, Sunday, and from the present indications it will be a monster demonstration of the people of Dublin in favor of the pardon of imprisoned Fenians.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 2.—The terms on which Thiers has been elected President, are those proposed by Rivet, with some very slight modifications. The most important part of the bill reads: All the powers which Thiers has heretofore exercised as chief of the executive are prolonged for a period of 3 years. He is moreover, entrusted with the promulgation and execution of laws. He is authorized to receive ambassadors. His official residence will be at a place where the Assembly may sit. He will be lodged at the expense of the Republic. He shall have the right to appoint the members of the Council of Ministers, diplomatic agents, military and naval commanders, and ministers appointed by him shall be responsible for their acts to the Assembly.

The motion of Rivet has been completed by an additional clause, proposed by Chambern, in these terms: The President will communicate with the Assembly by means of messages, and will be heard by the Assembly whenever he makes a demand.

Thiers has been appointed to the Presidency on those terms not because the National Assembly is satisfied with him or because it is afraid of his resignation, but simply for the reason that no one could be found to take his place. Indeed, the majority of the Assembly has of late been dissatisfied with the course of Thiers and has made great efforts to supersede him.

The party of the right has repeatedly offered the presidency to the Duke d'Aumale, but he did not accept it.

The leaders of the same party then successively asked Marshal McMahon and General Changarnier to accept the office of chief of the Executive for an indefinite period on the terms of the Parliament of Bordeaux, but they refused, saying that they were unwilling to become pretext for disorders. McMahon even strongly recommended the acceptance of Rivet's motion for the prolongation of Thiers' powers.

Mr. Greevy, President of the National Assembly, was then offered the office of Thiers, but he declared himself even a more advanced Republican than Thiers, and said he would not be instrumental in paving the way for the establishment of a monarchy.

The party of the Right vascillated for some time afterward between its fears of Gambetta and the ascendency of the Republicans of the Left and its dislike of the personal rule of Thiers, but the final refusal of the Duke d'Aumale determined the party of the Right to vote the bill for the prolongation of Thiers' powers.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Sept. 2.—Advices from the frontier state that the Carlists have been ordered to report to their leaders on the 4th instant, and to be ready for a rising against the Government of King Amadeus on the 10th instant.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Sept. 2.—The anniversary of the surrender of the Emperor Napoleon and the French army at Sedan, is celebrated throughout Germany to-day by festivities of a patriotic character.

The Bavarian Lantag Chamber of Representatives is convoked for the 20th of September.

Latest American Telegrams,

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 3.—The steamer *Tibee* from San Domingo brings news that almost the entire business portion of Puerta Plata was destroyed by conflagration on the 21st August. Loss estimated at 800,000 dollars on which there is little or no insurance. The origin of the fire is unknown.

The steamer *Tibee* from St. Domingo arrived August 24th.

The Superintendent of Schools in Long Island has dismissed all the Catholic teachers and Protestants have been appointed in their places.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Sept. 3.— The *Union* of yesterday says: A gentleman from Washington yesterday states that as he passed Greenborough, N. C., he saw 16 Kuklux in the hands of the United States troops commanding officer of whom he told him that about 60 more were about to be arrested. Those under arrest, one of whom was said to be a member of the North Carolina legislature, were on their way to put in an appearance before the United States commissioner at Washington.

SARATOGA, Sept. 3.—The Pittsburg Crew arrived here last night and have gone into quarters.

The Pryor crew has been entered for a race making 8 to start in a 4 oared race.

The Pryor, Renforth, and Taylor-Winship crews will reach here on Wednesday.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 3.—The weather is fine and the general opinion is that fever is dying out. The Board of Health report 3 deaths for the 2 days ending at noon to-day.

CELINE, OHIO, Sept. 2.—A United States detective who has been in this district for some time past working up a counterfeit case got into the favor of the ringleader of the gang and was soon in possession of the names of others and their manner of operating. Having obtained this important information the detective whose name is Shaw and three others in his disguise arrested the leader and put him in irons. He afterwards arrested three other members of the gang. While taking them to the prison Shaw and his assistants were set upon by a large armed mob of over 200, and two of his prisoners were rescued, the third was secured in prison. The mob deceived Shaw, and the postmaster, who it appears had aided in effecting the arrest of the gang out of town and then surrounded the post office building, threatening to destroy it if the other two prisoners were not liberated from jail. Shaw is gone to Cincinnati to procure assistance. On the person of one of the prisoners was found a large quantity of spurious notes, including National Bank five dollar notes, tens and twenties, besides a quantity of currency. This affair has created great excitement here and the return of the detective is awaited with anxiety.

SATURDAY'S MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—Stock is very strong and active all day.

Gold has been very strong and steady at 102¾ to 113 all day.

Arrived: steamer *Deutscheland*, from Bremen.

Government stock strong and steady. Money easy—at closing prices, 181.

SARATOGA, N.Y., Sept. 2.—The entries for the Saratoga International Regatta, to take place on the 9th and 11th of September closed yesterday with the following four oared crews. The Ward Brothers, of Cornwall, N. Y.; the Biglin Crew, of New York; the McKee Crew, of Pittsburg; the Tyne Crew, of England; the Taylor-Winship Crew, of Newcastle-on-Tyne; the Dutchesse County Crew, of Poughkeepsie; the Buffalo Boat Club, of Buffalo.

Single Sculls—Henry Coulter, John Biglin and Joseph Kaye, of the Biglin Crew; Ellis Ward and Gilbert Ward, of the Ward Bros. Crew; Bright, Kelly, Chambers and Percy, of the Tyne Crew; Joseph H. Sadler and Robt. Bagnall, of the Taylor-Winship Crew; John Hancorn, of Cornwall, N. Y.; and John McCready, of New York city.

CHICAGO, Sept. 2.—A locomotive attached to the Cincinnati Express train on the Toledo, Wabash and Western Railroad exploded its boiler, near Springfield, this morning, instantly killing the engineer and fireman.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3. — The torpedo boat which will be built at the Washington Navy Yard, is to be named the "Robeson." It will be 175 feet long with 35 feet beam. The hull will be of iron only 3 feet of which will be out of the water. This exposed part however will be of armour, with 5 inch iron backed with wood. She will be propelled with two screws and her engins are expected to drive 14 knots per hour, minimum speed. The only rigging she will have, which is fair weather arrangement altogether, will consist of two masts schooner rigged. According to the proportion of the work done in the yards now it will take by close calculation 600 men one year to build her, most of whom will be iron workers. The Torpedo will contain 100 pounds of powder attached to an iron beam which will protrude from the bow below water line, This beam will be 25 feet long and so adjusted as to be forced by hand from a water tight compartment through packing it will be worked by hand instead of steam as an unexpected obstruction could be more easily detected that way than otherwise. It is intended when orders are given to that effect that a Torpedo boat shall make straight under full head of steam for the enemy's ship and run well under her and explode same by electricity, the beam withdrawn at the same time. The boat will be of comparatively light draught, requiring only eleven and a half feet of water.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept 3rd.—The steamer *Albion* from Australia is now a week over due.

CUBA.

HAVANA, Sept. 1.—Brigadier Lopez, who was sentenced to be shot, has been reprieved until the return of the Captain General, who is now at Puerto Principe.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDER.

Ottawa Brigade of Garrison Artillery.

No. 7 Battery.—Adverting to General Orders (17) No 8, of 21st August, 1871, the headquarters of this Battery are at Ottawa, and the appointments in that General Order of Captain De Boucherville and Lieutenant Tache are substantive instead of "Provisionally," those officers holding Military School Certificates.

On the 3rd July last, the Pembroke Company of Infantry under command of Captain W. W. Dickson having been called upon in aid of the Civil power by the magistrates of the County of Renfrew (who were prevented from arresting an offender by a large number of raftsmen and others armed with pike poles, handspikes, &c.,) promptly responded to the requisition made, and by their presence not only prevented any breach of the peace but enabled the civil power to secure the prisoner. The good service of Captain W. W. Dickson and the Pembroke Infantry Company is hereby recorded.

A VISIT TO KINGSTON.

The Editor of the Belleville *Ontario* has seen Kingston lately, and thus speaks:

Kingston is another venerable locality, and hoary age is stamped upon a hundred objects that catch the eye of the visitor. The Martello Towers in the harbor and the granite fortifications that frown with sullen haughtiness upon the traveller, seem to give the place a transatlantic aspect, that does not harmonize with Canadian or American primitiveness. And then the whole city, with the exception of a few of the public buildings, has a decidedly ancient appearance. The style of the architecture strikes one as belonging to another age, and everywhere through the very heart of the town are straggling remains of the early settlers—monuments of a time when convenience rather than show was to be considered. But still Kingston is picturesque, and always interesting. Her position for commerce and business facilities is unsurpassed in the Dominion, and a little energy in the right direction must ensure her success. Just now there is a manifest determination to accomplish what has been so long neglected, and the leading citizens are coming forward manfully to do battle for the good old town. The K. and P. Railway is considered an accomplished fact, and the manner in which the necessary stock has been taken up is most creditable to the liberality and enterprise of all parties concerned. The amount of shipping is this year greater than known for some time, and everywhere are indications of activity and prosperity. We counted nearly thirty vessels and steamers at anchor in the harbor, the greater part of which were heavily laden with western grain, waiting their turn to be relieved at the elevators. This is in our opinion as it should be, and when the contemplated enterprises are completed we shall expect to see Kingston assume still greater pretentions in this respect. We could not fail to observe, also, that every body was making preparation for the approaching Provincial Fair. The whole city is undergoing a complete renovation in expectation of a "big time." The most humble abode is being put in proper trim, externally, and whatever answers to the name of a vehicle or cart is carefully inspected and greased up for the occasion. There is a perceptible humor of joyful anticipation pervading the whole population and we sincerely wish that they may not be disappointed in the least.

IT MIGHT HAVE BEEN.

From the St. John Telegraph.

Much regret is deservedly felt that Renforth was not taken to the house nearest the scene of the accident, instead of to his quarters, covered with warm clothing, bled and otherwise treated as medical skill might direct. Ignorance as to the gravity of the great oarman's condition, want of presence of mind under the excitement of the scene, and the general ignorance of physiology and the laws of health that prevails, were the causes of this sad omission. The only chance for life Renforth had was in having done for him immediately, what was not attempted until after a great, perhaps a fatal lapse of time.

THE ST. JOHN "BACK OUT."

The Halifax *Chronicle* of the 29th says:

We are sorry to learn that the Paris crew has shewn the white feather and backed out of the race. The reason assigned by these fresh water sailors for this display of pusillanimity, is that their boat is unfit to row on Halifax waters. As the Coulter Biglin and Tangier crews will pull in boats built by Elliot of New-York, the builder of the St. John boat, and as the English crews row in boats of the same class, the excuse offered is quite as contemptible as the backdown itself. A northerly wind, such as was blowing yesterday, takes down every show of swell from the southward, and a cockle shell could, in all probability, ride safely over the harbor to-morrow. As the other crews have expressed the opinion that they would not require a mill pond to row over on the day of the race, and as the St. John crew are probably aware of that opinion, their unwillingness to withdraw from the race at the starting point, accounts, no doubt, for their early retirement from the contest.

There is no dissent from the opinion, shared in, we understand, by the other crews, that this unexpected action of the St. John men has unfitted them for ever again measuring oars with an honorable crew. The fault is not in their boat but in the men. The affair is a fitting commentary on the unseemly boastings of victory over a three quarter mile race with a dying man. In this connection we might suggest that the inquest now sitting nominally to investigate the cause of Renforth's death, but as far as can be judged from the character of the evidence, in reality to attempt to prove that the Paris crew would have won in any case, had now better close its inquiries. In the light of this last Halifax achievement, the verdict of the public on the powers of these self-styled "world's champions" will be less flattering than conclusive.

Wife to Husband.—Charles I wish when you are in the village to-day that you would step into the Druggist's and buy a bottle of THE PAIN-KILLER. Be sure and get the genuine made by "Perry Davis & Son."

Husband:—What on earth do you intend doing with the PAIN-KILLER, my dear?

Wife:—Fredy caught a severe cold last night, can hardly speak, he is so hoarse, and George has had the toothache since yesterday morning, and yourself with the Rheumatism. If what every body says can be believed, the PAIN-KILLER will cure these complaints and such a house as this is we are always in trouble, and it would be a perfect God-send if we could find something to ease our lesser afflictions.

Husband:—Well, Mary, anything for a quiet home we will try the PAIN-KILLER.

(*To be continued.*)

☞ The PAIN-KILLER is an internal and external remedy for pain. For internal pain, Cramps, Spasms, Sudden Colds and Bowel difficulties, a few drops in water will give immediate relief. As a liniment it is without an equal; it stops pain almost instantly. Be sure and get the genuine made by Perry Davis & Son and sold by all Druggists and Grocers.

PHOSPHATES are Nature's great fertilizers and restoratives. They are equally essential to the growth of the ANIMAL and VEGETABLE KINGDOMS. Under their use grass, herb and tree, bone, muscle and sinew, attain a full and complete development. Every intelligent farmer employs them to fructify the soil, and every scientific physician prescribes them to energize and vitalize the human system. Of these valuable medicinal agents the most elegant and agreeable is DR. WHEELER'S COMPOUND ELIXER OF PHOSPHATES and CALISAYA. By taking it for a few weeks, Chronic Wasting Diseases, of a Scrofulous, Consumptive, or Venereal character rapidly improve, the whole constitution becoming renovated and purified, and all the organs restored to a vigorous vitality.

It is a delightful cordial to take. Its effect is immediate, and its curative action not weakened by protracted use.

Sold by all druggists.

EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
1731tf General Agents

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa P O., August 31, 1871.

Adcock J C
Anderson Elizabeth
Anderson Samuel
Armstrong Wm
Arnold Wm
Arthur Geo A
Armstrong Mrs A C
Aspdin Thos W
Barnes Sydney
Barber G
Beveridge Thos
Benfield Wm
Bell H H
Blais Miss Lydia
Blakely Mrs
Boyd Dr R H
Brayer Wm
Brennan Wm
Brewer Mrs Emily
Bullock L
Bowns Wm
Buchanan Mrs John
Burns Mrs S
Burns Miss
Byrns Hy
Campbell Mrs John
Cain Miss Sarah J
Campbell Mrs Mary
Callaghan Alex
Cantwell John
Cahal Miss Mary
Church Jos
Clarke Miss Emma
Conway Miss B
Corrigan Ed
Connor John
Cross W L
Crozier Jos
Cunningham Thos
Daly Carol
Davis J
Davidson C J
Davis Jas
Daly J J
Davis Mrs B
Dempsey Miss E
Dendmore Miss Mary
Dicare Miss M
Dickson Dr Geo
Doyle Mrs Peter
Duncan Jas
Fenton Miss J
Fisher John
Forson Jas
Forbes John
Foster Jas
Furlong Jas
Gan John
Gibbons E
Gillis J S
Glenn Alex
Gormly P
Gilchrist John
Grimes Thos
Harris Lizza Ann
Hamilton Mrs S
Hewlett Thos
Hicks Jas
Holland W H
Hogan Miss B
Hogan Wm
Hunt Wm
Hutchinson G W
Hutchison John
Huchley Mrs
Hubert J
Janet Rev Mr
Jameson D J
Johnston Miss Ellen
Jones Mrs J E
Kennedy Jno
Kealy Mrs Julia A
Kennedy M
King Geo
Kingsmill M
King Jas
Knapp H A
Lamprey B H
Lane Miss Caroline
Leitch Miss
Leroy W M C
Lewis Mr
Little Irvine
Lothion Miss Ellen
Moher Wm
Martin C R
May Jno
Martin Edwin
Marshall David
Martin Wm
Maddin Thos
Malsbury Wm
Minea Benj
Meade M J
Meace John
Mitchell W H
Milne G B
Motherwell Thos
Moore & Coburn
Moore F H
Muir Wm
Murphy Mathew
Neill John
Nelson Mrs Alex
Nesbitt John
Nicholson John
Nichols John
Nolan Miss B
O'Brien Wm
O'Donnell D
O'Donnell, G
O'Connor W P P
O'Connor Jno A
O'Connor Mrs
O'Dwyer John
Oliver A
O'Neill J
Ormand Jno T
Patterson Miss Anna
Parsons Albert
Percy Mrs M C
Pearson F M
Perwitt J H
Pickens John
Powers Jesse
Pringle Miss Sarah
Pritchard Wm
Quinlan Mrs P
Rathwell Miss A
Rice Alex
Roberts Miss Kate
Robertson Geo
Rose Rodger
Roberts Mrs
Robertson David
Ryan Miss Julia
Russell Mrs
Russell A D
Saunders Miss Julia
Scoble Mary
Servo Walter
Sheaver Jno
Sheban Thomas
Smith John
Smith Mrs W
Smith H D
Smith Heber
Smith Wm
Sparks Miss Jane
Somerville Hugh
Sparks Noel
Sternburg J W
Sullivan John
Tobin Jas
Turner RW
Watson & Hill
Ward Jas
Wable A
Wallace M
Wagner H
Wilsman G & T
Webb Jas T
Weir John
Wells J P
Webster Miss E H
Welch Mrs Geo
Whalen Miss Eliza
Wilson R
Wood H O
Wright J
McBrayen A
McBryde Jas
McClenlish T
McDonald And
McClory John
McDonald Miss F
McDonald D
McDonald Mrs Geo
McGuire Mrs Jno
McIntire Miss N
McInnis Miss C
McGuire Philip
McKenzie A
McKay Jas H
McMillan Miss Jane
McMillan J H
McPhee A
McMahon Geo

G P BAKER, Postmaster.

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS,

ON BLACK RIVER,

For Sale by Auction, at the Union House,

ON WEDNESDAY, 4th OCTOBER

next, at one o'clock, p. m., being

License No. 265, of 1870-71......50 miles.
And No. 367, of 1870-71..........50 miles.

Total one hundred square miles of richly timbered limits.

By order of
ALEXANDER FRASER, Esq.
Ottawa, 1st Sept. 1871. 1759-4d.

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES!

On the Line of the

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of
12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.
Omaha, Neb.

AUCTION SALE.

OF

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell at the house recently occupied by Mr. MEREDITH, Main's Grove, Wilbrod St., Sandy Hill, on WEDNELDAY, September 6th, 1871, all the goods therein, consisting of 1 Mahogany Piano Forte, in good order; 1 Parlor Set, in Green Repp; Carpets, Curtains, Cornice, Parlor Lamp, (two Bureaus,) b w Dining Table, Cane Seat Dining Room Chairs Side Table, Hall Oil Cloth, Hall Stove, Prescott, make; 1 Coal Stove and Pipes, Bedsteads, Matrasses, Wardrobe, &c. An excellent Cooking Stove with furniture. A quantity of Glass ware, Crockeryware, Coal Oil Lamps &c.

Sale at 1 o'clock, p.m.

TERMS CASH.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

N.B—Goods to be delivered immediately after the sale.

Ottawa, September 2 1759.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY.

For SALE by PRIVATE CONTRACT, being part of Lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, and Lots Nos. 6, 7, 8, and 9, in one block, equal to about three quarters of an acre, situated on the west side of the Canal (Ordnance reserve). There is an excellent Brick House on the property, well finished, with outbuildings, &c. The property can be divided into lots or used as a garden, the soil being of the very best. A clear title can be given.

For any further information apply to

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, August 1st, 1871. 1732tf

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Third Annual Exhibition under the auspices of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society will take place on

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.

SEPTEMBER 20TH, 21ST AND 22ND, 1871.

On the Society's Grounds adjoining the city limits.

COMPETITION OPEN TO THE WORLD!

Nearly $3.000 is offered in Premiums

For Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, Agricultural and Horticultural Productions, Manufactures, Domestic Products, &c.

All parties may compete for prizes on payment of Two Dollars; Ladies on payment of One Dollar.

ENTRIES.

All entries must be made on printed forms, which may be had from the Secretary. These forms are to be filled up and signed by the Exhibitor, enclosing Two Dollars, which amount will entitle the Exhibiter to compete in all the departments

The entries in each department must be made as follows:—

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before the 10th of SEPTEMBER.

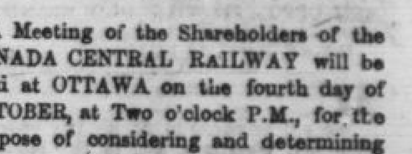
Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery, and Manufactures generally SEPTEMBER 15th

Horticultural Products, Flowers, Ladies' Work, &c., SEPTEMBER 18th.

The Society will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railroad Proprietors for carrying articles and passengers at reduced rates.

Arrangements will be made with the Customs Department for the free entry of articles for competition.

J B LEWIS,
President.
A S WOODBURN,
Sec. Tress.
Ottawa August 22. 1749tf



CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY will be held at OTTAWA on the fourth day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon the accepting of a lease from the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company of that section of their Railway lying between Carleton Place and Sand Point, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.
Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the BROCKVILLE and OTTAWA RAILWAY will be held at BROCKVILLE on the 3rd day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon a lease of the section of the said Railway lying between CARLETON PLACE and SAND POINT to the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.
Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VINEGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building.

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

ENGLISH WEEKLY NEWSPAPERS AND MONTHLY MAGAZINES.

LLOYD'S WEEKLY LONDON NEWS, Weekly Times, Reynolds', Weekly Dispatch,—the latest editions,—5 cents. Subscription (post free to any part of the Dominion)—yearly, $2.50; six months, $1.25.

Illustrated London News, Graphic, Bell's Life, News of the World, Punch, Fun, Judy, &c., &c.

THE TORONTO GLOBE delivered at 10 cents per week.

C. E. HUCKETT & CO.
69, Sparks Street.
August 29. 1755 1m

LOCAL NEWS.

UPSET.—Two juveniles were spilled out of a boat on Saturday into the Canal. They got out safe.

A lot of Brussels carpets, best quality at $1 25 per yard. Allans, M'Kinnons & M'Morran, 20 Sparks street.

THE DELAYS TROUPE.—This band of performers got what they deserved—a miserable and unappreciative audience.

Great Sale of Dry Goods. Large reductions in price, to begin on Monday, 4th September. Allans, M'Kinnons & M'Morran, 20 Sparks street.

THE RIVER.—The river was alive with boats yesterday. We would suppose that the hospitality of the adjoining villages must have been somewhat severely tested.

DESBARAT'S CORNER.—This lot, it appears has been purchased by Daniel O'Connor, Esq., of this city. What purpose that gentleman intends it for yet remains to be known. One thing is certain that it is improvement.

LUMBER.—As usual at this season of the year, our lumber manufacturers are availing themselves of an early shipment of their important exports. This year the amount sent off is much in increase of the past season.

PERHAPS A BURGLARY.—The window of Mr. George R. Sutherland, watchmaker, Rideau Street, was smashed on Saturday night. Whether the break was an attempt at burglary or not has yet to be ascertained.

A SKETCH.—Our reporter, on entering into a side-room of one of our popular saloons on Saturday evening discovered a native artist of the city in the act of sketching three of our old topers. The sketch was good, and can be seen on due notice.

SOME STONE.—James Goodwin, Esq., contractor of the Grenville Canal, has been getting out enormously sized stone from a quarry in East Hawksbury, some measuring six feet thick, which is something for lime-stone. It is intended for the construction of locks on that enterprise.

HORSE RACING ON THE SABBATH.—A couple of fellows carried on a horse race on Ottawa street yesterday, during Divine Service. They ran two old hacks almost to death; the Rosinantes came in blowing, and exhausted. We are sorry some of the police force were not on hand.

POLICE COURT—SATURDAY.—John Quin, for drunkenness was fined $2 and costs.

Two cases of selling liquor without a license were dismissed without costs.

Philip Lowery and Joseph Maloney charged with assaulting Noel Charbonneau were remanded until Monday.

HUCKSTER NUISANCE.—The hucksters are again beginning to play the "grab game" on the market. Almost everything attractive they buy up long before the hour prescribed by the by-law, nothwithstanding the vigilance of the police. The public are to an extent shut out from the privilege of purchasing, except at unreasonable rates, the farmers wishing to get home, and the traders taking the articles in large lots.

SALE OF RUBBER GOODS. — We would direct the attention of those interested to the great sale of Indian Rubber Overshoes of every description, which will be sold by auction in Montreal, by John Leeming & Co., on account of the Quebec Rubber Co. This sale will be the largest of the kind ever offered to the Canadian public, there being no less than ten thousand cases to be put up. Particulars will be found in another column.

RIDEAU STREET DRAIN.—We understand the drain at present being built on Rideau street, Sandy Hill is to be terminated on reaching Chapel street, or in other words on reaching the corner of the property of the chairman of the Board of Works, Ald: Featherston. It is well known that Rideau street between Chapel and Augusta streets needs draining very badly, but perhaps the worthy chairman has some satisfactory reason for not continuing the drain to the latter street.

NEARLY DROWNED.—It has been a custom for people living in the lower section of the city to send children of a tender age to catch float-wood for their winter wants. This mission has sometimes been followed by accident and death to the poor youngsters. A case of this kind occurred on Saturday; a lad while engaged in collecting floating timber fell into the Ottawa river and was only saved from drowning by the timely rescue of a boatman near. The boats so employed are in a miserable condition, and the youngsters engaged of too tender an age to be employed.

The annual match of the Civil Service Rifles took place on the Rideau Range on Saturday, 2nd mst. The first prize was won by Sergt. Yeoman, who scored 53 points, out of a possible 60; he was also the winner of the three special prizes. The score is as follows:

	200 yds.	500 yds.	600 yds.	Tl.
Sergt. Yeoman,	43333	43334	44444	53
Cpt. DeBoucherville,	32332	43422	23442	43
Ensign Walsh,	33432	33423	42032	41
Pvt. Geo. White,	33323	32242	22033	36
Pvt. Egleson,	33204	34222	04224	36
Pvt. Fletcher,	32322	32330	42253	35
Pvt. Throop,	33332	22233	20232	35
Pvt. Ruttan,	22233	40303	32222	33
Pvt. Baxter,	33223	04322	02222	32
Pvt. Sinclair,	20234	33203	20242	32

GHOSTS ON THE PACIFIC.

The ghost season has opened in California at last, though at present the mysterious visitors hold their nightly levees on the Oakland Wharf. It will be remembered that on the 4th of July there was a fearful accident at the ferry slip there, when one hundred and fifty persons were precipitated into the bay by the breaking of a defective casting and fifteen were drowned. The old ferry slip where this occurred has been abandoned, and the buildings near by are unoccupied. The place looks lonely and desolate enough even by daylight, and in the midnight hours it must be far from cheerful. To guard against fire, a watchman is stationed there at night, and for a long time past the position has been filled by a Mr. Browner. He is a temperate man, and an individual who is spoken of in the highest terms by his fellow employees and all who know him. He is not a nervous man, and he does not —or rather did not—believe in ghosts. It was his business to look after live men bent on mischief, not for the spirits of dead ones. On Sunday morning week he gave notice that he would not serve there any longer, and refused to stay even another night for any consideration. He was unwilling to give his reasons, but he finally gave a full statement, which is thus given by the San Francisco *Alta*.

For five consecutive nights he had seen the figures of a man and a woman walking upon the wharf. The first night he saw them he paid but little attention, thinking they were a couple of promenaders trying to play the part of ghosts, but this idea was dispelled when the two figures deliberately walked on the edge of the wharf into the bay and disappeared beneath the waters, without making even a splash. On another occasion he chased the phantoms into the deserted station building, where they mysteriously disappeared. After Browner had given up the position as watchman another was found to take his place. One of the ghosts paid him a visit and asked him how he liked it. The watchman threw a nail keg at the figure, which passed through it, and the ghost vanished into thin air. This man concluded he did not like it, and he, too, gave up the position.

THE CRY OF THE SUFFERING CREATURES.

BY MARY HOWITT.

Oh that they had pity the men we serve
so truly!
Oh that they had kindness, the men we
love so well!
They call us dull and brutish, and vicious
and unruly,
And think not we can suffer, but only
would rebel.

They brand us and they beat us! They
spill our blood like water,
We die that they may live, ten thousand
in a day!
Oh that they had mercy! for in their dens
of slaughter
They afflict us and affright us, and do far
worse than slay.

We are made to be their servants. We
know it and complain not;
We bow our necks with meekness the
galling yoke to bear,
Their heaviest toil we lighten; the meanest we disdain not:
In all their sweat and labor we take a
willing share.

We know that God intended for us but
servile stations,
To wit, to bear man's burdens, to watch
beside his door;
They of the earth are masters, we are their
poor relations,
Who grudge them not their greatness, but
help to make it more.

And in return we ask but that they would
kindly use us,
For purposes of service for that which we
were made;
That they would teach their children to love
and not abuse us,
So each might face the other and neither
be afraid.

We have a sense they know not, or else
have dulled by learning;
They call it instinct only, a thing of rule
and plan;
But oft when reason fails him, our clear,
direct discerning
And the love that is within us have saved
the drunken man.

If they would but love us, would learn our
strength and weakness;
If only with our sufferings their hearts
could sympathize,
Then would they see what truth is, what
patience is and meekness,
And read our heart's devotion in the softness of our eyes.

If they would but teach their children to
treat the subject creatures
As humble friends and servants who strive
their love to win,
Then would they see how joyous and kindly
are our natures,
And a second day of Eden would on the
earth begin.

THE EMPEROR OF GERMANY.

A correspondent writing from Ems says:—Any one who happens to be travelling about the Continent just now is sure to meet with, as well as hear a considerable amount of gossip about, imperial and royal travellers. Emperors, kings, princes, and statesman are running about as if on some important business. The other day I witnessed the arrival of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales and the royal family at Brussels. On reaching Ostend the day before yesterday and descending from the steamer I saw the Imperial Prince of Germany on the quay, With his usual good nature he was speaking to those about him, and told some Belgian authority he expected to visit Ostend again if his illustrious father carried out his intention of visiting the sea-side resort, which place he so much liked, because it was to him not only agreeable for a holiday repose, but because Ostend is associated with reminiscences before he came to the throne. Prince Christian of Denmark passed through Ostend last week. Ostend is filling rapidly. They told me the King of the Belgians and all the royal family were expected there. A friend of mine had met the Grand Duke Constantine, of Russia, on his way to England. He learned that nearly all the Imperial family would be on the wing this summer On arriving here (at Ems) I expected to find this generally fashionable resort crowded with smart men and ladies in magnificent toilets. France used to contribute largely with her sporting population—sporting in every sense of the word. But this year there are no French amongst us, because the modern William the Conqueror, that venerable old soldier, the Emperor of Germany, is amongst us. It is not fashionable even for the French *demi monde* to be seen at any German watering place this year. Thus it is when we go down to the fountains of health, or linger round the band, or take a constitutional or an idle stroll, we meet only ladies in very sober costumes, German *grande dames*, looking like respectable housekeepers. There are very few people bent on making their fortunes at play. The *Jouers*, I am told by an English friend who knows Ems well, were never so few.

The Emperor rises early; you may see him any morning at the fountain he patronizes about 7 o'clock, imbibing his long draught. The good natured old man has a word for those around him with whom he has spoken before, and a smile for everybody. His dress and manners are alike simple—Mars in a dressing gown and slippers. Two gentlemen generally accompany the Emperor; they are his aides-de-camp, from whom his Imperial Majesty often strolls away to a considerable distance. People will rudely look at the old soldier, will salute him frequently, and the band will unfailingly strike up the national air when he passes. His Majesty would willingly dispense with all this, but as long as he lives the conqueror of France in 1871 must remain an object of general interest and curiosity where ever he goes. At 7 o'clock in the evening the Emperor generally comes to hear our after-dinner music at the 'Establishment,' and sits near a table on which is placed a silver vase with flowers. A few privileged persons of the Court generally approach his Majesty. Early to bed, early to rise, simple feeding, three or four hours' work and reading telegrams, such is the manner in which the Emperor of Germany and those who immediately surround him pass their time at Ems.

GENTLEMEN,—Have your Shirts made to fit and as you want them at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans.

THE APPROACHING EXTENSIVE SALE of INDIA RUBBER SHOES for the QUEBEC RUBBER COMPANY.

A report having been industriously spread that the above Sale, advertised by us to be held on WEDNESDAY, the 6th SEPTEMBER, would not take place, we beg to notify dealers and the public that the SALE WILL POSITIVELY TAKE PLACE on the day named, according to advertisement, and that the Goods will be warranted to be equal to any ever sold in Canada or elsewhere.

By order,
JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Montreal, August 24, 1871. 1752 1d3

SUCCEEDING TO THE BUSINESS OF MAGEE & RUSSELL

The Undersigned, in succeeding to the business of the above named Firm, would say that the balance of the Stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Carried over by them, will now be offered by us, at prices that cannot but attract the attention of

CLOSEST BUYERS.

In order that we may have time to get the stuff forward and reduced,

THE SALE

Will not begin before

Monday, the 4th September.

Having therefore decided that all Goods of this Season MUST BE SOLD, we have reduced to them to such prices as must soon effect it.
We therefore invite inspection of our Stock by intending purchasers.
We would call special attention to our

SILK DEPARTMENT,

As in this line we are offering decided BARGAINS in Colored, Fancy and Black Silks.

In the

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

We will offer a large lot of FRENCH MERINOS, FRENCH TWILLS, REPPS, SERGES and WINCIES.
The Goods in this Department were considered fair value at old prices, but having decided to CLEAR OUT, all of last Season's Stock have been marked down. Those requiring anything in this line will do well to give a look through the Departments.

ALL STAPLE GOODS, WHILE THE SALE CONTINUES, WILL BE OFFERED AT A SMALL ADVANCE.

☞ A large quantity of Grey and White Cottons now forward, and considered extra GOOD VALUE.

We will not quote prices, being satisfied, as we are, that purchasers must see value before paying any attention to figures.

RUSSELL & WATSON,
SUCCESSORS TO—
MAGEE & RUSSELL.

IF YOU DESIRE

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

SEND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor

ESTABLISHMENT FOR YOUNG LADIES,
Wilbrod Street (between Nelson and Gloucester Streets), Sandy Hill, Ottawa.

Mrs. ROBERT STEWART returns thanks for the kind patronage she has received during her residence in Ottawa, and hopes by unwearied attention to her scholastic duties, and by their efficient discharge, to merit and receive a continuance of favor and support.

The School will be RE-OPENED on FRIDAY, the 1st of September. All the Classes are open to any who may wish to join one or more of them for the study of any special subject.

Terms very moderate. References to parents of pupils.

August 18th, 1871. 1746 tf

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.
CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.
1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA,
Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's.
E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.
1707tf

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested to settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.
MACEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

WANTED,
Young Ladies to learn Systematic Dress Cutting by the "PRINCESS LOUISE CHART." Terms $3. Apply to Miss FARNHAM, Russell House, Ottawa. 1746 a

DR. LOGAN,
Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.
☞ Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1753 1y

A. E. GENDREAU,
HAIR DRESSING SALOON,
YORK STREET, Lower Town, next door to Mathew's Hotel,
And at No. 269 WELLINGTON STREET
Upper Town, opposite the Montreal Bank.
Mr. GENDREAU has always on hand the best French and English perfumeries.
You are respectfully requested to visit these establishments.
Ottawa, 31st August, 1871. 1747 6

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY,
WELLINGTON STREET,
CONDUCTED BY THE GREY NUNS.
The course of studies at this Institution will be resumed on Monday 4th Sept.
OTTAWA CONVENT,
Grey Nuns, Aug. 17, 1871. 1745-b

CHURCH OF ENGLAND
LADIES' SCHOOL,
WELLINGTON STREET, OTTAWA
(Established, 1869—incorporated, 1871.)
Lady Principal.....*Miss Machin.*
This School will re-open SEPT. 1st.
New Prospectuses can be obtained of Durie & Son and Hope & Co.
Further particulars on application to the Lady Principal, or
REV R POLLARD,
1743c Secretary, Ottawa.

THE Rev. C. F. STREET informs his friends and the public that he will open his Classical and Commercial SCHOOL on MONDAY, 28th AUGUST, in the School Room lately occupied by the Rev. Mr. May.
For particulars, apply to Mrs. Kendall, Taylor's Block, corner of Nelson and Daly streets. 1741tf

MR. E H. HARINGTON, B.A., Oxford University,
Begs to inform his Friends and the Public, that he will OPEN his PRIVATE SCHOOL on MONDAY, the 4th September. Schoolroom, corner of Bank and Albert Streets. For further particulars, apply to Mr. E. H. HARINGTON, Russell House.
N.B.—Private pupils can be taken in the evenings.
August 24, 1871. 1751 8

ACADEMY OF THE GREY NUNS,
AYLMER.
The Classes of this Academy will OPEN on the 1st SEPTEMBER next. The building is new and spacious, and is situate near the banks of the Ottawa river
Aylmer, 16th August, 1871. 1744tf

SELECT
BOARDING AND DAY ACADEMY FOR BOYS.
(CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL.)
Principal — REV. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.
Careful instruction will be given in Latin and Greek Studies, in French and German Languages, in Mathematics, in certain branches of Science and Art, and in all the common branches of an English education.
The Academy will be OPENED on the 7th SEPTEMBER next.
For further particulars, please address the Rev. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.
August 25. 1753 4

A MARRIED WOMAN (English) wishes to obtain a small Family's WASHING. A.D. C., care of John Bobier, Ottawa,

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for Supplying during the Season, 1871.
TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,
TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY FOR SUNDAY USE,
From 1st of May to 1st of October
All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season	..	$5 00
20lbs " "	..	9 00
10lbs month		1 50
20lbs "		2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.
Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.
☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance.
All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.
H. PALMER
N B.—Ice supplied per ton or cwt.
Ottawa April 1871

HARDWARE! HARDWARE
HARDWARE!!!
SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES,
And other Harvesting Implements.
AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,
No. 24 Rideau street.
All ground ready for use.
Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.
Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent,
Scythe Stones, &c., &c.
Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.
Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.
Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION
OF THE
AGRICULTURAL & ARTS ASSOCIATION
OF ONTARIO,
To be held at Kingston,
On the 25th to 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871.
Persons intending to exhibit will please take notice that the Entries of articles in the respective classes must be made with the Secretary, at Toronto, on or before the undermentioned dates, viz:
Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before Saturday, August 26th.
Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery and Manufactures generally, on or before Saturday, September 2nd.
Horticultural Products, Ladies' Work, the Fine Arts, &c., on or before Saturday, September 16th.
Prize Lists and Blank Forms for making the entries upon, can be obtained of the Secretaries of all Agricultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes throughout the Province.
HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec'y Agricultural and Arts Association
Toronto, August 15, 1871. 1745-d&w

AN EXPERIENCED ACCOUNTANT
Having a few hours daily to spare, is desirous of obtaining a Set of Books to keep. Good references. Terms moderate. Address E. T. P., Times Office. 1746 a

YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY.
"CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME," a Branch of the Villa Maria Establishment, corner of Wellington and O'Connor streets.
This Establishment RE-OPENS its Classes on the 7th SEPTEMBER. The Course of Instruction comprises every branch suitable to the education of young ladies. Special attention is given to the cultivation of politeness and lady-like deportment. A select day school is attached to the establishment, where in day scholars can have dinner at an extra charge of $2 per month. For particulars and prospectus, apply to the Lady Superior.
Ottawa, 30th Aug., 1871. 1756td

BOARD WANTED
In a Private Family, by a Gentleman. Six o'clock dinner preferred. Address X. Y. Z., P. O. Box, 995. 1754

TEMPORARY PREMISES,
34 Sparks-street
LAST WEEK OF BARGAINS.
CARPETS!
CARPETS!
CARPETS
T. Hunton, Shoolbred & Co.
Are now selling their Immense Stock of
BRUSSELS—Best 5 frame—at $1.50.
TAPESTRY—New Patterns—at 90 cents.
2 PLY AXMINSTER, at $1 00.
And Rugs, Mats, &c., in proportion.
FOR BARGAINS EXAMINE
POSITIVELY LAST WEEK
FOR REDUCTIONS!
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,
PORTER'S BLOCK,
34 SPARKS STREET,
Ottawa, August 22, 1871.

BUSINESS CHANGE.
We the undersigned, in retiring from the Retail branch of our business, beg to return thanks to the public of Ottawa and vicinity for the very liberal support accorded to us during the past eight years, and to announce that we have
DISPOSED OF OUR STOCK,
And leased the premises,
29 Sparks Street,
TO
MESSRS.
ALEXANDER RUSSELL,
(Late of Blyth & Russell, Ottawa,)
AND
ROBERT WATSON,
(Of Watson & Hayes, Almonte,)
Who will continue the business under the name and style of
RUSSELL & WATSON.
Both of these gentlemen were formerly in our employ, and being possessed of ample means and long experience we have great pleasure in recommending them to the confidence and patronage of all our friends and customers.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, August, 1871.
IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE
RUSSELL & WATSON
Have pleasure in announcing that they have purchased the
Entire Stock in Trade,
AND
GOOD WILL
OF THE
RETAIL BUSINESS
Lately conducted by Messrs.
Magee & Russell,
And leased their premises, 29 Sparks Street, for a term of years.
And hope by keeping only the best qualities of goods, and adopting a uniform and
Moderate Scale of Profits,
By strict attention to business to merit and retain the patronage so liberally bestowed upon their predecessors.
And we beg to assure the old patrons of the establishment that no efforts will be spared in maintaining the leading position to which it had attained.
ALEX. RUSSELL. ROBT. WATSON.
Ottawa, August 1871.

Peaches!
Peaches!
eaches!
Pears!
Pears!
Pears!
Pears!
Apples!
Apples!
Apples!
And all other Kinds of Fruit
at the Fruit Depots of
G. LORENZ,
No. 88 SPARKS STREET,
Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Groceries, &c.
DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
ALWAYS ON HAND.
It is now an established fact, that if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to
Thos. Patterson's,
No. 26 Rideau Street.
BRANDIES—
The best old Brands, Pure and Mild
PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.
SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices
GIN—
J. DeKuypers & Son's fine Old Double Berried
SCOTCH WHISKIES—
Pure Malt.
Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.
PORTER & ALES—
Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.
BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*
JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.
COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.
PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.
SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
Best Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.
The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."
☞ Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.
At
THOS. PATTERSON'S.
Ottawa, May 2, 1871

FRED. T. PALMER,
Commission and Lumbermen's Agent, Rideau Street, (entrance O'Meara's Gateway.)
Particular attention will be given to hiring men, teams, &c., and all transactions with the Crown Land and Timber Office.
REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:
R Nagle, Esq, | Wm Mackay, Esq,
Allan Grant, Esq, | E McGillivray, Esq.
Ottawa, Sept 1, 1871. 1746tf

FOR CHEAP READING,
GO TO
HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY.
No. 38 Rideau Street.
The Latest Novels Always on Hand.
☞ Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged.
Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

NOTICE.
The Annual Meeting of the Shareholders in the British American Bank Note Company will be held at their office, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the FIFTH day of SEPTEMBER next.
HENRY EARLE,
Sec'y. Treas.
Ottawa, 21st August, 1871. 1745 5

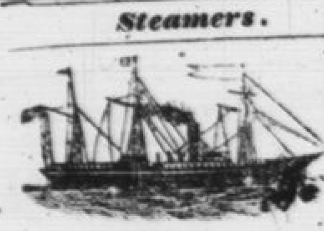
TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.
The Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy will, at a Session to be held in the Hall of the said Township on SATURDAY, the 9th day of SEPTEMBER next, pass a By law to establish the road as now laid out, between Lots Nos. 5 and 6, in the Third Concession of the said Township.
W. P. TAYLOR,
Township Clerk.
Fitzroy, 28th August, 1871. 36 4

COUNTY OF CARLETON
AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.
The Annual Exhibition will take place on
WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,
5th and 6th October,
at Bell's Corners, Nepean.
All SUBSCRIPTIONS should be paid before 1st September.
ENTRIES to be made before 3rd October.
PRIZE LISTS now ready and may be had from the Secretary at Ottawa, or at the different hotels, Bell's Corners.
A G WOODBURN,
35 3 Secy.-Treas.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS
TEAS AND WINES,
6 HOSPITAL STREET
MONTREAL.

VERILY IT HATH NO EQUAL.
CONSUMPTIVES READ!
Would you cure that distressing Cough and bring back that healthy vigor still last by planted in your cheek! If you would, do not delay for, as you are aware, it will be too late.
Allen's Lung Balsam is your hope; it has been tried by thousands such as you who have been cured, many in their gratitude have lent their names to us that suffering humanity can read their evidence and believe. Don't experiment with new and untried mixtures, you cannot afford it, but try at once this invaluable article, it can be found in any Drug Store and at most general stores. It is warranted to break up the most troublesome Cough in a few hours if not of too long standing.

Steamers.



THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE, Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE.
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2670tf

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the 1st day of SEPTEMBER—

The Steamer JESSIE CASSELS will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 7.30 a.m., connecting with Steamers of the Line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

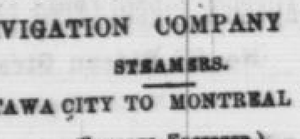
The Steamer PONTIAC leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted), at 1 p.m., for Des Joachim; returning—leaving at 6 a.m., connecting with Steamer JASON GOULD, which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 p.m., passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The Steamer PRINCE ARTHUR leaves Portage du Fort at 7 a.m., connecting with Steamer JESSIE CASSELS for Aylmer.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip, at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 9 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, August 28th, 1871.

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,

CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,

CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"

CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B — Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1736tf

FOR SALE.

All that Property in Gloucester, between the Rideau River and the Railway adjoining Cummings Bridge, in Lots to suit purchasers. Regarding the River front, particulars can be had from J B LEWIS, Esq, Barrister Ottawa.

For particulars, apply to
DONALD M'ARTHUR or
JOHN A M'ARTHUR,
Gloucester.

Gloucester 2nd August, 1871. 1733 4

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD, Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks, —"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa. Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills.' Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinline packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homoeopathic Chemists, London 41509 1y

SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY,

—AND—

AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD,

Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE MOWER

—AND—

SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain.*

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD,
Smith's Falls,
Ontario.

June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

McGill University, Montreal,

SESSION 1871-72.

THE CLASSES in the several Faculties will open as follows:—

FACULTY OF ARTS......September 15th.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE.....October 3rd.
FACULTY OF LAW.........October 3rd.

The Department of Practical Science, in the Faculty of Arts, including courses in Engineering, Mining, Practical Chemistry and Assaying, will be opened on the 15th September.

The Classes in the McGill Normal School will be opened on the 1st September.

In the Examinations in the Faculty of Arts, commencing September 15th, the following Scholarships and Exhibitions will be offered First Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100 Second Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100 Third Year, 4 Scholarships, (tenable for two years), of $125 yearly.

The Calendar containing details of all the above courses of Study may be had on application, post paid to the undersigned.

W. C. BAYNES, Secretary.

May 31, 1871 1689 2awk 2m

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

E. A. GENDREAU,

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

WELLINGTON STREET,

OPPOSITE THE MONTREAL BANK.

MR. GENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department,

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. GENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOONING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.

Ottawa, May 24, 1871

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause, Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantral, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awky

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa P. O., July 31st, 1871.

Adams Thos	Martin Miss
Attrell Miss B	May Mrs Jane
Barry Miss E	Madden Miss Eliza
Barwick John	Martin Miss Delia
Baggs John	Martin Frs
Bellot Mrs A F	Manson Wm
Bell Wm	Marsellus Sarah
Bingham & Son	Martin Wm
Blue Mrs M	Mahoney Hannah
Burman Fred	Moore Jas
Cameron Miss M A	Morrow J C
Clayton C F	Munroe Jas
Clements W	Nagle Captain
Couch L E	Nichols John
Conway Geo E S	Nowlan Peter
Coleman Miss B	Otto Miss Jamima
Coburn Hugh F	Parsons Albert
Coughlin M	Palmer Fred T
Corrigan, Mrs Ed	Perlie C H
Cole Miss Maggie	Perry Frs
Cummins Mrs Ann	Pumpelly R
Dunford Jas	Rathwell Benj
Donavan Mrs Cath	Rhodes Miss
Doyle J F	Reilly Michael
Dowler Mrs John	Rivers David
Emmitt M	Reilly Mrs John
Empey Adam	Rivett Amos
Eplett R	Ross Miss A
Favely Jas F	Robinson John
Fairweather Jos S	Rogers Henry
Fitzwilliam Frank	Ross Jos
Fitzgerald Thos	Robinson W
Fisher George	Scarf Robert
Fletcher Miss Mary	Shaw Miss E M
Fowler Samuel	Sharp Thos
Frizell Hy	Smith Chas T
Frith Miss L	Smith Alex
Gaze M	Smith W
Gaudry Wm	Smith Thos
Glenn Alex	Story Chas
Goemley Patrick	Stewart Miss J
Gordon John	Tinney John
Gorman Miss Jane	Wallace Geo
Greer Thos	Walsh J W
Grant J P	Walker Lieut T
Hackland Mrs J	Wait Wm
Hallida Y F	Watt Willie
Harbottle Capt	Waldon Emily
Hayes Wm	Walters John
Hewson John	Weir John
Hewlett Thos	Welsh Mrs M
Hewsan John	West David
Hewson Miss Mary	White George
Hickey J	Wood H O
Hiel Mrs Ellen W	Wood D R
Hillingdon H E	Woods Miss A M
Hunter G	McBryde Jas
Jammy Robt	McCaw John
Johnston Miss Mary	McCardle Wm
Johnson W H	McCabe Pat
Johnson J T	McCarney Miss A
Kettles Miss M	McDonald J D R
Kennedy Robert	McDiarmid Robt
Kerr Cath	McDempsey M
King Chas	McDonald Alex
King Geo	McGee John
King P B	McKay Jas
Lovick W	McLaughlin Wm
Logue C	McRae F W
Mackie Chas	McPherson John
Martin Geo P	McCuan Wm

142 names

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

The undersigned being about to visit England, offers the following properties for sale:

A large Brick Dwelling situate on Besserer and Chapel Streets, with Coach House, Stables, &c.

12 Cottages on Augusta street, producing a clear rental of $760 per annum.

ALSO,

100 Acres of Land at L'Orignal, being south half of Lot No. 15, fourth Concession of Caledonia.

Terms to suit the purchaser.

1810d JAS G ROBINSON.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE of MAIL

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY P.M.
......	12.45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	....	4.20
......	12.45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00		4.20
......	......	9.00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8.00		6.00
......	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	....	6.00
10.15	12.45	9.00	United States, *via* Ogdensburg	8.00	....	4.20
10.15	12.45	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	....	4.20
10.15	......	......	North Gower, *Kars*, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway		....	4.20
10.15	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c	....	....	4.20
9.20	2.00		Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	....	3.00
9.20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	....	....	3.00
0.30	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	
1	......	......	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c			7.00
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	....	....	700
10.00	......	......	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00		
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	....	....	6.00
11.50	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	....	......

Matter to be posted up to 16.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P M. in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, June 7, 1871.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry, Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Furs, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866, besides numerous Testimonials. *Agents for Ottawa*—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until Noon of WEDNESDAY, the Sixth day of September next, for the widening of Sappers' Bridge and the construction of a new Bridge over the Rideau Canal to connect Wellington and Rideau Streets, according to the Engineer's plans and specifications, which may be seen at this office after the twentieth instant.

The bridges are to be constructed of iron and stone in a permanent manner, and may be let in one or more contracts as the City Council may decide after receiving the Tenders. The work is to be proceeded with at once, and good security will be required for the due performance of the contracts.

No tenders will be entertained unless made in the prescribed form. They are to be addressed to the undersigned, endorsed, "Tender for Bridges," and contain the names and addresses of two persons who are willing to become security for the contractor.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa 19th July, 1871. 1721td

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET,

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the ST. JAMES HOTEL. Strict attention to business. Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

COW LOST.

Strayed yesterday, from Sussex street, a White and Red colored Cow, with crooked horns. Any person finding the same will please give information to Messrs McDonnel & Mongenis, Wholesale Grocers, No. 66 Sussex street, when they will be rewarded.

Aug 5. 1736tf

HAVE YOU A COLD?
HAVE YOU A COUGH?
HAVE YOU BRONCHITIS?
HAVE YOU THE ASTHMA?
HAVE YOU ANY LUNG DIFFICULTY OR WEAKNESS IN YOUR THROAT?

Read the following:

Mrs. Amy Kennedy, of Painsville, Ohio, says—"I have suffered with Asthma 24 years; have been doctored by many physicians. As soon as I took the Balsam it relieved me. I cannot express the gratitude I feel for the benefit your Allen's Lung Balsam has been to me."

Dr. Harris, of Middlebury, Vt., says—"I had been troubled with Bronchitis for two years so affecting the organs of speech that I could not speak aloud for six weeks. I had with it a severe cough and cold night sweats. I took two bottles of Allen's Lung Balsam, and am entirely cured."

Capt. Foster, of Port Burwell, Ont., says—"I have been troubled with a cough, at times very severe, for years past. I have found Allen's Lung Balsam to relieve my cough more readily than any other cough medicine I have ever tried. My wife also used it with the most satisfactory results."

The Balsam is sold by all Druggists. Price $1 per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
GENERAL AGENTS,
Providence and Montreal.

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

FOR SALE.

BRAE SIDE STEAM SAW MILL,

Situated near Arnprior, Province of Ontario, and extensive Timber Limits on the River Coulonge, Province of Quebec.

The Mill has just been completed, and is most substantially built and fitted with the most improved Machinery, and can manufacture 140,000 feet of lumber per day. It has an extensive piling ground attached to it. Being placed where the Brockville Railway runs beside the Ottawa River, the lumber manufactured by it may be sent direct to the United States market. The limits comprise about 280 square miles of valuable Pine Timber country, with two extensive and productive Farms, and having commodious Dwelling Houses, Storehouses and Stables erected on them. They are also supplied with a large stock of provisions, horse feed and shanty plant for next season's operations

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be had by applying to J. B. Lewis, Esq., Barrister, Ottawa, or from Mr. George Purvis, at the offices of the Mill.

Ottawa, July 28, 1871. 1729 d&w4 1awk

To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

F WOOD, J P.

Warden County of Hastings Province of Ontario. Dominion of Canada.

SEEDS! SEEDS

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

☞ FLOWER SEEDS. ☜

A. CHRISTIE & CO.
(Late Alex. Christie.)
Druggists,
40, Sparks-st

Ottawa, April 28, 1871

Medical.

MESSRS GABRIELS'
CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE
TEETH & GUMS
AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE
ARE SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL
PARTS OF THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY
MESSRS GABRIEL.
DENTISTS
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	"SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.
MESSRS GABRIEL'S	ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweatens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

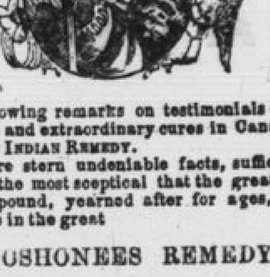
MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 1 1871

SHOSNEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Conseeon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.1y

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public —it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1532tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommened may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

WANTED,

A good Carriage and Sleigh Maker, and Blacksmith, at Kinburn, Township of Fitzroy. A good business chance for both, with shop accommodations. Steady and good workmen only need apply.

ALLAN FRASER

Kinburn 2nd August 1871. 1730tf

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, and Notary Public. Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 68y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Notary Public. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 95y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 4outf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Maltoch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. 1&y F C CLEMOW

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT,
NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MARCIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetrau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.

Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

G. C. RAINBOTH,
Provincial Land Surveyor and Draughtsman, commissioned for the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.
Office. Aylmer, P. Q. 1722 tf

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,

ACCOUNTANT, ACTUARY AND AUDITOR.

Merchants' Books periodically posted and balanced Balance Sheets, Partnership Accounts Accounts in Bankruptcy and Public Companies accounts accurately prepared, Complicated accounts investigated and corrected.

OFFICE—Immigrant Aid Society's offices Aumond's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb 20 1871. 1595 6m

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED,

For a few weeks, for a lady and child, within a short distance of the City. Apply at this office, addressed "W. T. U." 1723d&w tf

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1866.

WM. H. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelised Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

I G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

1871. ICE! 1871.

ICE! ICE!

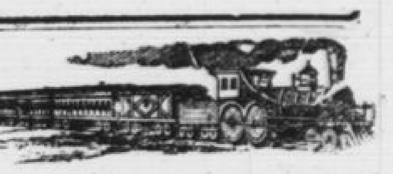
The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street

Ottawa, May 1648



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed.

Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

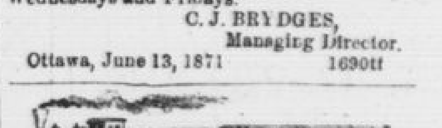
On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at .... 6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at...... 9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at...... 9.00 p.m
Mixed Train for Brockville, at.....11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at.................. 5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at 7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at................. 8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at.......... 2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston..........10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz.:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1689 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

T. BELLEMARE.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory and Wholesale Dealer No. 67 Sussex-st.

OTTAWA.

Having made extensive alterations in my Manufactory, I am now prepared to take orders for the ensuing Spring Trade. For the best and latest styles in Gentlemen's, Ladies, Misses, and Childrens BOOTS and SHOES, which for style, durability and elegance, in appearance, defy competition.

As I have no travelling agent, I would respectfully invite dealers in my line of Trade, to give me a call and examine my Stock.

I would particularly call your attention to the very low prices for the large stock I have on hand, and those purchasing of me will find all orders filled with promptness and despatch

Ottawa, March 4, 1871 1605 3m

DOMINION HOUSE

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel

Ottawa, May 15, 1871. 1665 6m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.

Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES.

November 26, 1870 1524tf

MORRISON'S

STEAM BISCUIT BAKERY

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your Orders are solicited, and will be PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO by

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,
Nos. 36 and 38 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre), Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1760. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Gooderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Destillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc. Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU W

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA.

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 3m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
1683 " Forfars (expected daily)
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills

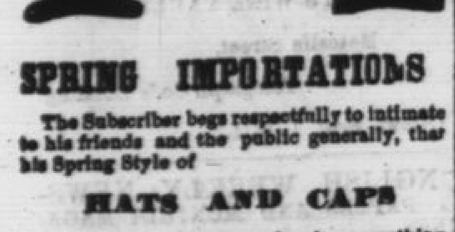
CANADIAN GOODS :

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
10 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 16, 1871



SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL, Solicitor, Post Office Block.

1746

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

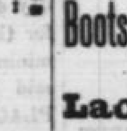
Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.



100 CASES

HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT

"THE RED BOOT,"

OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overs,

MOCCASINS,

Laces & Boot Dressing

Which will be sold at the very lowest price possible,

Wholesale and Retail.

City and country dealers will find (on giving us a call) that they can be supplied at

Montreal Prices—Freight Added.

Having received a good part of our

Fall and Winter Goods

We are prepared to EXECUTE PROMPTLY all orders.

All summer goods selling at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Orders for Hand Made Custom Work attended to promptly.

A full sett of

Messrs. Ames, Millard & Co's Samples of BOOTS and SHOES, always on view, and orders taken at lowest prices. One of our firm will wait on the merchants of Ottawa City and District soliciting orders.

Agents for wholesaling of Wm. Clendinneng's manufacture of *Stoves, Iron-furniture, Railings, Builders* and all kinds of *Plain and Fancy Castings.*

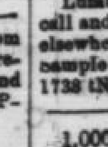
Agents for the celebrated

Plantagenet Mineral Water.

Orders promptly attended to.

LAMB & RODDEN,
No. 28, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, July 20, 1871.



BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 88 Sussex Street, Ottawa.
1728 1NY SIMEON LEBEAU, Agent.

1,000 yards of Japanese silks at 50 cents per yard at Allan, McKinnon's & McMorran's.

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway,

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P. M
8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

Nos. 2, 4, 3, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:1 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6 40 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2 4 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.00 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

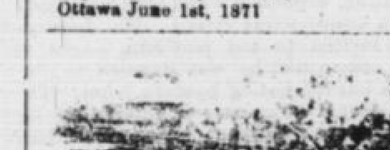
Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, taws

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.
Ottawa June 1st, 1871



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after WEDNESDAY, JUNE 1st, 1 Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville

EXPRESS at 7 ... arriving at Ottawa at 1 00 p.m., and at Sand Point, at 1.30 p.m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 10.00 a.m., and 4.30 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 2.00 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 5.4 p.m., and at Sand Point, 6 30 p.m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a.m. arriving at Brockville at 1.34 p.m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and ...

LOCAL TRAINS at 1.50 p.m., and 6.2? p.m

Arrive at Sand Point

at 3.50 p.m., 10.00 p.m., 6.15 p.m. 1.3? p.m

Leave Sand Point

At 8.30 a.m., 11.3? a.m., 3.0? ... 2.9? p.m

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a.m, after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk. Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment

H ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, June 6 1871

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

NESTORIAN	26th August
SCANDINAVIAN	2nd September
HIBERNIAN	9th "
MORAVIAN	15th "
SARMATIAN	23rd "
PRUSSIAN	30th "

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin	$70 to $80
Steerage	$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN, on or about	31st Aug.
OTTAWA "	7th Sept.
ST. DAVID "	14th "
ST. ANDREW "	21st "
ST. PATRICK "	28th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin	$67 25
Intermediate	$47 or 44 00
Steerage	28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-
Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1590tf

RARE CHANCE.

The advertiser has received instructions to offer for SALE, by TENDER, at so much in the Dollar, as per Inventory Valuation,

A WELL ASSORTED TAILOR'S STOCK,

Consisting of English Cloths, Canada Tweeds, Trimmings, &c., &c., amounting to over $4,000.

The Goods are all in first-class order, and have been well selected.

The above offers an excellent opportunity to any one about to commence business, as the goodwill can be secured.

Every information may be had by addressing Box 468, Montreal, and Stock Sheets can be seen on application to the undersigned.

Tenders will be received until the 26th instant. Parties making other than a CASH offer, will please name security.

C. BAILLIE,
181 St. James' Street.
Montreal, August 5th, 1871 1730dA

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET.

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons,
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under shirts
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

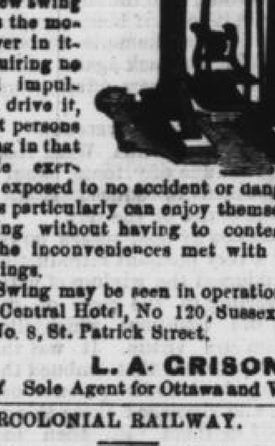
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)



This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex street, and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street,

L. A. GRISON,
1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway hereby give public notice that they are prepared to receive TENDERS for TRACK-LAYING and BALLASTING on 75¼ miles of the line, being Sections 4, 7, and 12, in the Province of Nova Scotia. Tenders may be for the whole distance, or for separate Sections.

Specifications and forms of tender can be obtained at the Commissioners' Office, Ottawa, and at the offices of the Engineers at Truro and Amherst.

Sealed Tenders, marked "Tenders," and addressed to the Commissioners, will be received at their Office in Ottawa, up to 12 o'clock noon, on MONDAY, the 25th day of September, 1871.

Tenders will also be received at the same time and place for 300 tons of Spikes according to samples, to be seen at the above named offices.

Tenders to state price per ton of 2,240 lbs., delivered in equal quantities at Truro and Amherst Railway Stations. 50 tons to be delivered at Amherst by the 16th October, and 50 tons by the 1st November next. Balance of delivery by 1st July, 1872.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.

Intercolonial Railway Commissioners' Office,
Ottawa, 14th August, 1871.

McGILL NORMAL SCHOOL.

The fifteenth session of this School will commence on FRIDAY, 1st SEPTEMBER 1871.

Students trained in this School are, after passing its examinations, entitled to Provincial Diplomas as Teachers.

On passing the Examination, Students not resident in Montreal will be entitled to Bursaries in aid of their Board; and, if resident more than ninety miles from Montreal, to an allowance for travelling expenses.

Tuition and use of Text Books free.

Candidates for admission will present themselves, if possible, at the Normal School, Belmont Street, Montreal, on September 1st, at 9 a.m.

MODEL SCHOOL

—OF—

McGILL NORMAL SCHOOL.

The classes re-assemble on FRIDAY, the 1st September, at 9 a.m.

Prospectuses containing full information concerning the Courses in McGill Normal School, and Forms of Admission, may be had either at the office of the undersigned, or at the School.

W C BAYNES, B A,
Secretary.
July 4, 1871. 1708wkJ&A

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

METCALFE ST.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Spirits, 50 over proof,
Old Rye, Malt and Family Proof Whiskeys,
Very Old Chippawa,
Eureka Rye Whiskey,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy,
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Burgundy Ports
Domecq's and Greek Sherries,
Clarets,
Sauternes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Finest Wine Vinegar,
Liqueurs, &c.
Bass', Guinness', Dow's, Dawes', Labatt's and Cosgrave's Ales and Porters, &c., &c.
Liberal terms.

Inspection invited.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building,
11 Metcalfe street,
Ottawa, July 22, 1871.

Circus and Caravan

COMING.

A Herd of Eight Elephants!

Recently added to the Exhibition, will appear in the Grand Procession in the City of Ottawa.

FULL TROOP OF BRITISH RIDERS AND ACROBATS.

THE GREATEST EXHIBITION

Ever given will come off in

OTTAWA,

SATURDAY, September 16,

Afternoon and Evening,

ONE DAY ONLY,

Howe's Great London Circus

AND

SANGER'S English Menagerie

OF TRAINED ANIMALS.

The Magnificent, Gorgeous and Costly Golden Chariot Procession, the Largest and Most Brilliant Cavalcade of the kind ever seen, with its

FIVE COLOSSAL CHARIOTS,

Drawn through the streets by teams of Zebras, Shetland Ponies, Abyssinian Donkeys and beautiful Flemish Horses.

100 *Knights in Burnished Steel Armor,*

Ladies in full Circassian Costume, attended by their Equerries, Squires, Pages, &c., in appropriate Dresses, with Banners, Flags, Superb Trappings, &c., and the full

BRITISH CORNET BAND,

Conceded by the Profession to be the best musical accompaniment ever heard in a circus.

Doors open at 1 and at 7 p.m.

Admission, 50 cents Children under ten 25 cents. 1747td

GREAT

TRADE SALE

By Auction.

TEN THOUSAND CASES

INDIA RUBBER OVERSHOES

The subscribers have received instructions from the QUEBEC RUBBER CO to close out BY AUCTION, at their agency, 19 St. Helen Street, Montreal, on WEDNESDAY, 6th SEPTEMBER, their entire remaining stock of Men's, Women's, Boys', Misses' and Children's Rubber Overshoes, Wool lined Shoes Felt and Cloth Boots, &c, &c.

JOHN LEEMING & CO,
Auctioneers.
July 4. 1708awk6w

YOUNG LADIES SEMINARY

OF

NOTRE DAME DU SACRE CŒUR,

Rideau Street.

CONDUCTED BY THE GREY NUNS.

The usual Courses of Instruction will begin on FRIDAY, the first of September next.

The Ladies of this Institution, in announcing the opening of their classes for the coming term, would tender their grateful acknowledgments to their many friends in Canada and the United States, for the distinguished encouragement extended to them.

Ottawa, 3rd August. 1734td

THE REV. G. JEMMETT, M.A.,

WILL OPEN A

SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

ON

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 4,

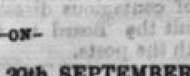
In the School Room in Mr. Skead's building Queen street, formerly occupied by Rev. J. May.

The course of instruction will comprise the usual English branches, French, Latin, Greek and Mathematics.

An Assistant required.

For further particulars, application may be made to the Rev. J. S. Lauder, Rev. H. Pollard, or after September 1st, to the Head Master.

Ottawa, August 28. 1754 td



OTTAWA TURF CLUB.

The Annual Meeting of the above Club will take place at

MUTCHMORS DRIVING PARK

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, 20th SEPTEMBER.

—AND—

FRIDAY 22nd SEPTEMBER,

When $2,000 in Purses will be given to be run for as follows:

Lumbermen's Purse of $200.
Steward's Plate of $300.
Hotel-Keepers' Purse of $300.
Hurdle Race of $300.
Carleton Plate of $500.
Ladies' Cup of $150.
Consolation Stakes of $200.

Full particulars in large posters.

Any further information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

EDWARD C. BARBER,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Ottawa, August 10, 1871. 1747-td

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY,

For SALE by PRIVATE CONTRACT, being part of Lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, and Lots Nos. 6, 7, 8, and 9, in one block, equal to about three quarters of an acre, situated on the west side of the Canal (Ordnance reserve). There is an excellent Brick House on the property, well finished, with outbuildings, &c. The property can be divided into lots or used as a garden, the soil being of the very best. A clear title can be given.

For any further information apply to

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, August 1st, 1871: 1763tf

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XXXII.

AT LAST.

"I have gone through much trouble my self since we parted," that gentleman said, as if to change the subject. And then he went on to tell Andrew all about his loss, and how it would compel him to give up his house in London, and insure his life heavily, and remain entirely at Eclin. Habit is strong, and although they had been so long separated, and for such sufficient reasons, Mr. Alton could not help drooping into familiar conversation with the man he had once regarded as so much a friend.

"I am very glad to have seen you again," he said, as the curate rose to depart; "come and dine with my club some day—will you on Wednesday next?—than you."

But before Wednesday arrived, Mr. Alton appeared in Essex Marsh. Andrew found him waiting his return one afternoon, when he came in from parish work, and could not help noticing how pale and haggard his visitor looked.

"Miss Alton is not worse, I trust?" he exclaimed.

"No," was the reply. "I have come to speak to you about yourself. Do you remember that day at Eclin when you told me the reason you had decided to leave?"

"I am never likely to forget it."

"If you were at Eclin now, would the same reason still influence you?"

"It would. Spite of all I have suffered since, I should leave."

"Then I am to conclude your feelings have undergone no change?"

"Mr. Alton," the curate said, steadily, "if, in the kindness of your heart, you have come here to-day to speak of some preferment you can get for me in your neighborhood, supposing only I have conquered my folly, I tell you fairly I must not take it. There is no chance for me, but keeping away. Were I to be with Miss Alton, I could not help speaking some day, and then you would reproach me, and with reason—"

"I should not. I want you to speak now," Mr. Alton answered. "I need not tell you I had different views for Joy—that it has all been a great blow to me—that even this terrible loss has made it seem more necessary and desirable for her to marry a rich man, if she marry at all. But still my child is dearer to me than any worldly considerations, and I say again, if you have formed no fresh engagement, if you are in the same mind as you were in then, I will place no obstacle in the way, and you shall be as much my son, as Joy is my daughter."

"Had he forgotten, or had he purposely ignored, all which was said at that interview?" Andrew thought, and for a moment he opened his lips to ask the question, but ere he could form it into words Mr. Alton spoke again.

"Have you contracted any other attachment," he said, impatiently, "or got into any entanglement which should prevent your marriage?"

"No," Andrew answered, "but—Miss Alton?"

"I suspect you know all about Miss Alton much better than I," her father exclaimed impatiently. "When I told her you had called, she said nothing, and made no remark about you till last night, when she asked, if you came again, to be allowed to see you. She was very low and weak, and, I do believe, thought she was dying, for she asked my forgiveness, and said, if she might only live, she would try to get over it, and be a comfort to me, if—if—I would—not ask her to marry any one else. It—seems—hard—" Mr. Alton was going on, when he broke down fairly, and turned away to hide the tears he could not keep back.

Then in a moment the resolution of years was swept away—the temptation was too strong to be overcome; the full tide of happiness came, wave after wave, flooding Andrew Hardell's soul, with a rapture which obliterated every old landmark of sorrow, every beacon he had lit to warn himself off the rocks where danger lay hidden.

He forgot—not his position—but his resolves. Had the time not come when they might be set at naught? Had he not suffered, had he not endured, had he not labored, had he not kept his life darkened, and the fires of his heart unlit?—and should he now—after the years, when the dear arms were stretched out towards him once more, when even her father bade him take her—refuse?

"O my God!" he half prayed, "is it now enough?"

"Give her to me—only give her!" he cried, laying his hand on Mr. Alton's arm. And Mr. Alton, turning at sound of that exultant consent, beheld, as it seemed to him, a different man standing there, with the firelight over his face—a man from whom the weight of years appeared lifted, for whom life held a hope once more.

CHAPTER XXXIII.

COMING EVENTS.

If a man make a mistake once in his life he is pretty nearly certain—opportunity occurring—to fall into a similar error again. For supposing him to be of a speculative turn of mind, he is never satisfied with one burning of his fingers; the moment occasion presents itself of making a spoon or losing a horn, he goes straight away and performs the latter feat. Past experience, whether of his own or any one else's is useless to him; for although the garb in which the present appear may be but the very thinnest and most transparent disguise of the past, he is willing to believe the face different—the old lying deceiver true.

And in like manner the individual who matrimonially makes one unhappy choice, will as a rule, if his first wife obligingly die and leave him free to wed again—wed again foolishly. It is the same with persons who fail to keep their situations, their appointments, their engagements, their tempers, their words; to the end the fool remains a fool, and the rogue a rogue; the thief incapable of deserving trust, the liar of speaking the truth. Even in this world, that "still," which is perhaps the most awful denunciation contained in the New Testament, is fulfilled in men's daily lives. As therein it is stated that the unjust shall continue unchanged, so here we find that what a man is in youth he proves in age; the taint is never eradicated, the plague-spot never removed.

And because people do not change; and because they have a fancy for following old paths which lead to trouble, Andrew Hardell—who had felt, one might have thought, enough of the evil consequences of concealment and living in falsehood—spite of his vows, resolutions, and experience, engaged himself to Joe Alton, and so began for himself just the same series of troubles as he had prepared that night when under the arching trees on the way to New Abbey the pelting rain fell on the face of a dead man, while he who had killed him fled desperately away from the accursed spot.

The words of exultation were scarcely out of his lips before he knew what he had done for himself; before grasping—feebly, it might be, yet still grasping—the full extent of the deceit he should have to practice, his heart grew sick, because of the cheat and the imposter he was. As he had felt that morning when he beheld the place whence that missing button had been torn from his coat, so he felt standing in the vicarage library listening to Mr. Alton talking of his disappointment, of his natural hope that Joy would have chosen differently.

He made no disguise of his regret, and Andrew never felt offended. He was so wrapped up in the contemplation of his old sorrow, that words might have wounded him under other circumstances, fell almost unheeded on his ear; yet then, as when he sat looking out on Criffel, it was only at his trouble he gazed, not at the best and manliest way out of that trouble.

When through the darkness he carried his wretched secret with him while he hurried along, when he lay seeking forgetfulness in sleep, when he strove to eat in order to deceive his landlady, and joined in the laughter which echoed outside the inn door, it was still competent—difficult it may be—but still competent for him to have retraced his steps, he did precisely the same thing as when he cried out, "Give her to me, only give her to me!" leaving her father in ignorance of his antecedents.

And although, when the hour came that he held Joy to his heart and poured out all the passion, all the mad love he had tried to conceal, all the tenderness he had been keeping back in the depths of his nature, heaven seemed to be a present possession, yet, nevertheless, while he paced homeward towards Essex Marsh, he felt hell had opened for him. And he was right. I can imagine no worse hell than that into which a man voluntarily plunges when he elects to live a lie with those he loves—with the one, above all, who is dearer to him than the whole world besides.

He knew he had made a mistake. He knew he had taken another false step, and yet he went on. He woke in the night steeped in a cold sweat, and with the voices of his dreams still hissing in his ear. "Liar," "Murderer," those voices cried; and almost unconsciously he flung his right hand—that hand which dealt the blow—out over the coverlet, feeling as though there were hot blood upon it! God help him!

And still he went on, If in the watches of the night he resolved, come what would, to go when morning broke and reveal every thing to Mr. Alton; yet when the sun arose, and he heard the birds singing, and saw the world still beautiful even for him, he lacked courage to curse over again her life and his. "It was too late," he argued, "too late!" He had said the same thing to himself when he climbed Criffel in the early morning; when he trod the cliffs beyond Colswam out into the Solway. He had said it when he lay down the second night after his encounter with Kenneth Challerson—the turf his bed and the heavens his roof. He had said so when freedom seemed very near, when he sat in the "Selkirk Arms," waiting for the time to arrive when the Liverpool steamer should slip—with him on board—quietly down the Dee. He whispered it in Kirkcudbright Jail, and through all those awful days which elapsed ere he was removed to Dumfries; and once again he repeated the sentence when the bells clanged and the trumpets blew, and my lords entered the Queen of the South, where Andrew Hardell lay waiting to thole his assize.

And now, after the passage of days, weeks, months, years, during every hour of which almost he had felt the smart of the scourge he prepared for himself among the heather and the gorse, he repeated "too late" again, and wove thongs wherewith to lash himself, out of the silken tresses of a woman's hair.

He had been afraid then of what he might have to encounter—he was afraid now of what he should have to lose.

As he had made up his mind when he was taken off to Kirkcudbright Jail to bear any thing rather than confess, so now, having almost against his will chosen a given path, he resolved to proceed upon it, let the result prove what it would.

And, after all, why should the past ever be revealed? It was gone, and he changed. For years and years the dead man had been mouldering in his grave. For years no tidings had come from Anthony. For years he had passed for other than himself, and his very personal identity was now so altered that no one was ever likely to tax him with being other than he actually seemed.

Further, and this was perhaps the portion of his argument which Andrew Hardell repeated to himself with the greatest comfort and satisfaction—thrown as he was into intimate association with all sorts and conditions of men, he knew that most human beings have their secrets, great or small, which they carry with them, and which are seldom confided to wife or child, to husband or mother.

To be continued.

OLLA PODRIDA.

The Queen will remain in the Highlands until the middle of November, and then return to Windsor Castle for the winter season.

President Thiers intends, it is said during the vacation of the French National Assembly, to make a long journey through France, for the purpose of visiting the principal fortified places.

Clara Gottschalk, sister of the dead pianist, has visited the Emperor of Brasil, in London, and gained his promise to look up her brother's effects when he went home. Gottschalk left large quantities of manuscript music, much jewelry, and an autobiography almost complete.

They have a very severe attack of Rail road fever at Puget Sound. One of the papers closes a long article with: "Then blow, ye winds! put your shoulders to the wheel, ye steam gods! and hasten on the time for which we are looking, longing, dying."

A man and his wife, who had not met for eight years, recently found each other in a Chicago police court, both charged with drunkenness.

A few days ago the wife of Samuel Hamest, of Carthage, Illinois, was kicked in the chin by a mule, causing her to bite off the end of her tongue. Since then Mr. Hamest has been offered thousands of dollars for that mule, but will not part with it—his chance to a marry second time being probable.

The Pope's family are nearly all centenarians, and the longevity of the family is proverbial at Sinigalina, the Pope's birthplace.

At Berlin, the scheme for a canal to unite the Baltic and the North Sea is now under more serious consideration than ever. "The cutting," says one of the papers, "across a plateau two or three miles wide, and of which the highest elevation is not more than sixty-eight feet, cannot present any serious difficulties."

Instances are not unknown where the bite of an enraged human being has proved as fatal, if not in just the same way, as that of a rabid dog or cat. Margaret Geary died in New York, on Sunday, from the effects of a bite on the thumb, inflicted about the beginning of the present month, by Ann Foley. Excessive suppuration of the wound was the direct cause of death. Ann has been arrested.

A young wife in Detroit, Mich., was discovered, three days after her marriage, to be a victim of kleptomania. She confessed to her husband, what he had never suspected, though he had known her for years, that she could not resist the temptation to steal whatever was before her. Subsequently she disappeared and, it is feared, has committed suicide. She had even stolen many things of not the slightest value to her, such as empty cans and bottles.

Here is a neat sample of the sort of personal items that weigh upon the consciences of local editors in India: We are very glad to learn that the marriage of Mr Rughoothuadas Madhowdawdas, at Kupola Bunia, merchant of Bombay, with Dhanodorhal, the daughter of Shet Gudhardas Mohundas, and the widow of Luchmichand Dhurumsey, was celebrated at Chinchpooly."

A drenching rain storm almost spoiled the Howe re-union in Boston on Wednesday, but Hon. Joseph Howe, Mrs. Julia Howe, Colonel Frank E. Howe, of N. Y., and several members of the family from Brooklyn, New Orleans, and New England were present.

A panic prevails at Athens, Greece, on account of an anticipated brigand invasion. An expedition is undoubtedly organizing on Turkish territory, and military preparations have been made to oppose it.

The Princess of Wales no longer walks with the very perceptible limp which was so fashionable during one or two seasons, and as a matter of course, the "Alexandra limp" is disappearing from fashionable circles.

An ingenious toy for children is a small steamer which explodes by machinery, scattering the passengers in every direction.

Sir Walter Scott's favorite wine-cup was one which had travelled from Edinburgh to Derby in the canteen of Prince Charlie. Lockhart says that its bottom was of glass, that he who quaffed it might keep his eye the while upon the dirk hand of his companion.

Recently, a gentleman who was swimming off Dover, England, some distance out at sea, and attended by a boat, was seized by a devil fish (the monstrous *pieuvre* written of by Victor Hugo.) The fish seized the swimmer with its suckers, and was dragging him under the water, when the boatman, fortunately caught the gentleman by the hair of the head and pulled him away from the clutches of the hideous creature, a portion of the fish still clinging to him. The swimmer was quite prostrate, and bleeding in many parts of the body where the fish had seized him, and has since suffered much from the shock to his system. The story comes to us well authenticated.

An appalling calamity has befallen the inhabitants of the Islands of St. Thomas, and St. Kitts in the West Indies. A hurricane has swept over them—destroying everything standing upon the grounds, and rendering over six thousand persons homeless, and over 150 persons were killed. To add to the misery and horror of these poor people the islands were shaken by shocks of earthquake, and naturally everybody imagined that the earth was about to be destroyed. The islands visited by these dreadful calamities are desolate to the extreme.

Two young Virginians, desperately in love with the same young lady, had a fierce fight with riding whips and knives as they were riding home on horseback from church on Sunday. One of them received an ugly cut the length of his face.

A young miss in a recitation in geography, informed her astonished teacher that "the mammoth caravan, in Kentucky, is the greatest living curiosity, and has been exploded ten miles from its mouth."

In one of Cooper's novels occurs the following passage: "He dismounted in front of the house and tied his horse to a large locust." A French author, in translating the passage, rendered it thus: "He descended from his horse in front of his chateau, and tied him to a large grasshopper."

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks. —"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa. Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills.' Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinline packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homoeopathic Chemists, London d1509 1y

COUGHS AND COLDS

Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly, when taken in the early stages of disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the Lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are immitations be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine.* Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

All the year round, "Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders" should be given to horses that are "kept up." To horses and cattle that graze in summer they should only be given in winter and spring.

THE GREAT EASTERN STEAMSHIP.—Unlike any other exhibition, we believe the sight of this noble vessel has given good satisfaction to the thousands of persons who travelled to Quebec to view her, and well repaid them for their outlay; and it is just so with the "Canadian Pain Destroyer." There never was anything that gave such satisfaction; it relieves pain almost instantly, and is the finest thing in the world for rheumatism, neuralgia, and pains in the stomach, &c. 25 cents will buy a bottle of it. Sold by all medicine dealers.

CARELESSNESS.

Many persons neglect their horse's health and condition until it is too late, when at a trifling expense and no trouble, the horse might have been saved if attended to in time. To all who may have occasion to use an article of the kind, we would confidently recommend "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy;" it is without doubt the best preparation in use, as thousands who have used it testify. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS MOTHERS

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold every where. Be sure and call for

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Coughs and colds, when left to themselves, frequently bring on pulmonary complaints, which lead to that distressing and fatal disease, consumption; but if attended to in time, "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers" are a certain remedy. They stop the irritating cough, and soothe and strengthen the bronchial tubes, allaying all irritations and inflammation. They are also particularly adapted for the use of singers and public speakers. Sold by all druggists and country dealers Price 25 cents per box.

AS THE RESULTS OF FAST LIVING AND ALL free use of stimulants, fatty degeneration of the Heart, Liver and Kidneys frequently occurs; the heart becomes feeble and irregular in action, the liver torpid, the kidneys fail to perform their function properly, and the complexion gradually assumes a pasty hue, the appetite is capricious, digestion feeble, bowels more or less inactive, and a general feeling of lassitude and indisposition to exertion pervades the system. From this deplorable state of health relief may be speedily obtained, by the use of Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya, which is a ... ical Food and Nutritive Tonic. The appetite will be improved, digestion invigorated, assimilation perfected, the constitution ... ous.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

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Household Furniture by Auction—J. Bermingham.

The Ottawa Times.
Office—38 Sparks Street.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1871.

A correspondent calls attention to "the numerous foul smelling and health destroying pig styes, &c., that exist in most of the crowded back streets of Lower Town." We trust that the Corporation will see what can be done to obviate this dangerous nuisance.

In the course of his speech the other day, at Galt, Mr. Mackenzie stated that there was a difference of $2,000,000 between the cost of steel and iron rails for the Intercolonial Railway, the former of course costing the most. This statement was altogether untrue. We have made enquiries and find that steel rails will only cost $500,000 more than iron rails. Why will the members of the Opposition and their organs persist in making such reckless and unfounded assertions? People will soon begin to refuse to believe them, even when they do speak the truth.

THE DAWSON ROUTE.

The leading Opposition organ returns to the charge on behalf of the parties who broke down in the attempt to construct two steamboats at Fort Francis. We have already on two previous occasions alluded to this matter at some length, and it is only necessary to repeat that Captain Dick, the original contractor, having taken the work into his own hands and sent a large number of ship carpenters up from Quebec, has no doubt that the steamers will be completed next spring, before which time their services will not be required. It is rather amusing however to see the *Globe* finding fault with Mr. Dawson and his work, the only objection to that gentleman being the fact that he is employed by the Dominion Government. The organ says:

Mr. Dawson has made a *sufficient muddle of North Western road making already*, and has shown incompetency and perverseness.

In its issue of the day previous, viz., on Friday last, it published a long and interesting letter from its "own correspondent," entitled, "A trip to Thunder Bay," in which appeared the following in reference to the road constructed by Mr. Dawson, under circumstances of peculiar difficulty, between Thunder Bay and Lake Shebandowan.

Where the grading is finished it is very well made indeed, and owing to the dry season in some measure of course, but also to the manner in which the road is thrown up and drained almost no ruts or inequalities exist. Where the road is gravelled and fully completed nothing can be finer. We bowled along for miles as smoothly as if going down the avenue of a gentleman's park. The writer would be willing to exchange the road of the street he lives on for the worst mile he saw on the Dawson road. * * * * *

There is one stiff hill at the Oskondage up which the road was built to enable the military expedition to pass, but which is to be altered so as to avoid the steep ascent in some measure. Altogether the road is a better one than the highway from Hamilton to Brantford was two years ago, and the ascents are no steeper and not longer than exist in the neighbourhood of Ancaster and Dundas.

Now, who are the readers of the *Globe* to believe with reference to Mr. Dawson's capabilities as a roadmaker; the correspondent who having travelled over the Dawson road declares that "nothing can be finer," or the writer of the editorial who knows nothing whatever about the matter from practical experience, and whose only object is to make a point against the Government, by attacking a Government employee? One or the other must be in error. If the road is as good as the correspondent in common with everyone who has travelled over it declares that it is, then it is false to assert that Mr. Dawson has "made a muddle of North Western roadmaking." This may be accepted as another notable instance of the organ's utter unreliability.

A PROFANE JESTER.

The leading organ of the Opposition has lately thought proper to find fault with the Premier of Ontario for having made use of an improper expression, which however it has been conclusively proved that he did *not* use. But why does not the *Globe* look after the morality of it own followers a little? Why does it only take upon itself to correct the errors of its political opponents while the Grits themselves are permitted unrebuked to wallow in the mire of iniquity? Of course we could not expect anything in the shape of very elegant English from Mr. Rymal; still it might have been supposed that since Messrs. Mackenzie and Blake have allowed him to travel in their company, he would have had the good sense to abstain from profane ribaldry, which however familiar to him and suited to his own peculiar tastes, is a disgrace to the political party with which he is associated. This is what he said of Mr. Lawson in the course of his late speech at the Grit demonstration in the county of Norfolk.

Mr. Lawson not having the fear of God before his eyes, nor the welfare of the people and being moved and instigated by the devil, aided by Sir John A. Macdonald, basely betrayed the confidence which the Reformers of South Norfolk placed in him; and as the electors were the jury empanelled to try him, he fancied the jury, would with one accord, say to him, as our Master did unto Peter: Before the cock crow twice, thou shalt deny me thrice. He believed that his friend Peter Lawson was a greater adept at denying his principles than the first Peter even was, because in his opinion he could deny them thrice before it would be possible for the cock to crow once."

As we remarked yesterday there is no argument weaker than the *tu quoque* argument, nor would the fact of a notoriously ribald jester like Mr. Rymal using language of this description, justify Mr. Sandfield Macdonald in doing the same. But we do think that before the *Globe* attempts to lecture Ministers and Ministerialists on the proprieties, it might take a little trouble to improve the morality of its own followers.

NOT REPORTED.

The Barrie *Examiner* calls attention to the fact that the speeches made by Mr. Mackenzie and the other Grit orators at Galt and elsewhere, were not reported in full. It appears to us, however, that it is easy enough to understand why this is the case. The statements made by these gentlemen at the demonstrations referred to are so utterly untrue and devoid of all credence, that it would never do to make them generally public, because if they were, they would be at once refuted. At these Grit gatherings no one is allowed to say a word in defence of the Government, or in contradiction of the outrageous statements made by Mr. Mackenzie and the rest. Consequently whatever they say is accepted as true and duly "swallowed" by the audience. In another place we have referred to one statement made by Mr. Mackenzie. That gentleman asserted that steel rails for the Intercolonial Railway would cost $2,000,000 more than iron rails, whereas the fact is that they will only cost $500,000 more and will doubtless prove the most economical in the end. Many other statements equally untrue are made at these meetings which if published could and would be refuted. The sole aim and hope of the Grits being to mislead and deceive the public, we are not at all surprised that their speeches are not reported.

IGNORANCE AND INTOLERANCE.

It would be difficult to find throughout the length and breadth of Canada a more bigotted paper than the Carleton Place *Herald*. Fortunately its influence is very small, or its existence would be a grave misfortune to the country. Referring to a rumour to the effect that the Fenians designed to invade the Province of Manitoba, the *Herald* says:

"They (the Fenians) can easily pass by rail in dozens and half-dozens, until they muster in a considerable force at Pembina, and join the murderous bands of President Riel. They can then harrass and murder the industrous Canadian settlers to their heart's content, under the promptings, prayers and benedictions of Bishop Tache, Father Richotte & Co. They can have their butchery completed before our Minister of Militia will interfere or send up soldiers to the rescue. He will, probably, content himself, without taking much action, or as on a former similar occasion, by escorting their advisers arm-in-arm through the streets of the capital! Should the Government be forced by public opinion to repeat the farce of sending up troops too late, they will again find all the troubles of last year at the Sault."

The Toronto *Telegraph*, a journal by no means favourably disposed towards Bishop Tache, and the organ of the Orange party, very properly denounces the fanaticism displayed by the *Herald*. The *Telegraph* says:

"We have never seen anything to equal this for howling ignorance of history and brutal bigotry. It is men like the man of the *Herald* who plant the deeds of disorder in a new country, and set one race against another to the state's incalculable damage. We cannot see anything that can rouse the *Herald* man's bigotry to its present pitch. If he believes the story about General O'Neil threatening the North West, he has greater faith than any sane man in Ontario. If he believes that Bishop Tache would connive at or encourage murder, he is a wretched, living example of the extent to which bigotry drives weak-minded men. If he believes that the government of this country would stand idly by and see its territory desecrated and its people butchered, he is a fool of the first brand; but whether he believes these three things or not, he is a senseless alarmist and a disgrace to the profession of journalism, for publishing statements so wild and so utterly void of charity and truth."

We have to thank such journals as the Carleton Place *Herald*, and one or two others of the same class both in Ontario and Quebec, for whatever of sectionalism and sectarian intolerance exists in this country. If their power to work mischief was only equal to their willingness to do so, Canada would be in a state of chronic civil war.

LT-GOVERNOR TRUTCH TO THE PEOPLE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Lt-Governor Trutch has commenced his official career in British Columbia well His reply to an address from the Mayor and Corporation of Victoria is characterized by a manly frankness which cannot fail to arouse the sympathies of his friends, and to disarm the opposition of those who were disposed to be his enemies. We give it in full as it is well worthy of reproduction.

Mr Mayor and Gentlemen of the Municipal Council of Victoria.

I return you sincere thanks for the very kind and flattering expressions of welcome contained in your address, in response to which I will not confine myself to the ordinary formality of reply, but will avail myself of this, the first occasion which is afforded me, to say freely to you and through you to our community at large a few words on some topics personal to myself and on others of more general interest, which I believe will not be considered inopportune.

It is always a great happiness to me to find myself back once more at home in Victoria and on the occasion of my return among you my happiness is greatly enhanced by the honorable position to which I have been appointed and especially by the sentiments of good feeling and confidence with which you greet me and which greatly strengthen my hopes of being useful to British Columbia in my new relations towards her and give me good ground for the belief that I have not erred in accepting the office I now hold.

But, whilst I fully appreciate the honour thus conferred on me, I will frankly tell you that it was not until after much hesitation that I undertook the responsibility which attaches to it.

There were some circumstances which presented themselves to my mind when this office was most unexpectedly offered to me as likely to render my appointment not so acceptable to some in this country as that of a stranger would be, and thus lessen my prospect of successfully administering the affairs of the colony.

I had much diffidence, too, of my own capacity and fitness for the new sphere of duty proposed to me, and especially in succession to our late Governor Mr. Musgrove, to whose able and successful management of our affairs this country is so much indebted. Besides I have never had any aspirations to such a position. The bent of my inclinations lay in a different direction, to the line of my professional prospects which were more congenial to me and seemed to assure the more certain advancement of my material personal interests.

But it was presented to me as clearly my duty not to turn away from a work in which I have been engaged as an agent for the past two years, and I have accepted the trust with the single desire to ensure to the utmost the success of British Columbia under Confederation, and in the hope that each one in our community, putting aside all past issues, would join in assisting my endeavors to that end.

You must, I am sure, have appreciated the compliment to British Columbia which has been intended in the selection of one of yourselves as the first Lieutenant Governor of this Province; and if, after the energetic steps which have so promptly been taken in the initiation of the railroad explorations and geological survey, in the establishment of fortnightly mail service to San Francisco, in the assumption of our funded debt and discharge of all our local indebtedness, and in the other financial and departmental arrangements which are now being carried into effect in fulfilment of the terms of our Union agreement, there yet remain any in this community who still doubt the good faith of the Government and people of Canada in their engagements towards British Columbia, they may take this appointment of the Dominion Government of one of yourselves who has been so intimately connected with the negotiations of the terms of Union as the representative of that Dominion in this Province, as an earnest of the determination and ability of that Government to carry out fully the spirit and letter of the obligations of those Terms; and you may certainly be assured that if I did not unhesitatingly believe so I should not occupy my present position.

The fulfilment of those Terms must ensure a large measure of prosperity and advancement to British Columbia, in which each member of our community may with reason expect to participate. But we must not suppose that the full fruits of Confederation are to be gathered at once and without further effort of our own.

On the contrary, the most material benefit of our union with Canada will consist in the facilities which in many ways will be afforded us for developing by our own exertion the varied resources of our own country, and so only may we British Columbians secure to ourselves the best fruits of Confederation.

We must put our shoulders to the wheel and, working with a will, each and all together, raise our country to that position of importance and value which her geographical position, her natural products and her climate entitle us to expect she will ere long occupy.

Among the more immediate results of our union the most important is the privilege of self-government which you thus obtain—in order to ensure the full benefits of which, it especially behooves each member of the community to realize the responsibility which this privilege entails in the selection of those who are to be in future the real rulers of the internal affairs of this country. For myself, I desire to assure you that I fully appreciate the altered system of government under which I assume the office of Lieut. Governor. Those who have known me best during my past official career will, I believe, allow that I have consistently and faithfully served the Government to which I have been attached.

I return here now prepared to serve to the best of my ability the interests of the people of British Columbia, and there are those who may reflect that I have not favored the immediate establishment of the system of self government in British Columbia, they must perceive that having now undertaken to carry that system in operation in our Province it is not only a matter of duty but a point of honor for me to strive to the utmost to ensure its successful working.

I regret that under the peculiar transition state in which we now are I do not see the practicability of immediately forming a responsible ministry. In the first place because there are no constituted representatives from whom such a ministry can be selected, and also because it would be a presumption in me, as I think, to anticipate the votes of the people of British Columbia by naming any one individual as possessing their confidence beyond others.

I propose, therefore, as I am now advised, and unless a necessity not now foreseen should occur, not to make any such selection until the election which will take place at the earliest practicable date, and in the meantime to take mainly on myself the responsibility of carrying on the necessary current business of the country, trusting that my action whilst so doing will be favorably considered.

I renew my thanks to you, Mr. Mayor and Gentlemen of the Municipal Council, for your kind welcome. As you are aware, I am attached to Victoria by the strongest home ties so that you may rely on my being ever ready to do all that I consistently can to advance her prosperity, and I trust that in my future connection with your honourable body and with the country generally I may, by the guidance of the Almighty, justify the confidence in me which you are so good as to express.

I shall endeavour to the utmost to uphold the flag of Our Most Gracious Sovereign; to support the honour of this great Dominion of which we are now part; to promote the interests of our province; and in the administration of our local affairs, to give the fullest effect within the limits of our Constitution to the will of the people as expressed by their representatives whom you are about to elect.

Government Buildings, Aug. 15, 1871.

The London Quarterly Review for July is received and for sale by Messrs. Durie & Son. It contains the following articles all well worthy of perusal: Shakespeare; Darwins' Descent of Man; Austria since Sadowa; Jeremy Taylor; Music, its influence; Maine's Village communities, Alexander Dumas; Economic Failures and Labour Utopias; The New School Boards.

DOMINION NOTES.

A packing box sent from Ingersoll to England last year filled with cheese, came back last week, among the luggage of an emigrant, containing a fine lot of wearing apparel. The brand on the box suggested to the emigrant where to make his home in Canada. Doubtless other places will now be sending away cheese boxes with suggestive brands.

Seventy years ago some domestic rabbits were introduced upon Sable Island, a small sandy islet lying about a hundred miles off the Nova Scotia coast, and being left alone and not crossed in breeding, they have entered their feral state in liveries of beautiful silver-grey, with white collars, intimating some remote affinities with bygone races.

The illustration in the Dominion Monthly this month is a portrait of the recently created Knight, Sir Hugh Allan.

The *Vidette* says that the Perth bush fires, after ravaging 4,000 acres of timber lands and destroying a large amount of property, have been extinguished. It is said they were the work of incendiaries, and that a reward of several hundred dollars will be paid for such evidence as will convict the guilty parties.

On the occasion of the English crews visiting the three British war vessels in Halifax harbour, the officers and men handsomely subscribed £447 stg. to the fund for Renforth's widow. New subscription lists have been opened in the Nova Scotian capital, and taking this and all other sources into account, a large sum of money will be obtained.

The Hamilton *Times* learns that during the recent gale of wind a large tree was blown down on a passing train on the Buffalo and Goderich Railroad, between Caledonia and Canfield. The tree fell across the baggage car, completely crushing it, but fortunately nobody was hurt. Those in the second car thought the accident occurred in sufficient proximity to them and it caused considerable excitement.

The Quebec *Chronicle* says:—

We learn that Vice-Admiral Fanshawe was to have left Halifax yesterday, in H. M. S. *Royal Alfred*, for this port, and will probably remain here until the end of the month. His Excellency Sir Hastings Doyle, Lieut. Governor of Nova Scotia, is also expected in the same vessel. The Governor General Lord Lisgar, is looked for here on the 11th inst. These distinguished gentlemen are, we learn, to be the guests of the Lieut. Governor of this Province. Our citizens may gather from this fact that our good old city will be full of life and business during the present month.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 4.

It is reported this afternoon that the Longueuil regatta is postponed one week, for the Provincial Exhibition, &c.

The Jones-Arnott case is again before the public. It will be recollected the son of the Hon. Robert Jones, charged his brother-in law Arnott two weeks since with assault in the police court. The matter has since become more and more sensational, and Saturday night Arnott to get possession of his children proceeded to the Hon. Mr. Jones' house with a group of men with blackened faces and by threats terrified the women of the house to dress the children and deliver them up. A guard was then left on the house to prevent any one going out for an hour. The father and husband then left in triumph with his children. Arnott was yesterday arrested and Jones succeeded in recovering the children in spite of his precautions.

The case is pending to-day at the police court. The position of all parties gives rest to the affair.

The body of a man named John Mead, was found in the Canal yesterday. He is from Quebec and has a wife and family.

The session of the faculty of Arts at McGill University opens on the 10th instant.

The September quarterly meetings of the City Council commences next Monday.

The Jesuit Church is seriously in debt unless seventy thousand dollars be raised shortly by collection. The authorities state embarassments will necessitate the closing of the Church this winter together with the school.

Thermometer 92° at 4 p.m.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 4.—The latest despatches from Dublin state the riot of yesterday, following the great Amnesty Meeting in Phœnix Park, which was presided over by Mr. Smyth, M. P., was begun by a mob of returning participants in the meeting, who attacked the police patrol. The fight which ensued was very fierce, and fifty constables were injured, and a house at the corner of Queen street totally demolished. The assailed police were reinforced during the melee by a large body of their comrades who had been keeping out of sight during the meeting, and many of the rioters were taken prisoners.

A mass meeting of engineers was held at Newcastle-on-Tyne, on Saturday. It was attended by fully 8,000 people, at which it was determined to insist upon an arrangement of term of a labor at 9 hours per day for six days in a week, or 54 hours in all.

LONDON, Sept 4.—Mr Gladstone has gone to Wakefield.

DUBLIN, Sept 4.—The eight rioters arrested yesterday have been sentenced to three or four months imprisonment.

The International Conference of the Young Men's Christian Association to-day, at Aldersgate met. Among the speakers were Messrs. Wetmore, of New York; Revall, of Chicago; and Waunemaker, of Philadelphia, who gave the statistics to show the progress of the Christian Association in the United States, and spoke with pride of the labours of the organization.

DUBLIN, Sept. 4.—It proves that the number of Police injured in the riot of yesterday was exaggerated, only 6 members were badly injured and 18 slightly hurt. Twenty-seven rioters were arrested. Disorderly persons were in the streets all night singing seditious songs. The police station is smeared with the blood of the wounded.

The new St. Thomas Hospital will be formally opened to-morrow.

A general strike of the coal miners of Northumberland for higher wages is imminent.

A fishing schooner foundered yesterday in Pentland Firth, and five persons were drowned.

The bark *Ermaxidine* has been capsized in a gale, near the English coast, and all on board were lost.

The brig *Peacock* was capsized off Shields, and the entire crew perished.

FRANCE.

The *Times* special despatch from Versailles says there will be no vacations of the Assembly until after the evacuation by the Germans of the four departments surrounding Paris.

A terrible railway accident occurred today in Northern France, ten persons were instantly killed, and an immense number injured.

SPAIN.

A despatch from Madrid announces that King Amadeus, who, accompanied by his Ministers, left the Capital on Saturday for a tour of the Provinces, has been received everywhere upon his journey with great enthusiasm.

Latest American Telegrams.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Sept. 4th—Excursion tickets will be sold at Montreal for this place September 6th, 7th and 9th for the Regatta of the 9th and 10th and will be good till the 13th inst. Only half fare will be charged.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.—The Secretary of War in answer to a communication from Mayor Hall, refusing military authorities in New York harbor to allow the Board of Health to take sanitary charge of Military posts for the purpose of checking the speed of contagious diseases has declined to permit the Board to interfere in any way with the posts.

CUBA.

HAVANA, Sept. 4.—Advices from Arecibo report a fearful hurricane on the 22nd ult., in the Bahamas. The American vessels *C. D. Rulre, O. W. Williams* and *Coroline* and the English vessels *Lady Bird* and *Nellie Mowe* were wrecked. All hands saved.

The British vessel *Hamlet*, lost one man overboard.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept 4.—Gladstone, in a speech, delivered at Whitby on Saturday, expressed his joy that Englishman can now look upon Americans, as friends, and said "we may now indulge in the hope that all controversies between the two people are settled."

Fatal cases of cholera have occurred at Dantzic, Elbing, Altona, Coblentz, Leipsig and Vienna.

DUBLIN, Sept. 3.—A monster demonstration for the release of the Fenian prisoners, was held to-day in this city. At an early hour this morning vast processions were organized, and marched by different routes towards Phœnix Park. Banners inscribed with mottoes, expressive of the object of the meeting, were carried by the processionists. In the principal streets the traffic was completely obstructed. At the same time the people flocked in large crowds to the Park, until about one hundred thousand people were present, when the meeting was opened. Smyth, the member of Parliament, and principal officer of the Amnesty Association, addressed the vast crowd. He began by censuring the conduct of the police, whom he charged with having wantonly provoked recently the Phœnix Park riot. He then demanded in the name of the people the release of the captive Fenians, whose offences he characterized as purely political. He expressed his belief that the energetic action of the Amnesty Associationand the people of Dublin, would force the Government to release the Fenian prisoners.

Mr. Nolan, editor of the *Dublin Nation*, Mr. Butts and others, spoke to the same effect.

During the speeches the crowd uttered loud and angry exclamations against the Government, and resolutions demanding immediate release of the Fenian prisoners were unanimously adopted. The resolutions are couched in defiant language, and will be presented to-day to Earl Spencer, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

The crown separated, with the determination to meet again if this demonstration should not effect their purpose.

A large force of police was present, but it kept at a respectable distance while the meeting lasted.

As the people were returning home, many of them taunted the police with cowardice, threats, and other insults. Several collisions ensued. The police officers drew their staves, while the people who had collected in small crowds used sticks and stones. The fight was very hot, but of short duration, for the police mustered in large force, and after many wounded on both sides, eventually dispersed the hostile mob, taking many prisoners.

UNITED STATES.

AUGUSTA, M. E., Sept. 3.—Several dwellings and stores were burned this morning. Loss, over $20,000.

NEW YORK, Sept, 4.—A long standing feud between two Irishmen in East 37th street, one an Orangemen and the other a Ribbonman, culminated yesterday morning, by an attempt by the latter to poison the wearer of the Orange with Paris green, which was surreptituously placed in his milk can. The injured man Bennett, is lying in a critical condition at his home, and the would-be murderer Wall, is in the lock up.

THE HOWE FAMILY GATHERING.

The Howe Family Gathering took place at Harmony Grove, Framingham, in accordance with arrangements liberally made and of the most interesting character.

Col. Frank E. Howe acted as President on the occasion, and, after prayer, made a very eloquent address of welcome, in which he said:

SPEECH OF WELCOME.

"The sentiment of such a reunion is no mere holiday affair; it is deeper, more sacred, and tender. Attachment to the soil holding the ashes of their fathers, fondness for the scenes and the associations of their childhood, affection for the localities identified with their ancestors, have, in all ages and climes, been characteristic of mankind The feeling hardly stops with humanity. Throughout animated nature, some such instinct seems to prevail—it is not ancestral pride alone, but a longing to go back to the places, the visions, and the things of infancy and early home."

"We are here," he concluded, "for hardly more than one little hour—like him of old wrestling with the angel, let us hold it fast, nor let it go till it blesses us, and leaves fond and fragrant memories to abide with us, and bring us back again and again in after years to lay new offerings upon our ancestral shrine."

A "SONG OF WELCOME."

written by Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, was sung to the tune of "Home, sweet home." The chairman introduced Hon. Joseph Howe, the orator of the day.

ORATION BY HON. JOSEPH HOWE.

After a very pleasant introduction, Mr. Howe endorsed the wisdom of nations and men reverting to the good of the past, and the old traditions which illustrated patriotism and virtue. It was the same kind of sentiment that imbued the child in looking back to its parents or grand parents, and cherished those things which were good in them. He then took a review of the more ancient and recent history of the Howe family, which was full of anecdotical pith, and applied its deductions with great aptitude and force.

Mr. Howe believed much profit would accrue from the meeting of the three great British families of England, Canada and the United States, so that they could unite and remain united on a common policy that would be as enduring as the literature they could not divide, and of a common benefit which would be incalculable in value.

MRS. JULIA WARD HOWE'S POEM.

After the song—"The Name we Bear," Col Howe said:

"Mrs. Julia Ward Howe needs no introduction—she long ago introduced herself. I might say of her as Napoleon said of Madame de Stael—'She carries a quiver full of arrows that would hit a man were he seated on a rainbow.'"

Mrs. Howe then came forward and delivered a poem:

SPEECH OF JUDGE HOWE OF LOUISIANA.

The President, on introducing Judge Howe, said: "The orator of the day to whom you listened a short time ago came from the far North. I have the pleasure of introducing to you now another member of our family who comes to us from the far South—from the city of New Orleans. I knew him personally in Louisiana during the war, and I can testify to the honorable part he bore as an officer in the army of the United States. Allow me to present to you the Hon. Wm. Wirt Howe of the Supreme Court of Louisiana."

Judge Howe stepped forward and was heartily greeted. He commenced by an allusion to the Darwin theory as applied to the Howe as well as to the Smith family, and whether Darwin was right or not, yet, like the ape, the Howes are arboral in their habits. They are fond of trees, and their natural places of meeting on such an occasion as this are the cool arcades of the New England woods. The Judge then in a very witty strain referred to his ancestors, but could not allege with Tony Lumpkin that "his mother was an alderman," nor was his "aunt a justice of the peace."

The Judge concluded by thanking his auditory for their kind welcome, and concluded by joining heartily in best wishes for all known "by the name of Howe."

A song, "The good old name of Howe," by Miss Mary R. Hinckley, was then sung, and speeches followed, after which came a dinner under the mammoth tent, the discussion of which with the post prandial speeches concluded the day's celebration.

THE ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

We make no excuse for noticing the results exhibited at the annual meeting of this great company, because although its chief seat of business is on the other side of the Atlantic it has acquired so firm a foothold among us, as to make its prosperity of very considerable interest to many of our fellow citizens as insurers in one or other department, if not as shareholders. We are glad to see then that at the recent meeting held in Liverpool, the chairman, Mr. Turner, was able to preface his statement by well grounded congratulations addressed to his fellow shareholders. In fact, it appears that both branches of the company's affairs have received large accessions of business during the last twelve months. But that is, perhaps, not the most agreeable part of their statement. Last year with that wise frankness, which is never so wise as when exercised by those who have to demand the public confidence, the managers of the company acknowledged unlooked for and, we may add, very disagreeable losses in the fire department. This year they are able to say that the losses have been more than recuperated by the property of the twelvemonth, and that they can on this account place some sixty thousand pounds on the right side of "profit and loss." On the whole business of the year the addition to the rest, reached the large sum of £147,240. The whole of the reserved funds of the company now reaches £1,634,946, and we are not surprised that some of the shareholders were a little impatient of a better dividend than even the acknowledged satisfactory division of profits which they have received for the last twelve years, However the conversation of the Directors was too much for this natural longing, as they insisted that with great business they had greater responsibilities, and that the rate of interest was depressed, very much to the embarrassment of Life Assurance calculations. They were able to point with pride to the steady prosperity of their institution in the midst of the numerous failures of other, and sometimes, of more pretensions institutions. Thus the "Albert," which had absorbed nineteen other Companies, and the "European" which had engulphed thirty-eight such Companies had both given way, while the "Royal," standing upon the business which it had itself created, was still extant and flourishing. We may notice one other feature in the meeting—it was the expression of opinion on the part of the chairman, that these disasters, would lead to a better state of things, by having induced Parliament to reform the laws relating to insurance. The requiring of a deposit, and of the publication of sworn accounts would, Mr, Tamer said, not only create a greater degree of confidence in parties interested, but would destroy the unwholesome competition of mere bogus companies, while for a company like the "Royal" the greater the publicity of all that concerned it, the greater would be the popularity and confidence which it would achieve. We understand the manager of the Company is expected here in a few days, with a view to extend the business still further on this Continent.

SIMCOE.

Simcoe was last week the scene of a Grit outing—an awfully stupid affair. A brass band, typical of the orators, led the way from Dean's Hotel and attracted several hundred loungers to what admiring journalists parody with the name of a Grand Reform demonstration. It would tend to enliven these meetings and popularize them if, in addition to brass bands, six-horse drags, banners and howling reformers, hand organs, acrobats, and jugglers were added, with Rymal as manager. The public would then get some amusement for loss of time. We cannot conceive anything more dreary than the wearisome iteration of Grit tragedy or Davie Christie's drawling twaddle about John Sandfield's profanity or immorality. Simcoe was treated scurrily, because beyond guzzling and gormandizing at "Dean's," not a decent Simcoe man figured on the platform. Like the Colorado bugs, swarms of Grits moving over the country descended on Simcoe, and after doing all the damage possible, they departed. The Grits love an outing, especially when they can badger an unsuspecting victim. Mr. Lawson, when invited to the platform, ought to have known that he was doomed to furnish a but for jesting Rymal's jokes. The stale device of gaining a reputation for public virtue by denouncing a suppositious offender, was practised at Mr. Lawson's expense. We admire his pluck in face of swaggering and discorteous Grits. He abated none of his claims to be a reformer and a patriot, as sound and pure as any in Norfolk, and he flung back the jeers of Rymal's backers when he told them that if they were sold they must have sold themselves, as he dealt not in dirty jobs, while with equal truth he predicted that his majority at the next election would surpass the last. Great guns of the Reform party, with the exception of Mr. Blake, put in an appearance; there were present:—Messrs. A Mackenzie, M. P., A. McKellar, M. P., Hon. D. Christie, J. Rymal, M. P., D. Mills, M. P., Dr. Clark, M. P. P. for North Norfolk; but none of them, save Mr. Mackenzie, emancipated themselves from the threadbare themes of vituperation and back-sliding. Mr. Mackenzie devoted himself to a ballot bill, independence of Parliament, and an election law, but he could not escape contamination. He degenerated into the evil habit of imputing motives and arraigned Messrs. Walsh and Lawson as selling themselves, because, forsooth, they voted for the Intercolonial. Had the Simcoe swaggerers, been confronted by a clear headed, well informed opponent they would have welted down like weeds beneath the mower's scythe. We are mortified to see one like Mr. Mackenzie, who aspires to become a statesman, playing false to his own convictions and the courtesies of public life. He knows perfectly well that the Intercolonial was a political necessity, and he could have told his hearers, though he had not the moral courage to risk the venture, that the Intercolonial will be beyond all question the best built and the cheapest railway on this continent.

AMERICAN SUMMER RESORTS.

CAPE MAY—OUTSIDE AND INSIDE—EVENING AMUSEMENTS.

A lively letter-writer discourses thus through the columns of the Cincinnatti *Gazette*:—

This House accommodates twelve hundred, and it is now full. I believe fully a thousand of the guests must be girls and women. What oceans of women, and what crowds of dress! Silks and Satins, linen and calicoes; jackets in red and jackets in blue; rich Roman scarfs, and wide silk scarfs, and endless bands and bows, from hats, and necks, and arms, and waists, and from the tips of umbrellas and parasols, and from sides, backs and fronts of the dresses, up and down and all around—some of tiny black velvet, and others an inch wide, and others widening until some of those depending behind are so wide that you have got to walk round to see the full width and beauty of the articles. All of these ladies are excited, and all are talking as if this was the last day of their existence and they intended to make the most of it. The Saturday train has brought down fathers, husbands, brothers and lovers, who come to spend a noisy Saturday night and a quiet Sunday by the ocean. Hops at all the hotels are the understood thing for this evening. At my elbow, one little miss, adorned with no less than a couple dozen different colored bows and ribbons and five or six lockets around her neck, asks "Bertha," who is one of the most elaborately dressed young females I've been fortunate enough to see in a dozen years, "What are you going to wear to-night?" and receives this for an answer: "Nothing; I've nothing!" I sympathize with the innocent Bertha, seeing that she carries as many skirts and flounces as would decently dress three girls of her age. But such is fashion, and such is folly. Knocking around innocently among such people one picks up a deal of information. What a fine place for a disconsolate old bachelor, if close contact to pretty faces, bare arms and bewitching eyes could console him. A sweet young lady of 18 addresses her mother, "Ma, ain't Lucy going to wear her lavender to-night?" Lucy, who is the speakers sister, and appears about a year older, answers, "No Jule, ma don't want me to come out yet." Ma, bending confidently toward Jule, in a subdued voice whispers, "No, Jule, dear; Lucy is only feeling her way." Feeling her way is good—but I must get out of here, or I'll be smothered by an overdose of mixed perfumes.

BRUTAL COWARDICE.

An instance of heartless and shameful brutality which not even panic-fear can in the slightest degree excuse, recently occurred at Cadiz, Ohio, if a letter published in the Pittsburg *Chronicle* be true. A young man, once a resident of West Troy, in this State, and named Edward Haynard was seized with small-pox at the Cadiz House, and lay in an upper room. The people of the town grew wild with fear, entered his chamber, sewed him up in a blanket, and took him out at a back window and down a ladder. It was raining at the time, yet they placed him in a wagon and drew him to an old tenantless house, without roof or windows, and there left him in care of a negro who received $10 a day for his services. Of course the poor fellow died. Then, instead of giving him decent burial, they dug a hole in an open field and placed him within it; and even this made the neighbors so wild that while some men were burying him, others stood on the hills around and shot at them The colored nurse was forced to leave town or they would have shot him too.

DIED.

At Ottawa, on Monday, the 4th instant, Richard DeWarren Waller, aged 33 years, second son of the late Robert Alfred Waller, of Castle Waller, County Tipperary, Ireland.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, Metcalfe Square, on Wednesday afternoon, at 4 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

☞ Irish papers will please copy.

CHANCERY SALE.

SPAIN V WATT.

Pursuant to the Decree and final Order for Sale made in this cause, and respectively bearing dates 28th February, 1871, and 25th August, 1871, there will be sold by Public Auction, with the approbation of W. M. MATHESON, Esquire, Master in Chancery, at Ottawa, by AMOS ROWE, Auctioneer, at his Sale Rooms, near Supple's Bridge, Rideau Street, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of SEPTEMBER, A.D. 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following valuable farm property, that is to say, all and singular, the rear or west half of Lot No. Fourteen, in the Second Concession, Rideau Front, of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton.

The property, well known as the Spain Farm, is of good farming land, and contains about one hundred and ten acres, all cleared, excepting about twenty acres of hardwood bush, and is situated on the main road, about two miles from the village of Manotic and about fourteen miles from the City of Ottawa There are upon the property a good farm dwelling-house, two barns, sheds, two orchards of plum and apple trees, and a good well and pump.

The purchaser must pay at the time of sale ten per cent. of the purchase money, and the balance in one month from the time of sale.

The property will be put up at an upset price of $1,300 dollars, and will be sold subject to an annuity of $50 during the lifetime of one Maria Spain. In other respects the conditions of sale are the standing conditions of sale of the Court of Chancery.

For further particulars, apply to Messrs. Kennedy and Christie, Messrs Scott, Boss and Stewart, or Martin O'Gara, Esq., Solicitors, Ottawa.

Dated this 1st day of September, A.D., 1871.

W. M. MATHESON,
Master at Ottawa.
KENNEDY & CHRISTIE,
Solicitors for Vendor. 1758td

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871. 1871.

The following first-class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES.... J. James "
NIGER.....W. Nisbett "
SEVERN....G. Butchart "

Are intended to Sail, as under, during the Season of 1871, between

LONDON,
QUEBEC and MONTREAL.

FROM LONDON.

MEDWAY ...Thursday, 10th August.
THAMES..... " 24th "
NIGER..... " 7th Sept.
SEVERN..... " 21st "
MEDWAY..... " 5th Oct.
THAMES..... " 19th "

AND FROM QUEBEC.

NIGER.....Thursday, 10th August.
SEVERN..... " 24th "
MEDWAY... " 7th Sept.
THAMES... " 21st "
NIGER..... " 5th Oct.
SEVERN... " 19th "
MEDWAY... " 2nd Nov.
THAMES... " 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $5 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $5 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.
or
T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co.'s Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, June 13th. 17-0y

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE

CAPITAL.....$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over..... 4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over..... 9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND..... 6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

All descriptions of property insured at moderate rates.

Tables of rates for Life Assurance and all information can be obtained on application

LOCAL NEWS.

WEATHER.—The weather was very warm yesterday. The thermometer ranged as high as 94° in the shade.

DANCING, &c.—Professor Andrews opens his school in Gowan's Hall to-day. See advertisement.

"WHISKEY MASON."—It is said that "Whiskey Mason" arrived in Ottawa on Saturday and that he has departed hence for the Gatineau Point.

Auction sale of valuable household furniture, by Mr. Bermingham, at the City Auction Mart., York street, on Friday the 8th inst. See advertisement.

PUGILISTIC.—Two young men had an encounter at fisticuffs, at the St. L. & O. station yesterday morning. The cause of the quarrel was an offensive answer given by one to a question put by the other. One of the two received serious injuries.

We beg to call attention to the carriage and buggy advertised by Mr. Bermingham to be sold outside the Russell House, at 12 o'clock, on Wednesday. They are nearly new, in excellent order, and built by the first carriage maker of Quebec. They will be worthy the attention of all in want of such articles.

POLICE COURT—MONDAY.—Thos. Connolly charged with assaulting Patrick Redmond, was fined $20 and costs.

John McKay for drunkenness was fined $2 and costs.

John Ingrim, for being drunk and behaving in a disorderly manner near Christ Church on Sunday, was fined $5 and costs.

Charles Goulin and Henry Compeau for disorderly conduct on the public streets were fined $2 each.

A case of assault was allowed to stand over for one week.

BEARS are perpetrating little tricks in in the country which farmers cannot understand how to appreciate. For instance about dusk in the evening Bruin leaves his retreat in the woods where he dreameth pleasantly during the day, and proceeding to the nearest oat field devours a considerable quantity of the grain in a very short time, and then goes on his way rejoicing, looking pleasant, as does every animal with a full stomach. About dusk on Sunday night last an immensly large bear was seen on the road about three miles the other side of Stittsville.

A WARNING.—An organization of daring young garden thieves exist in this city, having its headquasters or rendezvous somewhere near the aristocratic locality on Sandy Hill. Some members of the "band of Hope" are so young and small that they are generally deputed to act the most dangerous or least watched places as they can do the work stealthily and generally without detection.

One audacious little rascal, however, feeling unduly secure while turning in apples by the handful into his pockets, rashly betrayed his whereabouts a fewnights ago, and the first intimation he received that he was not "lord of all he surveyed" was the extraordinary suddeness of his exit from the orchard. Somebody or something (he can't say whether it was a man or a ghost) caught him by the neck and in a moment the youngster was performing an aerial flight. He fell in the road breaking his arm.—Moral: Never feel secure while in an orchard stealing fruit.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—R Bowie, Montreal; Chas P Morse, Oswego; James Barnes, do; W Gerald, Prescott; Wm Wawaamash, Sarnia; John Sumners, Carleton Place; John T Sumners, New York; F Baines, Chicago; Wm Robertson, Montreal; Alex Flockhart, Onslow; A Patton, Boston; A E Cohen, Montreal; Chas P Holmes, Gouverneur; J H Monroe, Wardsville; Fred A Wise, Prescott; Theodore Black, Arnprior; C E Perney, Montreal; Jas H Pearce, do; A M Forbes, do; J B Spence, Longueuil; P Leitch, Edinburgh, Scotland.

CROPS IN CARLETON.—A drive through almost any portion of the county of Carleton, at present gives a person a very good opportunity of forming an idea of the splendid harvest which farmers will reap this year. On every side the standing crops have an excellent appearance. While pursuing your way up hill and down dale, over rocky roads and stretches of "corduroy," though fences may be burned in some places and the forests present a charred and desolate appearance, yet every acre of clearing displays its fine healthy crop. The farmers hopes are high with very good reason. They intend to luxuriate during the coming winter, and we wish them happiness and prosperity after their severe losses of last year. Forty bushels to the acre is said to be the average yield.

FOR THE FRONT.—The 43rd Carleton Battalion leave for Prescott on the 12th inst., to put in their term of annual drill. It is well known that the gallant 43rd of Carleton, are among the best disciplined and finest looking Battalions in the Dominion, and the alacrity with which they turned out in time of necessity, has long since demonstrated their loyalty, patriotism, and courage. A great deal of credit, of course, is due to the officers who have displayed their energy and ability on more than one occasion, and in different ways. For their indefatigable exertions in organizing a band for the Battalion, they deserve great credit. The band, under the able direction of Mr. Bonner, at present numbers 15 efficient members, and it is the firm intention of the officers to have the number increased to 30 as soon as possible, and, moreover, to make the head quarters of the band at Ottawa. We all know that considerable expense must be incurred in the organization and support of a band, and therefore we think a little assistance from some of our wealthy citizens to this laudable enterprize, would be very opportune and welcome. The County Council displayed an unworthy spirit in voting only $100 towards the support of the band. That the ladies may have an opportunity of doing the gallant fellows a favor, we may state that the Battalion is sadly in want of proper colors, which want might be readily supplied by some patriotic young lady.

CRICKET MATCH.

OTTAWA VS. CARLETON PLACE.

The Cricket Club of Carleton Place having defeated every club along the line of the B. & O. R. R., and being ambitious to extend its conquests decided to challenge the Ottawas. The challenge was accepted and the match came off at Carleton Place on Saturday, but owing to want of time, it resulted in a draw after the first innings. The Ottawa Club was very kindly treated during their short stay at Carleton. We understand a return match will be played in Ottawa on Saturday next. The following is the score:

OTTAWA—FIRST INNINGS.

Rev T D Phillipps, b Poole	15
C S Scott, c Peden, b Patterson	4
J D Rogerson, b Patterson	0
W Pain, not out	28
G P Baker c Willis, b Patterson	5
A W Powell, c and b Patterson	1
C E Laumann, b Poole	0
A Peden, b Poole	0
J Cotton, b Poole	2
E H Benjamin, hit wicket, b Patterson	1
R Brewer, run out	0
Byes	3
	59

SECOND INNINGS.

Rev T D Phillps, b Poole	35
C S Scott, run out	10
J D Rogerson, run out	3
W Pain, run out	7
G P Baker, b Moore	0
A W Powell, c Williams, b Poole	0
C E Laumann, c and b Poole	2
A Peden, b Poole	4
J Cotton, not out	5
E H Benjamin, b Poole	0
R Brewer, c Peden, b Poole	0
Byes	5
	71

CARLETON PLACE—1ST INNINGS.

J Sumner, run out	4
G Willis, c Powell, b Phillipps	11
G Sutton, b Benjamin	1
Dr McVean, std Rogerson, b Phillipps,	0
W Poole, c Phillipps, b Benjamin	5
J Hislop, l b w b Benjamin	0
A Peden, stg Rogerson, b Phillipps	4
W Glover, c Powell, b Benjamin	10
R Moore b Phillipps	3
W Patterson, run out	4
Williams, not out	0
Leg byes	2
Wides	1
	45

CITY COUNCIL.

A full meeting of the City Council was held last evening in the City Hall. After the despatch of some general business the 5th Report of Water Works Committee was read.

Ald. Mosgrove moved that the 5th Report of the Water Works Committee and Mr. Greene's Report be received.

Ald. O'Connor said the report was a cooked up one, presented to the Board after three weeks time for preparation. The report also condemned the skill of an eminent engineer, whom they had employed. The Chairman of the Committee had been receiving instructions in hydraulics for some time, and then brought up a report on Water Works which he ventured to say no other member of the Council understood. He (Ald. O'C.) as a member of the Water Works Committee did not sign any such report, and was perfectly astonished when he saw it in the evening first.

Ald. Mosgrove thought their were other men in the Council who could think as well as Ald. O'Connor, and act with as much honesty of purpose, and certainly with minds less biased. He could very easily account for Alderman O'Connor's not signing the report, the simple fact was that he had made up his mind not to sign or approve of any report made by the Committee. It was a matter of regret to him, that after all his trouble and labour to find gentlemen give factious opposition to the progress of the question. He had studied the question and reports bearing thereon and gave the result of his labour in the report before the Board, which, if they thought proper might be let lie for a week for consideration.

Ald. Bangs said the report was signed by three young lawyers, who cannot be supposed to know much more about hydraulics than that water would run down a hill (laughter). He thought it was time some material action should be taken in the matter of Water Works, and that they had received a sufficient number of nonsensical reports, sent in so profusely by the Chairman of the Committee since he occupied that position.

Ald. Lapierre said it was his habit to sign no document without knowing what it contained. He had yet to learn that it was a sin to be young and he hoped old age would not bring the ignorance and nonsence with it which characterized Ald. Bang's abusive talk. A remark from an Alderman brought up the Victoria Island question when Ald. Featherston said Mr. Keefer had told him before other gentlemen, that should the Victoria Island site not be obtainable he could point out a half dozen other sites in that locality just as good as it. Why then pay $30 000 for a site when one can be had for $12,000 or $15,000?

Ald. Bangs asked how it was the chairman of the Water Works Committee kept bringing in reports and humbugging all along without ever recommending the Victoria Island site.

Ald. Martineau in a lengthy review of the question said the more they discussed Water Works the further they went from the desired end. The Committee had virtually done nothing since its appointment. Several reports had been brought before the Board, but they were so got up that they were useless and without any beneficial result. The report before them was signed by the Chairman and two other members of the Committee, one of whom came into the Council as an opponent of Water Works.

Ald. Taillon acknowledged at the Board that he was sent to the Council to oppose Water Works and yet his name is subscribed to the Report before them.

Ald. Taillon took the floor to defend himself against those assertions and went back to the water works meetings of last year to retort on Ald. Martineau.

Ald. McDougall and other members of the Board thought the majority of the citizens were favorable to water works and but that they were becoming disgusted with the action of the Council. He believed that what the Council should do was to form some estimate and submit it to the people.

Ald. O'Connor said there was too much cavilling about the question. What they should do was to throw aside all the minor points and submit a general estimate to the people.

Ald. Mosgrove—Adjourn the discussion until Thursday week, and all will then be right.

Ald. Cunningham—Will Ald. Mosgrove bring up the by-law to submit to the people that night?

Ald. Mosgrove—If an estimate will have been decided upon by that time I will.

Ald. O'Connor said that the want of an estimate should be no cause of delay, as he had offered before to build Water Works for a price mentioned, and was still willing to do so at the estimates of any one of the Engineers.

After some other discussion the report was received, but its adoption postponed until Thursday week.

VERILY IT HATH NO EQUAL

CONSUMPTIVES READ!

Would you cure that distressing Cough and bring back that healthy vigor till lately planted in your cheek? If you would, do not delay for, ere you are aware, it will be too late.

Allen's Lung Balsam is your hope; it has been tried by thousands such as you who have been cured, many in their gratitude have lent their names to us that suffering humanity can read their evidence and believe. Don't experiment with new and untried mixtures, you cannot afford it, but try at once this invaluable article, it can be found in any Drug Store and at most general stores. It is warranted to break up the most troublesome Cough in a few hours if not of too long standing. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction in all cases of Lung and Throat difficulties.

EMERD. T. PALMER,

Commission and Lumbermen's Agent, Rideau Street, (entrance O'Meara's Gateway.)

Particular attention will be given to hiring men, teams, &c., and all transactions with the Crown Land and Timber Office.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:

R Nagle, Esq. | Wm Mackay, Esq.
Allan Grant, Esq. | E McGillivray, Esq.

Ottawa, Sept 1, 1871. 1746tf

SUCCEEDING TO THE BUSINESS OF MAGEE & RUSSELL

The Undersigned, in succeeding to the business of the above named Firm, would say that the balance of the Stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Carried over by them, will now be offered by us, at prices that cannot but attract the attention of

CLOSEST BUYERS.

In order that we may have time to get the stuff forward and reduced,

THE SALE

Will not begin before

Monday, the 4th September.

Having therefore decided that all Goods of this Season MUST BE SOLD, we have reduced to them to such prices as must soon effect it.

We therefore invite inspection of our Stock by intending purchasers.

We would call special attention to our

SILK DEPARTMENT,

As in this line we are offering decided BARGAINS in Colored, Fancy and Black Silks.

In the

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

We will offer a large lot of FRENCH MERINOS, FRENCH TWILLS, REPPS, SERGES and WINCIES.

The Goods in this Department were considered fair value at old prices, but having decided to CLEAR OUT, all of last Season's Stock have been marked down. Those requiring anything in this line will do well to give a look through the Departments.

ALL STAPLE GOODS, WHILE THE SALE CONTINUES, WILL BE OFFERED AT A SMALL ADVANCE.

☞ A large quantity of Grey and White Cottons now forward, and considered extra GOOD VALUE.

We will not quote prices, being satisfied, as we are, that purchasers must see value before paying any attention to figures.

RUSSELL & WATSON,

SUCCESSORS TO—

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

IF YOU DESIRE

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

SEND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor

ESTABLISHMENT FOR YOUNG LADIES.

Wilbrod Street (between Nelson and Gloucester Streets), Sandy Hill, Ottawa.

Mrs. ROBERT STEWART returns thanks for the kind patronage she has received during her residence in Ottawa, and hopes by unwearied attention to her scholastic duties, and by their efficient discharge, to merit and receive a continuance of favor and support.

The School will be RE OPENED on FRIDAY, the 1st of September. All the Classes are open to any who may wish to join one or more of them for the study of any special subject.

Terms very moderate. References to parents of pupils.

August 18th, 1871. 1746 tf

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA,

Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's.

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.

1737tf

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested o settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

WANTED,

Young Ladies to learn Systematic Dress Cutting by the "PRINCESS LOUISE CHART." Terms $3. Apply to Miss FARNHAM, Russell House, Ottawa. 1746 a

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

☞ Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

A. E. GENDREAU.

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

YORK STREET, Lower Town, next door to Mathew's Hotel,

And at No. 269 WELLINGTON STREET

Upper Town, opposite the Montreal Bank.

Mr. GENDREAU has always on hand the best French and English perfumeries.

You are respectfully requested to visit these establishments.

Ottawa, 21st August, 1871. 1747 8

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY,

WELLINGTON STREET,

CONDUCTED BY THE GREY NUNS.

The course of studies at this Institution will be resumed on Monday 4th Sept.

OTTAWA CONVENT,

Grey Nuns, Aug. 17, 1871. 1745-b

CHURCH OF ENGLAND

LADIES' SCHOOL,

WELLINGTON STREET, OTTAWA

(Established, 1869—Incorporated, 1871.)

Lady Principal.....*Miss Machin.*

This School will re-open SEPT. 1st.

New Prospectuses can be obtained of Durie & Son and Hope & Co.

Further particulars on application to the Lady Principal, or

REV H POLLARD,

1743c Secretary, Ottawa.

THE Rev. C. F. STREET informs his friends and the public that he will open his Classical and Commercial SCHOOL on MONDAY, 28th AUGUST, in the School Room lately occupied by the Rev. Mr. May.

For particulars, apply to Mrs. Kendall, Taylor's Block, corner of Nelson and Daly streets. 1741tf

MR. E. H. HARINGTON, B.A., Oxford University,

Begs to inform his Friends and the Public, that he will OPEN his PRIVATE SCHOOL on MONDAY, the 4th September, Schoolroom, corner of Bank and Albert Streets. For further particulars, apply to Mr. E. H. HARINGTON, Russell House.

N.B.—Private pupils can be taken in the evenings.

August 24, 1871. 1751 8

ACADEMY OF THE GREY NUNS,

AYLMER.

The Classes of this Academy will OPEN on the 1st SEPTEMBER next. The building is new and spacious, and is situate near the banks of the Ottawa river.

Aylmer, 16th August, 1871. 1744td

SELECT

BOARDING AND DAY ACADEMY FOR BOYS.

(CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL.)

Principal — REV. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

Careful instruction will be given in Latin and Greek Studies, in French and German Languages, in Mathematics, in certain branches of Science and Art, and in all the common branches of an English education.

The Academy will be OPENED on the 7th SEPTEMBER next.

For further particulars, please address the Rev. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

August 25. 1752 1

A MARRIED WOMAN (English) wishes to obtain a small Family's WASHING. AD. C., care of John Robier, Ottawa.

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season		$5 00
20lbs " "		9 00
10lbs	month	1 50
20lbs "		2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

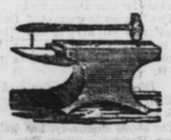
☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance ☜

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N B.—Ice supplied by the ton or cwt.

Ottawa, April 1871



HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES,

And other Harvesting Implements!

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 Rideau street.

All around ready for use.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.
Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent,
Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,

No. 24 Rideau street,

Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

PROVISIONAL EXHIBITION

OF THE

AGRICULTURAL & ARTS ASSOCIATION

OF ONTARIO,

To be held at Kingston,

On the 25th to 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Persons intending to exhibit will please take notice that the Entries of articles in the respective classes must be made with the Secretary, at Toronto, on or before the undermentioned dates, viz:

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before Saturday, August 26th.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery and Manufactures generally, on or before Saturday, September 2nd.

Horticultural Products, Ladies' Work, the Fine Arts, &c., on or before Saturday, September 16th.

Prize Lists and Blank Forms for making the entries upon, can be obtained of the Secretaries of all Agricultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes throughout the Province.

HUGH C. THOMSON,

Sec'y Agricultural and Arts Association

Toronto, August 15, 1871. 1745-d&w

AN EXPERIENCED ACCOUNTANT

Having a few hours daily to spare, is desirous of obtaining a Set of Books to keep. Good references. Terms moderate. Address E. T. P., Times Office. 1746 a

YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY.

"CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME," a Branch of the Villa Maria Establishment, corner of Wellington and O'Connor streets.

This Establishment RE-OPENS its Classes on the 7th SEPTEMBER. The Course of Instruction comprises every branch suitable to the education of young ladies. Special attention is given to the cultivation of politeness and ladylike deportment. A select day school is attached to the establishment, wherein day scholars can have dinner at an extra charge of $2 per month. For particulars and prospectus, apply to the Lady Superior.

Ottawa, 30th Aug., 1871. 1756td

BOARD WANTED

In a Private Family, by a Gentleman. Six o'clock dinner preferred. Address X. Y. Z., P. O. Box, 298. 1754

TEMPORARY PREMISES,

34 Sparks-street

LAST WEEK OF BARGAINS

CARPETS!

CARPETS!

CARPETS

T. Hunton, Shoolbred & Co.

Are now selling their Immense Stock of

BRUSSELS—Best 5 frame—at $1.50.

TAPESTRY—New Patterns—at 90 centr.

2 PLY EXMINSTER, at $1 00.

And Rugs, Mats, &c., in proportion.

FOR BARGAINS EXAMINE

POSITIVELY LAST WEEK

FOR REDUCTIONS!

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,

PORTER'S BLOCK,

34 SPARKS STREET.

Ottawa, August 22, 1871.

BUSINESS CHANGE.

We, the undersigned, in relinquishing the Retail branch of our business, beg to return thanks to the public of Ottawa and vicinity for the very liberal support accorded to us during the past eight years, and to announce that we have

DISPOSED OF OUR STOCK,

And leased the premises,

29 Sparks Street,

TO

MESSRS.

ALEXANDER RUSSELL,

(Late of Blyth & Russell, Ottawa,)

AND

ROBERT WATSON,

(Of Watson & Hayes, Almonte,)

Who will continue the business under the name and style of

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Both of these gentlemen were formerly in our employ, and being possessed of ample means and long experience we have great pleasure in recommending them to the confidence and patronage of all our friends and customers.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, August, 1871.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE

RUSSELL & WATSON

Have pleasure in announcing that they have purchased the

Entire Stock in Trade,

AND

GOOD WILL

OF THE

RETAIL BUSINESS

Lately conducted by Messrs.

Magee & Russell,

And leased their premises, 29 Sparks Street, for a term of years.

And hope by keeping only the best qualities of goods, and adopting a uniform and

Moderate Scale of Profits,

By anticipating the wants of the public and a strict attention to business to merit and retain the patronage so liberally bestowed upon their predecessors.

And we beg to assure the old patrons of the establishment that no efforts will be spared in maintaining the leading position to which it had attained.

ALEX. RUSSELL. ROBT. WATSON.

Ottawa, August 1871.

Peaches!

Peaches!

eaches!

Pears!

Pears!

Pears!

Apples!

Apples!

Apples!

And all other Kinds of Fruit

at the Fruit Depots of

G. LORENZ,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET,

NO. 38 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

GREAT

DRY GOODS SALE.

Allan, McKinnon's & McMoran,

Have determined to clear out the FALL and WINTER GOODS purchased at a heavy discount from Messrs GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO, and with that view will bring forward the whole stock, including several large lots of

NEW GOODS

purchased far below Market value, and offer the whole at prices that must induce good judges of goods to buy largely.

The sale will commence on

Monday, 4th Sept'r.,

And continue one month.

As many of the cheapest lines will be sold quickly, intending purchasers will do well to call early and secure a choice.

1,000 YDS. JAPANESE SILKS,

At 50 cents per yard.

ONE CASE OF VELVET RIBBONS, damaged by fresh water, will be offered at less than half price.

2 Bales of GREY COTTONS, in short pieces, at from one to two cents below usual prices.

To be reduced one third in prices—a large quantity of

MILLINERY, MANTLES and MANTLE CLOTHS,

A line of Velveteen Jackets, reduced to $1.50 each. Waterproof Mantles at from $2.50 to $5

DRESS GOODS, in a variety of fabrics, reduced below cost.

PRINTS—A line formerly sold at 12½ cents will be cleared out at 9 cents per yard.

A large lot of Gloves and Hosiery will be marked down far below cost.

A lot of best Brussels Carpets will be sold at $1.25 per yard.

ALLAN, McKINNON'S & McMORRAN,

Successors to Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

No. 20, Sparks Street.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, that if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26, Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

GIN—

J. DeKuyper & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Cross & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Post Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

☞ Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

No. 38 Rideau Street.

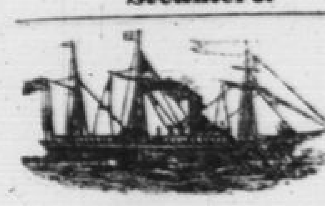
The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

☞ Terms, 40cts. per month.

Books bought, sold and exchanged.

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

Steamers.



THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

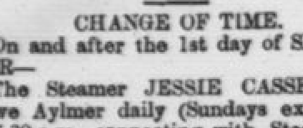
The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE.
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2670tf



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the 1st day of SEPTEMBER—

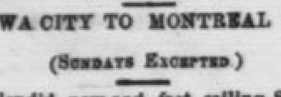
The Steamer JESSIE CASSELS will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 7.30 a.m., connecting with Steamers of the Line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The Steamer PONTIAC leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted), at 1 p.m., for Des Joachim; returning—leaving at 6 a.m., connecting with Steamer JASON GOULD, which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 p.m., passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The Steamer PRINCE ARTHUR leaves Portage du Fort at 7 a.m., connecting with Steamer JESSIE CASSELS for Aylmer.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip, at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 9 a.m.
R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, August 28th, 1871.

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"
CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.
R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B.—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1736tf

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.
D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address
GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY,

—AND—

AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD,
Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE MOWER

—AND—

SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodgea Grain.*

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.
FROST & WOOD,
Smith's Falls,
Ontario.

June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa P.O., August 31, 1871.

Adcock J C	Martin Wm
Anderson Elizabeth	Maddin Thos
Anderson Samuel	Malsbury Wm
Armstrong Wm	Minea Benj
Arnold Wm	Meade M J
Arthur Geo A	Mercer John
Armstrong Mrs A C	Mitchell W H
Aspdin Thos W	Milne G B
Barnes Sydney	Motherwell Thos
Barber G	Moore & Coburn
Beveridge Thos	Moore F H
Benfield Wm	Muir Wm
Bell H H	Murphy Mathew
Blais Miss Lydia	Neill John
Blakely Mrs	Nelson Mrs Alex
Boyd Dr R H	Nesbitt John
Brayer Wm	Nicholson John
Brennan Wm	Nichols John
Brewer Mrs Emily	Nolan Miss B
Bullock L	O'Brien Wm
Bowns Wm	O'Donnell D
Buchanan Mrs John	O'Donnell, G
Burns Mrs S	O'Connor W P P
Burns Miss	O'Connor Jno A
Byrns Hy	O'Connor Mrs
Campbell Mrs John	O'Dwyer John
Cain Miss Sarah J	Oliver A
Campbell Mrs Mary	O'Meill J
Callaghan Alex	Ormand Jno T
Cantwell John	Patterson Miss Anna
Cahal Miss Mary	Pearsons Albert
Church Jos	Perry Mrs M C
Clarke Miss Emma	Pearson F M
Conway Miss B	Perwitt J H
Corrigan Ed	Pickens John
Connor John	Powers Jesse
Cross W L	Pringle Miss Sarah
Crozier Jos	Pritchard Wm
Cunningham Thos	Quinlan Mrs P
Daly Carol	Rathwell Miss A
Davis J	Rice Alex
Davidson C P	Roberts Miss Kate
Davis Jas	Robertson Geo
Daly J J	Rose Rodger
Davis Mrs R	Roberts Mrs
Dempsey Miss E	Robertson David
Dendmore Miss Mary	Ryan Miss Julia
Dicare Miss M	Russell Mrs
Dickson Dr Geo	Russell A D
Doyle Mrs Peter	Saunders Miss Julia
Duncan Jas	Scoble Mary
Fenton Miss J	Servo Walter
Fisher John	Sheaver Jno
Forson Jas	Shehan Thomas
Forbes John	Smith John
Foster Jas	Smith Mrs W
Furlong Jas	Smith H D
Gan John	Smith Heber
Gibbons E	Smith Wm
Gillis J S	Sparks Miss Jane
Glean Alex	Somerville Hugh
Gormly P	Sparks Noel
Gilchrist John	Sternbug J W
Grimes Thos	Sullivan John
Harris Lizza Ann	Tobin Jas
Hamilton Mrs S	Turner RW
Hewlett Thos	Watson & Hill
Hicks Jas	Ward Jas
Holland W H	Wable A
Hogan Miss S	Wallace M
Hogan Wm	Wagner H
Hunt Wm	Wilsman G & T
Hutchinson G W	Webb Jas T
Hutchison John	Weir John
Huchley Mrs	Wells J P
Hubert J	Webster Miss E H
Janet Rev Mr	Welch Mrs Geo
Jamieson D J	Whalen Miss Eliza
Johnston Miss Ellen	Wilson R
Jones Mrs J E	Wood H O
Kennedy Jno	Wright J
Kealy Mrs Julia A	McBrayen A
Kennedy M	McBryde Jas
King Geo	McClanish T
Kingsmill M	McDonald And
King Jas	McClory John
Knapp H A	McDonald Miss F
Lamprey B H	McDonald D
Lane Miss Caroline	McDonald Mrs Geo
Leitch Miss A	McGuire Mrs Jno
Leroy W H C	McIntise Miss N
Lewis Mr	McInnis Miss C
Little Irvine	McGuire Philip
Lothion Miss Ellen	McKenzie A
Moher Wm	McKay Jas H
Martin C R	McMillan Miss Jane
May Jno	McMillan J H
Martin Edwin	McPhee A
Marshall David	McMahon Geo

G P BAKER, Postmaster.

WANTED,

A good Carriage and Sleigh Maker, and Blacksmith, at Kinburn, Township of Fitzroy. A good business chance for both, with shop accommodations. Steady and good workmen only need apply.
ALLAN FRASER.

Kinburn 2nd August 1871. 1733tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantrl, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awly

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

The undersigned being about to visit England, offers the following properties for sale:

A large Brick Dwelling situate on Besserer and Chapel Streets, with Coach House, Stables, &c.

12 Cottages on Augusta street, producing a clear rental of $700 per annum.

ALSO,

100 Acres of Land at L'Orignal, being south half of Lot No. 15, fourth Concession of Caledonia.

Terms to suit the purchaser.

1810d JAS G ROBINSON.

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outsid WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.
Ottawa, May 18. 1871 1669tf

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES!

On the Line of the
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,
O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.
Omaha, Neb.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
......	12 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	......	4.20
......	12 45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	......	4.20
......	......	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8.00	......	6.00
......	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	......	6.00
10.15	12.45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	12.45	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway			4.20
10.15	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c			4.20
9 20		4:30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00		1 30
9 20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	......		1 30
10:30	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11,00	......
7:00	......	......	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c			7.00
6.15	......		Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c			700
10.00	......	....	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00		
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	......		6.00
11.50	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30		......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via NewYork close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P.M., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Pos Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

Post Office,
Ottawa, June 7, 1871.
G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be
Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866, besides numerous Testimonials. *Agents for Ottawa*—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until Noon of WEDNESDAY, the Sixth day of September next, for the widening of Sappers' Bridge and the construction of a new Bridge over the Rideau Canal to connect Wellington and Rideau Streets, according to the Engineer's plans and specifications, which may be seen at this office after the twentieth instant.

The bridges are to be constructed of iron and stone in a permanent manner, and may be let in one or more contracts as the City Council may decide after receiving the Tenders. The work is to be proceeded with at once, and good security will be required for the due performance of the contracts.

No tenders will be entertained unless made in the prescribed form. They are to be addressed to the undersigned, endorsed, "Tender for Bridges," and contain the names and addresses of two persons who are willing to become security for the contractor.
WM P LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa 19th July, 1871.
1721td

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET.

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel. Strict attention to business. Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their, sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.
Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c, &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

FOR SALE.

BRAE SIDE STEAM SAW MILL,

Situated near Arnprior, Province of Ontario, and extensive Timber Limits on the River Coulonge, Province of Quebec.

The Mill has just been completed, and is most substantially built and fitted with the most improved Machinery, and can manufacture 140,000 feet of lumber per day. It has an extensive piling ground attached to it. Being placed where the Brockville Railway runs beside the Ottawa River, the lumber manufactured by it may be sent direct to the United States market. The limits comprise about 280 square miles of valuable Pine Timber country, with two extensive and productive Farms, and having commodious Dwelling Houses, Storehouses and Stables erected on them. They are also supplied with a large stock of provisions, horse feed and shanty plant for next season's operations

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be had by applying to J. B. Lewis, Esq, Barrister, Ottawa, or from Mr. George Purvis, at the offices of the Mill.

Ottawa, July 28, 1871. 1729 d&w4 1awk

SEEDS! SEEDS

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

☞ FLOWER SEEDS. ☜

A. CHRISTIE & CO.

(Late Alex. Christie.)

Druggists,

40, Sparks-st

Ottawa April 28, 1871

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co, OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than another, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain,
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.
C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Medical.

MESS^RS GABRIELS'
CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE
TEETH & GUMS
AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE
ARE SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL
PARTS OF THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY
MESS^RS GABRIEL.
DENTISTS
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S — ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.
A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 1 1871

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

For Sale or to Let.

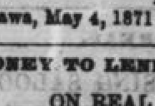
TO LET,

That COTTAGE, the property of N. Tetrau, Esq., Notary, in the Lower Village of Hull, with a handsome flower garden, stable, wood shed, ice house, &c., with or without the necessary firewood for next winter on the place. Mr. Tetrau having arranged for his residence in the dwelling adjoining his office, consented to the leasing of the property. For further information apply to N. TETREAU, N. P., Hull, P. Q. 1746 8

NOTICE.

TO LET, a Large OFFICE and THREE BEDROOMS well situated in the Aumond Block, west, end Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, July 11th, 1871. 1813 tf



HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $16 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.
Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,
Agent,
Ottawa

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 45utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

A. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Fetherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. 1ay F C CLEMOW

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT,

NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MARCIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetrau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.

Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as i were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort;
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

G. C. RAINBOTH,

Provincial Land Surveyor and Draughtsman, commissioned for the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.

Office. Aylmer, P. Q. 1782 tf

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 749y

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1856.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots. Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.
G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

1871. ICE! 1871.

ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.
THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street;

Ottawa, May 1649d

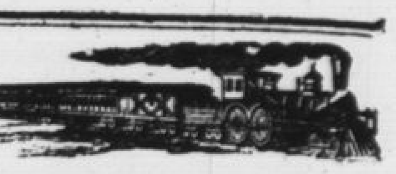
F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office,
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed.

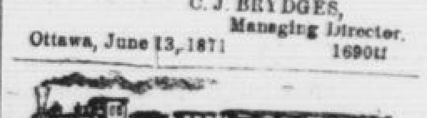
Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at	6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at	9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at	9.00 p.m
Mixed Train or Brockville, at	11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at	5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at	7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at	8.30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at	2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston	10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.
C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.
DEMPSY & CAMERON.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.
GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

DOMINION HOUSE

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley.

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 6m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to
JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.
Montreal, March 11, 1871 161 8y

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.
T. G. COURSOLLES,
November 26, 1870 1524tf

MORRISON'S

STEAM BISCUIT BAKERY

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your Orders are solicited, and will be PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO by
DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,
Nos. 36 and 38 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

TANNERY,

PARK STREET, OTTAWA.

EDMOND GERMAIN, Proprietor.

All kinds of LEATHER for Sale, Wholesale, at reasonable prices.

ALSO,

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE.

Of his own manufacture, at REDUCED PRICES.

19th August, 1871. 1746tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre), Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1761. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof whi h will be guarenteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Destillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constontly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA.

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 3m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily)
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

☞ The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada G & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED ☜

Ottawa, May 16, 1871

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

☞ Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

☞ OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND ☜

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with com fortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
Post Office Block.

1746b

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

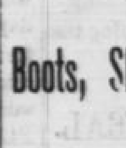
Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.



100 CASES

HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT

"THE RED BOOT,"

OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overs,

MOCCASINS,

Laces & Boot Dressing

Which will be sold at the very lowest price possible,

Wholesale and Retail.

City and country dealers will find (on giving us a call) that they can be supplied at

Montreal Prices—Freight Added.

Having received a good part of our

Fall and Winter Goods

We are prepared to EXECUTE PROMPTLY all orders.

All summer goods selling at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Orders for Hand Made Custom Work attended to promptly.

A full sett of

Messrs. Ames, Millard & Co's Samples

of BOOTS and SHOES, always on view, and orders taken at lowest prices. One of our firm will wait on the merchants of Ottawa City and District soliciting orders.

Agents for wholesaling of Wm. Clendinneng's manufacture of *Stoves, Iron-furniture, Railings, Builders* and all kinds of *Plain and Fancy Castings.*

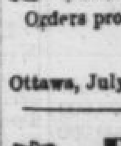
Agents for the celebrated

☞ *Plantagenet Mineral Water.* ☜

Orders promptly attended to,

LAMB & RODDEN,
No. 28, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, July 20, 1871.



BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE, at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 88 Sussex Street, Ottawa.
1738 tNY SIMEON LEBEAU, Agent.

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET.

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED.

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and
Canadian Tweeds
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons,
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under shirts
&c., &c,

At Prices to dety Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

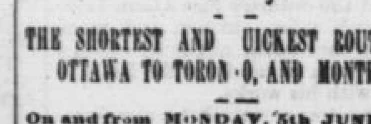
Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞ Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871



The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH:

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M
8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East,

Nos. 2, 4, 5, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:1 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6 40 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No. 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2.4 P.M arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.00 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, taw.

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa June 1st, 1871

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. SUMMER SERVICE. 1871

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

NESTORIAN	26th August.
SCANDINAVIAN	2nd September
HIBERNIAN	9th "
MORAVIAN	15th "
SARMATIAN	23rd "
PRUSSIAN	30th "

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin	$70 to $80
Steerage	$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN, on or about	21st Aug.
OTTAWA "	7th Sept.
ST. DAVID "	14th "
ST. ANDREW "	21st "
ST. PATRICK "	28th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin	$67 25
Intermediate	$47 or 44 00
Steerage	28 00

☞ An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

☞ Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-.

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

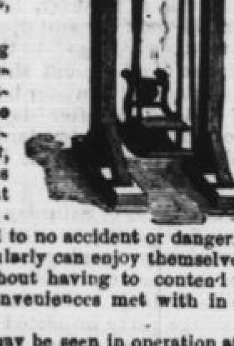
—IN—

☞ TEAS AND WINES, ☜

6 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new



Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No. 120, Sussex Street, and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,
1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Third Annual Exhibition under the auspices of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society will take place on

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.

SEPTEMBER 20TH, 21ST AND 22ND, 1871.

On the Society's Grounds adjoining the city limits.

COMPETITION OPEN TO THE WORLD!

Nearly $3,000 is offered in Premiums

For Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, Agricultural and Horticultural Productions, Manufactures, Domestic Products, &c.

All parties may compete for prizes on payment of Two Dollars; Ladies on payment of One Dollar.

ENTRIES.

All entries must be made on printed forms, which may be had from the Secretary. These forms are to be filled up and signed by the Exhibitor, enclosing Two Dollars, which amount will entitle the Exhibitor to compete in all the departments

The entries in each department must be made as follows:—

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before the 10th of SEPTEMBER.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery, and Manufactures generally SEPTEMBER 15th

Horticultural Products, Flowers, Ladies' Work, &c., SEPTEMBER 18th.

The Society will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railroad Proprietors for carrying articles and passengers at reduced rates.

Arrangements will be made with the Customs Department for the free entry of articles for competition.

J B LEWIS,
President.
A S WOODBURN,
Sec. Treas.

Ottawa August 22. 1749t

OTTAWA TURF CLUB.

The Annual Meeting of the above Club will take place at

MUTCHMOR'S DRIVING PARK

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, 20th SEPTEMBER.

—AND

FRIDAY 22nd SEPTEMBER,

When $2,000 in Purses will be given to be run for as follows:

Lumbermen's Purse of $200.
Steward's Plate of $300.
Hotel-Keepers' Purse of $300.
Hurdle Race of $300.
Carleton Plate of $500.
Ladies' Cup of $150.
Consolation Stakes of $200.

☞ Full particulars in large posters.

Any further information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

EDWARD C. BARBER,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Ottawa, August 10, 1871. 1747-td

RARE CHANCE.

The advertiser has received instructions to offer for SALE, by TENDER, at so much in the Dollar, as per Inventory Valuation,

A WELL ASSORTED TAILOR'S STOCK,

Consisting of English Cloths, Canada Tweeds, Trimmings, &c, &c., amounting to over $4,600.

The Goods are all in first-class order, and have been well selected.

The above offers an excellent opportunity to any one about to commence business, as the goodwill can be secured.

Every information may be had by addressing Box 468, Montreal, and Stock Sheets can be seen on application to the undersigned.

Tenders will be received until the 26th instant. Parties making other than a CASH OFFER, will please name security.

C. BAILLIE,
181 St. James' Street.

Montreal, August 5th, 1871 1739tA

COUNTY OF CARLETON AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Annual Exhibition will take place on

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,

5th and 6th October,

at Bell's Corners, Nepean.

All SUBSCRIPTIONS should be paid before 1st September.

ENTRIES to be made before 3rd October. PRIZE LISTS now ready and may be had from the Secretary at Ottawa, or at the different hotels, Bell's Corners.

A S WOODBURN,
35 3 Secy.-Treas.

TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

The Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy will, at a Session to be held in the Hall of the said Township on SATURDAY, the 30th day of SEPTEMBER next, pass a By-law to establish the road as now laid out between Lots Nos. 5 and 6, in the Third Concession of the said Township.

W. P. TAYLOR,
Township Clerk.

Fitzroy, 28th August, 1871. 36 4

AS THE DAYS ARE GOING BY.

There are lonely hearts to cherish
While the days are going by;
There are weary souls who perish
While the days are going by.
If a smile we can renew,
As our journey we pursue,
Oh! the good we all may do,
While the days are going by!

There's no time for idle scorning,
While the days are going by;
Let our face be like the morning,
While the days are going by.
Oh! the world is full of sighs,
Full of sad and weeping eyes;
Help your fallen brother rise,
While the days are going by.

All the loving links that bind us
While the days are going by,
One by one we leave behind us
While the days are going by;
But the seeds of good we sow,
Both in shade and shine will grow,
And will keep our hearts aglow
While the days are going by.

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XXXII.

AT LAST.

(CONTINUED.)

The books of no man's life are ever laid fully open for inspection; there are little private entries, blotted paragraphs, erased lines that can never be perfectly understood save by the creature and his Creator.

There is a time in all existences when the idea of experience holding some untold story, some hidden tragedy, some unshared grief, to the very end, seems too terrible for imagination to grasp; but, as years pass by, what one appeared impossible becomes first possible, then probable, then certain, then natural; so natural, in fact, that if any one declared there were no skeleton cupboard in his past, no shadows lurking in the darker corners of his memory, we should simply disbelieve the statement, confident that hidden within all lives there lurks a mystery, that, fair and serene though the human landscape may be, storms have burst over it and rain descended, and snow fallen and frost destroyed, where now the sun floods river and mountain, valley and copse.

For all these reasons—and perhaps for another, the most important of all, namely, because he wished to do so—Andrew Hardell went on. If he had his seasons of despondency, to them ensued summer of glad content; and when it was proposed by Mr. Alton that he should throw up his curacy at Essex Marsh and return to Eclin, it really seemed to the man that his cup of joy was full. At Eclin he felt safe—in that quiet corner of the earth he assurred himself discovery could never reach, suspicion never touch him. After he and Joy were man and wife, he was to live at the Hall, till—so said Mr. Alton—he got a good living. But Andrew disregarded the last clause, for he knew Mr. Alton well enough to feel sure that, notwithstanding his losses, he would never desire any increase of good-fortune which should take Joy away from him.

Already Mr. Alton was planning alterations at the Hall which should make their home more comfortable—already he was beginning to be more reconciled to the match—already one difficulty after another was smother away, more especially one great difficulty which had prospectively greatly perplexed Andrew, namely, that of insuring his life; but this condition, after much consideration, his father-in-law elect waived when he found the future bridegroom something more than willing for every present sixpence Joy owned, and every sixpence she might ultimately possess, to be settled on his wife.

Some question of conscience concerning the license induced Andrew to propose that they should be married by banns; and as Joy was quite willing to do anything her lover wished, and as Mr. Alton made no objection, banns of marriage between Anthony Hardell, bachelor, of the parish of Essex Marsh, and Joy Alton, spinster, Eclin, in the parish of Garton, were duly published in their respective churches, and never any one stood up to forbid these two persons being joined together in holy wedlock.

"She was always determined to have him, poor man!" said Mrs. Pryce, as she stood in the graveyard after service on the first Sunday morning when the names of the happy couple were recited, "and now she does not know how to make cackle enough about getting her wish. Not that it is much of a match for Miss Alton of the Hall, who used to look down on every body; but she is not so young as she was, and her looks are going. She will be the more suitable for him, though, who might be as old as her father, for that matter. And to be married by banns, too, just as if she were a laborer's daughter! I always thought gentlefolks liked to do things more private like."

"There is no shame in getting married, though, Mrs. Pryce, is there?" asked Mr. Rogers, the man who had on a former occasion put, to quote his own expression, a ring in Mrs. Pryce's nose; "at any rate, I can remember the time when you did not think there was; and as for our young lady, I am glad she is going to be married and live among us; and, for that matter, so, I can answer for it, is every body in Eclin, unless it may be yourself."

To which Mrs. Pryce replied, that she wished Miss Alton no harm, she had always been civil to her—and went on her way with a single gossip, to whom she revealed the fact, that she wondered what Mr. Alton could be thinking about, to let his daughter marry a beggar. All proving, that while the world stands there will be some one found to say ill-natured things, and to speak disparagingly of the happiness which not merely twenty-one and eighteen, but even maturer age, expect to find in matrimony.

So time went on, and it was the evening but one before the morning fixed for his marriage, when Andrew Hardell received the following note:

"Am I to congratulate you old fellow, or not? Have you made a clean breast to the lady, and received plenary absolution? Have you given her a practical illustration of the words, 'And things are not what they seem,' and received an intimation that she is utterly indifferent on the subject? or have you fallen into the common error of thinking it best to let a sleeping dog lie? If the latter, pray take the only advice I ever, so far as I can remember, offered to man—*tell her every thing.* You know your secret is safe with me, but for God's sake, Andrew Hardell, do not begin this new life burdened with the weight of a secret which has saddened and stultified your old.

"Forgive me if I have said too much. I should never have forgiven myself if I had said less. Always your friend,

"GEORGE TRELWYN."

"It is too late," Andrew muttered to himself as he sat with this letter before him, thinking over his past and his future; and those four words, and those only, he penned on a piece of note paper, and returned it to a man who had signed himself, "Always your friend."

And it *was* too late. He had elected to live a lie, to keep something secret between himself and the woman he loved as he never loved any thing before, to curse his life married as he had cursed it single, to thole his grievous assize to the end of the volume, and only let himself be really discharged when God, the great Judge, pronounced at last "Not Guilty," instead of "Not Proven."

But the whole of that night he passed walking about his room, sleepless, wretched.

How many more such nights, he wondered, was he to spend in the course of his life. He thought of that night at New Abbey, when the room he occupied seemed too small to hold his misery; he recalled the next, when he lay looking up at the stars, and prayed God he might wake and believe it all in a dream; he remembered hazily night after night spent in Kirkcudbright Jail; then more vividly he recollected his return to Dumfries, and the wretched cell where he and his wretchedness talked through the darkness together. Across the next, moonlight streamed; in the ear of memory was the sound of flowing water. Once again he stood leaning over Dervorgilla's Bridge, looking out, a free man, on life—he who, but a few hours before, had been, in the opinion of my lords Glanlorn and Craigie, the advocate depute, and his own counsel, doomed. With one stride thought crossed the waste of intervening years, and he beheld his life as he could and had made it—himself as he might have been and was. Voluntarily he had put fennel into his cup, and never a drop could he ever again touch which should not taste of that herb. In his teeth every thing which he most desired should turn as the flesh of the quails ere the Israelites could swallow it. Every thing O Lord!—fame, success, love—every thing his heart had desired, or his soul thirsted for, were his—and yet he found no sweetness or juice in one of them; the fruits he gathered rotted in his hand, the flowers he tended drooped their leaves before he could wreath them into garlands.

A fool he had been, and he must reap according to his folly. A lie he had lived, and a lie to the end he must remain.

So through the night watches he talked to himself, bearing that misery as he had borne his previous wretchedness—all alone.

"It was too late," he argued. "Was not the bride waiting for her bridegroom? How should she, so tender, so loving, ever bear to hear the man to whom she had given her whole heart had lived a life of deception, in order to avoid man setting the mark of Cain on him?"

He would not tell; he would never tell. He would make that accursed past bury it dead, and try to persuade even himself that he was not identical with the man who had been pushed up by not unkindly hands to hear the verdict of the Scottish jury.

Nevertheless, as the wedding-party emerged from Eclin church, the bells—given by Mr. Alton—seemed to say, "Andrew Hardell, Andrew Hardell; remember New Abbey; remember New Abbey," till the glad peal almost drove him mad.

"Remember I will not," he promised to himself. "From this hour I swear my life shall be a constant endeavor to forget."

And there were times when he did forget; when, looking into Joy's sweet face, and feeling her soft kisses on his cheek, the present seemed so full of happiness, that the past could find no entrance into his bliss.

It was not all sorrow; there was a period when the river of his life ran smooth and clear between banks of emerald green; when every plant of beauty and of virtue seemed to vie together to adorn the present, and to give promise for the future.

There was not a cloud on the horizon—not even one so large as a man's head. He passed the quietest of lives: he preached; he attended to his flock: he walked, or drove, or rode, with his wife, In the summer mornings Joy would tap at the library window, praying him to leave his books and join him in a ramble.

There was no decadence of love—there was no cause for fear; and yet sometimes, when the joybells were ringing loudest in his heart, its pulses stood still, because a knell likewise sounded amidst their music.

It was too happy for permanence; the river could not flow on thus forever without encountering rock or sunken tree, and the first trouble against which Andrew Hardell found he should have to contend, was his wife's inordinate pride in, and admiration of, those talents God had given him.

She longed for the world to know more of his gifts. She hid no light of his under a bushel. She insisted that where rectors and bishops gathered together, there, when, possible, her husband should repair likewise. An unconscious Delilah, she bound him with green withes, that would, she imagined, make him an easy prey to those modern Philistines, the praises of men and the flatteries of women; but she was ignorant that when he married her he had really shorn the locks wherein lay his actual strength to resist temptation and escape danger. The day he took her to wife he yielded himself into the power of a woman, and whatever she bade him do, he in a sort of desperation strove to compass.

Against his judgment, be it understood, and yet not so much against it as might have been the case in previous years.

Every gray hair—and gray was already plentiful among the brown—lessened the chances of detection.

It was all an old, old story, now · so old that a hundred other stories had occupied men's minds since then, and he felt that he might show himself where people do congregate without fear of recognition; consequently, when his wife urged, he consented; when neighboring clergymen asked him to preach, he ceased to make excuses; even at the earnest request of his father-in-law he published a sermon which that gentlemen particularly admired —a feat of less consequence, however, than might at first be imagined, since few men or women ever read sermons at all, or pay very much attention to who writes them.

To be continued.

GLEANINGS.

A New Orleans man, while sitting over a charcoal fire frying some fish, was overcome by the fumes, fell with his face in the pan, and was dead when found.

Young McClellan, who rode the winning horse Helmbold, at Saratoga, the other day, has been presented with $6,000 by grateful betters.

The Rev. Robert Thomson, a British clergyman, will, it is said, shortly preach two sermons, believed on good authority to have been written by Sir Walter Scott, at Abotsford, in 1828, for a young clerical friend of his own. The sermons are very scarce, being almost out of print.

"Palaces and Prisons," is the name of Mrs. Ann S. Stephens' new novel, now in press, and to be published in a few days by T. B. Peterson & Bros., Philadelphia.

Messrs Francis B. Felt & Co., of New York, will publish this month the poet Robert Buchanan's narrative of a tour in the Scottish Hebrides—the "Land of Lorn"—which has attracted much attention in England.

The new steamship *Spain*, of the National line, which will sail on Saturday for Europe, is the largest vessel that ever entered New York harbor, with the exception of the *Great Eastern.* She is 437 feet long, 43 feet of beam, and nearly 30 feet in depth from the main deck to the hold. She is as finely furnished as any ship afloat. On the passage out she made the run from Queenstown in a little over nine days, travelling at three-quarters speed.

The outbreak of yellow fever at Charleston is charged by some persons to the ill-considered action of Mayor Pillsburg in opening a number of old sewers and clensing them right in the midst of hot weather. The effluvia thus liberated filled the air and gave rise to the disease, which otherwise would not have existed. It is further stated that the motive of the mayor in undertaking the job was to give employment to a gang of negroes who had been brought into Charlestown for the purpose of voting at the late city election.

A remarkable group of conical stone monuments, made of smooth and apparently hewn stones cemented together, and evidently the work of skilled builders has been found near Death Valley, in Southern California. Some of the monuments are in a nearly perfect condition: others have fallen, and one or two appear unfinished. There are probably one hundred in all; about four feet high between two and three feet in diameter at the base, and from twelve to eighteen inches at the apex. Four of the cones are much larger than their fellows and stand together in the centre of the group.

A curious controversy is going on in Europe as to whether Louis Napoleon shed tears at Sedan. The testimony is very conflicting. Some hold that the Emperor was in plain clothes and cried; others that he was in uniform and did not cry.

Miss M. E. Braddon, the gifted authoress has published in the London (Eng.) *Athenæum* an earnest protest against a literary fraud of which she is the victim. For years past certain publishers and newspaper proprietors in the United States have been in the habit of foisting on the American public almost any rubbish they could procure as written by her, issuing the same as having been written exclusively for them, or as published from "advanced sheets," supplied by her or with her approval. The worst offender is the proprietor of the N. Y. *Sunday Mercury,* who, in the issue of that journal of July 30 commences something entitled "Leighton Grange; or, Who Killed Edith Woodville?" Miss Braddon explicitly declares that she never saw the production until it appeared in the *Mercury.*

TYPE SETTING BY STEAM.

One invention, however, that did interest me, was a steam type-composing machine. A Mr. Mackie of Warrington has patented this affair, and it is now used in several printing offices, among others that of the Graphic, in London. The invention consists of two machines. One of them is a small one, which has a key board like a piano, of fourteen keys. The operator sets before him the copy which is to be put in type, and manipulates the keys, whereon there is evolved from beneath an interminable strip of paper, two inches wide, which is full of punctures. Each one of those punctures corresponds with a letter of the written copy. The whole manuscript having thus been copied in punctures, the roll of punctured paper is set in a machine that looks like an iron centre-table. The top of the centre-table has all around on its edge little boxes containing type.

The top of the table then revolves. The punctured paper runs around, and when a certain type needed is reached, a little lever falls (by reason of the opening allowed one end of it by the hole in the paper), the other end touching and selecting the letter that is needed. The type so selected falls into place, and the row of selected type pours in a continuous stream out upon a regular composer's stick; which, as fast as it is filled, is removed to the form. They may all seem complex in the description, but it seems wonderfully smooth and simple when seen. A man engaged at the perforator, and three boys at the composer to feed the boxes with type and space out the lines, set up a newspaper column as large as one of the *Times* in one hour, which Mr. Makie maintains, is equal to the composition of eight men. It economizes fifty per cent of outlay. The inventor has been ten years on it, and has now certainly gained a success.

When our commercial houses have Babbage's calculators instead of clerks, and our newspaper offices have revolving centre tables instead of compositors, why should not Mr. Carlyle's dream of an iron automatic prime minister be realized? The republicans of England will do the handsome thing by any Yankee who will invent an automaton queen that can sign her name and not have a large family. To return to Mr. Mackie for a moment, I may add that his machine costs £500, and the inventor advertises that he is prepared to undertake type-setting for one year in any house that purchases it, at 3 cts. per thousand (whatever the size of the type), set in eighteen inch lines. Mackie is the proprietor of the *Warrington Guardian,* the largest paper in England, equal to 112 columns of the *Times,* and it certainly is set up very neatly, set up by his machine, all varieties of type being used—small pica, minion and nonpareil.—London Letter to *Cincinnati Commercial.*

THE STRATHROY DEPUTATION.

(From the *Strathroy Despatch.*)

"Now, on the assurance of Mr. Murdock, a man who never fails to vote as the *Globe* directs; on the assurance of Mr. Dewan, a man who would be above signing a document which he believed to be false; on the authority of Mr. Keefer, whose declaration no one will dispute—we again positively deny that this language, this expression passed. Sandfield Macdonald's lips whilst the deputation conversed with him, *or that he used any form of blasphemy* which could possibly be construed into an expression of that kind. Let the *Globe* give its author: there were four men present listening to the Hon. Sandfield Macdonald, namely, James D. Dewan, James Keefer, William Murdock and Joseph Wilson;—if the *Globe* speaks authoritatively, let the name be published—one of the four must have furnished the evidence, or the *Globe* is guilty of the most rascally misrepresentation and falsehood ever published in a Canadian journal. The stigma rests upon one of the deputation which met the Premier;—let all deny having acted a part of deception, or let the individual who uttered the slander reveal his name and give his evidence. We again deny that the honorable gentleman used this expression to the Strathroy deputation."

CARELESSNESS.

Many persons neglect their horse's health and condition until it is too late, when at a trifling expense and no trouble, the horse might have been saved if attended to in time. To all who may have occasion to use an article of the kind, we would confidently recommend "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy;" it is without doubt the best preparation in use, as thousands who have used it testify. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS MOTHERS

Are you disturbed at night and broken your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins is on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations, Jyt31 2m

COUGHS AND COLDS

Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly, when taken in the early stages of disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the Lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are immitations be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine.* Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

LITERATURE, ART, ETC.

Mr. Swinburne has, it is stated, just completed a classical novel, which will shortly be in the hands of the printer.

We understand that Mr. Hamilton Marshall, the author of a remarkably able novel just published by Messrs. Chapman and Hall, is a direct descendant of Mrs. Hamilton, the anthoress of the still popular tale of cottage life of the last century, entitled "The Cottagers of Glenburnie."

An important work on the history and practice of typography has just been completed in connection with the "Printers' Register." It is entitled "A Dictionary of Typography and its accessory Arts."

A very interesting pamphlet has just been published, purporting to be a *fac simile* of the *London Gazette* of 1666, containing the full account of the Great Fire of London, which raged from September 4 to September 10, 1666. It is printed in the old style of spelling, and contains an account of the total destruction of 13,200 houses, 87 churches, 6 chapels, 4 city gates, the Royal Exchange, the Custom House, the gaol at Newgate, and the Guildhall. The whole forms a valuable literary curiosity.

The *Birmingham Morning News,* under the head of "Our Parliamentary Peep Show," mentions that one of Mr. Newdegate's peculiarities in Parliament consists in getting his speeches taken down by a gentleman in the gallery, whom he retains for that purpose. The stenographer knows when the hon. member wants to have his burning oratory transferred to paper, by Mr. Newdegate placing his hat on the floor beside him; that is the prearranged signal When Mr. Newdegate holds his hat in his hand, or places it under the seat, he does not wish his words taken down. This harmless pastime has continued for many years.

THE LACHINE CANAL SUPPLY.

(*From the Montreal Gazette.*)

We referred a few days ago to the delay in the completion of the supply weir for the Lachine Canal, from which the manufacturers are threatened with very serious loss. A deputation from Montreal went to Ottawa on Thursday last, to represent the matter to Sir George Cartier, who is acting for the Minister of Public Works in his absence. The "area sneak" of the *Globe* having duly reported the fact to his employers, we find in Friday's morning paper the following reference to it:—

"His best consideration was the empty and stereotyped promise with which Sir George Cartier, now performing the official duties of his colleague Mr. Langevin, got rid of a Montreal deputation with regard of a construction of a waste weir. It is one of Sir George's weaknesses to think he can, by way of creation, manage the affairs of three or four departments, but he has succeeded in discovering that this, with many other matters, has been under consideration for a long period, but nothing has yet been done.—A survey will first be required, and this involves delay Then so many other steps have to be taken that other deputations will be made upon the Minister's stock of ready-made promises."

The fact is that our contemporary is sadly out of reckoning, as he usually is when the Government is to be attacked. So far from there being any spirit of delay manifested, Sir George sent the Deputy Minister to Montreal at once, and came himself as well. To-day he visits the ground with a number of gentlemen interested; and will, we have no doubt, justify the confidence which we expressed in a former article, in appealing to him to have the work pressed forward with energy. It is perhaps a fair offset of the *Globe's* attack that the gentlemen who are chiefly interested are satisfied with the energy and promptitude which Sir George Cartier has shown since his attention was called to the matter; and have every assurance that, irrespective of the interests of any one, he will take such steps as well secure the completion of the work with the least possible delay.

TRIFLES.

The gentlemen in the country have many private jokes among themselves, in observing that many ladies who had golden hair last season have either dark brown or gray hair this year.

One of mama's hopefuls, not far away, wrote to a male acquaintance: "Come down and see me; we have a new lamp at our house that we can turn down, down, down, until there is scarcely a bit of light in the room."

A letter from a fashionable summer resort says: A young man is scarcely considered eligible unless he has lost his hair —this being received as almost indisputable evidence that he has always moved in the best society.

For the benefit of ancient maidens and dowagers generally in this city, we quote: —"Scandal is a bit of false money, and she or he who passes it frequently is as bad as she or he who originally utters it."

1,000 yards of Japadese silks at 50 cents per yard at Allan, McKinnon's & McMorran's.

All the year round, "Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders" should be given to horses that are "kept up." To horses and cattle that graze in summer they should only be given in winter and spring.

THE GREAT EASTERN STEAMSHIP.—Unlike any other exhibition, we believe the sight of this noble vessel has given good satisfaction to the thousands of persons who travelled to Quebec to view her, and well repaid them for their outlay; and it is just so with the "Canadian Pain Destroyer." There never was anything that gave such satisfaction; it relieves pain almost instantly, and is the finest thing in the world for rheumatism, neuralgia, and pains in the stomach, &c. 25 cents will buy a bottle of it. Sold by all medicine dealers.

☞ Coughs and colds, when left to themselves, frequently bring on pulmonary complaints, which lead to that distressing and fatal disease, consumption; but if attended to in time, "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers" are a certain remedy. They stop the irritating cough, and soothe and strengthen the bronchial tubes, allaying all irritations and inflammation. They are also particularly adapted for the use of singers and public speakers. Sold by all druggists and country dealers Price 25 cents per box.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette,* remarks, —"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills.' Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinline packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London d1509 1y

AS THE RESULTS OF FAST LIVING ARE ALL free use of stimulants, fatty degeneration of the Heart, Liver and Kidneys frequently occurs; the heart becomes feeble and irregular in action, the liver torpid, the kidneys fail to perform their function properly, and the complexion gradually assumes a pasty hue, the appetite is capricious, digestion feeble, bowels more or less inactive, and a general feeling of lassitude and indisposition to exertion pervades the system. From this deplorable state of health relief may be speedily obtained, by the use of Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya, which is a Chemical Food and Nutritive Tonic. The appetite will be improved, digestion invigorated, assimilation perfected, the constitution enervous.

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

J. H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Wanted—H. McBride.
"Junction Hotel"—D Wilkinson.
Private Board Wanted—U.
To Let—Andrew Porter.
Change of time on Canada Central and Brockville & Ottawa R. Rs.—H Abbott.
City Agricultural Society—A S Woodburn.
British American Bank Note Company—Henry Earle.

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1871.

Rev. Dr. Ormiston is in Montreal.

Mr. Keeler, M. P., is in town.

Sir George Cartier returned to the city on Monday night.

Sir Francis Hincks returned here yesterday.

Hon. Mr. Howe left Boston for Halifax, N. S., yesterday.

Mr. McMicken will leave for Manitoba next week.

The Roman Catholics of this city have purchased ninety acres of land in the township of Gloucester, for a new cemetery.

Mr. Pihl of Norway, whose visit to Canada is connected with the question of Norwegian Emigration to this country, is at the Russell House.

Thos. Reynolds, Esq., Managing Director of the St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway, has returned from Riviere du Loup. We are glad to see him in good health after his trip.

We cannot too strongly condemn the *Leader's* attempted witticism respecting the "family affliction" which prevented Mr. Blake from being present at the Grit demonstration in Simcoe. Coarse personalities of this kind are exceedingly objectionable. We denounce the Opposition organs for indulging in them so frequently; we trust that no Ministerial journal will follow their disreputable example. Mr. Blake's domestic affairs should be held sacred, and never made the subject of public comment. In absenting himself from the meeting, he acted as any man worthy of the name would do under similar circumstances.

When we receive the true account of last Sunday's "Amnesty demonstration," in Dublin, we shall find that its importance was greatly exaggerated by the cable telegram. The hundred thousand men will dwindle down to one-tenth that number, just as the Trafalgar Square mob was reduced from ten thousand to five hundred persons. Certainly if there were anything like a hundred thousand persons in the crowd on Sunday last, they could not have had much confidence in themselves or in the justice of their cause, seeing that they ran like a flock of sheep before a mere handful of policemen.

Mr. Mair has arrived in Toronto from Manitoba and we hope soon to have the pleasure of seeing him in Ottawa. His account of the condition of affairs in the new province is very satisfactory. He says that since the arrival of the Surveyors and the conclusion of a treaty with the Indians all dissatisfaction has passed away. The crops are excellent. From the data that have been obtained, it is estimated that the total yield of wheat will be 1,500,000 bushels. There are also splendid crops of barley and roots. It is believed that between 800 and 1,000 immigrants have arrived this season, most of them bringing horses, cattle and farming implements. The majority of them have settled along the Assiniboine, and a goodly colony at the Boyne River.

WATER WORKS.

We publish in another column the report of the Water Works Committee. It is in the main unfavourable to the system of Water Works proposed by Mr. Green, which they do not consider would provide a sufficient supply of pure and wholesome water for the use of our citizens.

Without at present entering into a discussion as to the merits or demerits of Mr. Green's system, we cannot help feeling that it is a most unfortunate circumstance that while we are in such urgent need of Water Works, while the city is subjected daily to a very considerable loss because we have none, so much difficulty is found in devising such a system as shall be generally regarded as satisfactory. The people of this city are not particular what system is adopted, nor do they care much by what route the water is brought into the city, so long as they obtain an adequate supply of it. There has been far too much time lost already in discussion and argument. The time for action has arrived, and if the members of the Corporation expect to retain their seats, or to enjoy the confidence of the electors, they must decide at once as to the system to be adopted, and submit it to the consideration of the people. The value of property in the city is increasing daily, and a larger amount of money is imperilled because we have no water works. The Corporation have been talking about giving us water works long enough, but they seem to be little, if any, nearer arriving at any practical result or definite conclusion than they were a year ago. Our citizens are so anxious to have water works that they will not be inclined to criticize too nicely the details of any scheme the general result of which seems likely to be satisfactory. We have had enough of discussions and reports, and far too much of personal jealousies and petty quarrels. What we now want is action in the matter, and we trust that the Corporation will see the necessity of at once being prepared to adopt some decided course, which shall relieve the city from the danger and disgrace attendant upon its present condition.

MONTREAL AND THE TRADE OF THE WEST.

We notice that several American journals have lately expressed surprise at the vast extent of the banking capital of Montreal, and the rapid growth of that city. They see in it the probable successful rival of New York in the future. They are astonished to find that the capital of the Montreal banks amounts to upwards of $30,000,000, nearly four times as great as that of the Chicago banks, and second only to the banking capital of New York and Boston. One journal says:

"The capital of these banks, of course, cannot be all used in Montreal. It is employed in all parts of Canada and the maritime provinces, and in many American cities through branches and agencies, but the capital is owned chiefly in the city of Montreal. Having comparatively few rail ways to build and comparatively little land to bring under cultivation, the accumulations of Lower Canada have gone largely into banks and ships. In any future contest between Montreal and New York for Western trade, the former will be found a grim competitor, since the Montreal banks are content with smaller profits, and can thereby give their merchants a firmer hold."

But it is not the banking capital so much as the geographical position of Montreal that renders the future prosperity of that city certain. No amount of American shrewdness or ingenuity can rob Montreal of the advantage that she possesses as the *entrepot* of Lake navigation, the gateway, so to speak, of the natural line of communication between the sea and the wheat producing region of the West. The quantity of bread stuffs arriving in Montreal from the West and shipped from that port, is annually becoming more considerable, until it now amounts to thirteen millions of bushels per annum. The quantity of grain which has passed through the Welland Canal this year is said to be larger than that of any previous year, and a considerable share of this has no doubt gone to Montreal. Were the capacity of the Welland Canal increased, as it soon will be, and the required improvements made in the St. Lawrence canals, a still larger proportion of Western trade would be diverted from the Erie canal in this direction. The Dominion Government have shown that they are fully alive to the importance of this question, and by the action which they have adopted have won the confidence of many persons who were formerly opposed to them in Montreal and elsewhere. The appointment of the Canal Commissioners was a step in the right direction and the recommendations which they made will no doubt be carried out for the most part as speedily as our financial resources will allow. To render the canal system of Canada from the Bay Verte to the Sault Ste. Marie absolutely perfect must perforce take some time and a large expenditure of money. But the enormous growth of Western trade and the fact that in our own North West we shall soon possess a large area of wheat producing territory, renders it absolutely essential that we should as speedily as possible enlarge and improve those canals which already exist, and so make perfect the great natural outlet from Lake Superior to the ocean. Other works will follow in due course. Meanwhile the enlargement of the Welland and the St. Lawrence canals is what demands attention. When that is accomplished, and a few improvements made in the navigation of the river between Montreal and Quebec, we believe that we shall see Montreal progress with astonishing rapidity; and that she will become the great port for Western trade, as nature intended that she should be.

ADMINISTRATIVE CORRUPTION IN THE UNITED STATES.

The Buffalo *Courier* has been entering into a calculation for the purpose of ascertaining the relative cost of Governmental administration in Great Britain and the United States. To the *Courier's* extreme surprise it finds that Republican institutions cost more than those of the monarchy. Extravagance and waste are supposed to be carried to the highest pitch in the management of the British army and navy. But we find that Great Britain's 200,000 regulars only cost $65,000,000 per annum, while the United States regular army, numbering not much more than thirty thousand men, or rather more than one seventh, costs the country more than half that sum or $35,000,000. The U. S. navy cost the Republic $19,430,000 last year, while the British navy, which is six times as large and sixty times more powerful, only cost $40,000,000. These are striking facts, and serve to some extent to show what a vast amount of corruption and mismanagement there must be in a country where politics are allowed to enter into everything. In England and in every country where representative institutions exist, there must always be some danger of the kind, but in the United States it is notorious that in every branch of the public service, a man's ability or efficiency count for little or nothing as compared with the amount of political influence he may possess. The result is waste and peculation to an extent which is perhaps unparalleled except in Russia, where, under the opposite extreme of political institutions, administrative corruption appears to be regarded as one of the fine arts.

"FOSSICKING."

Australia has demonstrated the activity of her intellectual life by the contribution of a new word to our mother tongue. The new word is the verb "to fossick." What "fossicking" is may be gathered by a story told by *The Australian*. It appears that an Australian traveller, weary and footsore, called, once upon a time, at a bush tavern in the Bendigo district. The cash of the traveller was exhausted, and he sought shelter and a bed on the same terms as the Irishman in the song seeks a shave. The surly landlord drove him from the door and told him if he needed rest he had better sleep in the bush at the back of the house. The traveller did sleep in the bush, and early in the morning rose and began "fossicking about." The most notable result of that process was the discovery of a "reef" which is the vernacular for a gold mine. The rejected of the tavern thereupon established a claim—which seems to be an easy matter in Australia. In a short time the working of his "reef" enabled him to buy the inhospitable landlord out; in a very short time afterwards he sold a portion of his interest in the mine for £20,000 and the Wilson Mining Co., is now one of the favorite enterprises of the gold regions. "Fossicking about" when you are in the neighborhood of latent gold mines seems to be worth trying.

A fellow with "a very bad cold" went into a Chicago jewellery store to sample some diamonds. After the fellow went out it was discovered that some of the samples had gone too. His bad cold was very convenient, as a frequent use of his handkerchief rendered it quiet easy for him to "blow" a diamond into it.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 5.

A fire occurred this morning in Jurey street, but trifling damage was done.

Louis Veseau assaulted Michel Breard last night with a bottle, seriously wounding him. Veseau, who is a nail maker and in good position, has been committed.

The city criminal statistics, just published, shows the total number of arrests since Jan. 1st this year to be 7164. Of these 2799 were French Canadian, 2779 Irish, 244 English, 249 Scotch, 804 British Canadians, 117 others nationalities, 5,450 were males and 1618 females.

There are a large number of lunatics now in the jail.

The grand provincial cricket match on the Club Grounds, continued all day and will be resumed to-morrow. The Quebec team had first innings, which was finished at 4 o'clock with a total score of only 60.

The ship *Abeona*, on her third highly successful voyage from Glasgow arrived to day.

The Mechanics' Institute, held its annual meeting last night, showing a most properous state of finances and general working.

The visit of Sir G. Cartier and officials yesterday to the water works in connection with the Lachine canal is likely to result in the vigorous pushing forward of the late stagnant operations in the same connection.

Weather very hot.

There are a number of Upper Canadians in the City.

Markets dull.

RENFREW.

GREAT FIRE RAGING.

RENFREW, Sept. 5.

A fire is spreading through the woods about two miles from here. Unless the wind falls serious damage will probably result from it. Several waggon loads of men from the village have gone out to assist the farmers in the vicinity of the fire.

Several other large fires are reported, but at a distance.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—A grand musical festival began to-day at Gloucester and will continue through the week. Among the vocal performances are Mme. Lettjens and Madame Cora de Wilhorst Laden, a well known American singer. The performance commenced to-day in the Cathedral with Dettinger's *Te Deum*, "Hear my prayer;" Mendelhson, Jeptha and Handel, will be continued to-night with the first part of Hayden's "Creation," and a selection from Handel's "Israel in Egypt." The concerts of Wednesday and Thursday evening will be given in Shire Hall. The instrumental performers and choirs as the other soloists are all of the first eminence.

Commodore Ashbury's yacht *Livonia* has been aground off the Isle of Wight, but was got off without damage. She is to-day sheltered in Portland Harbor awaiting the termination of the prevailing heavy gale before continuing her voyage to New York.

The Sheffield strike has been settled by arbitration and the arrangement of the Newcastle strike by similar means is expected.

FRANCE.

VERSAILLES, Sept. 5.—Five of the female incendiaries or petroleuses of Paris are now under trial, being arranged before a separate tribunal, specially constituted for the purpose. Numerous witnesses have been summoned to testify to the fact of their complicity in the incendiary acts of the late Commune.

PARIS, Sept. 5th.—The trial of the female incendiaries was concluded and four are sentenced to suffer death, one to imprisonment in a fortress, and one to ten years solitary imprisonment.

The journals say Thiers and the Chivalier Nigra, the Italian Minister, have had angry discussions over the participation of Italy in the Gastein conference.

Dr Karl Max, the leading spirit of the International Society died to-day in the 53d year of his age.

A tumultuous discusion took place in the Assembly to-day over the motion made by deputy Rainard for the return of the assembly and the seat of Government to Paris.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, Sept. 5.—The Prussian *Cross Gazette* says it was decided at Gastien to leave the Roman question entirely to Italy.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 5.—Large numbers of working men of various trades have struck work this week. Their principal demand is for reduction of hours of labor.

ITALY.

ROME, Sept. 5.—The anniversary of the occupation of Rome by Italian troops under Gen. Cadorna on the 20th September 1870, will be celebrated this year by the passage of the national guards through the streets, the entertainments, &c.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 5.—Alikibrast Pacha, the Grand Vizier and Minister of Foreign Affairs is at the point of death.

It is expected that Keamil Pacha, now President of the Council of State, will succeed to the Grand Vizierslip.

MALTA.

The *Filomela* has capsized off Malta and eleven persous were drowned.

EGYPT.

Advices from Egypt received in this city state that it is reported that the Viceroy has dismissed all the Americans in his service, both in the army and in the civil departments. This step has been taken in consequence of the ill feeling and jealousy displayed towards the Americans by numerous turkish officials of high standing and influence.

Latest American Telegrams.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—The Executive Committee appointed last evening at the meeting of the citizens in reference to the city finances met to-day, organized and elected permanent officers.

It is stated that several well-known parties have entered into arrangements to build a mammoth steamer 500 feet long, which is to be completed next summer to be run between Albany and New York. It is proposed that this steamer will be used exclusively for passengers, carrying no freight, and shall run from Albany to New York and return, in 12 hours, leaving Albany in the morning and returning by ten in the evening.

Mary Russell, aged 22 years, and married, died last night, at 21 Ridge Street, from metroporitonitis the result of abortion, produced, as was stated by the deceased in her anti-mortem statement, by one Mrs. Burns, of Christie Street. Mrs. Burns was arrested last evening, and the father of the child, Henry Puller, and Mrs. Burns, house-keeper, who assisted in the operation, have been sent into the House of Detention. The inquest comes off next Monday.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 5.—The Board of Health reports no deaths from yellow fever within the last 24 hours.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK, Sept. 5—Ten convicts have escaped from the Penitentiary this morning, by overpowering the guards.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—The steamship *Rhein*, which sailed hence on the second instant for Bremen, when 227 miles east of Sandy Hook, on Sunday, broke her shaft and was towed back to this city by the steamer *Colorado*, which arrived to-day.

The examination in the case of Dr Perry and Mme. Hanburkirk, charged with causing the death of Emely A. Post, by malpractice, was concluded yesterday before Police Justice Walsh in Brooklyn. Bail was refused and accused were held to await the attention of the Grand Jury. Judge Troy, in his charge to the Grand Jury of Kings county, yesterday, made some severe remarks about abortionists and the newspapers which print their infamous advertisements.

CINCINNATI, 5.—The crops of tobacco now being cut in the Miami Valley is the largest that has ever been raised there. It is estimated at 45,000 boxes. The crop last year was 25,000 boxes. The leaf is fine.

WASHINGTON, Sept 5.—The statement that dissatisfaction with the London Banking House of Baring Bros, was the cause of the recent transfer of the United States accounts to Clews, Habicht & Co., is untrue. The Secretary of State was perfectly satisfied with Barring Bros., and had no cause for dissatisfaction, and the transfer was made solely to carry out the policy of the President of placing the agency of the State Department in the hands of American bankers, when it can be carefully done.

BOSTON, Sept 5.—In the inquest at Ravere to-day James Hickey, flagman at Carrysville, testified that after the Beverly train passed his station, the smoke from the two engines settled down behind it so that he could not see the trail lights 50 rods distant and felt alarmed. When the express train followed he would have stopped the latter by signal if he had had time. Other witnesses reported details of the accident, but nothing new elicited.

CUBA.

HAVANA, Sept. 5.—A recent hurricane at St. Thomas, and adjacent islands caused numerous disasters to shipping. At St. Thomas the barque *Duke of Wellington* was lost. The crew was saved. Reports from Antiqui state that the English vessels *Hannel, Douglas and Westward*, and the Austrian ship *Hero*. were lost.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

DUBLIN, September 5.—The disturbances though momentarily suppressed in the afternoon broke out again with increased fury. Later in the evening the crowd which had been dispersed by the Police collected again and attacked the Police. There was fierce fighting all night. The Police made several savage charges but were repelled by the enraged populace with sticks and a shower of missiles. At one time the crowd obtained so completely upperhand that the Police were driven into the barracks. A perfect bombardment of stones was then kept up by the people who smashed all the windows. After some delay the Police force in the Barracks obtained reinforcement and charged the crowd with desperate fury. A hand to hand fight ensued, the upshot of which was that the Police were driven back into the barracks. Again and again they sallied, but with the same result. At last by a grand effort they beat a way for themselves and broke the crowd up. During the *melee* which followed an iron bar was thrown to the Police from a tavern at the corner of Queen street, where several rioters had taken refuge. The Police thereupon stormed the house, broke the doors and captured the inmates whom they belabored with savage blows. The mob made a desperate attempt to rescue the prisoners and a battle ensued during which the house was battered and half destroyed. The rioters threw themselves with frantic rage upon the Police without being able to deliver their friends. The prisoners on their way to the Police Station and in their cells sang seditious songs. Throughout the night excitement was very great and is still increasing. It cannot yet be stated with certainty how many persons have been wounded and killed. Troops were day and night under arms but did not interfere as the authorities were apprehensive that terrible slaughter would be the consequence. Only 27 of the rioters have been arrested. Eight rioters arrested yesterday were sentenced to 3 and 4 months imprisonment.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 5th.—There is great agitation among dangerous classes in Paris. Last night and to-day infantry and cavalry patrols, have been passing to and fro through all parts of the city, but in greatest numbers through the revolutionary quarters, Belleville, La Villette and Menilmontarti. There are about sixty thousand troops distributed all over the city. A very large force is consigned to barracks in Belleville, where the population is said to be wholly under the influence of the International Society. Many Blouses are idle, others have left work as if by some preconcerted arrangement, they are congregating around the mairies or excited by discussing in wine-shops, whether the celebration should take place in spite of the introduction of the Government. Thus far no crowds have collected, for as soon as a knot of mal-contents is collected the police interfere and dissolve them. Since the passage of the Bill making it punishable to belong to the International, the influence of that Society has been increasing in secrecy. The approaching dissolution of the National Guard is contemplated by many with apprehension—it is feared that the measure will throw a large number of men into the ranks of the International Society. The precautions of the Government are so complete that the populace will probably not dare attempt a demonstration. The orders of the military authorities are absolute and severe. Any disturbance would be quelled in blood, as troops have orders to fire on the first provocation. The cities of Lyons, Marseilles, and Bordeaux, where similar demonstrations have been arranged by the International, are also filled with troops. The Government will enforce order everywhere, as the circular which it has issued forbidding the celebration implies.

DOMINION NOTES.

Elora will have a seven acre park, by public subscription.

Capt. Bridgewater is lecturing at Windsor on "Backbiting."

A clerical joke at the expense of a brother of the cloth is going the rounds. It is said that a clergyman who preached in a prison, a Sunday or two since, began his discourse in his traditional way by saying, "I am glad, my friends, to see so many of you here this morning."

The Victoria *Colonist* says, On her upward trip on Tuesday, the steamer Sir James Douglas was hailed when off Salt Spring Island by Mr. Sampson, constable, who informed Capt. Clarke that on Monday night, at 8½ o'clock, the steamer Emily Harris, with 60 tons of coal for Victoria, had blown up and that Capt Frain, white passenger (from the quarry) and the Chinese cook were lost.

Wm. Kerr, fishery inspector, has been enforcing the fish and game laws in the county of Ontario. William McCart, of Pickering, was fined $4 50 or twenty days in gaol for shooting a wild duck. Salsbury Wright and Richard Munson were also fined for catching white fish and salmon without a license. James Storey and Richard Snow have been appointed to guard fish and game at Lynde's Creek.

Mr. R. Buchanan, of Mono, while walking along the Prince of Wales Road the other day, about one mile north of Camilla, was attacked by a large and ferocious lynx, which sprang at him from a wood which skirts the road at that point, and fastened its fangs in the calf of his leg. A desperate fight ensued, when Mr. Whimps of Rich Hill, who accompanied Mr. Buchanan on the occasion, came to his friend's aid, and with a hand-spike succeeded in disabling the vicious animal, which was finally killed and carried by Mr. Buchanan as a trophy of his adventure, to Smith's Hotel, at Elba, where it has been stuffed by Mr. J. Phillips, of Whittington. Mr. Buchanan fortunately wore long boots at the time of the occurrence, which saved him from serious laceration.

The young and charming wife of Mr. Wm. Hanson, of the 12th concession of Fullarton, performed a feat this summer, says the Mitchell *Advocate*, which would put to shame many of the stern sex. Being determined to assist her husband, who works two hundred acres of land, she offered her services as driver of the reaper, but Mr. Hanson seemed to think that such a task would be too laborious for a person of her constitution, and at first refused. After some persuasion, however, he acquiesced, and Mrs. H. took her seat upon the reaper, and gave the word "go" to the horses. To the surprise of all present she drove with the carefulness of a master-hand and continued to do so day after day until every blade of grain on the two farms fell before the knife! This is just the kind of woman for a farmer.

The *Sorel News* of saturday says that a distinguished party proceeded to Yamaska last Wednesday morning to view the progress of the work on the Sorel and Drummondville Railway. "On their arrival at Yamaska the party inspected the substantial and at the same time the beautiful bridge over the Yamaska, and the Steam Mill where the ties are prepared previously to their being laid on the line of road. A freight-car having been made ready with temporary seats, the excursionists embarked to inspect the road. We express the unanimous opinion of the gentlemen present when we say that they were surprised at the speed, with the great ease, at which they were carried over the finished part of the road. The cars were taken as far as the road was laid, about two miles from the village of St. Guillaume. A speed of thirty, and we are told even forty miles can be obtained."

At Ailsea Crag, on Monday, two children were poisoned by eating some stramonium, or thornapple, which they had found. As soon as the symptoms of poisoning appeared medical aid was called in. One of them is lying in a dangerous state, but the other is recovering.

The inquest on Renforth has been adjourned until to-morrow, when Dr. Johnston, of Boston, to whom the stomach of the deceased was sent, will give his testimony.

It is with much pain that we learn of the death of Professor Forbes, of McGill College. Mr. Forbes came to Montreal about a year ago, and assumed one of the chairs previously filled by Vice-Principal Leach. He had taken high honours at his University and was a young man of much promise. A severe cold which settled on his lungs last winter had such a serious effect upon his health that on the conclusion of the session he hastened home for the purpose of recruiting his health. The fatal disease, however, had made too great progress, and now, before the University classes have re-opened, there comes the announcement of his death.

GOSSIP FOR THE BREAKFAST TABLE.

John G. Saxe borrowed a candle of a beautiful young lady at Saratoga the other night. The next morning she found under her door these lines:

"You gave me a candle: I give you my thanks,
And add as a compliment justly your due—
There is not a girl in these feminine ranks
Who could if she would, hold a candle to you."

Recently, at the fete at Chiselhurst, the ex-Emperor received, among tokens of esteem from most of the capitals of Europe, an album with the names of 6,000 Parisian merchants inscribed therein.

It is now proposed in Massachusetts to get up a ticket with General Butler for Governor and Anna Dickinson for Lieutenant Governor. The Boston *Advertiser* very adroitly brings Miss Dickinson into the canvass in order to defend herself against certain charges preferred by Butler.

On the 15th of September Jerome Bonaparte, of Baltimore, will be married to Mrs. Edgar, of New Orleans, granddaughter of Daniel Webster. The bride elect is the mother of three lovely children, and is a beautiful blonde of very youthful appearance. The groom is a handsome bachelor of forty—more or less—and a grand nephew of Napoleon I. The wedding will be strictly private, and take place at the residence of a Catholic priest at Newport.

Ah Bung is the expressive name of a Californian Chinese pugilist.

Robert Bonner is said to have $275,000, worth of horses in his stable.

The new style of dresses in three colors are called the "patchwork costumes."

Boston ladies propose a new dissipation next winter, namely,—"morning reading classes."

A French astronomer has invented a balloon compass which will show both the course and rate of speed of a balloon.

An aged woman in North Adams relates that many years ago, while attending a social dance, a young mechanic asked her hand for one of the dances. She indignantly refused, feeling much mortified that he should make such an offer. Years have passed, and she has filled an honorable but humble position in life, while the young man whom she scorned has been Governor of Massachusetts.

A naval return just issued shows that the ship building and repairing works undertaken in Her Majesty's dockyards during the year 1871-2 will cost £11,276. The torpedo experiments and the right of manufacturing torpedoes cost £33,600.

A cheerful savant has discovered the mosquitoes are a providential guard against disease, upon the supposition that in summer the human system is peculiarly liable to fever, and the insects, by depleting the quantity of blood, get up a counter-irritation.

Among the peculiar titles to newspapers in India are the "Ambrosia Leaf of the Market," the "Fragrant Dew of the Valley" the "Boys of the Morning" the "Punjaub Bird of Good Omen," and the "Inner Gate of Paradise."

For the benefit of young persons afflicted with freckles, the New York *Mail* would inform them that powered nitre, moistened with water, applied to the face night and morning, will soon remove all traces of them.

During the month of July the quantity of diseased and unwholesome fish seized and destroyed by the officers of the Fishmongers Company of London was 47 tons 7 cwt. The greater portion has been brought to that city by rail.

The people in the vicinity of the White Mountains have been electrified by the discovery of Professor Hitchcock and party, now engaged in a geological survey of that region, that one of the Twin Mountains is a solid mass of jasper.

The "stinagree" is a California flat-fish, the cobra of the sea, and its sting is almost as poisonous as the bite of a rattlesnake.

A disease of the mulberry trees has of late been observed near Trient, Tyrol, threatening to damage the business of keeping silk-worms.

A monument is to be erected at Rome in token of Italian unity. Munificent prizes for models have been offered by the city authorities.

Chief-Justice Chase has been at his summer residence at Waukesha, Wis., some four weeks. His health is better than it has been for several years.

Striped snakes eat potato bugs, which in turn poison the snakes, and the people of Van Buren county, Iowa, speak of this arrangement as a mutual benefit society.

Judge Underwood of Virginia, has published his opinion (unofficial) that all women will be permitted to deposit their ballots in the Presidential contest of 1872.

Repeated shocks of earthquake have recently been felt near Spoleto, Italy. The inhabitants of the borough of Cascia have left their houses and are living in the open fields.

The *Spectator* speaks of a class of readers whose pleasure it is to pique themselves on their penetration in discovering mystery which cannot but be perfectly plain to every one.

Twenty-one years ago a jeweller at Cape Ann, Mass., engraved his name upon an old fashionated copper cent. It was returned to him a few days since in the regular course of business.

Dr. Samuel Warren, author of "Ten Thousand a Year," now a bachelor in his sixty-fourth year, is about to marry a daughter of Edward Beaumont, M.P. for South Durham, England.

Italy has twenty-one universities. Twenty of these—a list of the students of the University of Naples has not been made out—were attended by 5,940 matriculated students during the last university year.

REPORT OF THE WATER WORKS COMMITTEE.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

The Water Works Committee in this, their fifth report, beg leave to submit that in conformity with the resolutions of your honorable body, passed at your last meeting, the Chairman of this Committee, accompanied by Ald. Lapierre, called at the office of Sir George E. Cartier, the present Acting Commissioner of Public Works, for the purpose of having an appointment made for the reception of your Committee, and was informed that the Honorable Baronet was absent from the city. They then proceeded to see Mr. Trudeau, the Deputy Commissioner of Public Works, and he likewise was absent, and neither of those gentlemen will return before the middle of this week, and under these circumstances they deemed it unnecessary to call upon the other gentlemen interested in the sites for Water Works, as the whole of the information required by your resolution could not be obtained by your Committee.

They would further state that the Report of D. M. Greene was duly received by your Committee, which they now present to your honorable body, and they have had the same printed and distributed, and it is with much pleasure your Committee find that he has from statistics almost within a fraction arrived at the same conclusion as Mr. Perry and your Committee, as to the annual expenses of maintaining water works, and the annual revenue derivable from the same, the following being Mr. Greene's figures. For annual expenses, $40,250, annual revenue $43,000, being the sum of $2,750 of revenue in excess of expenses while Mr. Perry shews $1,770 in excess, and your committee $7,045. So that a revenue in excess of the outlay may be looked upon with considerable certainty.

Your Committee also find that Mr. Greene is in favor of the High Pressure or Holly System in which your Committee fully concur.

As to the cost of distribution your Committee find that Messrs. Greene and Perry agree and that an average cost of $10,000 per mile is amply sufficient, and the calculation of those gentlemen is between 24 and 25 miles and their estimate at $250,000.

Again your Committee see with pleasure that Messrs. Greene and Keefer agree as to the Fire Alarm Telegraph, both being of opinion that the ordinary Fire Alarm Telegraph is much safer, quicker, and more reliable than that which might be called a Water Telegraph as used by Mr Holly in connection with his works.

Your Committee regrets that a misapprehension exists as to Mr. Greene's instructions as to that part of his report referring to the best method to be adopted for the construction of water works, but if your Honorable body will look at the fourth report of your Committee you will find that Mr. McAlpine was there instructed to report upon the best, cheapest and safest method the city can adopt in their construction and your Honorable body by resolution on the 19th day of June last past, finding that the services of Mr. McAlpine could not be obtained, authorized the Chairman of this Committee to employ the services of Mr. Greene in the place of Mr. McAlpine. Therefore, when Mr. Greene recommended the employment of commissioners, we presume that gentleman used his best judgment and was also correctly within the scope of his duty, and your Committee would say they favour the proposed method of building our water works through commission, but not favoring the scheme of Mr. Greens in some of its details.

Your committee in making the following observations on the distribution and conduit are moved with the following considerations: viz:—that the supply of water should be pure and wholesome, and that power and distribution should be ample and sufficient.

As to the distribution it appears to be an accepted principle that water should move through the main at the rate of two feet per second, and at that speed Mr. Greene demonstrates a 21 inch main would be required, yet he only calculates on furnishing an 18 inch which your committee cannot approve of, and they would show that the nearest approach to this would be the plan suggested by Mr Perry, namely an 18 inch main along Maria and Theodore streets and a small 8 inch main along Wellington street.

The advantage again of duplicate mains are so obvious that it is generally admitted and if Mr. Perry's suggestion was carried out as to the 8 inch main by extending it along Wellington to the corner of Rideau and Sussex streets and also forming another connection with the main on Maria street, (say by Elgin street) the whole work be duplicated to such an extent as to supply the present population with say 18 gallons of water per head or by increasing the speed in the main to four feet per second, a supply could be obtained of 28 gallons to the present population or of 14 to a population of 50,000.

Your Committee now reaches the conduit and in this there is a wide difference between Mr. Greene and Messrs. Keefer and Perry, they estimating its size at 20 x 10 feet. Mr. Greene his at 12 x 10 feet and for that propose to increase the current in the conduit to four feet per second, he then says that the inclination of the bed of the conduit should be one foot in two thousand six hundred and forty feet which he says will cause a current of two feet per second making the total quantity of water conveyed by it 240 feet per second and he says he will require for the purpose of working his water wheels 352 feet per second, leaving a deficit of 112 feet per second for power and nothing for the city supply.

Your Committee presumes that by increasing the inclination of the bed of the conduit the current could be increased to four feet per second and the 352 feet of water obtained but then you must decrease the head of water in your wheel and thereby lessen the power, and then again if the water is taken from it for city supply, the quantity of water is again diminished and again is the power decreased so that the conclusion your Committee must arrive at is, that the conduit as laid down in Mr. Greene's report will not furnish more than two thirds of the power requred without any city supply.

Again, for the supply of water to the conduit, Mr. Greene advises that pier walls should be extended into the bay to a depth of ten feet at low water, and that the same should be five feet above high water, your committee submit that if the said depth be reached before you arrive at the boom timbers enclosing the channel to the timber slides, you will take the water from among the saw-logs in the boom belonging to His Worship the Mayor's mill, which, during the past summer, and will in future, fill up the buoy to the boom timbers of the slide channel, which your Committee could not recommend. Then if the depth of ten feet is not reached until you arrive within or beyond the slide channel, then your Committee submits that the Government would not permit the building of the pier walls, as it would of necessity close the channel to the timber slides.

Under these circumstances your committee regrets they are forced to come to the conclusion that under Mr. Greene's report a sufficient supply of pure and wholesome water cannot be obtained for the citizens of Ottawa, nor will the conduit supply a power sufficient, according to the provisions laid down by him, for the purpose of giving such supply.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Chairman.

G. TAILLON,
H. LAPIERRE.

THE GASTEIN CONFERENCE.

INCIDENT OF THE VISIT OF THE EMPEROR OF GERMANY.

Berlin (Aug. 19) Correspondence of The London Times.

To mention a more personal incident connected with the Imperial interview, which, however, might have had a most decisive influence upon the aspect of affairs, the Emperor William had a narrow escape on the way from Salzburg to Gastein. Soon after leaving the small village of St. Johann, where he had changed horses, he noticed that the postboy was completely drunk. The carriage went zigzag, and threatened every moment to be overturned. Though there are no precipices in that part of the road, the hilly nature of the ground makes careful driving doubly necessary, and it soon became imperative to remove the dangerous Phaeton from his seat. The Emperor ordered the carriage to stop, which operation having been effected with some difficulty, the adjutant and valet, his only attendants at the moment, alighted, and, taking the delinquent down, placed him by the roadside, where he was found some hours after. The valet took his place but as they advanced the declivities on either side rendered it rather unsafe driving for one unacquainted with the locality. When therefore, they happened to meet the mail coach from Gastien, the adjutant, explaining the situation, asked the guard to give him his position. The guard did not exactly refuse, but said he could not recommend him, as he was a supernumerary from the field, taken on in consequence of the crowded state of the road. The valet, therefore, had to drive on a couple of hours to the next station, where he was replaced by a more experienced hand. On arriving at Gastein His Majesty expressed his amusement at an adventure which, fortunately, had passed off without any disastrous consequences.

DIED

At Belleville, on Monday, the 4th inst., George Dickinson, M. D., aged 25 years, only son of W. Dickinson, Esq., Deputy Inspector General.

WANTED,

A School Teacher for School Section No. 3 Huntly. Apply to
HENRY McBRIDE,
J. LEITT,
or JAMES JOHNSTON,
Carp Post Office,
Ontario.
1760-2w

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON,
Proprietor.
1760-6m

PRIVATE BOARD WANTED

In Upper Town by a Gentleman and his Wife. Apply by letter addressed
1761- U., TIMES Office

TO LET,

A first class store and Offices, lately occupied by TIMES Printing and Publishing Company, formerly occupied by Magee & Russell. No. 33, Sparks street. Apply to
ANDREW PORTER,
1761-tf On the Premises.

BRITISH AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY.

OTTAWA, Sept. 6, 1871.

NOTICE.

A Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at their Office in this City on Saturday, the 16th inst., at 3 o'clock, p.m.

HENRY EARLE.
1771-1 Secretary.

CITY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

Tenders will be received in writing, up till noon on SATURDAY next, for the privilege of keeping REFRESHMENT BOOTHS on the Show Grounds, during the day of Exhibition.

Two spaces are to be allotted for Vitualling Booths, and two for Confectioners, one of each on either side of the Grounds, and parties may offer for the sole privilege or for a stand separately, the Committee reserving the right of accepting that which they deem in the interests of the Society and the public; parties leasing to put up their own booths.

A plan of the Grounds, with the allotted spaces marked, may be seen on application to

A. S. WOODBURN,
Secretary.
Ottawa 5th Sept., 1871. 1761-2

NOTICE.

We hereby forbid all persons to hire JOHN DUNN and THOMAS PADDON, as they have deserted our employment.

GILMOUR & Co.
Gatinean Mills, Chelsea, Hull,
September 4, 1871. 1760-4

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871. 1871.

The following first-class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES.....J. James "
NIGER.......W. Nisbett "
SEVERN.....G. Butchart "

Are intended to Sail, as under, during the Season of 1871, between

LONDON,
QUEBEC and MONTREAL.

FROM LONDON.

MEDWAY	Thursday,	10th August,
THAMES	"	24th "
NIGER	"	7th Sept.
SEVERN	"	21st "
MEDWAY	"	5th Oct,
THAMES	"	19th "

AND FROM QUEBEC.

NIGER	Thursday,	10th August.
SEVERN	"	24th "
MEDWAY	"	7th Sept,
THAMES	"	21st "
NIGER	"	5th Oct.
SEVERN	"	19th "
MEDWAY	"	2nd Nov.
THAMES	"	16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $5 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to
DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.
or
T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co.'s Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, June 13th. 1760y

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

All descriptions of property insured at moderate rates.

Tables of rates for Life Assurance and all information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

T. M. CLARKE, Agent.
OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

AUCTION SALE
OF
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

The subscriber has been instructed by Mrs. BADGLEY to sell at her residence, corner of Augusta and Stewart streets, Sandy Hill, on FRIDAY, September 8, 1871, the whole of her household effects, consisting of Hair Cloth Parlor Set, B W Centre Table, Whatnot, Curtains and Carpet, Pictures, Parlor Ornaments, &c., Dining Table, Sideboard, Side Table, Dining Chairs, Couch, Carpet, Crockery, China, Glassware, Knives and Forks, Spoons, &c. Bedroom Furniture—Bedsteads, Bureaus (enclosed and open), Washstands, Dressing Tables, Dressing Glasses, Bedroom Crockery, Carpets, Curtains, Feather Beds, Pillows, Hair and Straw Matrasses, and a quantity of Sheets, Blankets, and quilts. Cooking Stove, Kitchen Table, Chairs, Pails, Kettles, Irons, Tin-ware, Barrels, Box Stoves, Stovepipes, &c.

The whole will be sold without reserve.
Sale at 10 a.m.
TERMS—Cash.

A. ROWE
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Sept. 4, 1871. 1760td

AUCTION SALE
OF
Valuable Family Carriage.
AND
SPORTSMAN'S BUGGY or DOG CART.

J. Bermingham has received instructions to sell outside the Russell House, on Wednesday, the 6th inst., at Twelve (12) o'clock, noon, one very fine family Carriage, with coachman's and tete-a-tete seats, handsome and valuable lamps, drab cushions and lining, and in every respect fit for any family. The carriage is of Quebec build, and is nearly new, being only six times used, and is well worthy the attention of intending purchasers.

ALSO,

One very handsome Sportsman's Buggy or English Dog Cart, stylish and substantially built, fully cushioned, having tiger's seat, which can be turned over for family use, with many other improvements, Carriage and Buggy to be seen outside the Russell House on Wednesday morning from 9 o'clock until hour of sale.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, 4th Sept. 1760td

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
BY AUCTION.

J. Bermingham is instructed by Major Douglas to sell at the City Auction Mart, York street, on Friday, 8th inst., at 10 o'clock a.m., all that gentleman's Household Furniture and effects, among which will be found a most unique drawing room set in Morocco and Amber repp, Sofas and Lounges in hair cloth and damask, Chairs in hair cloth, three sets handsome window hangings, several very good tapestry, Kidderminster and Turkey Carpets. English oil cloth 20 yards, Mahogany Sofa Table, Card Tables, b. w. Centre and Trifle Tables, b. w. Extension Dining Tables, Side Board, oval back cane seat Dining Chairs, rosewood cane seat Chairs, Clocks, Fire Irons, China, Crockery, and Cutlery, one very handsome bedroom set, cost 80, Iron Bedsteads, double and single, Spring, Hair, and other Matrasses, b. w. Bureaus with oval glass, b. w. enclosed Washstands, b. w. Dressing Tables, b. w. Wardrobes, Bedroom Carpets, Hall, Parlor, Furnace, and other Stoves, 1 Farmer's Boiler, 2 Force Pumps and Piping, Bottling Machine, Bottle Washing Machine, 2 Bridles, set of good Buggy Harness, &c. Also, 15 doz. of old wines, viz: Port, Sautern, Champagne, and Claret.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, 5th Sept. 1760td

AUCTION SALE.
OF
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell at the house recently occupied by Mr. MEREDITH, Main's Grove, Wilbrod St., Sandy Hill, on WEDNELDAY, September 6th, 1871, all the goods therein, consisting of 1 Mahogany Piano Forte, in good order; 1 Parlor Set, in Green Repp; Carpets, Curtains, Cornice, Parlor Lamp, (two Bureaus,) b w Dining Table, Cane Seat Dining Room Chairs, Side Table, Hall Oil Cloth, Hall Stove, Prescott, make; 1 Coal Stove and Pipes, Bedsteads, Matrasses, Wardrobe, &c. An excellent Cooking Stove with furniture. A quantity of Glassware, Crockeryware, Coal Oil Lamps &c.

Sale at 1 o'clock, p.m.

TERMS CASH.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

N.B—Goods to be delivered immediately after the sale.

Ottawa, September 2 1759.

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY will be held at OTTAWA on the 11th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon the accepting of a lease from the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company of that section of their Railway lying between Carleton Place and Sand Point, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.
Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the BROCKVILLE and OTTAWA RAILWAY will be held at BROCKVILLE on the 10th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon a lease of the section of the said Railway lying between CARLETON PLACE and SAND POINT to the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.
Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

GENUINE
HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VINEGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,
Metcalfe Street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building.
Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

ENGLISH WEEKLY NEWSPAPERS AND MONTHLY MAGAZINES.

LLOYD'S WEEKLY LONDON NEWS, Weekly Times, Reynolds', Weekly Dispatch,—the latest editions,—5 cents. Subscription (post free to any part of the Dominion)—yearly, $2.50; six months, $1.25.

Illustrated London News, Graphic, Bell's Life, News of the World, Punch, Fun, Judy, &c., &c.

THE TORONTO GLOBE delivered at 10 cents per week.

C. E. HUCKETT & CO.
69, Sparks Street.
August 26. 1756 1m

LOCAL NEWS.

The weather yesterday was very warm.

FAIR DAY.—The annual fair takes place at the By Ward Market to day.

THE RACES.—Mr. Graham, of the "Albion" and Mr. Chapman of the "British Lion" are to be the caterers at the Ottawa Turf Club Races.

Three boys were nearly drowned in the canal, the canoe in which they were being upset. They were rescued by a man who happened to be passing

THE BANK NOTE COMPANY.—A number of the employees of this company leave for Montreal this week and the whole establishment will leave in the course of a short time.

TO-DAY at twelve o'clock Mr. Bermingham will sell outside the Russell House one very fine family carriage; one handsome dog cart, and a span of chestnut carriage horses.

AUCTION SALE.—Mr. Rowe will sell by auction to day, the household furniture of Mr. Meredith, W. Boal street, Sandy Hill. This is a rare chance for purchasers. Sale at 1 p. m. See advertisement.

LARGE MELONS.—We were yesterday the recipients of two splendid melons, grown in the garden of Mr. Dwyre. They were the largest we have seen and reflect great credit on Mr. Dwyre as a market gardener.

SPORTING.—We received word last evening that Mr. Coleman's horse, "Raven" had won the hurdle race at the Watestown races. We believe the purse in this race was $700, a very handsome sum for an Ottawa horse to win on foreign soil.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A Frenchman from Ottawa fell off the B. & O. Railway train on Monday evening near Pakenham, and was run over by the cars. His legs were cut off and notwithstanding that all possible medical assistance was rendered him he died about five o'clock yesterday morning. His body was brought to Ottawa last evening on the 8 o'clock C. C. train.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—R Fullen, Hamilton; O Pelly, Norway; A E Munson, Cobourg; W L Melville, G T R, Kingston; J Marshall, Montreal; John P Romaine, Albany; J Keeler, Colborne; Mrs and Miss McLachlime, Arnprior; Benjamin Friel, Kingston; Stewart Hartsborne, New York; S Macdonald, St. Andrews; H Patterson, London; Vaughan, Bury; Louis Lesage, Montreal; M C W Sneider, do; Andrew Ball, and two children, Osrenville; J C Clark, Kingston; A Parr, Brockville; O T Jones, do; W H Jackson Wellington.

POLICE COURT, Tuesday morning.—Thomas Baker, for vagrancy, was remanded till to-morrow.

James Irwin, found lying drunk on the side of the canal, $5 and costs or two weeks in jail.

James Keating, charged by Joseph Burne with assault, fined $1, and $1 costs

Delphine Poitras, charged with selling liquor without license. This establishment is well known as a sorid sore in Lower Town. There were two witnesses, who swore point blank contrary to each other The magistrate, after weighing the *pros and cons*, inflicted a fine of $20 and costs.

If we are correctly informed the Ottawa Field Battery is determined to sustain during the ofcoming march to Prescott on the 14th inst., the renown it has already acquired for severe discipline and superior soldiership. With Forsyth (*old Pertfire*) to lead it and our old friend Fox to attend to any casualties, we have no sort of fear as regards the result of the expedition. Let the inhabitants of Ottawa turn out to a man to see it off, and wish it a God speed, for a finer corps or a more loyal set of fellows than compose it cannot be met with anywhere. It is now known as Battery No. 1, and may it never lose its numeral.

CITY EXHIBITION—SPECIAL PRIZES.—The following handsome prizes have been contributed since the printing of the prize-list and are thus made public for the benefit of those concerned. We need scarcely say that they are highly creditable to the donors, who show a laudable desire to encourage a deserving enterprise:

Prize by T. W. Rush, Esq.—A $32 genuine Lockman Sewing Machine, for the neatest dress for a child say four to six months old; work to show both hand and machine sewing.

By W. Notman, Esq.—A Photo-Relievo Picture, value $12.

By J. Leslie, Esq.—Best Display of Green House Plants—Silver Medal.

By Messrs Young & Radford.—Best Display of Flowers,—annuals and perennials—Gold Medal.

To-day it is our painful duty to record the death of a member of the Ottawa Typographical Union. The deceased, Mr. Richard Waller, was not only a member of the Union, but for some time its zealous treasurer. Born in Ireland in 1838, the descendant of one of those fine Irish families, whose generous and characteristic impulses, unaccompanied by that sagacious prudence peculiar to the inhabitants of the new world, and which ruined them at home, Mr. Waller came to this country in ordinary parlance to seek and make his his fortune.

Arriving in 1853, with his father and other members of the family, young Waller apprenticed himself in Toronto to the printing business with Mr. Edward Dartnell, a relative of his father's, and the present County Attorney of L'Original, who at that time, was the publisher of the the *British Canadian* newspaper, afterwards he was in the office of Messrs McLear & Co., book printers, and remained there learning that particular branch of type setting until induced in 1861 by his brother Mr W. A. Waller, then a reporter on the *Union* to come to Ottawa and take a "sit" on that paper, which he continued to work upon until that paper merged in to the Times in 1865. Joining the establishment of the Parliamentary printers Messrs Hunter & Rose & Co., he continued to work with them until the removal of that firm to Toronto about a year ago. Then he failed in health and so rapidly was the decline of natural energy that, for months past he was quite unable to labor at the case, and gradually sank into his rest. O a kindly and upright disposition, steady and somewhat retiring in his habits, he secured the esteem and respect of all who knew him, employers and associates alike and goes to his grave with the pious aspirations of all who in life had the pleasure of his acquaintance, and now sincerely mourn his early departure hence, to be remembered honorably but no more seen or ever.

DEATH OF DR. DICKINSON.

We are sure the heartfelt sympathies of all our readers will be extended across the ocean to our esteemed friend and fellow citizen, the Deputy Inspector-General, on the great bereavement which has overtaken him by the death of his only and much beloved son, Dr. George Dickinson, of Bellevue, which painful event took place yesterday.

Dr. Dickinson is another victim to that terrible scourge of Canada—consumption. He had been seriously ill for more than a week, and no hopes were entertained for his recovery. He has been cut off at an early age—25—and at an age when one like him, with lots of talent and energy, might look forward to a most promising future. We greatly regret this sad occurrence.—*Evening Citizen.*

Berlin's Hats that R Hats.

Berlin's Hats that R Hats.

Berlin's Hats that R Hats.

FAREWELL TO CHIGNONS.

A German letter furnishes this pleasant item: A charming way to ring out an old fashion and ring in a new was that adopted by some young ladies of Berlin with reference to the chignon. The national spirit at white heat in Germany is if anything more ardent among the women than the men, as, indeed, it always has been, and will be, the world over. So the fair patriots resolved to reflect more of the German nationality in their dress, and abandon and henceforth ignore French fashions, but more especially the really odious chignon. Accordingly, the sixty young ladies, daughters of the wealthiest citizens, who were selected to welcome the returning army at the Brandenburg gate, had a meeting, in which the question of their attire was settled. It was that of Margaret in Kaulbach's sketch of her first meeting with Faust, which has been thoroughly identified with the German maidens in all art, and especially familiarized of late by the Margueritas of the stage. Two plaits of their own hair hanging down the back was to be indispensible, and they were pledged naturally and to the municipal authorities on no account to use false hair.

THE SECOND SEIGE OF PARIS.

General MacMahon's report on operations in and round Paris gives us the list of killed and wounded, to wit, 83 officers and 764 men slain, and 430 officers and 6,024 men wounded in one month and a half, during which the Marshal says that his army put down the most formidable insurrection that France ever seen. His troops made about thiry miles of trenches, constructed eighty batteries armed with 350 guns, and seized on five forts armed in the most formidable manner and obstinately defended, and also numerous fields work. The *enceinte* was also forced, and numerous barricades stormed and captured. The spoils of this civil war were 25,000 prisoners, 1,500 guns, 400,000 muskets, which happy result show that to accomplish the destruction of one regular the insurgents required at least a gun and three quarters and nearly fifty muskets. Of the amount of ammunition necessary it is impossible to form an estimate, but the Communists always blazed away in the liberal manner. Looking at the small loss of life it certainly seems that the attack could not have been pushed with any extraordinary vigor, nor the Federals have fought with the obstinacy described by the Duke of Magenta. The Marshal does not attempt to estimates the losses of the insurgents further then by saying that they experienced enormous losses. We believe that those losses, including the men who were summarily executed, amount to 15,000 men. In speaking of the Engineers, the Marshal remarks that they attacked the forts in a manner never seen before. So as to blockade the besieged they completely enveloped their works with trenches! This may be a novely in the case as such a fort as Issy, which lies about a mile from the *enceinte*. The fort was yearly enveloped, when it was suddenly evacuated by its Garrison.

AUCTION SALE

OF

HORSE, BUGGY, and HARNESS.

The subscriber will sell at the Russel House Corner, on TUESDAY, September 5, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon, one good driving Mare, one Single Buggy and one set Single Harness.

TERMS—Cash.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 4. 1760td

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS,

ON BLACK RIVER,

For Sale by Auction, at the Union House,

ON WEDNESDAY, 4th OCTOBER

next, at one o'clock, p. m., being

License No. 265, of 1870-71.....50 miles.
And No. 367, of 1870-71.....50 miles.

Total one hundred square miles of richly timbered limits.

By order of
ALEXANDER FRASER, Esq.
Ottawa, 1st Sept. 1871. 1759-td.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

CHANGE OF TIME.

COMMENCING

MONDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

No. 5, Mixed, leaves Brockville at 3:30 p.m., and arrives at Sand Point 9:00 p.m.

No. 3, Express, leaves Brockville at 7:30 a.m., arrives at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 4:10 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 8:10 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 11:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

No. 4 Express at 5:20 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 10:35 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make close connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Traffic, all Rail and Union Forwarding Companies' Steamers.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. and C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk. Cars loaded will go through on Grand Trunk cars to all points without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.
Brockville, 4th Sept., 1871. 1761-y

SUCCEEDING TO THE BUSINESS OF MAGEE & RUSSEL

The Undersigned, in succeeding to the business of the above named Firm, would say that the balance of the Stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Carried over by them, will now be offered by us, at prices that cannot but attract the attention of

CLOSEST BUYERS.

In order that we may have time to get the stuff forward and reduced,

THE SALE

Will not begin before

Monday, the 4th September.

Having therefore decided that all Goods of this Season MUST BE SOLD, we have reduced to them to such prices as must soon effect it.

We therefore invite inspection of our Stock by intending purchasers.

We would call special attention to our

SILK DEPARTMENT,

As in this line we are offering decided BARGAINS in Colored, Fancy and Black Silks.

In the

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

We will offer a large lot of FRENCH MERINOS, FRENCH TWILLS, REPPS, SERGES and WINCIES.

The Goods in this Department were considered fair value at old prices, but having decided to CLEAR OUT, all of last Season's Stock have been marked down. Those requiring anything in this line will do well to give a look through the Departments.

ALL STAPLE GOODS, WHILE THE SALE CONTINUES, WILL BE OFFERED AT A SMALL ADVANCE.

A large quantity of Grey and White Cottons now forward, and considered extra GOOD VALUE.

We will not quote prices, being satisfied, as we are, that purchasers must see value before paying any attention to figures.

RUSSELL & WATSON,

SUCCESSORS TO—

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

IF YOU DESIRE

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

SEND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor

ESTABLISHMENT FOR YOUNG LADIES,
Wilbrod Street (between Nelson and Gloucester Streets), Sandy Hill, Ottawa.

Mrs. ROBERT STEWART returns thanks for the kind patronage she has received during her residence in Ottawa, and hopes by unwearied attention to her scholastic duties, and by their efficient discharge, to merit and receive a continuance of favor and support.

The School will be RE-OPENED on FRIDAY, the 1st of September. All the Classes are open to any who may wish to join one or more of them for the study of any special subject.

Terms very moderate. References to parents of pupils.

August 18th, 1871. 1746 tf

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA,
Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's.
E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.
1737tf

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested to settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

WANTED,

Young Ladies to learn Systematic Dress Cutting by the "PRINCESS LOUISE CHART." Terms $3. Apply to Miss FARNHAM, Russell House, Ottawa. 1746 a

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

A. E. GENDREAU,
HAIR DRESSING SALOON,
YORK STREET, Lower Town, next door to Mathew's Hotel,

And at No. 209 WELLINGTON STREET

Upper Town, opposite the Montreal Bank.

Mr. GENDREAU has always on hand the best French and English perfumeries.

You are respectfully requested to visit these establishments.

Ottawa, 21st August, 1871. 1747tf

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY,
WELLINGTON STREET,
CONDUCTED BY THE GREY NUNS.

The course of studies at this Institution will be resumed on Monday 4th Sept.

OTTAWA CONVENT,
Grey Nuns, Aug. 17, 1871. 1745-b

CHURCH OF ENGLAND
LADIES' SCHOOL,
206 WELLINGTON STREET, OTTAWA
(Established, 1869—Incorporated, 1871.)

Lady Principal.....*Miss Machin.*

This School will re-open SEPT. 1st.

New Prospectuses can be obtained of Durie & Son and Hope & Co.

Further particulars on application to the Lady Principal, or

REV R POLLARD,
1743c Secretary, Ottawa.

THE Rev. C. F. STREET informs his friends and the public that he will open his Classical and Commercial SCHOOL on MONDAY, 28th AUGUST, in the School Room lately occupied by the Rev. Mr. May.

For particulars, apply to Mrs. Kendall, Taylor's Block, corner of Nelson and Daly streets. 1741tf

MR. E. H. HARINGTON, B.A., Oxford University,

Begs to inform his Friends and the Public, that he will OPEN his PRIVATE SCHOOL on MONDAY, the 4th September. Schoolroom, corner of Bank and Albert Streets. For further particulars, apply to Mr. E. H. HARINGTON, Russell House.

N.B.—Private pupils can be taken in the evenings.

August 24, 1871. 1751 8

ACADEMY OF THE GREY NUNS
AYLMER.

The Classes of this Academy will OPEN on the 1st SEPTEMBER next. The building is new and spacious, and is situate near the banks of the Ottawa river.

Aylmer, 16th August, 1871. 1744td

SELECT
BOARDING AND DAY ACADEMY FOR BOYS.
(CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL.)

Principal — REV. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

Careful instruction will be given in Latin and Greek Studies, in French and German Languages, in Mathematics, in certain branches of Science and Art, and in all the common branches of an English education.

The Academy on the south side of Daly and Ottawa streets will be OPENED on the 7th SEPTEMBER next.

For further particulars, please address the Rev. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

August 25. 1752 1

A MARRIED WOMAN (English) wishes to obtain a small Family's WASHING. AD. C., care of John Bobier, Ottawa.

COAL!

Terms for supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY

FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season	..	$5 00
20lbs " "	..	9 00
10lbs month		1 50
20lbs " "		2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

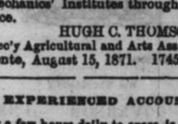
Terms strictly Cash in advance.

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N. B.—Ice supplied per ton or cwt.

Ottawa April 1871



HARDWARE! HARDWARE
HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES,

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 Rideau street.

All ground ready for use.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.
Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

OF THE

AGRICULTURAL & ARTS ASSOCIATION

OF ONTARIO,

To be held at Kingston,

On the 25th to 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Persons intending to exhibit will please take notice that the Entries of articles in the respective classes must be made with the Secretary, at Toronto, on or before the undermentioned dates, viz:

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before Saturday, August 26th.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery and Manufactures generally, on or before Saturday, September 2nd.

Horticultural Products, Ladies' Work, the Fine Arts, &c., on or before Saturday, September 16th.

Prize Lists and Blank Forms for making the entries upon, can be obtained of the Secretaries of all Agricultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes throughout the Province.

HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec'y Agricultural and Arts Association
Toronto, August 15, 1871. 1745-d&w

AN EXPERIENCED ACCOUNTANT

Having a few hours daily to spare, is desirous of obtaining a Set of Books to keep. Good references. Terms moderate. Address E. T. P., Times Office. 1746 a

YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY.

"CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME," a Branch of the Villa Maria Establishment, corner of Wellington and O'Connor streets.

This Establishment RE-OPENS its Classes on the 7th SEPTEMBER. The Course of Instruction comprises every branch suitable to the education of young ladies. Special attention is given to the cultivation of politeness and lady-like deportment. A select day school is attached to the establishment, wherein day scholars can have dinner at an extra charge of $3 per month. For particulars and prospectus, apply to the Lady Superior.

Ottawa, 30th Aug., 1871. 1756td

BOARD WANTED

In a Private Family, by a Gentleman. Six o'clock dinner preferred. Address X. Y. Z., P. O. Box, 286. 1754

Circus and Caravan

COMING.

A Herd of Eight Elephants!

Recently added to the Exhibition, will appear in the Grand Procession in the City of Ottawa.

FULL TROOP OF BRITISH RIDERS AND ACROBATS.

THE GREATEST EXHIBITION

Ever given will come off in

OTTAWA,

SATURDAY, September 16,

Afternoon and Evening,

ONE DAY ONLY,

Howe's Great London Circus

AND

SANGER'S English Menagerie

OF TRAINED ANIMALS.

The Magnificent, Gorgeous and Costly Golden Chariot Procession, the Largest and Most Brilliant Cavalcade of the kind ever seen, with its

FIVE COLOSSAL CHARIOTS,

Drawn through the streets by teams of Zebras, Shetland Ponies, Abyssinian Donkeys and beautiful Flemish Horses.

100 *Knights in Burnished Steel Armor*,

Ladies in full Circassian Costume, attended by their Equerries, Squires, Pages, &c., in appropriate Dresses, with Banners, Flags, Superb Trappings, &c., and the full

BRITISH CORNET BAND,

Conceded by the Profession to be the best musical accompaniment ever heard in a circus.

Doors open at 1 and at 7 p.m.

Admission, 50 cents Children under ten 25 cents. 1747td

BUSINESS CHANGE.

We, the undersigned, in relinquishing the Retail branch of our business, beg to return thanks to the public of Ottawa and vicinity for the very liberal support accorded to us during the past eight years, and to announce that we have

DISPOSED OF OUR STOCK,

And leased the premises,

29 Sparks Street,

TO

MESSRS.

ALEXANDER RUSSELL,

(Late of Blyth & Russell, Ottawa,)

AND

ROBERT WATSON,

(Of Watson & Hayes, Almonte,)

Who will continue the business under the name and style of

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Both of these gentlemen were formerly in our employ, and being possessed of ample means and long experience we have great pleasure in recommending them to the confidence and patronage of all our friends and customers.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, August, 1871.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE

RUSSELL & WATSON

Have pleasure in announcing that they have purchased the

Entire Stock in Trade,

AND

GOOD WILL

OF THE

RETAIL BUSINESS

Lately conducted by Messrs.

Magee & Russell,

And leased their premises, 29 Sparks Street, for a term of years.

And hope by keeping only the best qualities of goods, and adopting a uniform and

Moderate Scale of Profits,

By anticipating the wants of the public and a strict attention to business to merit and retain the patronage so liberally bestowed upon their predecessors.

And we beg to assure the old patrons of the establishment that no efforts will be spared in maintaining the leading position to which it had attained.

ALEX. RUSSELL. ROB'T. WATSON.

Ottawa, August 1871.

FRED. T. PALMER,

Commission and Lumbermen's Agent, Rideau Street, (entrance O'Meara's Gateway.)

Particular attention will be given to hiring men, teams, &c., and all transactions with the Crown Land and Timber Office.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:

R Nagle, Esq. | Wm Mackay, Esq,
Allan Grant, Esq, | E McGillivray, Esq.

Ottawa, Sept 1, 1871. 1746tf

Peaches!

Peaches!

eaches!

Pears!

Pears!

Pears!

Apples!

Apples!

Apples!

And all other Kinds of Fruit

at the Fruit Depots of

G. LORENZ,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

NO. 54 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

GREAT

DRY GOODS SALE.

Allan, McKinnon's & McMoran,

Have determined to clear out the FALL and WINTER GOODS purchased at a heavy discount from Messrs GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO, and with that view will bring forward the whole stock, including several large lots of

NEW GOODS

purchased far below Market value, and offer the whole at prices that must induce good judges of goods to buy largely.

The sale will commence on

Monday, 4th Sept'r.,

And continue one month.

As many of the cheapest lines will be sold quickly, intending purchasers will do well to call early and secure a choice.

1,000 YDS. JAPANESE SILKS,

At 50 cents per yard.

ONE CASE OF VELVET RIBBONS, damaged by fresh water, will be offered at less than half price.

2 Bales of GREY COTTONS, in short pieces, at from one to two cents below usual prices.

To be reduced one third in prices—a large quantity of

MILLINERY, MANTLES and MANTLE CLOTHS,

A line of Velveteen Jackets, reduced to $1.50 each, Waterproof Mantles at from $2.50 to $5

DRESS GOODS, in a variety of fabrics, reduced below cost.

PRINTS—A line formerly sold at 12½ cents will be cleared out at 9 cents per yard.

A large lot of Gloves and Hosiery will be marked down far below cost.

A lot of best Brussels Carpets will be sold at $1.25 per yard.

ALLAN, McKINNON'S & McMORRAN,
Successors to Garland, Mutchmor & Co.
No. 20, Sparks Street.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, that you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street

BRANDIES—

The best old brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

GIN—

J. DeKuyper & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Islay Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALE—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.

Books bought, sold and exchanged.

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship " Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship " Georgia,"
CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship " Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship " Albambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. " Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. " Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

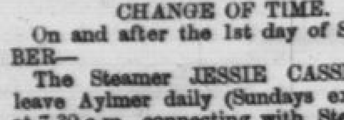
The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. " Alhambra " will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871. 2670tf



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the 1st day of SEPTEMBER—

The Steamer JESSIE CASSELS will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 7.30 a.m., connecting with Steamers of the Line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

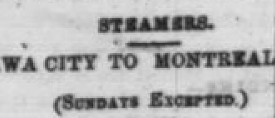
The Steamer PONTIAC leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted), at 1 p.m., for Des Joachim; returning—leaving at 6 a.m., connecting with Steamer JASON GOULD, which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 p.m., passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The Steamer PRINCE ARTHUR leaves Portage du Fort at 7 a.m., connecting with Steamer JESSIE CASSELS for Aylmer.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip, at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 9 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, August 28th, 1871.

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"
CAPT. NICHOL,

eaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 .m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B —Private pupils will be taken in the venings. 1736tf

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the ransaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 er month,

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY
—AND—
AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD, Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE MOWER
—AND—
SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain*.

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD,
Smith's Falls,
Ontario.

June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa P.O., August 31, 1871.

Adcock J C	Martin Wm
Anderson Elizabeth	Maddin Thos
Anderson Samuel	Malsbury Wm
Armstrong Wm	Mines Benj
Arnold Wm	Meade M J
Arthur Geo A	Mercer John
Armstrong Mrs A C	Mitchell W H
Aspdin Thos W	Milne G B
Barnes Sydney	Motherwell Thos
Barber G	Moore & Coburn
Beveridge Thos	Moore F H
Benfield Wm	Muir Wm
Bell H H	Murphy Mathew
Blais Miss Lydia	Neill John
Blakely Mrs	Nelson Mrs Alex
Boyd Dr B H	Nesbitt John
Brayer Wm	Nicholson John
Brennan Wm	Nichols John
Brewer Mrs Emily	Nolan Miss B
Bullock L	O'Brien Wm
Bowns Wm	O'Donnell J
Buchanan Mrs John	O'Donnell, G
Burns Mrs S	O'Connor W P P
Burns Miss	O'Connor Jno A
Byrns Hy	O'Connor Mrs
Campbell Mrs John	O'Dwyer John
Cain Miss Sarah J	Oliver A
Campbell Mrs Mary	O'Meill J
Callaghan Alex	Ormand Jno T
Cantwell John	Patterson Miss Anna
Cahal Miss Mary	Pearsons Albert
Church Jos	Perry Mrs M C
Clarke Miss Emma	Pearson F M
Conway Miss B	Perwitt J H
Corrigan Ed	Pickens John
Connor John	Powers Jesse
Cross W L	Pringle Miss Sarah
Crozier Jos	Pritchard Wm
Cunningham Thos	Quinlan Mrs P
Daly Carol	Rathwell Miss A
Davis J	Rice Alex
Davidson C r'	Roberts Miss Kate
Davis Jas	Robertson Geo
Daly J J	Rose Rodger
Davis Mrs R	Roberts Mrs
Dempsey Miss E	Robertson David
Dendmore Miss Mary	Ryan Miss Julia
Dicare Miss M	Russell Mrs
Dickson Dr Geo	Russell A D
Doyle Mrs Peter	Saunders Miss Julia
Duncan Jas	Scoble Mary
Fenton Miss J	Servo Walter
Fisher John	Sheaver Jno
Forson Jas	Shehan Thomas
Forbes John	Smith John
Foster Jas	Smith Mrs W
Furlong Jas	Smith H D
Gan John	Smith Heber
Gibbons E	Smith Wm
Gillis J S	Sparks Miss Jane
Glenn Alex	Somerville Hugh
Gormly P	Sparks Noel
Gilchrist John	Sternbug J W
Grimes Thos	Sullivan John
Harris Lissa Ann	Tobin Jas
Hamilton Mrs S	Turner RW
Hewlett Thos	Watson & Hill
Hicks Jas	Ward Jas
Holland W H	Wable A
Hogan Miss B	Wallace M
Hogan Wm	Wagner H
Hunt Wm	Wilsman G & T
Hutchinson G W	Webb Jas T
Hutchison John	Weir John
Huchley Mrs	Wells J P
Hubert J	Webster Miss E H
Janet Rev Mr	Welch Mrs Geo
Jamieson D J	Whalen Miss Eliza
Johnston Miss Ellen	Wilson R
Jones Mrs J E	Wood H O
Kennedy Jno	Wright J
Kealy Mrs Julia A	McBrayen A
Kennedy M	McBryde Jas
King Geo	McClanlish T
Kingsmill M	McDonald And
King Jas	McClory John
Knapp H A	McDonald Miss F
Lamprey B H	McDonald D
Lane Miss Caroline	McDonald Mrs Geo
Leitch Miss A	McGuire Mrs Jno
Leroy W H C	McIntire Miss N
Lewis Mr	McInnis Miss C
Little Irvine	McGuire Philip
Lothion Miss Ellen	McKenzie A
Moher Wm	McKay Jas H
Martin C R	McMillan Miss Jane
May Jno	McMillan J H
Martin Edwin	McPhee A
Marshall David	McMahon Geo

G P BAKER, Postmaster.

WANTED,

A good Carriage and Sleigh Maker, and Blacksmith, at Kinburn, Township of Fitzroy. A good business chance for both, with shop accommodations. Steady and good workmen only need apply.

ALLAN FRASER.

Kinburn 2nd August 1871. 1733tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause, Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N.B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

" We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic " Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for " Medical Purposes are of great importance to " Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled " to the consideration and support of every " one disposed to further the advancement of " real and useful progress.

" Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Central, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 lawly

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

The undersigned being about to visit England, offers the following properties for sale:

A large Brick Dwelling situate on Besserer and Chapel Streets, with Coach House, Stables, &c.

12 Cottages on Augusta street, producing a clear rental of $700 per annum.

ALSO,

100 Acres of Land at L'Orignal, being south half of Lot No. 15, fourth Concession of Caledonia.

Terms to suit the purchaser.

1810d JAS G ROBINSON.

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gassfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to

MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES!

On the Line of the

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.
Omaha, Neb.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY P.M.
....	12 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8,00	....	4.20
......	12 45	9·00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00		4.20
......	......	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8,00		6,00
......	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00		6.00
10.15	12.45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00		4.20
10·15	12.45	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8,00		4.20
10.15	......	......	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway		......	4.20
10.15	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c			4.20
9.20		4:30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00		1.30
9 20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c			1 30
10:30 7:00	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage. Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c	8.00	11,00	7.00
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c			700
10.00	......	......	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00		
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and Intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays			6.00
11.50	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30		

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P.M. in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

Post Office,
Ottawa, June 7, 1871.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be
Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Furs, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866, besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until Noon of WEDNESDAY, the Sixth day of September next, for the widening of Sappers' Bridge and the construction of a new Bridge over the Rideau Canal to connect Wellington and Rideau Streets, according to the Engineer's plans and specifications, which may be seen at this office after the twentieth instant.

The bridges are to be constructed of iron and stone in a permanent manner, and may be let in one or more contracts as the City Council may decide after receiving the Tenders. The work is to be proceeded with at once, and good security will be required for the due performance of the contracts.

No tenders will be entertained unless made in the prescribed form. They are to be addressed to the undersigned, endorsed, " Tender for Bridges," and contain the names and addresses of two persons who are willing to become security for the contractor.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa 19th July, 1871.
1721td

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN-STREET.

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

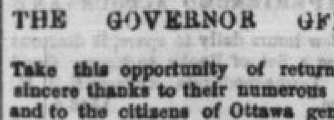
and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. JAMES HOTEL.

Strict attention to business.
Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1599

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS



BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

FOR SALE.

BRAE SIDE STEAM SAW MILL,

Situated near Arnprior, Province of Ontario, and extensive Timber Limits on the River Coulonge, Province of Quebec.

The Mill has just been completed, and is most substantially built and fitted with the most improved Machinery, and can manufacture 140,000 feet of lumber per day. It has an extensive piling ground attached to it. Being placed where the Brockville Railway runs beside the Ottawa River, the lumber manufactured by it may be sent direct to the United States market. The limits comprise about 280 square miles of valuable Pine Timber country, with two extensive and productive Farms, and having commodious Dwelling Houses, Storehouses and Stables erected on them. They are also supplied with a large stock of provisions, horse feed and shanty plant for next season's operations

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be had by applying to J. B. Lewis, Esq., Barrister, Ottawa, or from Mr. George Purvis, at the offices of the Mill.

Ottawa, July 28, 1871. 1729 d&w4 lawk

SEEDS! SEEDS

The Subscribers have received a full Stock o

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

☞FLOWER SEEDS.☜

A. CHRISTIE & CO.

(Late Alex. Christie.)

Druggists,

40, Sparks-s

Ottawa April 28, 1871

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

Madoc, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) showed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain.

Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

" CAPITAL " STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa.
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Medical.

MESSRS GABRIELS'

CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE

TEETH & GUMS

AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL

PARTS OF THE WORLD

PREPARED ONLY BY

MESSRS GABRIEL

DENTISTS

LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel: Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S — ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweatens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 11871

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Wit-lows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it. Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J F Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET,

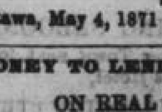
That COTTAGE, the property of N. Tetrau, Esq., Notary, in the Lower Village of Hull, with a handsome flower garden, stable, wood shed, ice house, &c., with or without the necessary firewood for next winter on the place. Mr. Tetrau having arranged for his residence in the dwelling adjoining his office, consented to the leasing of the property. For further information apply to N. TETREAU, N. P., Hull, P. Q. 1746 8

NOTICE.

TO LET, a Large OFFICE and THREE BEDROOMS well situated in the Aumond Block, west end Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, July 11th, 1871. 1813 tf



HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chandiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,
Agent,

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 4sutt JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tt GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Maltoch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherston's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

J. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W MCKAY WRIGHT. 12y F C CLEMOW

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT,
NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office 1723y

CHARLES MARCIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetrau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.
Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
S. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Boughton's Dining Saloon.)
☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The Proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

G. C. RAINBOTH,
Provincial Land Surveyor and Draughtsman, commissioned for the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.
Office. Aylmer, P. Q. 1722 tf

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 746

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1866.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

1871. ICE! 1871.

ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street.

Ottawa, May 1649d

F. WILLIAMS,

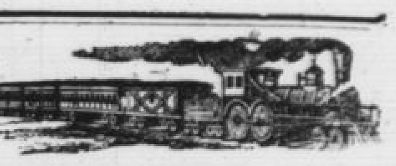
PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed.

Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

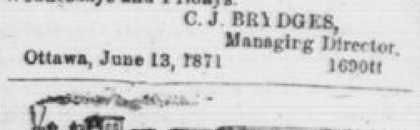
On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at .... 6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at .... 9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at ..... 9.00 p.m
Mixed Train or Brockville, at ..... 11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at .... 5.00 p.m.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at 7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at.................. 8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at .... 2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston .... 10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1689 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

DOMINION HOUSE

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS,

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1685 6m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.

Montreal, March 11, 1871 161 3y

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and Information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

MORRISON'S

STEAM BISCUIT BAKERY

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your Orders are solicited, and will be PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO by

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,

Nos. 36 and 38 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

TANNERY,

PARK STREET, OTTAWA.

EDMOND GERMAIN, Proprietor.

All kinds of LEATHER for Sale, Wholesale, at reasonable prices.

ALSO,

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE.

Of his own manufacture, at REDUCED PRICES.

19th August, 1871. 1746tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre), Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1762. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Offers to the trade Gooderham & Worts' Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Distillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc.

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA.

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 3m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

SIX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
3 " Forfars (expected daily)
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills

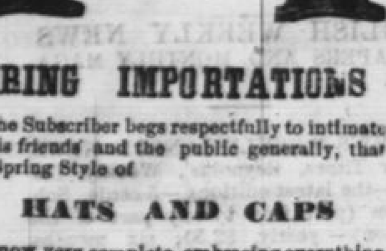
CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 10, 1871



SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
1746b Post Office Block

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

100 CASES

HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT

"THE RED BOOT,"

OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overs,

MOCCASINS,

Laces & Boot Dressing

Which will be sold at the very lowest price possible,

Wholesale and Retail.

City and country dealers will find (on giving us a call) that they can be supplied at

Montreal Prices—Freight Added.

Having received a good part of our

Fall and Winter Goods

We are prepared to EXECUTE PROMPTLY all orders.

All summer goods selling at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Orders for Hand Made Custom Work attended to promptly.

A full sett of

Messrs. Ames, Millard & Co's Samples

of BOOTS and SHOES, always on view, and orders taken at lowest prices. One of our firm will wait on the merchants of Ottawa City and District soliciting orders.

Agents for wholesaling of Wm. Clendinneng's manufacture of *Stoves, Iron-furniture, Railings, Builders* and all kinds of *Plain and Fancy Castings.*

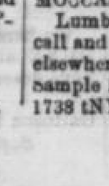
Agents for the celebrated

Plantagenet Mineral Water.

Orders promptly attended to.

LAMB & RODDEN,
No. 28, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, July 20, 1871.



BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE, at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 88 Sussex Street, Ottawa.
1738 tNY SIMEON LEBEAU, Agent.

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons,
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under shirts
&c., &c.

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

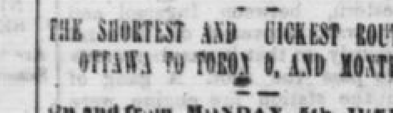
Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871



The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M
8 Express, with ota Cars " 10:30 do

NOTE—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:1 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6 40 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2.4 P.M, arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.00 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa June 1st, 1871

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. SUMMER SERVICE. 1871

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

NESTORIAN	26th August
SCANDINAVIAN	2nd September
HIBERNIAN	9th "
MORAVIAN	15th "
SARMATIAN	23rd "
PRUSSIAN	30th "

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin	$70 to $80
Steerage	$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN, on or about	31st Aug.
OTTAWA "	7th Sept.
ST. DAVID "	14th "
ST. ANDREW "	21st "
ST. PATRICK "	28th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin	$67 25
Intermediate	$47 or 44 00
Steerage	28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks.

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of S. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No. 120, Sussex street, and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,
1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Third Annual Exhibition under the auspices of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society will take place on

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.

SEPTEMBER 20TH, 21ST AND 22ND, 1871.

On the Society's Grounds adjoining the city limits.

COMPETITION OPEN TO THE WORLD!

Nearly $3,000 is offered in Premiums

For Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, Agricultural and Horticultural Productions, Manufactures, Domestic Products, &c.

All parties may compete for prizes on payment of Two Dollars; Ladies on payment of One Dollar.

ENTRIES.

All entries must be made on printed forms, which may be had from the Secretary. These forms are to be filled up and signed by the Exhibitor, enclosing Two Dollars, which amount will entitle the Exhibitor to compete in all the departments

The entries in each department must be made as follows:—

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before the 10th of SEPTEMBER.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery, and Manufactures generally SEPTEMBER 15th

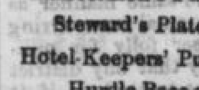
Horticultural Products, Flowers, Ladies' Work, &c., SEPTEMBER 18th.

The Society will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railroad Proprietors for carrying articles and passengers at reduced rates.

Arrangements will be made with the Customs Department for the free entry of articles for competition.

J B LEWIS,
President.
A S WOODBURN,
Sec. Treas.

Ottawa August 22. 1749t



OTTAWA TURF CLUB.

The Annual Meeting of the above Club will take place at

MUTCHMOR'S DRIVING PARK

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, 20th SEPTEMBER,

—AND—

FRIDAY 22nd SEPTEMBER,

When $2,000 in Purses will be given to be run for as follows:

Lumbermen's Purse of $200.
Steward's Plate of $300.
Hotel-Keepers' Purse of $300.
Hurdle Race of $300.
Carleton Plate of $500,
Ladies' Cup of $150.
Consolation Stakes of $200.

Full particulars in large posters.

Any further information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

EDWARD C. BARBER,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Ottawa, August 10, 1871. 1747-td

RARE CHANCE.

The advertiser has received instructions to offer for SALE, by TENDER, at so much in the Dollar, as per Inventory Valuation,

A WELL ASSORTED TAILOR'S STOCK,

Consisting of English Cloths, Canada Tweeds, Trimmings, &c., &c., amounting to over $4,000.

The Goods are all in first-class order, and have been well selected.

The above offers an excellent opportunity to any one about to commence business, as the goodwill can be secured.

Every information may be had by addressing Box 468, Montreal, and Stock Sheets can be seen on application to the undersigned.

Tenders will be received until the 26th instant. Parties making other than a CASH OFFER, will please name security.

C. BAILLIE,
181 St. James' Street,

Montreal, August 5th, 1871 1711

COUNTY OF CARLETON AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Annual Exhibition will take place on

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,

5th and 6th October,

at Bell's Corners, Nepean.

ALL SUBSCRIPTIONS should be paid before 1st September.

ENTRIES to be made before 3rd October.

PRIZE LISTS now ready and may be had from the Secretary at Ottawa, or at the different hotels, Bell's Corners.

A S WOODBURN,
35 3 Secy.-Treas.

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

ALFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XXXII.

SLIGHTLY SPECULATIVE.

(CONTINUED.)

Even in that pleasant, lotus like life, he felt himself drifting towards a wider sea. Into other hands he had resigned the rudder of his existence and although he did not feel safe, yet for once it was pleasant to cease to struggle. With the stream he went: whether there were breakers ahead whether there were a stormy ocean waiting to engulf he knew no more than his child yet unborn. Yet he was happy: happy gliding on thus, while love spread an awning over him, and the waters of contentment rippled around the bow and lapped the sides of his fairy boat.

What would you have friends? Is there no mental laudanum, no blessed sedative, think you, which even the wretchedest among us may swallow on occasion, and which shall not have the power to lull us for a season into oblivion of past unhappiness—into disregard of what the future may possibly hold in store?

And there is no opiate like happiness for dulling a man's apprehensions The wretched prepared for wretchedness, ask themselves continually, "What next?" but those who are basking in the full prosperity cannot believe that God will ever cause the rains of sorrow to beat, and the winds of adversity to blow upon them again; unmindful, though, perhaps, not altogether forgetful, that they have been soaked by the one, and almost shipwrecked by the other, in the dreary winter weather.

Nevertheless, it could not last, and the certainty that it could not, came about in this wise:

On a bright January morning Andrew Hardell was pacing a terrace which lay along one side of the Hall, waiting for news—not for any news from the external world, but for tidings from an upper chamber, that contained every thing the present or the future held for him; and while he walked, pausing now and again to listen for the messenger who came not, the postboy, seeing him there, brought the letter bag to him.

Listlessly—for his mind was elsewhere—Andrew drew out the letters, and replacing those intended for Mr. Alton or his wife in the bag, opened his own and read, as we sometimes read even an indifferent paragraph in the newspapers to pass the time.

One after another the letters proved to be just the sort of epistles people who occupy any public position, or who can boast a large acquaintance, receive. There were the conventionally friendly letters, applications from amateur beggars, circulars from tradesmen, notes from brother professionals, one asking him to preach at St. Martin's on the 11th of February, and so forth, till at length Andrew came to an official-looking envelope—official inasmuch as the envelope was large blue, thick and very legibly directed, and bore on the seal an imprint setting forth that it came from the offices of St. John and Henry, Solicitors, 420 Golden Square, London.

This communication Andrew opened with curiosity, but without dread; as he read, however, his face changed, and for the moment he forgot Joy, forgot her danger, forgot every thing save the tidings that letter conveyed.

And yet there was nothing very formidable contained in it—nothing, had he been differently situated. Messrs. St. John and Henry's epistle ran thus:

"420 Golden Square, London,
"January 16, 18—.

"SIR,—We beg to inform you that owing to the melancholy and sudden death of our client, Graham Frederick Hardell, Esq., of Lovell's Court, Somersetshire, you, as next heir, succeed to that property. The funeral is fixed to take place on the 21st inst., before which time, we trust to see you here, or if more convenient, we will send a clerk to Eclin to receive your instructions. Your obedient servants,

"ST. JOHN AND HENRY."

Here was a nice little kettle of fish all ready to his hand. Anthony beyond the seas, Anthony living or Anthony dead, the man they wanted; and how should he, imposter though he was, take possession of the dead man's lands, follow the dead man's remains to the grave?

How should he—albeit God knew no man in England so mourned over his decease as Andrew Hardell—how should he, though it was only needful for him to stretch forth his hand to take—how should he, even if not doing so involved the loss of Joy? and then quickly the blood rushed back to his heart, and with a sharp pang he cried almost aloud, "Would I could change places with him, and that God would take me—me!"

"Anthony!"—it was Mr. Alton who spoke at this juncture, laying his hand on Andrew's shoulder. "I have been looking for you everywhere. It is a boy, and Joy is better than could have been expected."

Silently Andrew seized his father-in-law's hand and grasped it; then without a word, still clutching that awful letter, he walked into the house, where he ascended to his own chamber, and after bolting the door, covered his face with his hands and wept like a child.

Nevertheless he went to London the next day, and had a long talk with Messrs. St. John and Henry, and called upon the incumbent of St. Martin's, and agreed to preach for him that impending sermon, of which mention has been duly made in an earlier chapter. So runs the world away, and so one thread and device in the many-patterned web of life meets and intermingles with other threads and devices, unconscious that the whole fabric is intended to fulfill one perfect design, the result of which can be only guessed at here, till with clearer eyes we are permitted to see perfectly hereafter.

CHAPTER XXXIV.

THE POPULAR PREACHER.

It was a fine frosty winter's night as Madge and her cousin walked northward to the church of St. Martin the Martyr, Ross Place.

Madge had never been there before; but Herbert knew St. Martin's well—as a church where "high" principles obtained; where there was much stained glass, presented by pious parishioners "in memoriam" of their dead, and of special mercies vouchsafed; where on offertory had been established; where the Bible was placed on a lectern; where the Psalms of the day were sung by a very good amateur choir, clad in white surplices; where the season of Lent was kept to the sound of chants and hymn-tunes, arranged in the dolefullest of minor keys; where the prayers were recited cathedral-fashion; where there might be beheld a cross embroidered on the altar-cloth; and where it was whispered there were even flower-deckings at Easter.

Mild and harmless were the tendencies of St. Martin's in comparison to the ritualistic tendencies of our own day, but people had then been so long accustomed to associate high pews, bare white walls, three-decker pulpits, and a brokenwinded clerk, backed by an incompetent organist and the charity children, with the safety of the British Constitution and loyalty to "Victoria, by the Grace of God, Defender of the Faith," that a service performed "decently, and in order," frightened them more then, than white pelerines, trimmed with imitation Cluny lace, acolytes arrayed in smocks, fastened round the waist—than the worst taste possible in the combination of colors, the trashiest and most unmeaning decorations, are able to do now.

The churches, set out like a child's play-room—adorned with tawdry bits of finery hung here and there—the altars much resembling the stock toilet table of a minor theatre—the priests moving awkwardly about in their unwonted and ungraceful garments, the whole religious ceremonial neither simple nor imposing—a poor imitation of the Roman Catholic worship, reminding a spectator of a good piece badly put upon an indifferent stage, and acted by inefficient and inferior players; these things which are now presented for our souls' refreshment were not yet dreamed of in the world's history, and from even such moderately High Church views as those which obtained at St. John's, worthy Protestants, blissfully ignorant of the future, prayed God to deliver them; whereupon, as it was well known Mr. Hardell's views were not Puseyite, and that, further, he was "sound" on all points of faith, and in all minor matters of Church discipline—to say nothing of the fact that he was, though a rather celebrated preacher, "only a curate"—people were surprised to hear he had been asked to hold forth at Ross Place—just as at the present moment our non-impressionable generation might be a trifle astonished were it placarded upon the hoardings that Mr. Spurgeon were going to preach at All Saints' on behalf of the Bishop of London's Fund, or that Mr. Mackonochie had accepted a "call" from the Disenters in Salvation Valley.

CITY COUNCIL.

CITY HALL,
Ottawa, Sept. 4, 1871.

Present:—His Worship the Mayor and Aldermen Baldwin, O'Connor, Featherston, Bangs, Woodburn, Rowe, Cunningham, McDougal, Kehoe, Heney, Martineau, Taillon, Lapierre.

His Worship the Mayor presented the petition of the Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, for an annual grant to carry out the objects of the association. Referred to the Finance Committee,—also the application of the Rev. H. Pollard, for a grant of $20 to send a poor person to England.

1. Moved by Ald. Rowe, seconded by Ald. Heney, that the sum of twenty dollars be granted to the Rev. Mr. Pollard, for the purpose named, suspending any rule or rules of this Council to the contrary. Carried.

Ald. McDougall presented the petition of John Henry, respecting a street. Referred to the Board of Works.

Ald. Featherston presented the petition of Alexander Workman and others for the passage of a By-law, to permit the keeping of pigs within the limits of the City. Referred to the Board of Health and By-law Committee.

His Worship the Mayor presented the petition of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society for the annual grant. Referred to the Finance Committee.

Ald. Lapierre presented the petition of Edmund Germain and others for a drain in Parry street. Referred to the Board of Works.

Ald. O'Connor presented the application of Edward Routh, Assistant City Clerk for a fortnight's leave of absence.

2. Moved by Ald. O'Connor, seconded by Ald. Martineau, that the request of Mr. Routh be granted. Carried.

Ald. Martineau presented the accounts of Dr. Beaubien, Thomas Kinsella, P. Daly, J. Cluff, R. Quinn, O. Ryan, F. Belanger, J. Whitty, and Thomas Kehoe. Referred to the Board of Works and Finance Committee.

Ald. Featherston presented Report No. 18, of the Board of Works.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

The Board of Works respectfully submit their Eighteenth Report.

In reference to a letter of F. Braun, Esq., Secretary of the Department of Public Works, in relation to the request of the Dominion Government, to be allowed to enclose a space of ground eight feet wide on the north side of Wellington street, along the front of the property of the said Government.

Your Board recommend that the said request be granted; and that the By-law Committee be instructed to submit such By-law as shall be necessary for said purpose.

All respectfully submitted.

J. P. FEATHERSTON,
Chairman.
JOHN HENEY,
WM. KEHOE.

Ottawa, Sept. 4, 1871.

3. Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Kehoe, that the 18th Report of the Board of Works be received and adopted. Carried.

Ald. Martineau presented Report No. 9 of the Finance Committee.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

The Finance Committee in this their Ninth Report, beg leave to submit that having examined the following accounts, and found them correct, they recommend that His Worship the Mayor be authorized to sign cheques for the same.

Gaol Expense:

County of Carleton, use of Gaol, board of prisoners, &c., for one year ending 30th June	$4,150 00
James Hope & Co., stationery to 30th June	48 10
Dr. Malloch, for 2 inquests	10 00
St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway Co., passengers to 30th June	30 34
John Kennedy, 3 buckets and repairs	3 25
P. Dufour, 1 stoneboat and repairing waggon	8 00
J. Cluff, building music stand for Queen's birthday	27 00
Metropolitan Rifle Association annual prize	100 00
P. Hannegan, 13 weeks board of Jas. Haberlin, to 1st August	26 00
O'Meara & Co., 12 pairs trowsers and coats for Police, &c.	219 50
	472 19

Streets Improvements:

Isaac Cluff, 60 rods of 8 foot sidewalk, south side of Duke street at $6.75	405 00
Thos. Connors, 4 waggon loads stones for well on Queen street	5 00
R. Gorman, 12 toise broken stone on George street, and gravel pit, at $5.00 ... $60.00	
R. Gorman, 24¼ toise broken boulders, at 6.50 ... 161 68	221 68
John Quinn, 57¼ rods 6 feet sidewalk in Sparks street, at $4.75	273 12
John Quinn, 25¼ do. 8 feet do., at 5.75	145 62
John Quinn, 25¼ do. 6 feet do., Maria street, at 4.75	238 68
Richard Quinn, 411 feet drain, Wilbrod street, at 44 cts	180 84
Richard Quinn, 405 feet drain, Augusta street, at 45 cts	182 25
P Stapleton, 29 rods 10 feet sidewalk on Cumberland St., at $8.50	246 50
Wm Payne, cleaning and repairing well on the corner of Rideau & Sussex street	25 00
W Stewart, 84 yds earth on Bank street, at 7cts	5 88
Thos Gallagher, 445 yds earth, Slater & Albert streets	31 15
Thos Gallagher, 725 slates, at $6 per 100	43 50
P Brennan, repairs to pumps, tools, &c., to 10th July	93 41
Denis O'Brien, on account of St. Andrews street drain contract	150 00
Chas Henry, 15⅓ toise broken boulders, at $9	138 00
James Whitty, 1 one-sixteenth toise broken stone, at $3.50	3 71
James Whitty, 2⅝ toise broken stone, on George street, at $4	10 50
L Whitty, 3¼ toise broken stone, on Queen street, at $3.50	11 37
James Dunn, 45¼ yards earth, on Albert street	3 18
O. Ryan, 7 toise broken stone, Slater street	28 20
T Gleeson, 1 three-tenth toise broken stone, in Maria street, at $3 50	6 65
T Gleeson, 1¼ toise broken stone Queen street, at $3.50	4 37
Isaac Cluff, putting up pump on Wellington street, platform to well, lumber, &c	18 00
Men's time on streets for August	1,458 70
Horse work on streets do.	695 25
E Leblanc, 1,200 yds earth on Murray and St. Patrick streets	84 00
John Mathieu, 500 lineal feet of cut stone for crossings, at 78cts	390 00
D O'Brien, 2⅓ toise broken stone, in Gravel Pit, at $4.50	10 50
	$3,457 67

Police Department, 1 month's salary to 31st August.

E J O'Neill	50 00
2 Sergeants, at $45	90 00
10 Policemen, at $40	400 00
Market constable	40 00
Messenger	40 00
	$620 00

Fire Department.

A Lepage, 1 month's wages to 31st August	54 50
	$10,407 55

Miscellaneous:

J. G. Bell, 3 months rent of Registry Office to 31st August	40 00
City Clerk Expenditure for August	77 35
J. Dyke Auditing Collect's Rolls	250 00
Robt. O'Rielly " "	250 00
Times Office Advertising	60 00
W. Fraser 18 Coal Oil lamps, &c. August	36 75
N. Favreau 28 " "	56 00
	$770 10
	$11,177 65

In accordance with the last report of the Board of Works, your Committee recommend that a By-law be passed to authorize the issue of Debentures to the amount of $60,000 for the purpose of constructing the contemplated new bridge over the Rideau Canal, and at Queen Street, Victoria Ward.

Your Committee have decided not to interfere with the matter connected with the suit of the Corporation against the late Collector of Taxes.

Respectfully Submitted,
EUG. MARTINEAU,
Chairman.
FRANCIS McDOUGAL.
C. R. CUNNINGHAM.
A. S. WOODBURN.
J. R. O'CONNOR.

Ottawa, Sept. 4th, 1871.

4. Moved by Ald. Martineau, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the 9th report of the Finance Committee be received and adopted. Carried.

Ald. Mosgrove presented Report No. 5 of the Water Works Committee.

5. Moved by Ald. Mosgrove, seconded by Ald. Lapierre, that the fifth report of the Water Works Committee, and the Report of D. M. Greene, Esq., be received and printed in the minutes; and that this Corporation do meet on Thursday the 14th instant, to consider the same. Carried. (See Appendix No. 1).

Ald. Featherston presented the monthly Report of the City Engineer. (See Appendix No. 2).

The Council then adjourned.

Appendix No. 2.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
Ottawa, Sept. 4th, 1871.

His Worship the Mayor, and Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

Gentlemen,

The expenditure for the month of August, has been as follows:

Ottawa Ward	$320 55
By do.	472 25
St George's do.	379 07½
Wellington do.	492 67½
Victoria do.	288 10
Drawing plank	82 50
Superintendent	78 30
Engineer's Office	40 50
	$2,153 95

Mens' time, 1,277 days.
Horses " 463¼ "

All of which is respectively submitted,
G. H. PERRY, C. E.

THE CYCLONE AND ITS LESSON.

The New York *Tribune* has the following on the destructive cyclone of a fortnight ago in the West Indies:—

"On the 21st of August a terrific hurricane passed over the islands of St. Thomas and St. Kitts, destroying almost every house, killing from a hundred to a hundred and fifty of the inhabitants, and rendering six thousand people homeless and destitute. During the time that the storm occupied in passing over these islands, the the wind came from five directions, in the following order: The gale first broke from the east and soon shifted to the northeast; at noon it was blowing from the north; in the afternoon it came from the northwest; at six o'clock it swept over the island from the south, and in the evening it had passed. These observations show that this storm, having an interior rotary motion, originated in that great manufactory of hurricanes, the Carribean Sea, between the north coast of South America and Santo Domingo, and that it was moving in a northeasterly direction at the time it first broke upon St. Thomas. This direction was maintained until between five and six o'clock in the afternoon. It then turned to the north-west, and when last observed at St. Thomas was moving directly for the coast of Florida, distant twelve hundred miles in a direct line.

"Cyclones are impelled forward by the trade-winds in which they originate. The velocity of these winds is from fifteen to twenty-five miles an hour. Supposing this cyclone to move at the average rate—twenty miles an hour—it ought to reach the coast of Florida in sixty hours after leaving St. Thomas, or, allowing one hour for the difference of time, at seven o'clock on the morning of August 24th. At the time the weather Bureau report was made at eight o'clock a. m., August 24th, the barometer was rapidly falling at the Florida stations, and the indications of great atmospheric disturbance were so great that Prof. Abbe, the meteorologist, announced the probable existence of a cyclone to the east of Florida. In a short time it reached the coast, and carried such destruction with it that the telegraphic lines were down when the time came to make the next report, and no news was received from the Florida stations. Its course after it struck the land is well known to those who have studied the Weather Reports of the past ten days.

BREAKFAST. EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks, —"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinline packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London d1509 1y

Coughs and colds, when left to themselves, frequently bring on pulmonary complaints, which lead to that distressing and fatal disease, consumption; but if attended to in time, "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers" are a certain remedy. They stop the irritating cough, and soothe and strengthen the bronchial tubes, allaying all irritations and inflammation. They are also particularly adapted for the use of singers and public speakers. Sold by all druggists and country dealers. Price 25 cents per box.

OUR TEETH.

From Chamber's Journal.

The charms, omens, signs, panaceas, relating to the teeth constitute quite a formidable item in folk-lore. In some parts of Sussex there is a superstition that if you put on your right stocking, right shoe, and right trowser-leg before the left, you will never have toothache. To drink out of a skull taken from a graveyard; to take a tooth from such a skull, and wear it round the neck; to apply the tooth to your own living but aching tooth; to put a double nut into your pocket; to pare your finger nails and toe nails and wrap up the parings in paper. All are charms against the toothache. If you catch a mole in a trap, cut off one of his paws, and wear it as a charm, you will "soon see the effect," provided a right paw be used for a left tooth, and *vice versa.* When an aching tooth is extracted, mix it with salt and burn it. There is in Norfolk a custom of calling the toothache the "lovepain," for which the sufferer is not entitled to any commiseration, whether he or she fully assents to this, may perhaps be doubted. Many other items of tooth-lore have no connection with toothache For instance if the teeth are set wide apart there will be good luck and plenty of travelling for the fortunate possessor. When a tooth is drawn, if you refrain from thrusting your tongue into the cavity, the new tooth to grow in its place will be a lucky one. Lady Wentworth in a letter, in 1713, to her son, Lord Stafford, spoke of the efficacy of wolves' teeth set in gold to assist children in cutting their teeth: "They are very lucky things; for my two first ones did dye, the other bred his very ill; and none of ye rest did, for I had one for all the rest." Bless the good lady; her grammar and her logic are about on a par!

Why do some people's teeth come out more readily than others? The reasons for this are probably many. About the middle of the last century, Peter Kalm, a Swede, visited America and wrote sensibly about what he saw. He observed a frequent loss of teeth among settlers from Europe, especially women. After discussing and rejecting many modes of explanation he attributed it to hot tea and other hot beverages, and came to a general conclusion that "hot feeders loose their teeth more readily than cold feeders." Mr. Catlin, who some years ago, had an interesting exhibition of Indian scenery, dresses, weapons, &c., noticed that North American Indians have better teeth than the whites. He accounts for the difference in this way; that the reds keep the mouth shut, whereas the whites keep it open. The teeth, he says, require moisture to keep their surfaces in good working order; when the mouth is open, the mucous membrane has a tendency to dry up, the teeth lose their needed supply of moisture, and thence come discoloration, tootache, ticdoloreux, decay, looseness and eventual loss of teeth.

During the days of the resurrectionists or bodysnatchers, when graveyards were subjected to pillage for supplying anatomists with subjects for dissection, the teeth from the dead bodies formed a frequent article of sale to dentists. Sometimes graves were opened for the teeth alone, as being small and easily concealed articles. Mr. Cooper, the surgeon, relates an instance of a man feigning to look out a burial place for his wife and thus obtaining access to the vault of a meeting house, the trap-door of which he unbolted; at night he let himself down in the vault, and pocketed the front teeth of the whole of the buried congregation, by which he cleared fifty pounds. Mention is made of a licensed sutler or cantineer during the Peninsular war, who "drew the teeth of those who had fallen in battle and plundered their persons. With the produce of these adventures he built a hotel at Margate. But his previous occupation being discovered, his house was avoided, and disposed of at a heavy loss." He afterwards became a dealer in dead men's teeth.

CARELESSNESS.

Many persons neglect their horse's health and condition until it is too late, when at a trifling expense and no trouble, the horse might have been saved if attended to in time. To all who may have occasion to use an article of the kind, we would confidently recommend "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy;" it is without doubt the best preparation in use, as thousands who have used it testify. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS MOTHERS

Are you disturbed at night and broken your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."

Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins is on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

JytSl 2m

COUGHS AND COLDS

Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly, when taken in the early stages of disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the Lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are immitations be sure to obtain the *genuine.* Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

1,000 yards of Japanese silks at 50 cents per yard at Allan, McKinnon's & McMorran's.

All the year round, "Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders" should be given to horses that are "kept up." To horses and cattle that graze in summer they should only be given in winter and spring.

THE GREAT EASTERN STEAMSHIP.—Unlike any other exhibition, we believe the sight of this noble vessel has given good satisfaction to the thousands of persons who travelled to Quebec to view her, and well repaid them for their outlay; and it is just so with the "Canadian Pain Destroyer." There never was anything that gave such satisfaction; it relieves pain almost instantly, and is the finest thing in the world for rheumatism, neuralgia, and pains in the stomach, &c. 25 cents will buy a bottle of it. Sold by all medicine dealers.

AS THE RESULTS OF FAST LIVING AND ALL free use of stimulants, fatty degeneration of the Heart, Liver and Kidneys frequently occurs; the heart becomes feeble and irregular in action, the liver torpid, the kidneys fail to perform their function properly, and the complexion gradually assumes a pasty hue, the appetite is capricious, digestion feeble, bowels more or less inactive, and a general feeling of lassitude and indisposition to exertion pervades the system. From this deplorable state of health relief may be speedily obtained, by the use of Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya, which is a Chemical Food and Nutritive Tonic. The appetite will be improved, digestion invigorated, assimilation perfected, the constitution energ-ous.

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

J. H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

R. C. Cathedral Bazaar,
Cape Wool—Gillespie, Moffatt & Co.
Shoshonees Remedy,
Change of time on Canada Central and Brockville & Ottawa R. Rs.—H Abbott.

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1871.

The Minister of Marine left Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, yesterday, the 6th inst., for Miramichi where he will probably remain a week.

It is reported that the United States Government have resolved not to meddle with the Coreans any more, unless they can obtain the assistance of the British Naval force. It appears that Admiral Rodgers' late achievements were not very creditable to the American Navy.

We spoke yesterday of the difference in the Governmental expenses of Great Britain and the United States, and pointed out that it really costs more to govern the latter than the former. Here are the figures:

The expenses of the Government of Great Britain for the last fiscal year were as follows:

For army	$ 77,500,000
For navy	55,000,000
Interest and principal of debt	134,000,000
All other purposes	94,000,000
	$360,500,000

The expenditures of the United States Government for the same year were:

For army	$ 35,800,000
For navy	10,431,000
Interest and principal of debt	245,311,000
All other purposes	141,370,000
	$442,912,000

Here then is a difference of upwards of $82,000,000 in favour of Monarchical institutions.

THE EMPIRE AND THE REPUBLIC.

We notice that the New York *Sun* makes the Hon. Mr. Howe's address at South Farmington the text for an editorial, the evident object of which is to discourage those feelings of International friendship and good will, which that gentleman, in common with all well disposed persons, is desirous to see exist between the people of the British Empire and the American Republic. If when Mr. Howe spoke of a union between the two great nations, he meant to intimate that a political union between them was either likely or desirable, we cannot help regarding such a scheme as Utopean and impracticable. If however he merely intended to say that two nations, bound together by a common origin and a common language, as well as by ties of Christian sympathy and civilization, ought, not only to be able to live at peace, but to agree upon a similar line of political action, so far as the outside world is concerned, we most cordially agree with him. In the past Great Britain and the United States have been alienated from one another from the most pitiful and contemptible of reasons, viz: Jealousy. Too many Englishmen have been disposed to regard with an envious eye the wonderful progress which the Republic has made, and to criticise too narrowly and severely the faults and foibles of their trans-atlantic cousins. Americans, on the other hand, cherishing with senseless pertinacity the recollection of old grievances, have refused to acknowledge what was and is great, and grand, and beautiful in the Mother Land, the "unnatural old parent," as they were in the habit of calling her, and have watched for any opportunity which presented itself for abusing Britain and British institutions. Within the past few months, however, the two nations have been allied together in a contest over the false pride and narrow minded prejudices of the past. They have come out of the fight successfully, and have won for themselves a far more lasting renown than they would have attained even though they had gone on trying to cut each others throats for fifty years! The good results of the Treaty of Washington in this respect are not yet appreciated as they ought to be. That Treaty has rendered possible that union of sentiment and kindly sympathy which ought to exist between two nations who have so many things in common, and may, there is good reason to believe, be regarded as the harbinger of a new era in the world's history, the era of Anglo-Saxon friendship and fraternity.

But to expect that the people of the British Empire and the American Republic can ever be merged into one nationality appears to us, as we said before, to be a wild and impracticable idea. Ardent lovers as they both are of liberty, and free as their political institutions are, there is a wide difference between British and American Freedom. We, in common with the rest of our countrymen, regard the British type as being the best and purest. Our American friends are doubtless disposed to give the preference to that form of liberty which they enjoy under a Democratic form of government. It is not now our purpose to enter into a discussion as to the relative merits of the two systems, but merely to point out that each nation is so firmly wedded to its own political faith and its own peculiar form of liberty, as to render, it impossible that the citizens of the United States will ever consent to become subjects of the British monarchy, or that the subjects of the British monarchy will ever consent to become subjects of the American republic. Each nation has its own destiny to fulfil; each enjoys in it own way life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness, nor is there any reason, if they once determine to bury all past unkindness and dissension in oblivion, why they should not be good friends and firm allies in the future.

We are quite sure that the *N. Y. Sun* is in error when it endeavors to show that Mr. Howe had any thought of "annexation" in his mind when he spoke of the two nations being united "in a common policy as indestructible as their language, and as enduring as their literature, which they cannot divide." Not only would it be impossible to suppose that any sworn servant of Her Majesty could cherish ideas of the kind, but Mr. Howe's own language forbids such a construction being put upon it. If our New York contemporary had read the honorable gentleman's address a little more carefully, and with that degree of attention to which it was honestly entitled, he would have discovered this to be the case. Mr. Howe said, in conclusion:

May the great Father of mercies hear our prayers, and so overrule our national counsels that we may come to be one people living *under different forms of government* it may be, but knit together by a common policy, based upon an enlightened appreciation of each other's strength, and on a sentiment of mutual esteem.

In these words the speaker not only gave expression to his own hopes and aspirations, but to the sentiments of every right-minded British subject. Cherishing our own political institutions as we do, regarding as we do the Union Jack, the symbol of our British Freedom, with as much pride and reverence as any American can feel for his own starry flag, it is both from motives of policy and feelings of friendship our earnest desire to live on the most amicable terms with our American neighbours. It requires but a very small amount of consideration and discernment to teach us that it is to the interest of both nations that we should be friends. A thousand ties stretching from many a hearth and home in smiling English vallies, on broad rolling American prairies, and Canadian forests and clearings, unite the two nations together by ties of quenchless love and sympathy. A thousand recollections of the great and good who having past away from earth, have left behind them a heritage of glory in which we both participate, form a lasting bond of union. Let us then if we would be great, if we would be worthy of our common past, have greatness of spirit enough to enable us to soar above the petty, the miserable jealousies and envyings which have hitherto estranged us, and while still remaining true to that system of government and that form of Liberty which best suits our tastes and inclinations, let us give the world a pledge of future peace and brotherhood by the establishment of a cordial alliance between the people of the great Anglo-Saxon Empire and the great Anglo-Saxon Republic.

GRIT PATRIOTISM.

"What in the name of common sense," says the *Globe*, "is anybody to *gain* by supporting or avowing themselves the friends of the present Dominion Government?" It is really a pity that the leading organ of the Opposition is not more prudent. The above paragraph indicates very clearly how miserably sordid and selfish is the spirit which guides its own political course. It cannot conceive it possible that any man's actions can be inspired by higher motives than the hope of gain. It cannot imagine that a patriotic Canadian with the love of country beating strong within him, would support or avow himself the friend of any set of men simply because he believed them to be "the right men in the right place." But if the *Globe* cannot understand why people support the present Dominion Government, the reason of that journal's hatred to and persistent attacks upon the administration is thoroughly well understood and appreciated. The lofty motive which inspires it in its course of misrepresentation, falsehood, and vituperation, is a frantic desire for office on the part of those whose organ it is. It is the hope of "gain" which leads it to insult a large majority of the people of this country, who support and prove themselves to be the friends of the Administration. Every man who supports the government is according to the *Globe* either a knave or a fool. Inasmuch therefore as three-fourths of the people of this country support the government, a majority of the population are knaves and fools. Such would be the case at least if the *Globe's* theory were correct. Fortunately, however, whatever there is of political knavery and folly in Canada, is found in the ranks of that bigotted and selfish minority whom that journal represents.

WATER WORKS.

It is with very great pleasure we learn that the Water Works Committee on their own responsibility, have availed themselves of the services of Mr. Le Sage, the well-known Montreal Water Works Engineer, and that that gentleman has visited the city, and will make his report in a few days. The Water Works Committee expect to be able to bring forward a scheme with estimate, &c., by Monday week, at the farthest. By this course they have, in the most satisfactory manner, cleared themselves from the charge of being desirous to "obstruct."

In this matter we do not seek to represent any one private interest or to espouse the cause of any one man or set of men; all we want is a scheme which will give Ottawa, Water Works at a reasonable cost in the shortest possible time. If the Water Works' Committee, aided by Mr. Le Sage's report, produce such a scheme, it shall have our support, let who will be for or against it. But there must be no more delay.

The Scottish journals are filled with loyal expressions of welcome to the Princess Louise. Communism and extreme radicalism have evidently made but little headway among the brave chivalric Highlanders. From Inverness to the Clyde, and from Aberdeen to Inverary, the chorus of welcome seems to ring.

An Argyle journal says:—

Apart from all other considerations, the Argyle family has so endeared itself among the natives of the shire, that the bride of Lorne, whoever she might be, would have been sure of a hearty welcome; but when the bride is the Princess Louise the delight of the people will fairly run riot when she comes amongst them to be one of themselves. Could a season have been more fortunate than the present for a welcome home? If the weather prove true, the Princess will see the Highlands in all their glory, and be able the better to appreciate the pleasure prepared for her. The "everlasting hills" will that day wear their imperial purple; the valleys will send their songs of welcome by smiling river and rippling stream; the hoary trees, all tipped with autumn gold, will line the royal road; and the loch itself, reflecting the auspicious rays of the sun, will be dotted over with craft of every size whose sails will "float double"—sail and shadow—and lining every road, and mounting on every coign of vantage, brave Highlanders by the thousand shall send forth such a ringing cheer as shall make old Duniquaich to ring again.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 6.

The St. Stephen's, and several other episcopal city churches, have been thoroughly repaired during the holidays, and are now opened.

The Jones vs. Arnott case for the abduction of children was dismissed, Arnott not being legally arrested, and the children have gone back to Jones.

The ship *Abeona* had a narrow escape from grounding in the channel yesterday, the tugs breaking loose and leaving her to drift in the current. She was subsequently brought into port undamaged.

An immense number of tourists arrived here yesterday.

General news unimportant.

Still very hot.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 6th.

The Republican committee of England has to day issued the programme of the party which they claim to represent. It embraces the following principles. The application of the principle of the federation to the Kingdom; The abolition of titles and privileges; The suppression of the monopolies; The abolition of standing armies; Compulsory education; That the State do provide work for those laborers who are able to work and sustenance for those who are in-capacitated from work; Popular legislation and diffusion of Republicanism.

Earl Derby delivered a brilliant speech on the land question yesterday at Liverpool on the occasion of the Exhibition of the Manchester and Liverpool Agricultural Society.

Fifteen Royal field Batteries passed in review at Aldershot yesterday, making a splendid appearance.

Fifty more of the workmen from Germany as substitutes for striking miners of New Castle on Tyne have struck on plea that they were engaged under false pretences.

There was an accident to-day on the Western Railway near Reading in which 16 persons were injured.

A large meeting was held at Glasgow to-night in support of the strikes in New Castle. Resolutions calling for the reduction of the time of days work to nine hours were adopted. The Hall was crowded, good order prevailed.

Proprietors in Newcastle are sending in every direction to obtain men to fill the places of strikers. Fresh workmen are arriving in considerable numbers from Cornwall, London, Norway, and other quarters. Some factories have been able to resume business with their former activity, although nearly 4,000 old hands have left town.

The remains of Renforth reached Gateshead to-night. Thousands followed the coffin in silence to the house of the widow of deceased. The funeral takes place on Sunday.

Four plate-layers were instantly killed by a railway accident, near Scorton, on the Preston & Carlisle Railway.

The number killed by the explosion at Wigan is 60. The scenes around the mouth of the mine are heartrending.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 6.—The condemned Communists with the exception of Lullier, have appealed from the decision of the court martial to the civil courts.

The newspaper *Verite*, which was recently suspended, has re-appeared under the title of *The Constitution*.

The trial of the Communist Gen. Rossel is appointed for Thursday of this week.

The vacation of the Assembly begins on the 16th inst.

The city of Bourges is to become a military center and is to be extensively fortified. An arsenal is to be established and the military school at Metz is to be removed.

The question of the creation of a line of fortifications from Avollen to Changy and Autun, is under discussion by the Government.

VERSAILLES, Sept. 6.—The report that Duke d' Aumale has been appointed Governor of Algeria is denied.

The rumors of dissension between the Governments of Italy and France are false.

The Government has informed the municipalities throughout the country that they will be allowed to petition for the dissolution of the Assembly.

PARIS, Sept. 6.—The *Bien Public* insinuates that the intimate relations of Chevalier Nigra with Napoleon renders his position here as the representative of Italy unattainable.

The Assembly has adopted a bill laying the burden of the losses caused by the war on the whole nation, and providing for the immediate distribution of 106,000,000 francs among the sufferers by the insurrection of the Commune.

The league for the deliverance of Alsace and Lorraine, announces that it will continue its labors, but has modified its title to society for the promotion of Alsatian emigration en masse.

President Thiers gave Marshal Bazaine an audience to-day which lasted over an hour.

The Marshal has appeared before the Committee of Military investigation. He made a speech in defence of his conduct of the war, attributing his failure at Metz mainly to the lack of ammunition.

The *Francais* says that the officers of the Italian army are travelling over French territory contiguous to Italy, and study its points in order to be prepared in case of war with France.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Sept. 6.—King Amedeus who is still journeying in the provinces has granted pardon to many prisoners, visited bull fights, and taken various other means to make himself popular with the people. The system of trial by jury will soon be introduced into Spain.

ITALY.

ROME, Sept. 6.—The following changes in the Italian Ministry are officially announced to-day: Vincenzi enters the Cabinet as Minister of Public Works, in place of Gadda, who is appointed Prefect of Rome, and will be entrusted with the detail of the transfer of the capital to this city; Ribotte is appointed to the Ministry of Marine as successor to Rear Admiral Acton.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 6. — A. Alkibrasti Pacha, the Grand Vizier and Minister of Foreign Affairs, died last night.

Gen. Ignatiff, the Russian Minister to this country, has returned to this city after a somewhat lengthened absence.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Sept. 6.—The *Provincial Correspondence* is confident that the Imperial Conference at Salsbury will strengthen the friendship of Germany and Austria.

It is said that the German Government replying to a Roumania note again reminded the cabinet at Bucharest that Roumania was not a sovereign state and was not entitled to correspond directly with the European powers and it was informed, moreover, that its note had been communicated to the Porte.

SALZBURG, Sept 6.—The Emperor of Germany, accompanied by Prince Bismarck, arrived to-night. He was received by the Emperor of Austria, who was attended by a brilliant suit. The sovereigns conversed for a quarter of an hour. A grand banquet was given to-night, at which their Imperial majesties, and the distinguished states of both Empires were present.

NAPLES.

LONDON, Sept. 6th.—A despatch from Naples announces that Mount Vesuvius has commenced to eject lava.

CHINA.

LONDON, Sept. 6.—The barque *Courrier* has been lost in a Typhoon, in the China Sea. Her crew, composed entirely of chinamen, perished.

Latest American Telegrams,

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES

CHARLESTON, S. C., Sept. 6.—Five deaths from yellow fever are reported in the last 24 hours. The cool weather is against the disease, and there are hardly any new cases.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—Information has been received in this city by telegraph from Galveston, dated to-day, mentioning that the American bark, *Harvest Home*, had been attacked by a force of Mexicans off the bar of Santa Ana, on the night of the 27th of last month, and her captain was obliged to put to sea without completing her cargo.

Another despatch from Galveston to-day mentions that the American bark *Brothers* was captured by an armed force of Mexicans at So, on the 27th of August, off Santa Ana, and the Captain was forced to abandon her, and that 24 hours afterwards he was picked up by the *Harvest Home* and arrived at Galveston yesterday.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—Judge Bedford in a lengthy charge to the Grand Jury, at the opening September term of the Court of General Sessions to-day, said: the people look to the authorities to stem the current of the crime, and to prevent jeopardizing the safety of the citizens. Let them not look in vain. Having referred to the mysterious trunk and the murder of the sad victim of treachery and deception, who in a moment of fanatic dispair gave herself up to and was murdered by an abortionist.

The Judge said of late we have been living as it were in an atmosphere of abortion air, heavy with dark deeds of these trafficers in human life. He hoped the Legislature next sitting would declare abortion, murder in the first degree, punishable with death instead of manslaughter in second degree. The address was applauded by the audience.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept 6.—A special meeting of the Board of Trade was held to-day to hear Col. Thomas of Dubuque, Iowa, relative to cheap transportation from the west to all points. The Board unanimously adopted resolutions favoring a Niagara Ship Canal and a convention will be held in Detroit in October.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 6.—The race at Cold Springs this afternoon, between Goldsmith Maid and Lucy, was one of the most remarkable in trotting annals, Goldsmith Maid making the fastest single heat, also the best three heats on record. Time of race was 2:20½, 2.17, 2:20. In second heat the watches of Judges did not agree—one making it 2.16½, and one 2.16½, and another 2.17. The last time was adoped to dispel any doubts which might result from complication.

SANDUSKY, O., Sept. 6.—The international regatta at Putin Bay, was opened to-day and was a perfect success. Thirteen yachts were entered for to-day's race—distance fifteen miles and return. The *Ina*, of Toronto, took first prize, time 3h. 41m. 45sec. The *Ina* was built at Oswego and sold to the Toronto Club.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES

GREAT BRITAIN,

LONDON, Sept. 6.—It is reported that the Marquis of Lorne is to be appointed Governor General of India as successor to Baron Lawrence, and that the Marquis of Lansdowne will succeed Earl Spencer as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

The investigation which is now in progress at Dublin, will undoubtedly prove that the riot of Sunday was premeditated.

One case of cholera has appeared at Liverpool.

A terrible explosion occurred this morning in a coal mine near the town of Urgan, in Lancashire. Some fifty persons, who were on a shaft of the mine at the time of the catastrophe, were cut off from communication with the outer world, and it is said have all been suffocated by foul air. A party sent down to ascertain the condition of the men who had been buried alive are still in the mine, and have, it is thought, perished. The neighbourhood of the disaster is thronged with the relatives and acquaintances of the supposed victims, and the scenes are of the most heartrending description. Details of the harrowing event are awaited with anxiety.

A despatch from Dublin says: McCarthy, one of the constables wounded by the rioters, is dying.

Queen Victoria is still ill and unable even to attend Divine service.

A tramway or horse railroad, from Blackfriars to Greenwich, was opened to public use to-day.

FRANCE.

VERSAILLES, Sept 5.—The debate on the removal to Paris will be continued to-morrow.

M. Rouher has accepted a nomination to a seat in the Assembly, which has been made vacant by the resignation of Deputy Abbatucci, of Corsica, in his favor.

PARIS, Sept. 5.—Pesident Thiers has appointed Duc D'Aumale Governor of Algeria.

UNITED STATES.

WILMINGTON, Del., Sept. 5.—The city election to-day was very warmly contested, and resulted in a Republican success, Democratic majority in Council is overthrown, and the Republicans have at least three with one Ward to hear from. This is a Republican gain of 650 over last year.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5th.—At a large and lively meeting of the Union Republicans, in the 20th Assembly District, in this city this evening, a resolution was unanimously adopted, recommending Horace Greeley to the National Convention, as a candidate of their choice for the Presidency.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—The first positive action against the Ring will be taken this morning in the Supreme Court. It is understood that an application will be made for an injunction restraining the controlers and others. First, from collecting the taxes; Second, from issuing any more bonds of the City and County; Third, from transferring any more real estate. Other points will, probably, be also involved, and the suit may receive additional importance from side issues, which will, doubtless, be raised, but unquestionably the most important step yet taken against the ring will be developed in the initial effort at legal enquiry into the frauds which have been exposed by a Joint Commission for the examination of County and City accounts, which has concluded to meet at 2 p. m. to-day, instead of Sept. 13th.

A PENNSYLVANIAN PICKS UP A $75,000 DIAMOND.

A New York *World* correspondent, writing from the South Africa diamond fields, under date of June 15, says: "Mr. Joseph Hopkins, from Lockport, Pa., came to South Africa two months ago, and last Monday, the wind blowing so hard, causing thick clouds of dust, so that no one could remain in their claims, Hopkins meandered out from the camp and over the plain, and, observing some garnets shining on the ground, about a mile and a half from camp, he dropped on his knee and elbow, and, picking them up, commenced scraping for more, when a bright point came to view. Scraping under this, out popped a magnificent 55¼ carat diamond, octahedron, flawless and speckless, of that straw color that is so fashionable in England, and worth in the United States at least $75,000. When it made its appearance Hopkins was paralysed for a moment, and the diamond could have been taken from him without his having the power to prevent it. Hopkins and I are partners now, and on the 4th of September we leave for America, via Cape Town and England, with over $100,000. of beautiful rough diamonds of all colors, shapes and sizes."

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

SPIRIT OF THE ENGLISH PRESS.

THE MINISTRY OF MISTAKES AND MISHAPS.

The issue of the Royal Warrant; the squabbles about the Ballot Bill; the discussion in both Houses on the loss of the Megæra and the Captain; the attack and defence in the same place over the Berkshire project—these affairs; which comprise the chief business of the recent session of Parliament, seem to show that now-a-days we are living under a pernicious form of Personal Government. We do not mean by this that Mr. Gladstone is the tyrant he has been called, though he is certainly dictatorial in a way and to a degree which for no high minded and really Liberal statesman would be possible. We do not mean that he affects Personal Government of the Bonaparte kind, though there can be no doubt that his administration is infected with some of the worst characteristics of Louis Napoleon's rule; as witness the condition of the various departments of State, the cultivation of an inspired, partisan, and flagrantly dishonest news paper press, and the astounding progress that has been made during his time in the art of Ministerial reply. What we do mean is, that the affairs of the Empire seem to be conducted on all hands as if they were simply means for the exercise of a Minister's eloquence, or the display of his feelings or the preservation and the spread of his poularity. As Ministers, indeed, we rarely hear of the Government at all. It is Mr. Gladstone, not the Prime Ministers; Mr. Cardwell, not the Secretary of War; it used to be most emphatically Mr. Childers, instead of the First Lord of the Admiralty; and now we are more concerned with Mr. Goschen than with that officer of State. All these gentlemen and their colleagues have their personal admirers and backers, like the horses in Mr. Day's stable, the cocks in a cock-pit, or the gentlemen who exhibit feats of arms in a gymnasium. In place of steady commonsense enlightened cares, they treat us to grand displays of moral nerve and intellectual muscle; all for their own honour and glory. Every legislative effort must be a feat, a remarkable achievement, something on a scale or of a kind never before attempted. And it suffices if their daring or their ingenuity is applauded. The language in which legislation is spoken of is itself very significant. Such or such an Act is far less often described as one that will add to Mr. Premier's popularity. On the other hand, to fail or to blunder is no longer regarded in the light of an injury to the public service, but as in a flaw in a reputation, answering in politics to the first broken not in the voice of an opera-singer.

THE AUTUMN MILITARY MANŒUVRES.

The *Times* (August 11th,) observes that, although Colonel Anson's motion was negatived without a division, it is none the less true that both the Houses and the country "have heard with regret that the autumnal manœuvres in Berkshire are abandoned;" and the country will certainly be disappointed if Mr. Cardwell continues, upon reflection, to be so thoroughly satisfied with the whole proceeding as he yesterday appeared. Referring to Sir Henry Storks' speech, the *Times* says:—"We ask, with some amazement, whether it is a British officer who is pleading as an excuse for not practicing the Prusian system of training that our soldiers cannot live as roughly as the Prussians do. We repudiate the insinuation so lightly cast on them. Both officers and men are at least as capable of "roughing it" as Prussians, and, if they were called on for the exertion, they would face it with pleasure. But we fear we have not here the truth of the matter. We have already fallen into such a system of elaborate routine that we are unable to meet the demands of a piece of rough work. The arrangements of our military organization are as stiff as our uniforms. Sir Henry Storks says that, before we carry out the Prussian system of training, we must "Prussianize our army." The public will entirely agree with him, and they will also think that in some points as he mentions the sooner the process is commenced the better.

The *Telegraph* (August 11) asserts that the most effective part of the speeches delivered by Mr. Cardwell and Sir Henry Storks was that in which they pointed out the essential difference between the Prussian and the English systems. Wherever a division of the German army is going through its autumnal manœuvres, the district is laid entirely under its command. In fact, the Prussian soldiers treat the scene of their manœuvres much as if it were a hostile country; and the people submit to all such exertions, provided they are paid for damage done to the land, or for the use of their horses. How would such a mode of procedure suit those Berkshire agriculturists who, according to the critics of the War office, are keenly disappointed at the loss of a visit from the manœuvring forces? Of course in time of war we should act in the same manner as the Prussians. But autumnal manœuvring is not war; and it is sheer folly for military gentlemen to fancy that any district would permit itself to be treated as if it were an enemy's country, merely because it afforded good exercising ground for the troops.

The *Standard* (August 11) says that by Mr. Cardwell's own explanations, we have been unable to muster an army of 30,000 men in Berkshire, because of the harvest, and the difficulty of water, and the clay soil, and the want of transport horses, and the long nights and the short days, and for fifty other reasons equally urgent. Is it, then, agreed by the English people that their army shall only be exercised when there is fine weather? To complete the farce it is only necessary to arrange with foreigners that they shall never invade England except when the nights are short and the days long; that they shall not come during the equinox, or fight in clay soil; that they shall give us full notice, so that Messrs. Pickford may have their horses disengaged.

THE ROYAL WARRANT.

(*Standard*, August 12.)

The Solicitor-General protested against the notion that "danger was likely to arise to the liberties of the people by the exercise of the Prerogative." There might have been danger in former days, "when Prerogative was a real thing," but now "it simply meant the action of those Ministers who were placed in power by the House of Commons; and, as the vote of that House would at any time vindicate "the liberties of that Assembly," it was idle to "talk of a dictatorship and of imperiousness." Thus, then, we have a bold confession that it is lawful for a Minister commanding a majority in the House of Commons to employ the power of the Royal Prerogative to set aside the authority of the House of Lords. This means a good deal. It means that at the will of a Prime Minister the House of Lords may at once be reduced to the position of a cypher in the Legislature. It is powerless to veto a measure which the Minister is resolved to carry. Upon this theory it would be as much within the competency of Mr. Gladstone to carry the Ballot Bill, which the Peers threw out on Thursday, as it was to enforce the abolition of the Purchase System by the Royal Warrant. There is no limit to the authority thus claimed. It is not restricted to questions strictly within the purview of the Sovereign and the Executive. It applies as fully to a Bill before Parliament as to a detail of the "government and regulation" of the Army. Why not treat the Ballot in relation to the Elections Bill as the purchase system was treated in relation to the Army Regulation Bill? Why not remove the Ballot clauses and enact them by Royal Warrant? The Solicitor General hopes to make this doctrine palatable to the House of Commons by the assurance that it can only be put in force as against the House of Lords; but the language of such men as Mr. Torrens, and even of Messrs. Fawcett and Vernon Harcourt, must prove to the Government that the Liberal party is not so blindly reckless as to vest in a single statesman, of rash impulse, and ungovernable passion, a power which, any day, might be turned against the House of Commons itself. The justification of the Solicitor-General is before the House, and it amounts to the contention that a Premier is entitled to use the Royal Prerogative for the coercion of the Legislature. When the debate is resumed it will be well to require Mr. Gladstone to declare plainly whether he deliberately approves such a monstrous proposition.

THE CHOLERA.

Daily News, August 17.

The danger of Asiatic cholera assuming serious dimensions in England is, we venture to hope, remote; although it is just possible that the disease, if it get into the country in solitary cases, may leave the seeds of infection about, and break out with violence next spring. So far, the westward progress of the cholera has not been rapid; and it is most likely that, if we can only tide over the next few weeks in safety, we may consider ourselves as reasonably secure against such a frightful visitation as we experienced five years ago. In September, 1866, the worst of the epidemic had been got over; and the lateness of the attack this year, should it get through the net work of safeguards woven round our seaports, would in all likelihood lessen its violence. But not the less is it incumbent on all persons, private householders and public officials, to take measures in time. Epidemics contnually defy all calculation. It is a considerable solace that we are assured by scientific men that, when a case of Asiatic cholera is imported, "the disease is not likely to spread, unless in proportion as it finds locally open to it certain facilities for spreading by indirect infection. In some exercise of the severity of a paternal Government, or some sense of the duty which every man owes to his neighbor as well as to himself, or even a wholesome dread of being smitten down by the disease, could induce the people of this country to set about a comprehensive and searching sanitary reform, we should not only be guarding against cholera, but against a thousand other ailments which are day by day scoring down their victims, and weakening the physique of those who survive.

DOMINION NOTES.

Mlle. Nillson is coming to Montreal to give one Concert either on the 19th or 20th inst.

Mr. Langevin is working industriously in British Columbia, putting the Federal machinery in motion and attending to the public works about to be undertaken. He will be entertained at a public dinner after his return from Cariboo.

The *Manitoban* says:—The death of Mr. Hunt, a late immigrant from the County of Huron, on the sixth inst., was a sad affair. The deceased arrived here recently, took ill on the way and died soon after his arrival, of a low type of typhoid fever, which has been prevalent in the Province of late. Deceased leaves a wife and child. His funeral on the 7th was attended by a large number of people.

Mr. Moberly and surveying party left Sturgeon Creek on the 7th ult., for the Rocky Mountains.

At an early hour on Sunday morning, the wood pile at Patton's siding, on the Great Western, between Ingersol and Dorchester was discovered on fire and blazing furiously, so that it was dangerous for trains to pass the spot. A gang of men, with the station fire engine, were sent from London to render assistance, but before they arrived and got the fire under control, over one hundred cords of wood were destroyed, together with six or eight broad gauge cars, empty, that were standing on the siding. The fire is supposed to have been caused by sparks from passing locomotives.

Wm. Nichols, of the the township of Magillivray, hung himself on Saturday. Dr. Shaw, coroner, of Park Hill, held an inquest, and from the evidence it appears that deceased had traded horses the day before, and on reflection on the bad trade he had made, committed this fearful crime.

A few days since as Mr. W. H. Lane, of South Bay, Prince Edward County, was engaged in loading rails upon a waggon, from a pile, he was bitten by a rattlesnake which had taken refuge among the rails. The venemous reptile adhered with such tenacity that in his efforts to force it from him Mr. Lane threw it some ten feet. By prompt application of remedies the effects of the deadly poison thus inflicted from the snake was so far neutralized as to cause little inconvenience beyond a slightly painful swelling, from which he suffers but little at present. The rattlesnake was quickly despatched after the occurrence, and was found to contain nine rattles.

Lt.-Governor Wilmot, of New Brunswick, and suite, will be in Kingston on the 27th inst., the time of the Provincial Fair, and will be the guests of Mr. Britton, barrister.

Mr. J. W. Verner, who for a few years has been in the Custom department of Belleville, having been appointed collector at Sarnia, received an address from a large number of his friends congratulating him on his promotion and expressing regret at his departure from them.

The programme of the Longueuil Regatta is out. The English crews are to row for a purse of $1,000.

NOVEL GAMBLING.

The Calcutta merchants have adopted a novel plan for whiling away idle hours. According to the *Pioneer*, betting on drops of rain is just now the fashion in Calcutta, where even respectable native merchants bet very large sums about the rainfall. When the weather becomes cloudy wagers are laid as to the time within which the downpour may be expected. The wager being laid, the crowd wait patiently to see the water run out of the spouts, for a drizzle is not recognized, and unless the water drips from the spouts the party who bets that it will not rain has not lost. Sometimes the utmost confusion prevails; it rains for a few minutes and the crowd look anxiously at the spouts; if the water does not drip the yell is terrific, losers attribute it to foul play, and boys are immediately sent up to the top of the house to see whether the spout has been tampered with.

HOW TO GOVERN THE FRENCH.

The Prince de Joinville, in refusing to be a candidate for the Presidency of France, said:—"But if I were king I should know how to govern well. The means are very simple. I would have a constitution of two articles; the first article should enact that every Frenchman should be a functionary: the second that every Frenchman, on reaching the age of five, should be decorated."

The "Railway Review" of Chicago describes the Grand Trunk Railway as it is, and not as seen by Mr. Brown. In its last issue, speaking of the road, it says: "Its equipment (comprising the most elegant of the Pullman cars), the kind and polite attention s of the subordinate officials all along the route, the quick time, all combine to make a trip from here to Montreal a most delightful one. The Grand Trunk is becoming deservedly popular among tourists, especially as it traverses a beautiful section of country, with a diversified and picturesque scenery, and affords comforts and luxuries equal to any of our Eastern roads."

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.
Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

CAPE WOOL.

The Cargo of the "PEONY," direct from

PORT ELIZABETH,

will be ready for Inspection on the 18th instant.

GILLESPIE MOFFATT & CO.

Montreal, Sept. 7th, 1871. 1762-1w

R. C. CATHEDRAL BAZAAR.

A GRAND DRAWING OF
ONE HUNDRED PRIZES

Commenced yesterday and still continues in the new brick building, corner of Sussex and St. Patrick streets, near the Cathedral.
Ottawa, September 7th, 1871. 1762-1

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON, Proprietor.
1760-6m

PRIVATE BOARD WANTED

In Upper Town by a Gentleman and his Wife. Apply by letter addressed
1761- U., TIMES Office

TO LET,

A first class store and Offices, lately occupied by TIMES Printing and Publishing Company, formerly occupied by Magee & Russell. No 38, Sparks street. Apply to
ANDREW PORTER,
1761-tf On the Premises.

WANTED,

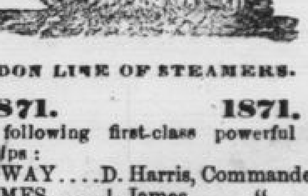
A School Teacher for School Section No. 3 Huntly. Apply to
HENRY McBRIDE,
J. LETT,
or JAMES JOHNSTON,
Carp Post Office,
1760-2w Ontario.

CITY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

Tenders will be received in writing, up till noon on SATURDAY next, for the privilege of keeping REFRESHMENT BOOTHS on the Show Grounds, during the day of Exhibition.

Two spaces are to be allotted for Vitualling Booths, and two for Confectioners, one of each on either side of the Grounds, and parties may offer for the sole privilege or for a stand separately, the Committee reserving the right of accepting that which they deem in the interests of the Society and the public; parties leasing to put up their own booths.

A plan of the Grounds, with the allotted spaces marked, may be seen on application to
A. S. WOODBURN,
Secretary.
Ottawa 5th Sept., 1871. 1761-2



LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871. 1871.

The following first-class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES.... J. James "
NIGER ......W. Nisbett "
SEVERN.....G.Butchart "

Are intended to Sail, as under, during the Season of 1871, between

LONDON,
QUEBEC and MONTREAL.

FROM LONDON.

MEDWAY	Thursday,	10th August.
THAMES	"	24th "
NIGER	"	7th Sept.
SEVERN	"	21st "
MEDWAY	"	5th Oct,
THAMES	"	19th "

AND FROM QUEBEC.

NIGER	Thursday,	10th August.
SEVERN	"	24th "
MEDWAY	"	7th Sept,
THAMES	"	21st "
NIGER	"	5th Oct.
SEVERN	"	19th "
MEDWAY	"	2nd Nov.
THAMES	"	16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $5 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to
DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.
or
T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co.'s Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, June 13th. 1760y

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

All descriptions of property insured at moderate rates.

Tables of rates for Life Assurance and all information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

T. M. CLARKE, Agent.
OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

CANADA CENTRAL
—AND—
Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route
TO OTTAWA.

On and after
MONDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.
Mail Train at 3:30 p.m.
Through Ottawa Express at 4:10 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 8:10 p.m., and at Sand Point at 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West
Mail Train 5:20 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m. 9:00 p.m.
LEAVE SAND POINT—9:10 a.m.; 4:30 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 9:10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.
Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1761-v

AUCTION SALE
OF
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

The subscriber has been instructed by Mrs. BADGLEY to sell at her residence, corner of Augusta and Stewart streets, Sandy Hill, on FRIDAY, September 8, 1871, the whole of her household effects, consisting of Hair Cloth Parlor Set, B W Centre Table, Whatnot Curtains and Carpet, Pictures, Parlor Ornaments, &c., Dining Table, Sideboard, Side Table, Dining Chairs, Couch, Carpet, Crockery, China, Glassware, Knives and Forks, Spoons, &c. Bedroom Furniture—Bedsteads, Bureaus (enclosed and open), Washstands, Dressing Tables, Dressing Glasses, Bedroom Crockery, Carpets, Curtains, Feather Beds, Pillows, Hair and Straw Matrasses, and a quantity of Sheets, Blankets, and quilts. Cooking Stove, Kitchen Table, Chairs, Pails, Kettles, Irons, Tin-ware, Barrels, Box Stoves, Stovepipes, &c.

The whole will be sold without reserve.
Sale at 10 a.m.
TERMS—Cash.
A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Sept. 4, 1871. 1760td

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
BY AUCTION.

J. Bermingham is instructed by Major Douglas to sell at the City Auction Mart, York street, on Friday, 8th inst., at 10 o'clock a.m., all that gentleman's Household Furniture and effects, among which will be found a most unique drawing room set in Moroon and Amber repp, Sofas and Lounges in hair cloth and damask, Chairs in hair cloth, three sets handsome window hangings, several very good tapestry, Kidderminster and Turkey Carpets, English oil cloth 20 yards, Mahogany Sofa Table, Card Table, b. w. Centre and Trifle Tables, b. w. Extension Dining Tables, Side Board, oval back cane seat Dining Chairs, rosewood cane seat Chairs, Clocks, Fire Irons, China, Crockery, and Cutlery, one very handsome bedroom set, cost 80, Iron Bedsteads, double and single, Spring, Hair, and other Matrasses, b. w. Bureaus with oval glass, b. w. enclosed Washstands, b. w. Dressing Tables, b. w. Wardrobes, Bedroom Carpets, Hall, Parlor, Furnace, and other Stoves, 1 Farmer's Boiler, 2 Force Pumps and Piping, Bottling Machine, Bottle Washing Machine, 2 Bridles, set of good Buggy Harness, &c. Also, 15 doz. of old wines, viz: Port, Sautern, Champagne, and Claret.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, 5th Sept. 1760td

AUCTION SALE.
OF
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell at the house recently occupied by Mr. MEREDITH, Main's Grove, Wilbrod St., Sandy Hill, on THURSDAY, September 7th, 1871, all the goods therein, consisting of 1 Mahogany Piano Forte, in good order; 1 Parlor Set, in Green Repp; Carpets, Curtains, Cornice, Parlor Lamp, (two Bureaus,) b w Dining Table, Cane Seat Dining Room Chairs, Side Table, Hall Oil Cloth, Hall Stove, Prescott, make; 1 Coal Stove and Pipes, Bedsteads, Matrasses, Wardrobe, &c. An excellent Cooking Stove with furniture. A quantity of Glass ware, Crockeryware, Coal Oil Lamps &c.

Sale at 1 o'clock, p.m.

TERMS CASH.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

N.B—Goods to be delivered immediately after the sale.
Ottawa, September 2 1759

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS,
ON BLACK RIVER,

For Sale by Auction, at the Union House,
ON WEDNESDAY, 4th OCTOBER
next, at one o'clock, p. m., being

License No. 265, of 1870-71......50 miles.
And No. 367, of 1870-71..........50 miles.

Total one hundred square miles of richly timbered limits.

By order of
ALEXANDER FRASER, Esq.
Ottawa, 1st Sept. 1871. 1759-td.

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY will be held at OTTAWA on the 11th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon the accepting of a lease from the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company of that section of their Railway lying between Carleton Place and Sand Point, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.
Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the BROCKVILLE and OTTAWA RAILWAY will be held at BROCKVILLE on the 10th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon a lease of the section of the said Railway lying between CARLETON PLACE and SAND POINT to the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.
Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

GENUINE
HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,
Metcalfe Street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building
Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

ENGLISH WEEKLY NEWS PAPERS AND MONTHLY MAGAZINES.

LLOYD'S WEEKLY LONDON NEWS, Weekly Times, Reynolds', Weekly Dispatch,—the latest editions,—5 cents. Subscription (post free to any part of the Dominion)—yearly, $2.50; six months, $1.25.

Illustrated London News, Graphic, Bell's Life, News of the World, Punch, Fun, Judy, &c., &c.

THE TORONTO GLOBE delivered at 10 cents per week.

C. E. HUCKETT & CO.
69, Sparks Street.
August 29. 1755 1m

NOTICE.

We hereby forbid all persons to hire JOHN DUNN and THOMAS PADDON, as they have deserted our employment.

GILMOUR & Co.
Gatineau Mills, Chelsea, Hull,
September 4, 1871. 1760-4

LOCA[L]

SOOKE.—A hea[vy] ... panied by wind, ... terday.

BAZAAR.—The ... building near the ... Sussex street, con...

SIDEWALKS.—The ... need of repair in ... There are some re... that should be im...

FOR THE WOODS ... ving of incalculabl... at present. They ... men daily by thi... their despatch to ...

AUCTION SALE P... household furnitu... tised to take plac... residence of Mr. M... was postponed unt... o'clock.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT ... that Mr. Robert Po... Powell, of the civ... accident, a severe ... leg. From the ext... it is difficult to say ... be the result. Dr... attendance.

FAIR.—Yesterda... took place on the ... Town. There was ... tendance of farmer... tle of more than ... sions were to be se... asked for poor ani... took place; cows ...

PROSPERITY.—Ow... patronage which M... and duly merited, ... sary to have an ... establishment. T... intended for a dini... to note this sign ... proprietor of the " ... him a continuance ...

CARMEN—EXTORT... to be made of a fe... learn the impracti... manner of dealing ... majority of them a... age of every oppor... than the tariff fa... the information of ... man can in no cas... than is allowed h... reaching his desti... should ask Cabby f... provided no fare n...

SPORTING.—There ... generally of doing ... sporting genius of ... gunpowder and br... has adopted the m... practised of catch... genius arms himsel... tongs about ten fee... himself to the bush... evening. He fe... partridge which he ... one by one with the ... method of hunting ... birds are in no way ... invent or should tak...

MASONIC PRESENT... the Doric Lodge we... ing by the present ... hunting watch to Br... Secretary. The wa... worshipful Bro. B... following inscripti... Rev. D. P. ... Doric Lodge, No. 5... ation of his valuabl... for the past six yea...

Bro. Williams rep... ner, but in conseque... tative of a contempo... sion of the addres... unable to present it...

ARRIVALS AT TH... Mr G H Clarke, Que... Manotick; R Bell, ... S S Henderson, Ogd... Pembroke; A A ... Miss Kate Fine, ... Jones, do, Mrs Be... burg; W A Greene, ... rens, London; Tho... Clement, Montreal; ... J H Munro, Ward... Montreal; S F Lazie... Rev E P Crawford a... Miss M Henderson... Brockville; Samuel ... Mr, Mrs and Miss T... B Gowski, 69th Re...

ST. PATRICK'S L... T...

At the regular ... Association, it was ... Esq., seconded by ... that, in the unavoi... President, owing to ... loved brother, and ... of the Vice Preside... Thomas O'Connor t... P. G. Leyden act as ... Carried.

Moved by John H... by Daniel O'Connor, ... ciation, as a mark o... and respect for the ... lations of, and for t... Esq., this meeting t... next Tuesday.—Car...

COUNTY OF CA... TURAL ...

The Exhibition of ... Agricultural Society ... ordinarily successful ... say the gentlemen w... Exhibition took pla... the disastrous effec... destroyed the build... New and commodio... erected since, how... easy travelling, and ... spire to give hope c... farmers and an unu... competition among... will enable farmers ... tion without expens...

The following is ... prizes, for which ... scribers can compe...

Corporation Nepea...
do. North ...
do. Huntl...
do. Goulb...
do. Fitzroy...
do. March ...
do. Richm...

The Hon. J. Skead...
Geo. W. Eaton....

LOCAL NEWS.

SCORE.—A heavy wind storm, accompanied by wind, passed over the city yesterday.

BAZAAR.—The Bazar in the new brick building near the R. C. Cathedral, 120 Sussex street, continues.

SIDEWALKS.—The sidewalks are badly in need of repair in some parts of the city. There are some really dangerous portions that should be immediately repaired.

FOR THE WOODS.—The C. C. R. is proving of incalculable benefit to lumbermen at present. They send up large gangs of men daily by this line, thus expediting their despatch to the shanties.

AUCTION SALE POSTPONED.—The sale of household furniture by auction, advertised to take place yesterday at the late residence of Mr. Meredith, Main's Grove, was postponed until this morning, at 10½ o'clock.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—We are sorry to learn that Mr. Robert Powell, son of Mr. Grant Powell, of the civil service, received by accident, a severe gunshot wound of the leg. From the extensive wound inflicted, it is difficult to say at present, what may be the result. Drs. Grant and Hill are in attendance.

FAIR.—Yesterday the annual Fall Fair took place on the By Ward Market, Lower Town. There was but a very meagre attendance of farmers and no horses or cattle of more than very mediocre pretensions were to be seen. Large prices were asked for poor animals, but very few sales took place; cows sold at from $25 to $30.

PROSPERITY.—Owing to the extensive patronage which Mr. Evans has received, and duly merited, he has found it necessary to have an addition to his present establishment. The addition, 40x20, is intended for a dining hall. We are glad to note this sign of prosperity, for the proprietor of the "Commercial," and wish him a continuance of the same

CABMEN—EXTORTION.—Example will have to be made of a few cabmen before they learn the impracticable injustice of their manner of dealing with the public. The majority of them at present take advantage of every opportunity to extort more than the tariff fare. We may state, for the information of the public, that a cabman can in no case ask or accept more than is allowed him by the tariff. On reaching his destination the passenger should ask Cabby for his tariff, and if not provided no fare need be paid him.

SPORTING.—There are more ways than one generally of doing almost anything, but a sporting genius of Carleton Place where gunpowder and breechloders are scarce, has adopted the most novel method every practised of catching partridge. This genius arms himself with a pair of wooden tongs about ten feet in length, and betakes himself to the bush just at dusk in the evening. He ferrets out a covey of partridge which he picks down off the trees one by one with the above weapon. This method of hunting is inexpensive and the birds are in no way injured by shot. The inventor should take out a patent.

MASONIC PRESENTATION.—The labors of the Doric Lodge were lightened last evening by the presentation of a handsome hunting watch to Bro. D. P. Williams, the Secretary. The watch was presented by worshipful Bro. Birkett, and bore the following inscription:—"Presented to Rev. D. P. Williams by the Doric Lodge, No. 58, G. R. C., in appreciation of his valuable services as Secretary for the past six years.

Bro. Williams replied in a suitable manner, but in consequence of the representative of a contemporary obtaining possession of the address and reply, we are unable to present it to our readers.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—Mr G H Clarke, Quebec; M K Dickinson, Manotick; R Bell, Manitoba; C Mair, do; S S Henderson, Ogdensburg; W H Supple, Pembroke; A A Humphrey, Quebec; Miss Kate Fine, Albany; Miss Emma Jones, do, Mirs Bessie Greene, Ogdensburg; W A Greene, New York; J M Courens, London; Thos Patterson, do; J J Clement, Montreal; W Wilson Montreal; J H Munro, Wardsville; Walter Brake, Montreal; S F Lazier and wife, Hamilton; Rev E P Crawford and wife, Hawkesbury; Miss M Henderson, Kingston; A Baker, Brockville; Samuel Keefer, Brockville; Mr, Mrs and Miss Travers, Brockville; C B Gzowski, 69th Regiment, Bermuda.

ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY ASSOCIATION.

SEPTEMBER 5th, 1871.

At the regular meeting of the above Association, it was moved by John Heney, Esq., seconded by Mr. John McStravick that, in the unavoidable absence of the President, owing to the death of his beloved brother, and the incidental absence of the Vice President and Secretary; Mr. Thomas O'Connor take the chair and Mr. P. G. Leyden act as Secretary, *pro. tem.*—Carried.

Moved by John Heney, Esq., seconded by Daniel O'Connor,, Esq., that this Association, as a mark of its sincere sympathy and respect for the President, and the relations of, and for the late Richard Waller, Esq., this meeting be now adjourned till next Tuesday.—Carried.

P. G. LEYDEN,
Secretary, *pro. tem.*

COUNTY OF CARLETON AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Exhibition of the County of Carleton Agricultural Society will be more than ordinarily successful this year; at least so say the gentlemen who should know. No Exhibition took place last year, owing to the disastrous effects of the fires which destroyed the buildings at Bell's Corners. New and commodious buildings have been erected since, however, and good crops, easy travelling, and everything else conspire to give hope of a large attendance of farmers and an unusual degree of healthy competition among them. The C. C. R. will enable farmers to attend the exhibition without expense.

The following is a list of the special prizes, for which none but regular subscribers can compete:

Corporation	Nepean	$100 00
do.	North Gower	60 00
do.	Huntley	50 00
do.	Goulburn	50 00
do.	Fitzroy	50 00
do.	March	30 00
do.	Richmond	25 00
The Hon. J. Skead		50 00
Geo. W. Eaton		25 00
Dr. Church		15 00
John Dawson		10 00
T. M. Robinson		10 00
John F. Bearman		10 00
J. & W. Thompson		10 00
Wm. Corbett		5 00
Bate & Co., Sparks street		10 00
E. McGillivray		10 00
D. McNaughton		15 00
A. Campbell		10 00
Robert Moodie		10 00
Thos. Birkett		5 00
John Hoggins		10 00
John Clark, March		10 00
W. Graham, Bay		5 00
T. & W. Graham		10 00
Thos. Clarke, Nepean		10 00
John Clarke, do.		5 00
James Davidson, do.		10 00
John Young		4 00
Robert Spittal		4 00
Joseph McGaw		10 00
Baldwin Brothers		5 00
W. Champness		5 00
Allan Frazer, Fitzroy		4 00
Charles Mohr, do.		4 00
David McLaren, do		3 00
Wm. Mohr, do.		2 00
Allan Grant, do.		5 00
Jas Featherson, do.		2 00
James Ritchie, do.		2 00
H. & J. Gowan, Ottawa		10 00
Judge Armstrong		4 00
N. Sparks		10 00
S. Howell & Co.		10 00
Davison & Daniel		5 00
Joseph Skinner		5 90
R. W. Scott, M. P. P.		5 00
James Rochester		10 00
Hugh Davidson		5 00
C. T. Bate & Co.		5 00
Geo E. Armstrong, Union House		5 00
Satchell Bros.		10 00
Robert McGee		5 00
Thos. Hunton		5 00
G. W. Monk		10 00
R. Bishop		5 00
A. Masson		5 00

PRESBYTERIAN CONGREGATION, AYLMER, REV. DR. FREELAND.

At a meeting, duly convened of the members of the Congregation. "The Presbyterian Church of Hull," (Aylmer in the Township of Hull in the District of Ottawa), Captain Robert Findlay, presiding, *inter alia*.

It was moved by John Clauson, Esq., seconded by Willian McLean, Esq., Mayor, and passed unanimously.

That the REV. WILLIAM FREELAND, L. L. D. &c., (of the University of Glasgow, Scotland,) having for nearly three years past ever faithfully ministered unto this congregation as pastor, the members of the said congregation beg to express their gratitude to him for the effective zeal which he has shewn in the discharge of his duties as such pastor.

That in the pulpit and out of it, he has ever used, devotedly and with marked good effect, his great talents, as a preacher and teacher of Holy Truth, expounding all scripture with singular clearness and power, and bringing home to the hearts of his hearers those things which are of God, and are needful for life in God.

That in all gratitude and sincerity the members of the said congregation beg to express, thus, their high esteem and appreciation of Mr. Freeland's services among them, and hope that he may long continue with them. [Signed]

ROBERT FINDLAY, Chairman.
JOHN CLAUSON, Secretary.
Aylmer, P. Q., 27th August, 1871.

POLICE COURT.

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 6.

John Robinson, charged with obstructing Little Sussex street, by opening a drain and neglecting to cover it. Paid costs.

Antoine Patton, charged with being drunk on the public streets, was fined $2 and costs or two days in gaol.

The prisoner said he had come to town to buy flour, but got drunk and lost $40.

John Baker, charged with drunkenness, was remanded until Monday.

Michael Lynch, charged with using abusive language to John Duffield, was fined $2 and costs.

Threfle Charrou, charged with assault, did not appear in court, and a warrant was issued for his arrest.

Two cases of selling liquor without license, were adjourned for one week.

Joseph Cote was charged with stealing a horse from Martin Cameron.

Baptiste Bondin sworn, said—I was going to Gloucester on Tuesday; drove a horse and buggy, and had a horse tied behind, belonging to Mr. Cameron; I was taking the horse to Mr. Cameron. I met prisoner near King street, he lives in Gloucester, I told him he might get on the horse and ride out with me; he got on the horse and rode off full gallop; he did not go home nor to Mr. Cameron's. He did not seem to be drunk.

Constable Banning swore to arresting prisoner on Tuesday, about five miles out on the Gloucester road.

The prisoner explained that he had simply gone out to see a party who owed him money.

His worship thought there was no evidence of larceny and therefore dismissed the case.

Baptiste Boyer charged with stealing $13 from a girl, was remanded until to morrow.

Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the GREAT SHOSHONEES REMEDY AND PILLS, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY?

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Socotrine Aloes, Capsicum, &c., &c.) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classided and compounded, that it is made the most searching curative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula, the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Pint Bottles	$1 00
Pills per Box	25

SUCCEEDING TO THE BUSINESS OF MAGEE & RUSSEL

The Undersigned, in succeeding to the business of the above named Firm, would say that the balance of the Stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Carried over by them, will now be offered by us, at prices that cannot but attract the attention of

CLOSEST BUYERS.

In order that we may have time to get the stuff forward and reduced,

THE SALE

Will not begin before

Monday, the 4th September.

Having therefore decided that all Goods of this Season MUST BE SOLD, we have reduced to them to such prices as must soon effect it.
We therefore invite inspection of our Stock by intending purchasers.
We would call special attention to our

SILK DEPARTMENT,

As in this line we are offering decided BARGAINS in Colored, Fancy and Black Silks.

In the

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

We will offer a large lot of FRENCH MERINOS, FRENCH TWILLS, REPPS, SERGES and WINCIES.

The Goods in this Department were considered fair value at old prices, but having decided to CLEAR OUT, all of last Season's Stock have been marked down. Those requiring anything in this line will do well to give a look through the Departments.

ALL STAPLE GOODS, WHILE THE SALE CONTINUES, WILL BE OFFERED AT A SMALL ADVANCE.

☞ A large quantity of Grey and White Cottons now forward, and considered extra GOOD VALUE.

We will not quote prices, being satisfied, as we are, that purchasers must see value before paying any attention to figures.

RUSSELL & WATSON,
SUCCESSORS TO—
MAGEE & RUSSELL.

IF YOU DESIRE

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

SEND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor

ESTABLISHMENT FOR YOUNG LADIES,
Wilbrod Street (between Nelson and Gloucester Streets), Sandy Hill, Ottawa.

Mrs. ROBERT STEWART returns thanks for the kind patronage she has received during her residence in Ottawa, and hopes by unwearied attention to her scholastic duties, and by their efficient discharge, to merit and receive a continuance of favor and support.

The School will be RE-OPENED on FRIDAY, the 1st of September. All the Classes are open to any who may wish to join one or more of them for the study of any special subject.

Terms very moderate. References to parents of pupils.

August 18th, 1871. 1746 tf

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.
1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA,
Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's.
E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.
1737tf

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested o settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

WANTED,
Young Ladies to learn Systematic Dress Cutting by the "PRINCESS LOUISE CHART." Terms $3. Apply to Miss FARNHAM, Russell House, Ottawa. 1746 a

DR. LOGAN,
Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.
☞ Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

A. E. GENDREAU,
HAIR DRESSING SALOON,
YORK STREET, Lower Town, next door to Mathew's Hotel,
And at No. 209 WELLINGTON STREET
Upper Town, opposite the Montreal Bank.

Mr. GENDREAU has always on hand the best French and English perfumeries.
You are respectfully requested to visit these establishments.
Ottawa, 21st August, 1871. 1747tf

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY,
WELLINGTON STREET,
CONDUCTED BY THE GREY NUNS.

The course of studies at this Institution will be resumed on Monday 4th Sept.
OTTAWA CONVENT,
Grey Nuns, Aug. 17, 1871. 1745-b

CHURCH OF ENGLAND
LADIES' SCHOOL,
WELLINGTON STREET, OTTAWA
(Established, 1869—Incorporated, 1871.)
Lady Principal.....*Miss Machin.*

This School will re-open SEPT. 1st.
New Prospectuses can be obtained of Durie & Son and Hope & Co.
Further particulars on application to the Lady Principal, or
REV R POLLARD,
1743c Secretary, Ottawa.

THE Rev. C. F. STREET informs his friends and the public that he will open his Classical and Commercial SCHOOL on MONDAY, 28th AUGUST, in the School Room lately occupied by the Rev. Mr. May.
For particulars, apply to Mrs. Kendall, Taylor's Block, corner of Nelson and Daly streets. 1741tf

MR. E. H. HARINGTON, B.A., Oxford University,
Begs to inform his Friends and the Public, that he will OPEN his PRIVATE SCHOOL on MONDAY, the 4th September. Schoolroom, corner of Bank and Albert Streets. For further particulars, apply to Mr. E. H. HARINGTON, Russell House.
N.B.—Private pupils can be taken in the evenings.
August 24, 1871. 1751 8

ACADEMY OF THE GREY NUNS,
AYLMER.

The Classes of this Academy will OPEN on the 1st SEPTEMBER next. The building is new and spacious, and is situate near the banks of the Ottawa river.
Aylmer, 16th August, 1871 1744tf

SELECT
BOARDING AND DAY ACADEMY FOR BOYS.
(CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL.)
Principal — REV. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

Careful instruction will be given in Latin and Greek Studies, in French and German Languages, in Mathematics, in certain branches of Science and Art, and in all the common branches of an English education.
The Academy on the south side of Daly and Ottawa streets will be OPENED on the 7th SEPTEMBER next.
For further particulars, please address the Rev. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.
August 25. 1752 1

A MARRIED WOMAN (English) wishes to obtain a small Family's WASHING. AD. C., care of John Bobier, Ottawa.

ICE!

ICE!!

Terms for supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed for the whole season.

100lbs per day for the season		$5 00
200lbs " "		9 00
100lbs "	month	1 50
200 " "		2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance ☜

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N. B.—Ice supplied under ton or cwt.
Ottawa April 1871

HARDWARE! HARDWARE
HARDWARE!!!
SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES,
And other Harvesting Implements.
AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,
No. 24 Rideau street.
All ground ready for use.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.
Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent,
Scythe Stones, &c. &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.
Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.
Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION
OF THE
AGRICULTURAL & ARTS ASSOCIATION
OF ONTARIO,
To be held at Kingston,
On the 25th to 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Persons intending to exhibit will please take notice that the Entries of articles in the respective classes must be made with the Secretary, at Toronto, on or before the undermentioned dates, viz:
Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before Saturday, August 26th.
Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery and Manufactures generally, on or before Saturday, September 2nd.
Horticultural Products, Ladies' Work, the Fine Arts, &c., on or before Saturday, September 16th.
Prize Lists and Blank Forms for making the entries upon, can be obtained of the Secretaries of all Agricultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes throughout the Province.
HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec'y Agricultural and Arts Association
Toronto, August 15, 1871. 1745-d&w

AN EXPERIENCED ACCOUNTANT
Having a few hours daily to spare, is desirous of obtaining a Set of Books to keep. Good references. Terms moderate. Address E. T. P., TIMES Office. 1746 a

YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY.
CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,
a Branch of the Villa Maria Establishment, corner of Wellington and O'Connor streets.

This Establishment RE-OPENS its Classes on the 7th SEPTEMBER. The Course of Instruction comprises every branch suitable to the education of young ladies. Special attention is given to the cultivation of politeness and ladylike deportment. A select day school is attached to the establishment, wherein day scholars can have dinner at an extra charge of $2 per month. For particulars and prospectus, apply to the Lady Superior.
Ottawa, 30th Aug., 1871. 1756td

BOARD WANTED
In a Private Family, by a Gentleman. Six o'clock dinner preferred. Address X. Y. Z., P. O. Box, 385. 1754

Circus and Caravan
COMING.
A Herd of Eight Elephants!
Recently added to the Exhibition, will appear in the Grand Procession in the City of Ottawa.
FULL TROOP OF BRITISH RIDERS AND ACROBATS.

THE GREATEST EXHIBITION
Ever given will come off in
OTTAWA,
SATURDAY, September 16,
Afternoon and Evening,
☞ ONE DAY ONLY,
Howe's Great London Circus
AND
SANGER'S English Menagerie
OF TRAINED ANIMALS.

The Magnificent, Gorgeous and Costly Golden Chariot Procession, the Largest and Most Brilliant Cavalcade of the kind ever seen, with its
FIVE COLOSSAL CHARIOTS,
Drawn through the streets by teams of Zebras, Shetland Ponies, Abyssinian Donkeys and beautiful Flemish Horses.
100 *Knights in Burnished Steel Armor*,
Ladies in full Circassian Costume, attended by their Equerries, Squires, Pages, &c., in appropriate Dresses, with Banners, Flags, Superb Trappings, &c., and the full
BRITISH CORNET BAND,
Conceded by the Profession to be the best musical accompaniment ever heard in a circus.
Doors open at 1 and at 7 p.m.
Admission, 50 cents Children under ten 25 cents. 1747td

BUSINESS CHANGE.

We, the undersigned, in relinquishing the Retail branch of our business, beg to return thanks to the public of Ottawa and vicinity for the very liberal support accorded to us during the past eight years, and to announce that we have

DISPOSED OF OUR STOCK,
And leased the premises,
29 Sparks Street,
TO
MESSRS.
ALEXANDER RUSSELL,
(Late of Blyth & Russell, Ottawa,)
AND
ROBERT WATSON,
(Of Watson & Hayes, Almonte,)
Who will continue the business under the name and style of
RUSSELL & WATSON.

Both of these gentlemen were formerly in our employ, and being possessed of ample means and long experience we have great pleasure in recommending them to the confidence and patronage of all our friends and customers.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, August, 1871.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE
RUSSELL & WATSON
Have pleasure in announcing that they have purchased the
Entire Stock in Trade,
AND
GOOD WILL
OF THE
RETAIL BUSINESS
Lately conducted by Messrs.
Magee & Russell,
And leased their premises, 29 Sparks Street, for a term of years
And hope by keeping only the best qualities of goods, and adopting a uniform and
Moderate Scale of Profits,
By anticipating the wants of the public and a strict attention to business to merit and retain the patronage so liberally bestowed upon their predecessors.
And we beg to assure the old patrons of the establishment that no efforts will be spared in maintaining the leading position to which it had attained.
ALEX. RUSSELL. ROB'T. WATSON.
Ottawa, August 1871.

FRED. T. PALMER,
Commission and Lumbermen's Agent, Rideau Street, (entrance O'Meara's Gateway.)
Particular attention will be given to hiring men, teams, &c., and all transactions with the Crown Land and Timber Office.
REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:
R Nagle, Esq, | Wm Mackay, Esq,
Allan Grant, Esq, | E McGillivray, Esq.
Ottawa, Sept 1, 1871. 1746tf

Peaches!
Peaches!
Peaches!
Pears!
Pears!
Pears!
Apples!
Apples!
Apples!
And all other Kinds of Fruit
at the Fruit Depots of
G. LORENZ,
NO. 58 SPARKS STREET,
Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

GREAT
DRY GOODS SALE.

Allan, McKinnon's & McMoran,

Have determined to clear out the FALL and WINTER GOODS purchased at a heavy discount from Messrs GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO, and with that view will bring forward the whole stock, including several large lots of
NEW GOODS
purchased far below Market value, and offer the whole at prices that must induce good judges of goods to buy largely.
The sale will commence on
Monday, 4th Sept'r,,
And continue one month.

As many of the cheapest lines will be sold quickly, intending purchasers will do well to call early and secure a choice.

1,000 YDS. JAPANESE SILKS,
At 50 cents per yard.

ONE CASE OF VELVET RIBBONS, damaged by fresh water, will be offered at less than half price.
2 Bales of GREY COTTONS, in short pieces, at from one to two cents below usual prices.
To be reduced one third in prices—a large quantity of
MILLINERY, MANTLES and MANTLE CLOTHS,
A line of Velveteen Jackets, reduced to $1.50 each, Waterproof Mantles at from $2.50 to $5
DRESS GOODS, in a variety of fabrics, reduced below cost.
PRINTS—A line formerly sold at 12½ cents will be cleared out at 9 cents per yard.
A large lot of Gloves and Hosiery will be marked down far below cost.
A lot of best Brussels Carpets will be sold at $1.25 per yard.
ALLAN, McKINNON'S & McMORRAN,
Successors to Garland, Mutchmor & Co.
No. 20, Sparks Street.

Groceries, &c.
DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, that if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to
Thos. Patterson's.
No. 26 Rideau Street

BRANDIES—
The best old brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

GIN—
J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—
Pur Malt.
Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—
Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

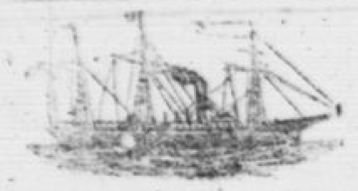
PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
Best Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.
The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."
☞ ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

THOS. PATTERSON'S.
Ottawa, May 2, 1871

FOR CHEAP READING,
GO TO
HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY.
No. 38 Rideau Street.
The Latest Novels Always on Hand.
☞ Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged;
Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

Steamers.



THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S. :—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

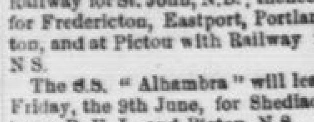
The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2670tf



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the 1st day of SEPTEMBER—

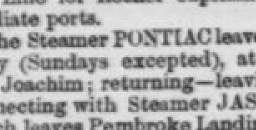
The Steamer JESSIE CASSELS will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 7.30 a.m., connecting with Steamers of the Line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The Steamer PONTIAC leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted), at 1 p.m., for Des Joachim; returning—leaving at 6 a.m., connecting with Steamer JASON GOULD, which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 p.m., passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The Steamer PRINCE ARTHUR leaves Portage du Fort at 7 a.m., connecting with Steamer JESSIE CASSELS for Aylmer.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip, at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 9 a.m.
R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, August 28th, 1871.

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"
CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.
R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B —Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1736tf

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR
FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A
TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,
IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address
GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

The Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy will, at a Session to be held in the Hall of the said Township on SATURDAY, the 3 th day of SEPTEMBER next, pass a By-law to establish the road as now laid out, between Lots Nos. 5 and 6, in the Third Concession of the said Township.
W. P. TAYLOR,
Township Clerk.

Fitzroy, 28th August, 1871. 36 4

SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY
—AND—
AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD,
Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED
BUCKEYE MOWER
—AND—
SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain.*

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD,
Smith's Falls,
Ontario.

June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa P.O., August 31, 1871.

Adcock J C	Martin Wm
Anderson Elizabeth	Maddin Thos
Anderson Samuel	Malsbury Wm
Armstrong Wm	Mines Benj
Arnold Wm	Meade M J
Arthur Geo A	Mercer John
Armstrong Mrs A C	Mitchell W H
Aspdin Thos W	Milne G B
Barnes Sydney	Motherwell Thos
Barber G	Moore & Coburn
Beveridge Thos	Moore F H
Benfield Wm	Muir Wm
Bell H H	Murphy Mathew
Blais Miss Lydia	Neill John
Blakely Mrs	Nelson Mrs Alex
Boyd Dr R H	Nesbitt John
Brayer Wm	Nicholson John
Brennan Wm	Nichols John
Brewer Mrs Emily	Nolan Miss B
Bullock L	O'Brien Wm
Bowns Wm	O'Donnell D
Buchanan Mrs John	O'Donnell, G
Burns Mrs S	O'Connor W P P
Burns Miss	O'Connor Jno A
Byrns Hy	O'Connor Mrs
Campbell Mrs John	O'Dwyer John
Cain Miss Sarah J	Oliver A
Campbell Mrs Mary	O'Meill J
Callaghan Alex	Ormand Jno T
Cantwell John	Patterson Miss Anna
Cahal Miss Mary	Pearsons Albert
Church Jos	Perry Mrs M C
Clarke Miss Emma	Pearson F M
Conway Miss B	Perwitt J B
Corrigan Ed	Pickens John
Connor John	Powers Jesse
Cross W L	Pringle Miss Sarah
Crozier Jos	Pritchard Wm
Cunningham Thos	Quinlan Mrs P
Daly Carol	Rathwell Miss A
Davis J	Rice Alex
Davidson C P	Roberts Miss Kate
Davis Jas	Robertson Geo
Daly J J	Rose Rodger
Davis Mrs B	Roberts Mrs
Dempsey Miss E	Robertson David
Dendmore Miss Mary	Ryan Miss Julia
Dicare Miss M	Russell Mrs
Dickson Dr Geo	Russell A D
Doyle Mrs Peter	Saunders Miss Julia
Duncan Jas	Scoble Mary
Fenton Miss J	Servo Walter
Fisher John	Sheaver Jno
Forson Jas	Shehan Thomas
Forbes John	Smith John
Foster Jas	Smith Mrs W
Furlong Jas	Smith H D
Gan John	Smith Heber
Gibbons E	Smith Wm
Gillis J S	Sparks Miss Jane
Glenn Alex	Somerville Hugh
Gormly P	Sparks Noel
Gilchrist John	Sternbug J W
Grimes Thos	Sullivan John
Harris Lizza Ann	Tobin Jas
Hamilton Mrs S	Turner RW
Hewlett Thos	Watson & Hill
Hicks Jas	Ward Jas
Holland W H	Wable A
Hogan Miss B	Wallace M
Hogan Wm	Wagner H
Hunt Wm	Wilsman G & T
Hutchinson G W	Webb Jas T
Hutchison John	Weir John
Huchley Mrs	Wells J P
Hubert J	Webster Miss E H
Janet Rev Mr	Welch Mrs Geo
Jamieson D J	Whalen Miss Eliza
Johnston Miss Ellen	Wilson R
Jones Mrs J E	Wood H O
Kennedy Jno	Wright J
Kealy Mrs Julia A	McBrayen A
Kennedy M	McBryde Jas
King Geo	McClanlish T
Kingsmill M	McDonald And
King Jas	McClory John
Knapp H A	McDonald Miss F
Lamprey B H	McDonald D
Lane Miss Caroline	McDonald Mrs Geo
Leitch Miss A	McGuire Mrs Jno
Leroy W H C	McIntire Miss N
Lewis Mr	McInnis Miss C
Little Irvine	McGuire Philip
Lothion Miss Ellen	McKenzie A
Moher Wm	McKay Jas H
Martin C R	McMillan Miss Jane
May Jno	McMillan J H
Martin Edwin	McPhee A
Marshall David	McMahon Geo

G P BAKER, Postmaster.

WANTED,

A good Carriage and Sleigh Maker, and Blacksmith, at Kinburn, Township of Fitzroy. A good business chance for both, with shop accommodations. Steady and good workmen only need apply.
ALLAN FRASER.

Kinburn 2nd August 1871. 1733tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT
GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form or shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonising pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause, Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.
"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies.

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantral, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awky

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

The undersigned being about to visit England, offers the following properties for sale:

A large Brick Dwelling situate on Besserer and Chapel Streets, with Coach House, Stables, &c.

12 Cottages on Augusta street, producing a clear rental of $700 per annum.

ALSO,

100 Acres of Land at L'Orignal, being south half of Lot No. 15, fourth Concession of Caledonia.

Terms to suit the purchaser.

1810d JAS G ROBINSON.

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gassfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

READING, ELOCUTION, WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.
Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES!

On the Line of the
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of
12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.,
Omaha, Neb.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAIL.

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY P.M.
......	12.45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	....	4.20
......	12.45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	....	4.20
....	....	9.00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8.00	....	6.00
....	....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	....	6.00
10.15	12.45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00		4.20
10.15	12.45	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	....	4.20
10.15	....	....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway			4.20
10.15	....	....	Osgoode, Russell, &c			4.20
9.20		4.30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	....	1.30
9.20	....	....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	....	....	1.30
10.30 / 7.00	....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage / Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c	8.00	11.00	7.00
6.15	....	....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c			7.00
10.00	....	....	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	....	....
6.00	....	....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	....	....	6.00
11.50	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	....	....

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P.M. in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

Post Office,
Ottawa, June 7, 1871.
G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be
Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Furs, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866, besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal.

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until Noon of WEDNESDAY, the Sixth day of September next, for the widening of Sappers' Bridge and the construction of a new Bridge over the Rideau Canal to connect Wellington and Rideau Streets, according to the Engineer's plans and specifications, which may be seen at this office after the twentieth instant.

The bridges are to be constructed of iron and stone in a permanent manner, and may be let in one or more contracts as the City Council may decide after receiving the Tenders. The work is to be proceeded with at once, and good security will be required for the due performance of the contracts.

No tenders will be entertained unless made in the prescribed form. They are to be addressed to the undersigned, endorsed, "Tender for Bridges," and contain the names and addresses of two persons who are willing to become security for the contractor.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa 19th July, 1871.
1721td

THE "RURAL" SALOON,
ELGIN STREET.

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON will be called

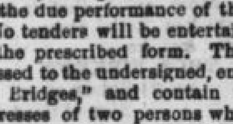
THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel. Strict attention to business. Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1599

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS



BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,
LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.
Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

GARDEN
—AND—
FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,
CHEMIST, &c.,
SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.
Ottawa, May 1, 1871

FOR SALE.

BRAE SIDE STEAM SAW MILL,

Situated near Arnprior, Province of Ontario, and extensive Timber Limits on the River Coulonge, Province of Quebec.

The Mill has just been completed, and is most substantially built and fitted with the most improved Machinery, and can manufacture 140,000 feet of lumber per day. It has an extensive piling ground attached to it. Being placed where the Brockville Railway runs beside the Ottawa River, the lumber manufactured by it may be sent direct to the United States market. The limits comprise about 280 square miles of valuable Pine Timber country, with two extensive and productive Farms, and having commodious Dwelling Houses, Storehouses and Stables erected on them. They are also supplied with a large stock of provisions, horse feed and shanty plant for next season's operations

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be had by applying to J. B. Lewis, Esq., Barrister, Ottawa, or from Mr. George Purvis, at the offices of the Mill.

Ottawa, July 28, 1871. 1729 d&w4 1awk

SEEDS! SEEDS

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN
—AND—
FLOWER SEEDS.

A. CHRISTIE & CO.
(Late Alex. Christie.)
Druggists,
40, Sparks-s

Ottawa April 28, 1871

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co, OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain.
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.
C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Medical.

MESSRS. GABRIELS'
CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING
THE
TEETH & GUMS
AND
PREVENTING TOOTHACHE
ARE SOLD
BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS
IN ALL
PARTS OF THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY
MESSRS. GABRIEL.
DENTISTS
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S — ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweatens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 1 1871

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL
FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1532tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

For Sale or to Let.

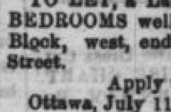
TO LET,

That COTTAGE, the property of N. Tetrau, Esq., Notary, in the Lower Village of Hull, with a handsome flower garden, stable, wood shed, ice house, &c., with or without the necessary firewood for next winter on the place. Mr. Tetrau having arranged for his residence in the dwelling adjoining his office, consented to the leasing of the property. For further information apply to N. TETREAU, N. P., Hull. P. Q. 1746 8

NOTICE.

TO LET, a Large OFFICE and THREE BEDROOMS well situated in the Aumond Block, west, end Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, July 11th, 1871. 1813 tf



HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

MONEY TO LEND
ON REAL ESTATE,
From $100 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,
Agent,
The Ottawa

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 358y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 4utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 48y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 356tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. 1&y F C CLEMOW

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT,
NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MARCIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetrau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.
Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Sparks Street.
OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into is practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as i were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort;
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
L. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

G. C. RAINBOTH,
Provincial Land Surveyor and Draughtsman, commissioned for the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.
Office. Aylmer, P. Q. 1722 tf

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740;

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,
—AND—
DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,
RIDEAU STREET,
ESTABLISHED 1860.
WM. H. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders' Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

I G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

1871. ICE! 1871.
ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

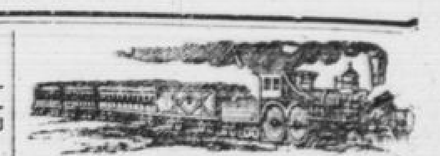
THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street.
Ottawa, May 1649d

F. WILLIAMS,
PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed.

Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

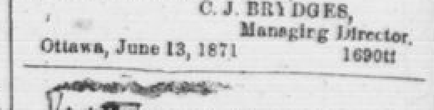
On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at	6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at	9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at	9.00 p.m
Mixed Train for Brockville, at	11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at	5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at	7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at	8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at	2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston	10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,
AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,
SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.
DEMPSY & CAMERON.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

DOMINION HOUSE
CORNER OF
SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS,
OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 6m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED
LEATHER BELTING,
FINE ENGLISH HOSE,
LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.
Montreal, March 11, 1871 161 3y

CANADA AND
U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,
November 26, 1870 1524tf

MORRISON'S
STEAM BISCUIT BAKERY
AND
CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT
IS THE
BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your Orders are solicited, and will be PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO by

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,
Nos. 36 and 38 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

TANNERY,
PARK STREET, OTTAWA.
EDMOND GERMAIN, Proprietor.

All kinds of LEATHER for Sale, Wholesale, at reasonable prices.

ALSO,

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS
WHOLESALE.

Of his own manufacture, at REDUCED PRICES.

19th August, 1871. 1746tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre), Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1763. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof whi h will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Destillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc.

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constontly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1635 3m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily)
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

☞ The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED ☜

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

☞ Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

☞ OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND ☜

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Ronesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq., or to

HAMNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
1746b Post Office Block.

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 3, Sparks Street.

100 CASES

HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT

"THE RED BOOT,"

OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overs,

MOCCASINS,

Laces & Boot Dressing

Which will be sold at the very lowest price possible,

Wholesale and Retail.

City and country dealers will find (on giving us a call) that they can be supplied at

Montreal Prices—Freight Added.

Having received a good part of our

Fall and Winter Goods

We are prepared to EXECUTE PROMPTLY all orders.

All summer goods selling at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Orders for Hand Made Custom Work attended to promptly.

A full sett of

Messrs. Ames, Millard & Co's Samples

of BOOTS and SHOES, always on view, and orders taken at lowest prices. One of our firm will wait on the merchants of Ottawa City and District soliciting orders.

Agents for wholesaling of Wm. Clendinneng's manufacture of *Stoves, Iron-furniture, Railings, Builders* and all kinds of *Plain and Fancy Castings.*

Agents for the celebrated

☞ *Plantagenet Mineral Water.* ☜

Orders promptly attended to.

LAMB & RODDEN,
No. 23, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, July 29, 1871.

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE, at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 88 Sussex Street, Ottawa.

1738 1NY SIMEON LEBEAU, Agent.

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871. 1871.

The following first-class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES.... J. James "
NIGER .....W. Nisbett "
SEVERN.....G. Butchart "

Are intended to Sail, as under, during the Season of 1871, between

LONDON,

QUEBEC and MONTREAL.

FROM LONDON.

MEDWAY	Thursday, 10th August.	
THAMES.....	" 24th	"
NIGER.....	" 7th Sept.	
SEVERN.....	" 21st	"
MEDWAY....	" 5th Oct.	
THAMES.....	" 19th	"

AND FROM QUEBEC.

NIGER	Thursday, 10th August.	
SEVERN.....	" 24th	"
MEDWAY....	" 7th Sept,	
THAMES.....	" 21st	"
NIGER.....	" 5th Oct.	
SEVERN.....	" 19th	"
MEDWAY....	" 2nd Nov.	
THAMES.....	" 16th	"

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $5 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.

or

T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co.'s Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, June 13th. 1760y

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $736,260 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

All descriptions of property insured at moderate rates.

Tables of rates for Life Assurance and all information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

T. M. CLARKE, Agent.

OFFICE—Bangs's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

MONTREAL OCEAN
STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

NESTORIAN	26th August.	
SCANDINAVIAN	2nd September	
HIBERNIAN	9th	"
MORAVIAN	15th	"
SARMATIAN	23rd	"
PRUSSIAN	30th	"

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin ..... $70 to $80
Steerage $25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN, on or about	31st Aug.	
OTTAWA "	7th Sept.	
ST. DAVID "	14th	"
ST. ANDREW "	21st	"
ST. PATRICK "	28th	"

Fares from Ottawa, cabin $67 25
Intermediate ..... $47 or 44 00
Steerage 28 00

☞ An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Cassimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons,
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Jrts
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

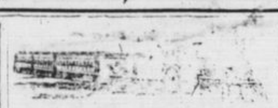
Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞ Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.

Mail Train at 2:30 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 4:10 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 8:10 p.m., and at Sand Point at 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 11:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 5:20 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m. 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE SAND POINT—9:10 a.m.; 4:30 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Train, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 9:10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1761-y

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway,

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East,

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:1 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6 40 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2.4 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.00 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa June 1st, 1871

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the BROCKVILLE and OTTAWA RAILWAY will be held at BROCKVILLE on the 10th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon a lease of the section of the said Railway lying between CARLETON PLACE and SAND POINT to the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY will be held at OTTAWA on the 11th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon the accepting of a lease from the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company of that section of their Railway lying between Carleton Place and Sand Point, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

OF THE

AGRICULTURAL & ARTS ASSOCIATION

OF ONTARIO,

To be held at Kingston,

On the 25th to 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Persons intending to exhibit will please take notice that the Entries of articles in the respective classes must be made with the Secretary, at Toronto, on or before the undermentioned dates, viz:

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before Saturday, August 26th.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery and Manufactures generally, on or before Saturday, September 2nd.

Horticultural Products, Ladies' Work, the Fine Arts, &c., on or before Saturday, September 16th.

Prize Lists and Blank Forms for making the entries upon, can be obtained of the Secretaries of all Agricultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes throughout the Province.

HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec'y Agricultural and Arts Association

Toronto, August 15, 1871. 1745-d&w

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Third Annual Exhibition under the auspices of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society will take place on

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY,

SEPTEMBER 20TH, 21ST AND 22ND, 1871.

On the Society's Grounds adjoining the city limits.

COMPETITION OPEN TO THE WORLD!

Nearly $3,000 is offered in Premiums

For Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, Agricultural and Horticultural Productions, Manufactures, Domestic Products, &c.

All parties may compete for prizes on payment of Two Dollars; Ladies on payment of One Dollar.

ENTRIES.

All entries must be made on printed forms, which may be had from the Secretary. These forms are to be filled up and signed by the Exhibitor, enclosing Two Dollars, which amount will entitle the Exhibitor to compete in all the departments.

The entries in each department must be made as follows:—

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before the 10th of SEPTEMBER.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery, and Manufactures generally SEPTEMBER 15th.

Horticultural Products, Flowers, Ladies' Work, &c., SEPTEMBER 18th.

The Society will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railroad Proprietors for carrying articles and passengers at reduced rates.

Arrangements will be made with the Customs Department for the free entry of articles for competition.

J B LEWIS,
President.

A S WOODBURN,
Sec. Treas.

Ottawa August 22. 1749t

HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES,

And other Harvesting Implements

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 Rideau street.

All around ready for use.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.
Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent,
Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarrie:

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex street, and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,
1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

RARE CHANCE.

The advertiser has received instructions to offer for SALE, by TENDER, at so much in the Dollar, as per Inventory Valuation,

A WELL ASSORTED TAILOR'S STOCK,

Consisting of English Cloths, Canada Tweeds, Trimmings, &c., &c., amounting to over $4,000.

The Goods are all in first-class order, and have been well selected.

The above offers an excellent opportunity to any one about to commence business, as the goodwill can be secured.

Every information may be had by addressing Box 468, Montreal, and Stock Sheets can be seen on application to the undersigned.

Tenders will be received until the 26th instant. Parties making other than a CASH OFFER, will please name security.

C. BAILLIE,
181 St. James' Street.

Montreal, August 5th, 1871 1711 x

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

No. 38 Rideau Street

The Latest Novels Always on Hand

☞ Terms, 40cts. per month.

Books bought, sold and exchanged.

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

SEPTEMBER.

Sweet is the voice that calls
From babbling waterfalls
In meadows where the downy seeds are flying,
And soft the breezes blow,
And eddying come and go,
In faded gardens where the rose is dying.

Among the stubble corn,
The blythe quail pipes at morn,
The merry partridge drums in hidden places,
And glittering insects gleam,
Above the reedy stream,
Where busy spiders spin their flimy laces.

At eve cool shadows fall
A cross the garden wall,
And on the clustered grapes to purple turning,
And pearly vapors lie,
Along the eastern sky,
Where the broad harvest moon is redly burning.

Ah, soon on field and hill
The wind shall whistle chill,
And patriarch swallows call their flocks together,
To fly from frost and snow,
To seek for lands where blow,
The fairer blossoms of a balmier weather.

The cricket chirps all day
"O fairest summer stay!"
The squirrel eyes askance the chestnut browning.
The wild fowl fly afar
Above the foamy bar,
And hasten southward ere the skies are frowning.

Now comes a fragrant breeze.
Through the dark cedar trees,
And round about my temples fondly lingers.
In gentle playfulness,
Lake to the soft caress
Bestowed in happier days by loving fingers.

Yet, though a sense of grief
Comes with the fallen leaf,
And memory makes the summer doubly pleasant,
In all my autumn dreams
A future summer gleams,
Surpassing the fairest glories of the present!

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XXXIII.

AT LAST.

(CONTINUED.)

"True, even then the professors of the Holy Catholic and Apostolic Faith of Protestant England as by law established, were "marching on" towards those heights of Ritualism they have successfully climbed; but worshippers were slow to mark the tendency of the movement, and when anything occurred to open their understandings as to its *raison d'etre*, they closed them again as speedily and decoronsly as might be.

While they walked along, with the bright stars looking down upon them, and the gas-lamps blinking with bleared, uncertain eyes at the passers-by, Herbert talked to Madge about the rector's "innovations," and described to her the various changes he had introduced into what it was the fashion of those days to call the "simple and beautiful service of the Church of England."

To the best of her ability Madge listened, in the maid agreeing with what he said about the peril of such innovations, though at the same time venturing to remark that she liked a cathedral service.

"But then this is not a cathedral," Mr. Spencer replied.

"I can not see what difference that makes," Madge said.

Whereupon Herbert remained silent. For, now she put it in such a way, neither did he, only he thought it better not tell her so.

"I wonder what we shall think of Mr. Hardell," she began after a short pause. "It puzzles me how he can have made such a hard-working clergyman. I am unable to account for it all, unless *that* altered him greatly; indeed, I heard it had."

"That and his marriage, perhaps," suggested her companion.

"What a dreadful thing it was, and so soon, too," sighed Madge, "You do think, Herbert, now do you not, that the other was innocent? that he is perhaps now suffering in a foreign country for the sin of—this man?"

"I can not tell, Madge. For God's sake do not try to make me judge in the matter. I confess, so far, my theory about him has been all at fault; but the point I can not reconcile with innocence is you—Oh! Madge, innocence or guilty, I know I could not have gone away without 'Good bye,' at any rate."

"But he was so noble, so unselfish," murmured Madge; and then next moment she was praying Herbert's forgiveness for the implied slur upon him.

"The words slipped out before I realized their exact meaning," she said. "I did not intend to imply you were other than noble and unselfish, but he—he—always thought of his own wishes least, and if he considered it best for me not to see him, or hear from him again, he would never consider his own suffering, providing as he imagined, I was thereby spared a moment's pain."

"Madge, darling, I must say something to you again that I have often ventured to say before. You were but a girl when we first met, but since then you have wasted years of your own and my life nursing a shadow, grieving over the departure of a dream. We men understand ourselves and each other a great deal better than women can do, and I repeat, I am certain as I am I love you better than my life, that Andrew Hardell never, in the true sense of the word, loved you at all, and that had you married him, you would have found that out for yourself ere now. Had he cared for you he could not have acted as he did, and if he came back to-morrow you would soon acknowledge the truth of what I have said. I wish he would come back, or that I knew where I could find him." Herbert went on passionately, "for I should prefer having flesh and blood for my rival rather than a memory and an illusion. Once you understood it had been all a mistake—a mistake on his side as well as yours—I should be content to abide the issue, and to wait seven years more for a smile if you bade me, for I could then wait in hope, sure that when the trust which had nourished the plant was destroyed, the plant would soon die also."

"And I with it, Herbert, she said, faintly.

"No, dearest," he answered, taking the hand which rested on his arm, and clasping it; "you could not die and leave me; you would know then something of what I have suffered, and you might say to yourself—Madge, I think you would—'If this vacant ground can blossom with no flowers for me, it shall grow some buds of happiness for him;' and I should thank and bless you even for that Madge, knowing the rest would come in time."

Then out of "very pity" Madge's fingers closed on his, for she knew how poor and meagre a thing this was with which he promised to be content; which he declared he was ready to take in lieu of the willing love, the absorbing affection he had once hoped to win, when the girlish fancy came to be forgotten and the image of her first lover grew blurred and indistinct—seen dimly through the mist of years, and remembered only vaguely as one of the many associations of dear, old, by-gone times.

They did not after this speak again. Indeed, they were close by the church porch as Herbert finished his sentence, and Madge silently dropped his arm and passed into the building, where already the service had begun.

It was a beautiful edifice, designed by one of those architects who, when erecting a temple to the glory and for the worship of God, seem inspired by their object; who "dream not of a perishable faith," but appear to remember that though the foundations of their material work may be in the earth, the pinnacles and towers of its purpose touch the heavens; and as Madge—who loved every thing beautiful—looked around, involuntarily almost, she held her breath, lost in wonder and astonishment as she thought of the great building filled so full of men, who had come to hear Anthony preach—Anthony, of whose eloquence or earnestness she had not thought much when he resided with them at Langmore.

While she glided down the aisle and knelt with her face buried in her hands—while she joined in the service, and sat listening to the Evening Lesson, her thoughts unbidden strayed back to the home which lay now so much farther away than ever; and she could not help reflecting how strange it lay that there should be such a gulf stretching between herself and Anthony, with whom she had never once been great friends, with whom she had never quarreled even in semblance.

"He did not answer my letter," she thought, while the choristers sang the *Nunc Dimittis*, and the organ swelled and throbbed with passion, and pealed high and loud ere it was subdued and steadied for the *Creed*.

"He did not answer my letter. I wonder if he have, spite of all one hears about him, grown proud and cold. Anthony was never unkind, but much flattery may have made him vain. He was always a little too self confident, yet I should like to speak to him again; spite of what I know about Mrs. Challerson, I should;" and she stood on tiptoe and tried to see away to the extreme end of the chancel, where within the communion rails the fingers of two clergymen were dimly visible.

The distance, however, was too great for her to be able to recognize him.

"And in any case," she sighed, "he must be greatly changed. I am. He never would remember me;" wherein she was wrong, for though she was changed, no man who had ever known her sweet face could have quite forgotten it.

While the choir sang that hymn which begins—

"Lord, whatsoe'er my lot may be,"

the preacher ascended the pulpit, and kneeling down, prayed silently, as he was in the habit of praying, that God would strengthen him to do this work—and forgive him his long course of deception, and keep sorrow from the being he loved and had wronged.

If there be such a thing as expiating sins by suffering, Andrew Hardell's might indeed long since have been considered expurgated.

His life had proved one in which even the joy he grasped—the success he achieved—the love he had longed to possess—turned to dust and ashes in his hand—aye, to worse than dust and ashes—to volcanoes, the very existence which he alone suspected, and yet that any day—aye, any hour—might break forth into flame.

He had been too happy, as I have said, and already the first mutterings of the coming storm sounded in his ears. Since that morning when he received Messrs. St. John and Henry's letter, he had rested neither day nor night. For him he felt rest was over. It had been easy enough to refuse taking possession of the property; but to satisfy Mr. Alton's curiosity, and that of his wife, was by no means so simple an affair.

From the hour, indeed, when, in answer to Mr. Alton's question as to how soon he intended journeying to Lovell's Court, he said,

"Not at all at present, until I know whether a still nearer relation to the late Mr. Hardell than myself be living or dead;" he was conscious of an indefinable something in his father-in-law's manner, which filled him with a terrible alarm.

He never paused to consider that under the circumstances Mr. Alton had a right to feel offended and surprised at his reticence concerning the name and possible location of that vague relation. He never remembered that people whose own transactions are perfectly transparent, and who do not understand the meaning of the word mystery or concealment, are usually shocked at want of family confidence. He only imagined that Mr. Alton suspected *him*, and this idea lent a strangeness to his manner, and a brevity to his replies, little calculated to reassure those about him. The man was wretched. He never felt safe and content, save when he was writing a sermon, or preaching it. It maddened him even to be with Joy, who would constantly talk about Lovell's Court, and how thankful she felt at the idea of her husband being at length able to assume his proper position in the world.

"Because I am quite certain, dear, that dreadful relation has been dead for a hundred years, and will never return to claim the property. Besides, the lawyers say you are the next heir, and surely they ought to know best."

If he had never comprehended it before, Andrew Hardell could realize now that state of mind wherein a man shall in very desperation seek an exit from his misery by the help of a few drops of poison or an ounce of lead. If he could only have died—if he could only have seen a way, even though the gates of the grave, out of his labyrinth of trouble, he would have blessed the malady which came to bring him release.

To be continued.

CARELESSNESS.

Many persons neglect their horse's health and condition until it is too late, when at a trifling expense and no trouble, the horse might have been saved if attended to in time. To all who may have occasion to use an article of the kind, we would confidently recommend "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy;" it is without doubt the best preparation in use, as thousands who have used it testify. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Reed & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS MOTHERS

Are you disturbed at night and broken your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are but imitations. 1y181 2m

COUGHS AND COLDS

Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and effectually, when taken in the early stages of disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or common cold, in its first stage. The which in the majority would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the Lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations be sure to ask for the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

LOST AND FOUND.

MADAM NILSSON'S JEWELS RECOVERED.

From the Missouri Republican.

Last Spring we had occasion to chronicle the loss of Madam Nilsson, mother of M'lle Nilsson, of her jewels, valued at about $4,000 near De Soto on the Iron Mountain railroad. The Nilsson party were coming from Memphis to keep an engagement in this city, and as Madam Nilsson was taking down a small satchel from a rack it opened and the package containing the diamonds fell through the window. The train was stopped in order that the agent of the troupe and several other persons might search for the valuables. The parties were left there, but failed to find the package, and after a most rigid search gave it up in despair. The jewels were found on Saturday in a singular manner. Mrs. Flynn, wife of Patrick Flynn, a laborer employed on the road, was attending to a call which she had tied with a long piece of string to a stake. She observed it scraping the earth and making a clean surface around, and she went back to shorten its tether. While in the act of doing this she discovered that it had unearthed some dirty paper. She examined it, found a small package closely done up in the same dirty paper, well seasoned, and opening it there was exposed to her view several sparkling diamonds. She immediately called her husband to examine the treasure, who was wiled with delight at the discovery.

There was seventeen pieces, including bracelets and two heavy diamond rings. An officer of the railroad company telegraphed the discovery to Mlle. Nilsson, at Newport, R. I., who upon the receipt of the despatch sent an answer that she would give the Flynns $500. The jewels, which were found at a point near the track opposite ex-Governor Fletcher's residence, a short distance north of De Soto, will be forwarded to Mlle. Nilsson to-day.

FASHION NOTES.

The chignon's reign is ended.

Turban hats are more in vogue than ever.

Trimming on the front of dresses is revived.

Bonnet strings are wider and very much longer.

Chatelaine braids will not be worn much longer.

Sack overcoats with capes will be the style for boys.

The hair is worn less frizzy and fluffy than last season.

The plaited Garibaldi waists continue to grow in favor.

Little soap locks on the side of the face are out of date.

The hair on the temples continue to be worn high and smooth.

Frizettes and short curls on the forehead are more popular than ever.

Plaited and twisted chronets of hair are to supersede the Pompadour roll.

Not much change in bonnets, but they are larger and more cottage shape.

Shoulder seams are still high and short following the line of the shoulders.

The short skirt for walking costume is still to be retained by sensible women.

Felt bonnets are to be worn for weather suits by those who do not like hats.

Aprons to overskirts are much wider, and the side loopings are drawn very far back.

Very long coat-shaped postillions are to be worn with demi-train skirts for indoor toilets.

Demi-trains are to be adjusted for street wear by means of tapes to loop them up to the waist at the back seams.

Deep flounces are more in favor than narrow ones. When both are used in combination, the narrow one is underneath.

Gray and light brown Melton cloth is the most approved material for boys' suits, comprising jacket, vest, and trousers.

The style of arranging the back hair for the next season, will be a French twist surrounded by a twisted coil of heavy braid.

A polonaise, or close cut paletot, with pelerine cape or large collar, will be the most fashionable garment for girls for early fall wear.

Indoor dresses are made much plainer than last season. Overskirts are frequently ommitted, the plain demi-train and stylish basque being deemed sufficient.

Yachting dresses of twilled serge are all the rage at sea-side resorts. The skirts are made in endless variety; the jackets are in the mobiot style, and worn over pointed waistcoats.

LOVE ON THE FENS.

They are very gay in England over the misfortunes of an elderly gentleman of Watlow in Lincolnshire, who loved not wisely nor well enough to marry. The tragedy and comedy of life both proceed from the same source. Today the world weeps with a Werther who blows out his brains for love, and to-morrow it falls into inextinguishable laughter over a bald-headed man who under the crazing influence of the same passion writes ungrammatical letters and spells the name of his Redeemer with a *g*. The woes of our Lincolnshire gallant seem excessively amusing to the court and the public, and yet there never was a more commonplace affair. None of the metaphysicians have yet informed us why things which are simply dull in private, become infinitely humorous in public. The jury, judge, and audience are convulsed by the short and stupid annals of Mr. Copping's love, which should be too tiresome for good nature. Copping should read them to you.

Mrs. Copping died and the fair Hubbert, who now brings a suit of breach of promise, young thing of thirty, came to the funeral and stayed a few days. When she went home the bereaved widower said to her, "Good-bye, Charlotte, don't be in a hurry to throw yourself away." Her conscious heart interpreted these words to mean "wait for your Copping." She did not have to wait long. The next month he wrote her a letter which ended, "with fondest love and lots of kisses dear Charlotte from your ever loving Wright Copping," which, the learned counsel judiciously observes "was not bad for a first letter. [Laughter in the court.]" He got on beautifully; in his next letter he consults her in relation to some feather beds he is purchasing, not "caring to please any one but her own dear self." Of course there was "renewed laughter" which was not cured when the conscientious swain, as if realising that there was something slightly suggestive in that phrase of the feathers, adds, "I mean right." And so proceeding through a wilderness of billets-doux his passion makes him a poet, and he talks of the stains and the stings of his kisses like a cockney Anacreon. At a later period, when the learned counsel tell us "his love was "cooling," he perfidiously reenforces his letters with *pacfull amour*. "I hope nothing will ever change the love we have for one another. If I was *agen* you I would give you some good kisses. [Laughter]. "Beloved Charlotte, you are a buck of a girl.

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Furnished Rooms Wanted—Box 366.
Dancing and Maintien—Mr. Andrews.
Farm for Sale—Hannett P. Hill.

The Ottawa Times.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1871.

For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Sir John Macdonald will arrive here to-night by the steamer *Queen Victoria*.

Rev. Mr. Patterson, late Chaplain to the North West expedition, leaves town to-day.

Colonel Bernard arrived in Montreal on Wednesday, and will return to Ottawa to-day.

Mr. Mair from Manitoba, is in town. He gives a most favorable account of the new province and seems to be well satisfied with the position of affairs.

THE STRATHROY DELEGATES.

In common with many of our contemporaries we have lately felt called upon to condemn the very unfair and dishonorable course adopted by the leading organ of the Opposition, in reference to the Hon. J. Sandfield Macdonald, and the Strathroy delegation. The organ made a direct and explicit charge against that gentleman, accusing him of having made use of a blasphemous and insulting expression in the course of his interview with the gentlemen from Strathroy, whereupon two members of the deputation felt themselves bound in honour to deny the truth of the accusation and to express their sense of the courteous treatment which they received at the hands of the Ontario Premier. Thus completely cornered, and convicted in the clearest and most incontrovertible manner of having been guilty of falsehood, the organ, after having for some time wriggled and twisted like a wounded snake in a manner that was pitiable to behold, has at last turned round upon the two gentlemen, Messrs. Dewan and Murdoch who dared to tell the truth, and is bent upon punishing them in a manner which shall be proportionate to the gravity of their crime, and be calculated to strike terror into the hearts of other Grits who, like them, may venture to tell the truth, or contradict an assertion made in the columns of their master's organ. We are not surprised to find the *Globe* adopting this course. Discipline must be maintained at all hazard. It is bad enough if a man who has once bowed the knee to the tyranny of Grittism ventures for a moment in his own mind to question the veracity of the organ; but what shall be thought of or done with him who not only dares to doubt, but has the audacity publicly to deny a statement made in its columns? What business was it of Messrs. Dewan and Murdock whether Mr. Sandfield Macdonald made use of the expression referred to or not when once the organ had asserted that he had done so? As that delectable journal said only a few days since, after it had blackened and aspersed the Premier to the fullest extent it is of "minor consequence whether he used the language attributed to him or not." Certainly it was of "minor consequence" according to Grit ideas of morality, when the falsehood had been published abroad and had accomplished its purpose.

The fate which is undoubtedly in store for the unfortunate Messrs. Dewan and Murdock is fearful to contemplate! The moral gibbetting, the flaying alive which they have now to endure will we trust not be lost upon other members of the party who at any time may feel disposed to obey the dictates of honour and conscience. Be it understood in future that if a Grit venture to contradict a deliberate falsehood uttered by the organ, he is guilty in the *Globe's* own words, of "a pitiful quibble." We read that over the gateway of a certain place these words were inscribed: "All Hope abandon ye who enter here;" and so it should be understood by all those who enter the tabernacle of Grittism, that they must forever after abandon all thoughts of manhood and honor, so for at least as political matters are concerned; truth must be regarded as a bauble for the *Globe* to play with, and conscience as a tiresome monitress, whose monitions are "empty quibbles." Unless a man can reconcile himself to all this, unless he can make up his mind to become a political chattel, he cannot hope for peace or safety as a Grit.

The organ has been completely cornered in this matter, as it often has been before, and as it often will be in the future also, so long as it pursues its present headstrong and unprincipled course. For there are men to be found even yet in the ranks of the Opposition, who are men in something more than in name, who like these two gentlemen from Strathroy have some regard for honour and truth, and so long as this is the case there will be a constant danger of mutiny, and of the organ's tricks being exposed. So reckless has its course been of late, so constantly has it been convicted of misrepresentation and wilful perversion of the truth, that even some of those who were wont to listen with bated breath when the oracle spoke, are beginning to ask themselves whether such a journal can be a safe or reliable political guide. We tell those scheming politicians whose organ it is, that in trusting as they have done to misrepresentation and untruth for the foundation upon which their hopes of office have rested, they have made a very grave mistake. They have to some extent succeeded in hoodwinking and deceiving the people, but their day is well nigh ended. Their tricks and subterfuges are gradually becoming exposed, and the unanimous verdict of that public whom they have insulted and labored to deceive, will consign them to that oblivion which is certain sooner or later, to be the resting place of unprincipled and selfish public men.

THE HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.

The appointment of Mr. Donald A Smith, M. P., as Chief Commissioner of the Hudson's Bay Company is generally regarded with satisfaction. Mr. Smith is an able and energetic man, and fully understands the position of the Company under the new order of things in the North West. The constitution of the company has been considerably changed. Formerly the business was conducted as a close service, all the chief factors and chief traders being drawn exclusively from the juniors the appointments being necessarily given according to the deed, in the order of seniority. Of the proprietors engaged in the active work of the company there were two grades,—chief factors and chief traders—who were distinguished as commissioned officers, whose ranks were recruited from the juniors, who were simply clerks receiving no remuneration beyond their salaries. The income of the chief factors and traders was derived from the share of the profits—four tenths—which was set aside for them, and which was again divided into eighty-five shares, two of these going to each chief factor, and one to each chief trader. In event of retirement, one half of these allowances was paid to each officer for a limited number of years, under the name of a retired interest, which was strictly defined and provided for in the deed.

Now the business of the Company is to be conducted upon a more liberal basis. The best and most efficient men will receive the best appointments, and efforts will be made to encourage immigration to the North West instead of to retard the settlement of that country. Instead of being an obstacle to progress and civilization, it now appears probable that the Hudson's Bay Company will do good service in developing the resources of the North West.

THE TRIAL OF THE COMMUNISTS.

On the whole it seems that the leaders of the Commune have had a fair trial, and have not been too severely dealt with by M. Thiers's Government. Ferre and Lullier are condemned to death, the responsibility for the murder of the hostages being fully proved; Urbain and Trinquet are sentenced to imprisonment for life at hard labor; Assi, Billioray, Champ, Grousset, Verdure, Ferrat, and Regere to deportation and confinement in a fortress; Jourde, the Finance Minister, and Rastoul to the deportation only; Courbet, the artist, who hated the column Vendome with a purely artistic hatred, and saved the paintings of the Louvre with a purely artistic love, to six months imprisonment and a fine of five hundred francs; Clement to three months imprisonment; while Descamps and Parnt, though undeniably serving under the commune, were acquitted of complicity in any of the crimes charged upon them.

This is unexpectedly lenient, when we remember how many lives were lost and how much suffering was caused in Paris by the Communists. To have dealt less rigorously with them would have been mistaken mercy; for if the thousands of unruly spirits who are still left in France and are more or less directly connected with the "International" Society found that they could with impunity perpetrate offences against all laws, human and divine, another insurrection would have certainly occurred at no distant date. We have not yet heard what Rochefort's fate will be.

THE PRESCOTT CAMP.

To the Editor of THE OTTAWA TIMES,

SIR,—Allow me through the columns of your widely spread journal to suggest that the St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railroad Company give *endorsed* tickets from Ottawa to Prescott and back for a single fare, to hold good during the 16 days drill to the kinsmen and friends of volunteers hailing from this section and who have sacrificed so much to evince their loyalty.

That numbers of persons from Ottawa and its vicinity intend to visit them whilst under canvas there cannot be the shadow of a doubt, and if only a compliment to the devotedness of our brave boys more than one of whom have ere this gone to the front to face a foreign foe let them at least see their friends to dispel the *ennui* of camp life.

I am, Sir,
Your obd. servt.,
EDWARD VANCORTLAND,
Surgeon, Ottawa Field Battery.
Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1871.

We have no doubt that in this as in all other matters the Managing Director of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway will act liberally and kindly.—(EDITOR TIMES.)

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—In the Ottawa *Cittizen* of yesterday I see a letter signed by a "Member of the Congregation," from which it would appear that there is some trouble in the Presbyterian *Hive* at Fitzroy Harbour.

The *Citizen's* correspondent asks for information as to certain charges which, it would appear from the *Echo* of Fitzroy Harbour, were brought before the Presbytery, against the Rev. James Tait, by certain members of his congregation, and were thrown out.

Having been present at the last meeting of Presbytery, I not was a little astonished at the article in the *Echo*, as not one single item of a charge was, for one moment entertained by the Presbytery against Mr. Tait, and therefore could not be thrown out.

Last Sunday being the first day of Mr. Tait's appearance in public since the meeting of Presbytery, I, like some others, went to hear him from motives of curiosity, expecting something *unique*, something *racy*, and I was not disappointed, for we certainly had something rarely heard from a Presbyterian pulpit. He, certainly, to use his own language, has "erected an Ebenezer" in the memories of his hearers which will not soon disappear.

Amongst other items, he spoke of some sort of charge which had been brought against him before the Presbytery, and which he never denied, but allowed every member of the Presbytery to go away believing him to be guilty. These Presbyterians are, certainly, a strange people, if one of their Church Courts can hear a charge against one of its members, and go away believing him to be guilty, and yet take no steps to assert their authority; although that charge is felt to be so serious as to be noticed in a pulpit oration. Well may the *Citizen's* correspondent ask for information as to these charges, for the Echo says they were entertained and thrown out. Mr. Tait said in his sermon last Sunday, that the Presbytery went away believing him to be guilty, but of what he did not say, and I say that no charge was entertained by the Presbytery. The situation is somewhat amusing for a

LOOKER ON.
Carleton, 24th August, 1871.

P.S.—Since the above was written the little *Echo* is dead, and its successor has made an abortive attempt to recant without recanting.

Just arrived, H. M. Rowe's Celebrated Baltimore Oysters at Delesderniers.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 7.

Sir John A. Macdonald and Lady arrived here this morning and leaves for the capital to-morrow.

Hon. T. Hawkin, Secretary of British Columbia under Gov. Musgrave, is in the city. Also Hon. Constantine Burke, Attorney General of Jamaica.

The Guibord case has been decided in favor of the Fabrique, the Court of Appeals confirming the judgment of the Court below, and ordering that Madame Guibord be allowed to bury the remains of her husband in consecrated ground.

Robert Brown, excavator at the new supply weir, Lachine, was drowned last night by falling into the canal while intoxicated.

The Chief Justiceship of Antigua has been offered to Judge Ramsay of this city, and will probably be accepted by the latter.

The Anglican Synod of the Montreal Diocese will apply at the next sitting of the Legislature for an act to vest in the Synod the power of subdividing parishes constituted for ecclesiastical purposes under letters patent from the Crown, and for other purposes connected therewith.

The Barton crew of Halifax being too late in the entry for the Saratoga Regatta have decided to come to Longueuil, and will be here on Saturday.

The Provincial Cricket contest was very tame. Quebec won; but the play all round was most inferior compared with former matches. The ancient game appears on the wane hereabouts.

The Longueuil regatta continues and it is feared that the hotels cannot accommodate all expected.

The weather is cool and clear.

The flour market is firm and a shade higher this morning.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 7.

Telegrams from Constantinople of this morning's date says that the report of the state of the health of Aali Pascha, as announced in previous despatch, was premature. The Grand Vizier is not dead, but lies in an extremely critical condition.

A national conference is to be held at Birmingham, the sessions of which will begin on the 28th November, to consider the necessity of reform in the composition of the powers of the House of Lords.

A despatch from Limerick announces the arrest for debt of Mr. Butt, the Home Rule candidate for Parliament, from that city.

Recorder Gurney, who is about to sail for the United States as Commissioner, under the treaty of Washington, replied to-day at some length to the address presented to him by the people of Southampton. He remarked that he hailed the treaty with satisfaction and delight. He was not going to Washington as the advocate of British or the oponent of American claims. He had been instructed by his Government to treat all claims alike; the question of the amount was unimportant. It was better to pay any sum than to raise even a suspicion of unfairness. Mr. Gurney paid his compliments to his colleagues upon the commission, and said he was sanguine that their labors would be brought to a satisfactory conclusion.

News was received to-day at the Admiralty from the crew of Her Majesty's steam transport *Megara*, which was recently wrecked on Desert Island, St. Paul, Indian Ocean, eight of them were seriously ill, and others were prostrate from exposure and want of food. Most intense desire for relief is expressed by the sufferers.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 7.—The Prince Napoleon has published a pamphlet entitled "The Truth" and addressed "To my Calumniators." He declares in it that he was stranger to the declaration of war against Germany. He went to Italy by order of the Emperor who tried to array Italy and Austria against Prussia. He states that he offered to share the captivity of Napoleon at Wilhelmshohe but his offer was refused.

VERSAILLES, Sept. 7.—The report that negociations for the evacuation of France has met with difficulties is pronounced false. The time of the final withdrawal of German troops has not yet been settled.

The editors of the journals *La Verite* and *L'Avenir* have been sentenced to one month imprisonment and a fine of 500 francs each for violation of the press law.

The Chevalier Nigra, Italian Ambassador, will soon be replaced.

VERSAILLES, Sept. 7.—There are stil persistent rumors of a coolness between the French and Italian Governments.

It is expected that the Russian Grand Dukes will meet Thiers at Cherbourg.

The Prefects have received orders to close country taverns in case petitions are signed therein for the dissolution of the Assembly, and to annul all resolutions of municipalities aiming at the same object.

The *Patrie* announces that Chevalier Nigra, Italian envoy, read to-day to Count de Reumsat, French Minister of Foreign Affairs, a dispatch from the Cabinet at Rome favorable to the preservation of friendship between the two nations.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, Sept. 7.—It is stated positively that no treaty was signed at Gastein.

A despatch from Salzburg says that Austria and Germany will consider each question jointly as it arises, and that Russia is not mentioned in connection with the combined attidue of two powers. It is added that Austria and Germany have resolved to oppose the machinations of the International Society.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 7.—Strikes among the workmen here are in process of settlement.

PRUSSIA.

SALZBURG, Sept. 7.—After dinner, yesterday, Prince Bismarck and Count Von Beust held a protracted conversation.

The story that the portraits of Napoleon and Eugine are to be removed from Castle of Salzburg is authoritatively stated to be false.

HOLLAND.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 7.—The steamer *Leader*, from Dantzico for this port, has been lost at sea, and so far it is not ascertained that a single person has survived. Portions of the wreck have been picked up. The *Leader* was a freight and passenger steamer plying between this port and Dantzic. The number of persons on board is not accurately known, but it is feared the loss of life is heavy. The officers and crew, all of whom must have perished, numbered about 25 men.

Latest American Telegrams,

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.—Special despatches give additional particulars regarding the outrages perpetrated upon the American commerce, by armed parties of Mexicans, who sally out in boats from Little Ports on the Gulf, and under the merest pretext and capture our vessels. Great excitement prevails in Galveston and along Rio Grande in consequence.

The action of the Mexican officials is reported as of the most arbitrary and exasperating character, entirely ignoring not only their treaty obligations, but also every principle of honesty, justice and common sense, and nothing but the forbearance of our people and the authorities have prevented the inauguration of a war with our sister Republic. The last outrages are so bold and palpable that the United States Government can no longer hesitate to take cognizance of them, and demand early and full reparation from the Mexican Government.

The facts in relation to the capture on the night of the 27th of August, of the American bark, *Brothers*, then off Santa Anna, the bar coast of Mexico, by an armed party of Mexicans are in substance as already telegraphed. The captain of the bark fought with what few arms they had and by his report killed 8 in number but was finally compelled to take to his boat. The Mexicans took the vessel from her anchorage into the harbor. The *Harvest Home* was also attacked by the Mexicans, but her captain was more fortunate than the captain of the *Brothers*. The captain of the *Harvest Home* was determined not to surrender without resistence, and accordingly prepared for a stubborn defence. As the Mexicans pulled along side his vessel he opened on them a heavy fire of small arms. His crew fought valiantly and although the Mexicans once or twice succeeded in gaining the deck of the vessel and they were finally compelled to take to their boards, with a loss of 8 or 10 killed and retreated to the shore. Thus the captain aided by a handful of brave seamen beat off the Mexicans and saved his vessel. Particulars of these transactions have been forwarded to Washington meanwhile the captain of the bark *Brothers* together with his crew remain here awaiting orders from the Federal Government.

A large number of citizens assembled this morning in the Supreme Court Chambers, Judge Barnard on the bench, and it was understood that an application wou'd be made on behalf of John Foley, as a taxpayer, for an injunction to restrain Mayor, Comptroller, &c, from paying out money for the expenses of the city and county Government.

Ex Judge Barrett made a lenghty argument in support of the application claiming that the state of affairs required this action.

At the conclusion of his address, Judge Barnard said you are entitled to your order.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 7.—The Cold Spring race course over which Goldsmith Maid made her famous time yesterday, was measured to-day and found to be 69 feet more than a mile in length.

SARATOGA, Sept. 7.—Great preparations are made for the Regatta on Saturday. Six of the four oared crews are in practice on the Lake. Although both the English crews are confident of victory, there are those who believe the first prize will be taken by one of the American crews. The Ward Bros. are in good trim and so are also the Biglin crew.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 7.—The most severe gale of the season swept over Lake Erie last evening. The steamer *Lady Franklin* left here for Port Stanley in the fore part of the night, but was compelled to put back. The sea was extraordinarily high and it is likely several vessels were driven ashore at various places. The schooner *Rosa Stearns*, of Port Burwell, loaded will coal, was driven on the stone pier about one o'clock this morning and soon went to pieces. As soon as the vessel struck the crew jumped upon the pier, and although waves washed over them they saved themselves.

CUBA.

HAVANA, Sept. 7.—Advices from Hayti say that an English merchant vessel having been blockaded at Port au Prince by a Spanish man-of-war, the British Consul General has demanded an explanation from the Haytian Government and damages of $5,000 for the detention of the ship. The Spanish Government is involved. The Minister of Foreign Relations replied to the English Consul in a diplomatic note in wqich he was joined by the Minister of Education, and at this point the matter rested.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 6.—There have been two more explosions in the mine at Wigan, and the shaft has been bricked up.

LONDON, Sept. 7.—The cholera epidemic in the Baltic provinces of Prussia begins to abate. At Reinsberg where the disease has been most virulent there were 40 new cases and 28 deaths on the 4th inst., and on the 5th only 17 new cases and 15 deaths. There has been but one fatal case at Stettin, and at Dantiz the disease has been pronounced sponadiac. The few cases of cholera that have occurred at Paris, are in this city now said to have been of a different type from the Asiatic scourge. The anxiety which was felt at Berlin and throughout Germany is decreasing, and it is confidently hoped that the precautions taken, aided by the approach of cold weather, will stop the progress of the epidemic.

The *Court Circular* announces that Queen Victoria is steadily improving. Her illness, which, at one time, threatened to assume a dangerous form, is now under the control of the physicians, and it is hoped she will be entirely restored to health in a short time.

Another scandal in high life is threatened. The Hon. Mrs. Cowper has been committed to prison to await an examination on a charge of swindling.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Sept. 5.—The North German Bishops have just commenced a series of conferences at Fulda, to consider the question of the dogma of infallibility. At these meetings it has been decided to omit the customary celebration of the morning Cathedral High Mass. The Bishops have assembled in full force and from the earnest manner in which they have commenced the conduct of their sittings it is evident that business is meant.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 6.—The negociations for the evacuation of the French territory by German troops are not progressing smoothly.

UNITED STATES.

UTICA, N. Y., Sep. 6.—The main building of the Globe Woolen Mills, in this city was destroyed by fire, this evening. Loss, 250,000 dollars. Several firemen were badly injured and 330 hands thrown out of employment.

SARATOGA, Sept. 6.—The Biglin crew arrived to-day. Six crews, including the English crews, are now here.

LOROMIE CITY, Sept. 6.—The latest election returns give to the Republicans a majority of two in the Senate and to the Democrats a majority of two in the House.

JAMAICA.

KINGSTON, Sept. 4.—The Hurricane, at Turks Islands was accompanied by earthquake, and both did considerable damage. Some ships are ashore but their names are unknown.

CUBA.

HAVANA, Sept. 7.—Advices from Hayti, Sept. 1st, state that the Archbishop of Hayti had arrived at Port au Prince from Liverpool, and was received with great rejoicing.

Spencer St. John, the British Consul General who has been appointed Minister of England to San Domingo, gave a *levee* in the evening, at which the Archbishop was present.

A Spanish man of war was still watching the steamer *Hornet*, which was waiting for orders from Mr. Armstrong.

THE GREAT EASTERN STEAMSHIP.—Unlike any other exhibition, we believe the sight of this noble vessel has given good satisfaction to the thousands of persons who travelled to Quebec to view her, and well repaid them for their outlay; and it is just so with the "Canadian Pain Destroyer." There never was anything that gave such satisfaction; it relieves pain almost instantly, and is the finest thing in the world for rheumatism, neuralgia, and pains in the stomach, &c. 25 cents will buy a bottle of it. Sold by all medicine dealers.

DOMINION NOTES.

The steamer *Spartan*, from Oswego to Kingston, ran aground near Pigeon Island on Wednesday.

Mr. Jardine, accused with Hicks in the frauds in the Toronto Chamberlain's office, has been honorably acquitted.

A surveying party has commenced operations at the Palais for the purpose of locating the line of the North Shore Railway. A second party is now at Three Rivers, and a third party will proceed to Portneut.

The Perth bush fires, after ravaging 4,000 acres of timber lands and destroying a large amount of property, have been extinguished. It is said they were the work of incendiaries, and that a reward of several hundred dollars will be paid for such evidence as will convict the guilty parties.

The publisher of the *British American Magazine* has been compelled to discontinue the work after the issue of the first number. The reason for the suspension is stated to be the failure of the publisher's efforts to obtain a sufficient subscription list to sustain the publication.

The bush fires have been effectually quenched for this season.

The grape crop is reported to be abundant and of excellent quality.

The Ottawa County Council will meet in Aylmer, on Wednesday the thirteenth instant.

In view of the increase of business in the St. Lawrence, the Montreal Transportation Company has decided to increase its capital stock, and to add largely to its stock of barges with an additional elevator now in course of construction in Kingston.

Says the Guelph *Mercury*; On Thursday we recorded the death of Mrs. Alex. White, of Guelph township, and now it is our melancholy duty to chronicle that of her husband, which took place on Sunday morning, after a short but painful illness of a fortnight. Thus within three days have husband and wife been stricken down. Mr. White was well known throughout the town and township as an old settler, an honest upright, good man, and was much esteemed by all who knew him for his kind and obliging disposition.

Fergus is going to be lighted with gasolene. Ambitious.

Street preaching has become quite a feature in St. Catharines.

Neal Dow, the great temperance lecturer, will address the temperance people of Belleville at an early date.

The survey being performed by Surveyor McFadden, along the Assiniboine west of the Catholic Mission farm above Lane's Post, is giving the greatest satisfaction to the settlers along the river.

Bro. James Gibson, W. M., of Great Western Lodge, Windsor, has been appointed Grand Director of Ceremonies to the Grand Lodge of Canada, by the Grand Master of Canada.

The potato blight has appeared in Nova Scotia.

AMERICAN NOTES.

The reclaimed marsh lands in California are proving to be the best in the State, not only for the production of all kidds of market vegetables, but also for grain raising. From an acre of such ground a crop of wheat was recently harvested yielding 75 bushels.

The Presbyterian Church in St. Louis, of which Dr. Brooks is pastor, pays a lady $1,000 a year for her services as city missionary, and finds the expenditure profitable, even in a pecuniary point of view, the labors of the lady having greatly strengthened the church. That is, however, the least valuable result of her labors.

A man in Hartford whose indignation was aroused by the change made a year ago in car fare, from six to seven cents, has walked since that time to and from his place of business, and deposited the seven cents for each journey in a box at home. The other day he opened the box and took out $109.20, but, best of all, he finds his health and digestion so much improved by his exercise that he says seven cents is cheap enough for the privilege of walking a mile.

A man in Savannah sold a house and lot. When the party went to take possession, the seller wanted to back out, and the buyer protested, A fight ensued, and the buyer was locked up in the house. He got out of the window, but the seller drove him off with an axe. The seller was driven into the house and the buyer stood guard over the premises with a gun, determined, he said to bring him to terms or starve him.

The wife of a prominent merchant in Buffalo played a sharp game on some burglars, not long since. Hearing a rattling of window blinds in the night, she crept to the woodshed and procured an axe. When the hand of the most advanced burglar rested on the window-still, she chopped off four fingers, and was not molested further. The next day she visited the various doctors with her trophies, and found them to belong to a neighbor, who was supposed to be above such things.

The business of reporting a session of the American Association for the Advancement of Science must be a cheerful journalistic employment. Imagine the alacrity and pleasure with which a reporter would take down Professor Jones' disquisition upon "The Enharmonic Scale of Thirty-one Tones in the Octave," or Dr. Smith's remarks upon "The Embryology of Ambystoma Lurida of Sagar," or Mr. Robinson's statement's concerning "The Microscopic Structure of Eozoon Canadense."—*Detroit Tribune.*

As an example of how fortunes have been made in Chicago through real estate, the following is not a bad illustration: Some 4 years ago a German milk-seller thought he would move somewhere out of the city and enjoy life and prosecute the production of milk by himself. So looking around to find a place where no one else was, he fixed upon a couple of acres of land, which now front on South Park, at Fifty-first street, and gave for the two acres $500. The milkman thought the owner of the land was an extortionate individual, but the same milkman sold his two acres last week for $26,400, or a $100 per foot, the lots being 250 feet deep.

The Wabash (Indiana) country has always been celebrated for the persistency and quality of its fever and ague. A local physician thus describes the genuine Wabash article: "It comes creeping up a fellow's back like a ton of wildcats; goes crawling through his joints like iron spikes, and is followed by a fever which prohibits the patient from thinking of anything but Greenland's Icy Mountains. It isn't the 'every-other-day' kind that gets up with a man at daylight, and sleeps in the small of his back all night. His teeth feel about six inches long, his joints wobble like a loose waggon wheel, and the shakes are so steady that one can't hold a conversation except by putting in dashes."

One of the city institutions of New Orleans is called a "house of refuge." That was the original intention of it, but as it is carried on it has become but a euphemism for the most barbarous cruelty. A witness days that one boy, John Coffee, was hit 240 lashes, and another, McManus, 230. An idiot boy, Brogans, was compelled to stand for several days successively on a narrow, transverse bar; his hands were tied up most of the time, and his limbs swelled out of all shape. He was also fearfully beaten and lacerated. Another witness, who could not believe the reported cruelty, called at the house of refuge to see the boys. They stripped and showed their backs and bodies. They were literally covered with bruises and marks of the lash. Their backs looked like a piece of raw meat.

Coughs and colds, when left to themselves, frequently bring on pulmonary complaints, which lead to that distressing and fatal disease, consumption; but if attended to in time, "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers" are a certain remedy. They stop the irritating cough, and soothe and strengthen the bronchial tubes, allaying all irritations and inflammation. They are also particularly adapted for the use of singers and public speakers. Sold by all druggists and country dealers. Price 25 cents per box.

CANADA IN 1942.

AFTER THE "BATTLE OF DORKING."

"You ask me to tell you my dear children, how it happened that we, who were once living peaceably and prosperously under a monarchical form of Government, are now Republicans, and living under the jurisdiction of the United States.

It so happened that in the year 1872 (long before any of you were born, and while I was a very young man) there lived in our peaceable Dominion a couple of raving politicians by the names of Alexander Mackenzie and Edward Blake.

These men, who then belonged to what was called the Clear Grit party, opposed the government in power at the time most strenuously, and at last succeeded in getting themselves and their party into power But alas! It was a dark day for our Dominion, a day to be mentioned only with sorrow by every true Canadian!

No sooner did this new party reach Ottawa, then the seat of Government, than Mackenzie, who entertained queer notions about the hanging of doors, formed a tremendous army of carpenters, and marching through the country, forced the people to have all their doors refixed so as to open outwards. The populace protested against it, but Mackenzie was inexorable, and soon half the people were in a state of rebellion. But the worst was yet to come. Mackenzie had been appointed president of a concern, which was called by the people in those days, the "Isolated Risk Insurance Company."

Having formed an immense army, and giving Blake full command of the same, he forced the people to build their houses and out buildings completely isolated from one another, and then compelled them to insure these buildings in his "Company."

Insurance companies already formed protested against such monopoly; but their protestations availed them nothing

The Directors of such companies as protested against it were sentenced to imprisonment at Ottawa for the term of five years, and had also to attend daily lectures on "Reform principles," delivered by Mackenzie himself. As may be supposed, many of them died under this cruel infliction, and such as survived were so confused by the inconsistency of his statements that they became helpless lunatics.

Mackenzie at this time turned his attention to the "North-West," or, as it was then called, the province of Manitoba. He deposed the governor of that Province, and sent Blake out as Governor in his stead; but Blake being a tyrannical and egotistical man, soon thought himself as good as his master and proclaimed himself King of Manitoba, and Captain-General of the Assineboine. His reign was cut short by the interference of the *people of the United States*. The Fenians, (a band of deluded Irishmen) under Gen. O'Neill, advanced on Fort Garry, and King Edward fearing a collision with them, girded up his loins, and fled northward to Rupert's Land, where he ended his days in comparative obscurity.

Mackenzie in the meantime had formed a government at Ottawa, on an entirely new principle; he proclaimed himself Inspector of Public Buildings, Prime Minister, Minister of Militia, Minister of Finance, Receiver General, Post Master General, Queen's Printer, &c., &c., in short, he was, as the title he gave himself expresses, "Sole Manager of British Provinces in America." He first act on assuming the reins of government under the new *regime*, was an attempt to upset the Treaty of Washington by prohibiting tourists and pleasure-seekers from the United States from fishing in Canadian streams. Having caught one of these pleasure-seekers in the act, he put him in prison, confiscated his fish (two small trout) sold them for fifteen cents, and pocketing the amount, declared war on the United States.

Preparations for war were made, the volunteers were called out, but owing to some mismanagement of the commissariat several thousands of them were starved to death before provisions could reach them.

Little more of this story remains to be told; you all know how the country was invaded and annexed to the United States. How the capital was destroyed, and how Mackinzie was taken prisoner. and how after being released, he accepted the Post Office at Logierait from the U. S. Government; how he tried to procure such reforms therein that the people in the section in which the P. O. was situate threatened him with violence, and how at last he went south and was never afterwards heard from. This, my children, is all. Thus you may see how we, who were, once prosperous and happy under a monarchical form of government, were *reformed* into annexation, republicanism and misery.

A GOOD EXAMPLE.

From the New York Tribune.

It is more more than a hundred years ago since a British Admiral, of an ancient and honourable family, was sentenced and shot for conduct which in our service would have been considered harshly punished by a reprimand. He had attacked the French fleet at Minorca in defiance of the unfavourable opinion of a council of war, and had been repulsed. There was nothing certainly in this action to justify a charge of cowardice. But the charge was made, and the Court found that Admiral Byng had not done everything that was possible against the enemy, and sentenced him to death, with a recommendation to mercy. The recommendation was scorned and the sentence executed. This Draconian severity sent a shudder over the world. It incurred the terrible invective of Voltaire, who, after a passage of fiery indignation, sinks into that icy sarcasm which has since grown so famous: "In England they shoot their "officers to encourage the others." While we share in the denunciation of the murder of this chivalrous sailor, we cannot avoid a certain feeling of respect for a Government who could commit such brutality. We know only too well that no neglect, no fault so gross, could be perpetrated by an Admiral of ours that we could shoot him for it.

The recent stranding of the Agincourth, one of the finest of the English iron-clads, at Gibraltar, has been punished with a severity equal to that employed upon the unfortunate Byng, when we take into account the nature of the case and the advanced civilization of the age. The neglect which permitted the accident was certainly gross and flagrant. One of the greatest ships of the navy, in open day and pleasant weather, under the eyes of two Admirals and the whole fleet, steered upon a shoal known to every mariner and marked in every chart. A court-martial reprimanded Capt. Beamish and Executive Officer Knight, and admonished them and Lieut. Bell to be more careful in future. Public opinion regarded this verdict as so extraordinary in is leniecy that it positively demanded a revision of the sentence. This the Board of Admiralty have done, and they strongly censure Vice Admiral Wellesely, who commanded the squadron, and, while giving him credit for former distinguished services, "feel constrained to mark "their sense of his grave default on "this occasion by ordering him "to strike his flag." Rear Admiral Wilmot, who was on board the Agincourt, leading a division is superseded, as are also Beamish and Knight, and Staff Commander Kiddle is placed on half-pay. Censures are liberally distributed among the officers of the fleet who saw the danger and did not try to avert it. This stern and unrelenting judgment seems thoroughly approved by public opinion and by the Press. The question is asked, "Should a long life of honorable service be overlooked in the punishment of this one fault?" and the answer appears to be unhesitatingly, Yes.

It is not without a feeling of hopeless envy that we look upon these acts of an effetd and bloated aristocracy. This envy is greatly enlivened and emphasized by a recent occurrence in our Navy. On the 26th of July last, the day being clear and fine, the United States steamer Guerriere, a name full of the glorious memories of our early naval renown, ran deliberately ashore on the Vado reef, near Leghorn. Measures were taken to float her off, but an earthquake came kindly along and helped her promptly out of trouble, after she had well nigh bumped herself to pieces on the rocks. She lies now at La Sepezia, and a disgusted sailor writes to us that it will cost all she is worth to repair her damages. Is there any so innocent as to think there will be an Admiral or a Commodore, or the smallest mouse of a midshipman, brought to book for this disgraceful carelessness? If so, let him consider that, just one year before, the same vessel, with the same commander, was stranded on Nantucket Shoals, in the most shiftless and shabby manner, bearing on board the honoured clay of our greatest sailor. Every one in this good-natured country has probably forgotten the feeling of sheepish disgust which came over us all when the pitiful news was told and the ashes of the heroic Farragut came ignobly to our wharf in on of Mr. Fisk's boats. A few jokes were cracked in the usual pusillanimous American style, which we always use when our servants rob or insult us, and the criminal performance of the Commander of the *Guerriere* was passed over. If we must keep ships and captains for such farces as these, let us hope Mr. Robeson will retain them at home and not waste our fun by amusing Europe with it.

We are certainly a great and magnanimous people. We allow our officials to rob us, and then make puns about in the weekly press. Rogues steal our railroads and we make colonels of them. Our car-drivers break our skulls in the street-cars. Our ticket-sellers call us names when we patronize their lines. Our great corporation blow us into eternity with rotten boilers, and smash us into splinters with errant locomotion; and all this we bear with the equinimity of oysters. Once in a while we rouse ourselves into a spasm of self respect and demand justice on culprits. We sentence a Foster to death, but a Pratt lets him go. We put Vanderbilt in the Tombs—for five minutes. And it remains to be seen whether our Navy Department will ask any impertinent questions of the captain of the *Guerriere* as to what he has done with his vessel.—*New York Tribune.*

SIR STAFFORD NORTHCOTE ON THE TREATY OF WASHINGTON.

The members of the Exeter Workingmen's Conservative Union met by invitation to the Pynes, the Devonshire seat of Sir Stafford Northcote. Upwards of 6,000 persons assembled on the grounds, and before parting cheers was given for Sir Stafford. In the course of his speech acknowledging the compliment, the right hon. baronet said:—

"I thank you for the reference that has been made to my recent visit to America. (Cheers). I can assure you that the sentiments I have found to prevail among the great mass of the American people with whose views I had the opportunity of becoming acquainted, was an earnest desire to be on friendly terms with the people of this country. There may be a small section of Americans who cherish feelings of groundless bitterness against this country; but that is not the feeling of the great mass of the intelligent and respectable community of America. (Cheers). Their desire is to be on terms of hearty friendship with this country, and I believe that this year 1871 and this Treaty of Washington in the accomplishment of which it was my high privilege to co-operate—(cheers)—will be a landmark in the progress of a treaty feeling of good friendship among the Anglo-Saxon family, and that it will tend in a remarkable degree toward the agreement and advancement of the peaceful relations of the greatest nations in the world."

A CORRUPT GOVERNMENT.

St. Catharines Journal.

And we must be put to the piling up of a surplus in the Ontario Treasury. The province is altogether too prosperous, and unless there is a change in some way the Opposition will be left without a single peg upon which to hand a complaint. At a railroad meeting in Toronto the other day. Attorney-General J. S. Macdonald repiled to the toast of his health, and in the course of his speech said:

"Heretofore the Government of this country had difficulty in "raising the wind," in providing the ways and means, but unfortunately for the present government of Ontario it had an elephant on its hands. The fact was it had so much money on its hands that it scarcely knew what to do with it. He felt satisfied that when the million and a half of dollars were voted last season for aiding railways and other public works, that the Legislature had acted wisely, because it had been the means of stimulating the promoters of railways to go on with the work, and when the roads were constructed the Government would be glad to assist the companies from $2,000 to $4,000 per mile, as in its judgement the companies were entitled to it. At the end of present fiscal year he believed the Government of Ontario would have a surplus of at least four million dollars; and he believed be in a position to increase the grants of public lands to emigrants, but could also assist in bringing railways to their door."

Four millions of a surplus in the Treasury of Ontario, and a large one in that of Ottawa. Really, really this is too bad! The gentlemen of the Opposition have been running round the country, telling people that ruin and decay were certain if the men now at the head of affairs were allowed to remain in power; and yet we find population is increasing at a more rapid rate than ever before, business was never in a more healthy and vigorous condition; in every direction large and important public works are in course of construction, and yet the money keeps pouring into the treasuries of Ottawa and Toronto. According to Messrs. Blake & Co., the members of the Government are steeped to the lips, in corruption but according to experience, they succeeded in securing a larger share of prosperity for the country than it ever enjoyed before. Happiness is not the result of the accumulation of wealth, nor is it at all times an indication of honesty, but in this case, we imagine most people, at least the majority of Canadians, are prepared to maintain that but for the far seeing statesmanship of the ministers, and the honesty of their administration of affairs, there would be little if any surplus, and that we should be forced to borrow money to carry on the great public works now in course of construction.

AN IMPOSSIBLE FEAT.

From the London Free Press.

No poor worm impaled upon a cruel hook ever writhed or twisted as does the leading organ at the administration of the flat denial given it by Messrs. Dewan and Murdock, of Strathroy. It is a most pitiable spectacle. The great leader of public opinion, so called, has been caught in the act of attributing an expression to Mr. Sandfield Macdonald, on the occasion of the reception of the Strathroy deputation, which he not only did not use, but is attested by those that waited upon him to have received them with the utmost courtesy. Yet the Toronto representative of all the virtues of the Oppotision goes on day by day making matters worse and worse, by doing everything except owning its error like a man. This is a feat it is unable to perform. It may collect the news from the four quarters of the earth, and spread it daily before the public in great amplitude every morning, but *can't tell the truth*. That is a feat far beyond its power of ken. What if to adopt the similitude of an ancient writer, it gives its body to be burned in the political warfare and possesses not the charity of truth, of what avail is it? It is demoralizing the country by its bad example, and showing to young and old, to this side and that, that it is willing to sacrifice that which good men hold most dear, if it can but damage, for however short a time, a political opponent. Its conduct is not one which one could follow in private life without being either shunned or kicked—perhaps both. But the era of misrepresentation is coming to a close, for the impression is gaining wings that a cause that needs such aides must be bad indeed

AN INGENIOUS LOVER.

The ingenuity of lovers has been the theme of poets from Sappho to Swinburne. Surround one of these exalted beings with walls of adamant; put him in an oubliette; bury him under a mountain; plunge into the sea; in short, get him in any "tight corner," and, as the old poem says,

"Love will find out a way."

Blucher may not be a name a poet would give to his hero, but Blucher as he exists in the flesh near Gold Hill, California, is a lover not unworthy of the days of chivalry, which are not gone, notwithstanding Burke's grand dirge over them. Once your model lover beat with a mace the head of his rival, or cleft him down to the chine; but should he now attempt to do so he would be incontinently clapped into prison for his pains. Genius has taken the sword from the hands of brute force, and we would back Mr. Blucher against Machiavel himself for wise resource. He loved, but he had many rivals; how was he to get rid of them? A happy thought struck him. Yellow Jacket stock was up to $90 a share; he went to his beloved with ten shares thereof and said: 'Now, darling you just hold on this stock for a few days; it's up now and is going up to a higher figure. I'm on the inside and know all about it. Keep the shares and you will make a fortune." She told her friends—his rivals—and they all got mad on the subject and invested largely in Yellow Jacket, at thirty days' margin, having, of course, to put up 25 per cent. Yellow Jacket fell; the rivals were ruined, and the hauty Blucher won his blushing bride.

Halifax benefitted about $100,000 by the carnival.

All the year round, "Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders" should be given to horses that are "kept up." To horses and cattle that graze in summer they should only be given in winter and spring.

FURNISHED ROOMS WANTED.

By a gentleman in the Bank of Montreal, a furnished BED ROOM and SITTING ROOM. A liberal price given for suitable apartments. Address Box 366, Ottawa. 1763-3

MILLER WANTED

FOR OSCEOLA MILLS.

A good steady hand will be paid a liberal salary. Single man preferred. Apply personally at the mill or by letter postpaid to
McLAREN BROS.,
1763-3 Osceola, Ont

THIS EVENING.

Dancing and Maintien.

Mr. Andrews classes are now open in Gowan's Hall, and meet every Tuesday and Friday.
JUVENILES at 5 p.m.; ADULTS at 8 p.m.
P. O. Box 15,—
or HOUSE, New Edinburgh.
Ottawa, Sept. 8, 1871. 1763-TF8

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.
D. WILKINSON, Proprietor.
1760-6m

PRIVATE BOARD WANTED

In Upper Town by a Gentleman and his Wife. Apply by letter addressed
1761- U., TIMES Office.

TO LET,

A first class Store and Offices, lately occupied by TIMES Printing and Publishing Company, formerly occupied by Magee & Russell. No. 38, Sparks street Apply to
ANDREW PORTER,
1761-tf On the Premises.

NOTICE.

We hereby forbid all persons to hire JOHN DUNN and THOMAS PADDON, as they have deserted our employment.
GILMOUR & Co.
Gatineau Mills, Chelsea, Hull,
September 4, 1871. 1760 4

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,
Metcalfe Street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building
Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

TWO VALUABLE FARMS

FOR SALE!

The following Valuable Farm situated on the banks of the Rideau about one mile and a half from Ottawa, the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq., and known as the South West half of Lot 14 on the Rideau River in the Gore of Gloucester. It is all cleared and in the highest state of cultivation; well watered; first-class brick building with seven rooms, and substantial barns, sheds, &c, thereon; also, an excellent orchard and garden. Beautifully situated and commanding a fine view of the City, Parliament Buildings, and surrounding country; contains about 100 acres.

ALSO

Lot No 16, in the Seventh Concession of late Donald Robertson, Esq.), 8 miles from Ottawa and 2 miles from Taylorsville. Contains 200 acres, principally covered with timber.

For particulars and terms apply to DANIEL McLAURIN, Esq, of Osgoode, JAMES Gloucester, Ottawa Front (the property of the SEVERIGHT, Esq., of Gloucester, Trustees or to
HANNETT P. HILL.
Solicitor, &c.,
34-tf Post Office Block, Ottawa.

CAPE WOOL.

The Cargo of the "PEONY," direct from

PORT ELIZABETH,

will be ready for Inspection on the 18th instant.
GILLESPIE MOFFATT & CO.
Montreal, Sept. 7th, 1871. 1761-1w

ENGLISH WEEKLY NEWS PAPERS AND MONTHLY MAGAZINES.

LLOYD'S WEEKLY LONDON NEWS, Weekly Times, Reynolds', Weekly Dispatch,—the latest editions,—5 cents. Subscription (post free to any part of the Dominion)—yearly, $2.50; six months, $1.25.

Illustrated London News, Graphic, Bell's Life, News of the World, Punch, Fun, Judy, &c., &c.

THE TORONTO GLOBE delivered at 10 cents per week.

C. E. HUCKETT & CO.
69, Sparks Street.
August 29. 755 1m

LOCAL NEWS.

☞Just arrived, H. M. Rowe's Celebrated Baltimore Oysters at Delesderniers.

PICNIC.—There was a pic nic at Smith's Falls yesterday, and an excursion on the B. & O. R. to it.

MINSTRELS—Duprez & Benedict's celebrated Minstrel Troupe will play in the Music Hall, Ottawa, on the nights of the 18th and 19th insts.

CHANGE OF TIME.—We call attention to the Time Table of the C. C. & B. & O. R R., to be seen in another column. The change of time dates from Monday 1st.

MEAT INSPECTOR.—A Meat Inspector is certainly very much needed in Ottawa. We hope one will be appointed without delay. The sale of bad meat has been permitted long enough.

SHUT DOWN.—Some of the mills at Carleton Place have shut down on account of the lowness of the water. We believe the mills at Arnprior have ceased working, owing to the same cause.

OTTAWA COUNTY COUNCIL.—The County Council of the County of Ottawa, will meet at Aylmer, on the 13th inst., when the propriety of granting a bonus to the North Shore Railway will be considered.

PICNIC.—A pic nic for the benefit of the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum will take place at Bellevue Gardens on the 14th inst. The merits and great usefulness of the Orphan Asylum are universally acknowledged, and therefore we hope so good an institution will meet with the support and assistance justly its due.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE BY AUCTION.—To-day at ten (10) o'clock, W. Bermingham will sell at the City Auction Mart, York street, all the household furniture and effects of Major Douglas. The sale is worthy of attention, as the furniture is all good. There will be about 15 dozen of fine old wines sold at the same time, in lots to suit housekeepers.

KEEP IT UP.—We are glad to see that our worthy Chief of Police has again undertaken to enforce the cow by-law. A couple of persons paid the penalty, at the Police Court, yesterday, of allowing their cows to run at large within the city limits. The law is a very good one and should be rigorously and perseveringly enforced which we have no doubt Mr. Langrell will see done.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—Geo E Newell, Pawtucket; Jno Field, Jr, Toronto; A C Thomas, Barrie; W Fellows, New York; Messrs C & H Tellews, do; Wm E Sawyer, do; J Galbraith, Assametquagan; C P Forbes and Lady, Crown Point, N Y; S Percial, Onslow; Eric Harrington, Arnprior; Henry M Miles, England; Sam Leppincot, Elezabeth, N J; Rev R D Irvin, Clarendon Centre; Mr and Miss Reade, Montreal; W C Edwards, Rockland; C W Cornish, England; J Burpee and wife, New Brunswick; W Breelzee, wife and Sister, do; E Merrion and wife, New York; James Ross and wife, Belleville; H Geemans and wife, do; M H Abbott, Brockville.

LUMBERING.—We feel satisfied that Lumbermen will have to pay high wages to Shantymen during the winter, as labor of all kind appears to be still very scarce in the country and there seems no prospect of an influx of men in sufficient number to influence the Labor market. Of course the present scarcity of workingmen, is the effect of the immense national undertakings. Lumbermen pay from $20 to $30 per month to common axemen at present; but if wages are high, provisions of every kind for man and beast are very cheap at present and will continue to decline in price for some time. On the whole we think lumbermen will get out their timber, certainly for ordinary cost, and perhaps less.

POLICE COURT—THURSDAY.

A man named Lawrence charged with drunkenness was find $3 and costs or one week.

Joseph Horgue charged with fighting on the street was fined $2 and costs.

Wm. Little was charged by Lucie Peltier with assaulting her. Complainant with her sister lives in a house belonging to defendant and the latter making an attempt to eject a visitor from the house stirred up the ire of the fair ones who smashed a jug and some other articles on defendant's head. He was the aggravator, however, and was fined $5 and costs.

A cross-action was then brought by Little against Lucie Peltier, but in this case also he was mulct of the costs.

An assault case resulted in the defendant paying $2 and costs.

A couple of cow cases were duly disposed of.

Baptiste Boyer, charged with the larceny of $11 30 from his truant sweetheart, was committed to stand his trial at the next assizes.

☞Just arrived, H. M. Rowe's Celebrated Baltimore Oysters at Delesderniers.

BOARD OF PUBLIC SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board was held last night, in the City Hall.

Present:—Messrs. Robinson, (chairman), LeSuer, Alexander, Kirby, Wills, and Brouson.

The minutes of last meeting were read and approved.

Communications were received from Misses Johnston and Heney, resigning their position as teachers under the Board.

A communication from the Warden asking the Board to insure the Duke street School.

An application form Miss Shipley, of Brantford, asking employment under the Board.

A communication form Mr. Workman asking for an increase of salary on account of increase of duties as teacher of vocal music.

Accounts from John Heney, Davidson & Daniel, Thos. Dunn, Bronson & Weston, were referred to the Finance Committee.

Moved by Mr. Bronson, seconded by Mr. Alexander, that the Finance Committee be authorized to effect an insurance on the Duke Street School for $1,000.—Lost.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. Wills, that the Finance Committee effect an insurance on the building, but on behalf of this Board.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Kirby, seconded by Mr. Mortimer, that the resignations of Misses Johnston and Heney be received and accepted.—Carried.

A resolution was passed, refusing the use of the basement of the Central School East for temperance meetings, as it is contrary to the School Act.

The Finance Committee reported in favor of paying accounts to the amount of $140 86.

Moved by Mr. Barber, seconded by Mr. Le Sueur, that the report just read be received and adopted.—Carried.

The Finance Committee reported against voting money towards increasing the salary of the city Chamberlain, as the Board is not required to do so by law.

The report was received and and adopted.

The Inspector, Rev. Mr. Borthwick presented a very voluminous report on the state of the schools.

Mr. Kirby moved that the school management committee be authorized to engage a Normal School female teacher Grade A. to replace Miss Johnson, who resigns on the 1st of October.

Mr. Borthwick thought no Grade A. female teacher could be engaged for $200 per year, the salary paid Miss Johnson.

The above motion was then put and carried.

The report was let over until the next meeting for consideration and after some remarks on the expulsion of a boy from Central School West, the Board adjourned.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

The Ottawa markets have been very well attended this last week, and as a consequence there is a general decline in prices noticeable: Tuesday's market was about the best we have seen this season.

Small hogs sold at from $6.25 to 6.75 per 100 pounds.

Beef, $4 75 to 6 00 per 100 pounds.
Calves, $4 to 6 each.
Sheep, $4 to 6 each.
Lambs, $2.00 to 2.25 do.
Young pigs, 75c to $1 each.
Fowl, 50 cts. to 60 cts. per couple.
Chickens, 25 cts. to 35 cts do.
Turkeys, 75cts to $1 each.
Ducks, 40cts to 60cts per couple.
Feathers, 25cts per lb.
Wild pigeons, 40cts to 50cts per couple.
Eggs, 15 to 18 cts. per dozen.
Butter, (prints), 18 cts. to 20 cts. per lb.
Butter (tub), 15cts. to 17 cts.
Butter (roll), 17 cts per lb.
Potatoes, 25 cts to 35cts per bush.
Onions, $1 50 to 2 00 per bushel.
Cucumbers, 15cts to 20cts per dozen.
Green Corn 10 cts per dozen.
Melons, 10cts to 40 each.
Water melons, 10 to 30 cts.
Cauliflowers, 5 to 10 cts do.
Cabbages, 5 cts to 7cts do
Beets, 20c to 30c per doz.
Marrowfat peas, 10c per gallon.
Apples, 80cts to $1 00 per bush.
Crab apples, $1 20 to 1 30 per bush.
Homespun yarn 70 to 80 cts. per lb.
Home made woolen socks, 30c per
PORK—
Mess pork, $15.50 to 16.00 per barl.
Prime mess, none.
Hams smoked, $14.50 per 100 lbs.
Bacon do $10.50 do
FLOUR—Retail prices.
Double extra, $6.75 per barl.
Extra, $6.25 do
No. 1, $5.75 do
Oatmeal, $6 25. do
Cornmeal, $3.50 do
Wheat meal, $6.50 do
Provender, $1 60 per 100 lbs.
GRAIN—
Peas, 70 to 75 cts. per bushel.
Bran, $16 per ton.
Buckwheat, 75cts per bushel.
Oats, 35 to 40 cts per bushel.
Barley, 75 cts do.
New Fall Wheat, $1.10 to 1.15.
Spring, $1 05 to 1.10
Hay, $9 to $11 per ton.
HIDES AND LEATHER—
No. 1, Sole, 25cts to 28cts per lb.
No. 2, do 23 cts to 25 do
Harness leather, 33cts do
Upper do 42cts do
English kipp, 60cts do
French do 80cts do
Common do 55cts do
Splits, 37 cts do
Sheep skins, green, 40 cts to 45cts each.
Calf skins do 10 cts per lb.
Hides, No. 1, $9 per 100 lbs.
Hemlock bark, $4 per cord.

THE DOWNFALL OF BADEN BADEN.

(From the London Globe, August 23.)

The decision of the Reichsrath has been pronounced, and all the gaming tables of Germany must positively be closed on the last day of December, 1872. Weisbaden, Ems, Hamburg, and Baden must find fresh means of attracting the public, and of deriving the funds necessary for their great expenditure. Hamburg alone pays a fine to the government of £70,000 a year; and the expences of keeping up the beautiful gardens that surround it amount to an annual outlay of £7,000, which are also paid out of the receipts of the gaming tables. It would seem, as might be expected, that this year will be an unusually productive one; the players throng round the tables every evening in rows of six deep, and many have to retire without the wished for opportunity of staking their money. The "Salon Dore" is crowded every night with spectators, and the play becomes very exciting. A company of Russians have come over with the avowed intention of

BREAKING THE BANK,

and night after night they may be seen winning and losing enormous sums. Each is attended by his secretary, who sits beside him and registers the gains or losses made by each *coup*. For one night they played alternate stakes of 10,000 francs and 12,000 francs at a *coup*, the latter sum, equal to £480 of our money, being the largest sum which the bank permits to be staked at a single occasion. Of course, with all players the chances of the bank make its ultimate success certain, but the players which it prefers are not the steady gamblers, but the occasional visitors who yield to a passing temptation. A professed gambler plays upon a system, and the part of his his system most objectionable to the bank is this, that when he wins a large sum he stops. The celebrated Maltese, who broke the Homburg bank three years ago, used to pay into his bankers large sums whenever he was successful, and ultimately left the place, carrying away from it many thousands of Naps destined to be lost at Baden-Baden a few weeks afterwards. It is otherwise with the tyro of the tables. He plays and wins, becomes inoculated with the fever of gaming, and ultimately loses all he can readily obtain; at one time you see him playing with gold, flushed but anxious, then the wheels of fortune is adverse; the lightly got coin lightly goes; the hoards are swept back to their original source, and he is almost "cleaned out." You would think that now at least he would stop; but no, the hand that staked gold an hour ago now stakes guldens. It if for such visitors that Hamburg spreads forth its attractions with a prodigality that is almost lavish. Bands, concerts, balls, shady walks under well-preserved tree plantations, cricket, hunting, pigeon-shooting, the sparkling waters of the Kaiserbrunnen for the dyspeptic, reading-rooms for all classes and for all nations, and all this free; it only asks its chance at the table, and it does not even ask that, but trusts to the common propensity for gambling, that is independent of race, language, and nation. Day after day the train takes back to Frankfort visitors who return with lighter purses than they reckoned on.

BREAKFAST - EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks, —"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinline packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopothic Chemists, London d1509 1y

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

SUCCEEDING TO THE BUSINESS OF MAGEE & RUSSELL

The Undersigned, in succeeding to the business of the above named Firm, would say that the balance of the Stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Carried over by them, will now be offered by us, at prices that cannot but attract the attention of

CLOSEST BUYERS.

In order that we may have time to get the stuff forward and reduced,

THE SALE

Will not begin before

Monday, the 4th September.

Having therefore decided that all Goods of this Season MUST BE SOLD, we have reduced to them to such prices as must soon effect it.

We therefore invite inspection of our Stock by intending purchasers.

We would call special attention to our

SILK DEPARTMENT,

In this line we are offering decided BARGAINS in Colored, Fancy and Black Silks.

In the

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

We will offer a large lot of FRENCH MERINOS, FRENCH TWILLS, REPPS, SERGES and WINCIES.

The Goods in this Department were considered fair value at old prices, but having decided to CLEAR OUT, all of last Season's Stock have been marked down. Those requiring anything in this line will do well to give a look through the Departments.

ALL STAPLE GOODS, WHILE THE SALE CONTINUES, WILL BE OFFERED AT A SMALL ADVANCE.

☞ A large quantity of Grey and White Cottons now forward, and considered extra GOOD VALUE.

We will not quote prices, being satisfied, as we are, that purchasers must see value before paying any attention to figures.

RUSSELL & WATSON,

SUCCESSORS TO—

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

IF YOU DESIRE

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

SEND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor

ESTABLISHMENT FOR YOUNG LADIES,
Wilbrod Street (between Nelson and Gloucester Streets), Sandy Hill, Ottawa.

Mrs. ROBERT STEWART returns thanks for the kind patronage she has received during her residence in Ottawa, and hopes by unwearied attention to her scholastic duties, and by their efficient discharge, to merit and receive a continuance of favor and support.

The School will be RE-OPENED on FRIDAY, the 1st of September. All the Classes are open to any who may wish to join one or more of them for the study of any special subject.

Terms very moderate. References to parents of pupils.

August 18th, 1871. 1746 tf

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA,
Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's.
E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.
1737tf

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested o settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

WANTED,
Young Ladies to learn Systematic Dress Cutting by the "PRINCESS LOUISE CHART." Terms $3. Apply to Miss FARNHAM, Russell House, Ottawa. 1746 a

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DR. LOGAN,
Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.
☞ Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1753 1y

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A. E. GENDREAU,
HAIR DRESSING SALOON,
YORK STREET, Lower Town, next door to Mathew's Hotel,
And at No. 209 WELLINGTON STREET
Upper Town, opposite the Montreal Bank.

Mr. GENDREAU has always on hand the best French and English perfumeries.
You are respectfully requested to visit these establishments.
Ottawa, 21st August, 1871. 1747tf

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY,
WELLINGTON STREET,
CONDUCTED BY THE GREY NUNS.

The course of studies at this Institution will be resumed on Monday 4th Sept.
OTTAWA CONVENT,
Grey Nuns, Aug. 17, 1871. 1745-b

CHURCH OF ENGLAND
LADIES' SCHOOL,
WELLINGTON STREET, OTTAWA
(Established, 1869—Incorporated, 1871.)
Lady Principal.....Miss Machin.

This School will re-open SEPT. 1st.
New Prospectuses can be obtained of Durie & Son and Hope & Co.
Further particulars on application to the Lady Principal, or
REV B POLLARD,
1743c Secretary, Ottawa.

THE Rev. C. F. STREET informs his friends and the public that he will open his Classical and Commercial SCHOOL on MONDAY, 28th AUGUST, in the School Room lately occupied by the Rev. Mr. May.
For particulars, apply to Mrs. Kendall, Taylor's Block, corner of Nelson and Daly streets. 1741tf

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MR. E. H. HARINGTON, B.A., Oxford University,
Begs to inform his Friends and the Public, that he will OPEN his PRIVATE SCHOOL on MONDAY, the 4th September. Schoolroom, corner of Bank and Albert Streets. For further particulars, apply to Mr. E. H. HARINGTON, Russell House.
N.B.—Private pupils can be taken in the evenings.
August 24, 1871. 1751 3

ACADEMY OF THE GREY NUNS,
AYLMER.

The Classes of this Academy will OPEN on the 1st SEPTEMBER next. The building is new and spacious, and is situate near the banks of the Ottawa river.
Aylmer, 16th August, 1871. 1744td

SELECT
BOARDING AND DAY ACADEMY FOR BOYS.
(CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL.)
Principal — REV. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

Careful instruction will be given in Latin and Greek Studies, in French and German Languages, in Mathematics, in certain branches of Science and Art, and in all the common branches of an English education.
The Academy on the south side of Daly and Ottawa streets will be OPENED on the 7th SEPTEMBER next.
For further particulars, please address the Rev. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.
August 25. 1753 1

A MARRIED WOMAN (English) wishes to obtain a small Family's WASHING. A.D.C., care of John Bobier, Ottawa.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
BY AUCTION.

J. Bermingham is instructed by Major Douglas to sell at the City Auction Mart, York street, on Friday, 8th inst., at 10 o'clock a.m., all that gentleman's Household Furniture and effects, among which will be found a most unique drawing room set in Moroon and Amber repp, Sofas and Lounges in hair cloth and damask, Chairs in hair cloth, three sets handsome window hangings, several very good tapestry, Kidderminster and Turkey Carpets, English oil cloth 20 yards, Mahogany Sofa Table, Card Tables, b. w. Centre and Trifle Tables, b. w. Extension Dining Tables, Side Board, oval back cane seat Dining Chairs, rosewood cane seat Chairs, Clocks, Fire Irons, China, Crockery, and Cutlery, one very handsome bedroom set, cost $0, Iron Bedsteads, double and single, Spring, Hair, and other Matrasses, b. w. Bureaus with oval glass, b. w. enclosed Washstands b. w. Dressing Tables, b. w. Wardrobes, Bedroom Carpets, Hall, Parlor, Furnace, and other Stoves, 1 Farmer's Boiler, 2 Force Pumps and Piping, Bottling Machine, Bottle Washing Machine, 2 Bridles, set of good Buggy Harness, &c. Also, 15 doz. of old wines, viz: Port, Sauterne, Champagne, and Claret.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, 5th Sept. 1760td

AUCTION SALE
OF
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

The subscriber has been instructed by Mrs. BADGLEY to sell at her residence, corner of Augusta and Stewart streets, Sandy Hill, on FRIDAY, September 8, 1871, the whole of her household effects, consisting of Hair Cloth Parlor Set, B W Centre Table, Whatnot Curtains and Carpet, Pictures, Parlor Ornaments, &c., Dining Table, Sideboard, Side Table, Dining Chairs, Couch, Carpet, Crockery, China, Glassware, Knives and Forks, Spoons, &c. Bedroom Furniture—Bedsteads, Bureaus (enclosed and open), Washstands, Dressing Tables, Dressing Glasses, Bedroom Crockery, Carpets, Curtains, Feather Beds, Pillows, Hair and Straw Matrasses, and a quantity of Sheets, Blankets, and quilts. Cooking Stove, Kitchen Table, Chairs, Pails, Kettles, Irons, Tinware, Barrels, Box Stoves, Stovepipes, &c.

The whole will be sold without reserve.
Sale at 10 a.m.
TERMS—Cash.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Sept. 4, 1871. 1760td

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for Supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season..		$5 00
20lbs " " ..		9 00
10lbs	month	1 50
20lbs " "		2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance ☜

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N. B.—Ice sup r ton or cwt.
Ottawa April 871

AN EXPERIENCED ACCOUNTANT
Having a few hours daily to spare, is desirous of obtaining a Set of Books to keep. Good references. Terms moderate. Address E. T. P., TIMES Office. 1746 a

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YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY.

"CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME," a Branch of the Villa Maria Establishment, corner of Wellington and O'Connor streets.

This Establishment RE-OPENS its Classes on the 7th SEPTEMBER. The Course of Instruction comprises every branch suitable to the education of young ladies. Special attention is given to the cultivation of politeness and lady-like deportment. A select day school is attached to the establishment, wherein day scholars can have dinner at an extra charge of $2 per month. For particulars and prospectus, apply to the Lady Superior.
Ottawa, 30th Aug., 1871. 1756td

BOARD WANTED
In a Private Family, by a Gentleman. Six o'clock dinner preferred Address X. Y. Z., P. O. Box, 335. 1754

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS,
ON BLACK RIVER,
For Sale by Auction, at the Union House,
ON WEDNESDAY, 4th OCTOBER
next, at one o'clock, p. m., being
License No. 265, of 1870-71.....50 miles.
And No. 367, of 1870-71.....50 miles.
Total one hundred square miles of richly timbered limits.
By order of
ALEXANDER FRASER, Esq.
Ottawa, 1st Sept. 1871. 1759-4d.

Circus and Caravan
COMING.
A Herd of Eight Elephants
Recently added to the Exhibition, will appear in the Grand Procession in the City of Ottawa.
FULL TROOP OF BRITISH RIDERS AND ACROBATS.

THE GREATEST EXHIBITION
Ever given will come off in
OTTAWA,
SATURDAY, September 16,
Afternoon and Evening,
☞ONE DAY ONLY,
Howe's Great London Circus
AND
SANGER'S English Menagerie
OF TRAINED ANIMALS.

The Magnificent, Gorgeous and Costly Golden Chariot Procession, the Largest and Most Brilliant Cavalcade of the kind ever seen, with its
FIVE COLOSSAL CHARIOTS,
Drawn through the streets by teams of Zebras, Shetland Ponies, Abyssinian Donkeys and beautiful Flemish Horses.
100 *Knights in Burnished Steel Armor,*
Ladies in full Circassian Costume, attended by their Equerries, Squires, Pages, &c., in appropriate Dresses, with Banners, Flags, Superb Trappings, &c., and the full
BRITISH CORNET BAND,
Conceded by the Profession to be the best musical accompaniment ever heard in a circus.
Doors open at 1 and at 7 p.m.
Admission, 50 cents Children under ten 25 cents. 1747td

BUSINESS CHANGE.

We, the undersigned, in relinquishing the Retail branch of our business, beg to return thanks to the public of Ottawa and vicinity for the very liberal support accorded to us during the past eight years, and to announce that we have

DISPOSED OF OUR STOCK,

And leased the premises,

29 Sparks Street,

TO

MESSRS.

ALEXANDER RUSSELL,
(Late of Blyth & Russell, Ottawa,)
AND
ROBERT WATSON,
(Of Watson & Hayes, Almonte,)

Who will continue the business under the name and style of

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Both of these gentlemen were formerly in our employ, and being possessed of ample means and long experience we have great pleasure in recommending them to the confidence and patronage of all our friends and customers.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, August, 1871.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE

RUSSELL & WATSON

Have pleasure in announcing that they have purchased the

Entire Stock in Trade,
AND
GOOD WILL
OF THE
RETAIL BUSINESS

Lately conducted by Messrs.

Magee & Russell,

And leased their premises, 29 Sparks Street, for a term of years

And hope by keeping only the best qualities of goods, and adopting a uniform and

Moderate Scale of Profits,

By anticipating the wants of the public and a strict attention to business to merit and retain the patronage so liberally bestowed upon their predecessors.

And we beg to assure the old patrons of the establishment that no efforts will be spared in maintaining the leading position to which it had attained.

ALEX. RUSSELL. ROBT. WATSON.

Ottawa, August 1871.

FRED. T. PALMER,
Commission and Lumbermen's Agent, Rideau Street, (entrance O'Meara's Gateway.)
Particular attention will be given to hiring men, teams, &c., and all transactions with the Crown Land and Timber Office.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:

E Nagle, Esq,	Wm Mackay, Esq,
Allan Grant, Esq,	E McGillivray, Esq.

Ottawa, Sept 1, 1871. 1746tf

Peaches!

Peaches!

eaches!

Pears!

Pears!

Apples!

Apples!

Apples!

And all other Kinds of Fruit

at the Fruit Depots of

G. LORENZ,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET,

—AND—

NO. 56 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

GREAT
DRY GOODS SALE.

Allan, McKinnon's & McMoran,

Have determined to clear out the FALL and WINTER GOODS purchased at a heavy discount from Messrs GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO, and with that view will bring forward the whole stock, including several large lots of

NEW GOODS

purchased far below Market value, and offer the whole at prices that must induce good judges of goods to buy largely.

The sale will commence on

Monday, 4th Sept'r.,

And continue one month.

As many of the cheapest lines will be sold quickly, intending purchasers will do well to call early and secure a choice.

1,000 YDS. JAPANESE SILKS,

At 50 cents per yard.

ONE CASE OF VELVET RIBBONS, damaged by fresh water, will be offered at less hatn half price.

2 Bales of GREY COTTONS, in short pieces, at from one to two cents below usual prices.

To be reduced one third in prices—a large quantity of

MILLINERY, MANTLES and MANTLE CLOTHS,

A line of Velveteen Jackets, reduced to $1.50 each, Waterproof Mantles at from $2.50 to 5.

DRESS GOODS, in a variety of fabrics, reduced below cost.

PRINTS—A line formerly sold at 12½ cents will be cleared out at 9 cents per yard.

A large lot of Gloves and Hosiery will be marked down far below cost.

A lot of best Brussels Carpets will be sold at $1.25 per yard.

ALLAN, McKINNON'S & McMORRAN,
Successors to Garland, Mutchmor & Co
No. 20, Sparks Street.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, that if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—
The best old brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

GIN—
J. DeKuypers & Son's fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—
Pure Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—
Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the finest Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
Best Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove their quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up "Caddies."

☞ Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, Nov 2, 1871

WANTED,
A School Teacher for School Section No. 3 Huntly. Apply to
HENRY McBRIDE,
J. LETT,
or JAMES JOHNSTON,
Carp Post Office
Ontario
1706-3w

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. McKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

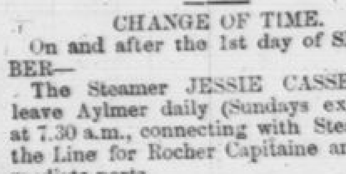
The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE.
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2670tf



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the 1st day of SEPTEMBER—

The Steamer JESSIE CASSELS will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 7.30 a.m., connecting with Steamers of the Line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

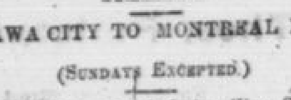
The Steamer PONTIAC leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted), at 1 p.m., for Des Joachim; returning—leaving at 6 a.m., connecting with Steamer JASON GOULD, which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 p.m., passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The Steamer PRINCE ARTHUR leaves Portage du Fort at 7 a.m., connecting with Steamer JESSIE CASSELS for Aylmer.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip, at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 9 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, August 28th, 1871.

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"
CAPT. NICHOL,

Leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B.—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1736tf

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871.

TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

The Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy ... [illegible] ... SATURDAY, the 5th ... [illegible] ... Lots Nos. 5 ... [illegible] ... of the said ... [illegible]

Fitzroy, ... [illegible] 1871.

SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY,

—AND—

AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD,

Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE MOWER

—AND—

SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain.*

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD,
Smith's Falls,
Ontario.

June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa P.O., August 31, 1871.

Adcock J C	Martin Wm
Anderson Elizabeth	Maddin Thos
Anderson Samuel	Malsbury Wm
Armstrong Wm	Minea Benj
Arnold Wm	Meade M J
Arthur Geo A	Mercer John
Armstrong Mrs A C	Mitchell W H
Aspdin Thos W	Milne G B
Barnes Sydney	Motherwell Thos
Barber G	Moore & Coburn
Beveridge Thos	Moore F H
Benfield Wm	Muir Wm
Bell H H	Murphy Mathew
Blais Miss Lydia	Neill John
Blakely Mrs	Nelson Mrs Alex
Boyd Dr R H	Nesbitt John
Brayer Wm	Nicholson John
Brennan Wm	Nichols John
Brewer Mrs Emily	Nolan Miss B
Bullock L	O'Brien Wm
Bowns Wm	O'Donnell D
Buchanan Mrs John	O'Donnell, G
Burns Mrs S	O'Connor W P P
Burns Miss	O'Connor Jno A
Byrns Hy	O'Connor Mrs
Campbell Mrs John	O'Dwyer John
Cain Miss Sarah J	Oliver A
Campbell Mrs Mary	O'Meill J
Callaghan Alex	Ormand Jno T
Cantwell John	Patterson Miss Anna
Cahal Miss Mary	Pearsons Albert
Church Jos	Perry Mrs M C
Clarke Miss Emma	Pearson F M
Conway Miss B	Perwitt J H
Corrigan Ed	Pickens John
Connor John	Powers Jesse
Cross W L	Pringle Miss Sarah
Crozier Jos	Pritchard Wm
Cunningham Thos	Quinlan Mrs P
Daly Carol	Rathwell Miss A
Davis J	Rice Alex
Davidson C P	Roberts Miss Kate
Davis Jas	Robertson Geo
Daly J J	Rose Rodger
Davis Mrs R	Roberts Mrs
Dempsey Miss E	Robertson David
Dendmore Miss Mary	Ryan Miss Julia
Dicare Miss M	Russell Mrs
Dickson Dr Geo	Russell A D
Doyle Mrs Peter	Saunders Miss Julia
Duncan Jas	Scobie Mary
Fenton Miss J	Servo Walter
Fisher John	Sheaver Jno
Forson Jas	Shehan Thomas
Forbes John	Smith John
Foster Jas	Smith Mrs W
Furlong Jas	Smith H D
Gan John	Smith Heber
Gibbons E	Smith Wm
Gillis J S	Sparks Miss Jane
Glenn Alex	Somerville Hugh
Gormly P	Sparks Noel
Gilchrist John	Sternbug J W
Grimes Thos	Sullivan John
Harris Lizza Ann	Tobin Jas
Hamilton Mrs S	Turner RW
Howlett Thos	Watson & Hill
Hicks Jas	Ward Jas
Holland W H	Wable A
Hogan Miss B	Wallace M
Hogan Wm	Wagner H
Hunt Wm	Wilsman G & T
Hutchinson G W	Webb Jas T
Hutchinson John	Weir John
Huchley Mrs	Wells J P
Hubert J	Webster Miss E H
Janet Rev Mr	Welch Mrs Geo
Jamieson D J	Whalen Miss Eliza
Johnston Miss Ellen	Wilson R
Jones Mrs J E	Wood H O
Kennedy Jno	Wright J
Kealy Mrs Julia A	McBrayen A
Kennedy M	McBryde Jas
King Geo	McClanlish T
Kingsmill M	McDonald And
King Jas	McClory John
Knapp H A	McDonald Miss F
Lamprey B H	McDonald D
Lane Miss Caroline	McDonald Mrs Geo
Leitch Miss A	McGuire Mrs Jno
Leroy W H C	McIntire Miss N
Lewis Mr	McInnis Miss C
Little Irvine	McGuire Philip
Lothion Miss Ellen	McKenzie A
Mofier Wm	McKay Jas H
Martin C R	McMillan Miss Jane
May Jno	McMillan J H
Martin Edwin	McPhee A
Marshall David	McMahon Geo

G P BAKER, Postmaster.

WANTED,

A good Carriage and Sleigh Maker, and Blacksmith, at Kinburn, Township of Fitzroy. A good business chance for both, with shop accommodations. Steady and good workmen only need apply.

ALLAN FRASER.

Kinburn 2nd August 1871. 1733tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonising pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause, Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantl, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c. &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awky

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

The undersigned being about to visit England, offers the following properties for sale:

A large Brick Dwelling situate on Besserer and Chapel Street with Coach House, Stables, &c.

12 Cottages on Augusta street, producing a clear rental of $700 per annum.

ALSO,

100 Acres of Land at L'Orignal, being south half of Lot No. 15, fourth Concession of Caledonia.

Terms to suit the purchaser.

1810d JAS G ROBINSON.

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gassfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES!

On the Line of the

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of

12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.,
Omaha, Neb.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
......	12.45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	......	4.20
......	12 45	9·00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	......	4.20
......	......	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8,00	......	6.00
......	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	......	6.00
10.15	12.45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00	......	4.20
10·15	12.45	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8,00	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway		......	4.20
10.15	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c	......	......	4.20
9.20	......	4.30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	1 30
9 20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	......	......	1 30
10:30	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11,00	......
7:00	......	......	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c			7.00
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	......	......	700
10.00	......	......	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	......	......
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	......	......	6.00
11.50	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	......	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via NewYork close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P M, in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, June 7, 1871.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Furs, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866, besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until Noon of WEDNESDAY, the Sixth day of September next, for the widening of Sappers' Bridge and the construction of a new Bridge over the Rideau Canal to connect Wellington and Rideau Streets, according to the Engineer's plans and specifications, which may be seen at this office after the twentieth instant.

The bridges are to be constructed of iron and stone in a permanent manner, and may be let in one or more contracts as the City Council may decide after receiving the Tenders. The work is to be proceeded with at once, and good security will be required for the due performance of the contracts.

No tenders will be entertained unless made in the prescribed form. They are to be addressed to the undersigned, endorsed, "Tender for Bridges," and contain the names and addresses of two persons who are willing to become security for the contractor.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa 19th July, 1871. 1721td

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET,

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. JAMES HOTEL.

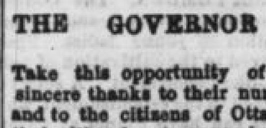
Strict attention to business.

Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS



BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their, sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst,

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

FOR SALE.

BRAE SIDE STEAM SAW MILL,

Situated near Arnprior, Province of Ontario, and extensive Timber Limits on the River Coulonge, Province of Quebec.

The Mill has just been completed, and is most substantially built and fitted with the most improved Machinery, and can manufacture 140,000 feet of lumber per day. It has an extensive piling ground attached to it. Being placed where the Brockville Railway runs beside the Ottawa River, the lumber manufactured by it may be sent direct to the United States market. The limits comprise about 280 square miles of valuable Pine Timber country, with two extensive and productive Farms, and having commodious Dwelling Houses, Storehouses and Stables erected on them. They are also supplied with a large stock of provisions, horse feed and shanty plant for next season's operations

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be had by applying to J. B. Lewis, Esq, Barrister, Ottawa, or from Mr. George Purvis, at the offices of the Mill.

Ottawa, July 28, 1871. 1729 d&w4 1awk

SEEDS! SEEDS

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND

☞FLOWER SEEDS.☜

A. CHRISTIE & CO.

(Late Alex. Christie.)

Druggists,

40, Sparks-s

Ottawa April 28, 1871

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain.

Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Medical.

MESSRS GABRIELS'
CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE
TEETH & GUMS
AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE
ARE SOLD
BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL
PARTS OF THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY
MESSRS GABRIEL.
DENTISTS
LUDGATE HILL. LONDON E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S — ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweatens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 11871

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Pistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Drggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each test tifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET,

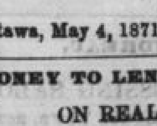
That COTTAGE, the property of N. Tetrau, Esq., Notary, in the Lower Village of Hull, with a handsome flower garden, stable, wood shed, ice house, &c., with or without the necessary firewood for next winter on the place. Mr. Tetrau having arranged for his residence in the dwelling adjoining his office, consented to the leasing of the property. For further information apply to N. TETREAU, N. P., Hull, P. Q. 1746 8

NOTICE.

TO LET, a Large OFFICE and THREE BEDROOMS well situated in the Aumond Block, west end Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, July 11th, 1871. 1813 tf



HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chandiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $100 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, Agent,
RIDEAU ST., OTTAWA

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 962y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 320tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Maltoch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Fetherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. 13 y F C CLEMOW

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT,

NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MARCIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetrau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.

Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without ever a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort;

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

G. C. RAINBOTH,

Provincial Land Surveyor and Draughtsman, commissioned for the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.

Office. Aylmer, P. Q. 1722 tf

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1866.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

I G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

1871. ICE! **1871.**

ICE! *ICE!*

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G, Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street.

Ottawa, May 1649d

F. WILLIAMS,

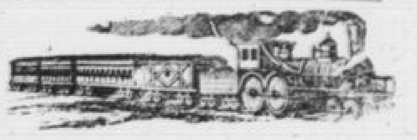
PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed.

Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

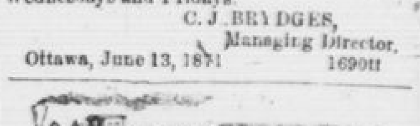
On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE. Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at .... 6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at .... 9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at ..... 9.00 p.m
Mixed Train for Brockville, at ..... 11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at .... 5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at 7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at .... 8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at .... 2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston .... 10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST, OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

DOMINION HOUSE

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 6m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.

Montreal, March 11, 1871 161 3y

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

MORRISON'S

STEAM BISCUIT BAKERY

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your Orders are solicited, and will be PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO by

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,

Nos. 36 and 38 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

TANNERY,

PARK STREET, OTTAWA.

EDMOND GERMAIN, Proprietor.

All kinds of LEATHER for Sale, Wholesale, at reasonable prices.

ALSO,

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE.

Of his own manufacture, at REDUCED PRICES.

19th August, 1871. 1746tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre), Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1764. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE:

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guarenteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Destillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constontly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal

1685 3m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
2 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily)
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

☞ The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED ☜

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

☞ Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

☞ OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND ☜

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
1746b Post Office Block.

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

100 CASES

HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT

"THE RED BOOT,"

OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overs,

MOCCASINS,

Laces & Boot Dressing

Which will be sold at the very lowest price possible,

Wholesale and Retail.

City and country dealers will find (on giving us a call) that they can be supplied at

Montreal Prices—Freight Added.

Having received a good part of our

Fall and Winter Goods

We are prepared to EXECUTE PROMPTLY all orders.

All summer goods selling at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Orders for Hand Made Custom Work attended to promptly.

A full sett of

Messrs. Ames, Millard & Co's Samples

of BOOTS and SHOES, always on view, and orders taken at lowest prices. One of our firm will wait on the merchants of Ottawa City and District soliciting orders.

Agents for wholesaling of Wm. Clendinneng's manufacture of *Stoves, Iron-furniture, Railings, Builders* and all kinds of *Plain and Fancy Castings.*

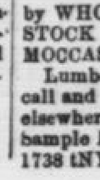
Agents for the celebrated

☞ *Plantagenet Mineral Water.* ☜

Orders promptly attended to.

LAMB & RODDEN,
No. 28, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, July 20, 1871.



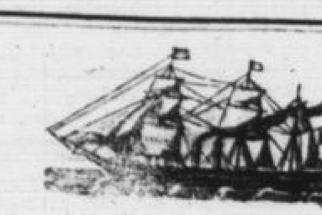
BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE, at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 38 Sussex Street, Ottawa.

1738 tNY SIMEON LEBEAU, Agent.



LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871. 1871.

The following first-class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES.....J. James "
NIGER......W. Nisbett "
SEVERN.....G. Butchart "

Are intended to Sail, as under, during the Season of 1871, between

LONDON,

QUEBEC and MONTREAL.

FROM LONDON.

MEDWAY ...Thursday, 10th August.
THAMES...... " 24th "
NIGER........ " 7th Sept.
SEVERN....... " 21st "
MEDWAY.... " 5th Oct.
THAMES..... " 19th "

AND FROM QUEBEC.

NIGER .....Thursday, 10th August.
SEVERN.... " 24th "
MEDWAY... " 7th Sept,
THAMES.... " 21st "
NIGER...... " 5th Oct.
SEVERN.... " 19th "
MEDWAY... " 2nd Nov.
THAMES.... " 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $5 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.

or

T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co.'s Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, June 13th. 1760y

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

All descriptions of property insured at moderate rates.

Tables of rates for Life Assurance and all information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

T. M. CLARKE, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

NESTORIAN ....26th August.
SCANDINAVIAN ......2nd September
HIBERNIAN..........9th "
MORAVIAN.........15th "
SARMATIAN ....23rd "
PRUSSIAN............30th "

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin ....$70 to $80
Steerage..............................$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN, on or about...31st Aug.
OTTAWA " ....7th Sept.
ST. DAVID " ....14th "
ST. ANDREW " ....21st "
ST. PATRICK " ....28th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin..............$67 25
Intermediate........................$47 or 44 00
Steerage......................................28 00

☞ An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and
Canadian Tweeds
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons'
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under shirts
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞ Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Third Annual Exhibition under the auspices of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society will take place on

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.

SEPTEMBER 20TH, 21ST AND 22ND, 1871.

On the Society's Grounds adjoining the city limits.

COMPETITION OPEN TO THE WORLD!

Nearly $3,000 is offered in Premiums

For Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, Agricultural and Horticultural Productions, Manufactures, Domestic Products, &c.

All parties may compete for prizes on payment of Two Dollars; Ladies on payment of One Dollar.

ENTRIES.

All entries must be made on printed forms, which may be had from the Secretary. These forms are to be filled up and signed by the Exhibitor, enclosing Two Dollars, which amount will entitle the Exhibitor to compete in all the departments.

The entries in each department must be made as follows:—

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before the 10th of SEPTEMBER.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery, and Manufactures generally SEPTEMBER 15th.

Horticultural Products, Flowers, Ladies' Work, &c., SEPTEMBER 18th.

The Society will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railroad Proprietors for carrying articles and passengers at reduced rates.

Arrangements will be made with the Customs Department for the free entry of articles for competition.

J B LEWIS,
President.
A S WOODBURN,
Sec. Treas.

Ottawa August 22. 1749t

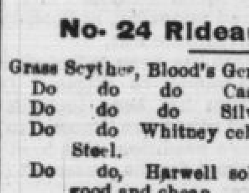
HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES,

And other Harvesting Implements

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,



No. 24 Rideau street.

All ground ready for use.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.

Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.

Hay Rakes, straight and bent,

Scythe Stones, &c.. &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarrie:

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

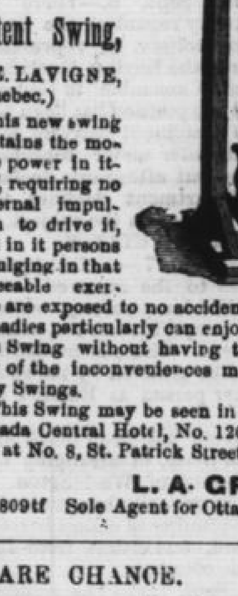
THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)



This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No. 120, Sussex Street, and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

RARE CHANCE.

The advertiser has received instructions to offer for SALE, by TENDER, at so much in the Dollar, as per Inventory Valuation,

A WELL ASSORTED TAILOR'S STOCK,

Consisting of English Cloths, Canada Tweeds, Trimmings, &c, &c., amounting to over $4,000.

The Goods are all in first-class order, and have been well selected.

The above offers an excellent opportunity to any one about to commence business, as the goodwill can be secured.

Every information may be had by addressing Box 468, Montreal, and Stock Sheets can be seen on application to the undersigned.

Tenders will be received until the 26th instant. Parties making other than a CASH OFFER, will please name security.

C. BAILLIE,
181 St. James' Street.

Montreal, August 5th, 1871 1733d

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

☞ Terms, 40cts. per month.

Books bought, sold and exchanged.

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XXXIV.

THE POPULAR PREACHER.

(CONTINUED.)

Not when he trod the subterranean passage beneath Buccleugh street, and emerged into the light of day, and the presence of the men who were to try him for his life, had he felt any thing like the racking agony he endured when he sat listening the while his wife, in her loving foolishness, babbled on about all he should do when he had a great estate, and a devoted tenantry, and attached dependents. In very bitterness of soul he would cry, in those weary night vigils which he now held continually, "Would to God they had found me guilty, and hung me in front of Dumfries jail! It would all have been over years and years ago"—for there were others now to suffer with him—others, his wife, his child, the man who had trusted him. And then temptation came and whispered him to take the property, and even if Anthony returned, arrange the matter somehow. But this was just the point at which he felt he could no longer travel his self-elected road. He could not appropriate Anthony's inheritance, although Anthony had robbed him of his poor patrimony. He would wait till tidings should come from that far-off country whither Anthony had journeyed—he would wait for news whether he were living or dead, whether he had sons who might inherit, or whether he had passed away, leaving no memory and no name behind him.

Between Anthony and himself the curate ascertained there intervened no heir. Death had been busy with the Hardells, and the hint given by George Trelwyn enabled Andrew to trace the relationship which really connected himself and Hardells of Lovell's Court.

It was all a knotted, tragled, twisted skein, which could never be made smooth for him while time lasted. But he had his work to do, nevertheless, his mission to fulfill, his Master's word to speak; and what mattered it if his own heart were breaking, while he was still left strength and health to proclaim God's saving words to perishing souls?

And this was the man Madge had come to hear; this was he whose voice now sounded through the church, whose first spoken sentence—"Let us pray"—caused Madge to raise her eyes, and look over the sea of heads with a hungry scrutiny towards the preacher.

For it was *his* voice—not Anthony's. His voice—changed, aged, subdued, modulated—but his nevertheless. For a moment she doubted the evidence of her senses; for a second it seemed to her that she must be dreaming—that her fancy was playing her some cruel trick; but no, as sentence after sentence was uttered as he gave out his text, as he commenced his address, her suspicion became certainty.

The Rev. Anthony Hardell she had so longed to see—who had never answered her letter, who had spent his life ministering to the poor, who had achieved the doubtful success of a popular preacher, who had compassed the fame of "being well worth hearing"—was none other than Andrew Hardell, the lover of her youth, the man she had loved with a love and constancy passing the affection and constancy of woman. He had been near her through all those weary years, and never made a sign. And it was thus they met—she but one amidst a thousand drawn thither by the fame of his talent—he all unconscious that among the congregation over which his eyes wandered there sat the woman he had deserted in the spring-time of her youth, and who had been faithful to her love and his memory ever since.

CHAPTER XXXV.

FACE TO FACE.

People said it was a magnificent sermon which Mr. Hardell preached that Sunday evening; but of her own knowledge, Madge could never have told whether it were good, bad or indifferent.

She failed to remember the text; she had subsequently only the vaguest memory of what words the preacher uttered; she felt like one drifting over the waters of a strange ocean, and the tones of Andrew's voice conveyed no more to her than the sobbing of a distant storm might to a person tossed upon the billows of the deep.

She was fairly crushed by the extent of her own knowledge. Was it a dream that she sat in St. Martin's listening to Andrew Hardell's sermon? or had the years—the long, long years of waiting and watching—of trusting love and faithful expectancy—been a delusion?

How was it—how could it all have come about? What did it mean? Why had he and Anthony changed names? and why, when he was still in the country, had he never made a sign—never, spite of all they were once to each other, striven to see the woman who should have been his wife?

With her fingers loosely linked together, and eyes fastened on the preacher, Madge sat back in her corner, and puzzled over the enigma presented to her, out of which she could make nothing. Through all the life she had lived lonely for his sake, she had so persistently believed in Andrew's innocence, that now, when a problem came to be solved, the real solution of which could only be arrived at by a conviction of his guilt, she felt stupid and dazzled, as though, after long dwelling in a darkened room, where every object was softened and subdued, she had been suddenly taken into the broad sunlight, where, with eyes tortured and half-blinded by the sudden glare, she was told to look on the man she once idolized, and deemed incapable of deceit or falsehood, living a lie—preaching God's word under the cover of another man's name.

And all the time the old love was welling up in her heart for the Andrew she remembered—for the man who had changed into this—changed into one old and worn before his time—oppressed by the burden of a secret, not one in the whole congregation—so he imagined—knew he carried save himself.

Back her thoughts flitted to Langmore, and the old-fashioned vicarage garden; to the room where she had knelt beside her father, praying him to let her write once more—only once. She was a girl again, with her life before her; and behold, in a moment she woke to the knowledge that the best years of her life had been lived and wasted for love of the man who now kept that large congregation still and wrapt by the mere power of his eloquence and the force of his earnestness. Sorrows he spoke of—ah, God! had he not experienced them? Temptation—who can talk of this so pitifully, and with such sympathy for the failings of his fellows, as he who has yielded to it? Sin—had the wages thereof not been doled out to him day by day in the form of living death during the months and the years—during every hour of which he had endured his long Assize?

On the world's joys he touched likewise—and who so competent, think you, to prize those joys over-highly, to overrate the sweetness of the cup it is permitted some to quaff, as he who, after long abstinence having grasped the goblet, has found such bitterness mingled with the draught—*his* draught only, mind you—that, had it been possible, he would have flung the goblet aside, and, leaving the wine, full of mad delight, yet thick with sickening lees, he had elected to drink—returned to the water from the brook, his hermit's life, and his hermit's fare?

"In order to comprehend good, it is needful to understand evil." So, in days past, I heard stated in the pulpit by one who may yet climb high; and it is equally true that a man can only fully grasp the meaning of the word happiness after he has fathomed the depths of misery and watched through the night—none but God and himself understanding his wretchedness.

Now it was just this quality of comprehension Andrew Hardell's preaching possessed. No one listening to him could avoid feeling that what he talked about he had experienced—that what the auditors had endured, he knew. Vague enough all this might be in the minds of his congregation; but the sympathy—the rapport—I use the French word because no English phrase will express my precise meaning—was perfect, nevertheless.

Those whose lines had been cast in pleasant places understood well enough that the preacher was only talking in the present about things which must come to them in the future—things that, let the life be never so long nor so prosperous, should yet become realities ere the golden bowl be broken, and the silver cord loosed.

The man had sinned, the man had suffered. But for that night at New Abbey; but for that "tholing his assize" at Dumfries; but for the years spent in Essex Marsh; but for the period when he fell in love, and fought against that love; but for the moment when happiness came upon him, as the Scripture says poverty shall, like an armed man, and swept away with its strong hand the resolutions of all the time he had lived, Andrew Hardell could not have been a preacher—could not have fully enforced the doctrine that here man hath no abiding place; that, as the grass withereth and the flower fadeth, as he passeth away.

We talk about genius—but yet, after all, what is it till, through suffering, it has learned, in the house of its captivity, to sing a song intelligible to our humanity? In youth it talks in a language we can not understand—its utterances may be as the words of prophets, as the oracles of old, but they convey no meaning to us. Rather, we scoff at the strange tongue, at the crude ideas, till the hour comes when the fiery tongue of trouble coming upon the man enables him to speak in a language familiar to all comers, and to say, if not in words, at least in sentiment.

"Friends, what you have felt, and more, has befallen me; not out of the fullness of my wisdom, but rather from the depth of the sorrow I have sounded, I tell you it is true that, as the sparks fly upward, man is born to trouble."

This sort of genius—this sort thus developed, Andrew Hardell possessed, and with it he was able to attract and to retain the attention of a congregation. Men abler and more learned might have failed to enlist their sympathies, but of his powers and his talent, as I have said, Madge could then take no cognizance, and when, after the blessing had been pronounced, Herbert whispered in her ear,

"A splendid sermon, Madge, was it not?" she only answered, mechanically, "Yes," and drawing her veil closely over her face, walked down the aisle.

At the door she stopped.

"I must see Mr. Hardell," she said in a low tone, to her companion. "I must see him to-night."

Heaven help her! She beheld the visible form of that vague idealistic love which had been floating through her mind for years—keeping it unsettled, disturbed, weary—vanishing away; and she felt, ere it quite departed, she must lay hands on the hem of its garments, and detain the apparition till she had looked on it once more, face to face.

And she had that feeling, further, which most persons have experienced at some time or other—namely, that if she let Andrew pass away from her, she might search in vain for another opportunity. As in the old Irish legends, he who looks on the *leprechaun* must "hold him with his eye" till the sprite has revealed where lie the treasures hidden away in ages long ago, or else lose his chance of wealth forever, so Madge understood that unless she were able to put questions and receive answers, then both might drift far apart once more, leaving the past unexplained, the present incomprehensible.

To be continued.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

DOMINION.

The Toronto *Telegraph* brings some serious charges against Mr. Woodruff, the Superintendent of the Welland Canal.

The Courts have given judgment in favor of Dr. Allen, of Cornwall, and have ordered his children to be restored to him.

The East Toronto election case is not yet finished, but beyond the possibility of a doubt, the Hon. M. C. Cameron will hold his seat.

At the Galt, so-called, Reform meeting Mr. McDougall obtained permission to answer the fallacies put forward by Mr. Blake and other speakers, which was accorded, and completely shattered their statements. Mr. Blake and Mr. McKenzie answered him at length, but those who were capable of a dispassionate judgment say very lamely.

The Ontario Lacrosse Club of Toronto will play the Caughnawaga Indians, at Kingston, during the Provincial Exhibition week.

Wm. Wiley, the reputed oldest resident of St. Catharines, expired on Monday evening after an illness of only twenty-four hours.

The collateral attractions at Kingston, during Exhibition week will be: The Regatta; Kingston Fall Races on Cataraqui Course; and two Lacrosse matches, between the Ontario Club and the Indians, and between Ontario and Kingston Clubs. Among the nightly amusements will be: Holman's English Opera Troupe, and Townsend's Theatre.

Kingston is shipping cord wood to Toronto.

Goderich is making large shipments of plums.

The *St. John Globe* said, referring to the backing down of the Paris crew, that, "public opinion here will justify them in not running, if they thought they *could not succeed* on Halifax harbor." It is to be understood that the St. John crew will not row races unless assured beforehand that they will win.

Georgetown paper mills are driven by 160 horse power.

Chatham is supplying London with peaches and tomatoes.

The Canadian scow, *Dunam*, left Cleveland for Port Burwell, Ontario, with a full load of coal, on the 19th of August. Soon after leaving port a fresh wind sprung up from the south, and much anxiety was felt for her safety. After a few days had elapsed without her arrival at Burwell, inquiries were made to ascertain her whereabouts; but nothing has been seen or heard of the missing craft. The owner has given her up as lost, with all on board. The *Dunam* was commanded on her last trip by the mate, Mr. Wright, an old and experienced sailor. The crew consisted of five men, who have, in all probability, found a watery grave in Lake Erie.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Tennyson is again Idyling away his time.

Elder Frederick W. Evans, Shaker, of Mount Lebanon, N. Y., discoursed on the principles of his order before a London audience lately, under the presidency of Mr. Helpworth Dixon.

The claimant of the Tichborne baronetcy it is said, resides at the Victoria Hotel, England, the consequence of which is that a large crowd surrounds that house and lustily cheers him whenever he appears.

The London *Daily News* expresses its gladness at being able to state, on the best authority, that Mr. Bright's health justifies the hope that he will be able to return to his Parliamentary duties next session, as completely restored to mental and physical vigor as was the case after the illness of a similar character and duration which befell him fifteen years ago.

The investigation which is now in progress at Dublin will undoubtedly prove that the riot of Sunday was premeditated. A despatch from Dublin says that McCarthy, one of the constables wounded by the rioters, is dying.

The new *Penny Dickens*, issued in London, is a great success. The first numbers commencing with Oliver Twist, have already sold to the extent of 150,000 copies.

The female population of Edinburgh exceeds the male by nearly 19,000. In Glasgow the excess is 16,000.

The waste of gas in London from defective burners is estimated at $2,500,000 a year.

The Drinking Fountain and Cattle Trough Association of London has erected, keeps in repair, and supplies with water, 114 fountains and 160 troughs.

Lord Brougham was fond of telling the following story:—A Bishop at one of his country visitations, complained that the church was badly kept, and in bad repair, through the roof, and adding, with some warmth, and expresion which he was horrified in finding in the local paper next day reported thus: "I shall not visit this d——d old church again till it is in better order." The Bishop's secretary thereupon wrote, mildly suggesting that what his lordship said, was, that he would not vist this "damp old church again." But the editor, in a foot-note, said that while gladly giving publicity to the explanation, he had every confidence in the accuracy of his reporter.

Three months ago the ship *Euterpe* sailed from Callao, with 1,900 tons of guano, for Falmouth, England. On rounding Cape Horn she mysteriously sank. Her crew consisted of twenty-four persons, including officers. All hands were supposed to be lost. Shortly afterwards the Captain and first mate, William Louis Smith, were reported saved. Their not presenting themselves before the owners of the vessel aroused suspicion, and measures were taken to arrest them when opportunity served. The other day the first mate, Smith, supposed to be the only survivor with the captain, was arrested in New York. He was taken before United States Commissioner Osborn and committed without bail for trial. In Ludlow street jail lately the prisoner acknowledged that the captain was alive, but he declined to disclose his whereabouts. Smith is accused of scuttling the ship.

FOREIGN.

The Philadelphia Scotchman are going to erect a statue of Sir Walter Scott in Fairmount park.

Madame Ratazzi, cousin of Napoleon III, dined recently with President Thiers.

William Shakespeare has been fined $5 in Michigan for getting drunk.

Brigham Young recently ordered silk for thirty dresses for his wives.

The King of Burmah, to the amazement of the merchants of his kingdom, has bought $45,000 worth of cotton goods, on three months' credit, for the royal bazaar, and is underselling the ordinary traders.

A Pittsburg girl aged 15 brings a suit for a breach of promise against a man 70 years old.

The Brazilian sovereign have arrived at Carlsbad, Germany.

A St. Paul carman, became insane from the death of his horse.

A watermelon weighing seventy-three pounds has been raised in California.

Lightning struck a Crestline building in which were a number of card-players. They were so affected by the incident that they tore up their cards and sent for a new pack.

A woman who gave the Baptist board $1,000 for the education of the freedmen made it a condition that not a cent of it should be given to anyone who uses tobacco.

The loss in Florida to those engaged in the orange culture is immense. More than three-fourths of the crop is on the ground, and much damage has been done to the groves.

Saratoga girls organized an Anti-Kissing Society, but 15 out of the 23 members were fined the first week.

A suit has been instituted at Jacksonville, Ill., for the recovery of a diamond worth $80,000, the heirloom of a family for the past century.

The damage done by the violent rain storms of last week in Westchester County, was very great. According to reports now coming in, the village of Ellenville was only saved from being entirely flooded by an immense dike that was erected in 1869 after a damaging freshet.

Miss Spaulding, M. D., of Sandusky, amputated a man's leg a few days ago.

Hand-made lace, of all the industries of France, had suffered least by the war, being chiefly carried on by women.

A fair Western lady, who was not posted in history, and who had forgotten her geography, asked a friend who was going to Utah to bring her a couple of Mormons for her aguarium.

M. Arthur Arnoud, the Communist, before making his escape to Switzerland, acted for a fortnight as a druggist's clerk at Batignolles, and sold medicine to officers of the Versailles army who would gladly have him arrested.

The difference between a Monarchy and a Republic is often vividly illustrated by the American press. Thus the New York *World* says: "It rumoured that the President contemplates declaring martial law in South Carolina. As such a proceeding would be entirely unconstitutional, there is probably some truth in the report."

Unlike most German professors, Dr. Dollinger neither smokes or drinks lager, but indulges in the luxury of a private library of 30,000 volumes.

The Morristown *Jerseyman* has the following advertisement among its special notices:

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

Whereas, Parmelia Bush, a resident of Chester, did promise to marry me on the 19th inst., but instead of doing so did flunk and has run off and is staying with a married man, I brand her as a liar and a person of bad character generally.

EDWARD PLATT.

Overexertion, either of mind or body sometimes appears to tell sharply on a succeeding generation. As a familiar example, we know that Baron Humbolt was one of the most laborious of men; by way of compensation, his eldest son, just dead, seems to have been one of the laziest. He had vigorous health, the German papers says, but he spent the last twenty years or so of his life in bed. The toilsome efforts of the author of *Cosmos*, from the peaks of the Andes to the Polar seas, were thus compensated in his son by the self-indulgence of a Sybarite. Rust apparently consumes, nevertheless, faster than labour wears, for this luxurious scion of a hardy stock—styled a "sonderling" by his contemporaries at Berlin—died at a much earlier age than the great *savan*, his father.

The widow of the late Jephtha C. Buell, of Cleveland, Ohio, has sued a Life Insurance company for the sum of $10,000, the amount of a policy on the life of her husband. The deceased had other policies on his life making a total insurance of $40,000. Mr. Buell was a defaulter, and preferring death to exposure and disgrace, shot himself, a coroner's jury on the case bringing in a verdict of death by his own hands, "while in a state of temporary insanity." The case will very likely be carried to the supreme court of the United States, and so we shall get final and authorative adjudication on the law of suicide.

It is said that a tourist travelling continuously, without stoppage, can now go round the world in eighty days.

A hardworking but poor German farmer in Livingstone county, Missouri, whose farm was advertised for sale for debt in spite of all his industry and economy, still ploughed and toiled, and a few days ago dug up a box containing over 1,700 in gold.

Four out of the seven principal hotels in Washington City have gone by the board. Willard's is closed apparently forever; the Metropolitan has changed hands, the former proprietor being swamped financially, and the furniture is to be sold, and the building is to be occupied hereafter as a branch of the Interior Department, and rumor says that yet another hotel is about to go under.

The *N. Y. Tribune* says:—The late riots in this city are already bearing evil fruit elsewhere. In Massachusetts, there seems to be a serious effort on foot to revive the old Know-Nothing Lodges, or something so nearly like them that the difference is hardly worth considering. We may also reasonably look for an increase of Orange Lodges, and thus feuds are perpetuated, social order threatened, bigotry intensified, and a radically false system of politics encouraged; as if the politics of the country were not sufficiently complicated and intensified already! It is rather a poor consolation that those who are responsible for this unhealthy state of things will suffer most from it; for what we want is harmony, or at least a well-regulated difference.

Mazzini republishes, after an interval of twenty years, his political and social creed.

It is related of an old citizen of Posey County, Indiana, that he will attend a church and listen to a sermon, and that night he will repeat the sermon in his sleep *verbatim et literatim*.

The "horse disease" is on the increase New York, no less than 42 horses of one street railroad company having died last week of cerebro spinal meningitis.

Master Walter S. Mitchell and Maria Louisa Jewitt, seventeen years of age respectively, were united in the bonds of wedlock at Poughkeepsie, on Wednesday. They were married with the full consent of their parents, and had been engaged for two years. Both belonged to most respectable families.

Slate quarries have been opened within a year at Monson, Maine, and their discovery was a peculiar one—at any rate worth relating. A Welshman named William T. Williams, accustomed to quarry work, while passing through Monson, observed some slate rock that had been thrown from a cellar. He recognized it as valuable, and, in company with another man named John Tripp, traced the vein along the surface, and finally purchased fourteen acres of the apparently worthless land for $75. They immediately commenced an excavation, and found as they expected good slate at the depth of a few feet. In a few weeks they sold their purchase to a New York company for $16,000. Four other quarries have since been opened by different parties.

At a teachers' meeting recently held in Newburg, N. Y., a list of fifty words was given out, and of ninety-four teachers present not one succeeded in spelling every word in the list correctly. The one nearest accuracy failed on but two words, while the dunce of the convention blunded on forty five words out of the fifty. In the ninety-four papers examined there were 2,663 mistakes, the word "cachinnation" was the sorest trial of all, there being no less than fifty different spellings. One eruidite pedagogue spelled "apostasy" thus—eppostecea. The list we subjoin, and it may occasion some amusement to test the young ones from it. It is: Intermittent, heresy, bilious, coercion, ecstasy, clarionet, surcingle, paralyze, licorice, trafficking, suspicion, ellipses, apostasy, delebile, mortgaging, singeing, skillfully, supp ena, allegeable, ignitible, phosphorescence, jeopardize, ebullition, aeronautic, sib lline, cachinnation, vacillation, bacchanalian, fascination, crystalize, catechise, trisyllable, tyrannize, apologize, gauging, saccharine, hemmorrhage, rendezvous, Farenheit, Galileau, Saducee, erysipelas, hieroglyphics, apocrypha, daugerreotype, idiosyncrasy, canaille, cannibal, mignionette, kaleidoscope.

SUPERSTITIONS IN MEDICINES.

A book published in 1774, called "A collection of above three hundred receipts in cooking, physic, and surgery," and purporting to be written by persons of great knowledge and long experience, has the following prescriptions, among others equally puerile and disgusting: "An almost infallible drink for weak children:" "Put an ounce of rhubarb and three hundred live wood-bugs into six quarts of small ale, and drink, spring and fall, no other drink." Here is a "Powder for Consumption:" "Take twelve of the smallest grigs (eels) you can get, wipe them very clean and bake them in a well-glazed pan all night," &c. Also, an excellent snail-water for consumption: Take a peck of large shellsnails, lay them on a hot hearth before the fire, let them lay till they have done hissing and spitting, then wipe them from the froth and break them in a mortar; add a quart of earthworms, slit and scoured spean," &c.

The cruelty practiced in the preparing of these revolting prescriptions is another sickening feature of these superstitions. In 1750, one William Ellis published a book in which is found the following cure for King's Evil: "A girl, at Gaddesden, having the evil in her infancy, at eleven lost one of her toes by it, and was so bad she could hardly walk. A beggar woman coming to the door and hearing of it, said that if they would cut off the hind leg and fore leg, on the contrary side of that of a toad, and she wear them in a silken bag about her neck, it would certainly cure her; but it was to be observed that on the toad's losing its legs, it was to be turned loose abroad, and as it pined, wasted and died, the distemper likewise would waste and die, which happened accordingly, for the girl was entirely cured by it, never having had the evil afterwards. In some parts of Scotland even at the present day, they collect a quantity of common garden worms, tie them in a cloth bag, and then expose them to a slow fire, by which they are gradually roasted alive; their decomposed remains are then applied as a salve, to the stomach of children infected with worms. This is done, probably, on the principle, "like cures like." In Lancashire and some of the adjacent counties the following was considered a cure for warts: "Steal a piece of meat from a butcher's shop, or from his tray, and having well rubbed the affected parts with the stolen meat, bury the latter in some secluded spot. If the whole be done without detection, the warts will disappear as the meat decays." To cure a sty on the eyelid, "get the tail of a black cat, on the first night of the new moon, and, and after pulling from it one hair, rub the tip nine times over the pustule." But the cures for whooping cough are perhaps the most singular. In Cheshire a ride upon a bear was considered an infallible remedy for it. Most persons, even in the present day, will believe this, especially in the neighborhood of the Rocky Mountains. The remedy would probably cure not only the whooping cough, but every other disease the person trying it might be afflicted with. In the counties of Norfolk, Leicester, and Northampton, the custom was to give fried mice to the patient in the morning, fasting; three the first morning, then wait three more; and then give the patient three more; as soon as he had swallowed nine the cure was worked, and the cough would leave him. The right fore foot of a hare, worn constantly in the pocket, was considered an effectual charm against rheumatism.

All the year round, "Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders" should be given to horses that are "kept up." To horses and cattle that graze in summer they should only be given in winter and spring.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Auction Sale of Timber Limit—A. Rowe.
Strayed or Stolen—Charles Goulden.
Early Closing—J. F Caldwell & Co., &c.
Tenders for Lock Gates—F. Braun.
Tenders for Swing Bridges—F. Braun.
Tenders for Central Tower—F. Braun.

The Ottawa Times.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1871.

For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Hon. Mr. Morris is expected here today from Perth.

Sir John and Lady Macdonald and party arrived home last evening by the *Queen Victoria*, from Riviere du Loup. The Premier looks all the better for his trip.

BRITISH EMIGRATION.

One great problem which the political economists of the age are striving to solve just now, is how how to strike a fair and equitable balance between capital and labour. It is one which has long exercised the minds and taxed the ingenuity of the ablest and most profound thinkers, and has given rise to a great number of Utopian projects and wild speculative theories at once impraticable and absurd. The labour market of Great Britain and of the old World to-day is overcrowded. The wages which the ordinary labouring man receives, more especially in the agricultural districts, is scarcely sufficient to provide him with food and raiment of the coarsest description. His life at the best is one long series of toil, hardship, and self denial, with but few rays of hope or pleasure to brighten it, or to dissipate the shadows with which poverty and care have surrounded his path. Either he is liable to become a patient drudge without a thought or aspiration of a much higher or nobler character than a beast of burden, or else, groaning over his hard lot and filled with bitter feelings towards everyone more fortunate than himself, he becomes a dangerous and seditious member of society,—an incipient "communist" in fact. Thus we see that according to the natural disposion of those who suffer from its effects, the result of the labour market of Europe being overstocked is either to reduce him almost to the level of an animal, or to render him discontented and dangerous. The solution of the problem therefore, which in simple terms may be designated how to get rid of the surplus population of the old world, is one which may well attract the attention of leading public men both in England and elsewhere.

It is with the surplus laboring population of the Mother Country that we are most concerned. If the British nation is to continue generally prosperous and contented it is essential that a certain number of the British people should expatriate themselves every year. As Capital when no home investments present themselves seeks employment in other countries, so Labor must do the same. If the strong right arms of some thousands of Englishmen yearly cannot find remunerative employment at home they must find it elsewhere. This may at first sight seem a hardship, and a man may be excused for saying "why am I to be the Jonah who is to be cast overboard to take my chance in the unknown, unfathomed waters of life?" However humble and unfortunate a man's position may be, there are sure to be some home ties which it is heart-breaking work to sever, little oases of love and friendship, of kindly thought and association, upon which he is loth to turn his back forever. It is a grave mistake to suppose that the poor English laborer, all untaught and poverty stricken though he may be, is totally devoid of that *amor patriæ* which Horace calls "an attribute of the gods, powerful and immortal as themselves." It is not the scenes and the language of his childhood to which alone he clings with fond affection, but to national ties and traditions also which have grown up with him and become part of his nature. He shrinks instinctively from the idea of passing all his days among foreigners, for whom "the great name of England," of which Tennyson has written, and which, to him, has a tender significance, will be treated with indifference, and possibly with hostility and contempt. Fortunately for him, however, and fortunately, too, for Britain it is possible for him to leave the old country and still remain connected with her; to find for himself a home in a land, which, though to him a strange one, is not a foreign land, where the name and institutions of Britain are cherished and revered, and where her flag waves as proudly as in the land of his birth. It is the privilege of the people of the United Kingdom to possess in their colonies the means of finding scope and employment for their industry without becoming alienated from their native country, and without being compelled to sever from those associations and sentimental affections which are among the best and purest attributes of human nature. The colonies of Britain are the heritage, not so much of the British Monarch as they are of the British poor, and it is their duty to see that no political economist imbued with new fangled theories or ultra materialistic ideas, allows that priceless inheritance to be wrested from them or bartered away. Here in Canada, the brightest star in the glorious constellation of British Colonies, where Labour is in constant demand and where universal prosperity exists, any industrious British subject can find a plentiful reward for his labour. Here, where though three thousand miles of ocean divide us from the old land, her name, her monarch, and her institutions are honored and beloved, thousands upon thousands of acres of virgin soil are ready to yield a rich return for toil expended upon them, and here Englishmen, Scotchmen and Irishmen can find a happy and peaceful home. And though they may never see again the place where first they drew breath, the memory of which, though perhaps the scene of much suffering and privation, still lingers in their hearts like a pleasant dream, though the old church yard where their forefathers lie sleeping, is thousands of miles away, they will have the satisfaction of feeling that they have not bartered away their glorious birthright, but are still Britons as their fathers were before them.

JUVENILE ROWDIES.

What a useful acquisition Dr. Goss of Liverpool, would be to Ottawa, and how some of the dear little boys who loiter about on our street corners would love him! With reference to youths of this description, who almost as soon as they are old enough to run alone are seen with cheap cigars or short black pipes in their mouths, the good Doctor says he does not approve of the use of a birch rod, which he thinks ought to be applied to children of a more tractable disposition. But for the class of juvenile "loafers" to which we allude, Dr. Goss says, "take a good stout hazel or ash plant and lay on vigorously." He regards this as the only correct mode of treatment and it is one which he never knew to fail. Dr. Goss' ideas would no doubt be regarded as old fashioned by fast "go ahead" youths of this description, but he and his "stout hazel" would probably do more to improve their morals and manners than all the good advice in the world. The latter they are reluctant to listen to or heed, but the Doctor's specific would make its influence felt whether they liked it or not. Speaking however in all seriousness, it is painful to see so many idle, ragged boys "loafing" on the street corners, smoking, chewing, swearing, and indulging in ribald talk. In too many instances we have no doubt that their unfortunate condition may be attributed to the neglect of parents and that they are therefore more to be pitied than blamed. But it is no less a matter for grave consideration as to what the future of these youths shall be, and it is a question of general public importance whether Canadian society is to go on producing a crowd of young ruffians who will as they grow older assuredly find a home in the Penitentiary, or whether some steps cannot and must not be taken to reform these unfortunates. There is no excuse for idleness in Canada. We have no room or place for "loafers" here. There is work for everyone who is able and willing to work, and when we know the demand which exists for labour, it seems a shame and a sin to see youthful arms which might be earning an honest living, and young brains which might be honourably employed, running to seed or being prostituted to a bad use. We have charitable societies of various kinds in our midst, one has lately been started for the prevention of cruelty to animals which has our best wishes,—cannot something be done towards the formation of a society for the prevention of "juvenile rowdyism," each member of which should make it his business to find out the name and residence of every young street Arab whom he finds wandering about unemployed, and to ascertain his real condition and life history. There would be many difficulties to be surmounted, perhaps some insults and indignities to be borne with, but the work would be one in which every Christain and every patriotic man could engage, encouraged by the knowledge that he was performing a valuable service to his country and to his fellow men.

THE NOVA SCOTIAN BUILDINGS.

We have already mentioned that Sir Francis Hincks succeeded in settling the long vexed dispute concerning the Provincial Buildings of Nova Scotia.

The Halifax *Reporter* says:—

At last; after the display of much spleen: the utterance of much bad language and the exhibition of much bad temper and party spite, the simple questions connected with this Building—and which a perverse party did its utmost to complicate—at length we rejoice to say, the Building is to be delivered up to its rightful owners to be devoted to its legitimate purposes. It is doubtful indeed if, in the history of the civilized world, another such instance of wanton folly, and cruel indifference to the wants of a people as that perpetrated by the Local Government, in this matter, could be cited. We care not what sum may be awarded by the arbitrators, we will at the end be prepared to show that Nova Scotia will lose largely by the obstinacy and dogged perversity of the Local Government in connection with this Building.

THE FISHERY QUESTION.

There is much of error and misrepresentation in the following letter from the special correspondent of the New York *World* writing from Gloucester. Still it is interesting to see how the fishery clauses of the Washington Treaty are regarded by the American fishermen. The correspondent says:—

A few months since the Joint High Commission of Englishmen and Americans meeting in Washington concluded a treaty between America and England. This treaty was adopted by the government of both countries, with the proviso that one of the most important and essential features, viz,, the regulation of the

FISHERIES QUESTION,

should be left for ratification by the Dominion of Canada before it should be valid and of any effect. The American fishermen claim now that the effect of this proviso has been to place them in a worse position actually than they were in previously, and to strike a blow which bids fair to destroy the important branch of American industry they represent. An indignant Gloucester paper, an especial organ of the fishermen, compares the present situation to 'the humiliating spectacle of Canada boldly flying her kite with Great Britain and the United States for a bob." The fisherman claim that the treaty is worth nothing more than waste paper, since the Dominion Government not only refuse to sign the treaty as agreed on by the home government, but continues its persecutions and outrages upon the American fishermen.

WHAT CANADA WANTS

is very clearly to be seen. She had made up her little mind to force upon us a thorough reciprocity treaty, and, with the petty spite of a woman thwarted in a pet project, pursues the most malicious and contemptible course to at least avenge herself as long as possible for her failure. Unhappily that recent treaty, as it stands, has afforded her the desired opportunity. She must have understood from the tone of our statesmen and of the American press generally that her notion of driving us into an agreement to reciprocity was chimerical and utterly hopeless. Something was left her however—something even better—the hope of

THE DESTRUCTION OF AMERICAN FISHERIES!

By what means could she expect to achieve this? Simply by that course which she has steadily pursued since the treaty was referred to her. Every effort has been made to harrass our fishermen, to seize their vessels upon the slightest excuse, to jealously keep them beyond a line five miles instead of three from shore, to prevent them from obtaining bait or repairing accidental injuries, to in every possible way diminish their profits and chances for success, and to create such a feeling of insecurity and fear among the owners of American fishing vessels as should prevent their employing even legitimate means to do the amount of business to which they are rightfully entitled. At the same time Canadian fishermen are making the most desperate endeavors to secure this season an extraordinarily large catch of fish. Their government encourages them with a bounty of $4 per ton on each vessel engaged four months in the fisheries, an amount equivalent there to at least $6 here, and they all work to their utmost to make sure of success in

THE NEXT MOVE.

of their game. This next move is to store up all the fish they take this season until the season is over; then, at the last moment, the Dominion Government will sign the treaty, and by so doing secure for the Canadian fishermen the entry of their fish free of duty into our ports. In other words the treaty of 1871, the grand effort of the High Joints, simply succeeds in putting into competition the American fisherman—whose vessel costs his him $120 per ton, outfit, stores, &c, double price, without bounty or any other assistance or encouragement than a very limited and scarcely important drawback on foreign salt and a slight reduction in tonnage—with the Canadian fisherman, whose vessel costs him but $60 per ton, whose outfit and stores only cost half as much as in the States, who gets a bounty equivalent to $6 per ton on his vessel; who works at his own door with all the conveniences of procuring easily as well as cheaply at any Canadian port all the necessities of his business, and who finally enjoys the benefit of all the best fishing inshore or anywhere near the line, while the American is driven off to the poorer grounds. That the reference to the drawback on foreign salt may be fully understood, it may be here stated that fishermen are permitted to withdraw foreign salt from bonded warehouses free of duty or cost, excepting 3 cents per cwt. weighing fees, and $1 80, the fee for a "withdrawal entry," provided such salt is to be used on board their vessels only. If it is to be used on the docks or in the fish-curing houses on shore, they must pay 18 cents per cwt. duty. In this simple and beautiful manner are the American salt-makers protected. All fish caught in this season (except halibut or cod kept on ice for a few days to be sold fresh) must be twice salted—once when they are caught; again with new salt and water when they are brought on shore and finally prepared for market. Here it is that the greatest use of salt is necessitated, so that the drawback on that used at sea is unimportant, a mere sop to Cerberus. What it really amounts to may be inferred from the fact that in the Gloucester district, where the principle fisheries interest of the country is located, it only averages about $50,000 per annum. The reducion on tonnage amounts here to only $10,000 more per annmm. All this, small or great, of course accrues directly to the benefit of the owners. The practical fishermen, those who have to bear half the cost of outfit and other expenses of the voyage—outside of provisions,—and who risk their lives in this perilous business, get none of it. Now all these details may be an insufferable bore, but they are of

DEEP VITAL INTEREST

to the fisherman, and to-day involve the fate of an industry worth annually millions of dollars to our country. An old and respected citizen of Gloucester says, conversing upon this topic "I tell you this is the only political question which we recognize as before us at this time. Its decision will either ruin or save us, and we want it decided at once. From the repeal of the bounties until this time they have constantly been making promises to us; promises of reduction of duties on salt; promises of protection from the insolence and constant aggressions of the Canadian authorities; promises of a fair and just treaty with Great Britain, which should establish and maintain our rights; promises all the time, and no performance at all. The government seems to care no more for us than if we were a set of outlaws. Will we support Butler? Well, I don't see why we should; still there's some difference among us about that. Some think he has done all he could, but I for one think that he might have kept his repeated promises to us of a reduction of salt, or at least tried to do so, instead of just sitting still and keeping his mouth shut when the time came for action.

Why, I tell you, these follows we have got now seem, whether wilfully so or not, I don't know, to lack intelligence, even common sense, in their treatment of this question. They have allowed our government to be trapped into a treaty which will enable Canada to put her fish into the United States, duty free, whenever she has a mind to. See the result. Canada is catching all the fish she can this season, and keeping us out. She is holding on to her fish until the season is all over, and is sending word all over the west, where our big trade is, that this coming winter and next spring fish shall be cheaper than they all, and at the same time keeping our sales have ever been before. None of her fish are coming in now. She is storing them and contracts down to the lowest limit, in anticipation of what she will do just as soon as the fishing season is over, viz., sign the treaty, and rush her fish all in at figures with which we cannot possibly compete without severe loss. You have facts and figures enough already to show you why we cannot, without my recapitulating them now.

STRONG LANGUAGE.

The New York *Irish People* indulges in strong language and appears much incensed with Mr. Beecher for his denunciation of the 12th of July rioters. It says:

"Very well, Mr. Beecher, let it come, and *we* tell *you*, and the Orangemen to boot, and Hoffman, and all his supporters, that if Orangemen ever attempt another parade in this city, it will be their last.

"Observe the sequel now Mr. Beecher, Gospel maker of cant and dollars, Free-love and anti-Irish hatreds, and thou, too, Jack Hoffman, who name will live to be execrated when your cowardly carcass is rotting. We raised our voice then (in 1864), and our doctrine was this:—Seek for no occasion to come in contact with the Irish murderers, arm yourselves to the teeth; if you or anyone belonging to you, be injured by any assault whatever, take the law into your own hands, for the law refuses you protection, and shoot down the Orange dogs as you would the commonest vermin that afflict your premises.

"Should the Orangemen ever parade in New York, let the citizens who feel aggrieved at the violation of our laws and institutions take whatever measures they choose into their hands to uphold the laws if they care anything for their country. As for the Irish element, whose lives are aimed at by Orangemen, let them congregate on the tops of buildings and at windows, provided with a few dozen of good hand-grenades, say a couple of hundred at different points, and all the State Militia that ever gathered together will hasten homeward as fast as their feet will carry them. Remember that 20,000 militia marching through New York streets are not quite equal to one hundred men situated as described. This to be had resource to only in the event of the Orangemen being surrounded by police and military so deeply that they cannot be reached, as on last Twelfth of July. After that, we shall have done with Orangemen in this city.

"Bear in mind, however, that we are now 12,000,000 strong. Bear in mind that our rights here are as patent as those of the best among you, and with this knowledge we shall protect those rights as rigidly and as fiercely as we protected the glorious flag of our adopted country, when your square heeled Yankees gave leg bail for their patriotism at Bull Run."

☞Just arrived, H. M. Rowe's Celebrated Baltimore Oysters at Delesderniers.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 8.

Sir John A. Macdonald and Lady, with Col. and Mrs. Bernard, left for Ottawa this morning. The Hon. Mr. Legge, Coldstream Guards, son of Earl Dartmouth, who is *en route* to San Francisco, accompanyed the party.

Miss Rye is in this city *en route* for England.

Leave has been granted the appelants to carry the Guibord case to the Privy Council.

Chas. Dudley, otherwise Rev. H. Bate Jessop, was arrested last night for vagrancy and a dangerous lunatic. Jessop, it will be remembered, was two months since up no a similar charge. He is a suspended clergyman and a pitiable object in the city.

A notorious den on St. Constant street, kept by Wm. Arnold, was broken up last night, all being heavily fined to-day.

The stringency in the money market, for the last few days, still continues, and loans of all descriptions are being called in whenever practicable. Transactions in the stock exchange are thereby completely upset. The selling quotations of all stocks and other securities are considerably reduced. The Bank of Montreal stock yesterday was down to 253, and to-day small transactions took place at 256½; buyers of larger amounts offer only 252½. For British North America 118 was bid. The Merchants have been scarcely dealt in the City, offering at 91, Molson's doing nothing. Toronto few sellers at 190.

The Saguenay steamers all laying up. The *Union* makes her last trip on Tuesday.

Le Pays states that Sir Narcisse Belleau and Hon. Mr. Chauveau are to exchange places.

Weather very cold for the season.

Many Western buyers in city and trade brisk.

BIC.

BIC, Sept. 8.

About 4 o'clock this afternoon, Mr. Ronold McDonald, of section five of the Intercolonial Railway fired twenty blasts, one of which contained 20 barrels of powder. A piece of rock calculated to be fifty tons weight was thrown a distance of over one thousand feet and pieces of from one to four tons weight were hurled about three thousand feet and still smaller pieces fell into the sea.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—The foot and mouth disease is spreading alarmingly among the cattle in Warwickshire.

The Prince of Wales has returned to England from the continent.

The Field Marshal, Von Blumenthal and Count Von Alton have arrived in London, as witnesses on behalf of the German Government of the autumn manœuvres of the British army in Berkshire. Each of the nations of Europe has, it appears, been invited to send two military officers to observe the evolutions of the troops.

There were 1,673 cases of the foot and mouth disease in the county of Norfolk last week.

The ministerial crisis which has been pending in Lisbon is ended.

Right Hon. George J. Goschen in his speech in reply to a toast at a sculler feast at Sheffield last evening, uttered a protest against the prevalent idea of self depreciation on the part of Englishmen.

One hundred and twenty Norwegian engineers have arrived at New Castle on Tyne.

Cork papers of to day say that Butt the Home Rule candidate for Parliament from Limerick, who was arrested for debt, has escaped from the custody of the Bailiff.

The colliers in Maltou district are to receive an advance of wages of 10 per cent.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 8.—It is announced that MahamikaPasha will succeed Aali Pasha as Grand Vizier, and that Pasha will become Minister of Foreign Affairs.

The death of the Grand Vizier took place on Wednesday afternoon.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 8.—The regular weekly statement of the Bank of France published here to-day, shows a decrease of the bullion in the vaults of 23,875,000f.

The Mayor of the town of Montandon, in the department of Doube, has been suspended from the exercise of his function, because he made preparations, despite prohibitions of the Versailles authorities to celebrate on the 4th inst., the anniversary of the inauguration of the Republic.

The Beni Masser tribe have submitted. The insurrection in the Province of Algiers has been subdued and the state of siege partially raised.

The *Journal des Debats* to-day states that the difference between the French and Italian governments are due to the interference of a delegate of the French legislation with the municipal envoys of the Italian government who were engaged in the work of surveying a Roumanian convent. It proves that the delegates in question belonged to the Vatican Legislation instead of the Italian government; and a satisfactory settlement of the difficulty is expected.

It it stated that Gambetta has under taken the defense in the case of two members of the press at the coming Charente assizes.

VERSAILLES, Sept. 8.—The trial of Rossel before the Court Martial terminated in his conviction. The prisoner has been sentenced to military degradation and death.

The Budget Committee presented a report which shows the estimated expenses for the fiscal year as follows: Interest on public debt, 723,000,000 francs; arrears and deficits, 673,000,000 francs; ordinary expenditure, 25,000,000 francs; departmental expenditure 300,000,000 francs.

VERSAILLES, Sept. 8.—The exciting debate on Deputy Racingo's bill which lasted four days closed this evening. The bill had assumed the form of a compromise, providing for the continuance of the Assembly at Versailles and the removal of the Ministerial Department to Paris. But the Government opposed the paragraph proposing the transfer of Ministries, and it was rejected. The bill, as finally amended, was adopted.

PANAMA.

PANAMA, Sept. 2.—The United States Consul at Panama demands the immediate prosecution of Gen. Herrara and others as pirates for seizing the American merchant steamer *Montege* for revolutionary purposes.

Advices from Guatemala state that doctor Galay had been appointed Minister of Foreign Relations.

Honduras advices state that the Honduras Railway was progressing.

Intelligence has been received from Costa Rica that the election of deputies to the National Assembly had taken place.

The Assembly had been ordered to meet on Octobre 18th.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Sept. 8.—King Amadeus has started from Valencia for Tortoso.

Subscriptions to the amount of £3,750 sterling have been raised in Spain for the purpose of erecting a monument to Marshal Prim.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, Sept. 8.—The Moravian elections give the government a two third majority in the new House for realization of the policy of equality of all Austrian Nationalities.

Latest American Telegrams,

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—The Brooklyn Coroner's Jury, in the case of Emily A. Post, proved that her death was caused by the brutal and inhuman treatment received at the hands of Dr. Perry and Madame Van Buskirk, and further find that P. K. Post, sr., Minerva Post, and P. K. Post, jr., the father, mother and brother of the deceased, in placing their daughter and sister in the hands of a known abortionist, were guilty of an unnatural outrage and evincing depraved minds utterly regardless of natural duty. Dr. Perry and Madame Van Buskirk were to await the action of the Grand Jury, and the father, mother, and brother of the deceased were held to bail as witnesses.

The *Tribune* says the action of Judge Barnard in granting a preliminary injunction against Comptroller Connolly was not wholy unexpected. Judge Pierrepont assured us at the meeting last Monday evening that to his own knowledge the Judiciary of this city would be swift to aid in the recovery by legal proceess of the money fraudulently drawn from the City Treasury, and assurances to the same effect have been privately made in other quarters, but the rapidity with which the proceedings have been entered has taken the public by surprise.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—Blacque Bey, Turkish Minister, has returned to Washington with his family after an absence of 17 months.

CHARLESTON, Sept 8.—There have been three deaths from yellow fever during the last 24 hours.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 8.—The steamship *City of Melbourne*, with a cargo of 120 tons of wool and tallow, 37 days from Sydney. New South Wales via Honolulu, has arrived here.

The Catholics of New South Wales are forming a political association in opposition to the Orange organization. The Catholic Archbishop has denounced the movement.

Anthony Trollope, the author, is visiting the Colonies.

The price of wool have advanced.

A new sect of Polygamist have been discovered at Melbourne.

The *soi distant* Messiah is a person named Fisher, who has married three sisters.

The public debt of Victoria is over £60,000,000.

The elections in Queensland are causing much excitement, and riots have taken place.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—Returns from the Board of Trade show that the exports from Great Britain during the month of August were unprecedently large.

The actual value of goods which passed outward through the Custom Houses of the United Kingdom was £22,221,245.

An increase of 60 per cent. over same months of 1870.

An affray between Catholics and Protestants occurred yesterday, at Portadown, Ireland. No lives were lost.

Communication has been effected with the imprisoned miners, at Wigan. Dead body of one victim has been brought to the surface, and others are known to be in so precarious a condition, that hardly a hope is entertained for the preservation of any of their lives.

Queen Victoria is improving in health and sat in the garden at Balmoral for a time yesterday.

The fearful storm has caused great damage to buildings and crops, in Moulton District, county of York.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—Count Armin has been finally replaced as German Ambassador at Rome, by Troutmansdorf, who is a partisan of Dallinger, and manifests great hostility to France. This nomination produces a deep feeling of discontent in the Vatican.

The Conference of Salzeburg, was most friendly on both sides. The people availed themselves of the event to have a gala day. A grand dinner was given last night, and there is also a brilliant illumination of the surrounding hills.

The Emperor William will leave to-day for Munich.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—There seems much uncertainty regarding the appointment of a Counselleor to represent the United States to the English American Convention, soon to assemble in Geneva. It is stated that the position has been tendered to several prominent lawyers, some of whom held the offer under consideration for some time, but afterwards declined it. The State Department declines to furnish any information on the subject.

UNITED STATES.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—Nothing positively is known as to the rumored recall of the Russian Minister, Catacazy, while it is said that Secretary Fish has not asked for his displacement. There is no doubt but that he would be gratified by the substitution of another person as Russia's representative.

Much progress has been made at the Department of State, in arranging claims under the Treaty of Washington. The British agent in this city has not only received a large number of claims heretofore filed in England, but claims from British subjects in this country.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7th.—The number of pools sold to-night on the four-oared boat race, to take place on Saratoga Lake, on Saturday afternoon, was: Taylor-Winship, 23; the Biglin, 20; Ward Bros, 20; the Tyne, 7; the Field, 7. For the single scull match on Monday, the Tyne were the first favorites, with the Taylor-Winship and Biglins next—as named.

WORCHESTER, Mass. Sept. 7.—Two mills owned and run by West Boylston Manufacturing Co., in Oakdale, near this city, were burned this evening. Total loss, $175,000.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.—This evening David Dorion, a young man, while trying to protect insult from a young girl attending a refreshment counter at Jones' Wood pic-nic grounds, was stabbed in the breast by a party of ruffians, and died in a few moments. The murderers escaped.

BISMARCK AT HOME.

An English lady of rank writes a very interesting description of her visit to Prince Bismarck from which we make the following extract.

The rattling noise of the carriage in the court and the baying of a band of watch-dogs brought the Princess von Bismarck, her daughthr, and two maids in Pomeranium Costumes is in keeping with the mansion. She is a lady on, I should say, the wrong side of 60, but fresh and comely withal. Placid women keep their good looks far into old age. Have you ever noticed what a peachy bloom there is in the cheek of a silver-haired Quakeress? Princess von Bismarck has this becoming bloom. She is quite an unpretending person both in dress and manner, and does not give herself any trouble to remind people of her being a great man's wife. You must not fancy because of her plain simple ways that she is vulgar or unintelligent. As the fashion is in her native province, she received scientific education in girlhood, and on leaving school, devoted her energies to domestic economy. I wish you could taste the game she pots, or the hams that are cured, the sausages that are manufactured, the cider that is bottled, and that is dried under her superintendence at Varzin. The best part of the provisions consumed in the Chancellor's town house come from his Pomeranian estate. In the good old-fashioned style, Madame Bismarch has a bunch of keys hung to her girdle. They depend from a gold *chatelaine* her husband picked up somewhere in France. When sitting in the drawing room, or superintending the farm women at their work, her knitting needles are always going. Everywhere in the sitting rooms, in the bedrooms, one perceives in knitting quilts, and curtins, netted macassars, embroidered pillows, evidences of her manual skill and housewifely activity. Being an old friend of the Countess, she kissed me. When I was introduced she addressed to me a hearty welcome in German. Her words had a motherly ring as she kindly said to her daughter, "You'll take care to be a good sister to the 'fraulein' while she is at Varzin." Then laughing, she told us that the Countess (Mlle. Bismarck) was engaged, but as her 'intended' was with her, she would not be too much occupied in thinking of him to attend to the visitors, of whom I learned at dinner there were no less than 30 in the house when we arrived.

Coffee was laid in the drawing-room. But Otto said that would never do. So he ordered a regular lunch, at which tea, with thick fresh cream figured. This repast was a good deal in the nature of a Scotch breakfast, for, in addition to cold roast mutton, there were train, hardbaked oat-meal scones, honey, preserves, and a sort of whisky, distilled from a mixture of barley and potatoes. The furniture used to be very plain. But Bismark has brought back from France carved oak sideboards, tables, and *bahuts*, equal to what one sees in the royal chateau of Pau, and probably as ancient. Many a *Signeurial* residence in France has contributed to fill his roomy Pomeranian *schloss* with pleasant riches. Our tea, for instance, was served in a porcelain service, taken from the Empress's apartments at Compiegne. This service was manufactured for marie Antoinette, at the factory she founded at Bourg-la-Reine, and it is quite unique. The ground is of canary yellow, and the decorative part consists of landscapes, most exquisitely done in Indian ink. The Princess Bismarck, with truly German naivetel says "Ah! you are admiring these litte mugs. They belonged to that poor Queen of Louis XVI. My husband bought the whole lot for a thaler from a soldier. He (Bismarck) sent me such lovely things from Versailles! I will show you the wonderful laces that I am going to have made up for Leuchen's trousseau. They were found by Otto in a most beautiful wardrobe (which I have placed in my wardrobe at Berlin), in the castle of the Duchess de Mouchy, that foolish Emperor's cousin. *Mein Gott!* what a foolish man that Emperor was. I heard the Emperor Wilhelm say that the Empress was also very silly and frivolous, and that she hated Prussia. But she was not wicked, notwithstanding her being the tool of Princess Metternich in provoking the war."

Bismarck came in from fishing while we were at luncheon. He is a beauty, hilarious, rough-and-ready sort of a man, with little culture of any sort, but a mine of mother wit, which best comes out over a tankard of beer. Without ceremony he took me at the coffee stage of the repast into the hall to show me a basket full of trout, fresh from a little noisy brook that runs into the laxe on the garden side of the house. Bismarck is a patient fisher and ventursome hunter. At Varzin, nobody unacquainted with his antecedents, could see in him the stuff for an astute politician. Yesterday, when he was romping with the gleesome of Leuchen, he caught my eyes scanning his massive head, and soldierly countenance. I wanted to see his astute genius lay, to find out where his Machiavellian spirits lurks, "There, he cried, "is your English *fraulein* wondering that a cloven foot does not show itself through my jack boot. Bismarck and the devil are all one. Isn't it so, old mother?" (this was to the princess.) What have you got to say about the boots and horns? If you could only hear what the Vienna papers are writing about my pact with Belial, you'd plead forthwith for a divorce. But, lukily, you never look at the papers, and therefore are in happy ignorance of my coquetries with his infernal Majesty."

EXPLORING THE TIBER.

THE HISTORICAL TREASURES THAT MAY BE FOUND UNDERNEATH THE OLD ROMAN RIVER.

It appears that at last the bed of the Tiber is to be thoroughly explored. The overthrow of the temporal power will render practicable, it is said, what under other circumstances could never have been accomplished. An association has been formed, headed by Signor Alessandro Castellani, which is backed by a rich banking firm in Paris, and which will proceed at once to explore the bed of the river. Every modern scientific application will be brought to bear to facilitate and render complete the search, and results of an important character are confidently looked for. Such hopes undoubtedly appear to be well founded. We cannot, indeed, be certain of what treasures lie concealed under the yellow flood of the Tiber. But we know they must be numerous and profoundly interesting.

Every revolution, say the Italians, has had to pay its tribute to the river. The statues of unpopular rulers, the Imperial diadems, armors, and insignia of proscribed dynasties, the wrecks of galleys, the spoil of temples, the innumerable household gods committed to the stream in preference to allowing them to fall into the hands of plunderers, are among some of the relics to be exhumed from the alluvial under the turbid waters. It is anticipated, of course, that the excavators will have to go deeply below the bed of the stream to ensure good discoveries. The deposits of years, counted by the thousand must be considerable, and it will be no light task to penetrate them. The experience and machinery of Engineers lately employed on the Thames Embarkment are, however, to be brought into play, and from the accounts before us, the projectors have no inadequate conception of the difficulties before them. We are glad, likewise, to gather from those accounts that the scheme is not undertaken as a commercial or financial speculation. No return is looked for other than the vast gain fairly to be prognosticated for art and history; and surely there is no other river in the world the exploration of whose bed could be expected to be more fertile of additions to our stock of archæological information.

A LADY'S ENCOUNTER WITH A PRUSSIAN DRAGOON.

Now and then Prussian soldiers presented themselves and claimed quarters, but soon withdrew. On one occasion Louise and myself were summoned into the stable yard by the cry, "Here are the Prussians!" and arriving there found half-a-dozen dragoons trying to turn out our two poor white ponies, and insinuate their big horses into the little stable. I sent a sister flying for the safe-conduct, which was kept at Ste. Marie, as most exposed to danger, being on the high road from Glen, and told my friends they could not come in there. The sergeant, a boy of eighteen or twenty, persisted that he would. The weather was bitter, his horses must have shelter. I went into the stable, seized the bridles of our two ponies, who had only just been taken out of harness, and said they were for the service of the Ambulance and should not be turned into the cold. The sergeant grew furious, and insisted on going into the gardener's house, a small one story cottage, to see if he could not screw his own special great beast in there. I told him that that was the house for smallpox cases; he was welcome to sleep there himself, if he liked. He replied, "He would not do that, he would not be murdered; but his horse should sleep there." I grew tired of all this nonsense and said, "To finish this affair, get out horse and all." On this he drew a remarkably long sword and brandished it ferociously about me. Louise stood by, watching the scene with much amusement, and sundry Sisters clung round her, declaring I should be killed; but she knew better, and coolly said, "Oh, dear no, Mademoiselle is quite competent to take care of herself." I felt very indignant, and seizing the boy's wrist I twisted his sword out of his hand with a jerk. It was quite new and very bright, and I gave it back, congratulating him on the opportunity he had of trying it for the first time on a woman. His companions began to laugh at him, and just then the Sister arrived breathless with the safe-conduct. "Now," I said to the sergeant, "you see I might punish you very severely for this. You saw the Red Cross marked on the doors, and the words "Ambulance Anglaise;" but if you will go away directly, I shall not complain to Prince Frederick Charles. He hesitated and I seized his horse's bridle and led him to the gate. "Get out," I said, "never let us see you here agan, you stupid boy! He did get out and his companions followed him, and never from that day had we any annoyance. The poor Sisters gave a sigh of relief, Louise and I retired upon our laurels to the calm of our own room, and so ended the defeat of the Uhlans in the Convent of St. Marc—*Our adventures during the War of 1870. By two English Ladies.*

DIED.

On the 8th instant, the wife of Mr. Richard Arthur Salter, of a daughter

AUCTION SALE

OF A

TIMBER LIMIT

SITUATED ON DEEP RIVER.

The Subscriber has received instructions to sell at the Union House, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, 4th October, a Timber Berth, being License No. 267 of 1870-71, of about 5½ square miles on the South side of Deep River.

Terms and conditions made known at time of sale.

Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Sept 8, 1871. 1761-td

STRAYED OR STOLEN

From McKay's Pasture grounds, New Edinburgh, a RED COW, with the ends sawn off of horns. Any person giving information that may lead to her discovery will be suitably rewarded.

And any person found harbouring or endeavouring to conceal her from discovery after this notice will, on conviction thereof, be prosecuted according to law.

All information concerning her will be thankfully received and rewarded by

CHARLES GOULDEN,
1764-tf Goulden's Hotel, Ottawa.

NOTICE.

EARLY CLOSING.

We, the undersigned Dry Goods and Ready Made Clothing Merchants, hereby agree to close our respective places of business at EIGHT O'Clock, p.m., from the FIRST of SEPTEMBER instant to the FIRST of MARCH, 1872.

J F CALDWELL & CO.,
EUG MARTINEAU,
W A CAMERON,
X & A GROULX,
J M GOULDEN,
N CHEVRIER,
P H CHABOT.
Ottawa, Sept. 9, 1871. 1760-1

NOTICE.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned endorsed "Tender for Lock Gates," will be received at this Office until FRIDAY, 29th September instant, for the construction and insertion of six pairs of LOCK GATES for the proposed enlarged Locks Nos. 9, 10, and 11, on the Grenville Canal.

Plans and Specifications can be seen on application at this Office, or at the Lachine Canal Office, Montreal, and at the Engineer's Office, on the Works at Grenville, where printed Forms of Tender may also be obtained.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th Sept. 1871. 1764-3

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for a Bridge," will be received at this Office until FRIDAY, the 29th day of September instant, at noon, for the construction of two Swing Bridges for the enlarged portion of the Grenville Canal.

Plans and Specifications can be seen on application at this Office, or at the Lachine Canal Office, Montreal, and at the Engineer's Office, on the work at Grenville, where printed Forms of Tender may also be obtained.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

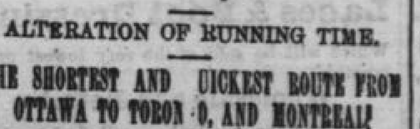
By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th Sept., 1871. 1764-3

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Central Tower," will be received at this Office until WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of September instant, at noon, for the carpenter and joiners' galvanized iron, plumber's and painter's works; also for wrought and cast iron work required for finish to the Central Tower, Parliament Buildings, Ottawa.

Plans and Specifications and Model can be seen at this Office, where all necessary information can be obtained.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th Sept., 1871. 1764 3



The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL!

On and from WEDNESDAY, 15th SEPT. Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 12:30 P.M
8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

Nos. 2, 4, 3, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 4:00 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M. arriving in Ottawa at 6 45 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4.40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 6:30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10 25 A.M. Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa
R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.
Ottawa Sept 9th, 1871

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

1760-6m D. WILKINSON,
Proprietor.

FURNISHED ROOMS WANTED,

By a gentleman in the Bank of Montreal, a furnished BED ROOM and SITTING ROOM. A liberal price given for suitable apartments. Address Box 366, Ottawa. 1763-3

MILLER WANTED

FOR OSCEOLA MILLS.

A good steady hand will be paid a liberal salary. Single man preferred. Apply personally at the mill or by letter postpaid to

McLAREN BROS.,
1763-3 Osceola, Ont

PRIVATE BOARD WANTED

In Upper Town by a Gentleman and his Wife. Apply by letter addressed
1761- U., TIMES Office

TO LET.

A first class Store and Offices, lately occupied by TIMES Printing and Publishing Company, formerly occupied by Magee & Russell, No 38, Sparks street Apply to

ANDREW PORTER,
1761-tf On the Premises.

NOTICE.

We hereby forbid all persons to hire JOHN DUNN and THOMAS PADDON, as they have deserted our employment.

GILMOUR & Co.
Gatineau Mills, Chelsea, Hull,
September 4, 1871. 1760 4

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

TWO VALUABLE FARMS

FOR SALE!

The following Valuable Farm situated on the banks of the Rideau about one mile and a half from Ottawa, the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq., and known as the South West half of Lot 14 on the Rideau River in the Gore of Gloucester. It is all cleared and in the highest state of cultivation; well watered; first-class brick building with seven rooms, and substantial barns, sheds, &c., thereon; also, an excellent orchard and garden. Beautifully situated and commanding a fine view of the City, Parliament Buildings, and surrounding country; contains about 100 acres.

ALSO

Lot No 16, in the Seventh Concession of Gloucester, Ottawa Front (the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq.), 8 miles from Ottawa and 2 miles from Taylorsville. Contains 200 acres, principally covered with timber.

For particulars and terms apply to DANIEL McLAURIN, Esq., of Osgoode, JAMES SEVERIGHT, Esq., of Gloucester, Trustees, or to

HAMNETT P. HILL.
Solicitor, &c.,
34-tf Post Office Block, Ottawa.

CAPE WOOL.

The Cargo of the "PEONY," direct from

PORT ELIZABETH,

will be ready for Inspection on the 18th instant.

GILLESPIE MOFFATT & CO.
Montreal, Sept. 7th, 1871. 1762-1w

ENGLISH WEEKLY NEWS PAPERS AND MONTHLY MAGAZINES.

LLOYD'S WEEKLY LONDON NEWS, Weekly Times, Reynolds', Weekly Dispatch,—the latest editions,—5 cents. Subscription (post free to any part of the Dominion)—yearly, $2.50; six months, $1.25.

Illustrated London News, Graphic, Bell's Life, News of the World, Punch, Fun, Judy, &c., &c.

THE TORONTO GLOBE delivered at 10 cents per week.

C. E. HUCKETT & CO.
69, Sparks Street.
August 29. 1755 1m

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the BROCKVILLE and OTTAWA RAILWAY will be held at BROCKVILLE on the 10th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon a lease of the section of the said Railway lying between CARLETON PLACE and SAND POINT to the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.
Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY will be held at OTTAWA on the 11th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon the accepting of a lease from the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company of that section of their Railway lying between Carleton Place and Sand Point, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.
Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

OF THE

AGRICULTURAL & ARTS ASSOCIATION

OF ONTARIO,

To be held at Kingston,

On the 25th to 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Persons intending to exhibit will please take notice that the Entries of articles in the respective classes must be made with the Secretary, at Toronto, on or before the undermentioned dates, viz:

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before Saturday, August 26th.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery and Manufactures generally, on or before Saturday, September 2nd.

Horticultural Products, Ladies' Work, the Fine Arts, &c., on or before Saturday, September 16th.

Prize Lists and Blank Forms for making the entries upon, can be obtained of the Secretaries of all Agricultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes throughout the Province.

HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec'y Agricultural and Arts Association
Toronto, August 15, 1871. 1745-d&wj

LOCAL NEWS.

The Perth Volunteers go into camp, at Prescott, on Tuesday next.

COUNTY OF LANARK.—The next circuit, of the Division Court, for the County of Lanark, will be holden as follows:—

STREET RAILWAY.—We agree with a contemporary that a branch of the street railway to Sandy Hill would prove very remunerative.

CITY COUNCIL.—A special meeting of the City Council will be held on Monday night next to take some action with respect to the new bridges.

A PERTH PAPER SAYS:—"Mr. R. Stone, of this town, sent us, on Tuesday, a potatoe weighing 2 lbs 5½ oz. Its a dacent looking Murphy intirely."

WEATHER.—The weather has been very cool during this week, the nights being especially so. Frost on Thursday night proved injurious to tender plants.

"TIMES" AGENT.—Mr. L. A. Grison has been appointed Agent for the TIMES newspaper and is authorized to solicit advertisements and collect accounts for the same.

OBJECTIONABLE PRACTICE.—Residents on Victoria street complain that carters and others soil the water of the well on that street by washing their horses legs on the platform round the pump.

PREPARING FOR THE RACES.—Our Ottawa sportsmen, have we are glad to learn, put their horses under proper training for the Fall races. They have been fortunate in securing the services of Mr. Wm. Flint, a pupil of John Scott, the celebrated London trainer.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—The Treasurer of the County of Carleton General Protestant Hospital, acknowledges the receipt per honor of J. Simpson, Esq., of sixty-three dollars and fifty three cents, proceeds of a collection taken up in Christ's Church, in the city of Ottawa.

INDIAN CHURCH.—The Rev. J. Jacobs, (Keshegowenene,) native Missionary of the Ojibway Indians at St. Clair River Mission, near Sarnia, in the Diocese of Huron, desires to acknowledge the receipt of $150 from the citizens of Ottawa, and to express on his own behalf, and on the behalf of those among whom he is laboring, his grateful thanks for the Christian liberality extended to him here.

The church is built of white brick, with a spire, at a cost of $1,600, and will be ready for opening by the end of this month.

NEW HOTEL.—We understand a company, composed principally of Lower Town Merchants has been formed with the object of refitting and reopening the old British Hotel, on Susex street. We believe the building is to be somewhat altered in outward appearance and to be fitted up inside in first class style. Subscriptions were solicited yesterday as securities that the lease money would be paid. If it is possible to make the Hotel pay even after some years we consider the present undertaking a wise investment on the part of Lower Town property holders.

THE ST. L. & O. R. CHANGE OF TIME.—On and after Wednesday, the 13 inst., trains will run as follows on the above line:

LEAVE OTTAWA:

No. 2 Express, leave Ottawa at 7:00 A. M.
" 4 " " " 11:00 "
" 6 Mail, " " 12:30 P. M.
" 8 Express, " " 10:30 "

LEAVE PRESCOTT:

No. 1 Express, leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M.
" 3 Mail, " " 4:15 A. M.
" 5 Express, " " 4:40 P. M.
" 7 Accomodation " 6:30 A.M.

For further particulars see advertisement in another column.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—Jas K Griffin, Hamilton; Ira Cornwall, Jr, Montreal; H D Jessup, Prescott; Chas Levi, New York; Homer Taylor, Montreal; Andw Bell, Grenville; A Dunlop, Pembroke; M Thomson, Montreal; Joseph Cumming, do; John Poupore, Chichester; J Standish Haty, Englond; Hon H Legge, do; Mr, Mrs and Miss Cruso, Cobourg; Mrs A R Boserell, do; J C and W G Beers, Montreal; J P Bostwick, Pembroke; S Lippincott, Elizabeth, N J; J Rosannond, Jr, Almonte; D Stark, do; Mrs Hurd and child, do; C McCuaig, do; Jas McLaren, Buckingham.

SPLENDID DISPLAY.—Large numbers of ladies and gentlemen visit Messrs. Russell & Watson's (late Magee & Russell) store, Sparks street, every evening, to view the rich display of goods exhibited in the windows of the establishment. A more thoroughly arranged and finer looking lot of Dry Goods we have never seen. The varied assortment of goods elicits expressions of admiration from all beholders, and the enterprise displayed by the new firm is very creditable. Messrs. Russell & Watson have the reputation of being able and experienced business men, and we have no doubt they will receive the patronage extended to their predecessors.

CRICKET.—The Ottawa Cricket Club will play a club match on the Rideau Hall Grounds this afternoon, the wickets to be pitched at 2 o'clock, sharp. The following will be the teams: Carter, Smith, Powell, Scott, F. Cotton, Egan, Evans, J. Cotton, Grayburn, Crombie, Meredith and Pain, on the one side against Brodie, Phillipps, Ford, Miall, Patterson, Laumann, Benjamin, Kohler, Baker, Peden, Brewer, and Himsworth on the other, but any other member, whose name does not appear in the above list will be added if on the ground before the game commences. Through the kind permission of the officers, the O. B. G. A. Band will be in attendance, and will play the following

PROGRAMME.

1 Quickstep—"Those dear bright eyes."
2 Overture — Grand Duchesse — Offenbach.
3 Waltz—"Chiquita."—Wellesley.
4 Linda Polka—Strauss.
5 Grand Selection, "Martha."—Flotow.
6 Quadrilles, "Queen's Canadian." — Prince.
7 Song, "Kathleen Mavourneen." — Crouch.
8 Galop, "Joy of Life."—J. C. Bonner.
9 Selection, La Vie Parisienne—Offenbach.
10 Quadrille, La Fete des Chasseurs—Schubert.

God Save the Queen.

☞Just arrived, H. M. Rowe's Celebrated Baltimore Oysters at Delesderniers.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

MUSIC.—GOWAN'S BAND.—Ottawa maybe behind the times in some respects, but we can safely say that in musical proficiency—vocal and instrumental—Ottawa can compare favorably with any other city in the Dominion. We have amateur singers—male and female—in our midst, of whom we feel justly proud, and of whom we can only speak in terms of praise whenever they afford us an opportunity of judging of their merits. But taking instrumental music separately, we think, we can point to an Ottawa Brass and Quadrille Band, which for talent, ability and admirable efficiency cannot be surpassed by any similar organization in Canada. We refer to Mr. Gowan's brilliant body of musicians, numbering about 20 members in all. Each member is a musician almost by nature, and so thoroughly experienced and practiced are they that each one finds little difficulty in playing upon any instrument. Mr. Gowan merits the sincere thanks of the public for his laudable enterprize in providing the capital with so excellent a musical organization.

POLICE COURT—FRIDAY.

Bridget Carrol charged with vagrancy in the neighborhood of the grave yard, Sandy Hill, was sentenced to two months imprisonment.

Mary Campbell, charged with being disorderly on the public streets was let go.

Charles Whitty, charged with indecent conduct on the public street, was fined $10 and costs or three weeks in gaol.

Catharine Harrison, charged with drunkenness, was sent to gaol for three weeks.

Emily Gordon, charged with being a common prostitute, wandering about the streets, was let go on promising to leave the city.

Frank Griffith and G. H. Hardgrave were chaged with fighting at the St. L. & O. Station.

Constable Morrison and Mr. Taylor gave evidence, explaining the nature of the quarrel, and showing that Hardgrave was the persistent assailant in the whole affair. The case was dismissed with costs, against Griffith, and a warrant issued for Hardgrave's arrest.

FLIGHT OF A WIFE.

SAD INCIDENT WITH A LUDICROUS FEATURE.

One day last week—the Portland Press says—an Englishman named J. W. Ashburn, called at the International Telegraph office and asked if a despatch had been sent to him from Halifax. The man was quite anxious and became despondent when he learned that none had been received. Then he told Mr. Brown, the telegraph agent, the cause of his anxiety. He and his wife, he said, had recently arrived at Halifax from Liverpool, on their way to the States. He had come to Portland by steamer and his wife was to follow by the next boat, but she had not arrived. He was afraid she was sick, or something wrong had happened her. Mr. Brown sympathized with him, and offered to do all he could to relieve his anxiety.

The man gave the name of the hotel in Halifax where they had stopped, and the telegraph clerk at once sent a despatch of inquiry. The man haunted the place all day, but no despatch came. Even after the office closed at night, the stranger called on Mr. Brown at his house to see if any tidings from the absent wife had come. None had been received, and he went away sorrowful. Next morning, just as our genial Collector of customs was leaving home for his office, one of those ubiquitous urchins that wait upon the telegraph rushed up and put his hand upon a despatch directed to himself. He opened it and read:

Halifax—To J. Washburn, Portland:—Your wife sailed for Liverpool in the steamer of yesterday in compan with a young man.

(Signed,)

"Zounds!" quote the Governor; "I know better. I left my wife at the breakfast table just now. What the dickens does this mean?"

He read it again; then looked at the envelope. That was his name sure enough; but his wife hadn't run away and wasn't likely to; so he put the document in his pocket, walked down town and sent the despatch back to the telegraph office for some other man.

Presently Mr. J. W. Ashburn came in in haste. The envelope was handed to him. He tore it open and read. Imagine his consternation. He was paralyzed for a moment, and then broke out in language more forcible than elegant, declaring that his wife had gone off with "that fellow," and that "she's got $1800 of my money, and all clothes and baggage!" and he crumpled the detested epistle in his hand, and rushed like lightning from the office. The blunder of the telegraph operator in forwarding the name of the party to whom the despatch was directed had given a sad occurrence a very ludicrous feature.

THE VENUS OF MILO.

When the Prussians were expected at Paris many of the finest paintings of that city were sent to Brest; but the statues were not so easily handled, and it was greatly feared that the Venus of Milo might have to become Prussian. To prevent that she was placed in a coffin, and in the dead of the night, very few being let into the secret, she was buried in a crypt of the Prefecture of Police. It was intended to resuscitate her immediately after the peace; but the Commune having been declared, silence was observed as to the beautiful statue. The next thing, however, was that the Prefecture was burned, and great apprehensions were entertained as to the fate of the marble lady. The experiment was, however, more successful than that of poor Juliet, for the statue was found safe and sound, a water pipe pipe having played in such a manner as to keep the fire from her.

A SAILOR DRIVEN TO SUICIDE BY MOSQUITOES

The mosquitoes of Burmah (says the *Madras Mail*) have a terrible reputation, but we never imagined that they were such formidable wretches that they could drive to suicide a sailor walking as sentry on the gangway of Her Majesty's frigate "Fox," when that vessel was lying at anchor on the Irrowady, who was dreadfully teased and excited by the swarms of mosquitoes which kept worrying him. "No amount of fighting had the least effect on them. Finally he gave up in despair, and calling to his comrade, Bob, "I say Bob," he inquired, "do you think hell is worse than this —— place" (using some dreadful expressions in reference to his tormentors). He said he did not know, "but no doubt," quoth Bob, "it is pretty bad here, and unless we get the skin of an elephant, these burning, stinging beasts will eat us all up alive.'" The sufferer remarked, "Good bye, Bob, I am going to see if it is not cooler there than it is here." With that he walked up the steps and gave one jump and away overboard he went, sinking to rise no more. The watch was roused with the cry "A man overboard." Boats were lowered, and every search made to recover the infatuated man who wanted to get away from the pestering, worrying mosquitoes and could not. He committed suicide in the frenzy produced by them. A court of inquiry was held next day, and their verdict was "Drowned himself when mad from the stings of swarms of mosquitoes." The commodore sent on shore and bought muslin enough in town to supply each man with a set of mosquito nets or curtains, when the misery of these poor men was brought to a happy close.

☞Just arrived, H. M. Rowe's Celebrated Baltimore Oysters at Delesderniers.

SUCCEEDING TO THE BUSINESS OF MAGEE & RUSSEL

The Undersigned, in succeeding to the business of the above named Firm, would say that the balance of the Stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Carried over by them, will now be offered by us, at prices that cannot but attract the attention of

CLOSEST BUYERS.

In order that we may have time to get the stuff forward and reduced,

THE SALE

Will not begin before

Monday, the 4th September.

Having therefore decided that all Goods of this Season MUST BE SOLD, we have reduced to them to such prices as must soon effect it.
We therefore invite inspection of our Stock by intending purchasers.
We would call special attention to our

SILK DEPARTMENT,

in this line we are offering decided BARGAINS in Colored, Fancy and Black Silks.

In the

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

We will offer a large lot of FRENCH MERINOS, FRENCH TWILLS, REPPS, SERGES and WINCIES.

The Goods in this Department were considered fair value at old prices, but having decided to CLEAR OUT, all of last Season's Stock have been marked down. Those requiring anything in this line will do well to give a look through the Departments.

ALL STAPLE GOODS, WHILE THE SALE CONTINUES, WILL BE OFFERED AT A SMALL ADVANCE.

☞ A large quantity of Grey and White Cottons now forward, and considered extra GOOD VALUE.

We will not quote prices, being satisfied, as we are, that purchasers must see value before paying any attention to figures.

RUSSELL & WATSON,

SUCCESSORS TO—

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

IF YOU DESIRE

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

SEND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor

ESTABLISHMENT FOR YOUNG LADIES, Wilbrod Street (between Nelson and Gloucester Streets), Sandy Hill, Ottawa.

Mrs. ROBERT STEWART returns thanks for the kind patronage she has received during her residence in Ottawa, and hopes by unwearied attention to her scholastic duties, and by their efficient discharge, to merit and receive a continuance of favor and support.

The School will be RE-OPENED on FRIDAY, the 1st of September. All the Classes are open to any who may wish to join one or more of them for the study of any special subject.

Terms very moderate. References to parents of pupils.

August 18th, 1871. 1746 tf

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY. CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA,

Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's.

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.

1737tf

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested to settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

WANTED,

Young Ladies to learn Systematic Dress Cutting by the "PRINCESS LOUISE CHART." Terms $3. Apply to Miss FARNHAM, Russell House, Ottawa. 1746 a

DR. LOGAN,

Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

☞ Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

YORK STREET, Lower Town, next door to Mathew's Hotel,

And at No. 209 WELLINGTON STREET Upper Town, opposite the Montreal Bank.

Mr. GENDREAU has always on hand the best French and English perfumeries.

You are respectfully requested to visit these establishments.

Ottawa, 21st August, 1871. 17478

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY, WELLINGTON STREET,

CONDUCTED BY THE GREY NUNS.

The course of studies at this Institution will be resumed on Monday 4th Sept.

OTTAWA CONVENT, Grey Nuns, Aug. 17, 1871. 1745-b

CHURCH OF ENGLAND LADIES' SCHOOL,

WELLINGTON STREET, OTTAWA

(Established, 1869—Incorporated, 1871.)

Lady Principal............*Miss Machim.*

This School will re-open SEPT. 1st.

New Prospectuses can be obtained of Durie & Son and Hope & Co.

Further particulars on application to the Lady Principal, or

REV H POLLARD, Secretary, Ottawa.

1743o

THE Rev. C. F. STREET informs his friends and the public that he will open his Classical and Commercial SCHOOL on MONDAY, 28th AUGUST, in the School Room lately occupied by the Rev. Mr. May. For particulars, apply to Mrs. Kendall, Taylor's Block, corner of Nelson and Daly streets. 1741tf

MR. E. H. HARINGTON, B.A., Oxford University, Begs to inform his Friends and the Public, that he will OPEN his PRIVATE SCHOOL on MONDAY, the 4th September. Schoolroom, corner of Bank and Albert Streets. For further particulars, apply to Mr. E. H. HARINGTON, Russell House.

N.B.—Private pupils can be taken in the evenings.

August 24, 1871. 1751 8

ACADEMY OF THE GREY NUNS, AYLMER.

The Classes of this Academy will OPEN on the 1st SEPTEMBER next. The building is new and spacious, and is situate near the banks of the Ottawa river.

Aylmer, 16th August, 1871. 1744td

SELECT BOARDING AND DAY ACADEMY FOR BOYS. (CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL.)

Principal — REV. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

Careful instruction will be given in Latin and Greek Studies, in French and German Languages, in Mathematics, in certain branches of Science and Art, and in all the common branches of an English education.

The Academy on the south side of Daly and Ottawa streets will be OPENED on the 7th SEPTEMBER next.

For further particulars, please address the Rev. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

August 25. 1752 1

A MARRIED WOMAN (English) wishes to obtain in a small Family's WASHING. A.D.C., care of John Bobier, Ottawa.

CANADA CENTRAL —AND— Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER, 1871

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.
Mail Train at 3:30 p.m.
Through Ottawa Express at 4:10 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 8:10 p.m., and at Sand Point at 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.
Mail Train 5:20 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m. 9:00 p.m.
LEAVE SAND POINT—9:10 a.m.; 4:30 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 9:10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT, Manager.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1761-v

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for Supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY FOR SUNDAY USE.

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season..		$5 00
20lbs " " ..		9 00
10lbs "	month	1 50
20lbs "	"	2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance.

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N.B.—Ice sup r ton or cwt.
ttawa April 871

AN EXPERIENCED ACCOUNTANT Having a few hours daily to spare, is desirous of obtaining a Set of Books to keep. Good references. Terms moderate. Address E. T. P., TIMES Office. 1746 a

YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY.

"CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME," a Branch of the Villa Maria Establishment, corner of Wellington and O'Connor streets.

This Establishment RE-OPENS its Classes on the 7th SEPTEMBER. The Course of Instruction comprises every branch suitable to the education of young ladies. Special attention is given to the cultivation of politeness and lady-like deportment. A select day school is attached to the establishment, wherein day scholars can have dinner at an extra charge of $2 per month. For particulars and prospectus, apply to the Lady Superior.

Ottawa, 30th Aug., 1871. 1756td

BOARD WANTED

In a Private Family, by a Gentleman. Six o'clock dinner preferred. Address X Y Z., P. O. Box, 285. 1754

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS, ON BLACK RIVER,

For Sale by Auction, at the Union House,

ON WEDNESDAY, 4th OCTOBER

next, at one o'clock, p. m., being

License No. 265, of 1870-71......50 miles.
And No. 367, of 1870-71.......50 miles.

Total one hundred square miles of richly timbered limits.

By order of ALEXANDER FRASER, Esq.

Ottawa, 1st Sept. 1871. 1759-td

Circus and Caravan

COMING.

A Herd of Eight Elephants

Recently added to the Exhibition, will appear in the Grand Procession in the City of Ottawa.

FULL TROOP OF BRITISH RIDERS AND ACROBATS.

THE GREATEST EXHIBITION

Ever given will come off in OTTAWA,

SATURDAY, September 16,

Afternoon and Evening,

☞ONE DAY ONLY,

Howe's Great London Circus

AND

SANGER'S English Menagerie OF TRAINED ANIMALS.

The Magnificent, Gorgeous and Costly Golden Chariot Procession, the Largest and Most Brilliant Cavalcade of the kind ever seen, with its

FIVE COLOSSAL CHARIOTS,

Drawn through the streets by teams of Zebras, Shetland Ponies, Abyssinian Donkeys and beautiful Flemish Horses.

100 *Knights in Burnished Steel Armor,* Ladies in full Circassian Costume, attended by their Equerries, Squires, Pages, &c., in appropriate Dresses, with Banners, Flags, Superb Trappings, &c., and the full

BRITISH CORNET BAND,

Conceded by the Profession to be the best musical accompaniment ever heard in a circus.

Doors open at 1 and at 7 p.m.

Admission, 50 cents Children under ten 25 cents. 1747td

BUSINESS CHANGE.

We, the undersigned, in relinquishing the Retail branch of our business, beg to return thanks to the public of Ottawa and vicinity for the very liberal support accorded to us during the past eight years, and to announce that we have

DISPOSED OF OUR STOCK,

And leased the premises,

29 Sparks Street,

TO

MESSRS.

ALEXANDER RUSSELL,

(Late of Blyth & Russell, Ottawa,)

AND

ROBERT WATSON,

(Of Watson & Hayes, Almonte,)

Who will continue the business under the name and style of

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Both of these gentlemen were formerly in our employ, and being possessed of ample means and long experience we have great pleasure in recommending them to the confidence and patronage of all our friends and customers.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, August, 1871.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE

RUSSELL & WATSON

Have pleasure in announcing that they have purchased the

Entire Stock in Trade,

AND

GOOD WILL

OF THE

RETAIL BUSINESS

Lately conducted by Messrs.

Magee & Russell,

And leased their premises, 29 Sparks Street, for a term of years.

And hope by keeping only the best qualities of goods, and adopting a uniform and

Moderate Scale of Profits,

By anticipating the wants of the public and a strict attention to business to merit and retain the patronage so liberally bestowed upon their predecessors.

And we beg to assure the old patrons of the establishment that no efforts will be spared in maintaining the leading position to which it had attained.

ALEX. RUSSELL. ROB'T. WATSON.

Ottawa, August 1871.

FRED. T. PALMER,

Commission and Lumbermen's Agent, Rideau Street, (entrance O'Meara's Gateway.)

Particular attention will be given to hiring men, teams, &c., and all transactions with the Crown Land and Timber Office.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:

R Nagle, Esq, Allan Grant, Esq, | Wm Mackay, Esq, E McGillivray, Esq

Ottawa, Sept 1, 1871. 1746tf

Peaches!

Peaches!

Peaches!

Pears!

Pears!

Pears!

Apples!

Apples!

Apples!

And all other Kinds of Fruit

at the Fruit Depots of

G. LORENZ,

No. 47 RUSSELL STREET.

—AND—

NO. 58 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

GREAT

DRY GOODS SALE.

Allan, McKinnon's & McMorran,

Have determined to clear out the FALL and WINTER GOODS purchased at a heavy discount from Messrs GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO, and with that view will bring forward the whole stock, including several large lots of

NEW GOODS

purchased far below Market value, and offer the whole at prices that must induce good judges of goods to buy largely.

The sale will commence on

Monday, 4th Sept'r.,

And continue one month.

As many of the cheapest lines will be sold quickly, intending purchasers will do well to call early and secure a choice.

1,000 YDS. JAPANESE SILKS,

At 50 cents per yard.

ONE CASE OF VELVET RIBBONS, damaged by fresh water, will be offered at less than half price.

2 Bales of GREY COTTONS, in short pieces, at from one to two cents below usual prices.

To be reduced one third in prices—a large quantity of

MILLINERY, MANTLES and MANTLE CLOTHS,

A line of Velveteen Jackets, reduced to $1.50 each, Waterproof Mantles at from $2.50 to 5, DRESS GOODS, in a variety of fabrics, reduced below cost.

PRINTS—A line formerly sold at 12½ cents will be cleared out at 9 cents per yard.

A large lot of Gloves and Hosiery will be marked down far below cost.

A lot of best Brussels Carpets will be sold at $1.25 per yard.

ALLAN, McKINNON'S & McMORRAN, Successors to Garland, Mutchmor & Co No. 20, Sparks Street.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, that if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—The best old brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

GIN—J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—Islay Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALE—Guinness's and Dawes' bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—Best Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove their quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

☞ ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

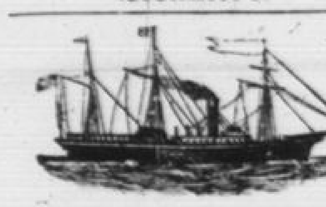
WANTED,

A School Teacher for School Section No. 3 Huntly. Apply to

HENRY McBRIDE,
J. LETT,
or JAMES JOHNSTON,
Carp Post Office
Ontari.

1766-2w

Steamers



THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

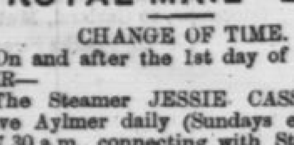
S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE, Manager.
HERRICK & CROMBIE, Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.
May 29, 1871 2670tf



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

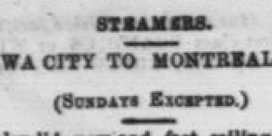
On and after the 1st day of SEPTEMBER—

The Steamer JESSIE CASSELS will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 7.30 a.m., connecting with Steamers of the Line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The Steamer PONTIAC leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted), at 1 p.m., for Des Joachim; returning—leaving at 6 a.m., connecting with Steamer JASON GOULD, which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 p.m., passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The Steamer PRINCE ARTHUR leaves Portage du Fort at 7 a.m., connecting with Steamer JESSIE CASSELS for Aylmer.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip, at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 9 a.m.
R. S. CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, August 28th, 1871.

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"
CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.
R W SHEPHERD.
April 25, 1871.

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

MR E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B —Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1736tf

A RARE CHANCE.

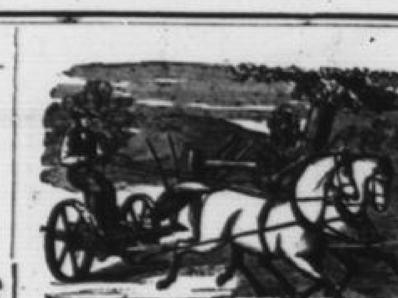
HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR
FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,
IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address
GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,
N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.
Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

The Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy will, at a Session to be held in the Hall of the said Township on SATURDAY, the 30th day of SEPTEMBER next, pass a By-law to establish the road as now laid out, between Lots Nos. 5 and 6, in the Third Concession of the said Township.
W. P. TAYLOR, Township Clerk.
Fitzroy, 28th August, 1871. 36 4



SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY,
—AND—
AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD, Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED
BUCKEYE MOWER
—AND—
SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain*.

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.
FROST & WOOD, Smith's Falls, Ontario.
June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa P.O., August 31, 1871.

Adcock J C	Martin Wm
Anderson Elizabeth	Maddin Thos
Anderson Samuel	Malsbury Wm
Armstrong Wm	Minea Benj
Arnold Wm	Meade M J
Arthur Geo A	Mercer John
Armstrong Mrs A C	Mitchell W H
Aspdin Thos W	Milne G B
Barnes Sydney	Motherwell Thos
Barber G	Moore & Coburn
Beveridge Thos	Moore F H
Benfield Wm	Muir Wm
Bell H H	Murphy Mathew
Blais Miss Lydia	Neill John
Blakely Mrs	Nelson Mrs Alex
Boyd Dr R H	Nesbitt John
Brayer Wm	Nicholson John
Brennan Wm	Nichols John
Brewer Mrs Emily	Nolan Miss B
Bullock L	O'Brien Wm
Bowns Wm	O'Donnell D
Buchanan Mrs John	O'Donnell, G
Burns Mrs S	O'Connor W P P
Burns Miss	O'Connor Jno A
Byrns Hy	O'Connor Mrs
Campbell Mrs John	O'Dwyer John
Cain Miss Sarah J	Oliver A
Campbell Mrs Mary	O'Meill J
Callaghan Alex	Ormand Jno T
Cantwell John	Patterson Miss Anna
Cahal Miss Mary	Pearsons Albert
Church Jos	Perry Mrs M C
Clarke Miss Emma	Pearson F M
Conway Miss B	Perwitt J H
Corrigan Ed	Pickens John
Connor John	Powers Jesse
Cross W L	Pringle Miss Sarah
Crozier Jos	Pritchard Wm
Cunningham Thos	Quinian Mrs P
Daly Carol	Rathwell Miss A
Davis J	Rice Alex
Davidson C P	Roberts Miss Kate
Davis Jas	Robertson Geo
Daly J J	Rose Rodger
Davis Mrs R	Roberts Mrs
Dempsey Miss E	Robertson David
Dendmore Miss Mary	Ryan Miss Julia
Dicare Miss M	Russell Mrs
Dickson Dr Geo	Russell A D
Doyle Mrs Peter	Saunders Miss Julia
Duncan Jas	Scobie Mary
Fenton Miss J	Servo Walter
Fisher John	Sheaver Jno
Forson Jas	Shehan Thomas
Forbes John	Smith John
Foster Jas	Smith Mrs W
Furlong Jas	Smith H D
Gan John	Smith Heber
Gibbons E	Smith Wm
Gillis J S	Sparks Miss Jane
Glenn Alex	Somerville Hugh
Gormly P	Sparks Noel
Gilchrist John	Sternbug J W
Grimes Thos	Sullivan John
Harris Lizza Ann	Tobin Jas
Hamilton Mrs S	Turner RW
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Hicks Jas	Ward Jas
Holland W H	Wable A
Hogan Miss B	Wallace M
Hogan Wm	Wagner H
Hunt Wm	Wilsman G & T
Hutchinson G W	Webb Jas T
Hutchison John	Weir John
Huchley Mrs	Wells J P
Hubert J	Webster Miss E H
Janet Rev Mr	Welch Mrs Geo
Jamieson D J	Whalen Miss Eliza
Johnston Miss Ellen	Wilson R
Jones Mrs J E	Wood H O
Kennedy Jno	Wright J
Kealy Mrs Julia A	McBrayen A
Kennedy M	McBryde Jas
King Geo	McClanlish T
Kingsmill M	McDonald And
King Jas	McClory John
Knapp H A	McDonald Miss F
Lamprey B H	McDonald D
Lane Miss Caroline	McDonald Mrs Geo
Leitch Miss A	McGuire Mrs Jno
Leroy W H C	McIntire Miss N
Lewis Mr	McInnis Miss C
Little Irvine	McGuire Philip
Lothion Miss Ellen	McKenzie A
Moher Wm	McKay Jas H
Martin C R	McMillan Miss Jane
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A good Carriage and Sleigh Maker, and Blacksmith, at Kinburn, Township of Fitzroy. A good business chance for both, with shop accommodations. Steady and good workmen only need apply.
ALLAN FRASER.
Kinburn 2nd August 1871. 1733tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT
GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonising pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.
SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

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B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantrl, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c. &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awky

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

The undersigned being about to visit England, offers the following properties for sale:

A large Brick Dwelling situate on Besserer and Chapel Streets, with Coach House, Stables, &c.

12 Cottages on Augusta street, producing a clear rental of $700 per annum.

ALSO,

100 Acres of Land at L'Orignal, being south half of Lot No. 15, fourth Concession of Caledonia.

Terms to suit the purchaser.
1810d JAS G ROBINSON.

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Plumbers, Gassfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

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READING, ELOCUTION, WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

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Apply to
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A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,
O. F. DAVIS,
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POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY P.M.
......	12.45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8,00	......	4.20
......	12 45	9·00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	......	4.20
......	......	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U. S.	8,00	......	6,00
......	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	......	6.00
10.15	12.45	9.00	United States, *via* Ogdensburg	8.00	......	4.20
10·15	12.45	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8,00	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	North Gower, *Kars*, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	......	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c	......	......	4.20
9 20	......	4.30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	1 30
9 20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	......	......	1 30
10.30 7.00	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c	8.00	11.00	...... 7.00
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	......	......	700
10.00	......	......	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	......	......
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	......	......	6.00
11.50	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	......	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P.M., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

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☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

Post Office, Ottawa, June 7, 1871.
G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

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PROF. HERMAN'S
NEWLY-DISCOVERED
VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be
Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866, besides numerous Testimonials.

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May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until Noon of WEDNESDAY, the Sixth day of September next, for the widening of Sappers' Bridge and the construction of a new Bridge over the Rideau Canal to connect Wellington and Rideau Streets, according to the Engineer's plans and specifications, which may be seen at this office after the twentieth instant.

The bridges are to be constructed of iron and stone in a permanent manner, and may be let in one or more contracts as the City Council may decide after receiving the Tenders. The work is to be proceeded with at once, and good security will be required for the due performance of the contracts.

No tenders will be entertained unless made in the prescribed form. They are to be addressed to the undersigned, endorsed, "Tender for Bridges," and contain the names and addresses of two persons who are willing to become security for the contractor.
WM P LETT, City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa 19th July, 1871. 1721td

THE "RURAL" SALOON,
ELGIN STREET.

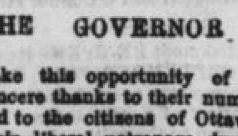
Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the ST. JAMES HOTEL. Strict attention to business. Good Wines and Liquors warranted.
Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS



BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their, sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,
LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.
Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

GARDEN —AND— FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,
CHEMIST, &c.,
SPARKS-ST.

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.
Ottawa, May 1, 1871

FOR SALE.

BRAE SIDE STEAM SAW MILL,

Situated near Arnprior, Province of Ontario, and extensive Timber Limits on the River Coulonge, Province of Quebec.

The Mill has just been completed, and is most substantially built and fitted with the most improved Machinery, and can manufacture 140,000 feet of lumber per day. It has an extensive piling ground attached to it. Being placed where the Brockville Railway runs beside the Ottawa River, the lumber manufactured by it may be sent direct to the United States market. The limits comprise about 280 square miles of valuable Pine Timber country, with two extensive and productive Farms, and having commodious Dwelling Houses, Storehouses and Stables erected on them. They are also supplied with a large stock of provisions, horse feed and shanty plant for next season's operations

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be had by applying to J. B. Lewis, Esq., Barrister, Ottawa, or from Mr. George Purvis, at the offices of the Mill.
Ottawa, July 28, 1871. 1729 d&w4 1awk

SEEDS! SEEDS

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN
—AND—
☞ FLOWER SEEDS. ☜

A. CHRISTIE & CO.
(Late Alex. Christie.)
Druggists,
40, Sparks-st
Ottawa April 28, 1871

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited. Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.
H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,
I remain.
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church, Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.
C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Medical.

MESSRS GABRIELS' CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE TEETH & GUMS AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE ARE SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD PREPARED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. DENTISTS LUDGATE HILL. LONDON E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweatens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.
A CHRISTIE & Co., Druggists, Agents for Ottawa.
May 1 1871

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL
FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Pistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont. Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.
November 24, 1870 1532tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers,
November 30, 1870 1527y

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET,

That COTTAGE, the property of N. Tetrau, Esq., Notary, in the Lower Village of Hull, with a handsome flower garden, stable, wood shed, ice house, &c., with or without the necessary firewood for next winter on the place. Mr. Tetrau having arranged for his residence in the dwelling adjoining his office, consented to the leasing of the property. For further information apply to N. TETREAU, N. P., Hull, P. Q. 1746 3

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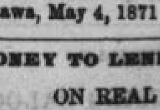
TO LET, a Large OFFICE and THREE BEDROOMS well situated in the Aumond Block, west, end Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, July 11th, 1871. 1813 tf



HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
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Royal Insurance Co.
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MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, Agent, [illegible]

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HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 4outf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

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MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 566tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec. Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treament of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law, Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W MCKAY WRIGHT. 12y F C CLEMOW

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT,

NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MARCIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetrau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.

Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,
Sparks Street.
OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every eliacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

G. C. RAINBOTH,

Provincial Land Surveyor and Draughtsman, commissioned for the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.
Office. Aylmer, P. Q. 1722 tf

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H ASims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740;

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,
—AND—
DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,
RIDEAU STREET,
ESTABLISHED 1866.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.
I G SOMERVILLE, Travelling Agent.

1871. ICE! 1871.
ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.
THOS. STARMER, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, May 1649d

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.
RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS

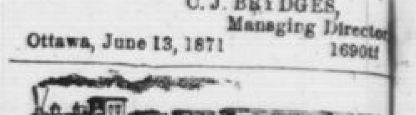
Great Acceleration of Speed.

Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at .... 6.00 a.m.
Day Express for Toronto, at .... 9.00 a.m.
Night Express for Toronto, at ..... 9.00 p.m.
Mixed Train or Brockville, at ..... 11.00 a.m.
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at .... 5.00 p.m.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at 7.00 a.m.
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at .... 8 30 a.m.
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at .... 2.00 p.m.
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston .... 10.30 p.m.

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.
C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,
SUSSEX-ST, OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Establishment and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.
DEMPSY & CAMERON.
Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.
GEORGE DU BERGER, Proprietor.
May 31, 1871. 1680tf

DOMINION HOUSE
CORNER OF
SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,
OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley.
WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel
Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 6m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,
FINE ENGLISH HOSE,
LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to
JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st., Montreal, Q.
P. O. Box 725.
Montreal, March 11, 1871 161 3y

CANADA AND U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.
T. G. COURSOLLES.
November 26, 1870 1534tf

MORRISON'S

STEAM BISCUIT BAKERY
AND
CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT
IS THE
BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your Orders are solicited, and will be PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO by
DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,
Nos. 36 and 38 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

TANNERY,

PARK STREET, OTTAWA.
EDMOND GERMAIN, Proprietor.

All kinds of LEATHER for Sale, Wholesale, at reasonable prices.

ALSO,

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS
WHOLESALE,

Of his own manufacture, at REDUCED PRICES.
19th August, 1871. 1746tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre), Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

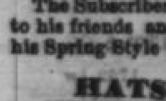
VOL
PEO
P. BA
NO. 36 RIDE
GROC

Offers to the trade ... be guarenteed and ... from the Destillery ... Also, in stock ... WINES, with an as... Flour, Pork, He...
Ottawa, Aug. 2...

C
CHE
J.

AL
McGILL S...
has for TWENTY ... public in the United ... sure. It is centrally ... of the city, command... the left, and a full ... furnished throughout ... fort of guests. As ... for 500 guests, while ... charged as heretofore ... membering the Albi...

WHOLESALE ...
GARLAND, MU...
Have ...
EX LAT...
1 Case Velvete...
1 " Velvete...
1 " Velvet...
1 " Black a...
2 " Fancy B...
1 " Black L...
4 " Small W...
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton ...
2 " Dark P...
2 Bales Grey C...
2 " Forfar...
1 Case Laces.
1 " Bonnet...
4 " Trimm...
1 " Horroc...
1 " Ribbon...
1 " Parasol...
1 Bale Hessian...
1 Case Linen ...
CANADI...
1 Case Manitob...
1 " Union T...
30 Bales Battin...
20 " Wadd...
30 M RICE'S ...
11 Bales Lybst...
2 " ...
2 " ...
☞ The Lybst... cheapest goods mad... G. & M. are Agents ... Mill prices deliver...
☞ Insp...
Ottawa, May 16, 1...

HATS

SPRING I...
The Subscriber b... to his friends and ... his Spring Style of ...
HATS
Are now very com... that is new of ... Manufacture.
JAMES ...
☞ Remember ...
33 Ri...
☞ OPPOSITE ...
Ottawa, March ...

FOR SALE.—T... fortable Wood ... on, in Rochester ... terms apply on th... MAN, Esq, or to ... HA...
1746b

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1765. OTTAWA, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Distillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 3m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
1 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
8 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forkins (expected daily)
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Bordes,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills.

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 15, 1871

HATS HATS! HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1636y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
1746b Post Office Block.

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

100 CASES

HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT

"THE RED BOOT,"

OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overs,

MOCCASINS,

Laces & Boot Dressing

Which will be sold at the very lowest price possible,

Wholesale and Retail.

City and country dealers will find (on giving us a call) that they can be supplied at

Montreal Prices—Freight Added.

Having received a good part of our

Fall and Winter Goods

We are prepared to EXECUTE PROMPTLY all orders.

All summer goods selling at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Orders for Hand-Made Custom Work attended to promptly.

A full sett of

Messrs. Ames, Millard & Co's Samples

of BOOTS and SHOES, always on view, and orders taken at lowest prices. One of our firm will wait on the merchants of Ottawa City and District soliciting orders.

Agents for wholesaling of Wm. Clendinneng's manufacture of *Stoves, Iron-furniture, Railings, Builders* and all kinds of *Plain and Fancy Castings.*

Agents for the celebrated

Plantagenet Mineral Water.

Orders promptly attended to.

LAMB & RODDEN,
Ottawa, July 20, 1871. No. 28, Sussex Street.

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE, at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 38 Sussex Street, Ottawa.

1738 tNY SIMEON LEBEAU, Agent.

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871. 1871.

The following first-class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES.....J. James "
NIGER.....W. Nisbett "
SEVERN.....G. Butchart "

Are intended to Sail, as under, during the Season of 1871, between

LONDON,

QUEBEC and MONTREAL.

FROM LONDON.

MEDWAY	Thursday, 10th August.	
THAMES	" 24th	"
NIGER	" 7th Sept.	
SEVERN	" 21st	"
MEDWAY	" 5th Oct.	
THAMES	" 19th	"

AND FROM QUEBEC.

NIGER	Thursday, 10th August.	
SEVERN	" 24th	"
MEDWAY	" 7th Sept,	
THAMES	" 21st	"
NIGER	" 5th Oct.	
SEVERN	" 19th	"
MEDWAY	" 2nd Nov.	
THAMES	" 16th	"

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $5 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.

or

T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co.'s Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, June 13th. 1760y

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

All descriptions of property insured at moderate rates.

Tables of rates for Life Assurance and all information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

T. M. CLARKE, Agent.

OFFICE—Bangs's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

MONTREAL OCEAN

STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

NESTORIAN	26th August.
SCANDINAVIAN	2nd September
HIBERNIAN	9th "
MORAVIAN	15th "
SARMATIAN	23rd "
PRUSSIAN	30th "

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin	$70 to $80
Steerage	$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN, on or about	31st Aug
OTTAWA "	7th Sept.
ST. DAVID "	14th "
ST. ANDREW "	21st "
ST. PATRICK "	28th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin	$67 25
Intermediate	$47 or 44 00
Steerage	28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-
Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Jits
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Third Annual Exhibition under the auspices of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society will take place on

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY,

SEPTEMBER 20TH, 21ST AND 22ND, 1871.

On the Society's Grounds adjoining the city limits.

COMPETITION OPEN TO THE WORLD!

Nearly $3 000 is offered in Premiums

For Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, Agricultural and Horticultural Productions, Manufactures, Domestic Products, &c.

All parties may compete for prizes on payment of Two Dollars; Ladies on payment of One Dollar.

ENTRIES.

All entries must be made on printed forms, which may be had from the Secretary. These forms are to be filled up and signed by the Exhibitor, enclosing Two Dollars, which amount will entitle the Exhibitor to compete in all the departments.

The entries in each department must be made as follows:—

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before the 10th of SEPTEMBER.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery, and Manufactures generally SEPTEMBER 15th.

Horticultural Products, Flowers, Ladies' Work, &c., SEPTEMBER 18th.

The Society will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railroad Proprietors for carrying articles and passengers at reduced rates.

Arrangements will be made with the Customs Department for the free entry of articles for competition.

J B LEWIS,
President.
A S WOODBURN,
Sec. Treas.

Ottawa August 22. 1749t

HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES,

And other Harvesting Implements,

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 Rideau street.

All ground ready for use.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.

Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.

Hay Rakes, straight and bent,
Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grindling Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex street, and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,
1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

RARE CHANCE.

The advertiser has received instructions to offer for SALE, by TENDER, at so much in the Dollar, as per Inventory Valuation,

A WELL ASSORTED TAILOR'S STOCK,

Consisting of English Cloths, Canada Tweeds, Trimmings, &c., &c., amounting to over $4,000.

The Goods are all in first-class order, and have been well selected.

The above offers an excellent opportunity to any one about to commence business, as the goodwill can be secured.

Every information may be had by addressing Box 468, Montreal, and Stock Sheets can be seen on application to the undersigned.

Tenders will be received until the 26th instant. Parties making other than a Cash offer, will please name security.

C. BAILLIE,
181 St. James' Street.

Montreal, August 5th, 1871 1744

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.

Books bought, sold and exchanged.

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.

Mail Train at 3:30 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 4:10 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 8:10 p.m., and at Sand Point at 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 1:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 5:20 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m. 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE SAND POINT—9:10 a.m.; 4:30 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 9:10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1761-y

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from WEDNESDAY, 15th SEPT. Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at	7	A.M.
" 4 Express " "	11	do.
" 6 Mail " "	12:30	P.M
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars "	10:30	do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East,

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 4:00 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6.45 A.M., every morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4 40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 P.M

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 6:30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.25 A.M. Ture connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa Sept 9th, 1871

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the BROCKVILLE and OTTAWA RAILWAY will be held at BROCKVILLE on the 10th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon a lease of the section of the said Railway lying between CARLETON PLACE and SAND POINT to the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, and of authorising the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY will be held at OTTAWA on the 11th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon the accepting of a lease from the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company of that section of their Railway lying between Carleton Place and Sand Point, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

OF THE

AGRICULTURAL & ARTS ASSOCIATION

OF ONTARIO,

To be held at Kingston,

On the 25th to 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Persons intending to exhibit will please take notice that the Entries of articles in the respective classes must be made with the Secretary, at Toronto, on or before the undermentioned dates, viz:

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before Saturday, August 26th.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery and Manufactures generally, on or before Saturday, September 2nd.

Horticultural Products, Ladies' Work, the Fine Arts, &c., on or before Saturday, September 16th.

Prize Lists and Blank Forms for making the entries upon, can be obtained of the Secretaries of all Agricultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes throughout the Province.

HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec'y Agricultural and Arts Association

Toronto, August 15, 1871. 1745-d&w

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XXXV.

FACE TO FACE.

(CONTINUED.)

"I want to speak to the clergyman who preached," she said to the verger, slipping half a crown into his hand, which two and-sixpence the man opened his hand to receive, looked at furtively, then transferred to his pocket, and remarked that he "would see."

"Wait for a minute," he added and disappeared, leaving Madge and Herbert standing side by side in the now almost deserted church, looking idly at the empty pews and at the pillars, beginning to appear white and ghostly at the further end, where the lights were already extinguished.

"Please come this way," the verger said, and Madge, merely remarking to Herbert, "You will wait for me," followed.

As she passed up the side, she saw two clergymen standing near the reading desk, who, having already rallied Mr. Hardell about his visitor, cast on her somewhat curious glances when she passed near.

Seeing them there, she understood she should find the preacher alone, nor was she disappointed. One moment more—it was like a dream—more like a dream than any thing she had ever gone through in sleep—and the vestry door shut behind her, and, after the best part of her lifetime, he and she met face to face.

"Andrew!"

"He did not recognize her at first, and stepped back on the impulse, after the manner of one who has for years been prepared to act physically and mentally on the defensive; but she put aside her veil, and stretched out her hand, and then—

"Madge!" he cried, with such an agony in his voice that the sound of her own name thus spoken frightened her.

"I knew you at once," she said tremulously; "and I felt I must speak to you for the sake of old times."

Heaven only knew how she got so simple a sentence out, unless it might be that the dream like feeling was still strong upon her, and that the past seemed to her, then, as much a delusion as the figure of the man, who, dropping into a chair, rested his elbows on the table, and covering his face, groaned aloud

"Andrew!" her voice began to tremble, and he felt the gentle touch of her hand laid on his shoulder; for the present was becoming an actual presence now, and Madge could not endure the sight of his misery.

These things recalled him.

"Sit down," he said, rising and giving her his chair; after which he himself drew another towards the other side of the table and so sat facing her. "You came to hear Anthony. I suppose—and found me; and now you want to know all about it."

"I do not want to know any thing you wish to keep secret," she answered; only—only I have always pictured your life as so different. I fancied you lonely, in exile—poor, possibly, and—"

"And now you come and see me, as you imagine successful—a man who, having conquered fate by means of a trick and a lie, is prosperous and—happy—"

"You are not happy!" she said gently. "No one looking in your face could believe that."

"Suppose I am not happy—what then?" he asked; "do you think it likely," he went on impetuously, "that I, weighed down by the memory of my past—carrying the burden of such a secret about with me in silence, having attained success through means of a false name and a false character—could ever know on this side the grave peace again?"

"What made you take Anthony's name?" she asked.

"I do not know—I can not tell; who can tell his reasons for any action half an hour after it has became a part and parcel of his life?"

"Why did you not trust us?" she inquired, her voice tremulous with eager pity. "Oh! you surely know we always believed you innocent."

He clasped his hands before him on the table, and looked at her intently for a moment ere he said,

"Madge, are you married?"

"No, Andrew," and a faint color stole over her pale face.

"Have you staid single all these years for my sake, believing in me?"

"I have," she answered without a shadow of hesitation. "Paid when I was a girl I never would listen to the story that you cared for Mrs. Challerson till I heard you say so with your own lips, and I have kept my word. It can not matter to us now," she went on in a sort of proud defiance, for the instinct of her woman's heart was crying that whatever love he might have once felt for her was dead, "but that is no reason why I should not tell you the truth."

"Lord forgive me!" he muttered. "I am a greater sinner even than I thought. Madge, listen to me; I will tell you the whole story. I never loved Mrs. Challerson; I did not love any woman then save you. I went away solely because the shadow of a great crime darkened my life, and I swore to myself that no other human being should share the blackness of my future—a future which has proved blacker than even my fancy then painted it."

"But what could that shadow have mattered to me, when you were innocent and I knew it?"

"Madge, *I was guilty,*" he answered, "not in intention," he hurried on, seeing her turn white and shiver, "but in deed: and since that awful night you may guess—though no one may ever fully know—what my life has been."

There was dead silence for a few minutes, during the continuance of which the past came and stood before both of them—the past, with its innocence, and its beauty, and its peace, to the one—the past with its horror, its dread, its long drawn out agony, its lonely hours, to the other.

Looking at him, Madge gathered something of what was passing in his heart—and all her woman's pity and all her woman's tenderness welling up to that moment, she rose, and, drawing close beside him, said,

"If you had trusted in me, that should have made no difference—I think not—I am sure not; and even now, Andrew, though I am not what I was, though my youth is almost past, and it is not likely you can feel for me the same as in those happy days at Langmore, yet still—"

"Hush, dear!" he interrupted; "hush! do not of your great goodness say any thing now you might wish hereafter unspoken."

"And why should I wish it unspoken?" she asked—"when"—but something in the expression of his face made her suddenly shrink back into silence.

For a second he could not answer. Once again he beheld the old fashioned garden at Langmore, with its flowers, its trees, its birds; once again he saw her in her girlish beauty, and felt the warm touch of her hand, which he held tightly clasped in his own; once again he was young, and life was before him, and he had made his choice as to the one who should prove his companion by the way—the sun was bright, and the perfume of the roses and pinks seemed wafted to its senses; and then—then it all cleared away like a mist, and, realizing the full extent of the misery he had wrought for himself and her, he answered,

"I am married."

Hearing this, she understood how she had spent her strength for naught, and wasted her pity in vain; then she comprehended that she had been, if not a woman scorned, at least a woman forgotten; and she listened like one stupefied by a sudden blow, while he went on—

"I can not talk to you now; I can not tell you how it all came about; but let me know where I can see you, and then—"

"No," she interrupted decidedly; "it is fitting that it should be in the future as it has been in the past—we must never meet again;" and she was leaving the room, when, a sudden thought striking her, Madge turned towards him once more.

"Does *she* know?" was her question

"She does not," he answered.

"God help you!" and then a sob—not hers, but his—stopped the words which would have followed.

"Go away," Andrew entreated; "not here—not now." And she went.

* * * * * *

"Did you learn any thing about Andrew Hardell?" Mr. Spencer asked, when they were fairly out of the church and on their way home.

"Yes," she answered, "a great deal." But not all his questioning could elicit any further information; only, when he looked in her face at parting, he saw it was as the face of one who had looked that night upon her dead.

CHAPTER XXXVI

SHADOWS.

Supposing a chemist could discover the secret of that potent charm used by the "little people" in days gone by, which, rubbed over the eyelids, rendered fairies visible to mortal ken, and that any one among us were to assist his sight with the wonderful elixir—I wonder whether he would not be appalled by the sudden comprehension of all the motley company he has had travelling with him for years, unknowing of their very existence.

To me in life there is nothing more terrible than this—that the secrets of men's existences are rarely held inviolate till eternity. There is a reckoning here without the aid of the eternal books; there is a cloud of witnesses always beside and around, that may seem to superficial observers of as little importance as the dust under their feet, and yet that can come at a moment's notice, clothed and in the flesh to testify life has been a long, weary lie, stained here with sin and there with wrong, blurred and marred throughout by some false step, the taking of which man has himself almost forgotten, till the informers rise up, and the court of the world is held, and the witnesses are called, and ten thousand fingers, to the thinking of the poor culprit, point at him, while he seems to hear ten thousand tongues shrieking—'Thou art the man!'

To be continued.

LAMENTATIONS OF A PREFECT.

VERSAILLES.

(*From the Pall Mall Gazette.*)

A French friend—who is a sceptic, but believes in himself—told me some three months ago that he had mapped out his life in such a way that no mistakes could happen. He was then angling for a prefectship, and, what is better—or worse, according to the view one may take of these things—he succeeded in hooking one Yesterday. I stumbled upon him unexpectedly on the Boulevard de la Reine as I was hurrying to the station after listening three hours to Prosecutor Gaveau. His aspect was lean and pensive, but he was attired in the garb of a Frenchman who has been doing something of importance, either giving himself in marriage, or burying somebody. "I have been to call on the Minister," he said with a deprecatory look at his shiny boots; "I travelled a hundred leagues to do it. It's a long way, and I might just as well saved my ticket and my white gloves." Saying which he pulled off one of the gloves in question that still lingered on his left hand and lit a cigar. Then, with that inimitable shrug which only comes of twenty years' Boulevard life, he exclaimed, "It's not such good fun as I thought, being a prefect." I questioned him as to why, though I had heard the remark before from other prefects, and consigned it to memory as a natural manifestation of the prefectorial mind. He gave a sort of a moan, and told me he would recount his lamentable adventures as we walked along. He did so, and I thought them sufficiently edifying to be epitomized on paper:—

"In the first place," sighed he, "you remember that day of triumph when my appointment was signed. M. Ducatel, or our brave army, whichever it was, had just saved Paris, when it was half destroyed, and Ministers were in good humor. I took the Commission to Clarisse (Clarisse was Mdme la Préfète), who had almost given up hoping, we had waited so long; and of course she fell into ecstasies. On the very same afternoon she began ordering her gowns—a blue gown, a mauve gown, a gown with a two-yard train, a gown without one—in fact, twelve gowns in all. Impossible, she said, to govern a Department with less. And I, I began to muse whether I would have a state reception when I entered X——, or an unceremonious reception, or a half-and-half arrangement—that is, myself and the Municipal Council in swallow-tails, but no uniforms and no speeches. Clarisse was for doing things grandly; but as we were living under mongrel institutions I thought it wiser to choose the half-and-half, and so wrote a modest letter to the municipality begging them not to put themselves out on my account. It seems, however, I might have spared myself the trouble, for nobody had the slightest intention of putting himself out on my account. I was the fifth prefect who had been seen at X——in ten months. The sight had lost its novelty, and when Clarisse and I alighted at the station we found not so much as a town-clerk waiting to do us the honours. I will confess that I was a little humiliated, and as for Clarisse, who had put on her mauve gown, she bit her lips and said nothing, which is always a premonitory symptom with her that she will say a great deal by and-by.

"Well, we got into a cab and drove to the prefecture, and pretty things we saw on our road. X——, like Paris, had had its little communal rising, and all the glaziers of the town were busy putting new panes of glass into the windows. Here and there we passed a house that had been gutted, in the principal square was a pedestal bereft of its statue—some poor devil of a King who had been melted down to make a mitrailleur; and at a place where four roads met, our driver turned round to show us the spot where my predecessor, the late prefect, had narrowly escaped being hanged. But all this was a trifle compared to what awaited us at the prefecture. Here it was that most of the fighting had taken place; and, as a result, the door was gone, the balcony over the portico was demolished, and some workmen were engaged excavating a cannon-ball that had got embedded in some stone-work in the front vestibule. In the apartments, not a curtain, a carpet, a table-cloth, or a mattress to be seen—the wives of the Communalists had walked away with them before the scrimmage began. They had also dismounted the locks and taken all the lighter articles of furniture, such as clocks, chairs, and crockery. The sofas remained, but stripped of their horse-hair and their coverings; the tables were there, too, but gluey with beer-stains which the concierge explained were the marks of my last predecessor but one, M. Gambetta's prefect. 'We had him during December and January,' he went on to say, 'and a nice party he was. He came with a lot more who had been students or what not before the war, and and the whole of them sprawled about the sofas, drinking beer and howling dreadful songs.' The man was still speaking when footsteps sounded on the staircase; and in strode without knocking—for there was no door to knock at—an individual with wild legs and red beard, who announced himself as the mayor. At sight of this person, the concierge vanished instantly, so that Clarisse and I were left alone with the man, who, without loss of time, began to brandish his hat in my face and cry, 'You'll support my authority, won't you, M. le Prefet?' Of course, I answered, though I wondered what he could mean, and would have asked him if he had given me an opening; but all I could get out of him was a repetition of his first question, and when I had reassured him for the fourth or fifth time that the support of his authority would be one of the foremost duties of my post, he shook me violently by the hand and disappeared. Scarcely had he got to the foot of the staircase, however, than the concierge returned and announced, 'Monsieur le Maire.' I thought the functionary had forgotten something, either his hat or his umbrella; but, turning round, I lit upon the features of a new individual, who was wearing a maroon coat and began like the first, by asking me to support his authority. The concierge had vanished as before, so that I was left to find out by myself what was the meaning of all this. 'Why do you call yourself mayor,' I inquired, 'when there is a mayor who has just gone downstairs?' 'I am the only true mayor,' was the peremptory answer; and as I formally declined to prolong the interview unless this matter were cleared up, the man in the maroon coat flew into a passion, called me the menial hirling of a corrupt despotism, and beat a retreat just as my temper was growing as hot as his own. I suppose he could not have been gone five minutes when there was a new sound of footsteps on the stairs and a third re-entry of the concierge. 'Monsieur le Maire?' he cried coolly, and was on the point of retiring, as on the two former occasions, leaving me face to face with a third mayor, when I caught both him and his companion by the cuffs and shouted, 'Now, will you tell me what's the point of this?' And I must have looked ferocious, for the new mayor shrank up in my hands like a scorched lettuce, and began to stammer feebly that he was the right man, and none but he. 'Now who *is* the right mayor?' I bawled in the concierge's ear. 'How can *I* tell?' responded the concierge, 'the first was appointed by M. Gambett, during the war; the second was elected by the municipal council after the war; this third gentleman is the selection of M. Thiers, who say that because the town has more than twenty thousand inhabitants it has no title to choose its own mayor.' So the third was, after all, the true man, and I was obliged to apologize to him. He was a small personage, with a meek voice and spectacles—a thriving haberdasher as I afterwards learned—and my outburst had scared him out of all consciousness. While I was bringing him round with soothing talk, the concierge quietly resumed: as to which of the three is the right one, that's more than I can tell you, any more than I can say who is the right prefect!' 'What do you mean by "who is the right prefect"?' I ejaculated fiercely. 'Why there are three of you, aren't there?' answered he placidly, 'just as there are three mayors. First, there's the Imperial prefect, who was turned over last September and has been living half a league out of the town ever since, saying he knows his turn will come by-and-by; then there's M. Gambetta's prefect, who was cashiered last March and now lives in the hotel opposite, biding his time, he declares, just like the other; and then there's yourself, who'd probably get shot if either of the other two got the upper hand, which I hope for your sake, monsieur, they won't,' added he politely by way of conclusion. After this I need scarcely remark that Clarisse insisted upon returning to Versailles by the very next train. It was useless to argue with her. A town where there were three mayors and three prefects seemed to be no place for a woman with twelve gowns. She would only return when I could write to her that the two wrong mayors and the two wrong perfects had been shipped to Cayenne, and the prefecture been refurnished from roof to basement. So the right mayor and I took her back to the station, and I walked back to my hotel lodgings to govern X—— as best I could alone

AN OUT DOOR PARLIAMENT.

There is a considerable amount of truth in the following, which we extract, from the London *Morning Post*:—

We protest against the practice indulged in by peers and members of the House of Commons of making political speeches during the recess. When men have worked with the assiduity which is required from every owner of a seat in the House of Commons it is fair that their holiday should not be interrupted by the necessity of holding forth for the amusement of audiences who will not be permanently affected by what they hear. A member of Parliament should not always have the weight on his mind of the necessity for providing a sufficient dish of statistics or arguments for some assembly at which he is to take the chair, or of which he is to be in some form or other the lion. And this is especially the case with men who have taken the lead in any manner during the session, and who, while they are probably more sought after than others, have reason on their side when they say that they have expressed their views already with a frequency which ought to satisfy the most exacting constituent, and have given a sufficiency of proof that they are not guilty of neglect or want of interest in their duties. Nor is it only because it presses upon individuals that the growing custom referred to is objectionable. Though we do not mean (says the *Post*) to insinuate that there is any physical reason why after-dinner speeches should not be looked upon as real expressions of opinion, or that men are after dinner in an inferior condition for so expressing their opinions, yet we do maintain that too much weight is often attached to speeches made in the evening of a banquet. They are not the result of calm deliberation consequent upon grave discussion. They are not directed against the arguments of any opponent; such arguments being as a rule only courteously alluded to, not earnestly handled. They are, generally speaking, of too evanescent a character to have much permanent influence, and though if they are looked upon merely as exhibitions of language, or an agreeable addition to the pleasures of the evening, they cannot be considered to be of any harm, yet they are liable to the danger of being treated as having an importance to which they have no real claim.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS MOTHERS

Are you disturbed at night and broken your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to most in all cases, and ple

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Minstrels and Brass Band—McCoy & Esmonde's.

Wanted to Rent.

The Ottawa Times.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1871.

For interesting reading matter see First Page.

The Minister of Agriculture goes East this morning.

The Toronto and Nipissing Railway will be opened to Uxbridge on the 14th inst.

The Minister of Marine will leave Miramichi next Saturday and will then return to Ottawa via St. John, New Brunswick.

Mr. Fitzgerald, whose appointment to the Prince Edward Judgeship we announced some days since, was gazetted on Saturday last.

Hon. Mr. Morris returned to this city on Saturday. We are glad to find that his health has been quite restored by the rest and change of which he stood so much in need.

Mr. Haly, Secretary of the British and Colonial Emigration Fund, is in town. He leaves for Toronto to-morrow morning. He appears to be much pleased with what he has seen during this, his first visit to Canada.

Statement of the Revenue and Expenditure of the Dominion of Canada for the month ended 31st August, 1871.

REVENUE.	AMOUNT.
Customs	$1,382,227 86
Excise	328,965 05
Post Office	60,547 62
Public Works, including Railways	166,639 93
Bill Stamps	19,180 11
Miscellaneous	60,861 28
Total	$2,018,421 25
EXPENDITURE	$1,835,852 60

The Oshawa *Vindicator* thus shows how the *Globe* may be inadvertently led into speaking the truth:

"The *Globe* is sometimes truthful in spite of itself. Yesterday it narrated how by cooked figures the West Riding of Peterboro' Agricultural Society had swindled the Government out of $400; it says these people think it not wrong to steal from the Government, and draws the moral 'like people like representatives.' We agree. The *Globe* has evidently forgotten that West Peterboro' is a Clear Grit constituency and has elected a Clear Grit representative."

The Philadelphia *Ledger* gravely announces that a deputation of British Republicans has arrived in New York, for the purpose of conferring with the Fenian leaders as to the best mode of wiping the British Empire out of existence. According to the *Ledger*, the whole programme has been arranged. The Queen is to die immediately, whereupon a Republic will be at once proclaimed and the thing is done! Nothing can be more simple. If any British roughs have really come to visit their friends in New York, we would strongly advise them to stay there. It will be much safer for them than attempting any Republican schemes in Great Britain, where the vast majority of the people love and respect the monarchy as they have every reason to do.

THE NORTH-WEST.

At the present time, when everything relating to the new Province of Manitoba is read with avidity, a comprehensive history of the country, from the time of its earliest settlement by the English in the reign of Charles the second, until the period of its recent incorporation with the new Dominion of Canada, cannot fail to be a work of great interest in the literary world. A book of this character has been recently issued by that enterprising publisher Mr. John Lovell, of Montreal, which is in every way a credit to his establishment. It is from the pen of Mr. J. J. Hargrave, a gentleman who settled in Fort Garry in 1861 and who appears to have rendered himself thoroughly conversant with the affairs of the country. His account in the opening chapters of his journey from England to Quebec and thence by way of Chicago and Pembina to Fort Garry is very interesting, though of course the rapid advances made in the means of communication and transit during the last few years have entirely altered many things which are described, and have rendered a journey to Fort Garry now very different and far pleasanter than the one Mr. Hargrave undertook then. Eight chapters are devoted to a full description of the origin, history and local laws of the colony, from the year 1670 to the date of the author's arrival, 1861, and a detailed account of the Protestant and Roman Catholic Churches, their rise and progress, in the Red River Territory. The rest of the volume, about 300 pages, is devoted to an account of public events as they transpired within the author's knowledge between 1861 and '68 and are almost entirely of local interest and tinged with the party feelings which ran so high in the province at that time. The book is a very interesting and valuable one in many ways but chiefly as a chronicle of past times. With the Governorship of Mr. Archibald a new and more satisfactory state of affairs has been inaugurated. Old time jealousies and party bickerings have in a great measure disappeared, and wider and more comprehensive interests and sympathies have taken their place. The vast influx of emigration and the splendid prospects of the Province in the future occupy the public mind, and the most advantageous measures for developing the vast resources of the country are more generally discussed than the petty quarrels and dissensions incidental to the infancy of colonial life.

THE GASTIEN CONFERENCE.

The Imperial interview which lately occurred at Gastien, between the German Emperor and the Emperor of Austria, is generally commented upon by the English journals. The general results of the conference have been to teach the Roumanian Government that it must not assert itself as an independent power, that it must not attempt to deal directly with Kings and Emperors, but must in all things submit to the authority of the Sultan, who is the Suzerain of Roumania. The people of the German provinces of the Empire of Austria have also received a "snub." Ever since Sadowa and the humiliation of Austria which was the result of that fatal field, the German subjects of Francis Joseph have been uneasy and discontented, and disposed to cast their lot with Prussia. More especially has this been the case since the latter's triumph over France. But their overtures were coldly met in Berlin, and, in fact, they received an intimation to the effect that any efforts to change their allegiance would be viewed with displeasure by the German Emperor. The three Emperors of Germany, Austria, and Russia, appear disposed to live at peace and not to give any countenance or support to the disaffected subjects of their neighbors. The Viceroy of Egypt has also had a hint to lower his pretensions, and has been compelled to dismiss his large staff of American and other military adventurers. All the Governments of Europe desire peace just now; to Germany it is as much or more essential than to either of the other three great powers of continental Europe. In order that tranquility may be maintained, the aspirations of the disaffected classes must be discouraged.

A GOOD REPUTATION.

Young men live much in the future, they are fond of gazing into its unknown depths, and of endeavoring to trace the outlines at least of the fortune that awaits them. With ardent hope, with eager expectation they anticipate the approach of coming years when they shall be called upon the grand stage of action, confident that the future will bring them naught but unalloyed felicity. But they should allow their anticipations of the future to be controlled by a well balanced judgment and moderated by the experience of those who have gone before them.

In looking to the future there is one important inquiry which the young man should make. What do I most desire to become in future life. What position am I anxious to occupy in society. What is the estimation in which I wish to be held by those within the circle of my acquaintances?

The answer to these inquiries from the great mass of young men can well be anticipated. There are none among them who desire to be held in disrespect, and shunned by the wise and good. None who are anxious to be covered with disgrace and infamy, none who seek to be outcasts and vagabonds in the world. The thought that they were doomed to such a condition would fill them with alarm. Every discreet youth will exclaim nothing would gratify me more than to be honored and respected as I advance in years, to move in good society, to have people seek my company rather than shun it, to be looked up to as an example for others to imitate and to enjoy the confidence of all around me.

Surely there can be none so blind to the future, so lost to their own good as to prefer a life of infamy, and its ever accompanying wretchedness to respectability, prosperity, and true enjoyment. But how are these to be obtained. They do not come at your bidding. You cannot reach forth your hand and take them as you would pluck the ripe fruit from the bending branch. Neither will wishing or hoping for them shower these blessings on you; if you would obtain and enjoy them, you must labour for them—earn them. They are only secured as the well merited reward of a pure and useful life.

The first thing to be aimed at by young men, should be the establishment of a good character. In all their plans, anticipations, and prospects for future years, this should form the standing point—the chief corner stone. It should be the foundation of every hope and thought of prosperity and happiness in days to come, as it is the basis on which such a hope can mature to full fruition. A good character established in the season of youth, becomes a rich and productive soil to its possessor. Planted therein the Tree of Life will spring forth in vigorous growth, and its root will strike deep and strong. So strong that the bleak winds of adversity can never penetrate it.

WATER-WORKS.

At the Meeting of the City Council on Monday night last we sincerely regretted to see still rampant the old baneful spirit of prejudice, bias and possibly self interest; while the Aldermen indulged most energetically in personalties and verbal castigations, the object for which they had met seemed totally lost sight of. We had really hoped that certain of the City Fathers had exhausted their vocabulary of unparliamentary language, and that, wisely, they had buried old bickerings and disputes; we had hoped they had buried the tomahawk and smoked the calumet of peace and friendship; but lo! scarcely were the proceedings commenced at the last meeting when we were startled by the war-hoop followed by the fulminations of angry discussion until ever and anon it really seemed as if the different factions were on a fair way to decide the vexed question by a desperate encounter *Pugnis et calcibus*.

A numerous and respectable audience had assembled to gain beneficial information, but after the opening of the campaign, being thoroughly disgusted with the futility of the proceedings, they departed *en masse*.

We have been comparatively silent on the question of Water Works since the induction of the present Committee, our reason for such a course being that we are prejudiced or purchased to no side, and that we have no interest in the matter except the public interest which we believe we have best served by the impartial and independent attitude taken in the matter. The people, who, every person admits, are at present favorable to Water Works, deride the proceedings of their representatives and failing to see any public reason for the procrastination in bringing forward a bill for their approval or disapproval, very correctly attribute the protracted discussions to the fact that private interests are allowed to influence Aldermen in their consideration of the question of site. But for this prejudice we feel satisfied the Council would long since have settled the Water Works question. Some Aldermen may exclaim "I own no property near the Chaudiere and how then can I be prejudiced?" but notwithstanding any and every protestation to the contrary we cannot divest ourselves of the impression that in the whole Council there is not a solitary member free of the epidemic, and moreover we believe that this bias is not the result of a sincere conviction of the superiority in any way of any one particular site. We do not wish to have it here inferred that each individual member of the Council is influenced by pecuniary considerations but we feel satisfied that one party is determined to vote for the adoption of the Gully route; another party see nothing but splendid advantages in the little Chaudiere site, while a sort of middle or "dog in the manger" party having no hobby-horse of their own to ride, go for Amelia Island, Victoria Island, or any other place but the Gully or Chaudiere. With those divisions existing in our municipal body it is no wonder that each party is afraid to bring the question to a final vote. Can it be necessary to consult a half dozen engineers and pay for as many scientific reports before a site for Water Works can be decided upon? We always believed that too many cooks spoiled the broth, and it would appear that the question of site has been so variously reported on as to do much harm in the matter.

No one will differ with us when we say that the first and principal feature to be secured in the construction of Water Works for the city is an abundant and uninterrupted supply of pure water, and in this relation we may quote the following paragraph from Mr. Green's Report:

The character of the Ottawa river is peculiar, made up as it is of a regularly alternating series of lakes and rapids—the former serving most effectually to insure the deposit of all earthy matters brought down in mechanical suspension by the tributaries, and the latter providing for the thorough purification for any organic matter at present existing, or which may in future find its way into the river above the city.

Therefore it is seen that the water of the Ottawa is generally pure, but notwithstanding this it is desirable to chose a site where the water is constantly in the purest state and in after years will not run the risk of being soiled by sewrage. This is the only consideration that should influence the Council, and here they should be scrupulously particular. The difference of a few thousand dollars in the price of sites should have no weight in their deliberations, neither has it we believe in reality; and further we feel confident that if the people be shown the advantage of one site over another, they will be pleased to have it adopted though at greater cost.

The Chairman of the Water Works Committee is having a final report prepared by Mr. Lesage of Montreal, and pending its being laid before the Council we will endeavor to keep silent. In the forthcoming report the site will be recommended and the estimate of construction given, and therefore it is probable that some definite action will be taken in the matter. We wish to believe that the Water Works Committee is strictly sincere in its proceedings, to which belief its late conduct is to a degree favorable; but it is its next report that will decide its merits, gain it lasting credit or sign its death warrant.

DOMINION NOTES.

An extensive conflagration has taken place in Hamilton, the Carbon Oil Works being totally destroyed. Loss, $30,000.

Hon. Mr. Huntington has gone to Thunder Bay for the benefit of his health.

Mr. Durand, one of the oldest citizens of St. John's, P. Q., having resided there no less than 60 years, born in L'Assumption, died last Monday at the advanced age of 92 years. This speaks well for the healthiness of St. John's.

A little boy about five years of age, son of a farmer named Jas. Thompson, living in Carrick, was accidentally killed, last week in a shocking manner. His father was drawing in grain and the child was minding a gap in the fence through which the team was passing. Fearing that rain might come on, Thompson went for a load after dark, and the child again following him without being noticed, took up his position in the gap, when it seems he lay down and fell asleep. On coming back with the load, the unhappy father drove over his sleeping child, and crushed his head to pieces. The little fellow was not missed for some time, but was soon discovered dead and cold, with his brains scattered on the waggon track.

The tobacco factory of F. W. Kogelschatz, at Chatham, has been seized for an infraction of the revenue laws.

The St. Catharines *Journal* reports that an opposition boat is to be put on the route between Toronto and Lewiston.

Arrangements, it is said, are in progress by an association of French gentlemen, to purchase fifty thousand acres of land in one of the counties on the North Shore of the St. Lawrence, between Quebec and Three Rivers, for the purpose of establishing a colony of Alsatians. It appears that the natives of Alsace cannot reconcile themselves to the idea of living under their new rulers; they are in fact intensely anti German, and that feeling is cultivated by outsiders, some of whom have organized the present association. Correspondents of London journals, writing from Alsace, say that the commercial and manufacturing classes in that Province see in Free Trade with Germany advantages which compensate them for change of flag, but the masses entertain an inveterate objection to their new rulers.

Miss Eliza Clarke, daughter of Mr. W. G. Clarke of Bloomfield, aged 22 years, cut her throat on Saturday morning and expired. She dressed herself on Saturday morning as usual, and appeared among the family. A short time after she seems to have gone back to her room, and put on her night clothes. Subsequently she was called but made no answer, and calls were repeated until alarm was felt, and the door, which had been fastened inside, was broken open. The poor girl was found on the floor weltering in her blood. She was not yet dead, and when her mother approached her she held out her hand as though to bid her a final adieu. A very few minutes afterwards she expired.

CARELESSNESS.

Many persons neglect their horse's health and condition until it is too late, when at a trifling expense and no trouble, the horse might have been saved if attended to in time. To all who may have occasion to use an article of the kind, we would confidently recommend "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy;" it is without doubt the best preparation in use, as thousands who have used it testify. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

BREAKFAST — EPPS'S COCOA — GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks, —"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills.' Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinline packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopothic Chemists, London. d1509 1y

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 9.

Admiral Fanshawe, Commandant of the North American squadron, and Lieut. Gen. Sir Hastings Doyle, have arrived in this city from Halifax.

The Richelieu Company's steamer was crowded last night, with passengers and prize stock for the Provincial Exhibition at Quebec.

The steamer *Magnet* arrived from the Saguenay to-day, on her last trip of the season.

The new four dollar notes of the Bank of Montreal have just been issued, and are of a very neat pattern.

An injunction has been issued in St. John, N. B., against Desbarats' *Illustrated News* here, requiring them not to sell the paper containing photographs of the English oars men, as they were first copyrighted by Robert Roberts, of St John, and were prepared in Montreal for the St. John *Telegraph*, but got into possession of the *News* and were used.

Madame Nilsson appears in St. Patrick's Hall, on Monday night.

Weather still cool.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—The funeral of Renforth took place to-day at Newcastle. The attendance was extraordinary. Some accounts represent the number of people who witnessed the burial at 100,000. The concourse was so great that the cemetery where the remains were deposited was much damaged.

FRANCE.

PARIS, 10.—A conspiracy has been discovered at Toulon to burn the arsenal and liberate the convicts.

Count Lewis Edward Bouet Willaumz, Vice-Admiral of the French Navy, died yesterday, aged 63 years.

Gen. Manteuffel, commander of the German army of occupation, after announcing yesterday the consent of his Government to the evacuation of the Departments around Paris, dined with President Thiers and Generals Ducrot and Chanzy. The northern part will be evacuated the first, after which the troops will be withdrawn from the other points at the rate of 3,000 daily.

The number of deaths in Paris during the past week was 343. The returns show that Typhoid Fever is increasing and becoming epidemic.

A bill has been introduced in the Assembly as a provisional and temporary measure for levying one-tenth of the proposed increase in taxation to meet the immediate demands of the Government. The bill finds considerable opposition in the Chamber.

ITALY.

ROME, Sept. 9.—The Pope has sent a letter to Thiers congratulating him upon the continuance of his term of office.

The Papal journals of to-day contain severe criticisms on Napoleonism.

The *Alfiere* Society threatens to burn the Vatican. Precaution has been taken against such a crime, but in case an attempt should be made and anarchy should ensue, the residence of the Pope will be protected by the flags of foreign ambassadors.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—The Emperor of Brazil and Queen of the Netherlands will visit Italy this autumn.

Cardinal Bonaparte has gone to Rome. He carries with him a letter from Napoleon to the Pope.

The clerical party in Rome are preparing for a demonstration on the 20th inst. The Reds are resolved to make a counter demonstration, and trouble is anticipated.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Sept. 10.—A disturbance was attempted by the adherents of Don Carlos in Oropezo. It was easily suppressed by the local military and civil authorities.

Subscriptions to the Spanish loan exceed 748,000. It is officially announced that subscriptions to the amount of seven times the total of the new loan have been received.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 10.—Labor troubles continue here. Masters will commence a lock out on Tuesday.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 9.—Zerver Effridi Mostrahar has been raised to the dignity of Pacha, and appointed Minister of Foreign Affairs. Gen. Essad Pacha, commander of the first army corps, has been appointed Minister of War.

SATURDAY'S MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 9.—Commissioner Gurney sails from Liverpool, to-day, in the Cunard steamship *China* for New-York.

The beautiful Duchess of St. Albans, only 22 years of age, has died in child bed.

Christiana Edmunds, the Brighton poisoner, has been committed on a charge of having committed wilful murder.

The Empress Eugene embarked to-day at Southampton for Spain, where she is to remain about two months. The Emperor Napoleon will in the meantime make his abode in Torquay.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Sept. 9.—The cases of cholera in north Germany are diminishing rapidly.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 9.—It is stated the Prussians will commence the evacuation of Departments near Paris to-morrow.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Sept. 9.—Senor Gonsols Bravo, an ex-Prime Minister of Spain, died suddenly at Biarritz, yesterday. Is is circulated here that at the time of his death he was considerably in debt, his estate being squandered.

Senor Don Carlos has issued orders to his adherents to assemble as speedily as possible, and to all those who have expatriated in consequence of a former decree of the Government he has sent a circular requiring them to avail themselves of the amnesty offered by King Amedeus and return immediately to Spain.

MADRID, Sept. 9.—King Amadeus his been enthusiastically received at all points at which he has touched during his journey through the provinces.

Latest American Telegrams,

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.—Nothing has been received at the Mexican Legation yesterday concerning the reported attacks on the American barks *Harvest, Home* and *Brothers*, off Santa Anna bar on the 28th of August. Doubtless the information is in the possession of the American authorities at Matamoras, but in the absence of the telegraphic communication it will be a week before any letter can reach here. The Mexican Minister has urged for some time past the completion of the telegraph line from Indianola to Brownsville, Texas, and it is expected the work will be commenced by the first of November, when the legation here will be in almost direct communication with the Home Government. Concerning the protection to vessels on the Gulf and Pacific coasts, the Mexican Government had intended to place there suitable war steamers, but the dissension in the country, causing financial embarrassment, has prevented the carrying out of this plan. It is the opinion at the Legation that the outrages complained of were committed by irresponsible parties but that every effort will be made to bring them to justice.

HUDSON, N. Y., Sept. 9.—It having been reported that Bishop Conroy has directed Father O'Sullivan to resume the pastorate of St. Mary's Church, in this city, from which he was recently suspended, the vigilance committee organized some time ago by what are designated as the "Rebels" held a meeting last evening and unanimously resolved to resist his admission to the Church at all hazards. This action was decided upon after consultation with many leading members of the parish. They claim that their organization has been greatly strengthened during the suspension of O'Sullivan, and that they can defend what they claim to be their rights against any force the priests can array against them. They express deep indignation at the reported action of Bishop Conroy in reinstating O'Sullivan, and assert that he has acted in bad faith with them in the matter and wholly contrary to what they were led to believe he would do. The "Rebels" have called a meeting at St. Mary's School Room this evening, to perfect their organization, and adopt a plan of operations in case they are forced to extreme measures. They assert that Bishop Conroy's threat of excommunication will have no influence what ever upon their action, and declare that it is no part of the duty of a "good Catholic" to submit to the ministration of a "bad man."

SARATOGA, N. Y., Sept. 10.—Nearly everybody remains over to see the regatta to morrow, and the hotels are crowded. The crews took their regular exercise today at the Lake and are in good condition. A slight rain fell this evening, but there are indications of clearing up weather. The four oared race comes off at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and the single scull at four o'clock in the afternoon. Pools were sold on Saturday night at about $125 for Sadler to $55 for Field, in the single scull race. Doubts are entertained about Coulter's starting. Fred Munn of the McKee crew is ill and his place will be filled by George Verner of Pittsburg.

HUDSON, N. Y., Sept. 10.—The meeting of the members of St. Mary's Parish at St. Mary's Hall last evening was largely attended, and the action of the Vigilance Committee on Friday, resolving to resist to the last extremity the reinstalment of Father O'Sullivan over the church was unanimously endorsed. A strong guard was placed around the church last night, and this morning, contrary to expectations Father O'Sullivan did not make his appearance and no services were held to-day. A considerable crowd gathered around the church this forenoon, but perfect order prevailed. It was acertained early in the day that Father O'Sullivan telegraphed from Chatham last evening to his friends in this city that he would not be here and the crowd gradually dispersed. The "rebels" are firm and united in their determination to prevent O'Sullivan or any of his adherents from entering the church at all hazards, and say that they are prepared for any emergency.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The following special despatch gives fuller particulars than any yet received of the attacks made on the American barks *Brothers* and *Harvest Home*. The two vessels were loading at Minatitlan with mahogany and other freights for Europe For some bad conduct Capt. Thurston of the bark *Brothers* had ironed one or two of his sailors, and their friends ashore hearing of it made a demand for the prisoners. Capt. Thurston refused to give them up, saying he was fully able to control and take care of his own men. He was told his life was in danger, and he must give up the men. This occurred on shore. The Captain returned to the vessel and found Captain Dicky of the *Harvest Home* on board, who was there on a friendly visit. Shortly afterwards a party of Mexicans 8 or 10 in number, came out from shore and pulled alonside the *Brothers* and got on board, professing all the time greatest friendship for their leader. Roman Ripold, clerk for the consignee of Captain Thurston's vessel was the only one who spoke English. While seated around the Captain, as if by a preconcerted plan, the Mexicxns sprang to their feet and with drawn revolvers and cutlasses demanded the surrender of the ship. The captain said never, at the same time making an effort to secure the arms of the nearest man, — the clerk. The mate of the vessel rushed forward with the captain's revolver and shot and killed Ripoldf By this time all hands had come on deck and a hand to hand fight ensued. Eight of the attacking party were killed, and 2 made their escape. Captain Thurston knowing if he remained there he would be attacked by a superior force, made sail, and tried to get to sea. There being no breeze he was forced to take to small boats not having time to secure even a drop of water or any thing to eat. It the meantime Capt. Dicky had returned to his ship. True to his anticipations Capt. Thurston saw two boats come out from shore and pull directly towards his vessel, as he supposed, to search her. He put to sea out of their reach and beat about until picked up by capt. Dickey on the night of the 28th. Having been nearly 30 hours without food or water. On the night of the 29th a party of some 70 or 80 strong came out from shore and when within a short distance of Capt. Dickey opened fire on his vessel. This party was armed with rifles and a howitzer. The Captain reserved his fire until the enemy were within three boats length of the ship, and then let fly at them and they retired immediately to the shore. A breeze springing up Capt. Dickey got under weigh steering for the nearest American port, which was Galveston. The wounded men of both vessels have been sent to hospital.

BOSTON, Sept. 9.—The coroner's jury have returned a verdict that the accident on the Eastern Railway, at the Revere, was directly caused by the negligence of the conductor, Rowland, of the Beverly train, and Engineer Brown, of the Pullman train. The more remote but not less certain cause of the accident was a delay in starting. The Beverly Train said the delay being occasioned by inadequacy of rolling stock, the jury gave several cases where the road is mismanaged, and in conclusion said we find that the President and Directors of the Eastern Railroad corporation are to a great extent responsible for the loss of life.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 9. — Another very severe storm took place on Lake Erie on Saturday, p.m., and Sunday, a.m. The schooner *Mary B. Hall* left this port for Buffalo, with a cargo of coal on Saturday, and went on the bar at the mouth of Euclid Creek, 12 miles east of Cleveland, on Sunday a.m. A tug with a life boat went from here to her assistance, and found the vessel sunk in 12 feet of water, and her crew in communication with the shore. The barge *Jacques Cartier*, loaded with staves, from Toledo to Buffalo, was struck by the gale off Grand River and became water logged. She reached Cleveland with the loss of her cabin and deck load. The schooner *Golden Rule* is reported ashore near Dover Bay, but no particulars have been received.

MEXICO.

CITY OF MEXICO, Aug. 23.—The merchants of Tampico refuse to repay the Government the duties exacted of them by the revolutionists, and the troops in consequence are engaged in closing commercial houses. The people are much alarmed, and merchants are protesting, and the conduct of the Government will probably be made a basis for a pronunciamento. There is much excitement in the capital. Preceding a primary meeting of Congress general fears of conspiracies are entertained, and the country is believed to be resting on a volcano. Nothing has been heard from Oaxaca. Three hundred revolutionists are operating in Zaccataces, others in Michoacan. The prominent frontier chiefs Cavalles, Vargas, Trevino, Gueroga and Martinez are preparing to issue a pronunciamento immediately if Juarez is declared President.

MATAMORAS, Sept. 1.—Politicians here confidently state that Cerdo, has joined Juarez and if this is the case the election of the latter is certain.

SATURDAY'S MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Sept. 7.—The Regatta did not come off to-day owing to high winds which prevailed. Not less than 20,000 persons are estimated to have been present on the shores of the Lake. The four oared race will come off on Monday at six o'clock, and the single scull at four p. m.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—Owing to an injunction the City Chamberlain did not pay out a dime yesterday, and no warrants for money were given to the city creditors. Any number of contractors for county work have not yet been paid. The corporation will present a statement of the present condition of county finances and debt on Monday next.

The *Sun* says that on Wednesday last Mrs. Richard B. Connolly made a formal transfer of half a million dollars in registered United States bonds to her son-in-law, Joel Fithain. The transfer was immediately telegraphed to Washington and entered on the books of the Treasury Department. Mrs. Connolly still possesses three and a half million dollars in unregistered bonds.

WEST INDIES.

KINGSTON, JAM., Sept. 7.—Dr. Keene of Washington, from Ecuador, has arrived from New York.

The hurricane of the 21st ult., did immense damage; in the Island of Antigua, every estate was damaged; in the Island of Sortola, five churches were blown down or shattered by the hurricane; in the Island of St. Kitts, 800 houses were destroyed and 40 estates nearly ruined; and in other parts the growing crop was totally destroyed.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

PERSIA.

LONDON, Sept. 9.—The *Levant Herald* says that deaths at Tabreez still average 240 per day. Christians and Mussulmen are couped up in the mountains and business is entirely stopped. The Persian army has disbanded.

Storms and inundations have almost destroyed bazaars and gardens in the vicinity of Tabreez.

The sub-marine Telegraph Cable, connecting with Hong-Kong and Shanghae has broken.

FRANCE,

VERSAILLES, Sept. 8.—The Ambassador from Italy to the Republic at Versailles, had a lengthy interview with President Thiers yesterday in reference to the supposed coolness that has been said to exist between France and Italy. He was well received by the President. Chevalier Nigra informed President Thiers that he had received additional and lengthy instructions from the Italian Government at Rome. These he read as a corroboration of his statement and avowed that Italy was anxious for peace and desired that their Ambassador to France should shape his conduct accordingly.

The *Patrie* speaking of the intended audience, says that the interview will have a salutary effect on the relations existing between the two countries and that the injunctions contained in the orders forwarded to their Minister, Nigra, have a favorable tendency for the preservation of peace and good feeling between France and Italy.

The *Journal Des Debates* states that the differences between the French and Italian Governments are due to the interference of a delegate of the French Legation with the Municipal Envoys of the Italian Government, who were engaged, in the work of surveying a Roman Convent. It proves that the delegate in question belonged to the Vatican Legation instead of that of the Italian Court, and a satisfactory settlement of the difficulty is expected.

PARIS, Sept. 9.—The Paris Forts and three of the four departments surrounding this city are to be evacuated immediately by German troops. The department of Oise is to be occupied until the third half million of indemnity is paid.

UNITED STATES.

SARATOGA, Sept. 8.—The American crews are selling very well to-night and considerable confidence is felt in some quarters that they may take the first prize. The following pools were sold to-night: Taylor-Winship, 20, 25, 30; Wards, 10, 11, 12; Biglins, 10, 10, 8, 8; Tyne, 7, 8, 8, 9. The crews are placed as follows for the start: Renforth, Biglin, Taylor-Winship, Dutchess County, Pittsburg, and Ward. All of the crews are in good trim. The wind has been lighter to-day and a good day is anticipated to-morrow. There are fewer arrivals than were expected to-night, but heavy trains are looked for to-morrow.

SARATOGA, Sept. 9.—The arrivals this morning were very heavy. Every vehicle in town is engaged and large crowds are footing it by the Union Avenue to the lake. Pools were sold this morning as follows:

Taylor-Winship, 175, 170; Wards, 51, 60; Tyne, 49, 51; Biglin, 35, 81; and Field 15, 15.

There is a pretty fresh wind blowing at this hour, but it is expected that it will subside by the time the start is made.

Confidence in the Ward Crew is increasing.

DE OMNIBUS REBUS.

An old gentleman of seventy wanted to be married to a girl of seventeen. One day a friend surprised him tenderly embracing his intended. "I don't wonder at your astonishment," said the young lady, "you don't generally expect to find old heads on young shoulders."

Tobacco in New England, this year, is an enormous crop. Few, if any, preceding years have produced crops to surpass it, in the weight of the leaf. All appearances seem to indicate that the quality, like the quantity of the tobacco crop of 1871, will be superior.

A fiend in human shape is haunting the streets of Cincinnati and extracting the change from the pockets of small boys by a novel expedient. He accosts an urchin and proceeds to convince him that it is essential to his best interests that he should be indelibly marked with Indian ink, in order that his body may be recognized if he should be accidentally drowned. When he is successful is his design he sends his youthful victim home to his astonished parents tattooed into a resemblance to a Feejee islander, in a degree greater or less, according to the pecuniary resources of the youngster.

A singular and beautiful incident occurred at a funeral in Cape Ann the other day. Just at the conclusion of the services over the remains, a white dove suddenly made its appearance, and after making a circuit of the apartment, alighted upon the head of the rector who had conducted the exercises. There it quietly remained until removed and properly cared for. It did not belong to the family, but was the property of a neighbor who resides on the same street. The dove has ever been considered an emblem of peace; and appearing as it did this one, at such a time and under such particular circumstance, it awakened pleasant emotions in the hearts of all present.

Five instances of the suicidal propensity of the Chinese are furnished in a single copy of a China paper. A young fellow quarreled with his elder brother, and forthwith he took enough crude opium to kill an English bullock. A mandarin's wife and the wife of an expectant mandarin swallowed their gold hair ornaments to destroy themselves, out of jealousy at the introduction of supplementary wives. In another and sadder case, the daughter of a district magistrate drank poison avowedly in order to accompany her father's ghost to the world of spirits, and there minister to his necessities. "Our father in the neither world will be solitary and lonesome and I am about to follow him thither, to wait on him and bear him company;" so saying she drank off the fatal cup in the presence of her sisters. This act is spoken of in the official dispatches as a "supreme act of filial piety, an act eminently calculated to afford an illustrious example and exercise a happy influence upon the present generation."

APPROACH OF CHOLERA.

HOW THE DISEASE IS PROPOGATED AND THE MEANS OF PREVENTION.

[*From the London Times.*]

If we may credit the accounts we receive from every quarter, a terrible and subtle enemy is approaching our shores by an accustomed and well marked track. For some time past cholera has been ravaging Persia, where famine has contributed to nourish the pestilence. It has crept on slowly through the steppes of Southern Russia, until it has grasped Poland, and has made its appearance in a virulent form in the eastern provinces of Prussia. We are well acquainted with the history of all recorded epidemics of Asiatic Cholera They have never taken us unawares. They have always given us warning of their death-dealing approach, and have allowed us ample time, if we chose, to set our house in order before their coming. In tropical Asia, among a teeming population to whom sanitary precautions are unknown, cholera has a permanent home. A correspondent recently returned from India called attention, a day or two ago in our columns to the state of things by which the disease is propogated in the east. In India there is no system of drainage, no purified water supply, except in the great cities. The germs of disease are never destroyed or removed; they are transferred by water or wind from one house to another, and allowed to fester freely in the filthy, close, and darkened habitations of the natives. When an unhealthy season causes a particularly virulent outbreak of cholera in India, the epidemic rapidly crosses the Himalayas, spreads among the Nomad tribes of Central Asia, whose primitive habits do not check the pestilence; makes its way steadily along the shores of the Caspian into Southern Russia, is nurtured among the miserable, penetrates by way of Poland and Pomerania into the heart of western and civilized Europe.

This fatal drama has been repeated several times within the memory of the present generation. Four times we have seen the approach of cholera, by regular graduations from the First; we have watched it coming upon us, and, until we were actually wrestling with the epidemic, we took no measures to avert the threatened devastation. Yet we know what a horrible scourge it is. The outbreak of 1848 carried off 56,000 lives; the milder epidemic of 1854, 20,000; the latest visitation, in 1866, was disasterously felt in all the pauperized quarters of the metropolis. Against such a danger as this it has been our practice to take no general precautions, although medical science, almost powerless to cope with the disease when it has once appeared, has demonstrated that its ravages can be absolutely averted, or, at all events, restricted within the narrowed limits by most simple preventative measures. Cholera is an enemy which, once permitted to enter the citadel of life, can be dislodged by no effort of the physician; when the disease has stricken down even the youngest and most vigorous there is only a faint hope left that the latent energies of nature may be powerful enough to resist the fatal state of collapse, and to initiate a heal by reaction. It is surely better not to challenge a contest so unequal as this. If cholera is a preventable disease, those who maintain the conditions which foster and propagate it are almost as culpable as those who resist the prevention of small-pox by a general system of vaccination. We have suffered enough lately by the neglect of sanitary precautions before an epidemic has taken a permanent hold on the country. It can hardly be questioned that cholera is to be ranked among preventable diseases.

We know thoroughly the means of its propagation, and the most fatal of these is completely under the public control. Before the principles of sanitary science were well understood it was a matter of marvel that epidemics of cholera in their progress from the East followed the course of the great rivers. This observation, once a difficulty, has now been recognized as an additional proof of the theory, supported by many other observed results, that the germs of cholera are mainly propagated by polluted water. The "excreta" from patients suffering from the epidemic are allowed to mingle with the common drainage and thence to find their way to some river which further on its course furnishes the water supply to populous towns, and thus distributes the seeds of the disease. In other cases, "cholera dust," the dried "excreta" from infected persons, is carried by the wind into some well, pond or river. Cholera germs thus distributed are an organic poison, and the destruction they create can as surely be prevented by proper methods of isolation and disinfection as the life of any person can be secured by the seclusion of an ordinary poison. In the East, as we have said, the absence of personal cleanliness among the population, and of public sanitary measures allow the poison to circulate freely and to spread ruin over half a continent. In England we have made some slight attempts to control diseases by enforcing sanitary precautions. We have it in our power especially to check the spread of the cholera poison by a vigilant inspection of the drainage system and the water supply. But how little will what has been done hitherto avail us against the dangerous foe whose invasion we now see impending if once the scourge sets foot on our shoes!

THE AUTUMN CAMPS.

With regard to the autumn manœuvres, the *Standard* says:—According to the most recent information it is the Cobham-ridges Camp which is to be abandoned, and those at Woolmer and Hartford Bridge Flats which are to be retained. Notwithstanding the above information, which proceeds from a trustworthy source, we are able to state, on the testimony of an eye-witness, that so lately as yesterday there was on Cobham-common a small camp of engineers, who must have been sent on to prepare the ground for the emcampment of a large force. Probably they have not yet received their counter-orders. We are informed that the original Aldershot division will remain in Aldershot Camp during the manœuvres, the Control Department, finding that it cannot move and supply more than 20,000 men in flying camps. Yet, notwithstanding the reduced scale of the manœuvres and the conversion of field artillery into a waggon train, the control Department are assiduously paring down their load as much as possible. It is now published officially that no beer or spirits will be issued by the department to the soldiers during the manœuvres, but that a certain number of sutlers will receive licences to accompany the camp and sell liquors. It is not probable that temperance will be promoted by this expedient, and should be borne in mind that the Control Department in this case virtually admit that they are unable to perform in Berkshire that which it is their duty todo and which they would be compelled to do in an enemy's country.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

BIRTH.

On the 8th instant, the wife of Mr. Richard Arthur Salter, of a daughter.

DIED.

On the 9th inst., Jessie, second daughter of J. J. Radford, aged 3 years and 8 months.

HAVE COME.

McCOY & ESMONDE'S

Minstrels and Brass Band

will give one of their Grand Entertainments on

Tuesday Evening, Sept. 12th,

AT THE

SKATING RINK MUSIC HALL.

Ottawa, Sept., 11, 1871. 1765-2

WANTED TO RENT,

A House or Cottage in the neighbourhood of Sandy Hill.

Apply at "THE TIMES" Office.

1765-tf

AUCTION SALE OF A TIMBER LIMIT SITUATED ON DEEP RIVER.

The Subscriber has received instructions to sell at the Union House, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, 4th October, a Timber Berth, being License No. 267 of 1870-71, of about 5½ square miles on the South side of Deep River.

Terms and conditions made known at time of sale.

Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept 8 1871. 1764-td

STRAYED OR STOLEN

From McKay's Pasture grounds, New Edinburgh, a RED COW, with the ends sawn off of horns. Any person giving information that may lead to her discovery will be suitably rewarded.

And any person found harbouring or endeavouring to conceal her from discovery after this notice will, on conviction thereof, be prosecuted according to law.

All information concerning her will be thankfully received and rewarded by

CHARLES GOULDEN,
1764-tf Goulden's Hotel, Ottawa.

NOTICE.

EARLY CLOSING.

We, the undersigned Dry Goods and Ready Made Clothing Merchants, hereby agree to close our respective places of business at EIGHT O'Clock, p.m., from the FIRST of SEPTEMBER instant to the FIRST of MARCH, 1872.

J F CALDWELL & CO.,
EUG MARTINEAU,
W A CAMERON,
X & A GROULX,
J M GOULDEN,
N CHEVRIER,
P H CHABOT.

Ottawa, Sept. 9, 1871. 1760-1

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON, Proprietor.

1760-6m

NOTICE.

We hereby forbid all persons to hire JOHN DUNN and THOMAS PADDON, as they have deserted our employment.

GILMOUR & Co.

Gatineau Mills, Chelsea, Hull, September 4, 1871. 1760 4

FURNISHED ROOMS WANTED.

By a gentleman in the Bank of Montreal, a furnished BED ROOM and SITTING ROOM. A liberal price given for suitable apartments. Address Box 366, Ottawa. 1763-3

MILLER WANTED FOR OSCEOLA MILLS.

A good steady hand will be paid a liberal salary. Single man preferred. Apply personally at the mill or by letter postpaid to

McLAREN BROS.,
1763-3 Osceola, Ont

PRIVATE BOARD WANTED

In Upper Town by a Gentleman and his Wife. Apply by letter addressed

1761- U., Times Office.

BOARD WANTED

In a Private Family, by a Gentleman. Six o'clock dinner preferred Address X. Y. Z., P. O. Box, 285. 1754

TO LET,

A first class Store and Offices, lately occupied by Times Printing and Publishing Company, formerly occupied by Magee & Russell, No. 38, Sparks street Apply to

ANDREW PORTER,
1761-tf On the Premises.

GENUINE HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

TWO VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE!

The following Valuable Farm situated on the banks of the Rideau about one mile and a half from Ottawa, the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq., and known as the South West half of Lot 14 on the Rideau River in the Gore of Gloucester. It is all cleared and in the highest state of cultivation; well watered; first-class brick building with seven rooms, and substantial barns, sheds, &c., thereon; also, an excellent orchard and garden. Beautifully situated and commanding a fine view of the City, Parliament Buildings, and surrounding country; contains about 100 acres.

ALSO

Lot No 16, in the Seventh Concession of Gloucester, Ottawa Front (the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq.), 8 miles from Ottawa and 2 miles from Taylorsville. Contains 200 acres, principally covered with timber.

For particulars and terms apply to DANIEL McLAURIN, Esq., of Osgoode, JAMES SEVERIGHT, Esq., of Gloucester, Trustees, or to

HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor, &c.,
34tf Post Office Block, Ottawa.

CAPE WOOL.

The Cargo of the "PEONY," direct from

PORT ELIZABETH,

will be ready for Inspection on the 18th instant.

GILLESPIE MOFFATT & CO.

Montreal, Sept. 7th, 1871. 1762-1w

ENGLISH WEEKLY NEWS PAPERS AND MONTHLY MAGAZINES.

LLOYD'S WEEKLY LONDON NEWS, Weekly Times, Reynolds', Weekly Dispatch,—the latest editions,—5 cents. Subscription (post free to any part of the Dominion)—yearly, $2.50; six months, $1.25.

Illustrated London News, Graphic, Bell's Life, News of the World, Punch, Fun, Judy, &c., &c.

THE TORONTO GLOBE delivered at 10 cents per week.

C. E. HUCKETT & CO.
69, Sparks Street.

August 29. 1755 1m

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TEMPERANCE.—A
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LOCAL NEWS.

CORRECTION.—In our police report of Saturday "a man named Lawrence," should have read Laurence Grubert.

TEMPERANCE.—A very well attended temperance meeting was held in the Temperance Hall, Elgin street, yesterday.

CENTRAL QUADRILLE CLUB.—A meeting of the above club is called for this evening, to be held in the Shakespeare. A full attendence of old members is requested.

ON THE MARCH.—Mr. John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau street, and Satchell Bros., have the contract for supplying the Volunteers with provisions while on their march to Prescott.

SIDEWALKS.—The sidewalks, generally in the city, are in a very bad state, but that on the western side of Sussex Street is so dangerously delapidated that we hope it will be repaired without delay.

CITY COUNCIL.—At the special meeting of the City Council to be held this evening, the report of the Water Works Committee submitted at the previous meeting will be discussed and received or rejected.

CROSSING.—A stone crossing is being laid across York street where the latter meets Sussex street. Similar pavements at the other principal crossings in the city would be a great improvement on the present system.

COURT HOUSE.—The new Court House is now completely roofed and generally finished outside. The energy and despatch which Mr. Webster has evinced in the construction of this building reflects much credit upon him.

COUNTY OF LANARK.—The next circuit, of the Division Court, for the County of Lanark, will be holden as follows:—

Perth, on the 11th; Smith's Falls on the 12th; Carleton Place, on the 13th; Ramsay, on the 14th; Pakenham, on the 15th, and Lanark on the 16th of September.

COUNTY COURT.—At a sitting of this Court on Saturday, Donald M. Grant, Esq., presiding, a volunteer named Plunkett, was fined $20 for refusing to join his company during the Spring Drill. He had been summoned on two occasions to appear to answer to the above charge, but neglecting to do so he was arrested by Constable Silcox on Friday.

ARRESTED.—A young lad, a boot-black and an importation from London, was arrested on Saturday evening for the larceny of $15 from a till in Mr. Dempsey's establishment, Sussex street. He is a member of a gang of youthful burglars beginning to ply their profession in this city and we are glad to see that the vigilance of the police is breaking up the gang.

FOR VOLUNTEERS.—The following is an extract from the orders to the Volunteers respecting their march to the front:

"The Non-commissioned Officers and men will assemble on Wednesday, September 13, at three o'clock, p. m., in full marching order, any man found absent at that time will be sent after by a guard and kept lodged in the guard room until hour of departure the following morning.

MUCH WANTED.—Many of our readers those connected with commercial houses in particular, will be glad to learn that Mr. Weldon Champness, the popular proprietor of the British Lion Hotel, Sparks St., has determined on reopening his livery stable, in connection with the above named establishment. We wish Mr. Champness every success in his undertaking, and feel sure he will receive a cordial support from his commercial guests and the public of Ottawa generally.

PETER'S MUSICAL—The last number of this excellent monthly publication is unusually good and no lover of music should be without it, considering that the price is merely nominal. The following is a list of the airs with words in the last number: Barney A' Leen; My Mother's Wedding Ring; Cross and Crown; My Sister in Heaven: The Homes of the Swallows; Speak Kindly to Your Wife; My Father's House; A Sweet Flowing Streamlet; Why do the Roses Wither; Curly Hair Waltz; Silvery Spring Polka; Bob-O-Link Schottische; Le Reve du Gunien, and Farewell L' Addio.

POLICE COURT.—Saturday.—Julia Ring was sent to gaol for drunkenness.

Julia Robinson, charged with being drunk and a vagrant on the public street, was sent to gaol for two months at hard labor.

Francis Goulette, charged with indecent conduct on the public streets, was fined $3 and costs.

Thomas Hourahan was sent to gaol for one month for vagrancy.

In a pig nuisance case the owner of the unclean animal paid a fine of $2.

Mr. Hardgrove pleaded guilty to a charge of breach of the peace and was fined $3 and costs.

☞ Just arrived, H. M. Rowe's Celebrated Baltimore Oysters at Delesdernier.

CRICKET.

We are glad to observe that this fine manly game has been revived in this city, altho' we hear that it is somewhat declining in other parts of the Dominion. Until this year the Ottawa Cricket Club, altho' possessed of the finest and prettiest ground in Canada, being part of the Rideau Hall Estate, the use of which was kindly granted to the Club by the Governor General, has consisted of only a few energetic and excellent cricketers who played their favorite game whenever they had a chance, but during the present season their members has more than doubled itself and now almost every fine afternoon some of the votaries of the game may be seen practising, while on Saturdays a full complement of twenty-two always turn out to play a Club match. To add to the attractions of the ground and to induce the ladies to enliven the game by their presence the Club has on one or two occasions obtained the services of the Band of the Ottawa Garrison Artillery, and then the ground being graced by large numbers of the fair sex presented a lively picture. On Saturday last a club match between two elevens, chosen by Mr. Carter and Mr. Brodie was played and resulted, as will be seen by the annexed score, in 92 runs for Mr. Carter's side, while Mr. Brodie's side made 99 runs and had four wickets to go down when darkness put an end to the game. With such batsmen as Messrs. Phillipps, Smith, Baker, Ford, Pedan, Patterson and Pain, and the first rate bowling of Messrs. Brodie, Benjamin, Carter and Meredith, the Club consider themselves second to none in the Dominion and will be happy to play any other Club that may visit the Capital for that purpose. The revision of By-Laws has been completed and members are reminded that a general meeting in reference thereto will be held at the Commercial Hotel, on Monday (to night), at 8 p. m. when a full attendance is looked for.

We understand that an amateur concert by the members and friends of the club is in contemplation, and feel sure such an entertainment will be largely patronized.

SCORES:

MR. CARTER'S SIDE.

Jas Smith, b Phillipps	25
C S Scott c Sutherland, b Phillipps	12
F Evans, b Brodie	15
W Pain, b Phillipps	0
W Egan, b Brodie	8
F Cotton, b Brodie	7
W Carter, c Ford, b Phillipps	0
J Cotton, b Phillipps	2
E Crombie, not out	10
A Bell, c and b Phillipps	0
C Grayburn, b Brodie	2
H P Meredith, b Brodie	0
Byes	9
Leg Byes	2
	92

MR. BRODIE'S SIDE.

Rev T D Phillipps, not out	44
H V Ford, b Carter	8
E Misll, b Carter	1
G P Baker, c Bell, b Meredith	1
J D Paterson, b Carter	9
E Brodie, run out	4
A G Peden, b Evans	0
E H Benjamin, not out	6
E Laumann	
W Sutherland	
R Brewer	
W Harrington	
Byes	11
Leg Byes	6
Wides	8
No Ball	1
	99

☞ Just arrived, H. M. Rowe's Celebrated Baltimore Oysters at Delesderniers.

TARIFF OF CHARGES.

We publish the following tariff of charges for the benefit of the public, some of whom are daily imposed upon by unscrupulous Cabmen, who never hesitate to extort double fare or more when a favorable opportunity to do so offers.

XIII. That the following Rates are hereby established as the proper and legal Rates and Charges for the Conveyance of Passengers within the City of Ottawa,—between the hours of Five o'clock in the forenoon and Eleven o'clock in the afternoon,—*at all other hours* double rates shall be proper and legal, and may be exacted where no agreement for a less sum has been entered into between the parties.

TWO HORSE VEHICLE.

1. For the Conveyance or Carriage of any number of Passengers not exceeding Four, in a Carriage, Sleigh, or other vehicle drawn by *two* horses, when hired by the hour, or when the time occupied *amounts to or exceeds one hour*:

For the first hour	$0 75
And for each subsequent quarter of an hour	0 15
Each additional passenger for the first hour	0 25
And for each subsequent quarter of an hour	0 05

ONE HORSE VEHICLE.

2. For the Conveyance or Carriage of any number of Passengers not exceeding Three, in a Carriage, Sleigh, or other vehicle drawn by one horse, when hired by the hour, or when the time occupied *amounts to or exceeds one hour*:

For the first hour	$1 00
And for each subsequent quarter of an hour	0 10
And for each additional passenger for the first hour	0 20
And for each subsequent quarter of an hour	0 05

3. For the Conveyance of ONE PASSENGER from any of the Carters' Stands, or from one part of the City to one or more places consecutively, in said City, provided the time occupied in conveying and waiting for such Passenger

To not exceed fifteen minutes	$0 25
And for each additional passenger	0 10
If time occupied exceeds 15 minutes but not 30 minutes	0 40
And for each additional passenger	0 15
And for each subsequent 10 minutes after first 30 minutes	0 10
And for each additional passenger	0 05

But if the time occupied continuously whilst any such vehicle shall be in the employ of the same person or persons *amounts to or exceeds one hour*, then the rates by the hour as aforesaid shall only be proper and legal, and no higher Rates shall be legal.

4. That each passenger shall be entitled to take with him or her one Trunk and other Baggage to a reasonable extent, free of charge, and it shall be the duty of the person in charge of any such vehicle to load and unload the same free of charge.

5. That children under five years of age shall not be charged for as additional Passengers, and children over five years and under twelve years of age shall not be charged for as additional Passengers more than *half Rates*.

For Licensed Carts, Trucks, Sleighs or other Vehicles for the Carriage of Loading within the City of Ottawa.

XIV. That the following Scale of Charges is hereby established for the Loading, Unloading and the Carting of Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Firewood, and all other Loading, by Licensed Carters within the City of Ottawa:

1. From any part of Upper Town west of Bank Street to any part of Lower Town east of Nelson Street or north of Cathcart Street, and *vice versa*, $0 40
2. To any other part of Lower Town, and *vice versa* 0 25
2. From any part of Lower Town east of Nelson Street or north of Cathcart Street, to any part of Upper Town east of Bank Street 0 25
3. From any other part of the City to another, except as aforesaid 0 20
4. That the Loading referred to in the proceeding Section of this By-Law shall consist of Twelve Hundred Pounds, or six barrels of Flour, or four barrels of Pork, or half a cord of Wood.

Certified correct,
W. P. LETT,
Clerk B. C. of Police.
Ottawa, March 10th, 1869.

THE PIRATES OF THE GULF.

The Mexican banditti that line the mountain and seashore regions of that uncivilized republic tried to improve their condition of late by carrying their depredations on at sea, according to the example of Morgan, the famous buccaneer of old, and of Lafitte, the pirate of the Gulf. Robbing Mexican beggars on land is not a very paying business even in its palmiest days, and heavy *conductas* and rich native or foreign merchants are generally too well guarded in their transit through the barbarous wilds of Mexico to offer any very tempting bait to these cowardly robbers. Their first experience at sea, however, does not seem to have been much more encouraging. A party of them, on the 27th of August, attacked the American bark *Twin Brothers*, then off San'a Anna bar, in the Gulf, and, after a severe fight, captured her, eight of the attacking party being killed. The captain of the *Brothers* and his crew took to their boats and were pursued by the Mexicans in his bark; but the American bark *Harvest Home* came on the scene and picked up the captain and his crew, and gave such stubborn fight to the pirates that they were compelled to retreat to the shore with a further loss of eight or ten killed. The two American barks then proceeded to Galveston, whence they despatched a full account of all these proceedings to Washington.

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for Supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY FOR SUNDAY USE.

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season		$5 00
20lbs " "		9 00
10lbs "	month	1 50
20lbs " "		2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance ☜

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N. B.—Ice supplied by the ton or cwt.
Ottawa April 1871

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS,

ON BLACK RIVER,

For Sale by Auction, at the Union House,

ON WEDNESDAY, 4th OCTOBER

next, at one o'clock, p. m., being

License No. 265, of 1870-71 ..... 50 miles.
And No. 367, of 1870-71 ..... 50 miles.

Total one hundred square miles of richly timbered limits.

By order of
ALEXANDER FRASER, Esq.
Ottawa, 1st Sept. 1871. 1759-td

NOTICE.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned endorsed "Tender for Lock Gates," will be received at this Office until FRIDAY, 29th September instant, for the construction and insertion of six pairs of LOCK GATES for the proposed enlarged Locks Nos. 9, 10, and 11, on the Grenville Canal.

Plans and Specifications can be seen on application at this Office, or at the Lachine Canal Office, Montreal, and at the Engineer's Office, on the Works at Grenville, where printed Forms of Tender may also be obtained.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th Sept. 1871. 1764-3

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for a Bridge," will be received at this Office until FRIDAY, the 29th day of September instant, at noon, for the construction of two Swing Bridges for the enlarged portion of the Grenville Canal.

Plans and Specifications can be seen on application at this Office, or at the Lachine Canal Office, Montreal, and at the Engineer's Office, on the work at Grenville, where printed Forms of Tender may also be obtained.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th Sept., 1871. 1764-3

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Central Tower," will be received at this Office until WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of September instant, at noon, for the carpenter and joiners' galvanized iron, plumber's and painter's works; also for wrought and cast iron work required for finish to the Central Tower, Parliament Buildings, Ottawa.

Plans and Specifications and Model can be seen at this Office, where all necessary information can be obtained.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th Sept., 1871. 1764-3

☞ Coughs and colds, when left to themselves, frequently bring on pulmonary complaints, which lead to that distressing and fatal disease, consumption; but if attended to in time, "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers" are a certain remedy. They stop the irritating cough, and soothe and strengthen the bronchial tubes, allaying all irritations and inflammation. They are also particularly adapted for the use of singers and public speakers. Sold by all druggists and country dealers. Price 25 cents per box.

Circus and Caravan

COMING.

A Herd of Eight Elephants

Recently added to the Exhibition, will appear in the Grand Procession in the City of Ottawa.

FULL TROOP OF BRITISH RIDERS AND ACROBATS.

THE GREATEST EXHIBITION
Ever given will come off in
OTTAWA,
SATURDAY, September 16,
Afternoon and Evening,
☞ ONE DAY ONLY,
Howe's Great London Circus
AND
SANGER'S English Menagerie
OF TRAINED ANIMALS.

The Magnificent, Gorgeous and Costly Golden Chariot Procession, the Largest and Most Brilliant Cavalcade of the kind ever seen, with its

FIVE COLOSSAL CHARIOTS,

Drawn through the streets by teams of Zebras, Shetland Ponies, Abyssinian Donkeys and beautiful Flemish Horses.

100 *Knights in Burnished Steel Armor,*

Ladies in full Circassian Costume, attended by their Equerries, Squires, Pages, &c., in appropriate Dresses, with Banners, Flags, Superb Trappings, &c., and the full

BRITISH CORNET BAND,

Conceded by the Profession to be the best musical accompaniment ever heard in a circus.

Doors open at 1 and at 7 p.m.

Admission, 50 cents Children under ten 25 cents. 1747td

BUSINESS CHANGE.

We, the undersigned, in relinquishing the Retail branch of our business, beg to return thanks to the public of Ottawa and vicinity for the very liberal support accorded to us during the past eight years, and to announce that we have

DISPOSED OF OUR STOCK,

And leased the premises,

29 Sparks Street,

TO

MESSRS.

ALEXANDER RUSSELL,

(Late of Blyth & Russell, Ottawa,)

AND

ROBERT WATSON,

(Of Watson & Hayes, Almonte,)

Who will continue the business under the name and style of

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Both of these gentlemen were formerly in our employ, and being possessed of ample means and long experience we have great pleasure in recommending them to the confidence and patronage of all our friends and customers.

MAGEE & RUSSELL
Ottawa, August, 1871.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE

RUSSELL & WATSON

Have pleasure in announcing that they have received the

Entire Stock in Trade,

AND

GOOD WILL

OF THE

RETAIL BUSINESS

Lately conducted by Messrs.

Magee & Russell,

And leased their premises, 29 Sparks Street, for a term of years.

And hope by keeping only the best qualities of goods, and adopting a uniform and

Moderate Scale of Profits,

By anticipating the wants of the public and a strict attention to business to merit and retain the patronage so liberally bestowed upon their predecessors.

And we beg to assure the old patrons of the establishment that no efforts will be spared in maintaining the leading position to which it had attained.

ALEX. RUSSELL. ROB'T. WATSON.
Ottawa, August 1871.

FRED. T. PALMER,

Commission and Lumbermen's Agent, Rideau Street, (entrance O'Meara's Gateway.)

Particular attention will be given to hiring men, teams, &c., and all transactions with the Crown Land and Timber Office.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:

R Nagle, Esq. | Wm Mackay, Esq.
Allan Grant, Esq. | E McGillivray, Esq.

Ottawa, Sept 1, 1871. 1746tf

Peaches!

Peaches!

Peaches!

Pears!

Pears!

Pears!

Apples!

Apples!

Apples!

And all other Kinds of Fruit

at the Fruit Depots of

G. LORENZ,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET

—AND—

NO. 58 SPARKS STREET.

Opposite the Post Office.

GREAT

DRY GOODS SALE.

Allan McKinnon's & McMorran,

Have determined to clear out the FALL and WINTER GOODS purchased at a heavy discount from Messrs GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO, and with that view will bring forward the whole stock, including several large lots of

NEW GOODS

purchased far below Market value, and offer the whole at prices that must induce good judges of goods to buy largely.

The sale will commence on

Monday, 4th Sept'r,

And continue one month.

As many of the cheapest lines will be sold quickly, intending purchasers will do well to call early and secure a choice.

1,000 YDS. JAPANESE SILKS,

At 50 cents per yard.

ONE CASE OF VELVET RIBBONS, damaged by fresh water, will be offered at less than half price.

2 Bales of GREY COTTONS, in short pieces, at from one to two cents below usual prices.

To be reduced one third in prices—a large quantity of

MILLINERY, MANTLES and MANTLE CLOTHS,

A line of Velveteen Jackets, reduced to $1.00 each, Waterproof Mantles at from $2.50 to 5.

DRESS GOODS, in a variety of fabrics, reduced below cost.

PRINTS—A line formerly sold at 12½ cents will be cleared out at 9 cents per yard.

A large lot of Gloves and Hosiery will be marked down far below cost.

A lot of best Brussels Carpets will be sold at $1.25 per yard.

ALLAN, McKINNON'S & McMORRAN,
Successors to Garland, Mutchmor & Co
No. 20, Sparks Street.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, that if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE

Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

GIN—

J. DeKuypers & Son's fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to order.

LACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb "Caddies."

☞ Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.
Ottawa, May 2, 1871

WANTED,

A School Teacher for School Section No. 3 Huntley. Apply to

HENRY McBRIDE,
J. LETT,
JAMES JOHNSTON,
or Carp Post Office
1760-2w Ontario

IF YOU DESIRE

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

SEND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor

SUCCEEDING TO THE BUSINESS OF MAGEE & RUSSEL.

The Undersigned, in succeeding to the business of the above named Firm, would say that the balance of the Stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Carried over by them, will now be offered by us, at prices that cannot but attract the attention of

CLOSEST BUYERS.

In order that we may have time to get the stuff forward and reduced,

THE SALE

Will not begin before

Monday, the 4th September.

Having therefore decided that all Goods of this Season MUST BE SOLD, we have reduced to them to such prices as must soon effect it.

We therefore invite inspection of our Stock by intending purchasers.

We would call special attention to our

SILK DEPARTMENT,

in this line we are offering decided BARGAINS in Colored, Fancy and Black Silks.

in the

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

We will offer a large lot of FRENCH MERINOS, FRENCH TWILLS, REPPS, SERGES and WINCIES.

The Goods in this Department were considered fair value at old prices, but having decided to CLEAR OUT, all of last Season's Stock have been marked down. Those requiring anything in this line will do well to give a look through the Departments.

ALL STAPLE GOODS, WHILE THE SALE CONTINUES, WILL BE OFFERED AT A SMALL ADVANCE.

☞ A large quantity of Grey and White Cottons now forward, and considered extra GOOD VALUE.

We will not quote prices, being satisfied, as we are, that purchasers must see value before paying any attention to figures.

RUSSELL & WATSON,

SUCCESSORS TO—

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

ESTABLISHMENT FOR YOUNG LADIES,
Wilbrod Street (between Nelson and Gloucester Streets), Sandy Hill, Ottawa.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART returns thanks for the kind patronage she has received during her residence in Ottawa, and hopes by unwearied attention to her scholastic duties, and by their efficient discharge, to merit and receive a continuance of favor and support.

The School will be RE OPENED on FRIDAY, the 1st of September. All the Classes are open to any who may wish to join one or more of them for the study of any special subject.

Terms very moderate. References to parents of pupils.

August 18th, 1871. 1746 tf

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

LONG AND SHORT MOSAICS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA,
Between Bowell and Findland & Draper's
E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.
1737tf

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested to settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

WANTED,

Young Ladies to learn Systematic Dress Cutting by the "PRINCESS LOUISE CHART." Terms $3. Apply to Miss FARNHAM, Russell House, Ottawa. 1746 a

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

☞ Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

YORK STREET, Lower Town, next door to Mathew's Hotel,

And at No. 209 WELLINGTON STREET

Upper Town, opposite the Montreal Bank.

Mr. GENDREAU has always on hand the best French and English perfumeries

You are respectfully requested to visit these establishments.

Ottawa, 21st August, 1871. 1747tf

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY,
WELLINGTON STREET,
CONDUCTED BY THE GREY NUNS.

The course of studies at this Institution will be resumed on Monday 4th Sept.

OTTAWA CONVENT,
Grey Nuns, Aug. 17, 1871. 1745-b

CHURCH OF ENGLAND
LADIES' SCHOOL,
WELLINGTON STREET, OTTAWA
(Established, 1869—Incorporated, 1871.)

Lady Principal ..... *Miss Machin.*

This School will re-open SEPT. 1st.

New Prospectuses can be obtained of Durie & Son and Hope & Co.

Further particulars on application to the Lady Principal, or

REV B POLLARD,
1743c Secretary, Ottawa.

THE Rev. C. F. STREET informs his friends and the public that he will open his Classical and Commercial SCHOOL on MONDAY, 28th AUGUST, in the School Room lately occupied by the Rev. Mr. May For particulars, apply to Mrs. Kendall, Taylor's Block, corner of Nelson and Daly streets. 1741tf

MR. E. H. HARINGTON, B.A., Oxford University,

Begs to inform his Friends and the Public, that he will OPEN his PRIVATE SCHOOL on MONDAY, the 4th September. School-room, corner of Bank and Albert Streets. For further particulars, apply to Mr. E. H. HARINGTON, Russell House.

N.B.—Private pupils can be taken in the evenings.

August 24, 1871. 1751 8

ACADEMY OF THE GREY NUNS,
AYLMER.

The Classes of this Academy will OPEN on the 1st SEPTEMBER next. The building is new and spacious, and is situate near the banks of the Ottawa river

Aylmer, 16th August, 1871 1744bd

SELECT
BOARDING AND DAY ACADEMY FOR BOYS.
(CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL)

Principal — REV. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

Careful instruction will be given in Latin and Greek Studies, in French and German Languages, in Mathematics, in certain branches of Science and Art, and in all the common branches of an English education.

The Academy on the south side of Daly and Ottawa streets will be OPENED on the 7th SEPTEMBER next.

For further particulars, please address the Rev. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City,

August 25. 1752 1

A MARRIED WOMAN (English) wishes to obtain a small Family's WASHING. A.D.G., care of John Bobier, Ottawa.

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

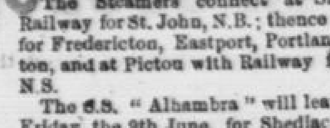
S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE, Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE. Agents, No. 3 Rideau-st.
May 20, 1871 2670tf



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the 1st day of SEPTEMBER—

The Steamer JESSIE CASSELS will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 7.30 a.m., connecting with Steamers of the Line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The Steamer PONTIAC leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted), at 1 p.m., for Des Joachim; returning—leaving at 6 a.m., connecting with Steamer JASON GOULD, which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 p.m., passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The Steamer PRINCE ARTHUR leaves Portage du Fort at 7 a.m., connecting with Steamer JESSIE CASSELS for Aylmer.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip, at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 9 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, August 28th, 1871.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA, CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES, CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY," CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B —Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1736tf

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL RESTAURANT AND BAR FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN, IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

The Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy will, at a Session to be held in the Hall of the said Township on SATURDAY, the 30th day of SEPTEMBER next, pass a By-law to establish the road as now laid out, between Lots Nos. 5 and 6, in the Third Concession of the said Township.

W. P. TAYLOR, Township Clerk.

Fitzroy, 28th August, 1871. 36 4

SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY. —AND— AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD, Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE MOWER —AND— SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain*.

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD, Smith's Falls, Ontario.

June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa P.O., August 31, 1871.

Adcock J C	Martin Wm
Anderson Elizabeth	Maddin Thos
Anderson Samuel	Malsbury Wm
Armstrong Wm	Minea Benj
Arnold Wm	Meade M J
Arthur Geo A	Mercer John
Armstrong Mrs A C	Mitchell W H
Aspdin Thos W	Milne G B
Barnes Sydney	Motherwell Thos
Barber G	Moore & Coburn
Beveridge Thos	Moore F H
Benfield Wm	Muir Wm
Bell H H	Murphy Mathew
Blais Miss Lydia	Neill John
Blakely Mrs	Nelson Mrs Alex
Boyd Dr R H	Nesbitt John
Brayer Wm	Nicholson John
Brennan Wm	Nichols John
Brewer Mrs Emily	Nolan Miss B
Bullock L	O'Brien Wm
Bowns Wm	O'Donnell D
Buchanan Mrs John	O'Donnell, G
Burns Mrs S	O'Connor W P P
Burns Miss	O'Connor Jno A
Byrns Hy	O'Connor Mrs
Campbell Mrs John	O'Dwyer John
Cain Miss Sarah J	Oliver A
Campbell Mrs Mary	O'Meill J
Callaghan Alex	Ormand Jno T
Cantwell John	Patterson Miss Anna
Cahal Miss Mary	Pearsons Albert
Church Jos	Perry Mrs M C
Clarke Miss Emma	Pearson F M
Conway Miss B	Perwitt J H
Corrigan Ed	Pickens John
Connor John	Powers Jesse
Cross W L	Pringle Miss Sarah
Crozier Jos	Pritchard Wm
Cunningham Thos	Quinlan Mrs P
Daly Carol	Rathwell Miss A
Davis J	Rice Alex
Davidson C P	Roberts Miss Kate
Davis Jas	Robertson Geo
Daly J J	Rose Rodger
Davis Mrs R	Roberts Mrs
Dempsey Miss E	Bobertson David
Dendmore Miss Mary	Ryan Miss Julia
Dicare Miss M	Russell Mrs
Dickson Dr Geo	Russell A D
Doyle Mrs Peter	Saunders Miss Julia
Duncan Jas	Scobie Mary
Fenton Miss J.	Servo Walter
Fisher John	Sheaver Jno
Forson Jas	Shehan Thomas
Forbes John	Smith John
Foster Jas	Smith Mrs W
Furlong Jas	Smith H D
Gan John	Smith Heber
Gibbons E	Smith Wm
Gillis J S	Sparks Miss Jane
Glenn Alex	Somerville Hugh
Gormly P	Sparks Noel
Gilchrist John	Sternbug J W
Grimes Thos	Sullivan John
Harris Lizza Ann	Tobin Jas
Hamilton Mrs S	Turner RW
Hewlett Thos	Watson & Hill
Hicks Jas	Ward Jas
Holland W H	Wable A
Hogan Miss B	Wallace M
Hogan Wm	Wagner H
Hunt Wm	Wilsman G & T
Hutchinson G W	Webb Jas T
Hutchison John	Weir John
Huchley Mrs	Wells J P
Hubert J	Webster Miss E H
Janet Rev Mr	Welch Mrs Geo
Jamieson D J	Whalen Miss Eliza
Johnston Miss Ellen	Wilson R
Jones Mrs J E	Wood H O
Kennedy Jno	Wright J
Kealy Mrs Julia A	McBrayen A
Kennedy M	McBryde Jas
King Geo	McClanlish T
Kingsmill M	McDonald And
King Jas	McClory John
Knapp H A	McDonald Miss F
Lamprey B H	McDonald D
Lane Miss Caroline	McDonald Mrs Geo
Leitch Miss A	McGuire Mrs Jno
Leroy W H C	McIntire Miss N
Lewis Mr	McInnis Miss C
Little Irvine	McGuire Philip
Lothion Miss Ellen	McKenzie A
Moher Wm	McKay Jas H
Martin C R	McMillan Miss Jane
May Jno	McMillan J H
Martin Edwin	McPhee A
Marshall David	McMahon Geo

G P BAKER, Postmaster.

WANTED,

A good Carriage and Sleigh Maker, and Blacksmith, at Kinburn, Township of Fitzroy. A good business chance for both, with shop accommodations. Steady and good workmen only need apply.

ALLAN FRASER.

Kinburn 2nd August 1871. 1733tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT GALVANIC CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonising pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause, Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantral, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO., DRUGGISTS, OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awky

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

The undersigned being about to visit England, offers the following properties for sale:

A large Brick Dwelling situate on Besserer and Chapel Streets, with Coach House, Stables, &c.

12 Cottages on Augusta street, producing a clear rental of $700 per annum.

ALSO,

100 Acres of Land at L'Orignal, being south half of Lot No. 15, fourth Concession of Caledonia.

Terms to suit the purchaser.

1810d JAS G ROBINSON.

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gassfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

READING, ELOCUTION, WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to

MRS. R. STEWART, Wilbrod-st., Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18. 1871 1669tf

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES!

On the Line of the UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS, Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co. Omaha, Neb.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY P.M.
...	12 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8,00	......	4.20
......	12 45	9-00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8,00	......	4.20
......	......	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8,00	......	6,00
......	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8,00	......	6,00
10 15	12.45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00	......	4,20
10·15	12.45	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8,00	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	......	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c	......	......	4.20
9.20		4:30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	1.30
9 20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	......	......	1 30
10;30 7:00	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c	8.00	11.00	 7.00
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	......	......	700
10.00	......	......	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8,00	......	......
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and Intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and Intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	......	......	6.00
11.50	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11,30	......	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P M, in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

Post Office, Ottawa, June 7, 1871.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S NEWLY-DISCOVERED VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Furs, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Herman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866. besides numerous Testimonials. *Agents for Ottawa*—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot. Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until Noon of WEDNESDAY, the Sixth day of September next, for the widening of Sappers' Bridge and the construction of a new Bridge over the Rideau Canal to connect Wellington and Rideau Streets, according to the Engineer's plans and specifications, which may be seen at this office after the twentieth instant.

The bridges are to be constructed of iron and stone in a permanent manner, and may be let in one or more contracts as the City Council may decide after receiving the Tenders. The work is to be proceeded with at once, and good security will be required for the due performance of the contracts.

No tenders will be entertained unless made in the prescribed form. They are to be addressed to the undersigned, endorsed, "Tender for Bridges," and contain the names and addresses of two persons who are willing to become security for the contractor.

WM P LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa 19th July, 1871. 1721td

THE "RURAL" SALOON, ELGIN STREET.

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON will be called

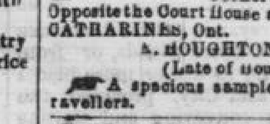
THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. JAMES HOTEL. Strict attention to business. Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS



BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

GARDEN —AND— FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN, CHEMIST, &c., SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

FOR SALE.

BRAE SIDE STEAM SAW MILL,

Situated near Arnprior, Province of Ontario, and extensive Timber Limits on the River Coulonge, Province of Quebec.

The Mill has just been completed, and is most substantially built and fitted with the most improved Machinery, and can manufacture 140,000 feet of lumber per day. It has an extensive piling ground attached to it. Being placed where the Brockville Railway runs beside the Ottawa River, the lumber manufactured by it may be sent direct to the United States market. The limits comprise about 280 square miles of valuable Pine Timber country, with two extensive and productive Farms, and having commodious Dwelling Houses, Storehouses and Stables erected on them. They are also supplied with a large stock of provisions, horse feed and shanty plant for next season's operations

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be had by applying to J. B. Lewis, Esq Barrister, Ottawa, or from Mr. George Purvis, at the offices of the Mill.

Ottawa, July 28, 1871. 1729 d&w4 1awk

SEEDS! SEEDS

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN —AND— ☞FLOWER SEEDS.☜

A. CHRISTIE & CO. (Late Alex. Christie.) Druggists, 40, Sparks-st

Ottawa April 28, 1871

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited. Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) showed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain.
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church, Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Medical.

MESSRS. GABRIELS' CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE TEETH & GUMS AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE ARE SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD PREPARED ONLY BY MESSRS. GABRIEL. DENTISTS LUDGATE HILL LONDON E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co., Druggists, Agents for Ottawa.

May 11871

DARLEY'S ARABIAN OIL FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont. Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1532tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET,

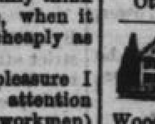
That COTTAGE, the property of N. Tetrau, Esq., Notary, in the Lower Village of Hull, with a handsome flower garden, stable, wood shed, ice house, &c., with or without the necessary firewood for next winter on the place. Mr. Tetrau having arranged for his residence in the dwelling adjoining his office, consented to the leasing of the property. For further information apply to N. TETREAU, N. P., Hull. P. Q. 1746 8

NOTICE.

TO LET, a Large OFFICE and THREE BEDROOMS well situated in the Aumond Block, west, end Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, July 11th, 1871. 1813 tf



HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to T. M. CLARK, Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

MONEY TO LEND ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, Agent, [illegible]

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Fetherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law, Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. F C CLEMOW

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT, NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MARCIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetrau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.

Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S., SURGEON DENTIST, *Sparks Street.* OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE, BARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

A. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The Proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

G. C. RAINBOTH, Provincial Land Surveyor and Draughtsman, commissioned for the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.

Office. Aylmer, P. Q. 1722 tf

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANE.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS, —AND— DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT, RIDEAU STREET, ESTABLISHED 1860.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

I G SOMERVILLE, Travelling Agent.

1871. ICE! 1871.

ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER, Rideau Street

Ottawa, May 1649d

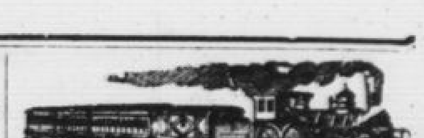
F. WILLIAMS, PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET, Near Division Court Office,

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed.

Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

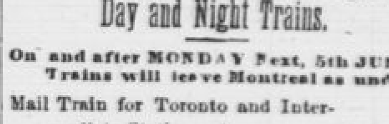
On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at	6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at	9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at	9.00 p.m
Mixed Train or Brockville, at	11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at	5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at	7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at	8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at	2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston	10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL, AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY, SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1680 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER, Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

DOMINION HOUSE CORNER OF SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS., OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY, Dominion House Late Grand River Hotel

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 6m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED LEATHER BELTING, FINE ENGLISH HOSE, LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN, 247 St. James-st., Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.

Montreal, March 11, 1871 161 3y

CANADA AND U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

MORRISON'S STEAM BISCUIT BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT IS THE BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your Orders are solicited, and will be PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO by

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,

Nos. 36 and 38 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

TANNERY, PARK STREET, OTTAWA.

EDMOND GERMAIN, Proprietor.

All kinds of LEATHER for Sale, Whole sale, at reasonable prices.

ALSO,

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS WHOLESALE.

Of his own manufacture, at REDUCED PRICES.

19th August, 1871. 1746tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre), Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1766. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS.

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE!

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guarenteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Destillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

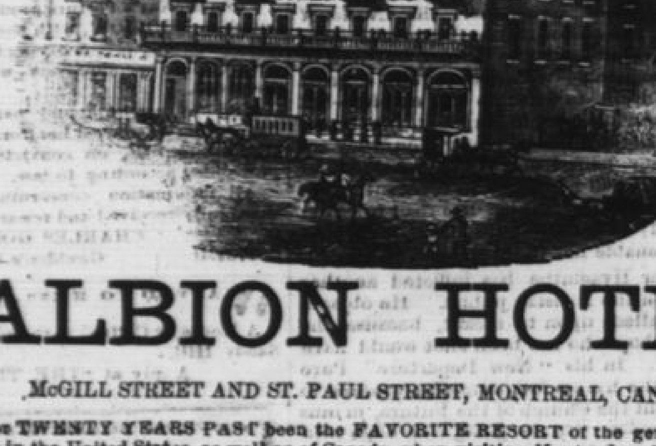
AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.



ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 3m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Receiv

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily)
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
20 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

☞ The *Lybster* Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED ☜

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

☞ Remember the place,

33 Rideau Street.

☞ OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND ☜

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
1746b Post Office Block.

CHickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS TERMS

Also,

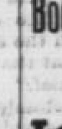
Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.



100 CASES

HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT

"THE RED BOOT,"

OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overs,

MOCCASINS,

Laces & Boot Dressing

Which will be sold at the very lowest price possible,

Wholesale and Retail.

City and country dealers will find (on giving us a call) that they can be supplied at

Montreal Prices—Freight Added.

Having received a good part of our

Fall and Winter Goods

We are prepared to EXECUTE PROMPTLY all orders.

All summer goods selling at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Orders for Hand Made Custom Work attended to promptly.

A full sett of

Messrs. Ames, Millard & Co's Samples

of BOOTS and SHOES, always on view, and orders taken at lowest prices. One of our firm will wait on the merchants of Ottawa City and District soliciting orders.

Agents for wholesaling of Wm. Clendinneng's manufacture of *Stoves, Iron-furniture, Railings, Builders* and all kinds of *Plain and Fancy Castings.*

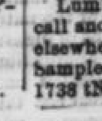
Agents for the celebrated

☞ *Plantagenet Mineral Water.* ☜

Orders promptly attended to.

LAMB & RODDEN,
No. 28, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, July 20, 1871.

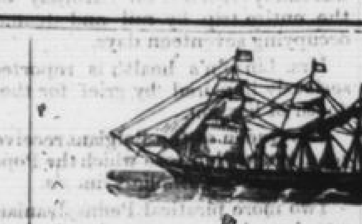


BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE, at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 88 Sussex Street, Ottawa.
1738 tNY SIMEON LEBEAU, Agent.



LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871. 1871.

The following first-class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY.....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES.....J. James "
NIGER.....W. Nisbett "
SEVERN.....G. Butchart "

Are intended to Sail, as under, during the Season of 1871, between

LONDON,

QUEBEC and MONTREAL.

FROM LONDON.

MEDWAY...Thursday, 10th August.
THAMES... " 24th "
NIGER... " 7th Sept.
SEVERN... " 21st "
MEDWAY... " 5th Oct.
THAMES... " 19th "

AND FROM QUEBEC.

NIGER.....Thursday, 10th August.
SEVERN... " 24th "
MEDWAY... " 7th Sept,
THAMES... " 21st "
NIGER... " 5th Oct.
SEVERN... " 19th "
MEDWAY... " 2nd Nov.
THAMES... " 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $5 per year.

Steerage, adults, $21; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.

or

T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co.'s Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, June 13th. 1760y

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL..........$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over..... 4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over..... 9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND........ 6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

All descriptions of property insured at moderate rates.

Tables of rates for Life Assurance and all information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

T. M. CLARKE, Agent.

OFFICE—Baug's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

NESTORIAN..........26th August.
SCANDINAVIAN.......2nd September
HIBERNIAN..........9th "
MORAVIAN...........15th "
SARMATIAN..........23rd "
PRUSSIAN...........30th "

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin..........$70 to $80
Steerage..........$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN, on or about...31st Aug.
OTTAWA " ......7th Sept.
ST. DAVID " ......14th "
ST. ANDREW " ......21st "
ST. PATRICK " ......28th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin..........$67 25
Intermediate..........$47 or 44 00
Steerage..........28 00

☞ An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods, &c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Undershirts
&c., &c.

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞ Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Third Annual Exhibition under the auspices of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society will take place on

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.

SEPTEMBER 20TH, 21ST AND 22ND, 1871.

On the Society's Grounds adjoining the city limits.

COMPETITION OPEN TO THE WORLD!

Nearly $3,000 is offered in Premiums

For Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, Agricultural and Horticultural Productions, Manufactures, Domestic Products, &c.

All parties may compete for prizes on payment of Two Dollars; Ladies on payment of One Dollar.

ENTRIES.

All entries must be made on printed forms, which may be had from the Secretary. These forms are to be filled up and signed by the Exhibitor, enclosing Two Dollars, which amount will entitle the Exhibitor to compete in all the departments.

The entries in each department must be made as follows:—

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before the 10th of SEPTEMBER.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery, and Manufactures generally SEPTEMBER 15th.

Horticultural Products, Flowers, Ladies' Work, &c., SEPTEMBER 18th.

The Society will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railroad Proprietors for carrying articles and passengers at reduced rates.

Arrangements will be made with the Customs Department for the free entry of articles for competition.

J B LEWIS,
President.
A S WOODBURN,
Sec. Treas.

Ottawa August 22. 1749t

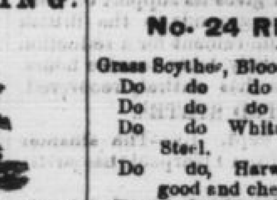
HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES,

And other Harvesting Implements

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,



No. 24 Rideau street,

Grass Scythe, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid Steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.

All ground ready for use.

Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs. Hay Rakes, straight and bent,

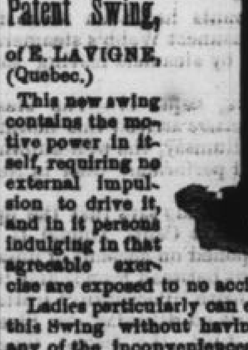
Scythe Stones, &c. &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w



THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No. 120, Sussex Street, and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,
1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

RARE CHANCE.

The advertiser has received instructions to offer for SALE, by TENDER, at so much in the Dollar, as per Inventory Valuation,

A WELL ASSORTED TAILOR'S STOCK,

Consisting of English Cloths, Canada Tweeds, Trimmings, &c., &c., amounting to over $4,000.

The Goods are all in first-class order, and have been well selected.

The above offers an excellent opportunity to any one about to commence business, as the goodwill can be secured.

Every information may be had by addressing Box 468, Montreal, and Stock Sheets can be seen on application to the undersigned.

Tenders will be received until the 26th instant. Parties making other than a CASH OFFER, will please name security.

C. BAILLIE,
181 St. James' Street.

Montreal, August 5th, 1871 1713A

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

☞ Terms, 40cts. per month.

Books bought, sold and exchanged.

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 11:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m, connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.

Mail Train at 3:30 p.m

Through Ottawa Express at 4:10 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 8:10 p.m., and at Sand Point at 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 11:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 5:20 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m. 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE SAND POINT—9:10 a.m.; 4:30 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

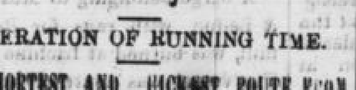
Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 9:10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, 1st Sept, 1871. 1761-y



The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from WEDNESDAY, 15th SEPT. Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 12:30 P.M
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East,

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 4:00 P.M

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M. arriving in Ottawa at 6 45 A.M., every morning - Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4 40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 P.M

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 6:30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.25 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa Sept 9th, 1871

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the BROCKVILLE and OTTAWA RAILWAY will be held at BROCKVILLE on the 10th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon a lease of the section of the said Railway lying between CARLETON PLACE and SAND POINT to the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY will be held at OTTAWA on the 11th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon the accepting of a lease from the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company of that section of their Railway lying between Carleton Place and Sand Point, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

OF THE

AGRICULTURAL & ARTS ASSOCIATION

OF ONTARIO,

To be held at Kingston,

On the 25th to 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Persons intending to exhibit will please take notice that the Entries of articles in the respective classes must be made with the Secretary, at Toronto, on or before the undermentioned dates, viz:

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before Saturday, August 26th.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery and Manufactures generally, on or before Saturday, September 2nd.

Horticultural Products, Ladies' Work, the Fine Arts, &c., on or before Saturday, September 16th.

Prize Lists and Blank Forms for making the entries upon, can be obtained of the Secretaries of all Agricultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes throughout the Province.

HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec'y Agricultural and Arts Association

Toronto, August 15, 1871. 1745-d&w

"BUT SWEETER DAYS WILL COME AT LAST."

My heart was light of care or pain,
What recked I for the wintry blast?
And stepping homeward through the rain,
I paused to catch a single strain:
"But sweeter days will come at last!"

So deep a song, so sweet a tone,
Enticed my feet from hurrying past;
The voice fell to a ten moan,
And rose with the refrain alone:
"But sweeter days will come at last!"

I took the song home in my heart,
And gave it room with sweet things pas-[sed;
I wonder if the singer's art,
Or if her soul sang in the part,
"But sweeter days will, come at last!"

I knew not then, I know to day,
Who stayed me thus in chilling blast;
A life shut from the light of day,
With only faith to sing and say,
"But sweeter days will come at last!"

One more I walked in chill and rain,
The happy years had flown too fast,
My heart was bowed with loss and pain,
When memory struck that chord again,
"But sweeter days will come at last!"

I paused as erst in twilight gloom,
And said, "What precious meed thou [hast,
Pale singer of the prison room,
When thus thy song outlives thy tomb:
"But sweeter days will come at last!"

And in my grief 'tis sweet to know
'Twas grief that climbed to hope so vast;
And that 'twas sorrow's overflow
That sang of morn to nights of woe;
"But sweeter days will come at last!"

My heart went out with happier cheer,
And sang, though yet with clouds o'er-[cast,
If so some weeper passing near,
Or so some careless heart might hear:
"But sweeter days will come at last!"

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XXXVI.

SHADOWS.

(CONTINUED.)

The ghosts of the long ago—laid and buried, as you fancied, years and years since, friends—though your present sight may fail to discern them—they are travelling with you still, a ghastly companion. While you drive in your carriage along life's smoothest turnpike-roads, or pace, footsore and weary, over the flinty by-paths of existence, past events are skipping on beside you, mocking, jeering at your profound self-delusion.

Shall fleet steeds leave them behind? shall liveried servants keep them at bay? shall an unsuccessful existence, drawing to a still more unsuccessful close, be able to purchase their forbearance? Nay, invisible now, they shall be visible some day; voiceless, they shall yet find tongues; despised, they shall rear their head and hiss at you; forgotten, they shall reappear with more strength than at their first birth; and when the evil day comes, and your power and your energy, and your youth and your hope have gone, they shall pour the overflowing drop into your cup, they shall mingle fennel with your wine, they shall pile the last straw on your back, they shall make poverty more bitter, and add another pain to that which already racks you; they shall break the breaking heart, and make you turn your changed face to the wall, and gather up your feet into your bed, and pray to be delivered from your tormentors by your God, who alone knows all.

Wherefore, young man, if you would insure a peaceful old age, be careful of the acts of each day of your youth; for with youth the deeds thereof are not to be left behind. They are detectives, keener and more unerring than ever the hand of sensational novelist depicted; they will dog you from the day you sinned till the hour your trial comes off. You are prosperous, you are great, you are "beyond the world," as I have heard people say, meaning the power or the caprice thereof—but you are not beyond the power of events. Whatever you may think now, they are only biding their time; and when you are weak and at their mercy, when the world you fancied you were beyond his leisure to hear their story and scoff at you, they will come forward and tell all the bitter tale. And if you take it one way, you will bluster and bully, and talk loud, and silence society before your face, if you fail to still its tattle behind your back; while if you take it another way, you will bear the scourging silently, and cover up the marks of the lash as best you may, and go home and close your door, and sit there alone with your misery, decently and in order, till you die.

There is many a man talking glibly enough about this cruel war, and the hearths it has left desolate, and the hearts it has broken, who, wearing the sackcloth next his skin, feeling the smart of the iron still eating into his flesh, thinks all the while in his innermost mind it might not be so bad a fate after all to march out in the morning, with the band playing and the colors flying, and to lie at night stiff and stark, with set face upturned to the starlit sky, free from earthly troubles for evermore.

Since, look you, a man can physically, unless he be a coward unfit to live at all, only die once, while mentally it is possible to die a thousand times—as many men do, and will till the world shall have ceased to be.

All of which, at the present time of writing, is merely intended to prove that events had travelled as fast as the Rev. Andrew Hardell, and that he knew it. The visionary company was becoming visible. He had studied life, and knew what it meant. The end, he felt, was drawing nigh; the *denouement* of his life's plot was hurrying to a climax. Well, well! that weary assize, began when the evening shadows drew down over the road to New Abbey, was meant to be for life—so at least Andrew Hardell, sick sometimes of beating against the bars of his captivity, hoped, since he thought God must have understood and planned it so, though he, Andrew, could not comprehend.

Nor can any of us, friends, for is not the the whole of life a mystery?—the only actual fact we can grasp through faith being that, for a certainty. "He who has sworn in tears shall reap in joy, and bring his sheaves with him?"

But meantime there were no sheaves for Andrew Hardell—nothing but past events becoming, one by one, tangible.

As he buttoned up his top coat and put on his hat, and went out from St. Martin the Martyr by a side door leading not into Ross Place but a quiet back thoroughfare, he felt almost as though the toils were closing around him. Could he who had preached to others then preach to his own soul? Alas! even while he tried to look up to his God for help and support, there intervened between him and his Creator a vision of the only woman he had ever passionately loved, nursing her child, his child, and singing to it snatches of nursery ballads, while with proud fond eyes she glanced now and then at him, Andrew, who had deceived her all through.

He saw the graceful arch of her neck, the coils of her luxuriant hair, the sweet beauty of her face—and the man could have cried aloud in his anguish, for it was more almost than he could bear. Nor in that hour did memory and conscience forget to tell of that other life, of that other woman, a crippled to him; for he now knew he and discarded Madge not because he loved her too well, but because he loved her too little. It had all been a mistake—first he had lied to himself, and the consequence proved that through all the years to come he was doomed to lie to others.

And as he thought this, he pulled his hat farther over his eyes, and walked on towards his hotel with more rapid steps, as though by accelerating his speed he could deaden the cries of memory.

Even through his misery and the tumult of his soul, however, it seemed to the man that some one was following him—had been following him from the time he left St. Martin's; and as he had never quite lost that dread of being pursued which came upon him when he fled through the night back towards Dumfries, and when he retraced his steps only to find it still lying motionless where it had fallen, stricken by his hand, Andrew Hardell, after passing along many streets, and still hearing the click of footsteps—persistent footsteps, now hasting, now treading more slowly, but still never quite ceasing—stood still for a moment, to let his enemy overtake or his fears pass him by.

In a minute a man overtook and passed him by without even a glance, walking steadily on in front. Clearly that man had nothing to do with Andrew Hardell; and yet, moved, he knew not by what impulse, Andrew Hardell turned, and, without rhyme or reason which he could have stated to himself, walked back along the way he had come.

Almost immediately the man was dogging him again, and once more Andrew stopped to let his fear, now grown into a certainty, overtake or pass him by.

Once more it passed him by, then hesitated, passed, and finally returned to the spot where Andrew still stood waiting.

"Mr. Hardell, could I have a word wi' ye?"

How many years had passed since he heard that voice, and yet he recognized it in a moment as the voice of a man who could once have hung him.

"Yes, David Johnstoun," Andrew answered—and he stretched out his hand, and the other grasped it just as they had done on the sands at Dumfries, while the Nith falling over its weir made solemn music under the moonlight.

"Ye're a wonderfu' preacher," David remarked. "Ye have a wonderfu' gift."

"You were at St. Martin's, then?"

"Aye, whenever and wherever I could go to hear ye, I have done sae."

"Then you knew—"

"Not till I went the first time. I have done ever since."

"Since how long?"

"Maybe four year—I canna be just sure."

Four years—think of it, my reader—for four years he had been known, and he never knew.

"And why did you not tell me you were in London?"

"I thought ye would rather I let ye alone. It was nane so pleasant a time for ye when ye saw me last that ye would want to mind it; and as ye had changed names wi' him, I thought it would be best, maybe never to tell ye that ye had not changed out of my memory; and I would not have spoken to ye now, only I am in a bit of trouble, and want advice if you will give it to me."

It all came back to him as though it had occurred but yesterday—a winding walk, lights gleaming from the houses, the river close at hand, the wide sands, the words he had uttered to the man who paced slowly by his side—and he answered, "I will give you anything I have to give—help advice, money—"

"I want no money," the other interrupted, "leastways, that is, none of yours; and I would not have ye think I ask for your advice because ye once said ye would help me, but only because I know noobody here I can just exactly trust I won't take ye out of your way, though. Whichever road ye are going I will walk with you, if I may."

To be continued.

THE INTERNATIONAL.

ITS LEADING SPIRIT.—THE SOCIETY IN LONDON AND IN GERMANY.

London Correspondence N. Y. Herald, Aug. 18th.

The International Workingmen's Association has been, from the very moment of its foundation up to the present day, almost entirely the work of a single man. True, this work became possible, because the elements were sufficiently ripe for it; but it is just as true, too, that it would probably have proved a failure had not a strong hand and a powerful intellect have taken the bridle. To begin with the draft of the first proclamation of the society and of its status (28th September, 1864,) up to the smallest details of the present activity of the association, everything has been done by Karl Marx, a German emigrant, residing for something like twenty-two years in London.

Karl Marx was born at Treves in 1818, and is, consequently, now in his 53rd year. A middle-sized, rather stout, and very handsome man, with an ample gray beard and with plenty of long gray hair. Dr. Marx is, so to say, breathing health and intelligence. Exceedingly simple and kind in his manner, he fascinates every one on the first approach, and makes one uncommonly communicative. But should you even be reticent, it would not prevent him from at once making out what you came for and how far you are to be trusted. He has a peculiar manner of looking closely into your eyes, as if he was pumping out your most secret thoughts. Being shortsighted, and using always an eye-glass, he produces through this manner of looking at people a somewhat disagreeable impression, even on those who have no particular secret to hide. This peculiar demeanor must have been developed in him through long years of a conspiratory life and a consequent necessity of being very careful concerning people with whom he came into contact.

Karl Marx studied law in Bonn and Berlin, but soon turned all his attention to philosophy (Hegel's especially), and afterwards to politics and political economy. In 1841 he took his professorship (*Privat-docent*) at Bonn, and became in the following year the editor of the *Rheinische Zeitung* of Cologne, the first paper openly opposed to the Government of Prussia. In spite of a double censorship instituted over the paper, Karl Marx managed to say enough to win the sympathies of all the Liberals, until then afraid to utter a single syllable of opposition, and the Government suppressed the paper by an act of force. Dr. Marx went then for safety to Paris, where he edited, with Dr. Arnold Ruge (the German translator of H. T. Buckle's work, and now also an old emigrant of London), *Deutsch-Franzosische Jahrbucher*, of which, however, only two volumes had been published, it being found impossible to introduce them across the frontier into Germany. In the meantime Karl Marx pursued his studies of political economy, which finally became his chief subject.

His writings, however, both in the abovementioned paper and in the *Jahrbucher* were so unpalatable to the Prussian Government that an urgent demand was addressed to Louis Phillippe to expel Dr. Marx from the French territory. Louis Phillippe agreed to the request with his usual courtesy, and it is said in blame of Baron von Humboldt that he had a hand in the negotiation of the two courts, consequent on which Dr. Marx was forced to remove to Belgium, where he lived till 1848 as a contributor to the German *Zeitung* of Brussels.

The February revolution having changed for a time the state of political affairs, Marx was again at liberty to go to Paris, and subsequently to Cologne, where he started the *Neue Rheinische Zeitung*. Enjoying then absolute liberty of the press, the paper created soon a sensation, chiefly by its bold defence of the insurgents of June, 1848. In May of the next year, however, when the insurrection broke out in Saxony, Rheinish Prussia, Westphalia and South Germany, the new paper was again suppressed, and Dr. Marx, expelled once more from Germany went again to Paris where he turned out to be just as unlucky, for the French authorities proposed to him the alternative either of being *interne* or of leaving French soil at once. He selected the second, went to London and resumed there the publication of the same *Neue Reinische Zeitung* in monthly parts up to 1851, when the progress of the reactionary spirit became sufficiently strong not only to prohibit the importation of the publication, but to proscribe even the name of its editor.

About 1848 Dr. Marx became connected with a young countryman of his, Herr Frederick Engels, a contributor to the *Jahrbucher* as well as to the *Neue Rheinische Zeitung*. Engels served in 1848 as captain in the Baden army, but afterward underwent all Marx's vicissitudes, came over with him to London, took to the spinning trade in Manchester, and has never left since either his friend or the English soil. He is now Marx's right hand man in his capacity of Secretary for Spain and Belgium at the General Council of the Internationale. In fact the two friends do not only agree in their views and ideas, but are equals in all social and intellectual respects. With the exception of the Treasurer of the Association, Mr. Cowell Stepney (an Englishman of very good family), Marx and Engels are the only well-to-do persons in the whole of the association.

After the death of the *German Review*, which Marx published in London, he continued his economical studies and became the correspondent of the New York *Tribune*, in which he wrote, not only the London letters signed by his name, but nearly all the leaders on the most important questions of European politics. He left his post on the *Tribune* on a change in the editorial management. In the mean time, he watched all the societies which formed themselves on the Continent as well as in England. The Trades Unions formed a subject of his particular attention up to 1862, when the first idea of forming an International Society seems to have been conceived. Having realized it in 1864, Marx gave it so much of his time that up to the present day he has not brought out the second volume of his most important work, "Das Kapital, Kritik der Politischen Oekonomie," a book which is considered by many people as the most valuable contribution made to the science of political economy since the days of Ricardo. We may remark, by the way, that the Work is already translated into Russian, although not into French or English.

OLLA PODRIDA.

To aid farmers in arriving at accuracy in estimating the amount of land in different fields under cultivation, the following table is given: 5 yards wide by 968 yards long contains 1 acre; 10 yards wide by 484 yards long contains 1 acre; 20 yards wide by 242 yards long contains 1 acre; 40 yards wide by 121 yards long contains 1 acre: 80 yards wide by 60½ yards long contains 1 acre; 70 yards wide by 69½ yards long contains 1 acre; 220 feet wide by 198 feet long contains 1 acre; 440 feet wide by 92 feet long contains 1 acre; 110 feet wide by 369 feet long contains 1 acre; 60 feet wide by 726 feet long contains 1 acre; 120 feet wide by 363 feet long contains 1 acre; 240 feet wide by 181½ feet long contains 1 acre.

A new and most astonishing insect has appeared at South Sunapee, in New Hampshire, as if musketoes were not enough for human discipline. This new nuisance comes in clouds; its wings drop off while it is in the air; it drops itself to the ground digs a hole and disappears. It is something like an ant, but has a larger abdomen, and to render it still more troublesome, its bite is poisonous. It is very strong and excavates its sepulcher with great vigor and rapidity. Whether it be an old or new insect we are not told, nor do we know whether it is injurious to vegetation. It doubtless serves some purpose in the economy of nature, and so does the flea or the potato-bug.

A vigilance committee, just organized in Denver, Colorado, have posted the following placard in various parts of the town, and it is said that vagabonds were scarce after it appeared:

Murderers! Thieves!

[Five coffins]

† † † † †

And Robbers!

Beware!

The first man that commits murder, robbery, or larceny to the amount of $20, is our meat. A word to the wise is sufficient. This is the first and last warning. Thieves notified to leave this place will do so at once, or stay at their peril.

By order of

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

A FASTING WOMAN.

A fasting woman has appeared in Lancashire. The London *Times* publishes the following particulars of the case:—In the fold of Ennell-lane, which closely adjoins the village of Walton le Dale, and which is about a mile and a half from Preston, there is a cottage wherein for three years a young woman has been lying bedridden, and for between one and two years has had nothing to eat. Her name is Ann Riding; she is thirty-three years of age, and resides with her aunt. Prior to being taken ill, she was a strong, healthy young woman, never losing a day's work, and was employed as an operative at the mill of Messrs. Horricks, Miller & Co., Preston. Shortly after sickness set in she left work, was compelled to take her bed, was medically attended, and for three years has been gradually sinking. Several doctors have at times attended her, but none of them have been able to give her any substantial relief, and six months ago remedial operations were abandoned, and the case left to itself, the idea of the aunt being that the "Almighty had to do with it," and that it was useless continuing to incur expense for medicines without any hope of a cure. For sixteen months the young woman has had no food at all, the only thing she could bear being a drop of water with which to moisten her lips. She is frequently asked if she will not have food, but always refuses it—she had no desire for it, and how she has for such a long period existed without anything possessing the least affinity to meat is a mystery. She is conscious, but very weak, gets little sleep, and cannot bear a lighted candle in the room at night-time. It is supposed that she is suffering from abdominal atrophy, but the exact nature of the case is not positively understood, and it puzzles every one who is made acquainted with it, and especially when it is recollected that for a year and four months she has not had as much meat and drink as would have been requisite to sustain an infant a single day. The relatives in charge of the young woman are humble, honest people, and make no "show" of the case, which is hardly known in the district.

CARELESSNESS.

Many persons neglect their horse's health and condition until it is too late, when at a trifling expense and no trouble, the horse might have been saved if attended to in time. To all who may have occasion to use an article of the kind we would confidently recommend "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy;" it is without doubt the best preparation in use, as thousands who have used it testify. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

All the year round, "Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders" should be used. Horses and cattle that graze in summer they should only be given in winter and spring.

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Dancing and Maintien.
Chancery Sale—W. M. Matheson.
Sale of City Lots by Auction—J. Bermingham.
Pain Killer.

The Ottawa Times.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1871.

For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Hon. Mr. Aikens has gone West.

Sir F. Hincks will leave for Toronto to-day.

Mr. Haly, of the British and Colonial Emigration Society, leaves for Toronto this morning.

Mr. Ralph Jones, Secretary of the Intercolonial Railway Commission, is expected here this morning.

Mr. Begue, of the Inland Revenue Department, has returned from Scotland. We are glad to see him looking well after his pleasant holiday in the Highlands.

Hon. Mr. Dunkin left town yesterday for Quebec, to be present at the Provincial Exhibition. He will return in time for the Immigration Conference to be held here on the 19th inst.

PROFESSOR HINCKS.

We regret to announce the death of the Revd. Dr. Hincks, Professor of Natural History at the Toronto University. Deceased was a brother of Sir Francis Hincks and a native of Belfast, Ireland. He was a man of extensive culture and highly esteemed by all who knew him. Dr. Hincks was born in the year 1792 and had been Professor of Natural History in Toronto for seventeen years.

NO POLICY.

At first sight it may appear astonishing that the Grits have not been able to devise a political platform on which to appear before the country. After a little consideration however it seems plain enough why this is the case. It is an easy matter to find fault. It is one thing to abuse and malign a political opponent, it is altogether a different matter to devise a sound well digested policy which shall be acceptable to the country and adapted to its wants. The Grits ever since Confederation was established have devoted themselves entirely to "personal politics." They have not sought to consider the relative merits of certain distinct lines of policy; all that they have given their attention to has been the personal capabilities of certain public men. Thus their ideas have become more and more narrow, and they have from long habit grown incapable of dealing with great questions of state. They are fond of calling themselves "Liberals" and "Reformers," but the fact is that these names are entirely inapplicable to them. Never in the old days were such a set of confirmed retrogressionists and "fossils" found in the "Tory" ranks, as now ask for public confidence under the name of "Liberals" and "Reformers." In what does their liberality consist? In refusing to acknowledge anything good in a political opponent, in striving to make capital out of old sectional and sectarian differences which every patriotic man desires to see forgotten for ever; and in the advocacy of a political theory the governing principle of which is "men not measures" instead of "measures not men." They do not attempt to tell the public in what manner Sir John Macdonald and his colleagues have erred in their general policy. It is true that the ministerial policy is generally denounced as "corrupt" and altogether bad. But we cannot remember any one great question, upon which the Opposition have been able to bring forward a policy more suitable to the exigencies of the hour or more satisfactory to the people than that of the Government. No; the public are simply invited, without any reason being given them for doing so, to believe that everything the members of the present Administration do is wrong, solely because they are members of the Administration,—and secondly, that if the *olla podrida* of political parties which constitutes the Opposition, these men without any policy save dislike of their opponents and love of themselves, were exalted to office, a panacea would at once be found for every political ill, and a condition of universal happiness, plenty, and prosperity, would be attained by the people of Canada.

The policy of the Opposition will not succeed however. The people of this country have sense and intelligence enough to see that a vast amount of harm has been done to Canada in the past by an excess of party bigotry and personal politics. They are patriotic enough to be willing to take the trouble to think over public questions for themselves and to form an opinion in reference to them, nor do they care who is at the head of affairs so long as the country is well governed and those who are in office show a just appreciation of what is requisite in order to promote the welfare and prosperity of the Dominion. Of course, however, as is only natural, they feel more confidence in those who thus far have done their duty well and faithfully, than they can have in untried men, who have proved themselves unable to devise a line of policy, and whose only claim to public favour, consists in the ability they have shown to heap virulent and undeserved abuse upon their political opponents.

THE ORGAN OF MISREPRESENTATION.

Perhaps never before has a journal either in Canada or elsewhere, been placed in such an utterly humiliating position as that into which the Toronto *Globe* has been betrayed by its own indiscretion. If after its charge against Mr. Sandfield Macdonald in reference to his interview with the Strathroy deputation had been proved incorrect, it had had the manhood to acknowledge that it had been in error, we would have said no more about it. Every journal is liable to be misinformed at times, but when it has made a false statement against a public man it is in honor bound to retract it when its falsehood has been proved. In the matter of this charge against Mr. Sandfield Macdonald as well as in the thousand and one misrepresentations and erroneous statements which it is so frequently making against the members of the Dominion Government, the great object is to give as much publicity as possible to the untruth, but never by any chance to recant. There are a certain class of persons, more especially in Western Ontario, who never read any newspaper but the *Globe*, and who accept as true all its erroneous statements simply because they never have an opportunity of seeing their falsehood exposed. Thus any charge concocted by that journal against any public man, no matter how absurd and utterly untrue it may be, is believed by a misguided few, and therefore it is that the *Globe* has never, under any circumstances, been known to acknowledge itself in the wrong however closely cornered. For once let the bigotted and extreme Grits who pin their political faith to it become aware of its unreliability, once let them understand that it cannot and will not tell the truth so far as Canadian political affairs are concerned, and its influence over those who now believe in its infallibility would be gone for ever.

Its course in this matter may be taken as a specimen of the constant system of prevarication and perversion of fact which it usually pursues. With a brazen effrontery only equalled by its thorough going mendacity, the leading organ of the Opposition has taken upon itself to blacken the character of our public men, to invent stories for the purpose of damaging them, and then, when called to account, it tries the effect of bluster and a quality which has lately become known by the name of "cheek."

Even its own friends are becoming ashamed of it. The Strathroy *Age* referring to the recent allegation touching Mr. J. Sandfield Macdonald's language to the deputation, says:

"Messrs. Murdock and Dewan were doubtless strictly correct in saying that no such language was used by the Premier during the official interview with the deputation, and Messrs. Wilson and Keefer are ready to confirm their statement. It is therefore *unjust and ungenerous* in the *Globe* to attack these gentlemen, and charge them with prevarication; such a course is *unworthy* of the leading journal of Ontario."

But in view of the continued mendacity of the "leading organ," which carries in its bosom the concentrated virtues of the Opposition, the members of the Strathroy deputation have joined in the following card, as published in the *Despatch*:

"We the undersigned members of the deputation sent from Strathroy to wait on the Premier of Ontario, respecting the location of the Registry Office in West Middlesex, do most positively, unequivocally and unhesitatingly assert and declare that the Premier's conduct toward us was *gentlemanly, courteous, and unquestionable*; and we repudiate and deny that any such form of language was made use of as 'What the hell has Strathroy done for me,' during the audience we had with him—as stated in the issues of the *Globe* of recent date.

"JAMES D. DEWAN,
"WM. MURDOCK,
"JAMES KEEFER."

To this Mr. Keefer adds, in a letter of his own, as follows:

"The Premier did not make use of the expression attributed to him by the *Globe*, viz.: 'What in hell has Strathroy done for me,' but on the contrary treated every member of the deputation with civility, courtesy and proper attention, conducting us down stairs and went out to the sidewalk, and there took individual leave of each member of the deputation."

We ask any man not utterly blinded and misled by prejudice, is not the *Globe* nicely cornered now, and what confidence can the public have in a journal which shows such utter lack of principle?

THE RUSSELL DRAINAGE.

We have already alluded to the Russell drainage, a work carried on under the auspices of the Ontario Government, and admirably performed by Mr. Kingsford. We do not think that it has received the amount of notice which it deserves, or that people, save those who reside in the immediate vicinity of the reclaimed district, have any adequate idea of the magnitude of the work performed, or the important result accomplished. Some thousands of acres which have hitherto been entirely valueless have now, at a trifling cost, been rendered available for agricultural purposes. It has been well and wisely said that "that man is a public benefactor who causes two blades of grass to grow where only one grew before." What then shall be said of a Government which has had the sagacity and foresight to encourage and render practicable the reclamation of waste lands, and the growth of heavy crops of grain in places where formerly all was barren and desolate? It is by a sound practical and progressive policy of this nature that the Ontario Government commend themselves to the support of the people. Their tenure of office has been marked by a wonderful career of general progress, nor are we guilty of any exaggeration when we say, that there is no state of the American Union, no portion of this continent, which to-day can boast of greater prosperity than the Province of Ontario. That the Government have to some extent contributed to produce this satisfactory state of affairs, we do not think that any unprejudiced man can deny. We have no doubt that the people of Russell feel grateful to the Government for what has been done to promote their prosperity, especially to the Hon. Mr. Carling, and also to Mr. Craig their Local member who so faithfully represents their interests.

THE BRITISH FLEET.

An English paper says:

Admiral Sir R. H. Yelverton entered Queenstown on the 19th August, having completed the evolutions of the year off Cape Ushant. He had there under his command 24 vessels, 19 of which are ironclads, including twelve or thirteen vessels without a rival in the world. At Ushant he parted with the Flying Squadron and the Reserve, but he steamed into Queenston with the Lord Warden, 4,080 tons; the Hercules, 5,234 tons; the Northumberland, 6,621 tons; the Defence, 3,780 tons; the Caledonia, 4,125 tons; and the Warrior, 6,109 tons. Each of these ships and they are not a third of those we could have ready on an alarm, is the equivalent in effective power of a first class fortress; all armed with the best guns yet made in the world, and all sail about our rough seas as easily as the old wooden three-deckers. It is not too much to say that our fleet "which cannot swim" would have a fair chance of sinking in honest fight on the open sea every ship that the combined Governments of the world could send against it.

THE WASHINGTON TREATY.

To the Editor of the TIMES:

SIR,—Continuing my remarks from your issue of the 1st instant, I again revert to Sir Charles Adderly's speech in reference to the treaty stipulations relative to Canadian interests.

Sir Charles says: "He was not surprised "at the sensitiveness of Canada, on the "subject of her fisheries. They were her "most valuable interest, and had been "enormously increased by the improve-"ments she had carried out. They were "also a great nursery for her seamen, "who, he hoped, would some day man a "great Canadian navy."

Yes, Sir Charles, we are naturally sensitive and apprehensive on all matters touching our fisheries, our canals, and our great highway of commerce—the St. Lawrence: they are indeed our vital interests; and your government have acted wisely and well in referring those interests to the action of the Canadian Legislature for adjudication.

Such prudent concessions, I dare say, are the *safety valves* of the Empire, and had this same policy guided the deliberations of English statesmen *in the past*, Britannia would yet have held sway over all her former possessions on this continent.

This concession, won for the Dominion by Canada's favorite son, will be properly appreciated, and her legislators will not fail to give that attention to those great questions which the gravity of the circumstances demand—nay further, they will shew to the Mother Country, that theirs is no spurious loyalty; but that at all times they are willing to prove their devotion and to share with her any *just* and *reasonable* responsibility, whenever the interests of the Empire require it at their hands.

Too much value cannot be attached to this concession,—either as a *precedent*, or for the purposes which it guarantees; and I am glad to perceive,—that since the Queen's speech has been promulgated, and the fact officially made known, that to the Dominion Legislature, it is left, to *accept* or to *reject* those propositions contained in certain clauses of the Treaty that had reference to Canadian interests—less asperity has been shewn by a leading Toronto journal, that had so pertinaciously (perhaps under erroneous impressions) spoken ill of, and misjudged our worthy Premier, in his office as "High Commissioner." Nay, it has almost made the "*amende honorable*" by a *semi*-retraction, and has been led to admit that his so called "CONSPIRACY OF SILENCE," was only "*perhaps*" ominous: Yes, there is now merely a doubt implied a "*perhaps*" where before there was only dogmatic positiveness, and uncalled for malevolence.

It would be too much to expect that the journal referred to, should immediately retract all its personal and public anathemas, but I venture to affirm that few, even among the party whose political leanings are somewhat in accord with the views of this journalist, will fail to recognise and acknowledge the wisdom and the prudence that has guided our Premier in the deliberations at the Convention at Washington.

Differences of opinion will necessarily exist, and discussion pro and con, will arise on the floor of the House of Commons and elsewhere as to the merits of the Treaty; but no difference of opinion can arise as to the now well established fact, that Sir John A. Macdonald has secured for us an independent exercise of legislation almost equivalent to the "Treaty making power."

The journal before referred to, seeing the error it had fallen into, in its denunciations of the Government, individually and collectively, has changed its tactics; and now seeks to foil the administration with its own weapons, deducing from the various opinions and speeches of individual members, the policy of the Government on the Fishery question, previous to the appointment of the "High Commission," presuming that their opinions *now and then* have undergone a change. This is legitimate warfare; turn your enemies guns against them if you can, (if perforce on every question, no matter of what moment the administration must be considered enemies) but beware of a recoil that may be very damaging unless you be *case hardened*.

No members of the Goverment will desire to gainsay or attempt to explain away one jot or one title of what he may have said or written relative to the Fisheries or any queston pertaining thereto. Nay, further, the subject of the Treaty—having reference to Canada—will be debated in all its bearings. The Fisheries, their value. The Light Houses, their cost of construction and maintenance, and their value to the mariners of every country. The Canals, and the facilities that are offered, and never denied to the "Stars and Stripes" nor indeed to the flag of any country. These and kindred questions will be dealt fairly with so that as far as possible their value may be correctly estimated, that our legislators may be enabled to determine whether or not the equivalent offered by the American Government is a just and reasonable one.

"CANADIAN."

DOMINION NOTES.

Mr. Samuel Dickson, of Pakenham, a well known lumberer, is dead.

A button factory is to be started at Preston.

A new pork packing company is to be formed in Strathroy.

Another large shipment of steel rails for the Grand Trunk Railway has arrived and is being sent westward.

A survey has been made for a branch line of the Montreal and Ottawa Junction Railway at Hawkesbury, via Vankleek Hill.

Mr. Bloomfield, a merchant of Welland, disappeared on Sunday night, and his creditors are mournfully dividing his $2,000 of assets amongst them for $27,000 liabilities.

Governor Wilmot, of New Brunswick, will leave Shediac on the 12th inst., on a visit to Ontario. It is his intention to visit the Kingston Exhibition and go to the Western parts of the Province.

Renforth is the name of a new Post Office that has been opened on the town line between Glanford and Ancaster, about 9 miles from Hamilton, Ontario.

Thursday night, Jas. Baker, of Guelph, accidentally shot himself. Death was instantaneous.

Governor and Mrs. Hoffman, of New York, and their daughters are coming to St. Catharine's for the benefit of their health.

W. W. Farran, J.P., of Clinton, is spoken of as the New Registrar for the North Riding of Huron.

Goderich is excited over the exorbitant demands of its bakers, and moving for a joint stock bakery.

The young men, Farrell and Smithers, committed to jail a few days ago for a burglary of the Port Hope Registry Office, were tried before Judge Clark at Cobourg. Farrell upon whom the stolen note was found, was sent to the Penitentiary for two years. Against Smithers nothing was proved, and he was accordingly discharged.

During a thunder storm a short time ago, a barn belonging to Mr. Colin Cameron, of the township of West Hawkesbury, county of Prescott, was struck by lightning, totally destroying it and its contents. Shortly afterwards Mr. John Sample, of the same township, had his barn, sheds and stables, and all his hay crop and a large portion of his wheat destroyed from the same cause.

The government schooner *England* landed a cargo of ponies from Sable Island at Picton, where they were sold at auction for $15 to $50 each.

Mr. R. S. M. Bouchette, Commissioner of Customs is in Quebec.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 11.

The aquatic contest at Longueuil, on Wednesday, is anticipated with interest and will probably be the most successful ever held in the Montreal waters. The opening race will be the event of the day, being the four oared race for $1,000 in which Winship, Barton, Renforth and others will compete. The race has been altered from six to five miles, owing to unprecedented low water of the river. The second race will be between the Toronto, Quebec and Montreal representative crews. Longueuil is three miles below the city, and extra ferry steamers have been put on, and every convenience are in preparation for the conveyance of the visitors, of whom an immense number is expected to be present.

Five prisoners found guilty at the recent Session were forwarded to Kingston to day.

Alex. MacDonald, aged 15 years, and George Neaton, age 14, were arrested for burglarly of Messrs. McLaren's boot and shoe store. Both are noted street Arabs.

Artemus Noble, 16 years of age, a still-more precious criminal, was sent two years to the Reformatory for stealing cloths from his employers. He had already received three years in the States prison.

A fire broke out this afternoon in the workshop of Messrs. Hamsgen & Gnadweger, St. Peter street, but was soon extinguished. Second fire to-night in Wood's Cotton Factory, St. Gabriel Locks. The building and machinery were slightly damaged. No insurance. The third fire which occurred fifteen minntes later, in Wm. Clendening's foundry, William street, the roof was much damaged. Three fires since 2 p.m.

Better feeling manifested in Stock Exchange this morning. The depression of last week is in a measure wearing off. No transactions to-day for Bank of Montreal Stock; buyers advanced their offers in the forenoon to 260, but sellers were firm at 265; Merchants' Bank stock, 131½ was offered and 132½ asked; City Bank stock, was offering at 89; Toronto Bank stock, 185 was offered, and 188 asked in other banks; Quotations were purely nominal; City Passenger Railway stock, continues in demand at 240; City Gas Company stock, sold at 175 ex-dividend; Gold and Drafts, are at 1¼ discount to par.

Dr. Myers, of New York, was inducted on Saturday into the pastorate of the Jewish Synagogue, St. Constant street, with all the ceremonies of the church.

A barge belonging to Messrs. Tourville & Leduc, with rags for Bunton's paper mill, was burned at Lachine on Saturday. The vessel was scuttled to prevent the flames spreading.

Weather cool and pleasant.

SARATOGA.

The Ward Brothers win the Four Oared Race

SARATOGA, Sept. 11.

The Ward Bros. crew won the four oared race to-day, in 24 min. 25 sec. They came in two lengths ahead. The Tyne were second, leading the Biglin and Taylor Winship half a dozen lengths. The Taylor Winship's claim a foul at the stake boats, and it is not yet decided who has the third place. The enthusiasm over the triumph of the Ward Brothers was tremendous, and as they came up to the shore opposite the Grand Stand, cheer after cheer rent the air.

The Poughkeepsie crew was fifth, and the McKee crew sixth.

LATER.

The third place is given Biglin's, whose stern passed the stake boat only a few feet ahead of the Taylor Winship.

The day is magnificent.

STILL LATER.

The judges have declared a dead race between the Biglin Crew and the Taylor Winship Crew, for the third place in the regatta, and the two crews will row at 2 o'clock this afternoon, to decide the point.

SARATOGA, Sept. 11.—Six boats started in the four mile single scull race this afternoon, as follows:—Sadler, Ellis, Ward, Bagnell, Kelley, Biglin and Bright. Gilbert Ward was sick and could not start. He was not well at the time of the four oared race. At the start Sadler and Ward took the lead, and at the end of the first mile up Sadler and Ward ran first and second, respectively; then Ward and Sadler turned the stake boat together, Bagnall 3rd, Kelly 4th and Biglin 5th. On the down course, at the end of the third mile, Sadler led Bagnall, second, Kelly 3rd, Biglin 4th, and Ward 5th. Sadler came in at five lengths ahead, Kelly 2nd, ten lengths ahead of Biglin, who was third, and Ward came close behind, numbering 4th, Bagnall 5th and Bright 6th.

In the four oared race a compromise was affected in regard to the place by Mr. Morrisey, who paid Biglin and Taylor Winship crews each $750, the full amount of third money, so that the dead heat was not rowed off.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—The strike in Newcastle has virtually been defeated, at least a part of the usual number of operators are now at work and a full complement will be obtained within a fortnight.

Napoleon arrived at Torquay this morning and was received with much enthusiasm by the people.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—The Welsh Collieris refuse to continue work unless the strangers recently imported to supply the places of the strikers are dismissed from the mines.

Serious disturbances are apprehended at Formdale.

FRANCE.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—The Paris *Constitutionel* of a recent date, says that the Government, is buying 550,000 chassepots from the Minister of War at Berlin.

A new election will soon be held at the Department of the Seine, General D. Sissy having chosen to sit in the Assembly from Ilee Vilaine, where he was also elected.

Some continental journals state that the betrothal of Princess Mary Elizabeth of Prussia to the Grand Duke Alexis of Russia, will ere long be officially announced. The Princess is the eldest daughter of Prince Frederick Charles.

Madame Restori is about starting for a campaign in the Danubian Principalities where she has never been heard.

VERSAILLES, Sept. 11.—Thiers gave a dinner to-day in honor of the Italian Ambassador, the Chevalier Nigra, at which all the representatives of foreign nations were present, with the exception of Prince Metternich, of Austria and Daken of Switzerland.

PARIS, Sept. 11.—Thiers proposes that the Assembly take a recess from the 12th inst., to the 1st of October.

It is now decided that the evacuation shall commence at Fort Charenton, which will be first delivered up to the French.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Sept. 10.—King Amadeus has recovered from his illness.

GERMANY.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—The press of Franckfort deny that negotiations for peace between Germany and France have been transferred to Versailles, and assert that Count Von Arnim and the other negotiators will soon return to Frankfort and resume their conferences now that certain questions of principle have been settled.

AUSTRIA.

PESTH, Sept. 11.—The Emperor Francis Joseph has written a letter expressing disapproval of the attitude of the Episcapaez on the promulgation of a decree of the papal infallibility. Bishop Jekelfabusby has accordingly announced his submission to his sovereign commands.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 10.—Mehemed Pasha, Minister, without a portfolio in the Cabinet of the Sultan, is dead.

BRAZIL.

Late advices from Rio Janeiro show that the discussions in the Brazilian Cortes on the clauses of the Emancipation Bill, had ceased, but that the measures would not probably become law during the present session, owing to the the strong opposition to its passage.

Latest American Telegrams,

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 11.—The Coroner's Jury in the case of the explosion of the boiler of the *Leeds* near Fayetteville on the 17th of August, made out that there can be no blame attached to Captain Skinner or any of the employees, but censure the United States Inspector for allowing the steamer to run four years or more without inspecting the boiler, and they hold the Inspector responsible for the explosion and neglect of his duty as he granted a certificate for the boat without her being in a state at the time.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 11.—A terrible murder was committed last night at the residence of Jno. Harper, owner of the race horse Longfellow, near Midway, Ky. Jake and Betsy Harper, brother and sister of John had their throats cut by some unknown person, as is supposed, for the purpose of robbery. A number of negroes live on Harper's farm within a few feet of his house, and they all claim to know nothing about the affair, but three of them have been arrested on suspicion of being the murderers, blood having been found on their shirts, and the evidence against them is very strong. Other negroes employed on the place are missing and it is believed they are implicated in the horrid affair. A party of citizens have started to hunt for the missing negroes.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 11th.—The *Times* in an editorial censuring the importation of foreign workmen gives its support on both moral and sanitary grounds to the British strikers in their movement for a reduction of their term of daily labor to nine hours.

Queen Victoria has entirely recovered.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—The steamer *City of Brussels*, from Liverpool, has arrived.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., Sept. 10.—A fire occurred here last night which destroyed valuable business property to the amount of $200,000.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 10.—A party of picnicers, composed of 16 grown persons and several children, left the city this morning in a large furniture waggon to spend the day in Illinois, but when at the crossing of the St. Louis and Vandalia Railway, they were struck by an express train, and three of the inmates were killed outright, two mortally wounded, and 14 or 15 severely wounded.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 10.—The steamer *Moses Taylor* has arrived with Australian dates to August 30.

Mr. Fraser, of Batavia, is at Sydney arranging for steam communication with Batavia.

Capt. Longuire, of the Slaver *Challenge*, has been held for trial for kidnapping Polynesians.

Arrangements had been made in New Zealand to connect Webb's steamers with Melbourne, by steamers leaving southern ports.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—The steamship *City of Baltimore* arrived this morning.

Hiram S. Rumsey, the well-known negro minstrel and performer, died in Newburg yesterday.

The *Kruz Zietung* says that the opening of the Mount Cenis Tunnel is indefinitely postponed on account of unsatisfactory relations between France and Italy.

Bonner's mare "Pochantus" trotted one mile to saddle on Saturday, on Fleetwood Course, in 2:19¾, the fastest time ever made on that track.

UTICA, N. Y., Sept. 10.—Professor Peters of Litchfield Observatory, Hamilton College, announces the discovery of another asteroid. It is of the eleventh magnitude, and will probably be one hundred and sixteen of asteroids groups, its position in right ascension is no hours, 15 minutes, and south declinations 3 degrees and 4 minutes.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sir Stafford Northcote's son has been appointed Secretary of the Geneva Convention.

Pius IX, is said to have signed a brief regulating the mode of procedure by which, in case of his death, his successor may be elected within twenty-four hours, and without any meeting of the Concave.

One of the largest hotels in Philadelphia is owned and managed by a woman, and in one store, among several large ones owned by women, a business of over $100,000 a year is done.

The Hon. John Bigelow, Minister to France under President Lincoln, has recently published a review of recent events in Paris, in which he expresses strong sympathy for the Commune, and criticises the Thiers government with severity.

"What I Know About Farming" has had a wider influence than its author anticipated, as is shown by the statistical announcement that two-thirds of the female patients in lunatic asylums are wives of farmers.

The largest land-holders in California are the members of the Great Central Southern Pacific Railroad corporation. It is said that were the company land divided, it would give them something over 2,000,000 acres apiece; and, in addition to their company land, most of the individual members own considerable tracts in their own name.

We once knew a clergyman who was so rigidly and frigidly literal and matter-of-fact that he was wholly incapable of entertaining or comprehending a metaphor of any kind whatever. He believed to his dying day that Shakspeare's mind was overstrained and confused by too intense application when he wrote that there be

"Sermons in stones,
Books in the running brooks,
And good in everything;"

And contended that it was perfectly plain that what he meant to say was that there be

"Sermons in books,
Stones in running brooks,
And good in everything."

A remarkable, and probably unprecedented, instance of rapid travelling between San Francisco and Liverpool has just occurred. On the afternoon of the 2nd ult., a gentleman left the first named place by the Union Pacific Railway, arrived in New York on the 9th, just in time to go on board the steamer *Wisconsin*, and made the passage in her to Liverpool, which port was safely reached on Saturday evening, the entire trip by rail and steamer thus occupying seventeen days.

Mrs. Lincoln's health is reported to be seriously impaired by grief for the recent death of her son.

The Queen of the Belgians received, this year, the golden rose which the Pope sends annually to a Catholic Princess.

Two more piratical Pennsylvanian periaguas have been captured and their crews cast into dungeons by irate Jerseymen for rakish deeds in the oyster-beds of the natives.

General Bixio, one of Garibaldi's generals, has resigned his seat in the Italian Senate and surrendered his rank in the army, in order to return to his old career as a merchant ship-captain.

Christina Edmunds, of Brighton, England, is in custody on a charge of attempting to poison a Mrs. Beard. Christina is a very pretty, lady-like person of 35 years of age. She is supposed to have been in love with Dr. Beard, and therefore wanted Dr. Beard's wife out of the way.

Nearly one-half of the members of the French Assembly are of noble birth. In the Republican Chamber there sit eight dukes, twenty-seven marquises, forty-one counts, eleven viscounts, seventeen barons and two hundred and four honorables with the prefix Le, La, Les, Du, De, or Des.

A correspondent of the London *Times* writing from Cherbourg, August 23rd, says: "In the dockyard I went over one of the ships which is being fitted out for Communist prisoners condemned to transportation. The ship's name is the *Garonne*. She is a screw steamer, 2,000 or 2,500 tons burden, and, having originally been built as a transport for horses, is unusually lofty between decks. The arrangements made for the prisoners are as follows: On each deck four separate compartments are being built, two on each side, each running nearly half the length of the side, and being about 150 feet long by 12 or 13 feet broad. The sides of the compartments are formed of strong iron. Railings are placed at a sufficient distance from the side and from the hatchways leading to the engine room, to afford a clear passage round, and to prevent the possibility of prisoners doing any injury either to the sides of the ship or the machinery; round the sides of the compartment benches were being fitted and hooks were being driven into the beams, from which hammocks are to be hung. At each end of the outside cage, but pointed towards the prisoners, a small brass gun is laid on the platform. During the voyage the gun will be kept loaded, and a guard of thirty or forty marines will be constantly on duty to prevent an outbreak. On the lower deck will be a sick bay, with low iron bedsteads, and every convenience for surgeon and attendants. The *Garonne* is intended to take 600 or 700 prisoners in all, 120 to 150 being thus placed in each cage. Their destination is supposed to be New Caledonia.

OUR PARIS LETTER.

PARIS, August 23rd.

The first court martial at Versailles has terminated the interrogation of the seventeen chiefs of the Commune, and before the week be terminated the sentences will be pronounced. France has gained one advantage by these trials—Col. Merlin, who has presided at them, has shown how justice ought to be administered by French tribunals. He has laid no traps for the accused; never endeavored to trip them up. He labored to discover if the prisoners were innocent, instead of the usual system of demonstrating their guilt. By this attitude he disarmed the hostility of opposing lawyers, and commanded a self-respect on the part of the accused themselves. But what accused. What a collection of men who for two months terrorized over Paris, and stupefied the world! They are vulgar, colorless, ridiculous. Not one of them rises to the dignity of Orsini. There is not a type, except that sanguinary dwarf Terre—a fashionably dressed monkey, who issued orders to burn and shoot without any compunction. Not a character, except Lullier, with an intellect in a state of vagabondage, and an ambition to be a First Napoleon. It would be a crime to execute him, for he is a madman. The others are vain like Assi and the "ex-Vet" Regere,—pretentious like Grousset and Jourde; grossly ignorant like Champy; ambitious as the artist Courbet, and the teacher Urbain; or nondescripts like Dr. Rastoul and Clement. But all are mediocres without exception, aiming to govern a people and remake society. Not one of them was really "game," excepting the cobbler Tringuet. He disarmed in no way the Commune—he was prepared to die for it when it existed, and is more than ready to do so now that it has failed. It is difficult to estimate in the various degrees of guilt of the prisoners, that any of them are lambs; where they are not wolves, they appear somewhat as foxes. Their defence is a throwing of blame on X—an unknown quantity. They hate civil war, have a horror of blood, a passion for what is right, and worship property. They are good citizens, excellent fathers, model husbands—honest, scrupulous, sober, austere and chaste. Some have sons who go regularly to communion and fought for the Pope at Mentana; others mistresses, as Jourde, who, despite the high office of her lord, that of Chancellor of the Exchequer, washes the house linen like Mausica. They imprison and execute the priests, yet in their hour of adversity it is to them they appeal for evidence of character, and duly receive benefit of clergy. They are but pot-house politicians, conspirators of the wine shop, who have brought discredit on the honest working man, and put back the dial of his time for some generations. Cupidity or folly has placed many of these men in the dock, but witnessing their examination I have not been impressed that sincerity has led them there. Their dupes, now in the hulks, were the party of earnestness. The chiefs, so far in the distance formidable, are on near inspection only miserables. The law exacts from French jurors the oath "neither to betray the interests of the accused nor those of the society which accuses him." Now French society demands that the government will not be led astray by sentiments as dangerous as false; that it will in fact uphold the sentences of the court-martial, be they what they may. The trial has been fair—so will be the judgment. "I have pardoned," said Louis XV, on reading the petition of a condemned, "This criminal after his first crime, and he he has, notwithstanding, killed eight men." "Sire," replied the Minister of Justice, "that culprit has killed one man—it is the clemency of your Majesty has killed the other seven."

The court has been better attended by the public since the direct examination of the prisoners has terminated. Generally between two and three o'clock, the military judges retire for a quarter of an hour—so do the prisoners. The latter are led into a common room, and as it is the only occasion they have of being together and free to speak, dreadful recriminations take place. Another curious circumstance is that of the military witnesses having to put aside their swords, &c., before giving evidence. As a rule the soldiers deposed as to what they knew, as soldiers invariably do. Towards the end of the month Rochefort will be placed on his trial, as also Rossel; the former will certainly draw a crowd.

The society for the abolition of the punishment of death is working hard just now. Not many converts are made to its views. As Alphonse Karr observed, it is for the assassins first to lead the way. The Communists, during their short reign, burned the guillotine. However, Hendrecht, the Chief Executioner for Paris, has been commissioned to make another—this time in iron. It is not intended for any of the prisoners that may be condemned to death by the Court Martial, for such will be shot; but for a waiter, sentenced to death for a murderous attack on a former employer.

The state of society in Lyons has been very abnormal since the fall of the Empire. The local authorities appear to do as they please, and the government ought to make an effort to have itself—well, if not recognized,—respected. Free Thinkers are in the majority in that city—the second in France. The Municipal Council was in the habit of voting 25,000f. every 15th of August to celebrate the reigning dynasty. This year the same sum of money was voted, but for a monster school feast. The corporation had decided since some months, that the town schools were to confine their teaching simply to the three "R's." leaving religion and morality to come by nature. In fact, since the Commune had *biffe* God in the Hotel de Ville, Lyons could not be an exception, and so the fete was a philosophical promenade. The bands invite young France of both sexes to dance and the quadrilles are said to have been of a Pyrrhic pattern. A banquet followed—not on a Spartan scale—wine flowed, and many of the children became intoxicated, the better possibly to disgust them with that drink. Not content with the celebrated sausages of the city, some of the juveniles expressed a desire "to eat a few of the priests." The whole thing was a youthful saturnalia, and the assembly viewed the matter so seriously as to nearly force the resignation of the Minister of Public Instruction.

Fifteen centuries ago the Emperor Julien was accustomed to spend his winters in his good town of Lutuce (Paris), alleging he liked the people of Paris on account of the gravity of their character. To-day, were he to revisit the city, he would find the population much changed. The gravity has disappeared; even the misfortunes of the last year have not made any change in the matter of seriousness. The people are now as gay and as thoughtless as ever. Only one marked alteration—they cry *mea culpa*, and may strike the breast, too. But this is not much of a reform. High life is gradually returning, and the theatres are throwing off their lethargy. Rent is beind attempted to be run up to a fancy figure, despite the thousands of houses to let. A French landlord does not see that half a loaf is better than no bread. He will never surrender to the altered condition of things. The Avenue de l'Imperatrice gives employment to 40 workmen daily, to remove the marks of recent disasters. The desert will soon smile, and will be called, henceforth, the Avenue du Bois de Boulogne. At present, gay equipages roll down it, and feats of horsemanship in the "Rotten Row" along side. The Jardin d'Acclimatation, in the vicinity, is being brushed up, and preparations made to receive "distinguished foreigners." Among such wilfigure some crocodiles and a perfect selection of serpents. Many people are of opinion that France has no need to increase her stock of wild animals.

The suburban railways are all in working order, and the river boats the same. The citizens are not yet reconciled to go and reside in their country wigwams—so that the villa residences, though repaired, have a desolate appearance. The capital, after all, is the only attraction for the season. The extent of the ruins outside and around the city do not allow of people enjoying themselves.

The Faculty of Sciences has an unprecedented circumstance to register. Only one candidate presented himself at the last meeting for admission, and there being no competition the *savants* admitted the applicant with feeings of gratitude.

The Bonapartists are at last about starting their newspaper—the *National Wish*. The editor will be Duvernois, once a great republican like Olivier, but now of no consequence. It would require a great many editors to write up the empire—but strange, while people laugh at the impossibility of an Imperial restoration, they act as if they feared one. The ex-Queen of Spain has had her organ in constant circulation since her taking the road to exile. A good standing advertisement would better enable her to fill the public eye.

Father Hyacinthe has inflicted another letter on the Parisian public. He objects to be called upon to recant, because the Archbishop who has been shot would have liked it. In his "New Departure" Pere Hyacinthe has no followers—he appears to represent the Church of the Future, minus worshippers. He is going to plunge into politics, and to open the eyes of his countrymen as to Germany. He will never surpass Bismarck in this.

The weather is heavy and hot. At Batignolle the "Summer Palace" has been "closed on account of the heat."

A GHOSTLY HANDKERCHIEF.

MYSTERIOUS PORTRAIT OF AN UNKNOWN LADY.

From the Cairo Bulletin, August 26th.

Some three years ago, the wife of Mr. Shelly, of this city, purchased some articles of dry goods at the store of the late Scott White. Among them was an ordinary white linen handkerchief. Since its purchase, the square of linen has been used for its legitimate purpose, has undergone many washings, and in its better days emerged from every cleansing without spot or blemish. Some weeks ago the handkerchief began to show evidences of the constant use it had been put to. The thin thread, here and there, one or two small rents, and several actual holes in the texture, indicated that its days of usefulness as a *mouchoir* were numbered with the past. It was turned over to one of Mrs. Shelly's little girls, who used it as a slate cloth at school. Yesterday morning the little girl, washed the handkerchief, laid it on a clean, white ironing cloth, and proceeded to smooth it out with a common flat iron. She smoothed, folded and pressed it, and on taking it up discovered what she supposed to be the remains of a stain. She did not look at it very closely, but again washed the handkerchief, this time taking particular pains to rub out the stain. She rinsed and wrung out the cloth, and again found it. What were her sensations to find the stain brighter than before, and to have assumed the form and features of a human face, the face of a beautiful woman. She ran with the cloth to her parents crying, "see what the iron has made on this handkerchief." Mr. and Mrs. Shelly examined it closely, as also the iron, and the cloth upon which it was pressed, but there was no solution of the mystery. The handkerchief was washed and re-washed, but every effort failed to obliterate the picture, which seemed to have become a part of the texture of the linen. There is the face photographed upon the handkerchief with remarkable distinctness, about half way between the centre and one corner. A singular feature of the picture is that, although distinct at all times when held in the shadow of anything away from the obstructed light, the eyes and eyebrows, hair, lines of the dress, etc., show much plainer than before. The features are fine and regular—what may be termed high-bred—the hair is waved back from the forehead. The neck is exposed and adorned with a necklace. The bodice, which shades off into distinctness, is ornamented with lace, and a flower placed rather to the left. A name is written underneath, but this cannot be deciphered. How came the picture on the handkerchief, is the question which baffles all inquiry. The mystery refuses to be solved. It has been suggested that the face is a spiritual photograph.

Mrs. Shelly has examined all pictures of friends and relatives in her possession, but finds nothing resembling this picture among them. The affair has thrown our worthy friends into considerable trepidation. Hitherto aloof from superstition and all belief in the supernatural, they cannot resist the idea that unseen spirits are hovering about the dwelling. The idea is not a pleasant one, to say the least, and for the peace of mind for the anxious family we hope there may be found a natural cause for the appearance of the picture, and that it is not, as they are almost forced to believe, the work of a shadowy hand, invisible to earthly eyes.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of his preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks, —"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills.' Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinline packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London
d1509 ly

SALE OF VALUABLE BUSINESS

CITY LOTS,

BY AUCTION,

ON THE 20th INSTANT.

The undersigned has received instructions from P. LeSueur, Esq., to sell by Public Auction, on Wednesday, the 20th inst., at Twelve (12) o'clock noon, on the grounds, the following very valuable Business Building Lots situate on the north side of Wellington, and eastern side of Kent streets, Upper Town, and immediately opposite St Andrew's (Scotch) Church. The frontage on Wellington street is one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet, of which one hundred and ten (110) feet will be put up in lots of 22x102 feet each, inclusive of ten (10) feet for rear communication from Kent street. Also, the corner lot of 55 feet on Wellington by 33 feet on Kent streets. The new bridge to be built immediately will make Wellington one of the best, if not the best, business streets of the city, and it is not too much to say that these lots are, from their central position, &c., the most eligible business building lots now left for disposal in Upper Town.

Terms, twenty per cent cash, with Auctioneer's commission, the balance in yearly instalments on a ten year's mortgage at seven per cent.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Sept 11th, 1871. 1766-tf

HAVE COME.

McCOY & ESMONDE'S

Minstrels and Brass Band

will give one of their Grand Entertainments on

Tuesday Evening, Sept. 12th,

AT THE

SKATING RINK MUSIC HALL

Ottawa, Sept., 11, 1871. 1765-2

AUCTION SALE

OF A

TIMBER LIMIT

SITUATED ON DEEP RIVER

The Subscriber has received instructions to sell at the Union House, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, 4th October, a Timber Berth, being License No. 267 of 1870-71, of about 5¼ square miles on the South side of Deep River.

Terms and conditions made known at time of sale.

Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Sept. 8, 1871. 1764-td

STRAYED OR STOLEN

From McKay's Pasture grounds, New Edinburgh, a RED COW, with the ends sawn off of horns. Any person giving information that may lead to her discovery will be suitably rewarded.

And any person found harbouring or endeavouring to conceal her from discovery after this notice will, on conviction thereof, be prosecuted according to law.

All information concerning her will be thankfully received and rewarded by

CHARLES GOULDEN,
1764-tf Goulden's Hotel, Ottawa.

WANTED TO RENT,

A House or Cottage in the neighbourhood of Sandy Hill.

Apply at "THE TIMES" Office.
1765-tf

PRIVATE BOARD WANTED

In Upper Town by a Gentleman and his Wife. Apply by letter addressed
1761- U., TIMES Office.

BOARD WANTED

In a Private Family, by a Gentleman. Six o'clock dinner preferred Address X Y Z., P. O. Box, 285. 1754

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

TWO VALUABLE FARMS

FOR SALE!

The following Valuable Farm situated on the banks of the Rideau about one mile and a half from Ottawa, the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq., and known as the South West half of Lot 14 on the Rideau River in the Gore of Gloucester. It is all cleared and in the highest state of cultivation; well watered; first-class brick building with seven rooms, and substantial barns, sheds, &c., thereon; also, an excellent orchard and garden. Beautifully situated and commanding a fine view of the City, Parliament Buildings, and surrounding country; contains about 100 acres.

ALSO

Lot No 16, in the Seventh Concession of Gloucester, Ottawa Front (the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq.), 8 miles from Ottawa and 2 miles from Taylorsville, Contains 200 acres, principally covered with timber.

For particulars and terms apply to DANIEL McLAURIN, Esq., of Osgoode, JAMES SEVERIGHT, Esq., of Gloucester, Trustees, or to

HAMNETT P. HILL,
Solicitor, &c.,
31-tf Post Office Block, Ottawa.

CAPE WOOL.

The Cargo of the "PEONY," direct from

PORT ELIZABETH,

will be ready for Inspection on the 18th instant.

GILLESPIE MOFFATT & CO.
Montreal, Sept. 7th, 1871. 1762-1w

ENGLISH WEEKLY NEWS PAPERS AND MONTHLY MAGAZINES.

LLOYD'S WEEKLY LONDON NEWS, Weekly Times, Reynolds', Weekly Dispatch,—the latest editions,—5 cents. Subscription (post free to any part of the Dominion)—yearly, $2.50; six months, $1.25.

Illustrated London News, Graphic, Bell's Life, News of the World, Punch, Fun, Judy, &c., &c.

THE TORONTO GLOBE delivered at 10 cents per week.

C. E. HUCKETT & CO.
69, Sparks Street.
August 29. 1755 1m

LOCAL NEWS.

RACE COURSE.—A ladies stand is being erected on the race course.

A man got his leg broken at the Chaudiere yesterday accidentally.

MONEY TO LEND.—Apply to R A. Bradley Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks and Elgin streets, Ottawa.

CITY COUNCIL.—Contrary to announcement, there was no meeting of the Council last night.

BUILDING. — The foundation for Mr. Heney's new building, corner of Sparks and O'Connor streets is being laid.

The Ottawa Field Battery turn out on Wednesday at one o'clock, preparatory to their march to Prescott, the following day.

HIGH SCHOOL TRUSTEES.—A meeting of the Board of High School Trustees will be held in the City Hall at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

RACES.—Two horses to compete at the Ottawa Fall Races arrived in town yesterday. They belong to Mr. Copeland, of Pembroke.

SPORTING.—Sporting men are polishing up their breech-loaders for the 15th inst. Several parties leave daily for the resorts of ducks down the Ottawa.

MINSTRELS AND BRASS BAND.—McCoy & Esmond's Variety Troupe, comprising gymnasts, contortionists, negro and Dutch comedians, &c., will give an entertainment in the Music Hall to-night.

PIC-NIC.—A pic-nic for the benefit of the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum will take place, at the Bellevue Gardens, on Thursday. We hope to be able to report a large attendance, the cause being charity.

CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE.—Howe's celebrated Circus and Menagerie will arrive in Ottawa, on the 16th inst. The grand entry into the city will be made about 10 o'clock on Saturday morning. Every person should avail himself of the opportunity to see the collection of wild animals accompanying this circus.

BATTERY NOTICE—No. 2 Battery O.B.G.A. will parade this evening at 7:30, to receive their knapsacks, &c., before leaving for Kingston. As it is not in the power of any officer to grant leave to his men, it is hoped that all members will be present as all absentees will suffer the penalty of the new Militia Law.

THE RACES.—There are fourteen horses in training at present for the Ottawa races:—Four at Mr. Flint's stables on the course; three at Mr. Coleman's; two of Mr. John Copeland's, Pembroke; one belonging to Mr. Bourke; three of Mr. Alloway's, of Montreal; and one belonging to Mr. Fitzsimmons. Several others are expected to arrive in a few days.

EXTENSIVE SALE OF DRY GOODS.—Mr. N. Faulkner, Sussex Street, announces the arrival of an immense quantity of goods and great reduction in prices. Mr. Faulkner has been very successful as a merchant in Ottawa and his present extensive patronage is no doubt attributable to his straightforward way of dealing, and the general satisfaction which he gives his numerous customers.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING LOTS.—Mr. Bermingham announces the sale by auction on the 20th inst., of a number of valuable building lots on Wellington street opposite the St. Andrew's Church, being the property of Mr. LeSueur. The property is excellently situated for business purposes and will enhance rapidly in value after the proposed improvements of the street have been carried out. See advertisement in another column.

LARCENY.—A young girl was caught yesterday morning in the act of stealing a net from Mr. Miles' Hairdressing Saloon, Duke street. It appears that several articles have been stolen from the same place lately. Notwithstanding this Mr. Miles' benevolent spirit prompted him to plead for the girl's absolution believing that the fear she had experienced at the prospect of imprisonment was sufficient punishment. She was warned and taken home by her mother.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—Jno Stephens, Montreal; A F Briely, Hamilton; R L Denizen, Toronto; Albert Hogar Plantagenet; J T Betts, Ery; O K Odgen, Three Rivers; G W McMullen, Chicago; E E Ford, Simcoe; Fred Alysford Wise, Prescott; Capt A Duncan, Royal Artillery, Scotland; Miss Cogswell, Scotland; John Duncan, Scotland; Wm Lytaris, Montreal; Thomas Murray, Pembroke; A Wiselly Begg, Montreal; Geo. Robertson, Kingston.

P. O. C. I. A.—We believe the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, organized a few days ago, has already produced a wonderful improvement in the more humane feelings of farmers. Its very name has acted like magic upon them; we no longer see poor dumb animals brutally abused and allowed to lie for hours in agonizing pain on the market square. The thanks of the whole community are due to the gentlemen who organized the society which we hope will receive the support it merits.

POLICE COURT, Monday.—James Bush, charged with drunkenness, was fined $3 and costs.

Cyrille Cardinal, disorderly conduct on the public streets, was remanded.

Alex. Rice, charged with having foul premises, was allowed until Wednesday to remove the nuisance.

Hector McLean, for allowing two goats to run at large, was fined $1 and costs.

Xavier Robinson, drunk and disorderly on the public streets, was fined $5 and costs.

Wm. Porter, charged with using insulting language towards Samuel Greenfield, was fined $2 and costs.

A case of assault between husband and wife was adjourned for two days to give them an opportunity to settle it between themselves.

Phillip Lowery, charged with assault, was discharged.

Constable Graham was charged by Mr. Lang with overstepping the limits of his power. It appears that Mr. Lang had men engaged in excavating a cellar in rear of the Commercial Hotel, Elgin Street, but encroaching upon Mr. Matthewman's property the latter requested them to desist, and got Policeman Graham to advise them to do so. The men, as well as Mr. Lang, abused Constable Graham, who retorted in very meek language. The case was dismissed, Constable Graham receiving a reprimand.

The Immigrant Aid Society hold their annual meeting this evening. The proposal for re-organization as the Ottawa Immigration and Colonization Society, has met with the warmest support, and we hope there will be a full meeting of members to elect an active and influential committee to carry out the important objects of the society, which are:

1. To promote emigration from Great Britain and elsewhere (particularly the agricultural district) to Canada.

2. To promote colonization for the benefit of artizans by forming settlement contiguous to existing cities.

3. To promote the social well being of immigrants in the city of Ottawa and its vicinity.

MANITOBA ITEMS.

From the Manitoban.

The last three or four nights have been somewhat frosty; and farmers, generally, have been hurrying to get down their wheat. Some fields sown late, remain uncut at the time we write, the 25th instant. But the great bulk of the crop has been harvested in good shape.

Plums and black currants abound in the market now. We have seen samples of the latter, gathered in the woods, which for size and flavor, equal anything we have seen anywhere.

We are glad to be able to notice the arrival of Mr. Lindsay Russell, of Ottawa, the chief of the Provincial Surveying staff. From Mr. Russell's well earned renown for assiduity, we are confident the survey will be pushed on with every despatch.

Rev. Mr. Young expects to open the new Methodist Church in about three weeks. The Lecture-room is plastered, the pews for the body of the Church are made, and ready to be fitted in, and the balance of the work is being pushed forward as rapidly as possible.

A river pic-nic, with the Military Band to enliven the proceedings, was the order of the day on the 22nd. Many of those who were not fortunate enough to be among the pic nickers had, at all events, the pleasure of listening to the sweet strains of the musicians.

We regret to have to announce to our readers the dangerous illness of Mr. James Ross, of Colony Gardens. Mr. Ross has been ailing for a considerable time, but the disease under which he has been laboring has taken a more serious turn. We hope yet to be able to announce his convalescence.

Mr. Dewe, the energetic Post Office Inspector, started off again on Wednesday, on his travels. He has gone out in the direction of the Boyne River, and in a few days the whole postal system of the Province will have been established in a thorough, workable system. Mr. Dewe proposes returning to Canada about the 1st of September.

THE INSURRECTION IN ALBANIA.

The battle in Albania, recently fought between the Turks and Albanians, shows that the Eastern question is again looming in the distance. The Christians of Albania, who are now in insurrection against the Sultan, are not Catholics, but of the Greek or Russo Greek persuasion. Their possession of Jerusalem and the holy places would not at all be in accordance with Catholic interests or wishes. The Czar is a mighty potentate, and, did he once hold the keys of the Church of the Holy Sepulchre, the lock might become rusty enough before he would open the door to a Western Christian. It is fortunate that the keys of Paradise are more available to the prayers of the Christian than the keys of the Czar would be in the case mentioned. The Sultan is a weak monarch, and is therefore bowing and scraping to every Western Christian, whether Catholic or Protestant. The Holy Father, therefore, lately congratulated the Sultan in a manner that meant the latter would in any contest with Russia have the sympathy of Western Catholics. It seems strange that the Turk would be more liberal than the Christian. But truth is sometimes as strange as fiction. The Czar has been very severe to the religious orders in Poland, and actually forbade any bishops to attend the Vatican General Council. Turkey, on the other hand, suffered Albanians, Syrians and Maronites to go to Rome.

ANNIE LAURIE.

Nearly everybody has sung, or heard sung the beautiful ballad of "Annie Laurie." Annie Laurie was no myth. Nearly two hundred years ago Sir Robert Laurie, Maxwelton, in Dumfrieshire, Scotland, quaintly wrote in his family register these words: "At the pleasure of the Almighty God, my daughter, Annie Laurie, was born on the 16th day of December, 1682 years, about 6 o'clock in the morning, and was baptized by Mr. Geo. Hunter, of Glencairne." Annie's mother was named Jean Riddle, to whom Sir Rober was married "upon the 27th day of July, 1674, in the Tron Kirk of Edinburgh, by Mr. Annane," as was also recorded by her father himself. Posterity owes to Mr. William Douglass of Finland in Kirkcudbrightshire, (who wooed but did not win the capricious Annie) the song of "Bonnie Annie Laurie," wherein he celebrated the beauty and transcendent perfection of the maid of Maxwelton. Poetic justice should have required that Annie would have rewarded with her hand the poet lover, who was determined to make her name immortal; but, as it transpired, she preferred another and a richer suitor, a Mr. Alexander Ferguson, of Craigdarroch and him she married.

Wife to Husband—(Rubbing the PAIN-KILLER on his Rheumatic shoulder briskly.) Its a great pity such a good medicine as Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER is not more extensively used, just see what a world of good it has done even since we have had it. George don't have the toothache any more, it has saved Fredy a severe attack of Fever, it has cured me of Dyspepsia and I know it will relieve you of Rheumatism.

Husband:—You are right, Mary, the PAIN-KILLER seems to fire up the cold corners of my shoulder and puts new life into it, it certainly does act instantaneously, I do think, my dear, I am cured already (meditatingly) well, well, all I have heard said of it is true, my shoulder is free from pain the first time for these two months.

Wife:—Its strange, we never have been induced to try it before, I should have thought you would have been often advised to try it.

Husband:—I have had the PAIN-KILLER recommended many times, but between the Doctor and Druggists they have always succeeded in keeping me from using it by suggesting other trash that has done me no good.

Wife: — People seem to enjoy paying the Doctor five or ten Dollars every now and then to experiment on them, when a twenty five cent bottle of PAIN-KILLER would give them far more relief, and then the Druggists are so obliging it is very hard to say "I want Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER and nothing else will do," and thus refuse to buy their trash.

(To be Continued.)

Sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cts. per bottle.

Devlin's Hats that it Pays.

THE EVENING.

Dancing and Maintien.

Mr. Andrews classes are now open in Gowan's Hall, and meet every Tuesday and Friday.

JUVENILES at 5 p.m.; ADULTS at 8 p.m.

P. O. Box 15,
or HOUSE, New Edinburgh.

Ottawa, Sept. 8, 1871. 1763-TF8

"THE JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON,
1760-6m Proprietor.

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY

FOR SUNDAY USE.

From 1st of May to 1st of October

100lbs per day for the season		$5 00
200lbs " "		9 00
100lbs	month	1 50
200 "	"	2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance. ☜

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N. B.—Ice supplied by the ton or cwt.

Ottawa April 1871

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS,

ON BLACK RIVER,

For Sale by Auction, at the Union House, *ON WEDNESDAY, 4th OCTOBER* next, at one o'clock, p. m., being License No. 265, of 1870-71.....50 miles.
And No. 367, of 1870-71.....50 miles.
Total one hundred square miles of richly timbered limits.

By order of
ALEXANDER FRASER, Esq.

Ottawa, 1st Sept. 1871. 1759-1d

NOTICE.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned endorsed "Tender for Lock Gates," will be received at this Office until FRIDAY, 29th September instant, for the construction and insertion of six pairs of LOCK GATES for the proposed enlarged Locks Nos. 9, 10, and 11, on the Grenville Canal.

Plans and Specifications can be seen on application at this Office, or at the Lachine Canal Office, Montreal, and at the Engineer's Office, on the Works at Grenville, where printed Forms of Tender may also be obtained.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th Sept. 1871. 1764-3

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for 1 Bridge," will be received at this Office until, FRIDAY, the 29th day of September instant at noon, for the construction of two Swing Bridges for the enlarged portion of the Grenville Canal.

Plans and Specifications can be seen on application at this Office, or at the Lachine Canal Office, Montreal, and at the Engineer's Office, on the work at Grenville, where printed Forms of Tender may also be obtained.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th Sept., 1871. 1764-3

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Central Tower," will be received at this Office until WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of September instant, at noon, for the carpenter and joiners' galvanized iron, plumber's and painter's works; also for wrought and cast iron work required for finish to the Central Tower, Parliament Buildings, Ottawa.

Plans and Specifications and Model can be seen at this Office, where all necessary information can be obtained.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th Sept., 1871. 1764-3

CHANCERY SALE.

SPAIN *v* WATT.

Pursuant to the Decree and final Order for Sale made in this cause, and respectively bearing dates 28th February, 1871, and 25th August, 1871, there will be sold by Public Auction, with the approbation of W. M. MATHESON, Esquire, Master in Chancery, at Ottawa, by AMOS ROWE, Auctioneer, at his Sale Rooms, near Sapper's Bridge, Rideau Street, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of SEPTEMBER, A.D. 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following valuable farm property, that is to say, all and singular, the rear or west half of Lot No. Fourteen, in the Second Concession, Rideau Front, of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton.

The property, well known as the Spain Farm, is of good farming land, and contains about one hundred and ten acres, all cleared, excepting about twenty acres of hardwood bush, and is situated on the main road, about two miles from the village of Manotic, and about fourteen miles from the City of Ottawa. There are upon the property a good farm dwelling-house, two barns, sheds, two orchards of plum and apple trees, and a good well and pump.

The purchaser must pay at the time of sale ten per cent. of the purchase money, and the balance in one month from the time of sale.

The property will be put up at an upset price of $1,300 dollars, and will be sold subject to an annuity of $50 during the lifetime of one Maria Spain. In other respects the conditions of sale are the standing conditions of sale of the Court of Chancery.

For further particulars, apply to Messrs. Kennedy and Christie, Messrs Scott, Rose and Stewart, or Martin O'Gara, Esq., Solicitors, Ottawa.

Dated this 1st day of September, A.D., 1871.

W. M. MATHESON,
Master at Ottawa.

KENNEDY & CHRISTIE,
Solicitors for Vendor. 1758td

Circus and Caravan

COMING.

A Herd of Eight Elephants

Recently added to the Exhibition, will appear in the Grand Procession in the City of Ottawa.

FULL TROOP OF BRITISH RIDERS AND ACROBATS.

THE GREATEST EXHIBITION
Ever given will come off in
OTTAWA,
SATURDAY, September 16,
Afternoon and Evening,
☞ ONE DAY ONLY, ☜
Howe's Great London Circus
AND
SANGER'S English Menagerie
OF TRAINED ANIMALS.

The Magnificent, Gorgeous and Costly Golden Chariot Procession, the Largest and Most Brilliant Cavalcade of the kind ever seen, with its

FIVE COLOSSAL CHARIOTS,

Drawn through the streets by teams of Zebras, Shetland Ponies, Abyssinian Donkeys and beautiful Flemish Horses.

100 *Knights in Burnished Steel Armor,*

Ladies in full Circassian Costume, attended by their Equerries, Squires, Pages, &c., in appropriate Dresses, with Banners, Flags, Superb Trappings, &c., and the full

BRITISH CORNET BAND,

Conceded by the Profession to be the best musical accompaniment ever heard in a circus.

Doors open at 1 and at 7 p.m.

Admission, 50 cents Children under ten 25 cents. 1747td

BUSINESS CHANGE.

We, the undersigned, in relinquishing the Retail branch of our business, beg to return thanks to the public of Ottawa and vicinity for the very liberal support accorded to us during the past eight years, and to announce that we have

DISPOSED OF OUR STOCK,

And leased the premises,

29 Sparks Street,

TO

MESSRS.

ALEXANDER RUSSELL,

(Late of Blyth & Russell, Ottawa,)

AND

ROBERT WATSON,

(Of Watson & Hayes, Armonte,)

Who will continue the business under the name and style of

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Both of these gentlemen were formerly in our employ, and being possessed of ample means and long experience we have great pleasure in recommending them to the confidence and patronage of all our friends and customers.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, August, 1871.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE

RUSSELL & WATSON

Have pleasure in announcing that they have purchased the

Entire Stock in Trade,

AND

GOOD WILL

OF THE

RETAIL BUSINESS

Lately conducted by Messrs.

Magee & Russell,

And leased their premises, 29 Sparks Street, for a term of years

And hope by keeping only the best qualities of goods, and adopting a uniform and

Moderate Scale of Profits,

By anticipating the wants of the public and a strict attention to business to merit and retain the patronage so liberally bestowed upon their predecessors.

And we beg to assure the old patrons of the establishment that no efforts will be spared in maintaining the leading position to which it had attained.

ALEX. RUSSELL. ROB'T. WATSON.

Ottawa, August 1871.

FRED. T. PALMER,

Commission and Lumbermen's Agent, Rideau Street, (entrance O'Meara's Gateway.)

Particular attention will be given to hiring men, teams, &c., and all transactions with the Crown Land and Timber Office.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:

R Nagle, Esq, | Wm Mackey, Esq,
Allan Grant, Esq, | E McGillivray, Esq
Ottawa, Sept 1, 1871. 1746tf

Peaches!

Peaches!

Peaches!

Pears!

Pears!

Pears!

Apples!

Apples!

Apples!

And all other Kinds of Fruit

at the Fruit Depots of

G. LORENZ,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

NO. 56 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite RIDEAU HALL HOTEL,

GREAT

DRY GOODS SALE.

Allan McKinnon's & McMoran,

Have determined to clear out the FALL and WINTER GOODS purchased at a heavy discount from Messrs GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO, and with that view will bring forward the whole stock, including several large lots of

NEW GOODS

purchased far below Market value, and offer the whole at prices that must induce good judges of goods to buy largely.

The sale will commence on

Monday, 4th Sept'r,

And continue one month.

As many of the cheapest lines will be sold quickly, intending purchasers will do well to call early and secure a choice.

1,000 YDS. JAPANESE SILKS,

At 50 cents per yard.

ONE CASE OF VELVET RIBBONS, damaged by fresh water, will be offered at less than half price.

2 Bales of GREY COTTONS, in short pieces, at from one to two cents below usual prices.

To be reduced one third in prices—a large quantity of

MILLINERY, MANTLES and MANTLE CLOTHS,

A line of Velveteen Jackets, reduced to $1.50 each, Waterproof Mantles at from $2.50 to 5.

DRESS GOODS, in a variety of fabrics, reduced below cost.

PRINTS—A line formerly sold at 12½ cents will be cleared out at 9 cents per yard.

A large lot of Gloves and Hosiery will be marked down far below cost.

A lot of best Brussels Carpets will be sold at $1.25 per yard.

ALLAN, McKINNON'S & McMORRAN,
Successors to Garland, Mutchmor & Co
No. 20, Sparks Street.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, that if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—
The best old brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and a Low Price.

GIN—
J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—
Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALE—
Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, Imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Cross & Blackwell's.—Suffice Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS
Best Toilet, "London" make, to order
One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb "Caddies."

☞ Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At
THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871.

WANTED,

A School Teacher for School Section No. 3 Huntly. Apply to
HENRY McBRIDE,
J. LETT,
JAMES JOHNSTON,
Carp Post Office.
1760-2w Ontario

IF YOU DESIRE

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

SEND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor

SUCCEEDING TO THE BUSINESS OF MAGEE & RUSSEL.

The Undersigned, in succeeding to the business of the above named Firm, would say that the balance of the Stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Carried over by them, will now be offered by us, at prices that cannot but attract the attention of

CLOSEST BUYERS.

In order that we may have time to get the stuff forward and reduced,

THE SALE

Will not begin before

Monday, the 4th September.

Having therefore decided that all Goods of this Season MUST BE SOLD, we have reduced to them to such prices as must soon effect it.

We therefore invite inspection of our Stock by intending purchasers.

We would call special attention to our

SILK DEPARTMENT,

in this line we are offering decided BARGAINS in Colored, Fancy and Black Silks.

in the

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

We will offer a large lot of FRENCH MERINOS, FRENCH TWILLS, REPPS, SERGES and WINCIES.

The Goods in this Department were considered fair value at old prices, but having decided to CLEAR OUT, all of last Season's Stock have been marked down. Those requiring anything in this line will do well to give a look through the Departments.

ALL STAPLE GOODS, WHILE THE SALE CONTINUES, WILL BE OFFERED AT A SMALL ADVANCE.

☞ A large quantity of Grey and White Cottons now forward, and considered extra GOOD VALUE.

We will not quote prices, being satisfied, as we are, that purchasers must see value before paying any attention to figures.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

SUCCESSORS TO—

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

ESTABLISHMENT FOR YOUNG LADIES,
Wilbrod Street (between Nelson and Gloucester Streets), Sandy Hill, Ottawa.

Mrs. ROBERT STEWART returns thanks for the kind patronage she has received during her residence in Ottawa, and hopes by unwearied attention to her scholastic duties, and by their efficient discharge, to merit and receive a continuance of favor and support.

The School will be RE-OPENED on FRIDAY, the 1st of September. All the Classes are open to any who may wish to join one or more of them for the study of any special subject.

Terms very moderate. References to parents of pupils.

August 18th, 1871. 1746 tf

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA,

Between Howell and Pingland & Draper's.

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.

1733tf

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested to settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

WANTED,

Young Ladies to learn Systematic Dress Cutting by the "PRINCESS LOUISE CHART." Terms $3. Apply to Mrs FARNHAM, Russell House, Ottawa. 1748 a

DR. R. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m. and 2 to 4 p.m.

☞ Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

YORK STREET, Lower Town, next door to Mathew's Hotel,

And at No. 400 WELLINGTON STREET Upper Town, opposite the Montreal Bank.

Mr. GENDREAU has always on hand the best French and English perfumeries

You are respectfully requested to visit these establishments.

Ottawa, 21st August, 1871. 1747tf

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY,

WELLINGTON STREET,

CONDUCTED BY THE GREY NUNS.

The course of studies at this Institution will be resumed on Monday 4th Sept.

OTTAWA CONVENT,
Grey Nuns, Aug. 17, 1871. 1745-b

CHURCH OF ENGLAND

LADIES' SCHOOL,

WINDSOR STREET, OTTAWA

(Established, 1869—Incorporated, 1871.)

Lady Principal.....Miss Machin.

This School will re-open SEPT. 1st.

New Prospectuses can be obtained of Durie & Son and Hope & Co.

Further particulars on application to the Lady Principal, or

REV R POLLARD,
1743c Secretary, Ottawa.

THE Rev. C. F. STREET informs his friends and the public that he will open his Classical and Commercial SCHOOL on MONDAY, 28th AUGUST, in the School Room lately occupied by the Rev. Mr. May.

For particulars, apply to Mrs. Kendall, Taylor's Block, corner of Nelson and Daly streets. 1741tf

MR. E. H. HARRINGTON, B.A., Oxford University,

Begs to inform his Friends and the Public, that he will OPEN his PRIVATE SCHOOL on MONDAY, the 4th September. School-room, corner of Bank and Albert Streets. For further particulars, apply to Mr. E. H. HARRINGTON, Russell House.

N.B.—Private pupils can be taken in the evenings.

August 24, 1871. 1751 6

ACADEMY OF THE GREY NUNS,

AYLMER.

The Classes of this Academy will OPEN on the 1st SEPTEMBER next. The building is new and spacious, and is situate near the banks of the Ottawa river

Aylmer, 16th August, 1871. 1744td

SELECT

BOARDING AND DAY ACADEMY FOR BOYS.

(CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL.)

Principal — REV. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

Careful instruction will be given in Latin and Greek Studies, in French and German Languages, in Mathematics, in certain branches of Science and Art, and in all the common branches of an English education.

The Academy on the south side of Daly and Ottawa streets will be OPENED on the 7th SEPTEMBER next.

For further particulars, please address the Rev. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

August 25. 1752 1

A MARRIED WOMAN (English) wishes to obtain a small Family's WASHING. A.D.C., care of John Bobier, Ottawa.

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS
Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S. :—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

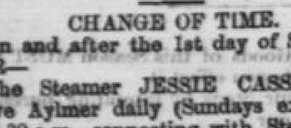
The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P.E.I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE, Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE, Agents, No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 — 1670tf



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the 1st day of SEPTEMBER—

The Steamer JESSIE CASSELS will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 7.30 a.m., connecting with Steamers of the Line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

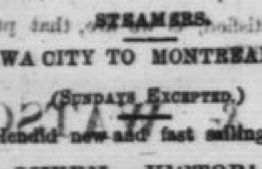
The Steamer PONTIAC leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted), at 1 p.m., for Des Joachim; returning—leaving at 6 a.m., connecting with Steamer JASON GOULD, which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 p.m., passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The Steamer PRINCE ARTHUR leaves Portage du Fort at 7 a.m., connecting with Steamer JESSIE CASSELS for Aylmer.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip, at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 9 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, August 28th, 1871.

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA, CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES, CAPT. H. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5.30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

— The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"
CAPT. NICHOL,

Leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B.—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1736tf

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,
IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $300 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871.

TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

The Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy will, at a Session to be held in the Hall of the said Township on SATURDAY, the 30th day of SEPTEMBER next, pass a By-law to establish the road as now laid out, between Lots Nos. 5 and 6, in the Third Concession of the said Township.

W. P. TAYLOR, Township Clerk.

Fitzroy, 28th August, 1871. 36 4

SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY,
—AND—
AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD, Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE MOWER
—AND—
SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871.

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain*.

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mowers Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD, Smith's Falls, Ontario.

June 13, 1871 — 2m-d&w

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa P.O., August 31, 1871.

Adcock J C	Martin Wm
Anderson Elizabeth	Maddia Thos
Anderson Samuel	Malsbury Wm
Armstrong Wm	Mines Benj
Arnold Wm	Meade M J
Arthur Geo A	Mercer John
Armstrong Mrs A C	Mitchell W H
Aspdin Thos W	Milne G B
Barnes Sydney	Motherwell Thos
Barber G	Moore & Coburn
Beveridge Thos	Moore F H
Benfield Wm	Muir Wm
Bell H H	Murphy Mathew
Blais Miss Lydia	Neill John
Blakely Mrs	Nelson Mrs Alex
Boyd Dr B H	Nesbitt John
Brayer Wm	Nicholson John
Brennan Wm	Nichols John
Brewer Mrs Emily	Nolan Miss B
Bullock L	O'Brien Wm
Bowns Wm	O'Donnell D
Buchanan Mrs John	O'Donnell G
Burns Mrs S	O'Connor W P P
Burns Miss	O'Connor Jno A
Byrne Hy	O'Connor Mrs
Campbell Mrs John	O'Dwyer John
Cain Miss Sarah J	Oliver A
Campbell Mrs Mary	O'Meill J
Callaghan Alex	Ormand Jno T
Cantwell John	Patterson Miss Anna
Cahal Miss Mary	Pearsons Albert
Church Jos	Perry Mrs M C
Clarke Miss Emma	Pearson F M
Conway Miss B	Perwitt J B
Corrigan Ed	Pickens John
Connor John	Powers Jesse
Cross W L	Pringle Miss Sarah
Crozier Jos	Pritchard Wm
Cunningham Thos	Quinlan Mrs P
Daly Carol	Rathwell Miss A
Davis J	Rice Alex
Davidson C P	Roberts Miss Kate
Davis Jas	Robertson Geo
Daly J J	Rose Rodger
Davis Mrs B	Roberts Mrs
Dempsey Miss E	Robertson David
Dendmore Miss Mary	Ryan Miss Julia
Dicare Miss M	Russell Mrs
Dickson Dr Geo	Russell A D
Doyle Mrs Peter	Saunders Miss Julia
Duncan Jas	Scobie Mary
Fenton Miss J	Servo Walter
Fisher John	Sheaver Jno
Forsoh Jas	Shehan Thomas
Forbes John	Smith John
Foster Jas	Smith Mrs W
Furlong Jas	Smith H D
Gan John	Smith Heber
Gibbons E	Smith Wm
Gillis J S	Sparks Miss Jane
Glenn Alex	Somerville Hugh
Gormly P	Sparks Noel
Gilchrist John	Sternbug J W
Grimes Thos	Sullivan John
Harris Lizza Ann	Tobin Jas
Hamilton Mrs S	Turner RW
Hewlett Thos	Watson & Hill
Hicks Jas	Ward Jas
Holland W H	Wable A
Hogan Miss B	Wallace M
Hogan Wm	Wagner H
Hunt Wm	Wilsman G & T
Hutchinson G W	Webb Jas T
Hutchinson John	Weir John
Rushley Mrs	Wells J P
Hubert J	Webster Miss E H
Janet Rev Mr	Welch Mrs Geo
Jamieson D J	Whalen Miss Eliza
Johnston Miss Ellen	Wilson B
Jones Mrs J E	Wood H O
Kennedy Jno	Wright J
Kealy Mrs Julia A	McBrayen A
Kennedy M	McBryde Jas
King Geo	McClanlish T
Kingsmill M	McDonald And
King Jas	McClory John
Knapp H A	McDonald Miss F
Lamprey B H	McDonald D
Lane Miss Caroline	McDonald Mrs Geo
Leitch Miss A	McGuire Mrs Jno
Leroy W H C	McIntire Miss N
Lewis Mr	McInnis Miss C
Little Irvine	McGuire Philip
Lothion Miss Ellen	McKenzie A
Moher Wm	McKay Jas H
Martin C R	McMillan Miss Jane
May Jno	McMillan J H
Martin Edwin	McPhee A
Marshall David	McMahon Geo

G P BAKER, Postmaster.

WANTED,

A good Carriage and Sleigh Maker, and Blacksmith, at Kinburn, Township of Fitzroy. A good business chance for both, with shop accommodations. Steady and good workmen only need apply.

ALLAN FRASER.

Kinburn 2nd August 1871. 1733tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause, Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADAY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantral Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S. alias Henry Burrows, &c. &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER, Galvanic Establishment, 200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO., DRUGGISTS, OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 — 1455 1awky

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

The undersigned being about to visit England, offers the following properties for sale:

A large Brick Dwelling situate on Besserer and Chapel Streets, with Coach House, Stables, &c.

12 Cottages on Augusta street, producing a clear rental of $700 per annum.

ALSO,

100 Acres of Land at L'Orignal, being south half of Lot No. 15, fourth Concession of Caledonia.

Terms to suit the purchaser.

1810d — JAS G ROBINSON.

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c., RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 — 1658 2m

READING, ELOCUTION, WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to

MRS. R. STEWART, Wilbrod-st., Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18. 1871 — 1669tf

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES!

On the Line of the UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS, Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co. Omaha, Neb.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE of MAIL

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
......	12.45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	......	4.20
......	12.45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	8.00	......	4.20
......	......	9.00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8.00	......	6.00
......	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.06	......	6.00
10.15	12.45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	12.45	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	......	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c.	......	......	4.20
9.20	......	4.30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	1.30
9.20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	......	......	1.30
10.30 7.00	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage. Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	8.00	11.00	7.00
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c.	......	......	7.00
10.00	......	......	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	......	......
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	......	......	6.00
11.50	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	......	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P.M., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, June 7, 1871.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S
NEWLY-DISCOVERED
VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Furs, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Herman a Silver Prize Medal at the Intercolonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866, besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal.

May 22, 1871 — 1671 1y

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until Noon of WEDNESDAY, the Sixth day of September next, for the widening of Sappers' Bridge and the construction of a new Bridge over the Rideau Canal to connect Wellington and Rideau Streets, according to the Engineer's plans and specifications, which may be seen at this office after the twentieth instant.

The bridges are to be constructed of iron and stone in a permanent manner, and may be let in one or more contracts as the City Council may decide after receiving the Tenders. The work is to be proceeded with at once, and good security will be required for the due performance of the contracts.

No tenders will be entertained unless made in the prescribed form. They are to be addressed to the undersigned, endorsed, "Tender for Bridges," and contain the names and addresses of two persons who are willing to become security for the contractor.

WM P LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa 19th July, 1871. — 1721td

THE "RURAL" SALOON, ELGIN STREET,

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

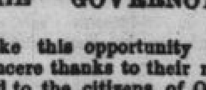
and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel. Strict attention to business.

Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 — 1599

MESSRS.

MITCHELL BROS



BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention, to

MEAT,

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be exhibited at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. — 1623y

GARDEN —AND— FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN, CHEMIST, &c., SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871.

FOR SALE.

BRAE SIDE STEAM SAW MILL,

Situated near Arnprior, Province of Ontario, and extensive Timber Limits on the River Coulonge, Province of Quebec.

The Mill has just been completed, and is most substantially built and fitted with the most improved Machinery, and can manufacture 140,000 feet of lumber per day. It has an extensive piling ground attached to it. Being placed where the Brockville Railway runs beside the Ottawa River, the lumber manufactured by it may be sent direct to the United States market. The limits comprise about 280 square miles of valuable Pine Timber country, with two extensive and productive Farms, and having commodious Dwelling Houses, Storehouses and Stables erected on them. They are also supplied with a large stock of provisions, horse, feed and shanty plant for next season's operations.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be had by applying to J. B. Lewis, Esq., Barrister, Ottawa, or from Mr. George Purvis, at the offices of the Mill.

Ottawa, July 28, 1871. — 1729 d&w4 1awk

SEEDS! SEEDS

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN —AND— ☞ FLOWER SEEDS. ☜

A. CHRISTIE & CO. (Late Alex. Christie.) Druggists, 40, Sparks-st.

Ottawa April 28, 1871.

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

Madoc, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. Certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) showed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward.

I remain,
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church, Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.
C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Medical.

MESS^RS GABRIELS CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE TEETH & GUMS AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE ARE SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

PREPARED ONLY BY MESS^RS GABRIEL, DENTISTS, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S — ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co., Druggists, Agents for Ottawa.

May 1 1871

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont, Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 — 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER.

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it. Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 — 1527y

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET,

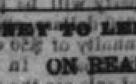
That COTTAGE, the property of N. Tetrau, Esq., Notary, in the Lower Village of Hull, with a handsome flower garden, stable, wood shed, ice house, &c., with or without the necessary firewood for next winter on the place. Mr. Tetrau having arranged for his residence in the dwelling adjoining his office, consented to the leasing of the property. For further information apply to N. TETREAU, N. P., Hull. P.Q. — 1746 3

NOTICE.

TO LET, a Large OFFICE and THREE BEDROOMS well situated in the Aumond Block, west end Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, July 11th, 1871. — 1813tf



HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to T. M. CLARK, Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 — 1657tf

MONEY TO LEND ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, Agent.

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 5by

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c, Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 4sutt JOHN J. GEMMILL

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 992y

MOSGROVE & TASSLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 290tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Fetherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

J. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law, Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. 1ay F C CLEMOW

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT, NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MARCIL, Advocate, Hull, Office at Mr Tetrau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.

Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST, *Sparks Street.*

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE, BARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
989y — JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

L. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The Proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game &c., daily

Miscellaneous.

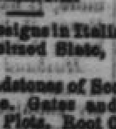
G. C. RAINBOTH, Provincial Land Surveyor and Draughtsman, commissioned for the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.
Office, Aylmer, P. Q. — 1722 tf

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. — R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. — 740

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,



—AND—
DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT, RIDEAU STREET,
ESTABLISHED 1866.

WM. H. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbleized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone, Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-shute Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Caps, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

I G SOMERVILLE, Travelling Agent.

1871. ICE! ICE! 1871.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER, Rideau Street;

Ottawa, May — 16496

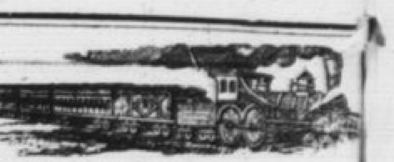
F. WILLIAMS, PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET, Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 — 1668tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY
SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS
Great Acceleration of Speed.
Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

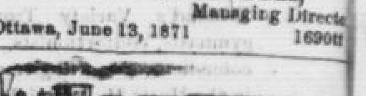
On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at .... 6.00 a.m.
Day Express for Toronto, at .... 9.00 a.m.
Night Express for Toronto, at ...... 9.00 p.m.
Mixed Train for Brockville, at ..... 11.00 a.m.
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at .... 5.00 p.m.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at 7.00 a.m.
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at .... 8.30 p.m.
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at .... 2.00 p.m.
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston .... 10.30 p.m.

A Pullman Car will be attached to Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871 — 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. — 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL, AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY, SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their Bar is always furnished with the best of Extables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 — 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer resort will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER, Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. — 1680tf

DOMINION HOUSE, CORNER OF SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS., OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley.

WILLIAM McCAFFRY, Dominion House, Late Grand River Hotel.

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. — 1665

ENGLISH OAK TANNED LEATHER BELTING, FINE ENGLISH HOSE, LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN, 247 St. James-st., Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.

Montreal, March 11, 1871 — 161

CANADA AND U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copyrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Drawings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES.

November 26, 1870 — 1524tf

MORRISON'S

STEAM BISCUIT BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT IS THE BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your Orders are solicited, and will be PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO by

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,

Nos. 36 and 38 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

TANNERY, PARK STREET, OTTAWA.

EDMOND GERMAIN, Proprietor.

All kinds of LEATHER for Sale, Whole sale, at reasonable prices.

ALSO,

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS WHOLESALE.

Of his own manufacture, at REDUCED PRICES.

19th August, 1871. — 1746f

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre), Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

VO...
PE...
P. ...
NO. 36 R...
GRO...

Offers to the t... be guarenteed ... from the Desti... Also, in ... WINES, with ... Flour, Po...

Ottawa, A...

CH...

J.

AL...

McGI...

Has for TWENT... public in the U... sure. It is cent... of the city, com... the left, and a f... furnished throug... fort of guests. ... for 500 guests, ... charged as here... membering the ...

WHOLESAL...

GARLAND, ...

EX L...

1 Case Velv...
1 " Velv...
1 " Velv...
1 " Blac...
2 " Fan...
1 " Blac...
4 " Sma...
1 " Pins...
2 " Cott...
1 " Dar...
2 Bales Gre...
2 " For...
1 Case Lac...
1 " Bon...
4 " Trin...
1 " Hor...
1 " Rib...
1 " Par...
1 Bale Hos...
1 Case Lin...

CANAD...

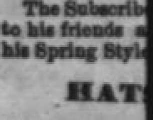
1 Case Man...
1 " Unio...
30 Bales B...
20 " W...
30 M RICE...
11 Bales L...
2 "
2 "

☞ The Ly... cheapest goods ... G. & M. are Ag... Mill prices deliv...

☞ In...

Ottawa, May 1...

HATS



SPRING

The Subscrib... to his friends a... his Spring Style...

HAT...

Are now very c... that is new of ... Manufacture.

JAM...

☞ Remem...

33 ...

☞ OPPOSIT...

Ottawa, Mar...

FOR SALE... fortable W... on, in Roche... terms apply on... MAN, Esq, or ...

1746b

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1767. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Gooderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Distillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc. Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL,

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA.

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 3m

---

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Receiv?

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily)
1 Case Laces.
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

☞ The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED ☜

Ottawa, May 16, 1871

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

☞ Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

☞ OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND ☜

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL, Solicitor, Post-Office Block.

1746b

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

---

100 CASES

HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT

"THE RED BOOT,"

OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overs,

MOCCASINS,

Laces & Boot Dressing

Which will be sold at the very lowest price possible,

Wholesale and Retail.

City and country dealers will find (on giving us a call) that they can be supplied at

Montreal Prices—Freight Added.

Having received a good part of our

Fall and Winter Goods

We are prepared to EXECUTE PROMPTLY all orders.

All summer goods selling at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Orders for Hand Made Custom Work attended to promptly.

A full sett of

Messrs. Ames, Millard & Co's Samples

of BOOTS and SHOES, always on view, and orders taken at lowest prices. One of our firm will wait on the merchants of Ottawa City and District soliciting orders.

Agents for wholesaling of Wm. Clendinneng's manufacture of *Stoves, Iron-furniture, Railings, Builders* and all kinds of *Plain and Fancy Castings.*

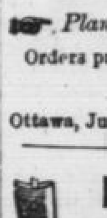
Agents for the celebrated

☞ *Plantagenet Mineral Water.* ☜

Orders promptly attended to.

LAMB & RODDEN,
No 28, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, July 20, 1871.

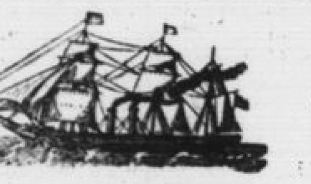


BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE, at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 88 Sussex Street, Ottawa.
1738 tNY SIMEON LEBEAU, Agent.



LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871. 1871.

The following first-class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES....J. James "
NIGER......W. Nisbett "
SEVERN.....G. Butchart "

Are intended to Sail, as under, during the Season of 1871, between

LONDON,

QUEBEC and MONTREAL.

FROM LONDON.

MEDWAY ...Thursday, 10th August.
THAMES...... " 24th "
NIGER....... " 7th Sept.
SEVERN...... " 21st "
MEDWAY.... " 5th Oct.
THAMES..... " 19th "

AND FROM QUEBEC.

NIGER .....Thursday, 10th August.
SEVERN.... " 24th "
MEDWAY.... " 7th Sept.
THAMES.... " 21st "
NIGER..... " 5th Oct.
SEVERN.... " 19th "
MEDWAY.... " 2nd Nov.
THAMES.... " 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $5 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.

or

T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co.'s Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, June 13th. 1760y

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

All descriptions of property insured at moderate rates.

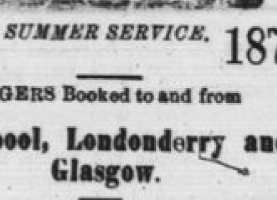
Tables of rates for Life Assurance and all information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

T. M. CLARKE, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.



1871. SUMMER SERVICE. 1871

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

NESTORIAN ....26th August.
SCANDINAVIAN ......2nd September
HIBERNIAN...........9th "
MORAVIAN...........15th "
SARMATIAN ....23rd "
PRUSSIAN.............30th "

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin ....$70 to $80
Steerage....................$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN, on or about...31st Aug.
OTTAWA " ......7th Sept.
ST. DAVID " ......14th "
ST. ANDREW " ......21st "
ST. PATRICK " ......28th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin...........$67 25
Intermediate.....................$47 or 44 00
Steerage..............................28 00

☞ An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-.

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths, Doeskins, Casimeres, English and Canadian Tweeds, Linens, Prints, Cottons' Dress Goods, &c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats, Pants, Vests, Shirts, Drawers, Under Shirts &c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery, Neckties, Scarfs, Handkerchiefs, Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞ Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Third Annual Exhibition under the auspices of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society will take place on

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.

SEPTEMBER 20TH, 21ST AND 22ND, 1871.

On the Society's Grounds adjoining the city limits.

COMPETITION OPEN TO THE WORLD!

Nearly $3 000 is offered in Premiums

For Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, Agricultural and Horticultural Productions, Manufactures, Domestic Products, &c.

All parties may compete for prizes on payment of Two Dollars; Ladies on payment of One Dollar.

ENTRIES.

All entries must be made on printed forms, which may be had from the Secretary. These forms are to be filled up and signed by the Exhibitor, enclosing Two Dollars, which amount will entitle the Exhibitor to compete in all the departments.

The entries in each department must be made as follows:—

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before the 10th of SEPTEMBER.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery, and Manufactures generally SEPTEMBER 15th.

Horticultural Products, Flowers, Ladies' Work, &c., SEPTEMBER 18th.

The Society will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railroad Proprietors for carrying articles and passengers at reduced rates.

Arrangements will be made with the Customs Department for the free entry of articles for competition.

J B LEWIS,
President.
A S WOODBURN,
Sec. Treas.

Ottawa August 22. 1749t

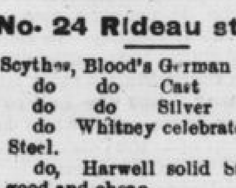
HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES,

And other Harvesting Implements

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,



No. 24 Rideau street.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.

All ground ready for use.

Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.

Hay Rakes, straight and bent,

Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarrie:

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No. 120, Sussex Street, and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,
1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

RARE CHANCE.

The advertiser has received instructions to offer for SALE, by TENDER, at so much in the Dollar, as per Inventory Valuation,

A WELL ASSORTED TAILOR'S STOCK,

Consisting of English Cloths, Canada Tweeds, Trimmings, &c, &c., amounting to over $4,000.

The Goods are all in first-class order, and have been well selected.

The above offers an excellent opportunity to any one about to commence business, as the goodwill can be secured.

Every information may be had by addressing Box 468, Montreal, and Stock Sheets can be seen on application to the undersigned.

Tenders will be received until the 26th instant. Parties making other than a CASH OFFER, will please name security.

C. BAILLIE,
181 St. James' Street.

Montreal, August 5th, 1871 1719:A

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

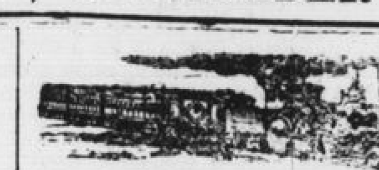
No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

☞ Terms, 40cts. per month.

Books bought, sold and exchanged:

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.

Mail Train at 3:30 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 4:10 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 8:10 p.m, and at Sand Point at 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 1:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 5:20 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m. 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE SAND POINT—9:10 a.m.; 4:30 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

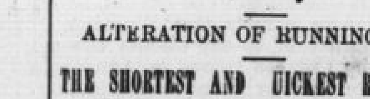
Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 9:10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, 1st Sept, 1871. 1761-v



The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from WEDNESDAY, 15th SEPT. Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 12:30 P.M.
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 4:00 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M. arriving in Ottawa at 6.45 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4 40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 6:30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.25 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa Sept 9th, 1871

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the BROCKVILLE and OTTAWA RAILWAY will be held at BROCKVILLE on the 10th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon a lease of the section of the said Railway lying between CARLETON PLACE and SAND POINT to the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY will be held at OTTAWA on the 11th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon the accepting of a lease from the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company of that section of their Railway lying between Carleton Place and Sand Point, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

OF THE

AGRICULTURAL & ARTS ASSOCIATION

OF ONTARIO,

To be held at Kingston,

On the 25th to 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Persons intending to exhibit will please take notice that the Entries of articles in the respective classes must be made with the Secretary, at Toronto, on or before the undermentioned dates, viz:

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before Saturday, August 26th.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery and Manufactures generally, on or before Saturday, September 2nd.

Horticultural Products, Ladies' Work, the Fine Arts, &c., on or before Saturday, September 16th.

Prize Lists and Blank Forms for making the entries upon, can be obtained of the Secretaries of all Agricultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes throughout the Province.

HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec'y Agricultural and Arts Association

Toonto, August 15, 1871. 1745-d&w

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XXXVI.

SHADOWS:

(CONTINUED.)

"Come to my hotel," Andrew suggested, but his companion negatived the proposition with.

"No, thank you, sir I would rather not. I can say what I have got to say going along —though I do not much care to talk about business or this world's trials on the Sabbath-day."

"If we could only keep both out of our thoughts," the clergyman remarked.

"...say that," David answered. "...and your own share of trouble since then, I make no doubt."

"All these years I have just been like a man hanging over a precipice by a single thread, which he knows is fraying, fraying, and *must* eventually fray through."

"Eh! but it's dreadful!" exclaimed the other, "I have often wondered what could have made ye take his name. Surely it was an awfu' risk to run."

"He had taken my good name, my money, my means of earning a living in this country, or of going abroad to earn a living there, and this was what he offered me in exchange," Andrew answered bitterly and vehemently. "He told me to take his name and his curacy, and, like a fool I did, and have been a cheat, and a liar, and a hypocrite ever since. Look here, Johnstoun," he went on, "when I left Dumfries that night, I left it intending to leave England too—to give up my profession, to cut myself adrift from every one who had I ever known, who had ever heard of me. I came to London to get the money I had ignorantly lent him back again, but he kept it in order to marry, and take *her* abroad."

"The wicked Jezebel!" David groaned; "the shameless, abandoned woman! God pity you, Mr. Hardell! it has been hard all through."

"Yes; but no one, save God, can ever know *how* hard," the man answered, speaking with a sort of passionate despair. Through all that weary time he had never spoken of his trouble to mortal, and now, though he said, and said truly, no one save God might ever know how bitter had been his trial, still God seemed to him at that moment so far off, and his fellow-man so close at hand, that his grief poured out like a river which, long-ice bound and silent, once released, breaks all barriers and rushes on noiselessly to the sea.

The long, long years of solitude, the seclusion from all society, the drudgery of his work in Essex Marsh, the utter hopelessness of his existence, these things he recalled as one might play a prelude to some mournful air; but when he proceeded to tell how even his wife knew nothing of his real history—how his child might live some day to curse his memory—the man's voice was thick and broken with tears that were dropping down in his heart, though his eyes were dry and aching.

And all the time Joy, seated by her father's hearth, was brooding proudly concerning her absent husband, and marvelling what the congregation at St. Martin's would think of the splendid sermon he was sure to preach.

And which he had preached—for the man's genius was perfected through suffering—such suffering as, spite of all life's sorrows, falls to the lot of few.

"When you tholed your assize in Buccleugh Street," David remarked at last, "it was not all over wi' ye."

"No, it can never be over in this world, now," Andrew answered, mournfully. "It has been a mistake all through—from the time I left the dead man on the road without going for assistance, to the hour I married my wife under a false name."

"Aye, I suppose ye had to do that; but, eh! wasn't it a pity ye did not tell her at first? for ye'll have to do it at last, ye may be very sure."

"Why?" Andrew asked, hurriedly and sharply.

"Why? Oh, man alive, do ye think she wont come at the knowledge of it all some time? and the sooner that some day comes, the happier for ye baith, I say."

Then all at once Andrew Hardell repented his confidence—not because he feared the man betraying him, but because he had changed a shadow into a reality—a ghostly presence into one clothed with flesh and bone and sinew.

The dread of his happier life had been that Joy should know—that Joy should ever suspect, and all at once up rose one to tell him not merely that some day she must know, but that also the sooner the better.

And this to him who would cheerfully have met death rather than that she should even suspect; who could have tholed his Scotch Assize over again and swung by the neck cheerfully till he was dead, to save Joy from the shock of seeing him torn down from his pedestal—from beholding that the feet of the idol she had worshipped were only of clay from comprehending that the man she loved was less honourable than his fellows; that to her he had been a cheat and a liar and an imposter always.

"What is your trouble, David?" Mr. Hardell said, after a moment's pause, during which thoughts such as these surged through his breast. He was trying to turn the conversation, and the Scotchman, understanding that thoroughly, answered,

"Ye needn't be fearful of or angry with me, sir; I am not going to tell wife nor child who you are, and it will not bring the day of full retribution any nearer my saying that it must come; only if I were in your place, sir, I would make it come soon; I would not tread this world through with a millstone round my neck if I could get rid of it anyuow."

It is curious to think how we are constituted. Even in his grief Andrew Hardell noticed that metaphor, and made use of it subsequently in a sermon.

"As for my trouble," went on David, "it is not much of a one beside yours, but it is enough for me. When you saw me at Dumfries I had saved a good bit of siller, and after that I married a girl who had some fortune as well, and for a while every thing went right. I still staid on at the 'King's Arms, and I also set up a sort of general shop over in Maxwell-town, and we were as comfortable as need be until a far-away cousin of my wife's who had always lived in London, came down one summer to see his friends. But that time we had a couple of young ones, and though they were but bits of things, still my wife and me never tired of planning what they should be when they grew up. Whenever we heard or read of any great man who had risen from the commonality, we always looked at one another as much as to say, 'Who knows but yet, mistress, or gudeman,' as the case might be—. Well, sir, to cut a long story short, this cousin of Mistress Johnstoun's he was never tired of telling us about London, and the fortunes that were to be made in it. He said if a man had ten pounds clear there to begin the world, he might some day find himself prime-minister. I'm no sure," David went on to remark, with strick regard to truth, "that it was even so much as ten pounds—five, indeed, I think he said was enough for a nest-egg."

"And so I suppose you came to London and lost your money?"

"Begging your pardon, no, sir," answered Johnstoun, "leastways that is not what I have to tell you. We talked the matter over a great deal, and after much thought and looking at this side and at that, Mistress Johnstoun and myself and the children came south. Eh! there are people that say the Scotch never turn north again; but my heart has not ceased thinking long for the river and the soft blue hills and the purple of Criffel from that day to this."

"One man's meat, thought Andrew, but he held his peace, and the other went on:

"My wife's cousin—that is, to call a man by his name, to say Matthew McPhail—and myself set up a sort of eating and early-breakfast house in Old Street. It paid first-rate; all the carters coming in with hay and straw and roots and vegetables stopped for their cup of tea and coffee and a big whang of bread, and then when they were gone we got the workmen employed in the neighborhood, and there were dinners and teas; and money, as I have said, seemed to come as if we were coining it, and yet all the while he never seemed to get one bit really more before the world. McPhail did the banking and financial business, as he called it—ordered in the goods, paid the trades-people sometimes, and just as often, as it appeared to me, did not pay them, on the ground of imposition and so forth. Indeed, I do not think we ever dealt with any house for more than six months together, and then there was always a trouble and lawyer's letters, and oftentimes summonses and writs, and such other things as no honest man can abide to see coming about his place, let alone into his very house."

"And what did McPhail do with the money?" asked Mr. Hardell.

"I was just coming to that. One Derby-day, McPhail, who lived with us, having been taken bad the night before, could not get up and go out as was his practice; and towards the evening he grew so much worse that I sent for a doctor, thinking the fellow was light-headed. Well, as the doctor came down I asked what was the matter—if he thought there was any fear of fever or infection? I had the children in my mind then.

"'Oh!' says the doctor, 'he won't have any thing catching. He has backed the favorite, though, too heavily I am afraid.'

"Well, sir, I was that stupid, it did not occur to me what he meant, until I went out and saw a coach-and-four driving along the City Road, coming home from the Derby. The minute I set my eyes on that I turned and went home again, and straight up to McPhail's room.

"'You have something on your mind,' I began. 'We are partners, and you had better make a clean breast of that matter. I never thought you a betting man, but I know now you have been at this game for a long time, and—'

"'Who has won?' he shouted, interrupting me.

"'Some outside horse,' I answered, telling him just what I had heard in the street.

"'And the favorite?'

"'Was nowhere.' That was what the men had been saying over their tea, down stairs, when I passed through, and I repeated that to him as well; but, oh, sir, I shall never forget the way McPhail took it—with a great screech, as if the heart was being torn out of him, and then he fell back like one dead."

"He must have been badly bitten," Mr. Hardell remarked. In Essex Marsh he had learned the language of most of the nomad tribes, and the phraseology of the turf came almost natural to the man, although he had never won anything—not even a pair of gloves—on a race in his life.

"Yes, and so was I," David answered bitterly. "There was he, who had never done a day's real work for years, and there was I, who had risen early and sat up late, who had made myself a servant to servants, and we being still partners equal, it was common ruin he had wrought for us, and I had to face it."

To be continued.

SKETCHES IN VIRGINIA.

CHANGES—NEGRO SUPERSTITIONS.—INCIDENTS.

A correspondent of the Springfield *Republican* writes from Amelia, Virginia:

Before the war Amelia County had more slaves in proportion to its size than any other county in the State; and now, the majority of the freedmen is estimated at about seven hundred. Powhatan, the adjoining county, is represented in the house of delegates by a colored member whose literary attainments rank no higher than those of the shoemaker justice. Times have indeed changed for these proud Virginians; the wonder is they accept so well their situation. As may be supposed, the negroes take kindly to the new order of things though somewhat slow in adjusting themselves to their new relations. Many amusing incidents might be related of the manner in which their simple faith and credulity are often sadly imposed upon. Not long ago, one old man was arrested on the charge of bigamy. Greatly astonished at being considered to have committed any misdeed, he appealed to his former master for assistance. "You see massa, my old woman dun' leave me. She dun' run away to Richmond, and so I take another wife. I don't go for to understand why this ain't right now, jest as it used to be!" "Well," unblushingly rejoined his master, "this trouble all results from your voting the Republican ticket. I have nothing to do with it. You helped make the law, and now nothing remains for you but to serve out a term in the penitentiary; and with this explanation the poor, old, perplexed negro was obliged to be satisfied though he "dun' reckon it's mighty queer."

These freedmen have some singular superstitions, one of which is a horror of burning the wood of the sasafrass tree, or "quarrel wood," as it is universally called "Have trouble with somebody, sure, before the fire goes out." If they are afflicted with bad dreams of melancholy presentments, they tell you "the old hag has been ridin' me." A bright little child, the daughter of a friend here, was one day prattling to us of home affairs, and telling about a servant's leaving because afraid to stay in the house. "She said the old hag rode her. Of course, there is no such a thing!" declared little Miss disdainfully. Everything is dated from the surrender. "You have a nice crop of tobacco, Cæsar." "Well, yes; but nothing like it was the year before the surrendah."

"How, old are you, Sally?" we asked the young woman, who pointed out the school house to us. "I'se twenty-nine years old before the surrendah," was the prompt reply. Sally had been to school, and proudly informed us that she knew how to read. "I 'spect you be from de Norf," she added, eyeing us curiously. Being asked her reason for this opinion, she answered, "Well, I thought so. All de Norfern ladies so kinder independent like." She respectfully bade us good evening (it was about two o'clock in the afternoon) when we turned away. It seems to be a Southern fashion to say good evening after twelve o'clock in the morning, and to call a sunrise a "sunup." The religious meetings of the freedmen are held in their school house. They have one singular devotional excercise called "pulling a rope to Heaven." All the people in the congregation rise, and with uplifted arms and swaying bodies, imitate the drawing of a rope, accompany this motion with a monotonous, wailing chant.

Watching the negroes at work driving their teams through the fields or over the plantation roads, you will hear now and then the ejaculation. "You mule, pull, up strong dah!" If the lazy beasts need a stronger appeal than this, they are urged on with "Dog on your skin!" and various other similar elegant abjurations while the signal to halt is always a long drawn "ye-e-e." In the freedman's dialect everything not good is termed "indifferent;" a large quantity is a "heap" or a "chance" or a "right smart lot." Some of these expressions are not confined alone to the negroes, but are indulged in by many of the "high toned" themselves.

Education of the freedman is the cal now-a-days, and we heartly respond amen. But must be confessed there is another class in the South that are—well, just a little behind the times. We thought so the other day when an individual who rejoices in the position of storekeeper's clerk, took up our copy of the *Atlantic Monthly*, and after deliberate, careful inspection of its contents, returned the magazine with the remark, "I say, that's a novel, ain't it?"

FUNERAL OF A SPIRITUALIST.

ADDRESS OF ROBERT DALE OWEN OVER HIS WIFE'S REMAINS—EXTRAORDINARY FUNERAL TUNES—WHAT OF IMMORTALITY?

From the New Harmony Register.

Her funeral was early on Sunday morning last, the weather being most beautiful, and the ceremonies were conducted at the grave.

FUNERAL CEREMONIES.

They were opened by Mr. Owen himself. He said:

"I think it a commendable custom that, as to funeral ceremonies, the wishes of the departed on that subject should, as far as possible, be carried out when these wishes are known. During Mrs. Owen's illness she said nothing in regard to her funeral. But some two or three months ago it chanced, as men say, though there is no such thing as chance, but it happened that my wife and I had a conversation on funerals. She said she would not wish to have any bell tolled at her funeral, especially if there was any sickness near. She thought sick persons sometimes suffered by hearing it and she did not wish her death to be the occasion of gloom or suffering of any kind. Music, she said, she thought fitting; music, serious and appropriate indeed, but also hopeful and encouraging, with nothing of the desponding and sepulchral about it; for gloom seemed to her most inappropriate. 'And what about a funeral sermon?' I asked. 'No,' she replied, not an ordinary funeral sermon, for these usually contain unmeaning and often unmerited praise. But I should like,' she added 'that some one, who has the same ideas of death that I have, would express them at the grave.' All this was said incidentally, and I think without the least idea in her mind that I might soon have to recall it; for she was in perfect health at the time; and I, being more than ten years her senior, expected to go before her; but it was otherwise ordered. Then I sought to fulfil her wishes. I requested that the bell should not be tolled, there being at the time a lady—a dear friend of hers—seriously ill at my house. Then I selected as suitable for music on this occasion a poem by Mrs. Stowe, entitled 'The Other World,' and I had a few copies printed for distribution here. (They were distributed accordingly and Mr. Owen resumed.) Some friends have kindly volunteered to aid us. They will now sing a portion of that ode. Afterwards I will endeavour to say a few words on the subject of death Then we will sing the remaining portion of Mrs. Stowe's beautiful verses. And afterwards, if my esteemed friends, the Rev. Mr. Mitchel and the Rev. Mr. Erwin—one or both—desire to speak, I am sure you will hear them with great pleasure."

The following ode was then sung:—

THE OTHER WORLD.

It lies around us like a cloud—
A world we do not see:
Yet the sweet closing of an eye
May bring us there to be.

Its gentle breezes fan our cheek,
Amid our worldly cares;
Its gentle voices whisper love,
And mingle with our prayers.

Sweet hearts around us throb and beat.
Sweet helping hands are stirred;
And palpitates the veil between
With breathings almost heard.

And in the hush of rest they bring
'Tis easy now to see
How lovely and how sweet a pass
The hour of death may be.

To close the eye and close the ear,
Wrapped in a trance of bliss,
And gently laid in loving arms,
To swoon to that—from this.

Scarcely knowing if we wake or sleep,
Scarce asking where we are,
To feel all evil sink away,
All sorrow and all care.

Sweet souls around us watch us still,
Press nearer to our side;
Into our thoughts, into our prayers,
With gentle helpings glide.

Let death between us be as naught—
A dried and vanished stream;
Your joy be the reality,
Our suffering life the dream

PRESENTATION TO THE PRINCESS LOUISE

A few days ago the Princess Louise was presented with a park phaeton and a pair of ponies, the gift of the inhabitants of Inverary. Provost M'Arthur, in presenting the testimonial said—"May it please your Royal Highness,—We are the honored medium through which is tendered for your Royal Highness's acceptance the park phaeton and pair of ponies from the inhabitants of Inverary and neighborhood. We are prompted to this by a devoted loyalty to the family and person of our beloved Sovereign the Queen, your mother, by the high esteem in which we hold your own character and person, and we present this marriage gift to you as the bride and Marchioness of Lorne, of whom and of whose house we are proud. We trust you both may enjoy many pleasant drives through the beautiful and romantic scenery of this neighborhood, that you may be very happy, and that you may enjoy the blessings of the Giver of All Good Gifts." The Princess, in reply, said, "Provost M'Arthur,—I thank you as representing the inhabitants of Inverary and neighborhood for your very beautiful gift which I hope often to use, and I also thank you for your kind expressions towards me." A ball was given in the evening by the county gentry to the Princess and the Argyll family.

A HUGH POSTAL BUSINESS.

The postal business of Great Britain is summed up in a report from the Postmaster General. The postcards circulating through the post offices during one week numbered about 1,668,000—1,374,000 in England, 167,000 in Scotland, and 127,000 in Ireland. During the quarter ending 31st December, the newspapers circulating through the post are estimated to have been 22,500,000, as against 20,000,000 in the corresponding quarter of 1869. There were 862,722,000 letters delivered last year, 108,668,000 newspapers, book and pattern packets; money orders issued to the amount of £19,993,987, and £15,009,104 deposited in the post office savings banks by 1,183,153 depositors. The number of registered letters passing through the post rose from 2,727,763 in 1869 to 3,005,994, in 1870, and of these the number lost was twelve altogether.

There was also an increase in the number of valentines. The total number passing through the London offices is estimated to have risen from 1,418,841 in 1869 to 1,545,755 in 1870, and the number posted in London from 1,241,864 to 1,306,201.

In London alone during the past year about 10,565,000 yards of string were used for tying up the letters for the country, and about 17,637 pounds of sealing wax for securing the bags in which the letters were contained, the bags in use being about 700,000 in number. In England and Wales the quantity of ink supplied for impressing postmarks on letters and for obliterating postage stamps was about 4 tons, and the number of forms employed exclusive of anything in the nature of a book, amounted to 20,692,800.

All the year round, "Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders" should be given to horses that are "kept up." ... given in Winter and Spring.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Steamer "Queen Victoria"—R. W. Shepherd.
Grand Pic-nic—Martin Battle.
Notice—A. Rowe.
Wanted—D. C. L.

The Ottawa Times.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1871.

For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Sir Francis Hincks left for Toronto last night.

Mr. Jas. O'Reilly, Q.C., is at the Russell House.

Mr. Dalrymple, M.P., from England, has arrived.

Mr. G. K. Chisholm, of Oakville, was in town yesterday.

Mr. Ralph Jones, Secretary of the Intercolonial Railway Commissioners, arrived here yesterday morning.

The British Admiralty have called upon Admiral Wellesley, who commanded the Channel fleet when the *Agincourt* ran aground, to strike his flag

GOOD NEWS.

We learn that Gov. Archibald and Mr. Commissioner Simpson, have concluded a second treaty with the Indians beyond the Province of Manitoba, whereby an immense tract of country of the finest description to the westward and northward of Manitoba, embracing 25,000,000 acres, will be opened up for settlement. This is cheering news securing as the treaty does, the good will and friendship of the Indian tribes, and rendering available for occupation a vast extent of country of the greatest fertility, well watered and wooded.

THE GRIT DEMONSTRATIONS.

The Hamilton *Times* ridicules the idea, of Messrs. Mackenzie and Blake's speeches at the late Grit demonstrations not being reported in full because they contained statements unfit for publication. It waxes very wroth with the Ottawa TIMES for having ventured to intimate that such was the case; says what we have asserted is "mere twaddle, mere puerility and baby talk," accuses us of falsehood and becomes otherwise abusive, as is the ordinary course of proceedure with a Grit newspaper, when it has nothing better to say. This display of ire on the part of our contemporary confirms us in the belief which we before expressed, viz., that the reason why Messrs. Mackenzie and Blake's speeches were not reported in full was, because they contained a number of absurd statements and misrepresentations, which, while they might pass current with the gaping crowd of Grits who surrounded them, only required to be made generally public, in order to have their folly and untruthfulness exposed. For instance, one assertion made by one of these gentlemen, to the effect that the difference in the cost of steel and iron rails for the Intercolonial Railway would be $2,000,000, unfortunately for the two great apostles of misrepresentation Messrs. Mackenzie and Blake, did get abroad, when it was at once shown that instead of steel rails for the Intercolonial costing $2,000,000 more than iron rails, their first cost would be only $500,000 more! We have no doubt that many other misstatements of a like character were made at the demonstration in question. We must decline to follow the advice of our contemporary to report and publish the proceedings at these Grit demonstration in full. We have too much considerations for the feelings of our readers to bore them in such an unjustifiable manner. The Hamilton *Times* says that "cannot refute the arguments and facts which Messrs. Mackenzie and Blake bring forward, and hence we assume that they make statements which we could refute if we only knew what they were." In the first place we never attempt to refute *facts*. We leave that to our Grit contemporaries, who are for the most part much more addicted to endeavouring to distort and "refute facts," than they are given to speak the truth, so far as political matters are concerned. As to any "arguments" contained in the speeches of the gentlemen who appear at these demonstrations, we must say that, judging from such reports as we have seen, they were altogether devoid of argument, being simply made up of abuse of the Government and misrepresentations of the grossest kind. Judging from what little of their speeches has been reported, we should imagine that the Grit organs exercised a wise discretion in not reporting them more fully. At the same time it is too much to ask journals which belong to the Party of Progress to fill their columns with Messrs. Blake and MacKenzie's "demonstration harangues" merely for the sake of showing their unreliability as political guides. The people of Canada are fast learning what selfish and unreliable politicians they are, without its being necessary for us to fill our columns with their long rigmaroles of abuse and representation.

MORE WRIGGLING.

As if "glorying in its shame," the leading organ of the Opposition once more refers to its recent performances in reference to the Premier of Ontario and the Strathroy delegation. So exceedingly unprincipled and so glaringly mendacious is the line of conduct to which the organ adheres with such persistency, that one is almost tempted to believe that its object is to show the world how completely devoid it is of all shame and manly straightforward feeling. In its issue of Monday last it makes another effort, more futile and contemptible than those which have preceeded it, to wriggle out of the dilemma in which it is placed. In the first place it reminds its readers that "the real point of our original comments was not the particular expression used by the Premier, but the announcement thus forcibly made of his continued adherence to a corrupt and immoral line of conduct in relation to public affairs." Yet, from day to day the *Globe* was disfigured by the blasphemous expression attributed to Mr. Sandfield Macdonald printed in glaring black type at the head of its editorial columns, while the readers of that journal were invited to form an opinion as to the exact construction of the obnoxious sentence in question. The organ says further that Mr. Keefer in his letter states that Mr. Macdonald did not make use of the expression attributed to him, "while the deputation were with him," and tries to make its readers believe that he did so at some other time before or after their official interview with him. How thoroughly *Globelike* this is, and how difficult would it be to find in any other journal, no matter what its politics, such a contemptible attempt at shuffling as this! It was "*during his interview* with the Strathroy delegates" that the Premier of Ontario was accused by the organ of making use of the objectionable phrase. But even if it had not been so, Mr Keefer in his letter not only says that the Premier "did not make use of the expression while the deputation were with him," but in another portion of the letter, it says "the Premier *did not* make use of the expression attributed to him by the *Globe*." Here then is a direct and explicit denial of his having uttered the words which this shameless slanderer of the Opposition accused him of uttering.

We await with some degree of interest and amusement the organ's next attempt to wriggle out of the disagreeable position in which it finds itself placed. The more it struggles to escape from the dilemma, there more miserable and contemptible its situation will become. It now stands before the world convicted of a deliberate falsehood. Nothing it can do or say can wipe out the past, but if it will take warning by what has now occurred and learn to be more truthful in future, it may to some extent retrieve its position, and induce people to forget and forgive the dishonorable line of political conduct which it has so injudiciously adopted.

DOMINION NOTES.

Lt. McNaughton of Cobourg, one of the Wimbledon Team confirms the charge brought against Colonel Skinner.

Governor Archibald, has succeeded in making a treaty with the Indians west of the Province, The terms agreed to are the same as in the former treaty with the Province Indians. This extinguishes the Indian title over a fine tract of country, well watered, and nearly three times as large as Manitoba.

Judge Johnston has finished hearing claims for insurrection losses. About one hundred and fifty have presented claims.

Messrs. J. H. Henderson & Co., says the Kingston *Whig*, are fulfilling their contract for the conveyance from Quebec to Hamilton of 10,000 tons of steel rail for the Canada Air Line Railway. Over 2,000 tons, brought to this port by barges and transhipped into schooners, has already been carried through.

The Embro *Planet* regrets to chronicle the death of one of West Zorra's oldest residents, in the person of Alexander Murray, who departed this life on the afternoon of Thursday last, the 31st ult., at the advanced aged of 81 years. Deceased was born in the Parish of Dornah Sutherlandshire, Scotland, in the year 1791, and emigrated to this country over 40 years ago.

The people of Harriston are determined to celebrate the opening of the railway to that place with *eclat*. At the last meeting of the Council a committee, composed of some of the leading residents of the township was named for the purpose of making arrangements.

Reports from Nova Scotia state that the potato blight is spreading so rapidly that in some parts the prospects are that the crop will be a failure.

M. Chaloner Smith, Esq., of Liverpool, Eng., was married to Miss Matilda Gilmour, daughter of the late D. Gilmour, Esq., of Quebec, on Thursday.

Two little boys, aged six and seven, sons of Mr. L. Ruith, were drowned while bathing at Port Dover on Thursday evening. Their bodies have been recovered.

Mr. E. F. Russel, of the *Canadian Illustrated News*, is taking sketches for that paper in connection with the Dominion Rifle Match, and other subjects.

Another centre of industrial manufacture is about being started at Harwood, near Cobourg—a large paper mill. The parties who are building the mill are a company of American capitalists, all of whom are wealthy and reliable men. They have purchased six acres of land on Rice Lake, and between two and three hundred men, principal by Indians from Caughnawaga, will be at work next week gathering straw from the rice beds of the lake, which will be the principal article used in the manufacture of the paper at the new mill. As soon as completed it will be run night and day, two gangs of forty men each being the strength of wormken to be employed.

THE LONDON ORDNANCE LANDS.

From the London Free Press.

The gentlemen who formed the deputation to Sir G. E. Cartier touching the transference of the Ordnance Lands in this city to the municipality, have returned. It appears from their statements that they were met by the Minister of Militia in the most friendly manner, every disposition being evinced to fall in with the wishes of the people. Before, however, any negotiations looking to a transference can proceed it will be necessary to obtain the report of Col. Jarvis, acting for the British Government, as to whether it is of essential importance to retain the grounds and barracks for Military purposes. If it should appear that it is not essential that they should be so retained, no difficulty seems likely to arise, but if, on the other hand, Col. Jarvis is of opinion that they should be kept, then they must remain in present custody. The members of the deputation speak most highly of the kindness extended to them on their mission.

POLICE COURT—Tuesday—Donald Dewart charged with being drunk and desorderly on the public streets was fined $2 and costs.

A case of abusive language was dismissed.

Mrs. Caduc, charged with keeping a disorderly house, was fined $5 and costs or three weeks in gaol at hard labor.

James Lynch was charged with the larceny of $15 from Mr. Dempsey's saloon, Sussex street.

Mr. Dempsey being sworn said, I know prisoner; was at my place about 9 o'clock on Saturday night; I was outside when I heard somebody pulling out the till in my counter; I went in and saw prisoner coming from inside the counter, I accused the prisoner of drawing out the till, he said he did not; on looking into the till I found that money had been taken from it; I caught prisoner and putting my hand into his pocket drew out a quantity of money; prisoner said $4.25 was his own.

He was then committed but expressed his wish to be tried under the summary trial Act.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 12.

The Bishop of Halifax is in the city to attend the Synod.

The Renforth and Winship crews arrived this morning from Saratoga, making Ebbitt's Chop House their headquarters. They visited Longueuil this afternoon with their boats.

The house of P. LeMale, St. Louis street, was entered yesterday morning by burglars. Malo, an eccentric character, 70 years of age, lives quite alone and is very rich. The burglars, two in number, went up stairs and seized the old man by the throat. He resisted violently, but was overcome, one of the ruffians holding a large knife to his throat and threatening instant death if he stirred. He did not give up his money, but gave them $1,000 in bills. It was noon to-day before Malo was able to get up and report his loss.

A sad scene in the French Cathedral yesterday. A rich American lady, widow of Dr. Connolly, who a short time ago, in New York, murdered his two children in a fit of insanity and then commited suicide, herself became apparently a raving maniac. In the midst of the church she suddenly shrieked out in a frightful manner and was with difficulty removed from the church. Since her husband's tragic end she has shown frequent signs of mental aberration, of which this is the culmination.

The Court of Appeals was adjourned till December next.

The Quebec steamer *Quebec* grounded last night near Batiscan, and was detained three hours.

The total number of interments in the cemetries last week was 93.

An insane woman, named Corrigan, jumped from the third story of the General Hospital yesterday and only broke her arm.

The money market to-day is much easier, stocks advancing to two million dollars, due to-morrow to qarious banking institutions here on call loans and margins for advances made on stocks.

A. A. Stevenson returned from New York this morning. He has been re-elected President of the North American Caledonian Association. The convention will be held at Montreal next year.

The body of an unknown man was found in the canal this morning, near Cantin's lock 1.

The thermometer stood at 95° this afternoon.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

FRANCE

VERSAILLES, Sept. 12.—The Committee of the Assembly has agreed to report in favor of a recess.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 12.—The machine shops throughout the city have been closed by their proprietors. The strikers are now parading the streets. No disturbances have occurred.

SWEDEN.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 12.—The diet has been specially convoked to make provision for the re-organization of the army.

Latest American Telegrams.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—The *Tribune* in regard to the action of Mayor Hall in calling on Connolly to resign, says: he has at last taken steps which has been half derisively recommended to him by journals that did not fully believe in its possibility, and by this act the Tammany Ring is broken, but adds that at the late hour at which this important information reached us, it cannot be ascertained whether this action of the Mayor is taken with acquiescence of Tweed and Sweeney, or is a manifestation of the revolt.

The *Tribune* then says it is asserted and generally believed that the Comptroller on Sunday, robbed or caused to be robbed the official archives of his department to conceal the evidence of frauds which he has been in company with others committing during the last few years. In consequence there was great feeling in Wall Street in the afternoon, and all securities in which the ring leaders were especially interested, felt the heavy weight of public suspicion. If this suspicion should become a certainty it would produce a most insecure feeling. The impression has been growing for sometime that the law does not afford sufficient guarantees against the corruptions and audacity of these persons. It is an impression we deplore and shall not cease to combat, but if any thing could give a color of justice to such an impulse it would be a crime like that now charged against the Comptroller. Whether Connolly has been singled out for the sacrifice by his associates, or the Mayor has determined to make one desperate effort for rehabitation among his fellow citizens, we shall know to-day.

The burglary in the Comptroller's office is still creating intense excitement in the new Court House and City Hall, but up to this hour the detectives have failed to discover the perpetrators of the robbery. The County Auditor was engaged this forenoon examining the books in the County Bureau with a view to prepare a list of the abstracted vouchers. At 2 o'clock the Comptroller was closeted with his Deputy, Storres, and he declined to make any statement to the reporters. He is said, however, to be writing a reply to Mayor Hall. It is generally rumored, however, that the Comptroller emphatically declines to resign.

Comptroller Connolly, this afternoon addressed the following letter to Mayor Hall:

"MY DEAR SIR,—Your letter of the 11th inst., asking my resignation as Comptroller, was presented to me last night at 11 o'clock. In interviews sought by yourself similar verbal requests from yourself and others have been within the last few weeks received and delivered. The official source and subject matter of your note as then read to me and as published by you in this morning's press demanded, and has received my earnest consideration. A criminal abstraction of papers from the Finance Department seems the reason for your letter. As far as is therein suggested in common with other city officers, I now stand before the public and our constituency charged with malfeasance in the administration and high trusts so long confided to my care, and the legal proceedings wherein that such charges are made and to be substantiated if at all, is now on hearing before a fearless and just tribunal. My answer thereto is before the public, and my complete defence ready to be presented both to that High Court, our Constituents and to the citizens of New York at large. My Counsel has urged by my wish a speedy trial and a rigid investigation. I am fearless of the result and anxious for the proceedure. During the many years of my administration of this office I have not seen, and fail now, to see any diminution of public confidence, and such fact would and has been readily marked, nothing being more sensitive to my general opinion than the financial administration. I beg leave to differ from Your Honor in thinking that the robbery of my office creates any unexpected or sudden emergency and am not apprehensive that either yourself or this community will suspect that I am an accomplice in that depredation. I am happy to assure you that it has affected unnecessary mischief to the archives of the department containing ample abstracts of all the stolen papers. Whoever planned or executed the crime has reaped no benefit and inflicted no injury upon the public interests. Would not my resignation at this particular time give advocates of partisan attacks upon city Government just cause to believe me guilty, not only of participation or at least of passive complicity in the burglary, but as well to all charges now made in legal proceedings. So it seems to me that my official acts have been supervised and approved by your superior vigilance. So far as my administration is questioned equal responsibility attaches to yourself. In your answer and affidavit read in the pending litigation you have adopted and vindicated those acts you could not justify yourself without so doing; consequently, I do not perceive why my resignation should be asked for, or how, if tendered, it would have any just influence in appeasing the popular clamor. Confident, therefore, in the steadfast good opinion of my friends in the ultimate judgment to be rendered by the Courts, I cannot, consistently with self-respect, accord to your desire, I am unable to submit myself to so vicarious a sacrifice to satisfy the hungry appetite of adversaries for a victim, or at this juncture and under these circumstances betray a weakness of position or fear of rigid investigation by tendering my resignation. I cannot now anticipate the effect upon this determination which future events may produce. When my past administration shall be vindicated and the pending accusation shall be repelled, I shall not fail to act as may seem to be demanded by the changed circumstances which may then exist.

Very respectfully,
Your ob't serv't,
RICHARD B. CONNOLLY
Comptroller.

At a meeting this afternoon of the Joint Committee, citizens, aldermen, and supervisors on city accounts, it transpired that no statement on city accounts had been submitted to them. A committee then went to see the Comptroller, but he was not in his office. The chairman of the committee of citizens then handed in a lot of documents which they required including the Comptroller's annual Accounts, from 1867 to 1871. A report of Sinking and Trust Fund operations for 1869, and a statement of the City Debt, to August, 1871.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—There is the best authority for stating that Mayor Hall will take no further action in looking towards the removal of Comptroller Connolly. In conversation with the Reporter this evening he stated he had no intention whatever of preferring articles of impeachment against Connolly.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 12.—It is denied that cholera is abating in Russia, and it is stated that there is still an average of 150 deaths per day in Kieve.

A meeting in support of the Newcastle strikers is announced to be held in Trafalgar Square on Monday, the 25th instant.

The journals of to-day discuss the success of the Chinese labour in America in its relation to the recent strikes in England.

Newspapers also comment gravely upon the many disasters which has recently befallen British ships of war.

The victory of the Ward crew at the Saratoga Regatta is also a general topic of remark, and some of the journals express the opinion that the race was won by the Wards because of the stake boat arrangement, which has been discarded in England.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—The foot and mouth disease is increasing alarmingly in Leicestershire.

PORTUGAL.

LISBON, Sept. 11.—The Portuguese Ministry has resigned. Efforts are being made to form a new Cabinet.

UNITED STATES.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 11.—Henry Gamble, a workingman, was shot dead this afternoon, while endeavoring to shield a lady from the insults of three rowdies.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept 11.—F. Silsby, of the Silchy Steam Fire Engine Manufacturing Company, Senecea Falls, was killed at Canandaigua this evening, by a freight train.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—Hon: Robert B. Roosevelt, the Democratic member of Congress from the Fourth District of the city, repeats the assertion that the debt of New York is not less than $200,000,000. Its more than 17½ per cent of assessed valuation of city property, and 26 per cent of assessed valuation of real estate, which is the only part that can be counted upon to pay the debt of this enormous burden. More than $163,000,000, or over four-fifths, have been added since January 1st, 1869.

Last night the following was sent by Mayor Hall to Comptroller Connolly:

MAYOR'S OFFICE, Sept. 11.

DEAR SIR,—I have just been informed by the Superintendent of the Police, that last night the offices of the Finance Department were secretly invaded and that as a consequence thereof valuable vouchers, evidence of payments and cancelled warrants, representing a large amount of discharged city liabilities, are alleged by some of the subordinates to have disappeared. The Superintendent and Mayor immediately had a full conversation regarding the means of an investigation toward the circumstances of the alleged burglary so as to punish the guilty, procure the restoration of such papers as may have been taken, and to protect the interests of the city. Our constituents will have a right to hold you responsible and in a measure to withhold from the Finance Department desirable public confidence. It is impossible not to perceive that the city credit will suffer and in a very critical period of the Municipal Government, and with great personal reluctance I officially reach the conclusion that the exigency demands your retirement from the head of the Finance Department in order that I may place there another gentleman who will be able to thoroughly investigate its affairs and to restore public confidence. I cannot suspend any head of the Department not even pending an investigation. I can only refer the charges to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas, who alone can remove after a considerable time for trial. I am therefore compelled to throw myself as Mayor in this unexpected emergency upon your magnanimity and ask under the circumstances for your resignation.

Very truly yours,
(Signed), A. OAKEY HALL.

The *World* editorially endorses the action of the Mayor and says if the Comptroller is as mad and blind as to disregard this firm demand of the Mayor, he will find before night that a scorching and resistless public indignation will make the city too hot for him.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 11.—MIDNIGHT.—Returns from 39 towns show a net Republican gain of 1,087.

MY WIFE.

A propos of the various methods of disposing of dead bodies, Wm. Story recalled a newspaper paragraph respecting a ring, with a stone of a new species in it, which a widower was observed to wear upon his finger. Being questioned as to what the gem was, he answered, it is my wife. He had procured her body to be chemically resolved into this stone. I think I could of make a story on this idea; the ring should be one of the widower's bridal gifts to a second wife; and, of course, it should have wonderous and terrible qualities, symbolizing all that disturbs the quiet in a second marriage—on the husband's part remorse for his inconsistancy, and the constant comparison between the dead wife of his youth, now idealized, and the grosser reality which he has now adopted into her place; while on the new wife's finger, it should give no pleasure, shooting pangs into her heart, jealousies of the past and all such miserable emotions.

PRINCE BISMARCK'S VIEWS ON THE ATTITUDE OF FRANCE AND RUSSIA.

Gastien Correspondence of the London Telegraph

The chances of a very limited society threw me, last evening, into the company of Prince Bismarck, whom I had never met since one evening in Paris, in 1867, at the zenith of the social glories of the Second Empire. Shall I try to give you the dialogue, at least so far as a gentleman may make it public? "Prince, I need not tell you that all Europe has its eyes on Gastien, and is eager to know what people do there." "People bathe there, and take care of their health." "*Et apres?*" "Well I will tell you. The King"—it is always, I observe, with M. de Bismarck, "the King"—"and myself have really come for the baths; but we were only too glad to receive the Austrian officials, and to assure them of our best consideration. With Austria we had no quarrel, even when she began her ill-advised war in 1866. We beat her, and let her off with the paltry ransom of 2,000,000. All is forgotten and forgiven, and we have so many interests in common that we must be friends. As such we receive and are received here. With the Austrians we always wish to be friends; with the French we never were and never can be friends." "I wonder if you, Prince, know how utterly you have beaten the French, yet how bitterly they hate you, and how they believe that they can efficiently attack you very shortly." "Neither their people nor their papers will save us in ignorance of those facts. But if they prove, as they are trying to prove, that they are not enough beaten, we will do it at once. In fact, there is a question, even to-day, of our sending more troops into their territory. They are murdering our men now in some of the provinces, and protect ourselves we can and will. "France," proceeded the Prince, "is always asking for time for payment and other concessions from us; and if we ask for anything the answer is, 'No instructions.' They have not a man, political, civil or military, and they know nothing. The other day he would have given way on the question of the rectification of frontiers, but they blundered it and the time is past." "And the French soldiers?" I asked. "Fought well," said Prince Bismarck. And here it is worthy of remark, that the Prussians never run down the French, though the French declare that the Prussians are useless, and have been morally beaten by them. We spoke of the siege of Paris. I said, "I have always declared, Prince, that if I had the opportunity, I would ask you why you did not take Paris in September, 1870. There was a battle of Chatillon, an utter flight, and open gates." "We could have entered, you think?" "Certainly." "Ah—ah!" We alluded to Italy. France, according to the great statesman, made mistakes in the Crimean, the Italian, and the Mexican wars. "To allow the unity of Italy was as great an error as to submit to the unity of Germany." "But, Prince, it has well served you, especially at present. If Thiers offends any Italian sympathy?" "Why, he drives Italy into our arms." "But she is there already." "Umph!" I then spoke of Russia. M. de Bismarck utterly confides in the good faith of the present Emperor. "A man of good works, who has not yet completed them—not ably the railway system; a man of peace, essentially of peace. Russia, too, is so vast a country that further extension of it will weaken it. Yet the railways are the point." "So, Prince, Russia must either fall back on her centre or extend her skirmishers—at any rate must do something. France should buy an alliance at any price. She is in the 59 per cent. category, and I hear that it is coming. In London Russian Grand Dukes have spoken strongly of the future which Europe must fear." "Ja! I comprehend. But the heir to a throne is never the same man when he gets on the throne, and the Grand Dukes are echoes without original sound." Here the Prince had to go driving with his Emperor in a Shadrydan with two thorough bred cripples; and I went to dinner with the conclusion—for reasons which I certainly cannot publish—that, so sure as I should have to pay for that meal, the Prince was the best informed man that I had ever seen.

PROFESSIONAL.

A Texas paper has been studying what it calls professional peculiarities, or the tendency of a man to identify himself with his business, and gives some interesting results. A New York lawyer is instanced who, in his zeal to use old Weller's pet legal weapon, an alibi, roared forth, "We can prove that at the very time we were accused of perpetrating this awful deed we were serving out a term of imprisonment at the Tombs for larceny." In "Pelham" the same trait is noticed in the fashionable tailor, who remarks to his customer, "We are a little narrow here; we must be padded there," &c., while an equally fashionable bookmaker says, "We have a bunion on the great, and we also have a corn on the little, toe." The queerest fish, however, is an undertaker. He is called in a hurry, and his coffin happens to be a little short, "We will settle," he cries, "during the night so as to fit the coffin; it is astonishing how we settle sometimes; we have been known to settle three inches in a single night!" The same man was given to dallying lovingly with his subjects, and was proud when they looked well. Once he said, "Don't we look natural? This neckcloth needs a little fixing, and we'll do." And another time, "Will our friends be kind enough to take a last look at us?" And on still another occasion, on receiving a body from a distance, he said, "Here we are, eleven days from New Orleans and sweet as a nut!"

MR. GLADSTONE'S LIBERALITY.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* does not believe in Mr. Gladstone's liberalism. It declares:

They may call Mr. Gladstone a Liberal Minister who please; we say that almost all he has done of late, and much that he has said, are opposed to every just conception of Liberalism. It is not a doctrine that the poorer classes should be exempted from army taxes on principle. It is not enlightened nor even honest Liberalism to pretend savings that never were made in order to enlighten imposts that can never be restored. It is not Liberal tactics to delay the discussion of Estimates (to be sure they were fearfully damaging when examined) till only a few tired men were left in the House of Commons, and these few the friends and servitors of the Administration. We doubt whether Liberalism would gag discussion by an enforced conspiracy of silence; we question whether a Liberal Minister would under any circumstances resort to prerogative for the humiliation of either House of Parliament; and we are perfectly sure he would never affect to govern by his private conceptions of public opinion. If conduct like this accords with Liberalism, then are there wonderful capabilities of resemblance between the modern Liberal and the modern Despot. The last-named potentate pretends to rule in exactly the same way as the first. He also appeals with confidence to the "great heart of the people" whenever he commits an outrage on an established form of government. It is characteristic of him also to scown dissension in the Legislature; and he likewise thinks it advantageous to correct by degrading its authority. For him, too, the most acceptable majority in Parliament is one that votes in silence; and he contrives to keep a rod for representatives in the form of a popular cry, should it seem necessary to disperse them to their constituencies.

A queer lawsuit has arisen near Oshkosh, Wis., between a couple of Germans, growing out of the late storm. It seems that such was the force of the gale that whole shocks of wheat were taken up bodily and carried into an adjoining field. The owner of the field claims the wheat by right of possession, while the loser of the wheat claims he is short a number of shocks. Neither one knows definitely the number of shocks he had standing in the field prior to the storm, but the loser thinks he has not as many by six or eight, and sues for that amount.

THE PRINCESS LOUISE.

The "home-coming" of the Princess Louise and the Marquis of Lorne, for which immense preparations had been made at Invarary, was deprived of much of its anticipated splendor by the absence of the Queen and by the bad weather. The Princess and Marquis arrived on Wednesday afternoon, the 23rd August, in the Duke of Argyle's yacht, and were most enthusiastically received. The weather was cloudy and unsettled, but there were occasional gleams of sunshine. The town was decorated with flags, and all the yachts and steamers in the bay were dressed. The streets were lined with visitors. The arrival of the yacht was signalled by a royal salute. The Princess and her husband landed amidst great cheering, and were received by the Duke and Duchess of Argyll, Earl and Countess Percy, Earl Granville, and others. At the castle the wife of the provost offered her Royal Highness a bouquet, and addresses were presented from the town council and the county of Argyle. These were acknowledged in a suitable manner by the Marquis of Lorne. The town council said, in the address: "We desire to express our continued attachment to the house of Argyll, and the joy and satisfaction we feel in the happy alliance which has been formed between the Royal family and that illustrious house in whose prosperity we have ever rejoiced, and of those actions we have always had such good cause to be proud. That your lordship and the Marchioness may be long spared to possess every blessing which this world can afford, and enjoy the affectionate regards of all classes of this community, is our earnest wish and prayer." After the reception of the addresses, the Princess distributed the prizes to the successful competitors in a volunteer shooting match which had taken place at Lochilhead the day before. Subsequently a splendid claymore was presented to the Marquis from the Argyle and Bute brigade, of which he is colonel; and Sir Donald Campbell, on behalf of the Clan Campbell, conveyed to Her Royal Highness the pearl and diamond necklace, which is of the value of £1,400, and had been subscribed by 1,100 persons of all ranks. Her Royal Highness read a graceful reply, in which she said she accepted the gift from the members of Clan Campbell as a token which she should treasure that she might call herself their clanswoman. There was a grand dinner party at the castle, and the town was illuminated.

The Glasgow *Star* says that during the time that the Marquis and the Machioness of Lorne stayed in the Queen's Hotel, the streets and square adjoining were densely crowded. A few minutes before 5 o'clock the Marquis presented himself at one of the windows of the hotel, where he remained three or four minutes bowing to the cheering crowd. The Princess also came forward alone, and bowed just before coming down to the carriage. The male portion of the crowd uncovered their heads, but there was one individual who rendered himself conspicuous by remaining uncovered. This roused the indignation of the bystanders, who took off the hat of this disloyal subject, pitched it about the square for half an hour, and finally stuck it in the hand of the statue of Sir Robert Peel, to the great amusement of the crowd, who laughed lustily and long. After the celebrated statesman had contemptuously exhibited the hat for some time as a warning to like offenders "in all time coming," he renounced it to a couple of policemen, who took it into custody, with the view of delivering it to the owner when he should turn up to claim it.

"OWEN MEREDITH."

All cultivated people have a property in, and consequently sympathy with eminent men of letters. Therefore the recent death of Mr. Bulwer Lytton's (Owen Meredith's) only son, was lamented by thousands who have a sort of personal acquaintance with his family. In England, moreover, this regret has been increased by the fact that the succession to a well-won title and an ancient heritage — Knebworth Hall, in Hertfordshire—is now seriously threatened with interruption. Mr. Bulwer Lytton is, as most people are aware, the only son of Lord Lytton, who inherited Knebworth, one of the most interesting and attractive literary homes in the world, from his mother, the heiress of the ancient house of Lytton, whose name he assumed on inheriting her estates. Knebworth has been happily described as "the proper setting for such a jewel" as the author of "The Caxtons." It is an ancient mansion in the Tudor style, and although only a third of its original size, is of spacious and splendid dimensions. There is a noble library, a long and handsome gallery, filled with articles of *vertu* and a collection of pictures, rendered specially interesting by historical or romantic circumstances connected with them. Without a delightful park, stocked with deer, and charming gardens add to the attractions of the author-statesman's home. Very rarely has it happened that a man born so emphatically to all the good things of this life has toiled so laboriously with the pen as Lord Lytton, who at the same time was unremitting in his parliamentary and private duties, and kept a novel "on the stocks" as a pastime to relieve the onorous duties of ruling, as Secretary of State, the fifty-one dependencies of the British Crown. 'Twere indeed a pity that such a line should so soon cease; but such seems to be the strange fatality attending great writers—a fact which Scott centenaires have lately brought vividly to mind.

THE BRITISH CENSUS.

London, overgrown but ever growing, next demands attention. Which London is it to be, for there are several? There are the Lord Mayor's London, with 74,732 inhabitants; Parliamentary London, with 3,008,101; the Registrar-general's London, with 3,251,804; the London of the Board of Works, with 3,264,530; the School-board's London, with 3,265,005; and lastly, the London of the Police, with 3,883,092 souls within its limits. The London of the Regester-general must be our London, and we cannot start better than by quoting that gentleman's account of its growth; "In the early ages, the City covered rather more than a square mile of ground; and there it stood still in the middle ages, enthroned on its chartered privileges, jealously refusing to admit aliens to the privileges of its citizens; but the people, although spurned by the City, settled round their capital, which unlike Rome, was ever viewed almost with indifference alike by senate and sovereign; who paid, indeed, no further regard to its sanitary deficiencies than to take warning when to flee away from its weekly Bills of Mortality, when in 1604, were extended to St. Giles-in-the-Fields, Clerkenwell, Shoreditch, Whitechapel, the great St. Martin's-in-the-Fields, and to Bermondsey. St. Margaret, Westminster, was included in 1626; so, in 1636, were Hackney. Islington, Stepney, Lambeth, Newington, Rotherhithe. The bills after this were not extended, but still London grew; and Mr. Rochman, when he compiled the census of 1801, included Chelsea, Kensington, Marylebone, Paddington, Pancras, within its limits. The new Tables of Mortality, first published in 1840, took in Fulham, Hammersmith, westward; Stoke-Newington, Bow, and Bromley, eastward; Camberwell on the south, and Greenwich district stretching down the river to Woolwich and Deptford. Clapham, Battersea, Wandsworth, Putney, Tooting, and Streatham, were added in 1844; and Hampstead fell in with the Lewisham district in 1846." Such is the London with which we have to do—a London containing 958,863 people in 1801; 2,803,989 in 1861; and 3,251,804 on April 3, 1871.

Setting London apart, as beyond rivalry, and therefore out of the competition, the contest for the premiership of English cities and towns lies between Liverpool and Manchester.—the town having 463,346, and the city 355,665 inhabitants; the latter, however, claims Salford with its 124,805, and portions of Chorlton besides, as being really part and parcel of Manchester itself, which would bring the figures for Cottonopolis up to 592,164; but then Liverpool has an equal right to include West Derby and Birkenhead, in which case the great seaport would muster up 660,510 souls, so that, reckon how we will, Liverpool seems fairly entitled to take precedence. Birmingham ranks third with a population of 343,696, or, taking in Aston and King's Norton, 444,545. Birmingham proper has increased at the rate of sixteen per cent.. Liverpool at eleven per cent., and Manchester at five per cent.

Besides Salford, there are eight towns in England with populations exceeding 100,000, and not exceeding 300,000—Leeds with 259,201; Bristol with 182,524; Bradford with 145,827 Stoke-upon-Trent with 130,507; Newcastle on Tyne with 128,160; Hull with 121,958; and Portsmouth with 112,954. Of these, Bradford has made the greatest, and Newcastle the smallest progress; the decennial rate of increase of the latter being under 18 per cent., that of Bristol under 19, that of Portsmouth under 20, and that of Hull under 25 per cent. Leeds has grown in population 25 per cent., Stoke-upon-Trent nearly 29, while Bradford's rate is close upon 37½ per cent. The following places have more than 50,000 inhabitant: Sunderland, 98,335; Leicester, 95,084; Brighton, 90,013; Nottingham, 86,608; Preston, 85,428; Bolton, 82,854; Oldham, 82,619; Norwich, 80,390; Blackburn, 76,337; Huddersfield, 70,253; Wolverhampton, 68,279; Plymouth, 68,080; Birkenhead, 65,980; Halifax, 65,124; Southampton, 54,057; Stockport, 53,001; Bath, 52,542; York, 50,761; and Devonport, 50,094. While Preston has been increasing its population at the modest rate of less than three per cent., Blackburn has achieved an addition of more than 20, Sunderland one of more than 25, and Birkenhead one of more than 20 per cent. Leicester may be proud of its 40 per cent. increase, Halifax still prouder of its 70 per cent.; but both must yield the palm to Huddersfield, which has contrived to more than double its inhabitants in the decennial. Some of the lesser towns have no cause to be ashamed. Great Grimsby has increased its figures from 11,067 to 20,338; Stockton can show 27,598 now, against 13,357 at the last census—another case of doubling; but the two most extraordinary instances of progression are those of Middlesborough in Yorkshire, and Barrow-in-Furness in Lancashire. In 1851, the first-named counted 383 residents; in the next ten years that number had gone to 5,709; by 1861, Middlesborough had a population of 19,416; now a parliamentary borough, it reckons up 39,434. Still more remarkable is the growth of Barrow-in-Furness; ten years ago it was not considered worthy of separate enumeration, and formed part of the parish of Dalton-in-Furness; then its estimated population was 3,330. It has since set up for itself as a municipal borough, and has 17,992 souls put to its credit—an increase of 444 per cent.

One city and thirteen towns, while increasing in population, have failed to carry that increase into three figures; these are: Malton, pop. 3,168, increase 96; Dorchesret, pop. 6,915, increase 92; Monmouth, pop. 5,874, increase 91; Rye, pop. 8,280, increase 85; Grantham, pop. 5,028, increase 75; Totness, pop. 5,073, increase 72; Banbury, pop. 4,106, increase 47; Newport, Isle of Wight, pop. 7,976, increase 42; Sudbury, pop. 6,908, increase 29; Pontefract, pop. 5,372, increase 26; Blandford, pop. 1,535, increase 15; Bath, pop. 52,542, increase 14; Liskeard, pop. 4,700, increase 11; Lyme Regis, pop. 2,329, increase 11. Cockermouth stands alone in its glory as having stirred neither way nor another; it had 7,057 inhabitants in 1861, and it has 7,057 in 1871. The following, ranking among the chief towns of their several counties, are in a worse position as regards population than they were ten years ago. (The figures immediately after the names represent their population, those after the minus sign the number they have lost). Marlborough, 3,660—24; Berwick, 13,331—34; Winchester, 14,766 — 71; Godmanchester, 2,362—75; Ludlow, 5,087 — 91; Wells (Somerset), 4,517—131; Buckingham, 3,703—146; Knaresborough, 5,205 — 197; Stamford, 7,846—201; Chichester, 7,850 — 209; Truro, 10,989 — 338; Devonport, 50,094—356; Canterbury, 20,961

LOCAL NEWS.

The market was well attended yesterday and much produce changed hands.

It is said that a village called Eddyville is being laid out contiguous to Hull.

WOOD.—Alderman Heney has over 7,000 cords of wood piled at the Canal Basin.

SCHOOL TRUSTEES.—A meeting of the Board of Separate School Trustees was held in the City Hall last evening.

QUEBEC EXHIBITION.—By reference to advertisement it will be seen that tickets at single fare will be issued for passage, per Queen Victoria, to Quebec Exhibition and return.

MUSIC HALL.—McCoy & Esmonde's Minstrel Troupe gave an entertainment in the Music Hall last night. The performances, some of which were good, were well appreciated by the audience.

LECTURE.—We understand that the Rev. Father O'Farrell of New York, will shortly deliver a lecture in this city, on "Daniel O'Connell and his times," for the benefit of the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum.

TAN BARK—Two barge loads of tan bark arrived at the Canal Basin for Mr. Germain, on Monday. This is the greatest quantity of tan bark ever brought to Ottawa at one time, and for the same person.

MATRIMONIAL.—Mr. Nazare Tetu, of the Secretary of States' Department, was united yesterday in the bands of matrimony, to Miss Delia Lapierre, the accomplished sister of our worthy Alderman. The ceremony which was witnessed by a numerous attendance of friends of the happy couple, was performed by Rev. Vicar General Dandurand, in the French Cathedral. They left on their bridal tour by the morning train. May the best wishes of their best friends be realized to them.

PIC-NIC.—The pic-nic for the benefit of the St. Patrick's Orphans' Asylum, will take place to-morrow in the Bellevue Gardens. It will be remembered that owing to the disastrous fires of last summer the annual pic nic of 1870 for the benefit of this institution did not come off; therefore, we hope they will receive double patronage this year. As a charitable institution there is no other in the city deserving more the support of the public, than the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum.

DROWNED.—About 10 o'clock yesterday morning, a boy named Thos. York Dere, was drowned in the Ottawa, about half way between the foot of the Locks and the Queen's Wharf. It appears the young lad was a pupil of the Grammar School, and that at the time of the accident he was playing truant. He was seen to disappear the last time beneath the water by Mr. Thomas, who immediately gave word to the Police. Constable Atkinson, on his arrival on the shore opposite the place where the accident occurred found a school bag containing several books belonging to the unfortunate boy.

A SAD VOLUNTEER.—Last night was the scene of many a fond leave-taking by our gallant volunteers. A most noble brave of Sparks Street, after having laid in a private commissariat, and sent it ahead, and—having duly received his knapsack and great coat, and exhausted the English language by talking of nothing else for the last three days but of what he had done and would do for the honor of his country—became so excited that he abandoned his store and rushed to the residence of his *in amorata*, taking up his quarters there for the day, both dining and supping with her. When last seen a certain redness which lingered round his eyes spoke volumes.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—R. Jones, Collingwood; Chas. McNab, Montreal; Daniel Shaw, Kingston; H. D. Carlisle, New York; Lewis A. Hall, Montreal; John Simpson, Montreal; T. Merritt, Kingston; W. L. Melville, do; John Breden, do; C. Baillie, Montreal; John H. McLachlin, Arnprior; Henry Rolfe, Pentington; George A Taylor, do; R. R. Chisholm, Oakville; J O'Reilly, Kingston; E. J. Adams, Pittsburgh, Pa; E Trevail, Toronto; A. Gear, Toronto; R Menzies, do; R. Nimmo, Montreal; D. Dalrymple, M.P., England; Walter Drake, Montreal; Mr. Walbank, St. John, N F; R McLea, Montreal; A F Laramie, do; Ezra Coleman. Fitchburg, Mass. T M. Jewett, do; E Stibbins, do; S C Lowe, do; R Edmunds, Toronto.

OTTAWA RACES.

The following is a list of the horses already arrived in the city:

"Raven," "Citadel," "Bob Logic," "Prince Arthur," "Sleepy Johnny," "Gimcrack," "Medley," "Bay of Boston Colt," from Pembroke; "Cataract," "Claret," and "Lightning Colt," just arrived from Saratoga.

IMMIGRANT AID SOCIETY.

The Ottawa Immigration and Colonization Society had a lively and well attended meeting last night. The new constitution was adopted, and the following officers duly elected to serve for the ensuing year:

President—Hon. Sir Francis Hincks.
1st Vice-President—Hon. Jas. Skead.
2nd do —Alderman Rowe.
Treasurer—E. McGillivray, Esq.
Solicitor—A. J. Christie, Esq.
Secretary—Mr. Ed. Williams.
Asst. Secretary—Mr. John Hodgins.
Committee—Messrs. Thos. Starmer, T. P. French, H. B. Small, W. H. Waller, W. H. Short, D. J. Snell, T. Huckell, and Francis Williams.

Drs. Grant, Henry, and Beaubien, were again elected Honorary Physicians.

The meeting closed at 10:45, being adjourned until Friday next, at 8 o'clock. A full attendance is expected on Friday evening.

DREADFUL ACCIDENT.

A terrible accident occurred about 5:30 yesterday afternoon, at the Parliament library building, in course of erection. A derrick had been erected on the eastern side of the building, which has now attained a height of 50 feet. A large stone weighing about 3,800 pounds, had been raised from the outside over the walls and was being lowered on to one of the buttresses when an iron pin which fastened the machinery gave away. At this time a man named James Ellis had hold of the handle of the derrick, and two other men stood behind him having hold of a rope, while a fourth party was on a scaffold about twenty feet below them. The moment the pin gave, the immense stone fell to the ground, smashing everything in its way, and bringing the derrick and all the machinery down after it in crashing confusion. Ellis, who had hold of the derrick, was jerked violently from the top of the building and performing a fearful aerial flight fell a distance of about 50 feet to the ground. William Cosaque, who was standing on the scaffolding which was smashed piecesmeal, was thrown on to a pile of wood receiving bodily fractures, but it is believed no fatal injuries. The unfortunate man Ellis received fatal internal injuries. Fellow workmen who saw him fall state that on striking the ground his body rebounded about four feet. So far as could be ascertained at the time no bones were broken but internally his injuries must be fatal. His groans, while being taken to his home on Wellington street, were very agonizing, and he complained constantly of great pain about the heart. Medical assistance was immediately obtained. Cosaque was taken to the Hospital. Considering the great height from which Ellis fell, it is astonishing that he was not killed outright, and seeing the manner in which heavy timbers, irons, &c., were hurled promiscuously about it is a matter for wonder that other workmen in the vicinity were not hurt or rather killed. To properly understand the fearful nature of this accident it is necessary to see the scene of the event.

LATE REV. CHAS. M. FOX OF CHICAGO.

(From the Chicago Tribune.)

The funeral services over the remains of the Rev. Charles M. Fox, late rector of the Church of the Epiphany, occurred yesterday afternoon. The church building including the lectern and pulpit was appropriately draped.

The remains were received at the church door by the Bishop, assisted by the leading clergy of the diocese.

After the service and the hymn "Rock of Ages" the Rev. Clinton Locke read the following declaration, agreed upon at a meeting of the clergy of the diocese:

Almighty God, in His wise providence, having taken out of this world the soul of our diceased brother, Charles M. Fox, LL. D., rector of the Church of the Epiphany of the city of Chicago, we, his fellow laborers in the ministry of the cross, desire to bear our testimony to the usefulness of his life; to express our natural sorrow that he has been removed from us; and to give utterance to the reasonable, religious, and holy hope of his and our resurrection in Christ Jesus.

Though but a short time among us, it was long enough to justify the good record which preceded his coming. We learned to know him as the true Christian gentleman, faithful and earnest in the priesthood unto which God had called him. Frank, generous, genial, and winning, he had gained many friends, and the rapid increase of his parish under his care proves him to have been well chosen for his pastorate. His heart was in his work, and the greatest sorrow of his last illness was that he had not been able to do more for the Master's Kingdom.

We offer our fraternal sympathy to the wife, who feels his loss so keenly; and we pray the Father of the fatherless to watch over and guide the children now deprived of his earthly presence.

May our great Head and High Priest minister consolation to his bereaved parish and raise up soon a worthy successor in his place. Our time, also, is short; may we be found ready in the day of our summoning.

Resolved, That a copy of this expression of our feelings be transmitted to his family, to his vestry, to the city papers for publication, and also to the *Churchman*, and the Church paper of the Diocese of Ontario.

The names of the clergy of Chicago follow.

Bishop Whitehouse then addressed the congregation. He said there was, doubtless, a more reverent expression of sympathy in the words ordained by the Church for the burying of the dead than in those which had been read, expressive of the feeling of the clergy. They might have contented themselves with the triumphant notes of the Church, which uttered such words of sympathy with the bereaved, that dear Mother, who, like the mother of Maccabees, took up the prayers and cries of her children. Under other circumstances he thought a silence on their part would have been the best token or their sorrow—more fitting than the most elaborate eulogy. But under circumstances like those which brought them together in that place; when a minister of a congregation was cut down in the enjoyment of his life—in the flower of his vigorous health—in the holy daring of a grand crusade to win souls for Christ; when the corpse fell at one blow as by a stroke of lightning, there was something about it to gather around it his friends and fellow laborers—the same impulse as that which impelled the ancients to cluster around the prostrate trunk of a shivered tree, and gaze upon it. The Bishop dwelt upon the manly, noble qualities of the departed minister, his tender sympathy with those he had to deal with, and his unceasing solicitude for the spiritual welfare of his flock. Now that this stroke had fallen upon them, he felt certain there were many present to whom it was a bitter sorrow that his earnest words had not been better heeded. For that reason he would take up the echo of that now silent voice, which had gone from the fluctuating account of a probationary existence to God. This was an appeal which all must hear. They could only think now how his death was to reach their own souls; how this hour and special message should group around them and make for them a new life. He was confident that God would raise up another to preach His Word. The very fragrance of the good example of those that died in the Lord became the breath of our souls. Possibly the example of their dead pastor might elevate the respect of the congregation for the ministry; might make them more tender of the short comings of his successor. Little they knew of the troubles and anxieties of the minister's life. He reminded them of the toils and vigils of their rector during his ministry, and of his unceasing anxiety for them during the conscious intervals of his last sickness, and of his last thoughts being for and among them. The Bishop concluded the address with the triumphant words of the creed, "the resurrection of the body and the life everlasting," and added, "let me die the death of the righteous, and let my last end be like his."

The remains were taken to Graceland Cemetery, followed thither by nearly one hundred carriages.

—Mr. Fox was comparatively a stranger in the city, having no relatives in this country outside of his immediate family circles. He was interred in a lot kindly presented to the family by Rev. Clinton Locke.

Wife to Husband—(Rubbing the PAIN-KILLER on his Rheumatic shoulder briskly.) Its a great pity such a good medicine as Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER is not more extensively used, just see what a world of good it has done even since we have had it, George don't have the toothache any more, it has saved Fredy a severe attack of Fever, it has cured me of Dyspepsia and I know it will relieve you of Rheumatism.

Husband:—You are right, Mary, the PAIN-KILLER seems to fire up the cold corners of my shoulder and puts new life into it, it certainly does act instantaneously, I do think, my dear, I am cured already (meditatingly) well, well, all I have heard said of it is true, my shoulder is free from pain the first time for these two months.

Wife:—Its strange, we never have been induced to try it before, I should have thought you would have been often advised to try it.

Husband:—I have had the PAIN-KILLER recommended many times, but between the Doctor and Druggists they have always succeeded in keeping me from using it by suggesting other trash that has done me no good.

Wife: — People seem to enjoy paying the Doctor five or ten Dollars every now and then to experiment on them, when a twenty five cent bottle of PAIN-KILLER would give them far more relief, and then the Druggists are so obliging it is very hard to say "I want Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER and nothing else will do," and thus refuse to buy their trash.

(*To be Continued*)

Sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cts. per bottle.

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY

FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the 1st of October

10lbs per day for the season	..	$5 00
20lbs " "	..	9 00
10lbs " month		1 50
20lbs " "	..	2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

Terms strictly Cash in advance.

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N. B.—Ice supplied by the ton or cwt.
Ottawa April 87.

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS,

ON BLACK RIVER,

For Sale by Auction, at the Union House, *ON WEDNESDAY, 4th OCTOBER* next, at one o'clock, p. m., being License No. 265, of 1870-71.....50 miles. And No. 367, of 1870-71.....50 miles.

Total one hundred square miles of richly timbered limits.

By order of
ALEXANDER FRASER, Esq.
Ottawa, 1st Sept. 1871. 1759-td

ENGLISH WEEKLY NEWS PAPERS AND MONTHLY MAGAZINES.

LLOYD'S WEEKLY LONDON NEWS, Weekly Times, Reynolds', Weekly Dispatch,—the latest editions,—5 cents. Subscription (post free to any part of the Dominion)—yearly, $2.50; six months, $1.25.

Illustrated London News, Graphic, Bell's Life, News of the World, Punch, Fun, Judy, &c., &c.

THE TORONTO GLOBE delivered at 10 cents per week.

C. E. HUCKETT & CO.
69, Sparks Street.
August 29. 1755 1m

CAPE WOOL.

The Cargo of the "PEONY," direct from

PORT ELIZABETH,

will be ready for Inspection on the 18th instant.

GILLESPIE MOFFATT & CO.
Montreal, Sept. 7th, 1871. 1762-1w

TWO VALUABLE FARMS

FOR SALE!

The following Valuable Farm situated on the banks of the Rideau about one mile and a half from Ottawa, the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq., and known as the South West half of Lot 14 on the Rideau River in the Gore of Gloucester. It is all cleared and in the highest state of cultivation; well watered; first-class brick building with seven rooms, and substantial barns, sheds, &c, thereon; also, an excellent orchard and garden. Beautifully situated and commanding a fine view of the City, Parliament Buildings, and surrounding country; contains about 100 acres.

ALSO

Lot No 16, in the Seventh Concession of Gloucester, Ottawa Front (the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq.), 8 miles from Ottawa and 2 miles from Taylorsville. Contains 200 acres, principally covered with timber.

For particulars and terms apply to DANIEL McLAURIN, Esq, of Osgoode, JAMES SEVERIGHT, Esq, of Gloucester, Trustees, or to

HAMNETT P. HILL.
Solicitor, &c.,
34-tf Post Office Block, Ottawa.

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON,
1760-6m Proprietor.

Circus and Caravan

COMING.

A Herd of Eight Elephants

Recently added to the Exhibition, will appear in the Grand Procession in the City of Ottawa.

FULL TROOP OF BRITISH RIDERS AND ACROBATS.

THE GREATEST EXHIBITION
Ever given will come off in
OTTAWA,
SATURDAY, September 16,
Afternoon and Evening,
ONE DAY ONLY,
Howe's Great London Circus
AND
SANGER'S English Menagerie
OF TRAINED ANIMALS.

The Magnificent, Gorgeous and Costly Golden Chariot Procession, the Largest and Most Brilliant Cavalcade of the kind ever seen, with its

FIVE COLOSSAL CHARIOTS,

Drawn through the streets by teams of Zebras, Shetland Ponies, Abyssinian Donkeys and beautiful Flemish Horses.

100 *Knights in Burnished Steel Armor,*

Ladies in full Circassian Costume, attended by their Equerries, Squires, Pages, &c., in appropriate Dresses, with Banners, Flags, Superb Trappings, &c., and the full

BRITISH CORNET BAND,

Conceded by the Profession to be the best musical accompaniment ever heard in a circus.

Doors open at 1 and at 7 p.m.

Admission, 50 cents Children under ten 25 cents. 1747td

BUSINESS CHANGE.

We, the undersigned, in relinquishing the Retail branch of our business, beg to return thanks to the public of Ottawa and vicinity for the very liberal support accorded to us during the past eight years, and to announce that we have

DISPOSED OF OUR STOCK,

And leased the premises,

29 Sparks Street,

TO

MESSRS.

ALEXANDER RUSSELL,

(Late of Blyth & Russell, Ottawa,)

AND

ROBERT WATSON,

(Of Watson & Hayes, Almonte,)

Who will continue the business under the name and style of

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Both of these gentlemen were formerly in our employ, and being possessed of ample means and long experience we have great pleasure in recommending them to the confidence and patronage of all our friends and customers.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, August, 1871.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE

RUSSELL & WATSON

Have pleasure in announcing that they have purchased the

Entire Stock in Trade,

AND

GOOD WILL

OF THE

RETAIL BUSINESS

Lately conducted by Messrs.

Magee & Russell,

And leased their premises, 29 Sparks Street, for a term of years.

And hope by keeping only the best qualities of goods, and adopting a uniform and

Moderate Scale of Profits,

By anticipating the wants of the public and a strict attention to business to merit and retain the patronage so liberally bestowed upon their predecessors.

And we beg to assure the old patrons of the establishment that no efforts will be spared in maintaining the leading position to which it had attained.

ALEX. RUSSELL. ROB'T. WATSON.
Ottawa, August 1871.

FRED. T. PALMER,

Commission and Lumbermen's Agent, Rideau Street, (entrance O'Meara's Gateway.)

Particular attention will be given to hiring men, teams, &c., and all transactions with the Crown Land and Timber Office.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:

R Nagle, Esq, | Wm Mackey, Esq,
Allan Grant, Esq, | E McGillivray, Esq
Ottawa, Sept 1, 1871. 1746tf

Peaches!

Peaches!

Peaches!

Pears!

Pears!

Pears!

Apples!

Apples!

Apples!

And all other Kinds of Fruit

at the Fruit Depots of

G. LORENZ,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

—AND—

NO. 56 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BURPEE'S NEW HOTEL.

GREAT

DRY GOODS SALE.

Allan, McKinnon's & McMoran,

Have determined to clear out the FALL and WINTER GOODS purchased at a heavy discount from Messrs GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO, and with that view will bring forward the whole stock, including several large lots of

NEW GOODS

purchased far below Market value, and offer the whole at prices that must induce good judges of goods to buy largely.

The sale will commence on

Monday, 4th Sept'r,

And continue one month.

As many of the cheapest lines will be sold quickly, intending purchasers will do well to call early and secure a choice.

1,000 YDS. JAPANESE SILKS,

At 50 cents per yard.

ONE CASE OF VELVET RIBBONS, damaged by fresh water, will be offered at less than half price.

2 Bales of GREY COTTONS, in short pieces, at from one to two cents below usual prices.

To be reduced one third in prices—a large quantity of

MILLINERY, MANTLES and MANTLE CLOTHS,

A line of Velveteen Jackets, reduced to $1.50 each, Waterproof Mantles at from $2.50 to 5.

DRESS GOODS, in a variety of fabrics, reduced below cost.

PRINTS—A line formerly sold at 12½ cents will be cleared out at 9 cents per yard.

A large lot of Gloves and Hosiery will be marked down far below cost.

A lot of best Brussels Carpets will be sold at $1.25 per yard.

ALLAN, McKINNON'S & McMORRAN,
Successors to Garland, Mutchmor & Co
No. 20, Sparks Street.

Groceries, &c:

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, that you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and a Low Price

GIN—

J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Islay Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.
Ottawa, May 2, 1871

WANTED,

A School Teacher for School Section No. 3 Huntly. Apply to
HENRY McBRIDE,
J. LETT,
or JAMES JOHNSTON,
Carp Post Office
1760-2w Ontario

IF YOU DESIRE

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

SEND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor

SUCCEEDING TO THE BUSINESS OF MAGEE & RUSSEL.

The Undersigned, in succeeding to the business of the above named Firm, would say that the balance of the Stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Carried over by them, will now be offered by us, at prices that cannot but attract the attention of

CLOSEST BUYERS.

In order that we may have time to get the stuff forward and reduced,

THE SALE

Will not begin before

Monday, the 4th September.

Having therefore decided that all Goods of this Season MUST BE SOLD, we have reduced to them to such prices as must soon effect it.

We therefore invite inspection of our Stock by intending purchasers.

We would call special attention to our

SILK DEPARTMENT,

in this line we are offering decided BARGAINS in Colored, Fancy and Black Silks.

in the

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT,

We will offer a large lot of FRENCH MERINOS, FRENCH TWILLS, REPPS, SERGES and WINCIES.

The Goods in this Department were considered fair value at old prices, but having decided to CLEAR OUT, all of last Season's Stock have been marked down. Those requiring anything in this line will do well to give a look through the Departments.

ALL STAPLE GOODS, WHILE THE SALE CONTINUES, WILL BE OFFERED AT A SMALL ADVANCE.

A large quantity of Grey and White Cottons now forward, and considered extra GOOD VALUE.

We will not quote prices, being satisfied, as we are, that purchasers must see value before paying any attention to figures.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

SUCCESSORS TO—

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

ESTABLISHMENT FOR YOUNG LADIES,
Wilbrod Street (between Nelson and Gloucester Streets), Sandy Hill, Ottawa.

Mrs. ROBERT STEWART returns thanks for the kind patronage she has received during her residence in Ottawa, and hopes by unwearied attention to her scholastic duties, and by their efficient discharge, to merit and receive a continuance of favor and support.

The School will be RE-OPENED on FRIDAY, the 1st of September. All the Classes are open to any who may wish to join one or more of them for the study of any special subject.

Terms very moderate. References to parents of pupils.

August 18th, 1871. 1746 tf

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.
1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA,

Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's.

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.
1737tf

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested to settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

WANTED,

Young Ladies to learn Systematic Dress Cutting by the "PRINCESS LOUISE CHART." Terms $3. Apply to Miss FARNHAM, Russell House, Ottawa. 1746 a

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

YORK STREET, Lower Town, next door to Mathew's Hotel,

And at No. 209 WELLINGTON STREET

Upper Town, opposite the Montreal Bank.

Mr. GENDREAU has always on hand the best French and English perfumeries.

You are respectfully requested to visit these establishments.

Ottawa, 21st August, 1871. 1747tf

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY,

WELLINGTON STREET,

CONDUCTED BY THE GREY NUNS.

The course of studies at this Institution will be resumed on Monday 4th Sept.

OTTAWA CONVENT,
Grey Nuns, Aug. 17, 1871. 1745-b

CHURCH OF ENGLAND

LADIES' SCHOOL,

WELLINGTON STREET, OTTAWA

(Established, 1869—Incorporated, 1871.)

Lady Principal.....Miss Machin.

This School will re-open SEPT. 1st.

New Prospectuses can be obtained of Durie & Son and Hope & Co.

Further particulars on application to the Lady Principal, or

REV H POLLARD,
1743c Secretary, Ottawa.

THE Rev. C. F. STREET informs his friends and the public that he will open his Classical and Commercial SCHOOL on MONDAY, 28th AUGUST, in the School Room lately occupied by the Rev. Mr. May.

For particulars, apply to Mrs. Kendall, Taylor's Block, corner of Nelson and Daly streets. 1741tf

MR. E. H. HARINGTON, B.A., Oxford University,

Begs to inform his Friends and the Public that he will OPEN his PRIVATE SCHOOL on MONDAY, the 4th September. School room, corner of Bank and Albert Streets. For further particulars, apply to Mr. E. H. HARINGTON, Russell House.

N.B.—Private pupils can be taken in the evenings.

August 24, 1871. 1751 8

ACADEMY OF THE GREY NUNS,

AYLMER.

The Classes of this Academy will OPEN on the 1st SEPTEMBER next. The building is new and spacious, and is situate near the banks of the Ottawa river.

Aylmer, 16th August, 1871. 1744tf

SELECT

BOARDING AND DAY ACADEMY FOR BOYS.

(CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL.)

Principal — REV. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

Careful instruction will be given in Latin and Greek Studies, in French and German Languages, in Mathematics, in certain branches of Science and Art, and in all the common branches of an English education.

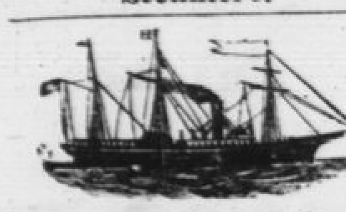
The Academy on the south side of Daly and Ottawa streets will be OPENED on the 7th SEPTEMBER next.

For further particulars, please address the Rev. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

August 25. 1752 1

A MARRIED WOMAN (English) wished to obtain a small Family's WASHING. A.D.C., care of John Bohler, Ottawa.

Steamers.



THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S. :—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m, and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.
May 29, 1871 2670tf

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

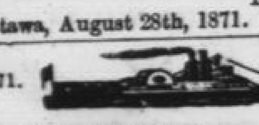
On and after the 1st day of SEPTEMBER—

The Steamer JESSIE CASSELS will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 7.30 a.m., connecting with Steamers of the Line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The Steamer PONTIAC leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted), at 1 p.m., for Des Joachim; returning—leaving at 6 a.m., connecting with Steamer JASON GOULD, which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 p.m., passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The Steamer PRINCE ARTHUR leaves Portage du Fort at 7 a.m., connecting with Steamer JESSIE CASSELS for Aylmer.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip, at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 9 a.m.
R. S. CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, August 28th, 1871.

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"
CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.
R W SHEPHERD.
April 25, 1871.

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1736tf

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,
IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address
GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,
N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.
Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

The Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy will, at a Session to be held in the Hall of the said Township on SATURDAY, the 3.th day of SEPTEMBER next, pass a By-law to establish the road as now laid out, between Lots Nos. 5 and 6, in the Third Concession of the said Township.
W. P. TAYLOR,
Township Clerk.
Fitzroy, 28th August, 1871. 36 4

SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY,

—AND—

AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD,
Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE MOWER

—AND—

SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz. :—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain.*

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.
FROST & WOOD,
Smith's Falls,
Ontario.
June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa P.O., August 31, 1871.

Adcock J C
Anderson Elizabeth
Anderson Samuel
Armstrong Wm
Arnold Wm
Arthur Geo A
Armstrong Mrs A C
Aspdin Thos W
Barnes Sydney
Barber G
Beveridge Thos
Benfield Wm
Bell H H
Blais Miss Lydia
Blakely Mrs
Boyd Dr R H
Brayer Wm
Brennan Wm
Brewer Mrs Emily
Bullock L
Bowns Wm
Buchanan Mrs John
Burns Mrs S
Burns Miss
Byrns Hy
Campbell Mrs John
Cain Miss Sarah J
Campbell Mrs Mary
Callaghan Alex
Cantwell John
Cahal Miss Mary
Church Jos
Clarke Miss Emma
Conway Miss B
Corrigan Ed
Connor John
Cross W L
Crozier Jos
Cunningham Thos
Daly Carol
Davis J
Davidson C P
Davis Jas
Daly J J
Davis Mrs R
Dempsey Miss E
Dendmore Miss Mary
Dicare Miss M
Dickson Dr Geo
Doyle Mrs Peter
Duncan Jas
Fenton Miss J
Fisher John
Forson Jas
Forbes John
Foster Jas
Furlong Jas
Gan John
Gibbons E
Gillis J S
Glenn Alex
Gormly P
Gilchrist John
Grimes Thos
Harris Lizzie Ann
Hamilton Mrs S
Hewlett Thos
Hicks Jas
Holland W H
Hogan Miss B
Hogan Wm
Hunt Wm
Hutchinson G W
Hutchison John
Huchley Mrs
Hubert J
Janet Rev Mr
Jamieson D J
Johnston Miss Ellen
Jones Mrs J E
Kennedy Jno
Kealy Mrs Julia A
Kennedy M
King Geo
Kingsmill M
King Jas
Knapp H A
Lamprey B H
Lane Miss Caroline
Leitch Miss A
Leroy W H C
Lewis Mr
Little Irvine
Lothion Miss Ellen
Moher Wm
Martin C R
May Jno
Martin Edwin
Marshall David
Martin Wm
Maddin Thos
Malsbury Wm
Minea Benj
Meade M J
Mercer John
Mitchell W H
Milne G B
Motherwell Thos
Moore & Coburn
Moore F H
Muir Wm
Murphy Mathew
Neill John
Nelson Mrs Alex
Nesbitt John
Nicholson John
Nichols John
Nolan Miss B
O'Brien Wm
O'Donnell D
O'Donnell, G
O'Connor W P P
O'Connor Jno A
O'Connor Mrs
O'Dwyer John
Oliver A
O'Meill J
Ormand Jno T
Patterson Miss Anna
Pearsons Albert
Perry Mrs M C
Pearson F M
Perwitt J H
Pickens John
Powers Jesse
Pringle Miss Sarah
Pritchard Wm
Quinlan Mrs P
Rathwell Miss A
Rice Alex
Roberts Miss Kate
Robertson Geo
Rose Rodger
Roberts Mrs
Robertson David
Ryan Miss Julia
Russell Mrs
Russell A D
Saunders Miss Julia
Scobie Mary
Servo Walter
Sheaver Jno
Sheban Thomas
Smith John
Smith Mrs W
Smith H D
Smith Heber
Smith Wm
Sparks Miss Jane
Somerville Hugh
Sparks Noel
Sternbug J W
Sullivan John
Tobin Jas
Turner RW
Watson & Hill
Ward Jas
Wable A
Wallace M
Wagner H
Wilsman G & T
Webb Jas T
Weir John
Wells J P
Webster Miss E H
Welch Mrs Geo
Whalen Miss Eliza
Wilson R
Wood H O
Wright J
McBrayen A
McBryde Jas
McClanlish T
McDonald And
McClory John
McDonald Miss F
McDonald D
McDonald Mrs Geo
McGuire Mrs Jno
McIntire Miss N
McInnis Miss C
McGuire Philip
McKenzie A
McKay Jas H
McMillan Miss Jane
McMillan J H
McPhee A
McMahon Geo

G P BAKER, Postmaster.

WANTED,

A good Carriage and Sleigh Maker, and Blacksmith, at Kinburn, Township of Fitzroy. A good business chance for both, with shop accommodations. Steady and good workmen only need apply.
ALLAN FRASER.
Kinburn 2nd August 1871. 1733tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonising pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies,

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Central Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 lawky

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

The undersigned being about to visit England, offers the following properties for sale:

A large Brick Dwelling situate on Besserer and Chapel Streets, with Coach House, Stables, &c.

12 Cottages on Augusta street, producing a clear rental of $700 per annum.

ALSO,

100 Acres of Land at L'Orignal, being south half of Lot No. 15, fourth Concession of Caledonia.

Terms to suit the purchaser.
1810d JAS G ROBINSON.

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gassfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa
N.B.—Manuscript copied.
Ottawa, May 18. 1871 1669tf

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES!

On the Line of the

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,
O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.
Omaha, Neb.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY P.M.
......	12.45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	......	4.20
......	12 45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	......	4.20
......	......	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8.00	......	6.00
......	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	......	6.00
10.15	12.45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	12.45	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway		......	4.20
10.15	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c	......	......	4.20
9.20	......	4.30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	1.30
9 20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	......	......	1 30
10.30	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	......
7.00	......	......	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c			7.00
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	......	......	700
10.00	......	......	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	......	......
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	......	......	6.00
11.50	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	......	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P M, in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, June 7, 1871.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be
Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Furs, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866, besides numerous Testimonials. *Agents for Ottawa*—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,
May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until Noon of WEDNESDAY, the Sixth day of September next, for the widening of Sappers' Bridge and the construction of a new Bridge over the Rideau Canal to connect Wellington and Rideau Streets, according to the Engineer's plans and specifications, which may be seen at this office after the twentieth instant.

The bridges are to be constructed of iron and stone in a permanent manner, and may be let in one or more contracts as the City Council may decide after receiving the Tenders. The work is to be proceeded with at once, and good security will be required for the due performance of the contracts.

No tenders will be entertained unless made in the prescribed form. They are to be addressed to the undersigned, endorsed, "Tender for Bridges," and contain the names and addresses of two persons who are willing to become security for the contractor.
WM P LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa 19th July, 1871.
1721td

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET,

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the ST. JAMES HOTEL.

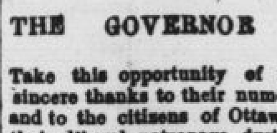
Strict attention to business.

Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS



BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MALKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.
Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

FOR SALE.

BRAE SIDE STEAM SAW MILL,

Situated near Arnprior, Province of Ontario, and extensive Timber Limits on the River Coulonge, Province of Quebec.

The Mill has just been completed, and is most substantially built and fitted with the most improved Machinery, and can manufacture 140,000 feet of lumber per day. It has an extensive piling ground attached to it. Being placed where the Brockville Railway runs beside the Ottawa River, the lumber manufactured by it may be sent direct to the United States market. The limits comprise about 280 square miles of valuable Pine Timber country, with two extensive and productive Farms, and having commodious Dwelling Houses, Storehouses and Stables erected on them. They are also supplied with a large stock of provisions, horse feed and shanty plant for next season's operations

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be had by applying to J. B. Lewis, Esq., Barrister, Ottawa, or from Mr. George Purvis, at the offices of the Mill.

Ottawa, July 28, 1871. 1729 d&w4 lawk

SEEDS! SEEDS

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

☞ FLOWER SEEDS. ☜

A. CHRISTIE & CO.

(Late Alex. Christie.)

Druggists,

40, Sparks-s

Ottawa April 28, 1871

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,
I remain.
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.
C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa.
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Medical.

MESSRS GABRIELS'

CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE

TEETH & GUMS

AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL

PARTS OF THE WORLD

PREPARED ONLY BY

MESSRS GABRIEL

DENTISTS

LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.
A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.
May 1 1871

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.
November 24, 1870 1532tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.
November 30, 1870 1527y

For Sale or to Let.

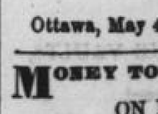
TO LET,

That COTTAGE, the property of N. Tetrau, Esq., Notary, in the Lower Village of Hull, with a handsome flower garden, stable, wood shed, ice house, &c., with or without the necessary firewood for next winter on the place. Mr. Tetrau having arranged for his residence in the dwelling adjoining his office, consented to the leasing of the property. For further information apply to N. TETREAU, N. P., Hull. P. Q. 1746 8

NOTICE.

TO LET, a Large OFFICE and THREE BEDROOMS well situated in the Aumond Block, west, end Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, July 11th, 1871. 1813 tf



HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.
Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,
Agent,

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 4sutf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TALLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 566tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 290tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Maltoch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treament of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Fetherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul s

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W MCKAY WRIGHT. 1a F C CLEMOW

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT,
NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MARCIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetrau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.

Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The Proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

G. C. RAINBOTH,
Provincial Land Surveyor and Draughtsman, commissioned for the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.
Office. Aylmer, P. Q. 1722 tf

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 746:

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1866.

WM. H. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelised Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Root Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.
I G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

1871. ICE! 1871.

ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.
THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street,
Ottawa, May 1649d

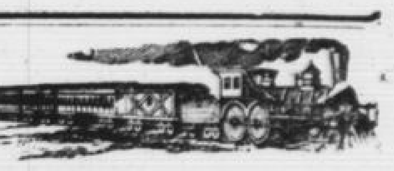
F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office,
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1662tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

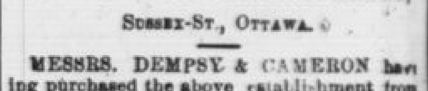
Great Acceleration of Speed.

Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at .... 6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at .... 9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at ..... 9.00 p.m
Mixed Train or Brockville, at ..... 11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at .... 5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at 7.00 a m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at .... 8.30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at .... 2.00 p m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston .... 10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz.:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.
C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.
DEMPSY & CAMERON.
Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1689 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.
GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.
May 31, 1871. 1680tf

DOMINION HOUSE

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel
Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 6m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to
JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.
P. O. Box 725.
Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.
T. G. COURSOLLES,
November 26, 1870 1524tf

MORRISON'S

STEAM BISCUIT BAKERY

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your Orders are solicited, and will be PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO by

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,
Nos. 36 and 38 Rideau Street, Ottawa

TANNERY,

PARK STREET, OTTAWA.

EDMOND GERMAIN, Proprietor.

All kinds of LEATHER for Sale, Wholesale, at reasonable prices.

ALSO,

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE,

Of his own manufacture, at REDUCED PRICES.
19th August, 1871. 1746tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre), Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1768. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof whi h will be guarenteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Destillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constontly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA.

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal

1685 3m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Receiv

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
1 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily)
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills.

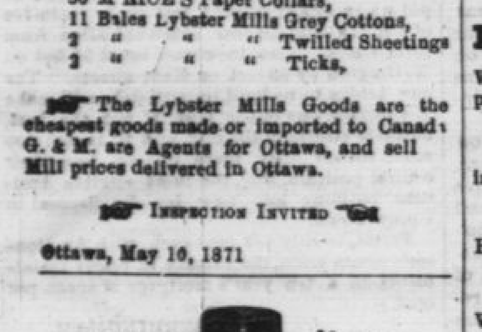
CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

☞ The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED ☜

Ottawa, May 10, 1871



SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

☞ Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

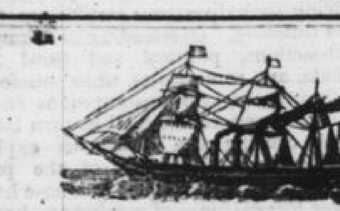
☞ OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND ☜

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL, Solicitor, Post O Block.

1746b



LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871. 1871.

The following first-class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES....J. James "
NIGER.......W. Nisbett "
SEVERN.....G. Butchart "

Are intended to Sail, as under, during the Season of 1871, between

LONDON,

QUEBEC and MONTREAL.

FROM LONDON.

MEDWAY....Thursday, 10th August.
THAMES....... " 24th "
NIGER....... " 7th Sept.
SEVERN....... " 21st "
MEDWAY....... " 5th Oct.
THAMES....... " 19th "

AND FROM QUEBEC.

NIGER.....Thursday, 10th August.
SEVERN.... " 24th "
MEDWAY.... " 7th Sept.
THAMES.... " 21st "
NIGER..... " 5th Oct.
SEVERN.... " 19th "
MEDWAY.... " 2nd Nov.
THAMES.... " 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London: Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $5 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW, Montreal.

or T. M. CLARKE, Royal Insurance Co.'s Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, June 13th. 1760y

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL..........................$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over.......... 4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over......... 9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND.......... 6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

All descriptions of property insured at moderate rates.

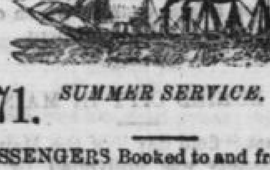
Tables of rates for Life Assurance and all information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

T. M. CLARKE, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.



1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

NESTORIAN..............26th August.
SCANDINAVIAN..........2nd September
HIBERNIAN..............9th "
MORAVIAN...............15th "
SARMATIAN..............23rd "
PRUSSIAN...............30th "

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin...........................$70 to $80
Steerage..........................$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN, on or about...31st Aug.
OTTAWA " ....7th Sept.
ST. DAVID " ....14th "
ST. ANDREW " ....21st "
ST. PATRICK " ....28th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin...........$67 25
Intermediate.....................$47 or 44 00
Steerage..............................28 00

☞ An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO., Agents, 17 Sparks-

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET.

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED.

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods, &c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawes,
Under irts
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞ Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

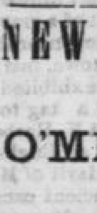
In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,

1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.



100 CASES

HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT

"THE RED BOOT,"

OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overs,

MOCCASINS,

Laces & Boot Dressing

Which will be sold at the very lowest price possible,

Wholesale and Retail.

City and country dealers will find (on giving us a call) that they can be supplied at

Montreal Prices—Freight Added.

Having received a good part of our

Fall and Winter Goods

We are prepared to EXECUTE PROMPTLY all orders.

All summer goods selling at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Orders for Hand Made Custom Work attended to promptly.

A full sett of

Messrs. Ames, Millard & Co's Samples

of BOOTS and SHOES, always on view, and orders taken at lowest prices. One of our firm will wait on the merchants of Ottawa City and District soliciting orders.

Agents for wholesaling of Wm. Clendinneng's manufacture of *Stoves, Iron-furniture, Railings, Builders* and all kinds of *Plain and Fancy Castings.*

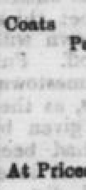
Agents for the celebrated

☞ *Plantagenet Mineral Water.* ☜

Orders promptly attended to.

LAMB & RODDEN, No 28, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, July 20, 1871.



BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE, at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 88 Sussex Street, Ottawa.

1738 tNY SIMEON LEBEAU, Agent.

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Third Annual Exhibition under the auspices of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society will take place on

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.

SEPTEMBER 20TH, 21ST AND 22ND, 1871.

On the Society's Grounds adjoining the city limits.

COMPETITION OPEN TO THE WORLD!

Nearly $3 000 is offered in Premiums

For Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, Agricultural and Horticultural Productions, Manufactures, Domestic Products, &c.

All parties may compete for prizes on payment of Two Dollars; Ladies on payment of One Dollar.

ENTRIES.

All entries must be made on printed forms, which may be had from the Secretary. These forms are to be filled up and signed by the Exhibitor, enclosing Two Dollars, which amount will entitle the Exhibitor to compete in all the departments.

The entries in each department must be made as follows:—

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before the 10th of SEPTEMBER.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery, and Manufactures generally SEPTEMBER 15th.

Horticultural Products, Flowers, Ladies' Work, &c., SEPTEMBER 18th.

The Society will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railroad Proprietors for carrying articles and passengers at reduced rates.

Arrangements will be made with the Customs Department for the free entry of articles for competition.

J B LEWIS, President.

A S WOODBURN, Sec. Treas.

Ottawa August 22. 1749t

HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES,

And other Harvesting Implements

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 Rideau street.

All ground ready for use.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.

Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.

Hay Rakes, straight and bent,

Scythe Stones, &c. &c.

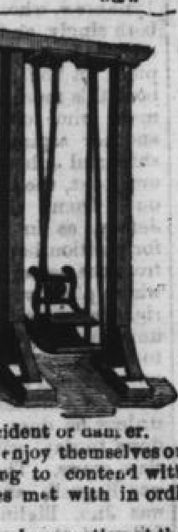
Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24 Rideau street, Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new



Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex street, and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

RARE CHANCE.

The advertiser has received instructions to offer for SALE, by TENDER, at so much in the Dollar, as per Inventory Valuation,

A WELL ASSORTED TAILOR'S STOCK,

Consisting of English Cloths, Canada Tweeds, Trimmings, &c, &c., amounting to over $4,000.

The Goods are all in first-class order, and have been well selected.

The above offers an excellent opportunity to any one about to commence business, as the goodwill can be secured.

Every information may be had by addressing Box 468, Montreal, and Stock Sheets can be seen on application to the undersigned.

Tenders will be received until the 26th instant. Parties making other than a CASH OFFER, will please name security.

C. BAILLIE, 181 St. James' Street.

Montreal, August 5th, 1871 1739 A

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD, Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

☞ Terms, 40cts. per month. Books bought, sold and exchanged.

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.

Mail Train at 3:50 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 4:10 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 8:10 p.m., and at Sand Point at 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 5:20 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m. 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE SAND POINT—9:10 a.m.; 4:30 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 9:10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT, Manager.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1761-v

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from WEDNESDAY, 15th SEPT. Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 12:30 P.M
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 4:00 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6 45 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No. 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4.40 P.M. arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 6:30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.25 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, Ottawa

R. LUTTRELL, Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa Sept 9th, 1871

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the BROCKVILLE and OTTAWA RAILWAY will be held at BROCKVILLE on the 10th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon a lease of the section of the said Railway lying between CARLETON PLACE and SAND POINT to the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun., Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY will be held at OTTAWA on the 11th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon the accepting of a lease from the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company of that section of their Railway lying between Carleton Place and Sand Point, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun., Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

OF THE

AGRICULTURAL & ARTS ASSOCIATION

OF ONTARIO,

To be held at Kingston,

On the 25th to 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Persons intending to exhibit will please take notice that the Entries of articles in the respective classes must be made with the Secretary, at Toronto, on or before the undermentioned dates, viz:

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before Saturday, August 26th.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery and Manufactures generally, on or before Saturday, September 2nd.

Horticultural Products, Ladies' Work, the Fine Arts, &c., on or before Saturday, September 16th.

Prize Lists and Blank Forms for making the entries upon, can be obtained of the Secretaries of all Agricultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes throughout the Province.

HUGH C. THOMSON, Sec'y Agricultural and Arts Association

Toonto, August 15, 1871. 1745-d&w

THE BOHEMIAN'S ANACREONTIC.

Here
With my beer
I sit
While golden moments flitt;
Alas!
They pass
Unheeded by;
And, as they fly,
I,
Being dry,
Sit, idly sipping here
My beer.

O, finer far
Than fame or riches are
The graceful smoke-wreaths of this free cigar.

Why
Should I
Weep, wail or sigh?
What if luck has passed me by,
What if my hopes are dead—
My pleasures fled?
Have I not still
My fill
Of right good cheer—
Cigars and beer.

Go, whining youth,
For soothe,
Go, weep and wail,
Sigh and grow pale,
Weave melancholy rhyme,
Of the olden times,
Whose joys like shadowy ghosts appear—
But leave me to my beer!
Gold is dross—
Love is loss—
So if I gulp my sorrows down,
Or, see them drown
In foamy draughts of old nut brown,
Then I do wear the crown
Without the cross.

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XXXVI.

SHADOWS.

(CONTINUED.)

At which juncture David Johnstoun paused, the memory of his wrongs and his sorrows evidently preventing utterance. It was not himself alone, however; remember, wife and children had suffered likewise—wife and children had worked hard, been out of their beds winter and summer before the "screech of day," and put up the shutters only as a preliminary to seek their couches; and behold, they were all, by the act and folly of one man, involved in a common ruin.

"I set it as well as I could," Mr. Johnstoun resumed. "He paid his betting people, and I called a meeting of our creditors. I told them just my position—how I had been deceived by a man who wanted to make money too fast; how there was a good business still to the fore; now if they gave me time I would, please the Lord, pay every man his due. I told them more than that; how I had given McPhail a hundred pounds in hard cash to go out of the business, and how he had gone, and that if they liked to trust and depend on me, I would settle to the uttermost farthing.

"So they trusted in me, and I hope I never deceived them; though, so far as this world is concerned, it might have been better for me me if I had. If you believe me, I grudged the very 'bus lad his threepence when it has been too far or too wet for me to walk home, so anxious was I to get out of debt. I did the marketing, and my wife the managing; and, eh! what I had lost I saved, and I was more than out of debt—I had fifty pounds before me in the world, when who should walk in one day and pitch off his hat, and begin to serve a customer, just as if nothing had happened, but Matthew McPhail.

"'Haven't you made some mistake?' said I to him in my amazement.

"'Oh! not the least, he answered; 'and are not you glad to see me back again?'

"'No, I'm not,' I said, 'and what is more, I don't intend to have you back.'

"'Oh! that is the way of it, is it?' says he; 'and since how long, Johnstoun, my friend, have you been sole master here?'

"'Since I paid the hundred pounds you had in hard cash, and paid the debts you let me in for,' I made reply.

"'But you did not gazette the dissolution of partnership; and so, my boy, I am your partner still, and mean to remain your partner till the end of the chapter.'"

"What a vagabond!" exclaimed Andrew Hardell.

"I think that," answered David; "but other people say 'not so—you are to be blamed for your want of caution;' but how was I to know? I had never served an apprenticeship to a lawyer—I knew nothing about the Gazette. I gave him a hundred pounds in sovereigns, golden sovereigns, and painted his name out from over our door, and how could I tell that was all no good at all?"

"What makes you think it was no good?" Andrew asked.

"I have been to my Writer, and he has been to his, and between them they make it out that whatever he likes to do I am accountable for, and that whatever debt he likes to contract I must pay, and that whatever money I make, or have made, he is entitled to the half of."

"Suppose I see my lawyer, and ask his opinion," suggested Andrew. "It seems hard, but it may be right. We understand that, don't we, both of us? However, we will not conclude it to be right till we know."

"Thank you," David responded, humbly enough, for London ways and London anxieties had taken a good deal of the Scotch starch out of him. "It is of no use for the like of me to go to a Writer, for he hands it over to his clerk, and the clerk, being only a trifle better than myself, can not be troubled, and so poor men go to the wall."

"Aye—in every position and in every case poor men do go to the wall," said Andrew, with a sort of subdued passion.

"You did not say that in your sermon to-night," David remarked slyly. "You said there were angels to guide angels to uphold—angels to prevent, and—"

"I was only preaching then," Andrew said, with a certain ashamed modesty—with a certain gratified pride.

"Ah! sir, being a poor man, and in trouble, I hoped you were telling the truth, and I hope you were still, though it may have been without your knowledge."

And with this Parthian shot David Johnstoun bade the popular preacher good-night, and walked backed slowly and meditatingly towards Old Street.

CHAPTER XXXVII.

SPECULATIVE.

When Mr. Hardell returned to his hotel, after parting with David Johnstoun, he wrote a note to his wife, stating that he should be detained in town by business possibly for a day or two, but that he should return to Eclin as soon as possible; which letter Joy reading by the light of her own pleasant fancies, translated to mean that he had at length determined to take possession of the rents and lands of his deceased kinsman; and forthwith she commenced indulging in many a bright day-dream of all the good they would do, of all the happiness they should enjoy—he and she together—when he occupied his suitable position as the owner of a fine estate, and she at last saw him stand on the heights her proud affection had always desired he should attain.

"I only hope it may be so, my dear," said Mr. Alton, in answer to a remark from his daughter that she felt certain "Anthony must be intending to bring a delightful surprise back with him;" but his tone was dubious and his face grave, for there had grown up a distrust which he could not have explained, and which he would not have dared to analyze, concerning the matter of his son-in-law's inheritance.

It is true that he had not the remotest suspicion of the actual state of the case—facts which lie close at hand are generally overlooked in favor of conjectures that have to be sought farther afield—but he was growing daily and hourly anxious with that sort of sickening anxiety which listens for the footfall of some great and undefined sorrow.

He looked back over every circumstance of Andrew's life since he came to Eclin, and found nothing there to reassure his confidence.

The man had confessed to a secret in his life; after marriage, as well as before he had courted privacy, of his own free will; Mr. Alton knew he would never even have preached in a strange church, or accompanied his wife to a dinner party, or invited a visitor within their doors. Where other men had old College friends whom they were glad to welcome, he had not even an acquaintance besides George Trelwyn, and him he scarcely seemed to feel an acquisition to their home circle.

All of this might of course have arisen from eccentricity; there have been people ere now that preferred their own company to any other—and who shall say altogether without reason, considering the company many are forced to keep? but then he had confessed to a mystery, and Mr. Alton racked his brain to imagine what that mystery might be.

As a rule, he connected it with the Dumfries trial. The world—which hinted dark things from time to time about his son-in-law—had never felt quite satisfied concerning Mrs. Challerson—indeed, had indicated so much, that on one occasion Mr. Alton felt it necessary to question Andrew on the subject.

"I have never seen her save once since that trial," he answered, with that sort of desperate resolution which he had trained himself to maintain under fire.

"And there was no truth in the rumors which were and are afloat concerning you both?"

"On my word, No."

"And your friend—Andrew Hardell?" Mr. Alton persisted.

"Cared no more for her than I."

"Then the unhappy husband had no cause for jealousy?"

"I will not say that," the other answered. "There was a person, I have reason now to believe, from whom he should have protected his wife; but that person was neither Andrew Hardell nor myself. Had his name been mentioned in court, it is just possible the Scotch verdict might have been different, and Andrew Hardell's life too."

"What sort of a man was Andrew Hardell?" Mr. Alton asked.

"He was weak, and he thought himself strong; he was young, and he thought himself clever. He had lived among people who had made the most of the abilities he possessed; and the world had never taught him a lesson till it turned him out of Dumfries court-house a ruined man."

"Where is he now?"

"That is best known to himself," was the reply.

"Do you never hear from him?"

"He would not be likely to write to me."

And so the conversation dropped; and Mr. Alton felt comparatively satisfied, until the question of succession again threw an apple of discord into that once happy household.

"Are you waiting for tidings from Andrew Hardell?" Mr. Alton asked suddenly one morning, the idea of such a possibility having just occurred to him.

Andrew Hardell, standing by a window looking out over the park, winced as though Mr. Alton had stabbed him.

It was a moment before he could steady his voice to answer, but then he said "No" in a tone which stopped further inquiry.

For all these reasons, and many more too apparently trivial to enumerate, Mr. Alton felt that if his son-in-law were really remaining in town for the purpose of making arrangements to take possession of his inheritance, an almost unendurable load would be lifted off his mind; but then, on the other hand, he could not conjecture what news could have been communicated on the Sunday.

"We can not tell anything about it until his return," he remarked, feeling at the same time it was quite possible they might be able to tell just as little when he did return.

Wherein he chanced to be mistaken—the beginning of the end was at hand; and in such cases the beginning is usually very near the end.

Meanwhile, unknowing of his wife's hopes, of his father in law's doubts, Andrew Hardell went next day to see his solicitors, who advised in the first instance to see whether no compromise could be made with Mr. McPhail.

"He has clearly the law on his side," the partner who chanced to be in remarked.

"And—" suggested Mr. Hardell.

"With such a blackguard the law is everything," finished the man he addressed.

"Then," observed Mr. Hardell, "you will excuse my saying I do not think much of the law."

"I have yet to make the acquaintance of any one who does," said the solicitor blandly, "unless it may be we who live by it."

To be continued.

TOWEL COSTUMES.

The great novelty in travelling dresses are the Baden-Baden towel costumes, that are literally made of the rough brown bath toweling, which we know better as Turkish. One of these suits was made in the form of a polonaise, body and skirt in one, very buffoante at the back, the sleeves rather of a large coat-sleeve form, trimmed round and down the front, round the neck and skirt, with four or five cross-cut bands of chocolate-colored cambric, the petticoat being of the same cambric, made with a succession of flounces, and strange as it may seem, there was nothing at all *outree* in the appearance, but it was rather warm and heavy. Various other species of toweling are now converted into polonaises, and worn over bright-colored petticoats. That useful material, chambertin, a kind of canvas cloth of a dark-brown holland color, is very much sold for travelling dresses for immediate wear where no warmth is required. Among the prettiest style of make is the following:—A skirt long enough to touch the ground, with a straight cut flounce from the knee, put on in box plaits; at the edge of this a narrow cross-cut flounce, edged with white lace; the tunic trimmed with white narrow lace, and made to tie up the back, which is so easy for packing; a semi-tight fitting jacket, the basques cut up in tabs, edged round with crossway tucks of the material laid on with piping, and edged top and bottom with lace. Brown hollands are always useful for travelling; they are made just now with flat crossway tucks, and piped at the top, and are very easily washed and packed. Nearly all the jackets of such costumes are semi-tight-fitting. I have also seen several made flounces to the waist, and over this a loose jacket, the basques cut in square tabs, and a ruching of the holland all round, edged both sides with lace. Still the polonaise is the fashion of the year; and whether for traveling dresses or anything else is most worn. Serges, for Scotland or anywhere where warmth is required, are still much in request, especially black. I have seen several trimmed with bands of the same, piped with red, and worn over a red petticoat; other black ones are trimmed with very broad braid and fringe. One of the old shade of naval blue I saw trimmed round the skirt and tunic with four rows of inch-wide braid, with loops of the same close together under the bottom and above the top row; an inexpensive and very effective style. Most of the jackets are made loose, and the bodies so arranged that they can be worn with or without them as they may be required.

A VERY THRILLING ADVENTURE.

When I was United States Consul to Rio Janerio, says Dr. John Carroll I passed a night of horror, which morning revealed under the most painfully distressing circumstances, and the mournful results of which could have been so easily prevented had it not been for negligence on my part, that I have never ceased to blame myself for the horrible death that occurred.

A rich trader from the interior called at the consulate to transact some business in regard to the shipment of hides and tallow to the United States, and as he came bringing a letter of introduction from an old friend of mine, I extended to him the hospitality of my residence.

He was a sociable, well informed man had been engaged in the cattle trade, both in California and Australia, and could relate thrilling incidents by the hour, and so interested me by his conversation that I forgot an import business transaction, and found myself compelled to make my excuse after tea, for the purpose of attending to it, leaving the trader on the verandah to enjoy his smoke. I was absent longer than I had intended to be, and returned to find my guest had retired for the night.

I also found upon my table a bottle, accompanied by a note, but supposing it to be some present of wine or some other drink, which I was the daily recipient of, I left it to be examined and perhaps tested by my guest and myself at the breakfast table next morning, and retired.

The weather being very warm, it was my custom to leave the inner doors of my residence all open for a free circulation of air, but this night I retired feeling an unusual oppression from the heat, and there seemed to be some strange influence acting upon me, some forboding of fear that held me in wakefullness far into the night, and then when sleep came to me it was in fitful starts, filled with hideous dreams, from which I would awake with a cold perspiration on my brow.

It was perhaps 2 o'clock when I was aroused by a most unearthly groan, and springing up in bed, saw the most fearful sight I ever beheld, almost freezing the blood in my veins—a hideous form robed in white, with its mouth and clothing all flecked with bloody foam, each hair seemed to stand separate from the other upon its head, and its eyes deathly glaring as it came toward me with outstretched hands uttering the most unearthly groans. In horror I sprang out of bed and ran, pursued by the awful form as I crouched here and there to escape it; but on it came, growing more fearful as it approached. At last I thought of the latticed closet in the adjoining room and fled for it, my very knees knocked with fear, reaching it and closing the door as my ghastly pursuer put his hands through the board lattice work, reaching far in after me; but I was safe from pursuit at last, and in the feeling of security my strength all gave way, and there I lay upon the floor in helplessness, as I stared out at the fearful form that was clinging to the lattice, trying to reach me, while it uttered the most pitiful moans.

The excitement had been too much for my weak frame, as I had only recovered from an exhausting illness, and I swooned away under it. How long I lay in an insensible condition I know not, but when I recovered, the horrible form was still there, but it had fallen by the door and was lying still with its face upturned and its eyes fixed in a deathly glare.

Oh, heavens, what could it be! It was no phantom of air, and yet I could not believe it to be a human form; was it some victim of a premature burial from the plague that had torn away from the imprisonment of the coffin and come to pursue me with its deadly contagion? I shuddered to think it, and then I was forced to remain in my fright and weakness within in my fearful and ghastly form, visible from the dim light I always kept burning in my rooms at night. The moments dragged by like hours, and hours seemed like ages, and still day would not come.

Again I swooned away, and when next I revived the broad daylight was streaming in on the stark, stiff form laying at the door.

O, heavens, it was the trader! And yet it was difficult in those fearfully distorted and foam covered features to recognise him; but it was my guest—such a guest and such a host! What an unintentional turn my hospitality had taken! And what a pitiful appeal my guest was making to me, had I but known it!

I rang for the inmates of the house, and they came and gazed upon the fearful yet pitiful sight.

My servant came and threw more light upon the matter by telling me that the trader had given him the bottle and note, and particularly insisted upon giving it to me and calling my attention to it on my return. The note was brought, I read it, and all was explained; alas, too late.

The trader was subject to fearful fits, and the bottle contained the medical preparation that would relieve him; and his note explained all, and requested me, in the event of his being taken, to give him a wine glassful, and bathe his face and hands till he recovered.

Poor fellow! genial, but unfortnate guest of mine, we placed his body in a vault to await his family, and I have never ceased to blame myself for the mishap that sent him off into that long eternity.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 13.—A special despatch to the *Times* from Versailles says that Thiers sent a message to the Assembly, on Tuesday, which will be read to-day. He urges the adoption if the proposition for the provisional increase of taxes. He is sorry that the weariness of the members and the approach of the vocation prevents the discussion of new taxes with necessary freedom of mind and thinks it is best that the Chamber soon separate and reassemble at an early day. In conclusion the President says he relies on the patriotism of the country to preserve the perfect tranquility and order which France needs to revive its credit.

UNITED STATES.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 12.—The China dates state that the American Minister Delong has recently compelled the British *charge d'affaires* at Yokohama to apologise for insulting remarks concerning America in general and himself in particular. He also compelled the English editor of the Japanese *Mail* to publish an abject apology for publishing a scurrilous document purporting to have been issued from the American Consulate. All the foreign Ministers except the American have been called home to consult with their Government concerning the revision of treaties with China and Japan and European and American nations. There is great anxiety among all classes in China to know what action the United States will take in relation to future dealings with China. There is general feeling among Americans and in the Navy against uniting with other foreign Governments, under any circumstances.

BUCHAREST, Sept. 12.—The people of this city are excited by the false report that Jews had sacrificed a Christian Child, and made an attack upon them in the market place. The Government promptly interrupted them with a strong force. Gens D'Armes arrested the leaders of the riot and restored order. No attempt has been made to renew the disturbance.

AUGUSTA, Sept. 12.—Governor Perham's majority will be between 10 and 11,000. Republicans have carried every county but one.

All the year round, "Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders" should be given to horses that are "kept up." To horses and cattle that graze in summer they should only be given in winter and spring.

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers,including a variety

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H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Wanted—M. C.
Agricultural Implements—W. Abbott.

The Ottawa Times.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1871.

For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Mr. McMicken will probably leave Ottawa for the North-West to-day, although he may be detained until to-morrow.

The Toronto *Telegraph* has brought forward some startling charges against the Inspector of the Welland Canal, and states that a large amount of water is wasted daily in consequence of his neglect. We understand that Sir George Cartier, with his usual vigilance and regard for the public interest, has already instructed Mr. Page, Chief Engineer of the Department of Public Works, to proceed to the West and ascertain the real condition of the Welland Canal.

Poor Renforth's words, "Oh, Harry, I've had something!" not unnaturally induce the belief that he had been poisoned. It is satisfactory, however, to know that the result of the *post mortem* examination shows that no traces of poison were to be found in the stomach of the deceased, and that the state of the lungs quite accounts for his death. At the time when the St. John rowers have few friends, it is, perhaps, but justice to them to call attention to the fact that Renforth's death was "caused by over exertion combined by great mental excitement."

THE IMMIGRATION CONFERENCE.

We are glad to hear that the Immigration Conference, which is to be held here next week, is likely to prove a success. We are quite sure that the Minister of Agriculture, &c., is most anxious to render it so, and that he will spare no pains in order to try and devise some mode of concerted action between the Dominion and Local Governments, with a view of obtaining for Canada that share of old world emigration, to which she is fairly entitled. We trust that all those who attend the Conference will understand that it is not a merely formal meeting, but is called for the purpose of solving a great question, upon the true solution of which the future progress of the Dominion very much depends. We are pleased to hear that our new sister province, British Columbia, is likely to be represented at the Conference.

GRIT ABSURDITY.

Mr. Mair describes Manitoba as in a very promising condition, even after all the drawbacks to which the settlers have been subjected from the wretched policy pursued toward them by the Dominion Government. He speaks in high praise of the Judge Johnston, of Montreal, who is now in the Territory adjusting the losses sustained by the loyalists at the hands of the rebels. That gentleman is acting with even-handed justice towards all. The surveyors sent out by the Government have just got to work. The treaty with the Indians (referred to in another column) Mr. Mair thinks a favorable one, and one that will insure permanent peace to the settler.—*Perth Courier.*

Here is a fine specimen of that bigotry and absurdity which characterize the majority of Grit newspapers and in none shine forth more conspicuously than in the Perth *Courier*. If in the course of a year the Dominion Government and the Dominion Government's servants have adjusted the claims of the loyalists so satisfactorily, dealing out "even handed justice to all"; if the land surveyors have got to work, and a treaty with the Indians has been arranged that "insures permanent peace to the settler,"—what reason or sense is there in talking about "the wretched policy" of the Dominion Government? It appears to us that according to the *Courier's* own statement, they have done a pretty fair year's work with regard to Manitoba, and that their "policy" has proved remarkably succesful. With these great and important questions so satisfactorily settled, of what can the settlers have to complain? However, this is a very fair specimen of Grit inconsistency and folly. No matter what a Grit orator or a Grit journalist has to say, they are so bitterly opposed to the Dominion Government that they are compelled of necessity to bring some charge against them, though the facts to which they refer prove the charge to be incorrect. We have heard of a stammerer who was never able to speak coherently until he had first indulged in an oath, after which he got along swimmingly. The case of these Grits appears to be somewhat similar. They must first, as a matter of form and habit, abuse the Government before they can write or talk about any other subject.

A RECKLESS SPIRIT.

We have not cared to make editorial reference to the dreadful and unnatural crimes which have lately been brought to light in the city of New York, neither do we think that either reason or common sense justify us in ascribing those crimes to the existence of a Republican form of Government, as we notice that some of our contemporaries have done. We cannot help thinking however, that the crime of child-murder in whatever shape it is perpetrated, together with many of those fearful railway and steamboat accidents which have lately occurred in the neighbouring Republic involving such terrible loss of life, result from that reckless *coute qui coute* spirit which prevails among the American people. "Go ahead!" is the phrase which serves as the watchword of American society of all classes, from the banker who engages in speculations which must either make him or break him, down to the railway conductor who shouts "go ahead," and starts his train, without first enquiring, as his English *confrere* would do, whether everything is "all right." A spirit of recklessness and unhealthy daring has sprang up which gradually and by insensible degrees has been acquired by American men and women generally, the sure result of which eventually is not only to make them careless of human life, but of other matters more precious than life itself.

We do not, as we before said, believe that this state of things is entirely the result of Republicanism. On the contrary we know that such is not the case. Whatever may be the form of political institutions which exist, in every young society the same spirit is manifested in a greater or less degree. We are not entirely free from it in Canada, although it does not flourish here to anything like the same extent as in the neighboring Republic, and has therefore been attended with far less shocking results. We owe this, in a very great degree, to the fact that we have not only clung to a political union with Great Britain, but have also striven to follow the more steady going habits and customs of the Mother Land. We have not altogether exchanged the "All right" of England for the "Go ahead" of America, nor must we do so if we would really be prosperous and progressive. In all matters, whether political or social, let us first, in accordance with the old maxim "be sure we are right and then go ahead." Thus we shall not only avoid present errors, but we shall be saved from the growth of a reckless spirit, which careless of consequences and having little thought for the future, will in time destroy all that is good and true, and undermine the only real safeguards of national greatness and prosperity.

"WESTWARD HO!"

An English contemporary undertakes to enlighten its readers concerning Canadian affairs. It says, "The English public must not suppose that civilization ends at Montreal; there is a considerable quantity of well cultivated and available lands to the Westward." When we bear in mind that the journal in question is inclined to Radicalism, and cannot therefore be expected to have devoted much time or trouble to colonial affairs, it is extremely gratifying to find it so well informed. It is perfectly correct in asserting that there *is* a considerable quantity of well cultivated lands west of Montreal. In fact, our contemporary might have gone so far as to state that throughout the entire Province of Ontario there are several clearings to be found, where in spite of winter and wolves, bears and buffaloes, the hardy Canadian farmers manage to exist and make money. He might have added also that we have a small parcel of available lands (say some 30,000,000 or 40,000,000 of acres) in the Province of Manitoba and the Territory of the North West, which we are prepared to give away to actual settlers. It is encouraging however to find an English journal so well up in Canadian affairs as it is, and so alive to the fact that "Westward the march of Empire takes its way." In the course of time this writer will learn that several settlements have been formed among the forests and prairies of the Far-West, and that a few wigwams have been erected at the North West extremity of Lake Ontario and called Toronto. We have also a railroad or two West of Montreal and are building some more, besides carrying on other works of considerable magnitude and importance as fast as the Red Indians will permit us to do so in safety.

THE *GLOBE* HATES TO GIVE UP A GOOD LIE.

To the Editor of the Leader:

SIR,—Every one knows that the *Globe* originally accused the Hon. Sandfield Macdonald of using a *profane expression when the Strathroy deputation called on him.* At first it was boldly asserted that the expression was used to the deputation! There was no reservation, *that it might or might not* be true. It was one of the *Globe's* bold lies as to a public man, whom it maliciously wished to injure; and this lie has done its worst, and many a man will believe it.

On the 28th of August he was forced to put in his paper a flat contradiction by two of the deputation in these words:

"SIR,—In your edition of the 24th inst., we notice an editorial with reference to the deputation that left here to visit the Hon. Sandfield Macdonald on the question of the Registry Office. We wish you to insert this in your columns in fairness to that honourable gentleman. We can safely say that a deputation never was received with more courteousness than was the deputation that left here. We distinctly deny the charge made against the Hon. Sandfield Macdonald, in which you say he met the deputation with. "What the h—ll has Strathroy done for me?" but certainly feel it our duty to tender the Hon. Sandfield Macdonald our thanks for the manner in which we were received by him, and the information he extended to us.

"JAMES D. DERRAN,
"WM. MURDOCK.

"Strathroy, Aug. 25, 1871."

Having thus been caught in a public slander, it wickedly flounders out of the scrape, by saying "Well, if Sandfield did not use the expression to the deputation, he did so after they left."

Now, does the public want a greater proof than this of the want of principle of the *Globe*? And if it is not to be relied on in one thing, how can it be in another? It acted in the same way with regard to McGee It acted in the same way with regard to Col. Gray. He was accused of being *basely bribed* by the Hon. Mr. McPherson about the award between Ontario and Quebec! And when it turned out that quite the coutrary was the case, the *Globe* had not the honour or candour to deny it. Is a great paper like the *Globe* (which really ought to be the public medium of a large and honourable party) to be made the mean vehicle of slanders against public men, simply because they are politically obnoxious! What good comes of this wilful lying? It is sure to be found out.

A great deal of the *buncombe trash* we see in the *Globe* as to public meetings is of the same kind. Half we see there was not said, nor well said. So with regard to its public censures of the acts of the Government, many of them are hasty and without any foundation.

The *Globe* feels very sore about this last matter; it has been so palpably caught.

All we can say is—*don't do so again!* Try and be fair and honest to public men. And the *Globe* is continually talking about bribing me with office. What would the friends of this paper do? Would its friends never bribe with office, or rather give offices to its best friends? Can any Government be carried out anywhere except by aid of this kind to the friends of the party in power?

"A LOOKER-ON."

Toronto, Sept, 11, 1871.

THE GREAT EASTERN STEAMSHIP.—Unlike any other exhibition, we believe the sight of this noble vessel has given good satisfaction to the thousands of persons who travelled to Quebec to view her, and well repaid them for their outlay; and it is just so with the "Canadian Pain Destroyer." There never was anything that gave such satisfaction; it relieves pain almost instantly, and is the finest thing in the world for rheumatism, neuralgia, and pains in the stomach, &c. 25 cents will buy a bottle of it. Sold by all medicine dealers.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 13, 11 a.m.

2 p.m.—It is now half an hour past the starting time. About five thousand are on the ground betting strongly in favour of the Winship-Taylor crew. A high wind is blowing from the east, and it is whispered the race will be postponed. Weather rough and generally squally.

6 p.m.—Ferry boats are crowded with citizens, and anchored off the course.

Judges' boat *The Victoria*, is in a convenient position, and containing members of the Press, Mayor and Members of the Corporation and chief citizens of the city with their families, and referees of the race. The names are as follows;

J. McDonald, Boston, Renforth; Major Wallace, Tyne; W. Notman, Boston; McNaughton, Montreal.

Patrons of the Regatta—His Honor Judge Coursol, Mayor of Montreal; Sir Hugh Allan, C. J. Brydges, Hon. Hystead, Wm. McNaughton, and Mayor of Longueuil.

2.45 p. m.—The wind is increasing and the waves is minutely rising, telling unmistakeably that the race will not come off, at least satisfactorily.

3.20 p. m.—A short lull-wind subsiding slightly. The Taylor-Winship crew is reported ready and will appear with the boat. The wind suddenly increases. There is great dissatisfaction among the spectators, who suspect foul play and declare the water ample for any rowing.

5.30 p. m.—The matters were set at rest by a general announcement from the judges' barges, that the race is postponed to one o'clock to-morrow, weather permitting. The wind increased and all returned home disappointed as the enthusiasm and interest may be said to have passed off by repeated mishaps.

At 3 p. m. the fifth Provincial Synod reassembled, the Metropolitan in the chair. His Lordship's address was excellent and he congratulated his Metropolitan Diocese on the progress of the last three years and trusted, under God and unity of the Church, that past influences were but the precursors of the future good which should accrue to the faithful and of a good time to come. The appearance of Sister Synods from New Brunswick and Nova Scotia were a new and happy phase in the church history of the Metropolitan Church. His prayer, and that of the entire Synods, should be—that wise legislation might ensue and a bond of unity be cemented which should carry one feeling and church government, both spiritual and temperal, throughout the length and breadth of this Dominion. The bishops present were:—Most Rev. Ashton Oxenden, D. D., Lord Bishop of Montreal, and Metropolitan of China; Right Rev. J. Travers Lewis, Lord Bishop of Ontario; Right Rev. A. N. Bethune, Lord Bishop of Toronto; Right Rev. Isaac J. Hellmuth, Bishop of Norfolk; Right Rev. Herbert Benny, Lord Bishop of Nova Scotia. Ven. Archdeacon Patton was elected Prolocutor, and Arch Deacon Bond Deputy Prolocutor; Rev. Chas. Hamilton was elected Clerical Secretary, and Frederick McKenzie Lay Secretary, and C. J. Brydges Treasurer. The attendance of Delegates, both Lay and Clerical, was very full.

The St. John Evangelist Church, the notorious popish imitator, of this city, and the scene of the Rev. J. Prune's suspension from the Ministry by the Bishop for the dissemination of Romish Tracts has just united in a resolution of censure on His Lordship. The resolution is couched in the most rebellious terms, and a Dr. Drake has given himself no good position in the matter.

Hon Chief Justice Draper, delegate to the Synod, is in the city.

The depth of the water on the flats of Lake St. Peter this morning is 10 feet, making 19 feet in the channel. There were twelve feet this day last year. Ships with lumber stopped for want of sailing depth to-day.

The body found yesterday, was identified as Louis Phaneuf, one of the hands on the barge Mary, who was lost overboard Friday night. The verdict was found drowned.

The City Revenue up to the end of last month was found to be in excess $1,500 of the amount collected up to the corresponding period last year.

The flags of the Richelieu Company's Line hung at half mast yesterday, on account of the death of Jos. Mondor, the company's agent at Sorel.

Col. Booker, late of Hamilton, in business here, is at the point of death. The Ridgway persecution is said to have killed him.

The weather is cool, with heavy winds from the northeast.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 13.—The report that Vernon Lavcourt intends to resign his seat in Parliament is false.

The Allan Steamship conveying mails to Halifax, will hereafter leave Liverpool on Wednesdays.

The people of Cardiff are intensely indignant that the American ship Harellet has put into that port with cholera on board.

The American institution of the street railways opened to the public use in the city of Batama.

NEWCASTLE, September 13th.—The strikers league in favor of nine hours for a day's work have issued a manifesto expressing the hope that the fight will be continued until a complete victory is obtained over the employers. The manifesto promises that as long as the strike continues the men shall be provided for. Eight shillings per week will be paid to each man, and one shilling for each child, engaged in the strike.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 13.—M. De Tocquvill, nephew of the late distinguished statesman and politician, will probably receive the appointment of French Minister to Washington.

The *France* reports that the affairs of the Convent of the Trinity at Rome has been settled, the French protectorate having been acknowledged.

Orders to put in force the law for the the disarmament of the National Guard has been sent to the Departments of Rhone, Gard and Loire.

The *Patrie* intimates that after the recess the Duke D'Aumale and Prince de Joinville will take their seats in the Assembly.

VERSAILLES, Sept. 13.—In the Assembly to-day a long message from Thiers was received, the reading of which lasted half an hour. Thiers says the members have well earned a suspension of their arduous labors. He promises in the meantime to work incessantly for the reorganization of the Country, and frankly asks the deputies to ascertain from their constituents at home whether the Country wishes for the reconstruction based on the glorious traditions of a thousand years or for the abandonment of the ship of state to a torrent leading to an unknown future. In brief, whether the people want the monarchy or the republic. The President says he submits to the decision of the budget committees, his only reason for asking additional taxes, being to provide for the redemption of the debt. He concludes with an exhortation to the members to work like a crew in danger of shipwreck with the port in sight. The message was coldly received from passages provoking laughter. The assembly then proceeded to discuss and finally adopted a bill providing for the prorogation of the session from the 17th of September until the 4th December 1871. The main feature of the bill is the appointment of a committee of 25 to control the Government during the recess.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Sept. 13—It is thought that the census of Berlin now being taken will show a population of nine hundred thousand.

SALLSBURG, Sept. 13—It has been decided by Bismarck, Von Buest, and other diplomatists, who remained here after the departure of Emperors William and Francis Joseph, to suppress the International Society and to settle finally the Schleswig question.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Sept. 13.—The Minister of Interior has issued an order for the dismissal of all police inspectors who have failed to execute the orders issued by the Government in relation to gambling houses.

King Amadeus has entirely recovered and is at Tarragona, where he was enthusiastically welcomed.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 13.—King of the Belgians has sent a letter of thanks to the crew of the United States' war steamer *Junia*, for saving the lives of the crew of the boat that capsized in Scheldt.

Latest American Telegrams,

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

NEWBURY, N. Y., Sept. 13.—The Ward Brothers reached their home at Cornwall this afternoon, and had an enthusiastic reception. The Wards say they will row no more races individually this season, and never against a four oared crew; that they have beaten the best crew in the world and are satisfied.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Sept. 13.—There are three deaths from Yellow Fever today.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—The *Post's* Washington special says:—It is possible that, in order to be relieved of the presence here of the Russian Minister Catacazy, our Government may be compelled to send him from the country. This posibility has led to an examination as to whether International Law or well established precedents would justify such a course on the part of the United States, in case the Russian Government refuse to call the objectionable minister as Catacazy's friends assert it will do. Our own authorities are slow to believe, however, that Russia will pursue such a course, as, by so doing, she would interrupt the friendly relations so long existing between the two nations Whether Catacazy is recalled or not it is certain that he will not be suffered to remain here much longer in his present diplomatic capacity. The examination above alluded to establishes the fact that, according to the authority of International Law, a foreign minister is subject to be summararily sent away if, in judgment of the Court at which he resides, he has done anything to justify so positive an act as if the Government sees fit to proceed in an absolute manner to demand the recall of the offending Minister by his own Government, and even if no misconduct be imputed to such Minister, still the Government to which he is accredited may refuse to receive him or may send him away merely for the reason that he is a person with whom from whatever cause diplomatic or personal relations cannot be maintained, and the Government to which such refusal or dismissed Minister belongs has no right to take umbrage at an act of dismissal.

For the last week or 10 days there has been great excitement among the clerks and employers of the post office. Suspicions of a heavy defalcation in the money Department are rife on all sides. But few of the actual facts have yet come to light, but enough is known to show conclusively that one high in trust has defrauded the Department of a large sum. It is known that John W. Norton, Assistant Post Master under the late James Kelly, and latterly Superintendent of the Money Order Department is a defaulter to the extent of from 100,000 to 150,000 dollars. Norton drew on the United States Assistant Treasurer at the Sub-Treasury for 1,420,000 dollars, ostensibly for use in the Post Office Department, which he is known to have used in sundry speculations in Wall Street. He is the owner of valuable property in Jersey, where he resides. Among other things he has sported a $10,000 race horse. He was arrested at his home and his property, including the horse, was seized. He compounded with the Government, however, and resigned his position. John Moona, Clerk in the Post Office, has been detected opening money letters. He was arrested and held to bail in the sum of $10,000. He has been employed in the office for 15 years, and owns valuable property in Brooklyn. Many other employees in the office are suspected of similar crimes.

It is stated that Ingersoll, the Court House chair maker, has fled to Europe.

A great procession of the various workingmen's unions in a demonstration of their intention to insist on the 8 hours a day rule took place to-day, notwithstanding the inclement condition of the weather, though it was nearly three o'clock p.m., before the signal was given for starting. There were at least 10,000 society members in line, with as many more persons following on the sidewalks, and in rear of the societies. The members were neatly dressed, and the majority wore aprons handsomely trimmed. A small cannon drawn by 8 men attired in white, bearing the inscription, "eight hours peaceably if we can, forcibly if we must." While the men were assembling a cannon which was being fired exploded, severely injuring Henry Smith, of Westchester; another man and a boy were injured.

CUBA.

HAVANA, Sept. 13.—The local authorities in various parts of the Island have sent to Havana over 2,000 Chinese. Of some the term of apprenticeship has not expired, while others are runaways. The first named, according to previous laws must return themselves or leave Cuba, the last named will be delivered to their masters.

The notorious insurgent Lane and five others have delivered themselves up.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 13.—An abcess with which Queen Victoria had been for some time afflicted was opened on the fourth instant and is now healing satisfactorily.

The training ship *Racer* which has been ashore at Ryde, Isle-of-Wight was floated yesterday.

It is announced that thirty-five colliers and iron workers in Momouthshire, Wales, will strike unless a rise of ten per cent. in wages is accorded them.

The cotton exhibition is proposed to be held in Manchester in 1872.

Prof. Robt Bently, publisher of the *Temple Bar*, died to-day.

The election for a Member of Parliament is proceeding at Truro, and the indications are that Hogg, the Conservative candidate, will beat Jenkins, the Liberal candidate.

The great Downcaster St. Leger Race comes off to-day. There is great enthusiasm over it, and the betting is enormous.

The introduction in the London market of a Paraguya loan of £1,000,000 sterling is imminent.

The Great Doncaster St. Leger Race came off this afternoon, and was won by Baron Rothschilds' Filly Hannah, winner of the Oaks, with Albert Victor, second; and Ringwood, third

ITALY.

This afternoon's despatch from Italy announces that the Mont Cenis Tunnel has been successfully opened, and that trains are now passing through it without delay.

SARATOGA RACES.

THE AMERICAN VICTORY.

Correspondence of the N. Y. Tribune.

The following is a list of the crews:

The Ward Brothers, Cornwall, N. Y.—Henry Ward, stroke; Josh Ward, Gilbert Ward, and Ellis Ward, bow. Boat, Dunstan, built by Jewett of Dunstan-on-Tyne; aggregate weight, 627 pounds.

Taylor-Winship of England.—Thomas Winship, stroke; Robert Bagnall, Joseph H. Saddler, and James Taylor, bow. Boat built by Jewett of Dunstan-on-Tyne; colors white and blue; aggregate weight, 593 pounds.

The Renforth Crew of England.—Robt. Chambers, stroke; Henry Kelley, John Bright, and James Percy, bow. Boat, Queen Victoria, built by Jewett of Dunstan-on-Tyne; colors black and white; aggregate weight 607 pounds.

The Coulter Biglin Crew, New York and Pittsburgh.—Henry Coulter, stroke; John Biglin, Joseph Kaye, and Barney Biglin, bow. Boat, America, built by Elliott of Greenpoint; colors, red, white, and blue; aggregate weight, 633 pounds.

The Pittsburgh Crew.—William Scharff, stroke; Frederick Nunn, Nicholas Deamarsh, and Conrad Minehart, bow. Paper boat, built by Waters, Balch & Co., Troy, N. Y.; aggregate weight, 613 pounds.

The Dutchess County Crew.—William Stevens, stroke; Charles Burger, Homer Woodin, and William Burger, bow; colors all white; aggregate weight. 685 pounds.

A fairer start was never made. The Wards took the water magnificently, jumping away at 41 strokes, whiles the others hesitated a little as though not quite ready.

At about a quarter of a mile from the start the boats stood in the following order: No. 1, Biglin one length and a half ahead; No. 2, Taylor-Winship, one length ahead of the Tyne, which, in turn, was half a length ahead of the Wards. The Biglins were pulling a tremendous stroke of 44 to the minute, the Tynes 42, the Taylor-Winship 42, and the Wards 41. But the quick stroke of the New York boys could not last, and with a spurt the Winship men, who had dropped to 39, increased their rate to 41 a mile from the start, while the Biglin boys dropped off to 39. The Tyne crew was then making good time, at the rate of 38 strokes a minute, while the Wards, who had taken the lead, pulled easily along at 39. Bright of the Tyne, while doing his work well, showed his inferiority to the other members of his crew, and it was generally remarked that with the lamented Renforth the champion Tynes would be a different oponent for our men. The little steamer was so far behind the boats when they turned the stakes that it was impossible to see their relative positions. It was apparent, however, that the Wards had the race in their own hands as they went around some seconds before any other boat, and started for home in splendid style, never pulling more than 38 or 39 strokes to the minute.

The race having been accorded to the Wards, and the Renforth crew having shaken off the Biglins, a most exciting spurt between the Taylor-Winship and the Biglin crew for the lead and third prize took place. From the little steamer it was impossible to see which was ahead, but it was plain that neither was destined to be far behind the other. As the Ward crew came down the last half mile of the course, three or four lengths ahead of all competitors, and were recognized by the crowds gathered on the banks of the lake, one great shout went up from the multitude, and passing from group to group was repeated by the thousands at the south end. The Ward's crossed the line in 24 minutes 40 seconds from the time of starting, and then with a faster and stronger stroke than they had pulled in any part of the race, they rowed around in front of the grand stand, where they were greeted with the most enthusiastic applause.

THE ENGLISH VICTORY.

"Its the finest sight I ever saw," exclaimed Taylor, the English oarsman, as the six men drew up in a line for the great international single scull race. There was Sadler of the Taylor Winship crew, an aspirant for the proud position of champion sculler of England. Kelley of Renforth-Tyne crew, whose record on English waters, both singly, and in four-oared boats, is the envy of boating men. Ellis Ward who occupied an honorable seat in the winning boat this morning. Bagnall, the youngest man, who took part in the regatta, and another aspirant for England's championship, and John Biglin. Sadler pulled in his own boat, the Duke of Beaufort, and came out from the boat in his brown Jersey, as in the morning. In drawing for position he secured the second place from the eastern end of the line. Kelley, whose place was next to Sadler's on the right, appeared in a white shirt, and was universally admired as he paddled out to his place. The first place on the left was assigned to Bright, the spareman, who came to America with Renforth, and who, unless he does better work than he has done to-day, will have to retire from first class crews. The last man on the right was Bagnall, and his left hand neighbor was Jno. Biglin. On the steamer which followed the boats, as in the morning, were the judges, Josh, Ward, Taylor, and the representatives of the press.

At 4:27:15 the pistol was fired, and all six boats took the water together. Each, except Bright, had removed his shirt before starting, and as they went to their work the light shells seemed fairly to leap through the water. Half a mile down the course two points of the race had been decided. Sadler had left all the others several lengths behind, and Bright was hopelessly in the rear of the others. Bagnall and Wood seemed to lead alternately, while Kelley and Biglin followed closely in the rear. The style of rowing was remarkably alike in all. Sadler and Kelley pulled a smooth stroke, 38 or 40 to the minute, and the others, though they did not seem to bring their oars quite so far back, made up for it in the rapid manner in which they rowed. Kelley was taking it as easily as Ward was, and gaining on him too. Sadler went around his stake-boat first, but had hardly turned when the glistening of the others' oars showed that they too, were on the way home. As they passed on the last half of the third mile Sadler was a long way ahead. Just at this time it was discovered that John Biglin was picking up. As they entered on the last mile, the boats stood, Sadler, a dozen lengths ahead of Kelley; Biglin, four or five behind Kelley, and Ward and Bagnall close together, and pressing hard upon Biglin. From this time on, Sadler just about maintained his position; Kelley reduced the gap between them at least four boats' lenghts, and gained an equal distance on Biglin, while Ward and Bagnall were nose and nose, and remained so until they had passed the home stake. The time was was 30 minutes, 35 seconds. It is the unanimous opinion of all boatmen that this afternoon's contest was the finest single scull race ever rowed in this country.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats,

CARELESSNESS.

Many persons neglect their horse's health and condition until it is too late, when at a trifling expense and no trouble, the horse might have been saved if attended to in time. To all who may have occasion to use article of the kind, we would confidently recommend "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy;" it is without doubt the best preparation in use, as thousands who have used it testify. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

MONEY PANICS.

From the Montreal Gazette.

Panics are periodical. They have been proverbially so from the date of the South Sea Bubble; and generally every decade is marked by some monetary convulsions of more or less intensity. The causes producing such disastrous results are various and differing. Overtrading in commercial transactions, political and fiscal movements, and some times, unfortunately not unfrequently, even unscrupulous and dishonest practices, have all in turn laid the train causing the disastrous explosion. Within the remembrance of the present generation, aye, of those in whose hair the silver forewarnings of coming age have not yet appeared, the mad scramble occurred in dignified old London. When names such as Gurneys, Mastermans and other institutions which had been looked upon as pillars of financial strength, were announced as unable to meet liabilities, a thrill ran through the whole community as to what was to be "next and next." It was not to be expected that within the border of our own Dominion, we should be exempt from like experiences. Unfortunately we can point to our own Bank of Upper Canada, Commercial Bank, and others, as furnishing examples of the inevitable working of incautious and improper straining in the employment of banking and business capital. Warnings on these heads, we are well aware, are but too often lost on those whom they are intended to benefit. Still, as public journalists, it is our duty to utter a word of caution to the general community that they may in the time avoid the path that must inevitably lead, sooner or later, to misery and ruin.

It is too well known that for some days past, with an easy money market at the great centres of London, New York, and other European and American cities, we in Montreal find ourselves suddenly in the midst of a miniature money panic, disorganizing our legitimate business arrangements, and enhancing the cost of legitimate business accommodation. Whatever may be the cause of this state of things, whether, as some assert, it is due to the excessive use of the one man power, or to the inevitable result of inflated prices for Bank stocks and other such securities, it is wrong, it is unreasonable, that such a state of things should exist. We greatly fear that the cause of the trouble is not difficult to find. It is due, in a special degree, to the facilities now afforded here for bold and unbounded speculation, by the system of 'putting up margins,' whereby, both the unwary and the unscrupulous are enabled to deal in property to an extent which is utterly unwarrantable, and which in cases like the present, when loans are recalled without warning, must lead either to the serious embarrassment or ruin of those engaged, whether as operators or lenders. Our banks and capitalists should in the interests of commercial morality as well as in that of the public, set their faces against advances made in this way. The system induces men, who require all their capital for the calls of their legitimate business, to engage in outside speculations, which, on the advent of a panic, are sure to cripple them in their ordinary business. The feverish uncertainty, too, of this gambling spirit, the product of these rash speculations which would never be dreamed of but for the facilities thus afforded for them, unfits men for the ordinary and legitimate every day routine of business life. The mania which seizes men is an all absorbing one, in presence of which tamer pursuits must give away. Disaster is sure, sooner or later, to recoil on the commercial community from a continuation of this course, and Banks and legitimate Bank stock investors will also suffer severely. Surely the evil is one demanding remedy. Surely our various Bank Boards should set their faces against all such accommodation as being a pit-fall for future loss. A common understanding among Bank Managers to discontinue this system, and to refuse peremptorily all such applications, would save many a man from entering on a false course, which can only end in ruin and disappointment.

A BURIED CITY IN MAINE.

The last "field day" of the Maine Historical Society was enlivened by an address from Mr. R. K. Sewell, who said that at a special meeting of the society, held at Augusta in February, 1869, the question of the existence of paved streets at Pemaquid was discussed, some alleging ocular demonstration, and others denying the fact. On motion of the Hon. J. W. Bradbury, a large committee of the society was appointed to visit the spot. On the 25th of August following, that committee proceeded to Bristol, and found the half had not been told, for sections of pavement artistically built of beach cobble stones, with perfect gutters and curbings, were opened and examined, unearthed from the depth of a foot or more of soil, above which the tall-grown grass had long waved and often been shorn and made into hay.

Further examination disclosed other facts, showing that Maine had a mysterious but buried history, to unearth which the citizens of Bristol were promised a field-day exercise in two years from that date by this Society on condition that they would make fuller explanations of their ancient remains, and gather up for the use of the society all the fragments of history within reach, and a special committee was organized to take this duty in charge, the remarkable results of whose efforts in developing the archæology of this spot have seemed to justify the recommendation that a grand shaft be here raised in the interests of the history of Maine, to mark the "beginnings" of New England here uncovered.

J. H. Hackleton of Pemaquid, as the organ of the sub-committee having in charge the exhibit of the newly discovered remains, gave a most full and interesting detail of facts, relics and traditions, supported by affidavits of living eye-witnesses, showing that in 1836 a fragment of a gravestone was turned out by the plow near the ancient burial ground of Jamestown, marked with the date of 1606. He exhibited a leaden ornament, apparently a tag to a roll or piece of cloth, dug up at N. Harbor in 1858, bearing date 1610, and an English letter H. in the center. The affidavit of Mr. Fasset says that in 1753 the ancient canal showed remains four feet high, deep and wide, beamat at that date maple trees eighteen inches in diameter. He also exhibited pipes from the apparent ruins of an ancient factory there, of the patterns of pipes of clay, in all respects like pipes classified, marked, and arranged in a museum of tobacco pipes in Guildhall, London, belonging to the times of James the First and Charles the Second of England, seen there by Mr. Dean, and now compared with the specimens shown. Spoons of the pattern of the Elizabethian period, and in all respects like those dug up at Gosbold's landing on the Elizabeth Islands, and found here were shown. Mr. Hackleton also exhibited shot found in a locality of N. Harbour, where heaps of shot from the size of a bullet to a No. 2 have been taken out, 50 lbs. at a time, and 32 lbs. by weight, within the past five years, by his affiant, Joshua Thompson, of N. Harbour.

At this place are the ruins of an ancient fort, 52 feet by 51 feet, walls 5 feet thick, which 47 years ago was overgrown with very large oaks, now cleared off. Full descriptions of the streets of Jamestown, pavements, remains of smitheries, as they were half a century ago, were given by eye witnesses and Laborers who had been employed to remove the ruins and level the streets, fill up the cellars and dig up the pavements, and erase the remains.

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa. Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills.' Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinline packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London d1509 1y

DOMINION NOTES.

On Saturday night last the Grand Trunk Railway station at Point Edward was destroyed by fire. Loss $20,000.

The sections of the iron ferry boat built on the Clyde, Scotland, for the Grand Trunk Railway, have arrived at Fort Erie, where they are being put together. This boat, when completed, will take the place of the *International*, the present ferry boat, and will continue to run the route till the completion of the International bridge, when she will be used betwaen Sarnia and Port Huron.

Mr. Jonas Hamilton, for a number o years connected with the Grand Trunk Railway as master mechanic of the Portland division, and more recently master mechanic of the Portland and Ogdensburg Railroad, has been appointed and has accepted the position as Superintendent of the latter road.

The Montreal *Daily News* understands that several gentlemen are now taking initiatory steps to form a Society among the working classes in that city for the purpose of encouraging amongst them literary and scientific pursuits, by means of libraries, reading rooms and lectures. It is to be of a purely cosmopolitan character.

While the bush fires were raging in the neighborhood of Bayfield last week, a tree fell upon a man who was drawing water to extinguish them, killing him instantly.

Nilsson will sing in Montreal on Monday the 18th inst., at St. Patrick's Hall; the price of tickets will be $2: reserved seats in the body of the hall, $2 extra, in the gallery, $1.

The *New Era* states that on Tuesday afternoon last a middle aged man named Armor, was with another man digging a drain for Mr. Foster, of the woollen factory. The companion called to Armor to take care of the embankment, but before he could take a step it fell, crushing him. After an hour and a half of hard digging, he was taken out dead. He was a sober industrious man, for many years a resident here, first with Mr. Foot in the brewery, and then with Mr. Foster as engineer. He leaves a wife and seven young children.

Five handsome grain cars were turned out of the Coburg Car Works on Wednesday last for the Midland Railway, being the first batch of a contract which Mr. Crossen is now filling for that company. These cars, in workmanship and appearance, can compare favorably with any in use on the Grand Trunk Railway.

Michael McAdams, the bully of Barrie, displayed his prowess last week by kicking a a helplessly intoxicated man in the head until the jaw of the victim was broken and life nearly extinct. There was no provocation for the act, except the gratification of a fiendish brutality which is the characteristic of all rowdies. McAdams was committed for trial, and is a proper subject for the flogging penalty.

Bolton, of the celebrated Bolton and Park case, London, is in Montreal and proposes to make Canada his home.

St. Mary's hopes the G. T. R. Auxiliary Work shops will be located there.

The inquest on the body of the late James Renforth has been concluded, and the jury have returned a verdict that the deceased came to his death by congestion of the lungs, which may have been caused by over exertion in the boat race.

An injunction has been issued by a judge in St. John, N. B., against the publishers of the *Canadian Illustrated News*, requiring them under penalty, not to sell any copies of their paper, containing portraits of the English oarsmen, copyrighted by a photographer of St. John.

CURIOUS MISTAKES IN IDENTITY.

Among the mysteries of the late "trunk murder" in New York occurs that peculiar, but not unfamiliar one, that the deceased is sworn to by as many different persons. From the volumes of law reports, and from the records of detectives' offices, we might compile page after page of fascinating narrative upon this single theme, but our limited space permits us to give but a few examples. Those that we note, however, will be found upon examination to throw a shade even of ridicule upon that sublime "reasoning through consistency"—upon that "unerring" calculus of probabilities—through which Kepler arrived at his laws of matter. Newton deduced their formula, and without which we would be to-day almost as ignorant as in the time when Moses called the moon the second in magnitude of heavenly lights. For some interesting particulars on our subject we are indebted to Eugene Crapsey, who has made the mysteries of New York a specialty in journalistic writing.

In 1851 Captain John Buckson, master of a sailing vessel, lived, with his wife Nancy, in a beautiful little cottage in the village of Scokonk, near Providence, Rhode Island. He was a man of a spotless character, religious almost to Puritanism, but also very passionate; and that Nancy, being greatly younger than himself and very fair to look upon, should have grown fretful and unruly, did not add much quietness to his temper. They quarreled often; and late one evening a neighbor passing the cottage saw through the open window the husband standing over the wife in a threatening attitude, with a long whipcord in his clenched hand, and heard also an uncontrollable burst of rage and many treats of violence.

The next morning the cottage was closed and deserted. This, however, excited no attention, as John was supposed to have left on a sailing trip, and Nancy was accustomed to depart frequently, without announcement, to visit relatives in a neighboring town. But that afternoon a little dog accompanying a pic-nic party in the adjacent woods pawed and howled at a heap of sand, until the merry party examined it and found there—the corpse of Nancy Buckson.

The people of the town flocked round the horror, recognizing the deceased, her clothes and her jewellery. She had been strangled with a cord, and chloride of lime had been sprinkled over her body to hasten decomposition. The cottage was searched, and a whip-cord found on the floor, which fitted exactly the marks on the victim's neck; and in the cellar was a box of chloride of lime like that scattered upon the body.

Buckson was arrested, indicted, and on the day of the trial that would have sent him to the gallows, Nancy Buckson, alive and well, though cross as ever, walked into the village, fresh from a visit to distant relatives. The mystery of the murder was never solved. The articles of dress and jewelry on the corpse were recognised by Nancy as taken from the bureau of her cottage.

One morning in 1861 a New Jersey wharfman complained to his "boss" that a barrel of pitch had been stolen from the pier. The same morning the clerk of a New York hotel complained to his proprietor that Mrs. Ada Richard—once well known to Cincinnati under another name—a woman of marvelous beauty of form and no small charm of feature, but sensuous as Lola Montes, and as frail of character—had suddenly and inexplicably left without paying her bill. The next day there was found floating in the North River a barrel of pitch, and tied to it by a rope around the waist was the corpse of a beautiful woman clothed only in a night dress and stockings. A gag fastened in the mouth was the only mark of violence, but that was sufficient to evidence murder. The form was of wonderful beauty—such voluptuous beauty as must have served for the model to Titan's Venus. It was noticed that though the stockings were almost too small for the shapely limb, they were two sizes too small for the foot. Upon one of the lower limbs was the cicatrice of an old wound.

The body was interred without recognition, but the head preserved. A few days after, a gentleman intimately acquainted with Ada Richard recognised the face as hers beyond the shadow of a doubt. The police then interviewed her *quasi* husband, Charles Richard, cautiously concealing from him her supposed death. He freely entered into a description of her being obliged to wear stockings too large for her foot in order to fit her well rounded limb, mentioned the mark of an old wound and its position, regretted the injury to her beautiful teeth by the loss of one on the left side, and laughed at her having worn ear rings so heavy as to cut her ears, and necessitate a second piercing very high up. The stockings, the wound, the lost tooth, and the marks on the ears coincided exactly with the corpse. Richard was then shown the severed head, and fell back in the utter horror of sudden recognition. The mystery was solved—but only for a day. Of a sudden Ada Richard, beautiful as ever, returned from a month's wandering among the soldiers at New Orleans. No further discoveries have ever been made.

Our third and last case occurred in the summer of '63, in the Luzerne Valley of Pennsylvania. Mark Wilson and Miss Wallace, a lovely girl of eighteen, had been engaged for some months, when she jilted him, and without explanation forbade him to enter her house. Wilson plunged into dissipation, and rapidly lost his character, his business, and his small means. He was frequently heard, with fevered energy, to lay his ruin at her door and to vow revenge with most determined bitterness. Shortly after, he made preparations to leave for Europe, but before doing so by some means persuaded the girl to take a drive with him He gave out at the livery stable that he was going to an occasional pic-nic resort in a wild gorge among the neighboring hills. Neither of them returned, and two days after the body of the girl, stabbed to the heart with a pocket-knife sworn to as Wilson's, was found in the turbid waters of a mountain brook that threaded "Picnic Gorge." She was buried, in an agony of sorrow, by her loving parents, and the day after the funeral Mrs. Wilson, *nee* Miss Wallace, returned from New York with her newly wedded husband. Who was the murdered girl, or how a knife like that of Mark Wilson's came in her heart, the most rigid investigation never could discover.

MARRIED.

At Christ Church, Aylmer, on the 13th instant, by the Rev. Percy Smith, Norman Reid, Esq., Chelsea, to Mary C., daughter of William Aylwin, Esq., of Hull, and neice of the Hon. Justice T. C Aylwin, of Montreal.

WANTED

By the 1st November, a small House. One in the neighborhood of the Russell House preferred. Address

M. C., TIMES Office.

Ottawa, Sept, 14. 1767-1

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES	$ 80
THRESHING and SAWIING COMBINED	130
FANNING MILLS	22

WM. ABBOTT.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 6wky

STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA."

QUEBEC EXHIBITION.

Tickets will be issued by Steamer "QUEEN VICTORIA" to Quebec and return at

SINGLE FARE.

R. W. SHEPHERD, Manager.

Ottawa, Sept. 13, 1871. 1767-td.

GRAND PIC-NIC

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

ST. PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM.

To be held at the

Bellevue Gardens, Hull.

ON

THURSDAY, SEPT. 14, 1871.

Tickets of Admission—25 c.

The usual games will be carried out.

MARTIN BATTLE, Secretary.

Ottawa, Sept. 13. 1747-td

NOTICE.

An excellent CELLAR to let. Large, and entrance on level with the street. Apply to

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 13, 1871. 1767-tf

WANTED

By a young married couple, Board, Bedroom, and Sitting Room, furnished

OR

a Small House or Cottage, furnished or unfurnished. All within easy distance of the Post Office. Possession required 1st October, or soon after

Apply by letter, stating terms, to

D. C. L, Box 250, Ottawa P. O

Ottawa, Sept. 13th, 1871. 1767.

SALE OF VALUABLE BUSINESS

CITY LOTS,

BY AUCTION

ON THE 20th INSTANT.

The undersigned has received instructions from P. LeSueur, Esq., to sell by Public Auction, on Wednesday, the 20th inst., at Twelve (12) o'clock noon, on the grounds, the following very valuable Business Building Lots situate on the north side of Wellington, and eastern side of Kent streets, Upper Town, and immediately opposite St Andrew's (Scotch) Church. The frontage on Wellington street is one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet, of which one hundred and ten (110) feet will be put up in lots of 22x102 feet each, inclusive of ten (10) feet for rear communication from Kent street. Also, the corner lot of 55 feet on Wellington by 33 feet on Kent streets. The new bridge to be built immediately will make Wellington one of the best, if not the best, business streets of the city, and it is not too much to say that these lots are, from their central position, &c., the most eligible business building lots now left for disposal in Upper Town.

Terms, twenty per cent cash, with Auctioneer's commission, the balance in yearly instalments on a ten year's mortgage at seven per cent.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 11th, 1871. 1766-td

AUCTION SALE

OF A

TIMBER LIMIT

SITUATED ON DEEP RIVER.

The Subscriber has received instructions to sell at the Union House, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, 4th October, a Timber Berth, being License No. 267 of 1870-71, of about 5½ square miles on the South side of Deep River.

Terms and conditions made known at time of sale.

Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 8, 1871. 1764-td

WANTED TO RENT,

A House or Cottage in the neighbourhood of Sandy Hill.

Apply at "THE TIMES" Office. 1765-tf

PRIVATE BOARD WANTED

In Upper Town by a Gentleman and his Wife. Apply by letter addressed

1761- U., TIMES Office

BOARD WANTED

In a Private Family, by a Gentleman. Six o'clock dinner preferred. Address X. Y. Z., P. O. Box, 285. 1754

LOCAL NEWS.

A special meeting of the City Council will be held to-night.

The weather was very chilly last night, and seemed to contain a foretaste of Jack Frost.

INSPECTION.—Our corps of municipal Uhlans will undergo inspection before their scrutinizing chief on the 15th inst.

AGRICULTURAL.—Farmers have considerable grain to harvest yet. The frost will, no doubt delay its ripening to a serious extent.

DISOBEYING ORDERS.—A couple of volunteers having neglected to obey orders, summonses were issued for their arrest yesterday.

FRUITLESS SEARCH.—Search was made yesterday for the body of the little boy Dere but without success. In all probability the current has carried the body down the river.

ROWDYISM.—Lower Town is still infested with bands of desperate rowdies whose nightly depredations are a constant cause of complaint. One sure step towards breaking up these gangs is to prevent their assembling at street corners to insult ladies and gentlemen passing by.

MILITARY.—A company of Pembroke volunteers, belonging to the 42nd Battalion, arrived in town by the noon Canada Central train, and were played down to the St. L. & O. Railway Station by the fife and drum band of the Ottawa Rifles. The company number 55 men, all fine healthy stalwart looking fellows.

THE LIBRARY ACCIDENT.—The unfortunate man Ellis, who was hurled to the ground from the top of the Parliament library building on Tuesday evening, died yesterday morning. Both his arms had been fractured in several places, but the fatal injuries were internal. Cossaque's injuries though severe are not considered fatal.

FIFE AND DRUM BAND.—The Fife and Drum Band of the Ottawa Rifles, gave the public an opportunity last evening of judging of their proficiency and appreciating their merits. The Band has been practicing for some time under the very able directions of Mr. Thos. Byah, a gentleman of considerable musical talent and experience. He gave the industrious little Band its final lesson last evening, before its leaving for the front.

RIFLES.—No. 1 Company, Ottawa Rifles, paraded through some of the principal streets last evening headed by their Fife and Drum Band. At all times they present a very fine appearance, but attired in their new uniforms they looked unusually well. The company is not composed of big men, but for endurance and proficiency in drill they are second to no other company in the country. They escort the Field Battery to the front.

FOR THE WOODS.—Large gangs of men leave daily by the C. C. Line, for shanties up the Ottawa. Mr. Fred. T. Palmer commission merchant, &c., and a gentleman of considerable experience in the lumber trade, has effected arrrangements for the transport of men by the C. C. R., and daily sends off numerous gangs. Owing to his recognized tact, in hiring men, teams, &c., lumbermen have found it to their advantage to entrust the engagement of shanty hands to him.

POLICE COURT.—Wednesday.—A case of drunkenness was disposed of, the offender paying $2 and costs.

Alexander Rice, chargrd with having foul premises, was fined $2 and costs.

A young man, charged with assaulting Cyrille Cadinal, was fined $1 and costs.

An assault case between husband and wife was dismissed.

Two cases of selling liquor without licence, were dismissed.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—G B Burland, Montreal; J N Moore, Boston; Wm Doran, Doran; Capt W W Dickson, Pembroke; Lieut J G Cormack, do; Eng W H Supple, do; Wm Durny, Worcester, Mass; E Bates, Charleston; L G Turner, New York; S H Harmon, West Troy; A Bawn, Lyne; James Noxon and wife, Ingersol; Wm Ramsay, Montreal; Charles Cooper, New York; Capt Pope, Montreal; W C Edwards, Rockland; Mrs Dore, and two daughters, Montreal; H Waterman, London; R Philps, Bowmanville; G T Nasselernet and wife, Gananoque; Samuel Mackay, Papineauville.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

The Ottawa markets have not been so well attended this week as they were the previous week. The following is a correct list of prices:

Beef, $5 50 to 6 50 per 100 pounds.
Calves, $4 to 6 each.
Sheep, $4 to 6 each.
Lambs, $2.00 to 2.50 do.
Young pigs, 75c to $1 each.
Fowl, 40 cts. to 50 cts. per couple.
Chickens, 25 cts. to 35 cts do.
Turkeys, 75cts to $1 each.
Ducks, 40cts to 60cts per couple.
Feathers, 25cts per lb.
Wild pigeons, 40cts to 50cts per couple.
Partridge, 50 cts do.
Eggs, 15 to 18 cts. per dozen.
Butter, (prints), 18 cts. to 21 cts. per lb.
Butter. (tub), 15cts. to 17 cts.
Butter (roll), 17 cts per lb.
Potatoes, 25 cts to 35cts per bush.
Onions, $1 25 to 1 70 per bushel.
Cucumbers, 15cts to 20cts per dozen.
Green Corn 10 cts per dozen.
Melons, 10cts to 40 each.
Water melons, 10 to 30 cts.
Cauliflowers, 5 to 10 cts do.
Cabbages, 5 cts to 7cts do
Beets, 20c to 30c per doz.
Marrowfat peas, 10c per gallon.
Apples, 80cts to $1 00 per bush.
Crab apples, $1 20 to 1 30 per bush.
Homespun yarn 70 to 80 cts. per lb.
Home made wool en socks, 30c per pair.

PORK—
Mess pork, $15.50 to 16.00 per barl.
Prime mess, none.
Hams smoked, $14.50 per 100 lbs.
Bacon do $10.50 do
FLOUR—Retail prices.
Double extra, $6.75 per barl.
Extra, $6.25 do
No. 1, $5.75 do
Oatmeal, $6 25. do
Cornmeal, $3.50 do
Wheat meal, $6.50 do
Provender, $1 60 per 100 lbs.
GRAIN—
Peas, 70 to 75 cts. per bushel.
Bran, $16 per ton.
Buckwheat, 75cts per bushel.
Oats, 30 to 35 cts per bushel.
Barley, 60 cts do.
New Fall Wheat, $1.25 to 1.30.
Spring, $1 15 to 1.20
Hay, $10 to $13 per ton.
HIDES AND LEATHER—
No. 1, Sole, 25cts to 28cts per lb.
No. 2, do 23 cts to 26 do
Harness leather, 33cts do
Upper do 42cts do
English kipp, 60cts do
French do 80cts do
Common do 55cts do
Splits, 37 cts do
Sheep skins, green, 40 cts to 45cts each.
Calf skins do 10 cts per lb.
Hides, No. 1, $9 per 100 lbs.
Hemlock bark, $4 per cord.

HOME OF THE LORD OF LORNE.

A correspondent of the London *Telegraph* writing from Inverary and speaking of the coming of the Princess Louise to her new Scottish home says:

However the bride may come, she will be reminded, on every side of the mighty past. The biggest-mouthed thunder that will welcome her advent will come from an ancient cannon, fished up near the Land of Mull, by an ancestor of the present Duke, and supposed to be a relic of the Spanish Armada. It was probably captured at the battle of Pavia, from the French; for the gun, which is some sixteen feet long, has on it the initial F and the vern or salamander, emblem of Francis I, which one sees chiselled all over the famous outside staircase at Blois, and in in many another edifice erected in his reign. Then the very trees among the oldest in this part of Scotland have an historical significance, for they were mostly planted by the unfortunate Earl of Montrose, who was beheaded. There is an avenue of beeches on the way to Dhuloch, among the very finest I have ever seen, and a gigantic fir tree, some fifteen feet in girth, and ninety feet in height. Even the yellow and black flag that waves from the battlements, presents in itself an epitome of the various steps which have led the Argylls to their present high position. The galley or 'lynnphad,' as the old-fashioned ship is technically called in heraldry, has its origin in the creation of Colin, Earl of Argyll, by James II., just as the chequers, or the 'device of eight pieces to pay and diamond,' to speak familiarly, represents the Campbells. The boar's head, the well-known device of the family, is a memento of a deed of sporting prowess done by Sir Duncan, in the time of the first James of Scotland, whom he liberated from an English prison.

COUGHS AND COLDS

Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly, when taken in the early stages of disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or "common cold," in its first stage. This which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the Lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations be sure to ask for the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS MOTHERS

Are you disturbed at night and broken your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to most in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins in on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations, Jy181 2m

NOTICE.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned endorsed "Tender for Lock Gates," will be received at this Office until FRIDAY, 29th September instant, for the construction and insertion of six pairs of LOCK GATES for the proposed enlarged Locks Nos. 9, 10, and 11, on the Grenville Canal.

Plans and Specifications can be seen on application at this Office, or at the Lachine Canal Office, Montreal, and at the Engineer's Office, on the Works at Grenville, where printed Forms of Tender may also be obtained.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th Sept. 1871. 1764-

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for 1 Bridge," will be received at this Office until, FRIDAY, the 29th day of September instant at noon, for the construction of two Swing Bridges for the enlarged portion of the Grenville Canal.

Plans and Specifications can be seen on application at this Office, or at the Lachine Canal Office, Montreal, and at the Engineer's Office, on the work at Grenville, where printed Forms of Tender may also be obtained.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th Sept., 1871. 1764-3

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Central Tower," will be received at this Office until WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of September instant, at noon, for the carpenter and joiners' galvanized iron, plumber's and painter's works; also for wrought and cast iron work required for finish to the Central Tower, Parliament Buildings, Ottawa.

Plans and Specifications and Model can be seen at this Office, where all necessary information can be obtained.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th Sept., 1871. 1764-3

Wife to Husband—(Rubbing the PAIN-KILLER on his Rheumatic shoulder briskly.) Its a great pity such a good medicine as Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER is not more extensively used, just see what a world of good it has done even since we have had it, George don't have the toothache any more, it has saved Fredy a severe attack of Fever, it has cured me of Dyspepsia and I know it will relieve you of Rheumatism.

Husband:—You are right, Mary, the PAIN-KILLER seems to fire up the cold corners of my shoulder and puts new life into it, it certainly does act instantaneously, I do think, my dear, I am cured already (meditatingly) well, well, all I have heard said of it is true, my shoulder is free from pain the first time for these two months.

Wife:—Its strange, we never have been induced to try it before, I should have thought you would have been often advised to try it.

Husband:—I have had the PAIN-KILLER recommended many times, but between the Doctor and Druggists they have always succeeded in keeping me from using it by suggesting other trash that has done me no good.

Wife:—People seem to enjoy paying the Doctor five or ten Dollars every now and then to experiment on them, when a twenty five cent bottle of PAIN-KILLER would give them far more relief, and then the Druggists are so obliging it is very hard to say "I want Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER and nothing else will do," and thus refuse to buy their trash.

(*To be Continued*)

Sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cts. per bottle.

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for Supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY

FOR SUNDAY USE.

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season..		$5 00
20lbs " " ..		9 00
10lbs	month	1 50
20lbs " "		2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

Terms strictly Cash in advance

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N.B.—Ice supplied per ton or cwt.
Ottawa April 1871

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS,

ON BLACK RIVER,

For Sale by Auction, at the Union House, *ON WEDNESDAY, 4th OCTOBER* next, at one o'clock, p. m., being License No. 265, of 1870-71.....50 miles. And No. 367, of 1870-71.....50 miles.

Total one hundred square miles of richly timbered limits.

By order of
ALEXANDER FRASER, Esq.
Ottawa, 1st Sept. 1871. 1759-td

ENGLISH WEEKLY NEWS PAPERS AND MONTHLY MAGAZINES.

LLOYD'S WEEKLY LONDON NEWS, Weekly Times, Reynolds', Weekly Dispatch,—the latest editions,—5 cents. Subscription (post free to any part of the Dominion)—yearly, $2.50; six months, $1.25.

Illustrated London News, Graphic, Bell's Life, News of the World, Punch, Fun, Judy, &c., &c.

THE TORONTO GLOBE delivered at 10 cents per week.

C. E. HUCKETT & CO.
69, Sparks Street.
August 29. 1755 1m

CAPE WOOL.

The Cargo of the "PEONY," direct from

PORT ELIZABETH,

will be ready for Inspection on the 18th instant.

GILLESPIE MOFFATT & CO.
Montreal, Sept. 7th, 1871. 1762-1w

TWO VALUABLE FARMS

FOR SALE!

The following Valuable Farm situated on the banks of the Rideau about one mile and a half from Ottawa, the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq., and known as the South West half of Lot 14 on the Rideau River in the Gore of Gloucester. It is all cleared and in the highest state of cultivation; well watered; first-class brick building with seven rooms, and substantial barns, sheds, &c., thereon; also, an excellent orchard and garden. Beautifully situated and commanding a fine view of the City, Parliament Buildings, and surrounding country; contains about 100 acres.

ALSO

Lot No 16, in the Seventh Concession of Gloucester, Ottawa Front (the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq.), 8 miles from Ottawa and 2 miles from Taylorsville. Contains 200 acres, principally covered with timber.

For particulars and terms apply to DANIEL McLAURIN, Esq, of Osgoode, JAMES SEVERIGHT, Esq, of Gloucester, Trustees, or to

HAMNETT P. HILL.
Solicitor, &c.,
34-tf Post Office Block, Ottawa.

GENUINE
HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,
Metcalfe Street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building
Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON,
1760-6m Proprietor

Circus and Caravan

COMING.

A Herd of Eight Elephants

Recently added to the Exhibition, will appear in the Grand Procession in the City of Ottawa.

FULL TROOP OF BRITISH RIDERS AND ACROBATS.

THE GREATEST EXHIBITION
Ever given will come off in
OTTAWA,
SATURDAY, September 16,
Afternoon and Evening,
ONE DAY ONLY,
Howe's Great London Circus
AND
SANGER'S English Menagerie
OF TRAINED ANIMALS.

The Magnificent, Gorgeous and Costly Golden Chariot Procession, the Largest and Most Brilliant Cavalcade of the kind ever seen, with its

FIVE COLOSSAL CHARIOTS,

Drawn through the streets by teams of Zebras, Shetland Ponies, Abyssinian Donkeys and beautiful Flemish Horses.

100 *Knights in Burnished Steel Armor,*

Ladies in full Circassian Costume, attended by their Equerries, Squires, Pages, &c., in appropriate Dresses, with Banners, Flags, Superb Trappings, &c., and the full

BRITISH CORNET BAND,

Conceded by the Profession to be the best musical accompaniment ever heard in a circus.

Doors open at 1 and at 7 p.m.

Admission, 50 cents Children under ten 25 cents. 1747td

BUSINESS CHANGE.

We, the undersigned, in relinquishing the Retail branch of our business, beg to return thanks to the public of Ottawa and vicinity for the very liberal support accorded to us during the past eight years, and to announce that we have

DISPOSED OF OUR STOCK,

And leased the premises,

29 Sparks Street,

TO

MESSRS.

ALEXANDER RUSSELL,

(Late of Blyth & Russell, Ottawa,)

AND

ROBERT WATSON,

(Of Watson & Hayes, Almonte,)

Who will continue the business under the name and style of

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Both of these gentlemen were formerly in our employ, and being possessed of ample means and long experience we have great pleasure in recommending them to the confidence and patronage of all our friends and customers.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, August, 1871.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE

RUSSELL & WATSON

Have pleasure in announcing that they have purchased the

Entire Stock in Trade,

AND

GOOD WILL

OF THE

RETAIL BUSINESS

Lately conducted by Messrs.

Magee & Russell,

And leased their premises, 29 Sparks Street, for a term of years.

And hope by keeping only the best qualities of goods, and adopting a uniform and

Moderate Scale of Profits,

By anticipating the wants of the public and a strict attention to business to merit and retain the patronage so liberally bestowed upon their predecessors.

And we beg to assure the old patrons of the establishment that no efforts will be spared in maintaining the leading position to which it had attained.

ALEX. RUSSELL. ROB'T. WATSON.
Ottawa, August 1871.

FRED. T. PALMER,

Commission and Lumbermen's Agent, Rideau Street, (entrance O'Meara's Gateway.)

Particular attention will be given to hiring men, teams, &c., and all transactions with the Crown Land and Timber Office.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:

R Nagle, Esq. | Wm Mackey, Esq.
Allan Grant, Esq. | E McGillivray, Esq
Ottawa, Sept 1, 1871. 1746tf

Peaches!

Peaches!

Peaches!

Pears!

Pears!

Pears!

Apples!

Apples!

Apples!

And all other Kinds of Fruit

at the Fruit Depots of

G. LORENZ,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

—AND—

NO 56 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

GREAT

DRY GOODS SALE.

Allan, McKinnon's & McMoran,

Have determined to clear out the FALL and WINTER GOODS purchased at a heavy discount from Messrs GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO, and with that view will bring forward the whole stock, including several large lots of

NEW GOODS

purchased far below Market value, and offer the whole at prices that must induce good judges of goods to buy largely.

The sale will commence on

Monday, 4th Sept'r.,

And continue one month.

As many of the cheapest lines will be sold quickly, intending purchasers will do well to call early and secure a choice.

1,000 YDS. JAPANESE SILKS,

At 50 cents per yard.

ONE CASE OF VELVET RIBBONS, damaged by fresh water, will be offered at less hatn half price.

2 Bales of GREY COTTONS, in short pieces, at from one to two cents below usual prices.

To be reduced one third in prices—a large quantity of

MILLINERY, MANTLES and MANTLE CLOTHS,

A line of Velveteen Jackets, reduced to $1.50 each, Waterproof Mantles at from $2.50 to 5.

DRESS GOODS, in a variety of fabrics, reduced below cost.

PRINTS—A line formerly sold at 12½ cents will be cleared out at 9 cents per yard.

A large lot of Gloves and Hosiery will be marked down far below cost.

A lot of best Brussels Carpets will be sold at $1.25 per yard.

ALLAN, McKINNON'S & McMORRAN,
Successors to Garland, Mutchmor & Co
No. 20, Sparks Street.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, that you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—
The best old Brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and a Low Price.

GIN—
J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—
Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—
Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
Best Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.
Ottawa, May 2, 1871

WANTED,

A School Teacher for School Section No. 3 Huntly. Apply to
HENRY McBRIDE,
J. LETT,
or JAMES JOHNSTON,
Carp Post Office
1760-3w Ontar

IF YOU DESIRE

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

SEND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor

SUCCEEDING TO THE BUSINESS OF MAGEE & RUSSEL.

The Undersigned, in succeeding to the business of the above named Firm, would say that the balance of the Stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Carried over by them, will now be offered by us, at prices that cannot but attract the attention of

CLOSEST BUYERS.

In order that we may have time to get the stuff forward and reduced,

THE SALE

Will not begin before

Monday, the 4th September.

Having therefore decided that all Goods of this Season MUST BE SOLD, we have reduced to them to such prices as must soon effect it.

We therefore invite inspection of our Stock by intending purchasers.

We would call special attention to our

SILK DEPARTMENT,

in this line we are offering decided BARGAINS in Colored, Fancy and Black Silks.

in the

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

We will offer a large lot of FRENCH MERINOS, FRENCH TWILLS, REPPS, SERGES and WINCIES.

The Goods in this Department were considered fair value at old prices, but having decided to CLEAR OUT, all of last Season's Stock have been marked down. Those requiring anything in this line will do well to give a look through the Departments.

ALL STAPLE GOODS, WHILE THE SALE CONTINUES, WILL BE OFFERED AT A SMALL ADVANCE.

A large quantity of Grey and White Cottons now forward, and considered extra GOOD VALUE.

We will not quote prices, being satisfied, as we are, that purchasers must see value before paying any attention to figures.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

SUCCESSORS TO—

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

ESTABLISHMENT FOR YOUNG LADIES,
Wilbrod Street (between Nelson and Gloucester Streets), Sandy Hill, Ottawa.

Mrs. ROBERT STEWART returns thanks for the kind patronage she has received during her residence in Ottawa, and hopes by unwearied attention to her scholastic duties, and by their efficient discharge, to merit and receive a continuance of favor and support.

The School will be RE-OPENED on FRIDAY, the 1st of September. All the Classes are open to any who may wish to join one or more of them for the study of any special subject.

Terms very moderate. References to parents of pupils.

August 18th, 1871. 1746 tf

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.
1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.

Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's.

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.
1737tf

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested o settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

WANTED,

Young Ladies to learn Systematic Dress Cutting by the "PRINCESS LOUISE CHART." Terms $3. Apply to Miss FARNHAM, Russell House, Ottawa. 1746 a

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1753 1y

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

YORK STREET, Lower Town, next door to Mathew's Hotel,

And at No. 209 WELLINGTON STREET

Upper Town, opposite the Montreal Bank.

Mr. GENDREAU has always on hand the best French and English perfumeries.

You are respectfully requested to visit these establishments.

Ottawa, 21st August, 1871. 1747tf

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY,

WELLINGTON STREET,

CONDUCTED BY THE GREY NUNS.

The course of studies at this Institution will be resumed on Monday 4th Sept.

OTTAWA CONVENT,
Grey Nuns, Aug. 17, 1871. 1745-b

CHURCH OF ENGLAND

LADIES' SCHOOL,

WELLINGTON STREET, OTTAWA

(Established 1869—Incorporated, 1871.)

Lady Principal.....*Miss Machin.*

This School will re-open SEPT. 1st.

New Prospectuses can be obtained of Durie & Son and Hope & Co.

Further particulars on application to the Lady Principal, or

REV R POLLARD,
1749c Secretary, Ottawa.

THE Rev. C. F. STREET informs his friends and the public that he will open his Classical and Commercial SCHOOL on MONDAY, 28th AUGUST, in the school Room lately occupied by the Rev. Mr. May. For particulars, apply to Mrs. Kendall, Taylor's Block, corner of Nelson and Daly streets. 1741tf

MR. R. H. HARINGTON, B.A., Oxford University,

Begs to inform his Friends and the Public that he will OPEN his PRIVATE SCHOOL on MONDAY, the 4th September. School room, corner of Bank and Albert Streets For further particulars, apply to Mr. R. H HARINGTON, Russell House.

N.B.—Private pupils can be taken in the evenings.

August 24, 1871. 1751 6

ACADEMY OF THE GREY NUNS,

AYLMER.

The Classes of this Academy will OPEN on the 1st SEPTEMBER next. The building is new and spacious, and is situate near the banks of the Ottawa river.

Aylmer, 16th August, 1871. 1744tf

SELECT

BOARDING AND DAY ACADEMY FOR BOYS.

(CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL)

Principal—REV. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

Careful instruction will be given in Latin and Greek Studies, in French and German Languages, in Mathematics, in certain branches of Science and Art, and in all the common branches of an English education.

The Academy on the south side of Daly and Ottawa streets will be OPENED on the 7th SEPTEMBER next.

For further particulars, please address the Rev. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

August 25. 1753 1

A MARRIED WOMAN (English) wishes to obtain a small Infant to Board and Nurse. A.D.C. Box 37 Port Hope, Ontario.

Steamers

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," Capt. Davison.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," Capt. Connell.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," Capt. Baquet.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," Capt. McKenzie.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Picton, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Picton, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Picton, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

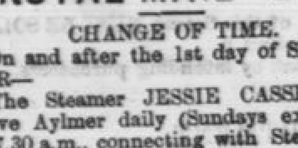
S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Picton, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Picton with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Picton, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE.
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.
May 20, 1871 2670tf



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the 1st day of SEPTEMBER—

The Steamer JESSIE CASSELS will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 7.30 a.m., connecting with Steamers of the Line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

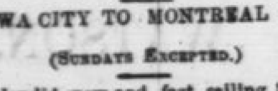
The Steamer PONTIAC leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted), at 1 p.m., for Des Joachim; returning—leaving at 6 a.m., connecting with Steamer JASON GOULD, which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 p.m., passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The Steamer PRINCE ARTHUR leaves Portage du Fort at 7 a.m., connecting with Steamer JESSIE CASSELS for Aylmer.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip, at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 9 a.m.

B. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, August 28th, 1871.

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(Sundays Excepted.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,

Capt. Bowie

PRINCE OF WALES,

Capt. R. W. Shepherd.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"

CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B.—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1736tf

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

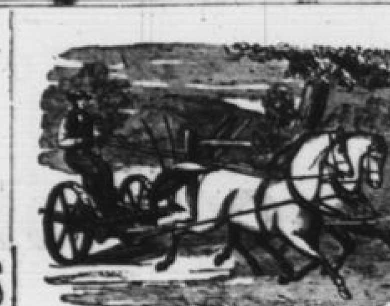
Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

The Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy will, at a Session to be held in the Hall of the said Township on SATURDAY, the 3rd day of SEPTEMBER next, pass a By-law to establish the road as now laid out, between Lots Nos. 5 and 6, in the Third Concession of the said Township.

W. P. TAYLOR,
Township Clerk.

Fitzroy, 28th August, 1871. 36 4



SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY,

—AND—

AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD,
Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE MOWER

—AND—

SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain.*

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD,
Smith's Falls,
Ontario.

June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa P.O., August 31, 1871.

Adcock J C	Martin Wm
Anderson Elizabeth	Maddin Thos
Anderson Samuel	Malsbury Wm
Armstrong Wm	Minea Benj
Arnold Wm	Meade M J
Arthur Geo A	Mercer John
Armstrong Mrs A C	Mitchell W H
Aspdin Thos W	Milne G B
Barnes Sydney	Motherwell Thos
Barber G	Moore & Coburn
Beveridge Thos	Moore F H
Benfield Wm	Muir Wm
Bell H H	Murphy Mathew
Blais Miss Lydia	Neill John
Blakely Mrs	Nelson Mrs Alex
Boyd Dr R H	Nesbitt John
Brayer Wm	Nicholson John
Brennan Wm	Nichols John
Brewer Mrs Emily	Nolan Miss B
Bullock L	O'Brien Wm
Bowns Wm	O'Donnell D
Buchanan Mrs John	O'Donnell, G
Burns Mrs S	O'Connor W P P
Burns Miss	O'Connor Jno A
Byrns Hy	O'Connor Mrs
Campbell Mrs John	O'Dwyer John
Cain Miss Sarah J	Oliver A
Campbell Mrs Mary	O'Meill J
Callaghan Alex	Ormand Jno T
Cantwell John	Patterson Miss Anna
Cahal Miss Mary	Pearsons Albert
Church Jos	Perry Mrs M C
Clarke Miss Emma	Pearson F M
Conway Miss B	Perwitt J H
Corrigan Ed	Pickens John
Connor John	Powers Jesse
Cross W L	Pringle Miss Sarah
Crozier Jos	Pritchard Wm
Cunningham Thos	Quinlan Mrs P
Daly Carol	Rathwell Miss A
Davis J	Rice Alex
Davidson C P	Roberts Miss Kate
Davis Jas	Robertson Geo
Daly J J	Rose Rodger
Davis Mrs R	Roberts Mrs
Dempsey Miss E	Robertson David
Dendmore Miss Mary	Ryan Miss Julia
Dicare Miss M	Russell Mrs
Dickson Dr Geo	Russell A D
Doyle Mrs Peter	Saunders Miss Julia
Duncan Jas	Scobie Mary
Fenton Miss J	Servo Walter
Fisher John	Sheaver Jno
Forson Jas	Shehan Thomas
Forbes John	Smith John
Foster Jas	Smith Mrs W
Furlong Jas	Smith H D
Gan John	Smith Heber
Gibbons E	Smith Wm
Gillis J S	Sparks Miss Jane
Glenn Alex	Somerville Hugh
Gormly P	Sparks Noel
Gilchrist John	Sternbug J W
Grimes Thos	Sullivan John
Harris Liza Ann	Tobin Jas
Hamilton Mrs S	Turner R W
Hewlett Thos	Watson & Hill
Hicks Jas	Ward Jas
Holland W H	Wable A
Hogan Miss B	Wallace M
Hogan Wm	Wagner H
Hunt Wm	Wilsman G & T
Hutchinson G W	Webb Jas T
Hutchison John	Weir John
Huchley Mrs	Wells J P
Hubert J	Webster Miss E H
Janet Rev Mr	Welch Mrs Geo
Jamieson D J	Whalen Miss Eliza
Johnston Miss Ellen	Wilson R
Jones Mrs J E	Wood H O
Kennedy Jno	Wright J
Kealy Mrs Julia A	McBrayen A
Kennedy M	McBryde Jas
King Geo	McClanlish T
Kingsmill M	McDonald And
King Jas	McClory John
Knapp H A	McDonald Miss F
Lamprey B H	McDonald D
Lane Miss Caroline	McDonald Mrs Geo
Leitch Miss A	McGuire Mrs Jno
Leroy W H C	McIntire Miss N
Lewis Mr	McInnis Miss C
Little Irvine	McGuire Philip
Lothion Miss Ellen	McKenzie A
Moher Wm	McKay Jas H
Martin C R	McMillan Miss Jane
May Jno	McMillan J H
Martin Edwin	McPhee A
Marshall David	McMahon Geo

G P BAKER, Postmaster.

WANTED,

A good Carriage and Sleigh Maker, and Blacksmith, at Kinburn, Township of Fitzroy. A good business chance for both, with shop accommodations. Steady and good workmen only need apply.

ALLAN FRASER.

Kinburn 2nd August 1871. 1733tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures, effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. Pulvermacher's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

" Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D, F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician Michael Faraday.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies.

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cancer, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awky

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

The undersigned being about to visit England, offers the following properties for sale:

A large Brick Dwelling situate on Besserer and Chapel Streets, with Coach House, Stables, &c.

12 Cottages on Augusta street, producing a clear rental of $700 per annum.

ALSO,

100 Acres of Land at L'Orignal, being south half of Lot No. 15, fourth Concession of Caledonia.

Terms to suit the purchaser.

1810d JAS G ROBINSON.

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

Rideau-St., Ottawa.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gassfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to

MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf.

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES!

On the Line of the

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.
Omaha, Neb.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY P.M.
	12.45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00		4.20
	12 45	9·00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00		4.20
		9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8,00		6,00
		9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00		6.00
10.15	12.45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00		4.20
10·15	12.45		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8,00		4.20
10.15			North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway			4.20
10.15			Osgoode, Russell, &c			4.20
9 20		4.30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00		1.30
9 20			The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.			1 30
10:30 7:00		4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage; Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c	8.00	11.00	7.00
6.15			Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c			700
10.00			Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00		
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and Intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and Intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays			6.00
11.50			Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30		

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P.M. in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, June 7, 1871.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Furs, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

Manufactory—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England.

The above discovery has gained for Professor Herman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866, besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until Noon of WEDNESDAY, the Sixth day of September next, for the widening of Sappers' Bridge and the construction of a new Bridge over the Rideau Canal to connect Wellington and Rideau Streets, according to the Engineer's plans and specifications, which may be seen at this office after the twentieth instant.

The bridges are to be constructed of iron and stone in a permanent manner, and may be let in one or more contracts as the City Council may decide after receiving the Tenders. The work is to be proceeded with at once, and good security will be required for the due performance of the contracts.

No tenders will be entertained unless made in the prescribed form. They are to be addressed to the undersigned, endorsed, "Tender for Bridges," and contain the names and addresses of two persons who are willing to become security for the contractor.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa 19th July, 1871.
1721td

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET,

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

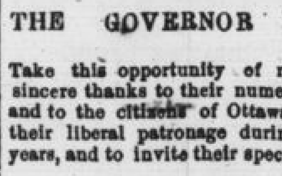
and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel.

Strict attention to business.
Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS



BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

Sparks St,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c, &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

FOR SALE.

BRAE SIDE STEAM SAW MILL,

Situated near Arnprior, Province of Ontario, and extensive Timber Limits on the River Coulonge, Province of Quebec.

The Mill has just been completed, and is most substantially built and fitted with the most improved Machinery, and can manufacture 140,000 feet of lumber per day. It has an extensive piling ground attached to it. Being placed where the Brockville Railway runs beside the Ottawa River, the lumber manufactured by it may be sent direct to the United States market. The limits comprise about 280 square miles of valuable Pine Timber country, with two extensive and productive Farms, and having commodious Dwelling Houses, Storehouses and Stables erected on them. They are also supplied with a large stock of provisions, horse feed and shanty plant for next season's operations

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be had by applying to J. B. Lewis, Esq., Barrister, Ottawa, or from Mr. George Purvis, at the offices of the Mill.

Ottawa, July 28, 1871. 1729 d&w4 1awk

SEEDS! SEEDS

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

☞ FLOWER SEEDS. ☜

A. CHRISTIE & CO.

(Late Alex. Christie.)

Druggists,

40, Sparks-st

Ottawa April 28, 1871

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

Madoc, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., Ottawa.

Dear Sirs,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than another, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain.
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P.S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Medical.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 11871

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET,

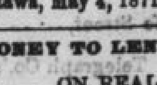
That COTTAGE, the property of N. Tetrau, Esq., Notary, in the Lower Village of Hull, with a handsome flower garden, stable, wood shed, ice house, &c., with or without the necessary firewood for next winter on the place. Mr. Tetrau having arranged for his residence in the dwelling adjoining his office, consented to the leasing of the property. For further information apply to N. TETREAU, N. P., Hull, P. Q. 1746 8

NOTICE.

TO LET, a Large OFFICE and THREE BEDROOMS well situated in the Aumond Block, west end Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, July 11th, 1871. 1813 tf



HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chandiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,
Agent,

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
Robert Lees. 43utt John J. Gemmell.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
William Mosgrove. 366tf George Taillon

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chandiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treament of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherston's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law, Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKay Wright. 1&y F C Clemow

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT,

NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MARCIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetrau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.

Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or Laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

369y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every elicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

G. C. RAINBOTH,

Provincial Land Surveyor and Draughtsman, commissioned for the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.

Office. Aylmer, P. Q. 1722 tf

TRISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. Tristle. R. Lang.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

References.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 749tf

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1866.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

Mantles—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

1871. ICE! 1871.

ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street

Ottawa, May 1649d

F. WILLIAMS,

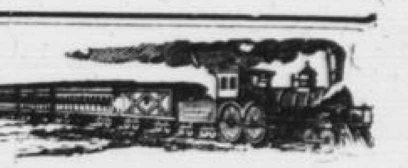
PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed.

Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

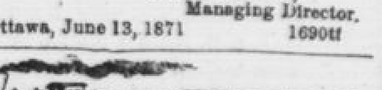
On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at .... 6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at....... 9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at..... 9.00 p.m
Mixed Train or Brockville, at.....11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at........................ 5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at 7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at..................... 8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at.......... 2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston.........10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz.:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

Sussex-St., Ottawa.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1689 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

DOMINION HOUSE

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley.

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 6m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St, James-st,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.

Montreal, March 11, 1871 161 3y

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

MORRISON'S

STEAM BISCUIT BAKERY

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your Orders are solicited, and will be PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO by

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor.

Nos. 36 and 38 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

TANNERY,

PARK STREET, OTTAWA.

EDMOND GERMAIN, Proprietor.

All kinds of LEATHER for Sale, Wholesale, at reasonable prices.

ALSO,

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE.

Of his own manufacture, at REDUCED PRICES.

19th August, 1871. 1746tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by The Ottawa Times Printing and Publishing Company, at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre), Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. NO. VI. 1768. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof whi h will be guarenteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Destillery under five barr ls.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constontly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when v sting Montreal 1685 3m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Receiv

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily)
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

☞ The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED ☜

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

☞ Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

☞ OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND ☜

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq., or to

HAMNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
1746b Post O Block.

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

100 CASES

HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT

"THE RED BOOT,"

OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overs,

MOCCASINS,

Laces & Boot Dressing

Which will be sold at the very lowest price possible,

Wholesale and Retail.

City and country dealers will find (on giving us a call) that they can be supplied at

Montreal Prices—Freight Added.

Having received a good part of our

Fall and Winter Goods

We are prepared to EXECUTE PROMPTLY all orders.

All summer goods selling at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Orders for Hand Made Custom Work attended to promptly.

A full sett of

Messrs. Ames, Millard & Co's Samples

of BOOTS and SHOES, always on view, and orders taken at lowest prices. One of our firm will wait on the merchants of Ottawa City and District soliciting orders.

Agents for wholesaling of Wm. Clendinneng's manufacture of *Stoves, Iron-furniture, Railings, Builders* and all kinds of *Plain and Fancy Castings.*

Agents for the celebrated

☞ *Plantagenet Mineral Water.* ☜

Orders promptly attended to.

LAMB & RODDEN,
No 28, Sussex Street.

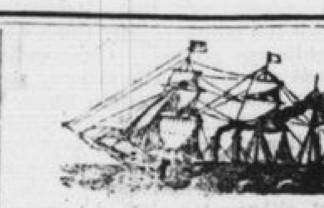
Ottawa, July 20, 1871.

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 88 Sussex Street, Ottawa.
1738 tNY ☞ SIMEON LEBEAU, Agent.



LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871. 1871.

The following first-class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES....J. James "
NIGER......W. Nisbett "
SEVERN.....G.Butchart "

Are intended to Sail, as under, during the Season of 1871, between

LONDON,

QUEBEC and MONTREAL.

FROM LONDON.

MEDWAY...Thursday, 10th August.
THAMES...... " 24th "
NIGER....... " 7th Sept.
SEVERN...... " 21st "
MEDWAY...... " 5th Oct.
THAMES...... " 19th "

AND FROM QUEBEC.

NIGER.....Thursday, 10th August.
SEVERN.... " 24th "
MEDWAY.... " 7th Sept.
THAMES.... " 21st "
NIGER..... " 5th Oct.
SEVERN.... " 19th "
MEDWAY.... " 2nd Nov.
THAMES.... " 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $5 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second lass.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.

or

T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co.'s Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, June 13th. 1760y

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL..........$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over..... 4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over..... 9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND.......... 6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Lif Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

All descriptions of property insured at moderate rotes.

Tables of rates for Life Assurance and all information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

T. M. CLARKE, Agent.
OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. SUMMER SERVICE. 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

NESTORIAN ....26th August.
SCANDINAVIAN ....2nd September
HIBERNIAN ....9th "
MORAVIAN ....15th "
SARMATIAN ....23rd "
PRUSSIAN ....30th "

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin ....$70 to $80
Steerage...............$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN, on or about...31st Aug.
OTTAWA " ......7th Sept.
ST. DAVID " ......14th "
ST. ANDREW " ......21st "
ST. PATRICK " ......28th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin..........$67 25
Intermediate..............$47 or 44 00
Steerage..........................28 00

☞ An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks.
Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and
Canadian Tweeds
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., c

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawes,
Under irts
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Necktics,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞ Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, pril 11, 1871

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Third Annual Exhibition under the auspices of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society will take place on

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.

SEPTEMBER 20TH, 21ST AND 22ND, 1871.

On the Society's Grounds adjoining the city limits.

COMPETITION OPEN TO THE WORLD!

Nearly $3.000 is offered in Premiums

For Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, Agricultural and Horticultural Productions, Manufactures, Domestic Products, &c.

All parties may compete for prizes on payment of Two Dollars; Ladies on payment of One Dollar.

ENTRIES.

All entries must be made on printed forms, which may be had from the Secretary. These forms are to be filled up and signed by the Exhibitor, enclosing Two Dollars, which amount will entitle the Exhibiter to compete in all the departments

The entries in each department must be made as follows:—

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before the 10th of SEPTEMBER.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery, and Manufactures generally SEPTEMBER 15th.

Horticultural Products, Flowers, Ladies' Work, &c., SEPTEMBER 18th.

The Society will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railroad Proprietors for carrying articles and passengers at reduced rates.

Arrangements will be made with the Customs Department for the free entry of articles for competition.

J B LEWIS,
President.
A S WOODBURN,
Sec. Treas.
Ottawa August 22, 1749t

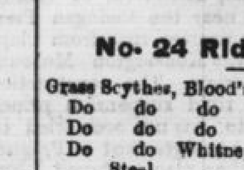
HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES,

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,



No. 24 Rideau street.

All ground ready for use.

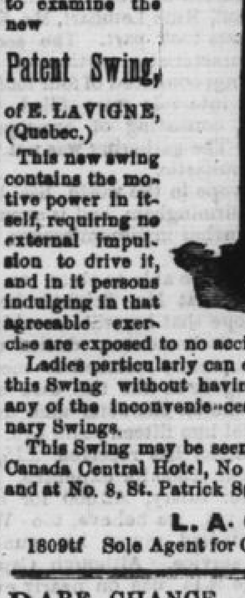
Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid Steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.

Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs. Hay Rakes, straight and bent, Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarrie;

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.
Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w



THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex Street, and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,
1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

RARE CHANCE.

The advertiser has received instructions to offer for SALE, by TENDER, at so much in the Dollar, as per Inventory Valuation,

A WELL ASSORTED TAILOR'S STOCK,

Consisting of English Cloths, Canada Tweeds, Trimmings, &c., &c., amounting to over $4,000.

The Goods are all in first-class order, and have been well selected.

The above offers an excellent opportunity to any one about to commence business, as the goodwill can be secured.

Every information may be had by addressing Box 468, Montreal, and Stock Sheets can be seen on application to the undersigned.

Tenders will be received until the 26th instant. Parties making other than a CASH OFFER, will please name security.

C. BAILLIE,
181 St. James' Street.
Montreal, August 5th, 1871 1733A

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager
Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

☞ Terms, 40cts. per month.

Books bought, sold and exchanged.

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.

Mail Train at 2:30 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 4:10 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 8:10 p.m., and at Sand Point at 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 5:20 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m. 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE SAND POINT—9:10 a.m.; 4:30 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 9:10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.
Brockville, 1st Sept, 1871. 1761-y

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL!

On and from WEDNESDAY, 13th SEPT. Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 12:30 P.M
8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East,

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 4:00 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M. arriving in Ottawa at 6 45 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4 40 P.M, arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 P.M

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 6:30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.25 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, tawa
R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.
Ottawa Sept 9th, 1871

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the BROCKVILLE and OTTAWA RAILWAY will be held at BROCKVILLE on the 10th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon a lease of the section of the said Railway lying between CARLETON PLACE and SAND POINT to the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.
Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY will be held at OTTAWA on the 11th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon the accepting of a lease from the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company of that section of their Railway lying between Carleton Place and Sand Point, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.
Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

OF THE

AGRICULTURAL & ARTS ASSOCIATION

OF ONTARIO,

To be held at Kingston,

On the 25th to 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Persons intending to exhibit will please take notice that the Entries of articles in the respective classes must be made with the Secretary, at Toronto, on or before the undermentioned dates, viz:

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before Saturday, August 26th.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery and Manufactures generally, on or before Saturday, September 2nd.

Horticultural Products, Ladies' Work, the Fine Arts, &c., on or before Saturday, September 16th.

Prize Lists and Blank Forms for making the entries upon, can be obtained of the Secretaries of all Agricultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes throughout the Province.

HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec'y Agricultural and Arts Association
Toonto, August 15, 1871. 1745-d&w

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XXXVI.

SPECULATIVE.

(CONTINUED.)

Whereat Mr. Hardell looked somewhat shocked. People who have been living an ideal life—leading an existence which may be typical of a future life, but which in no respect represents the actual and prosaic life men and women who are in the world must expect to meet—are always shocked and astonished when they come in cont ct with reality, verbal or otherwise.

Mr. Hardell believed, perhaps because he knew practically so little of life, that those whose experiences hold no memory either of great sin or of great sorrow, should have no thought of deceit, no idea, however vague, of double dealing. His own career had been one long course of deception; but all the more on this very account he loved truth and right with a sort of fanatical devotion, and it had always been inexplicable to him why it was that law and justice were not convertible terms.

"You see," proceeded the lawyer, "this person in whom you are interested made a great mistake, and people have to pay for making mistakes. Before handing that hundred pounds over to McPhail he should have consulted his solicitor, and had the affair properly managed. So far as McPhail is concerned, my own opinion is that the fact of his having accepted one hundred pounds would, if it can be proved, prevent h s taking any further money out of the business; but he can ruin the business if he like, because Johnstoun would be answered for my debts he might choose to contract in the name of the firm. If he is not to be bought out a second time, the only thing Johnstoun can do is to go through the Bankruptcy Court. This would dissolve the partnership at once; and my belief is that it would be far and away the best course for him to adopt."

"But is it not a dreadful thing for a man to be placed in such a dilemma?" said Mr. Hardell,

"Certainly. On the other hand, he has none to thank for his trouble but himself. If a man choose to be so stupid, he must take the consequences. Bankruptcy is not a pleasant alternative, certainly; but it is better than being saddled with a partner like McPhail. It would be worth while to spend anotner hundred pounds in buying McPhail out; but failing his willingness to be bought out, Johnstoun ought to get rid of him by means of bankruptcy."

"Then there is absolutely no way in which he could compel McPhail to dissolve partnership?"

"None whatever."

Having received which information, Andrew was turning to leave the office, when Mr. St. John inquired,

"Whether he had come to any decision about taking possession of his property?"

"Not yet; not until I hear whether a nearer claimant be living or dead."

"And what steps are you taking to ascertain his whereabouts?"

"I have advertised in the Australian papers."

"He is in Australia then?"

"He was there some years back. Where he may be now I have no idea."

Mr. St. John leaned back in his chair, and placing the palms of his hands together, sat silent for a minute. Then he began—

"Mr. Hardell, considering that you have done us the honor to say we shall have the conduct of your affairs, I do not think you are treating us exactly fairly. Our firm has acted for the Hardell family for fifty years, at all events. We have every important document belonging to them in our possession. We have had the fullest confidence placed in us, and yet we can in no way find the slightest clue as to who this individual may be that has, you assert, a prior claim upon the estate. You refuse to tell us who he is or whence he comes—where he was born—of whom he was born. There can be no good reason for that secrecy, for if he return he will certainly have to produce proofs, and good proofs, to support his claim, and we do not like the distrust which causes you to refuse the information we certainly have some right to request."

"It is no distrust," Andrew broke in. "It only is that I am putting off the telling of a disagreeable story as long as may be."

"Can it be put off indefinitely?" asked the other.

"No," was the reply; "it could, but for this accursed inheritance—" And the man's voice trembled with passionate misery as he spoke.

"Had you an elder brother?" inquired the lawyer, after a pause. "Was there any secret marriage? Had your father any previous wife but the one we are cognizant of?"

"Not to my knowledge," Andrew answered.

"Then where does this other Hardell come from? We can find no trace of him in the family pedigree. Unless there were some secret marriage, there can be no one with claims so good as your own. Failing your son, the estates would pass to the other Hardell, who, as supposed, murdered Mr. Challerson; but his claim is very remote indeed in comparison with yours. It can not be that you are waiting to hear from him."

"No; I am not waiting to hear from him," Andrew replied. "And all I can tell you now is, that I can take no steps further in the matter till I have seen the person to whom I allude. It will rest with him whether I take possession of the property or not. In any event, however, the moment he return I will give you my fullest confidence, no matter whether he decide to blast my life for the second time or to make me the only recompense for past treachery I desire."

"You think it, then possible an arrangement may be come to?" said Mr. St. John.

"With any other man I should say it was certain."

"You know him well?" the lawyer suggested.

"Too well," was the answer. And this significant sentence ended the conversation; for Mr. Hardell rose immediately, and left the office, as was his wont, with only a brief "Good-morning."

He had never yet shaken hands with either of the partners, which omission they at first set down to arrogance, but subsequently connected with that remarkable mystery which seemed only to deepen as time went on.

Mr. St. John had said truly that he and his partner did not like the continuance of that mystery.

Over and above the natural curiosity which they felt to know whom the strange claimant might be, they objected to being kept in the dark, both on professional and personal grounds; nor was that objection lessened by the statement of Mr. Alton, who declared that even he was ignorant of the actual state of affairs.

Indeed, Mr. St John had made up his mind to tell their client that they must either be put in possession of ever circumstance of the case, or decline to act for him. When the conversation commenced on the day in question, the lawyer intended making the foregoing observation before its close, but something in Mr. Hardell's manner prevented him doing so.

"I am confident the man is wretched," he said to Mr. Henry, at a later period of the day; "and I feel glad now I did not say what I told you I should. Can it be that he is illegitimate, and knows it? or can he have been changed by his nurse? It is natural that, if such were the case, he would try to effect some compromise, more especially if he could keep the facts from his wife's knowledge. He is miserable enough, at any rate, to satisfy his bitterest enemy, if he have one."

"We shall know more about it in time, I presume," said Mr. Henry philosophically; "that is, if the Australian fellow ever turns up, which I do not believe he will. My opinion is and has always been that Mr. Hardell is mad, on this point at all events. Mark my words, he will end his days in a lunatic asylum. Think how odd he is—never shaking hands—never asking a question about the property—never speaking a sentence on general topics. He has got softening of the brain, or something of that kind, coming on, you may depend upon it."

"No," Mr. St. John answered, reflectingly, "he is not mad, unless it be with some grief he has elected to keep to himself. I wondered if *he* murdered Kenneth Challerson, and left another man to suffer in his stead. I will write down to Scotland by to-night's post, and get a report of that trial *in extenso.*"

"You seem most wonderfully interested in the matter," said Mr. Henry, a little sarcastically.

"So would you be, if you had heard the way in which he spoke of his inheritance as accursed," answered the other.

"Mad as a March hare," remarked Mr. Henry; "you may depend I am right."

"Time will prove," replied Mr. St. John, strong in the strength of his own newly-formed convictions. "All I can say now is, I believe there is some awful sorrow, or some terrible disgrace, at the bottom of the whole thing; and I only wish he would tell us what it is, that we might help him, if possible."

That, however, was the very thing Andrew Hardell never meant to do, so long as he could escape it by any means. He intended, when Anthony return d, to take these men into his confidence, and make them parties to whatever arrangement might be come to between the rightful owner and himself; but so long as he could put off the evil hour, he argued there was no use in allowing it to strike.

Desperately he clung to the belief that if he agreed to give Anthony the bulk of the rent-roll, Anthony would let him enter into possession of the estate, and that thus he could forever keep the knowledge of his secret from Joy.

It would depend, he thought, to a great extent on whether Anthony had a son. If he had not, then the matter might be arranged, or even if he had, Andrew believed it would be possible to avert discovery still longer by agreeing that Anthony's children should succeed on his death.

He considered he was entitled to ask and to expect such reparation at the hands of the man who had, as he truly said, blasted his life. Anthony owed it to him; and a score of times a day Andrew Hardell prayed to God that Anthony might see in the same light.

"He never could be so cruel as to force me to thole my assize a second time, with my wife for my judge," thought Andrew, confidently; forgetful that when he stood up before my lords, in Buccleugh Street, and answered to his name, on trial for his life, Anthony might have saved him altogether by confessing it was he who had been seen about the Heron's Nest wearing Andrew's light colored top coat and that he had borrowed one friend's money in order to elope with the wife of another.

Whereas Anthony Hardell confessed nothing and had subsequently rather taken credit to himself for not having put a rope round Andrew's neck.

THE POET ZOZIMUS.

About thirty-five years ago a tall blind man used to stand at the corner of Essex Bridge, Dublin, singing and reciting ballads which, if not very remarkable for wit, were more or less attractive to his audience on account of their singularity. He derived his name, "Zozimus," from the fact of his having composed a lyric on the discovery in the desert of St. Mary of Egypt by a pious ecclesiastic called Zozimus. His biographer informs us that he was usually dressed in a heavy, coarse, long-tailed coat and a very-much worn hat, with exceedingly strong shoes. He recited or declaimed pieces of a sacred turn interspersed with odd asides to the crowd, and always introducing himself with a sort of prologue. One of his most striking and effective readings was that of a romantic version of the story of Moses in the bulrushes. This he always prefaced by inquiring, "Is there a crowd about me now? Is there any blackguard heretic listenin' to me?" Having been satisfied on these points, Zozimus is reported to have delivered a series of stanzas of which the following may serve as a specimen:

"In Egypt's land, upon the banks of Nile,
King Pharoah's daughter went to bathe in style:
She tuk her dip, then walked unto the land.
And to dry her royal pelt, she ran along the strand."

Zozimus could sing of his garret as gaily as Beranger:

"Gather round me boys, well yez.
Gather round me?
And hear what I have to say,
Before ould Sally brings me
My bread and jug of tay.

"I live in Faddle alley,
Off Blackpits near the Comb;
With my poor wife called Sally,
In a narrow, dirty room."

The poet living in the O'Connell era, was a great admirer of the agitator, and celebrated O'Connell's election to the mayoralty with much enthusiasm. Zozimus died on Friday, April 3, 1846. A priest who went to visit him found the bard in a miserable room lying on a straw pallat and surrounded by a horde of ballad-singers to whom, it seems, he was teaching the doggerel that was no longer of much use to him. "How are you, Mike?" said the priest. "I'm dictatin'," was the characteristic reply of the ministrel. He had a grand wake, and a funeral which no doubt Zozimus would have enjoyed but for the inactive part he was compelled to take in it. A periodical in Dublin has been recently started in the name of the gifted mendicant, and beyond a question Zozimus deserves a centenary festival of some sort from his countrymen, who have only lately made an effort to rescue his memory from oblivion.

A FLYING TRAPEZE.

A Correspondent writing from Reading, Mass., says:—

One of the most extraordinary and almost incredible exhibitions of human intrepidity and daring was last Monday, the 4th inst., witnessed by the citizens of this place. It seemed to me to equal it not surpass in thrilling and painful interest anything ever attempted by Sam Patch or Blondin in their wildest efforts. An individual named Donaldson—a tight-rope walker and "magician," as he styles himself—who had on the previous Wednesday made a balloon ascension in the ordinary way (the first balloon ascent of any kind he had ever made in his life), repeated his performance on Monday last, but this time with no basket attached to his baloon—nothing whatever, in fact, but a common trapeze. Upon this he seated himself with the greatest coolness and composure and went floating away into space, to the astonishment of the large crowd which had gathered to see him, but few cheers greeting him, as the spectators seemed spell-bound with fear and apprehension. After ascending to a considerable distance he commenced throwing out a number of circulars which he had attached to a little hoop below the balloon, and which in the clear atmosphere appeared like twinkling stars surrounding the balloon, producing a most novel and pleasing effect. But this was nothing to what followed. At the height of some three hundred feet he commenced balancing himself on his back on the bar of the trapeze, and going through other fearful evolutions He then deliberately slid from the bar head downwards, and, catching himself by the feet remained suspended for several seconds in that awful position! The appalling sight was one never to be forgotten by those who witnessed it A thrill and a low murmur of horror passed through the immense multitude, who were looking on with intensest interest, and many hurried away from the sight giddy and faint. The daring aeronaut, however, went through his evolutions successfully, and, regaining his seat went soaring rapidly and steadily upwards When at the height of three-quarters of a mile he had the astounding nerve to repeat his performance, which at so great a distance, could only be clearly visible by the aid of glasses. What made his ascent all the more hazardous is that the balloon is a very small one carrying but little ballast, and with nothing but a light anchor attached to the hoop.

I am glad to say that the aeronaut completed his voyage safely, although he once or twice seemed to be in considerable danger.

THE MYSTERY SOLVED.

Some time ago when Mr. Augustin Daly conceived the idea of dramatizing "The Mystery of Edwin Drood," he wrote for information to Mr. Charles Collins, Mr. Dickens's son-in-law, who made the design for the illustrated title page. Mr. Daly received the subjoined reply:

DEAR SIR: The late Mr. Dickens communicated to me some general outlines for his scheme of "Edwin Drood," but it was at a very early stage in the development of the idea, and what he said bore mainly upon the earlier portions of the tale.

Edwin Drood was never to reappear, he having been murdered by Jasper. The girl Rosa, not having been really attached to Edwin, was not to lament his loss very long, and was I believe, to admit the sailor, Mr. Tarter to supply his place. It was intended that Jasper himself should urge on the search after Edwin Drood and the pursuit of his murderer, thus endeavoring to divert suspicion from himself, the real murderer. This is indicated in the design on the right side of the cover of the figures hurrying up the spiral staircase, emblematical of a pursuit. They are led on by Jasper, who points unconsciously to his own figure in the drawing at the head of the title. The female figure at the left of the cover reading the placard "Lost" is only intended to illustrate the doubt entertained by Rosa Budd as the fate of her lover, Drood. The group beneath it indicates the acceptance of another suitor.

As to anything further it must be purely conjectural. It seems likely that Rosa would marry Mr. Tartar, and possible that the same destiny might await Mr. Crisparkle and Helena Landless. Young Landless himself was to die, perhaps, and Jasper certainly would, though whether by falling into the hands of justice or by suicide, or through taking an overdose of opium, which seems most likely, it is impossible to say.

I regret not to be able to afford you more information, and also that your letter should have remained so long unanswered.

Very faithfully yours,

CHARLES ALLSON COLLINS.

WAKEFULNESS AND ITS REMEDIES.

In all those cases of wakefulness dependent upon long continuous mental exertion—and those are the cases to which we especially wish to draw the attention of our readers—all means of relief will be utterly useless until the patient consents to give his brain entire relaxation for a time. Whenever it is possible, a course of travel through a romantic country, a visit to the seaside, should be regarded as imperative. An early dinner followed by a hearty supper of plain and nutritious dishes, is preferable to a heavy late dinner; and a glass or two of good wine at both meals, or a glass of good whiskey or brandy and water after supper, may often be taken with advantage. The value of physical exercise, and especially riding, in the open air can scarcely be over-estimated, and should be carried on to the point of incipient fatigue. A shower bath in the morning, and a warm bath before retiring to rest, are useful auxiliaries; a somewhat high and not too soft pillow should be used, and, if the feet are very cold, a hot-water bottle should be placed at the bottom of the bed. If the preceding means—all or most of which the patient can try for himself—fail, resource should at once be had to professional advice. If we had been asked a couple of years ago what was the most potent agent in the treatment of wakefulness, we should have answered, without hesitation, bromide of potassium. There is now reason to believe, from the researches of Dr. Clouston, that a combination of this salt with tincture of Indian hemp, in the proportion of half a drachm of the salt to a drachm of the tincture, is more potent in allaying nervous excitement in cases of insanity, and probably generally than the bromide alone, even in a far larger dose. The most powerful and irresistible of all sleep-promoters is, however, the new remedy known as hydrate of chloral, and which, it is stated, has been prescribed successfully, and without a single accident, in more than 100,000 cases in Great Britain alone. Writing in July, 1869, Dr. Hammond observes that "the disposition of the age seems to be to ignore the fact that the nervous system can exhaust itself by excessive intellectual labor." He proceeds to adduce the case of Admiral Fitzroy, the well-known meteorologist, who committed suicide in 1865. The *Spectator* in commenting on this sad case, observed that "he had overworked himself of late; found that he was losing his memory; became sleepless, and resorted to opium, which only aggravated his symptoms. His doctor had warned him that he ran great risk of paralysis, but from a false tenderness, did not at once compel him to give up labor." During the last few months we have had two startling examples of the mode in which nature avenges the abuse of her laws, in the shocking death of two most eminent chemists—one of whom was seized with insanity on the occasion of his visit to the British Association at Liverpool, and died shortly afterwards in a lunatic asylum; and the other, a few weeks later, committed suicide in his own laboratory.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS MOTHERS

Are you disturbed at night and broken your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth. If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the old st and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. 1731 2m

NAPOLEON WEEPING.—The unfortunate exile who has seen the end of his Imperial Greatness, wept when he found himself so mercifully dealt with by his Antagonist and Captor, King William of Prussia. History seldom chronicles such leniency on the part of a Conqueror. Not so in Medicine, for the Great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills have no respect of any reigning disease in the human body, for this combined medicine roots out completely all acute and chronic maladies and coverts the system into a sound tabernacle for humanity to live in.

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

J. H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 25, 1871. 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Auction Sale—A. Rowe.
Notice—Chas Farrell.
Rink Music Hall—Chas. H. Duprez.
Sermon—Rev. W. Andrews.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1871.

The Ottawa Times.

For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Mr. Dalrymple, M. P., of England, left for the West yesterday.

His Excellency the Governor General is expected to return here next week. It is probable that Admiral Fanshawe, Commander-in-Chief of the North American Squadron, will be the guest of His Excellency for a few days.

Captain Cotton, of the Wimbledon Team, has returned to this city. He appears to have enjoyed his trip to England and to be in excellent health. His many friends will be glad to welcome him back. He considers that Captain McClenaghan's charges against Lt. Col. Skinner are entirely correct.

If English people know nothing else of Ottawa, it seems likely that we shall attain to some celebrity in the old land, in consequence of the inefficiency of our City Council. We read the following in an English journal:

Ottawa is at last likely to have a system of waterworks, certainly very much needed. An engineer employed to examine into this matter has reported that efficient waterworks can be established at a cost of $437,000, and the City Council is expected to take action in the matter immediately.

This was written nearly a month ago. Our English friends will be surprised to hear that nothing has been done.

The London (England) *Canadian News* says:

We are sorry to learn that just before Sir John A. Macdonald left Ottawa it was generally remarked that he was injuring himself by his intense application to business. He looked quite wearied out and many times sympathetic friends have hoped and prayed that her Ladyship would carry him off and compel him to take a rest at the seaside.

The *Canadian News* in common with all Englishmen and English journalists who take an interest in the prosperity of this country, will be glad to know that Sir John Macdonald has returned from the seaside with his health much improved, and strong and well enough to devote himself to the discharge of public business with his usual energy and devotion.

EDUCATED ENGLISHMEN IN THE COLONIES.

An English University man has lately published a book called *Colonial Adventures and Experiences*. It relates principally to the author's somewhat adventurous career in Australia, but it contains very much that may be read with advantage by all Englishmen desirous of emigrating to any portion of the Empire. The author went out to Queensland, armed with plenty of letters of introduction—which proved rather less useful than waste paper, inasmuch as they raised up entirely false hopes—and, after waiting in the hope of getting employment for some time, found his only chance to be to go into the bush, and take whatever rough jobs came to hand there. Now sweeping out a "store," then taking a turn at making a telegraph line, acting as tutor to the family of a blacksmith, or a barman to a small public house, he seems to have had as much variety in employment as falls to the lot of most. One of the most remunerative jobs was selling cards at a race-meeting. By this he made five pounds, at the rate of threepence profit on each card which was sold for a shilling. He then became a shepherd and gives a very interesting account of an Australian shepherd's life. Among his fellow herdsmen he met a large number of English gentlemen who, like himself, had failed to procure congenial employment and had been compelled to take to a herdsman's life as a last resource. At one station, owned by a man who could scarcely read or write, he found one Cambridge man, one *Trinity* College Dublin man, an old army officer educated at Rugby, one Oxford man, one old Wintonian, and two highly educated Germans.

The lesson which the author's adventures teaches is, not that an English gentleman has no chance of success in the colonies, but that an English gentleman when he comes to the colonies, whether it be to Canada or elsewhere, must not quietly sit down until the exact kind of employment or position which is most congenial to his tastes presents itself. It will not do for him to wait like Mr. Micawber for "something to turn up." He should seize upon the first employment that offers, so long as it is an honest one, and one that he can perform without any real degradation. To "sell cards at a race meeting," or to "act as barman in a small public house," are not employments which we should recommend to English gentlemen, but it is better for them when they land in a colony to "take whatever rough jobs come to hand," than to waste their time "loafing" about hotels until the exact kind of employment which they desire presents itself. When English emigrants of the better class fail in Canada, it is because they thus coquet with Fortune, because they have a sort of notion that the mere fact of a man's emigrating insures for him an immediate competency, and that all they have to do upon their arrival in Quebec or Sydney, is to inscribe their names among the arrivals at the principal hotel, and remain there enjoying the *dolce far niente* to their hearts' content until the desired occupation or position presents itself.

The author of the book to which we have referred appears to have failed in Colonial life. Consequently we are not surprised to find him advancing the idea that all educated Englishmen who seek their fortunes in the Colonies must fail likewise. It is natural enough that he should do so, but we are far from agreeing with the proposition. It is perfectly true that there is more room in the colonies for what are generally called "working men," than for others, and so it ever must be in a young country. But an educated Englishman who will not rest satisfied with sitting down and waiting for employment to come to him, but has pluck and energy enough to grasp the first chance that presents itself, is as likely to find a field in Canada as anywhere else. He must make up his mind however when he leaves the old land, that he will have to work for a living here as elsewhere, that the mere fact of emigrating does not insure success unless he is possessed of that truest nobility which will teach him to scorn no honest occupation which makes him independent of others, and of sufficient energy and determination of purpose to take advantage of the first opportunity which presents itself of obtaining respectable employment.

AUTUMN.

We should not be surprised to hear that the occupants of the several pulpits of the city have "improved the occasion" of the late change of the weather, to draw many a moral for the benefit of those who sit under them, on the uncertainty of life and the evanescent character of its pleasures. Our more prosaic task is to deal with humbler duties. But as the first cold spell comes upon us, and we find to our surprise, that we need at day to close the window, and at night to ask for another coverlid, we are aroused to the thought that summer has again nearly passed away. So quietly does season crowd upon season in this favored and prosperous land that there is nothing to mark the passag from one period of the year to the other. Some day, however, we look around us, and find that which was once the present is now the past, and that we have changed our standing point of the future. Thus to-day we all feel that in this latitude, whatever it may be to the South of us, we have entered into that most beautiful of seasons we call the fall. Possibly there is no more enjoyable time of the year, than a September and October afternoon in Canada. Whether the great heat, with the violent strain which summer makes on the human frame has some compensating influence or not, it seems to us that we feel a more vivid identification with Nature during the after summer of this country than at any other time. It is a different feeling to the hilarity which a dash through snow and ice convey to the thought, or the more hopeful sympathy which leads us to greet the first violet of spring that "perfumed pledge that earth has renewed its youth."

There are a class of writers who affect to see only mournful associations with the departure of summer. Just as if all life did not consist of change and progress. We pass from one condition to another, as a matter of necessity, and as every age has its turn of thought and its peculiar pleasures and consolations, so, every season has its own pursuits and furnishes pleasures not followed at other times. It is now that the pedestrian has the chance of shewing his prowess. He has passed the heat of the Sun, and not yet reached the domain of rain and sleet. The walk he takes invigorates rather than fatigues—and miles disappear under his elastic tread, without a sign of fatigue or effort. On the other hand, the garden has no longer its wonted charm. Our old brilliant favorites begin to droop, and we commence to place in safety those more tender plants we intend for winter life. Prudent housewives, verily, and indeed count their chickens and even thus early they commence to calculate how many of the brood will survive the cold nights, and if the strength the chick now has is enough for development to full growth. Passing to the materiabilities of life, economical fathers of families are speculating on the price of wood and coal. Many a solemn moment is devoted to the thought if a stove less will warm the house. The wood bills of last winter are yet remembered, and the additional fur cords which were needed after the most elaborate calculations had proved that they would be unnecessary, still rankle in the mind as they once rankled in the purse of *pater familias*. Coal rises up in all its formidable expense, and as the mind passes over there difficulties thoughts of fur caps and thick boots, pelises and muffs, bonnets and gauntlets crowd the anxious brain of those with fixed and moderate incomes, and the wonder is that this serious responsibility is met at all. As it glides out of view the remembrance comes up that the girls cannot longer be kept back, that they must now go in the world, and run their risk and take their chance in the matrimonial market. *Crescent cundo*. The difficulties which before seemed insurmountable, and yet which have vanished under the practical stimulus of effort and necessity appear the mere vaporings of the child before the sober difficulties of despair, when these necessary considerations come to be questioned. The days are gone when young girls dressed in *tarlatan* and festooned their robes with a few ribbons. Now we need all that Art can do to make Beauty effective. A phantasmagoria of color and folds pass before the wearied eye of the dreamer of his childrens' triumph, the nightmare of expectation and bewilderment. But he feels the effort must be made. For the whole year, winter has been spoken of as Adelgitha's *debut* and he wonders how all the paraphernalia can be got together to meet the obligation. So the first dream which the departure of Summer gives is a strange compound of want, fancies, hope, and sentiment, and the great charm of the whole is that none of us can tell what hue they will form, each and all of us being sustained by the one great consolation of hope.

All the year round, "Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders" should be given to horses that are "kept up." To horses and cattle that graze in summer they should only be given in winter and spring.

Coughs and colds, when left to themselves, frequently bring on pulmonary complaints, which lead to that distressing and fatal disease, consumption; but if attended to in time, "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers" are a certain remedy. They stop the irritating cough, and soothe and strengthen the bronchial tubes, allaying all irritations and inflammation. They are also particularly adapted for the use of singers and public speakers. Sold by all druggists and country dealers. Price 25 cents per box.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 14, 11 a.m.

The Provincial Synod assembled this morning. After prayers and the reading of the minutes of yesterday's proceedings the business was proceeded with. The morning session was principally occupied with the question of the admission of the Nova Scotia delegates, Judge Draper speaking ably with other members. The Synod refused to admit the Nova Scotia delegates to seats in its deliberations.

In the fight, yesterday, at Longueuil, after the race failing to come off, two men were badly injured, and to-day the life of one is dispaired of.

The fact that the Taylor-Winship crew have challenged any crew in the world to row, on the 2nd October, at Lachine, for £500 has created a new enthusiasm in acquatics circles, and fresh excitement is anticipated.

METAPEDIA.

METAPEDIA, Sept. 14.

A most successful Scottish Gathering took place here at the residence of Daniel Fraser, Esq.

The following is a list of the Officers and Prizes:—

Judges — Messrs. James Ritchie, P. Grant, John Mowat, George Moffatt, M.P., Alex. McDonald, Robt. Litster, John Neilson of Belleville, Martin Murphy, A. Imlay.

Officers—Daniel Fraser, Chief; James Ritchie, President; P. Grant and J. Jellett, Vice-Presidents.

Directors—J. C. McKenzie, R. P. Mitchell, R. G. Gordon, Marshals Finlay, and Fraser.

Field Captain—Andrew Gillis.

Chaplain—Rev. A. D. Fraser.

Surgeon—Dr. Disbrow.

Pipers—J. Smeaton, W. Ferguson. W. McDonald.

Master of Ceremonies—Hugh Morrison.

Secretary and Treasurer—P. Morrison.

Putting heavy stone, 1st prize Andrew Gillic, $6; 2nd prize, H. Caldwell, $4; 3rd prize, Arch. McKinnon, $2.

Putting light stone, 1st prize, A. Gillis, $5; 2nd prize, H. Chisholm, $3; 3rd, Archd. McKinnon, $1.

Throwing heavy hammer, 1st prize, H. Chisholm, $6; 2nd, Andrew Gillice, $4; 3rd, Ist Vecter, $2.

Throwing the light hammer, 1st prize, I. S. Vester, $5; 2nd, Andrew Gillice, $3; 3rd, H. Chisholm, $1.

Tossing the Caber, 1st prize, J. D. McDonald and H. Chisholm, ties $10; 2nd prize could not be decided, 3rd, D. Murray, $2.

Half mile race, 1st prize, J. McCuing, $6; 2nd, Anthony Debam, $4; 3rd, J. Reid, $2.

150 yards race, 1st prize, W. Waters, $4; 2nd, J. D. McDonald, $3; 3rd, Geo. Thorton, $2.

Running High Leap, 1st prize, J. C. Kavanagh, $5; 2nd, Archd. McKinnon, $3; 3rd, Geo. Thorton, $2.

Running long leap, 1st prize, W. Fergusson, $4; 2nd, J. C. Kavanagh, $2; 3rd, Geo. Thorton, $1.

Standing long leap, 1st prize, W. Fergusson, $4; 2nd, Isaac Docherty, $3; 3rd, A Murdock, $2.

Standing high leap, 1st prize, J. C. Kavanagh, $4.

LONGUEUIL.

LONGUEUIL, Sept. 14, 2 p.m.

To-day, so far as the elements are concerned, is more favorable to the regatta. There is very little wind to speak of, and but for an unfortunate accident to the English crew's boat, the race would have come off at one o'clock. As it is the race will not commence before 2:30.

Shortly after 12 o'clock the steamer *Victoria*, with the patrons, judges, and the press—likewise about a hundred invited guests, left the wharf opposite the City Hall, and steamed across to Longueuil, and resumed the same position she occupied yesterday, close to the starting and the winning buoys.

The steamers *Berthier*, *Lambert* and *Longueuil*, each carried a large number of passengers, and by one o'clock there was a crowd of spectators on the beach, and including those on board of the steamers, perhaps about five thousand persons were within view of the race.

The Renforth crews boat is broken.

When the *Victoria* arrived at one o' clock several gentlemen who had been over early in the morning reported to his Worship, Mayor Coursol, and Mr. Walton, that during last night the Renforth crew's boat had been broken. It appears that in the absence of the crew several men, more from curiosity than with evil intent, broke open the boat house and handled the *Queen Victoria*.

If they could float at all they would row, They afterwards went out for a trial spin, but the boat leaked badly. The Winship crew's boat, the *Cooly Tyne* was also injured by some indiscrete admirers of the racing craft, who with some ladies put their knees on the shell and cracked it.

At one o'clock there was a slight ripple on the water, but nothing like what it was yesterday, and if the boats can be got ready and brought down the race will come off about two o'clock.

Major Willis of the G. T. Brigade and the Secretary Treasurer of the Lachine Yacht Club will represent the Renforth crew as judge; Wm. Notman, Esq., the Barton; and Alex. McDonald, the Winship crew, of which he is also the backer. S. J. Doran, Esq., has been appointed referee and with the judges will follow the race in the tug steamer *Plover*, on which the members of the press are also to be allowed, The President of the Club, Dr. Brewster and Wm. Notman; also the members of the committee.

LATER.

The $1,000 five mile race at Longueuil to day, was won by the Barton Halifax crew, in 33 minutes and 10 seconds. Both the English crews led, but went over three hundred yards beyond the turning buoy before they discovered their error. The turning buoys they claim were changed since yesterday. The race was over at half-past three o'clock. Renforth crew came in second, 150 yards behind the Barton, and 50 ahead of the Winship crew.

COUGHS AND COLDS

Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly, when taken in the early stages of disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Losenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the Lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are immitations be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Latest Cable Telegram

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—A case of cholera occurred in Newcastle.

It is stated that an American brig foundered yesterday off Lands End, and that all on board have perished. The name of the vessel is unknown.

FRANCE.

VERSAILLES, September 4.—Conference composed of Count de Remusat and Ponyer Quertier representing France, and Herr Von Arkem and Count Hersag, representing Germany, is now being held in this city for the settlement of the Alsatian Customs.

It is hoped that the Conference will be able to arrange for the evacuation of all the departments except six by means of Customs concessions.

In the Assembly to-day, Gen. D. Cissy stated that two additional Courts Martial for the trial of the Communists will shortly be appointed. He stated that there are now but 152 Judges to examine the cases of 30,000 prisoners, including 750 convicts. Even with additional courts, the Government will probably be obliged to release 12,500 of the prisoners without trial, and it is impossible to sentence more than 100 per month.

VERSAILLES, Sept. 14.—In the Assembly to-day M. Remusat admitted as the result of recent negotiations, a Bill authorizing President Thiers to conclude with Germany a Custom Treaty which embraces in its provisions Alsace and Lorraine. The immediate consequence of the Treaty will be, evacuation of the Departments of Outid, Cote d'Or and Jura, and the reduction of the number of German soldiers in France to 30,000.

AUSTRIA.

The Constitutional Deputies of Upper Austria, Moravia and Carniola, absented themselves from their respective Diets.

In the Bohemian Diet an Imperial Reischrath was read, which was received with enthusiastic cheering. In it the Emperor expresses his desire for the settlement of the status of Bohemia and declares his willingness to recognize her rights by public coronation, and by taking the oath at Prague, and consenting to new electoral and national bills.

PORTUGAL.

LISBON, Sept. 14.—Empress Eugenie arrived here to-day from London. She was visited by the King and Queen of Portugal, and soon afterward left by rail for Madrid.

Latest American Telegrams,

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—A terrible explosion occurred shortly before two o'clock this afternoon, in Union Torpedo Works, of Kluebar & Goldschmidt, in Beekman street, near Fulton Market. Six persons were killed instantly, and eight or more are wounded. The explosion was caused by the accidental falling of a box containing torpedoes, which was being conveyed from the store to the waggon in front. The concussion caused by the explosion outside of the store exploded torpedoes inside.

The doors of the Supreme Court were opened to the public at 10:45, when an excited crowd rushed in and took possession of every seat not reserved for counsellors and reporters. O'Gorman resumed his argument in reply to the allegations of John Foley against the City Government, taking up the question of revenue bonds. The counsel said the bonds of that description issued fell short of the amount they might easily have issued, and so far the City Government had not exceeded its power. His friends on the other side held that the two per cent Act deterred the City Government from issuing bonds, but the laws of 1869 and 1870 authorized the issue of bonds for dock improvements, Croton Acqueduct bonds, and Central Park improvements. Could Legislature say one day plainly and positively that bonds are required to be issued and the next day change its mind. The law of 1871 authorizes fire telegraph bonds. Even the two per cent. Act provides for the issue of bonds for the new Court House, and that very act authorizes the City Council to adjust the claims of James O'Brien against it if presented at his office, and if those claims were paid bonds would be issuable under that Act. In the case of James Cornell, who had a bill for over $30,000, for work done at the Court House, which was audited by the Supervisors. Judge Sutherland, in the Supreme Court, held that the Commissioner had no alternative but to meet and provide for that claim. If the money raised by the Consols was applied to city improvements it could always be repaid by the issue of the bonds for purposes so served. It was taking money out of one pocket and replacing it from the other. The Comptroller applied the $500,000 taken from the proceeds of the Consols to public improvements and the payment of laborers, because the bonds formerly issued and to be paid by the Consols did not become due till December 1861. The proceeds of the Consols are in the City Treasury. There is no demand for payments of bonds, but there is a general demand from day to day for the payments of public improvements, and by paying them interest is saved. It is not easy to dispose of bonds when thrown in large blocks on the market. Therefore Consols were first offered and taken up and the public were pleased. The City Government had power to issue revenue bonds to the extent of twenty-three millions, but have not done so or exceeded the powers, having only raised $22,790,700. They were authorized to issue nine millions of Consols. They raised but $7,000,000. Also had power to issue bonds for improvements to the amount of $5,000,000 which they have not done. Therefore they have not exceeded their powers. Mr. Beach followed on the side of the defendants, and said it is not enough by the general allegations offered to issue the high process of an injunction destructively staying the aim of the officials. He gave a history of the case to show how much of the complaint deserves to be met and how fully it has been made. He said that Connolly would not submit to a sacrifice as a peace offering to popular clamor, and the triumvirate must fall and stand together. The answer of Mayor Hall was the best defence for Connolly, because it shows that that bond was issued with the concurrence of the Board of Apportionment. At the conclusion of Mr. Beach's address Mr. Bartlett, Counsel for Mr. Tweed, moved for an adjournment until to-morrow, which was granted.

OSWEGO, N. Y., Sept. 14.—The schooner *Clyde*, from Oshawa for this port, with barley is ashore at Big Sodus and is full of water.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Sept. 14.—Two very disastrous fires occured here about two o'clock, destroying the Park Place Hotel, the Columbian Hotel, and a large part of the Crescent House. From the Grand Union on Broadway to Clarendon only two buildings are left standing, the north-east corner of Crescent and Harvey P. Hills brick house with a few feet of the south end of the Columbian. Nearly whole blocks have been swept away. All the occupants of the above hotels escaped unhurt, but the inmates of the Park Place Hotel, where the fire originated lost all their personal effects. Some 40 or 50 of the servants lost all their property. The whole loss will probably reach $200,000. There seems to be some reason for suspecting that the fire was the work of a design, as almost simultaneously with the discovery of the flames in Park Place Hotel, a fire broke out just east of Broadway of Hamilton, all in thick cluster of wooden buildings, destroying one dwelling and a half a dozen barns. Evidences of incendiarism at these fires are ample, but there is no clue to the perpetrator. There is much excitement and indignation among the citizens.

OUR ENGLISH MAIL.

We obtain the following items of news from our English exchanges just received:

Mr. Tennyson has a charming house in Surrey, not very far from Godalming, but sufficiently remote from any town to give him that privacy which is a passion with him. He has some singular habits; for instance, he eats his meals reclining on a sofa by the side of the table, in the old Roman fashion.

A very powerful steam crane is now erected at the Chatham Dockyard Extension Docks, intended to lift the most ponderous articles ever likely to be landed there. It will be tested to lift 100 tons.

M. Gustave Dore is staying at the Westminster Palace Hotel, where he is finishing his drawings for "London"—a long promised work—which is to be published by Grant & Co. The Prince and Princess of Wales, and the Princess Louise and Marquis of Lorne, have honoured M. Dore with a visit to see these new pictures of London, which are said to be the finest things the artist has ever produced.

Mr. Henry Stone, of Banbury, has just patented a box for the safe and orderly keeping of letters, papers, documents, pamphlets, &c., by which any single paper can be secured, examined, and replaced without disturbing the order of or shifting other papers, taking them out of the box, or in any way defacing them. The boxes will be very useful in counting houses or offices where they will stand on the shelves with the books and avoid letters, whilst they answer all the purposes of letter-clips or bill-files as to dust or other inconveniences. The arrangement is very simple, but not the less valuable on that account.

We understand that a baronetcy has been offered to Mr. John Gilbert of Blackheath, in recognition of his great ability as a painter, and his eminent services in popularising the better kinds of art illustration.

A sixpenny rate for telegrams would be a boon which many people will highly appreciate, and this boon, according to the *Civilian*, is likely to be conceded before long.

A hunting mare, which was recently bought at Malton and taken to Whitby, escaped from her new owner last week, and galloped home across the country, a distance of nearly sixty miles, in one day.

The re-valuation of Lancashire, now being made, is expected to show an increase upon the valuation of 1864 of at least £2,000,000. In Liverpool there will be the greatest increase, the difference in the two valuations being upwards of £300,000, arising chiefly from the property of the Mersey Docks and Harbour Board.

The engineers' strike in the north is considered to be virtually over. The men from London have given satisfaction, and others are expected.

A portion of the flying squadron, which arrived in Portland Roads an Monday afternoon, after a cruise of nine months, proceeded to sea again early on Tuesday morning, their destination, it is said, being the Baltic. The fleet consisted of the Narcissus, 35, steam frigate (bearing the flag of Admiral Seymour, C.B.), Captain William Codrington; Immortalite, 28, steam frigate, Captain F. W. Sullevan; Inconstant, 16, steam frigate, Captain C. Waddilove; Cadmus, 16, steam corvette, Captain W. H. Whyte; Volage, 8, steam iron corvette, Captain M. Culme-Seymour.

The public will be glad to learn that the Albert Bridge over the Thames at Chelsea is expected to be completed and open for traffic during the course of the ensuing year. It will span the river from Prince Albert road, Battersea, to Oakley street, Chelsea, near the Cadogan Pier, and will form the nearest road from Clapham Common to the Kensington Museum and adjoining districts. The construction will be upon the rigid suspension principle which hitherto has not been tried in England. Similar bridges exist in Prague, Singapore, and other places abroad. Not only will the Albert Bridge be far handsomer than Lambeth Bridge (which certainly is not saying much for it), but its construction will cost less. The piers will consist of large cylinders of cast-iron, similar to those of the Charing Cross Bridge. The four towers will be built upon the cylinders outside the girders of the bridge to avoid the necessity of walking round the towers as you pass over the bridge, and enabling straight footpaths as well as a roadway to be formed throughout. Battersea old wooden bridge has long been considered a disgrace to the Thames, and when the Albert Bridge is open the spans of the old wooden bridge will be widened, or a new iron arched or suspended bridge erected.

The German operatives living in London celebrated the German national *fete* at the Crystal Palace on Monday. The first part of the *fete* consisted of a concert, in which Mme Rudersdoff, Mme Leibhart, Mr. Nordbloom and others took part. The second and more characteristic portion of the day's proceedings consisted of four *tableaux vivants*. The intervals were filled with choral singing, consisting of appropriate national airs. The gathering was not very large but enthusiastic.

The largest rope in the world has been completed in Birmingham, and is about 6 miles long 5½ inches in circumference, and weighs over 70 tons.

We are glad to be able to state, on the best authority, that Mr. Bright's health justifies the hope that he will be able to return to his Parliamentary duties next Session, as completely restored to mental and physical vigour as was the case after the illness of similar character and duration which befel him fifteen years ago.

Captain Moncrief has received £15,000 for his invention, £500 for expenses, £1,000 a year for salary, £2,000 for back salary; and as yet, we believe, the War-office has not issued any of his gun-carriages to the service. Although Captain Scott's carriage is in use on nearly every ship in the navy he has not received a farthing, and has been asked to accept £2,000 for his invention. The representatives of Mr. Snider are to receive a further large payment. It is expected that nearly £30,000 will be paid in all for his invention.

Speaking of a visit made by the Queen and other members of the royal family to a fancy bazaar, an account says: The weather was all that could be desired, and the proceedings partook more of the character of an outdoor fete than of a stereotyped bazaar. The toilettes of the ladies were very varied. Watteau costumes were much worn, displaying pretty patent shoes, high heels and buckles, and coquettish little hats. The young ladies' waists were encircled in many cases by the famous Norwegian belt, with its silver horn, "dagger" and other pretty trifles. Muslin over silk and and batiste were very much in favour, the weather being too warm for costumes of silk. Grenadine dresses, especially of white and green stripes, looked very pretty trimmed with green ribbon. Large white hats, wiah bouquets of corn flowers, which are very becoming to young ladies, were much in vogue on the occasion.

THE IMPERIAL SESSION OF 1871.

(*Times, August* 21.)

That the Session of 1871, which will be brought to an end this day, has, after abundant promise, been almost fruitless of legislation, is but a secondary reason for regret and disapproval. The causes which crippled the action of Parliament are more discouraging than the abortive result of its exertions. The time of the House of Commons has been fully occupied down to a tardy prorogation, and yet of the long list of measures imprudently announced in the Speech from the Throne very few have passed into law. In its conduct of the business which lies outside the province of legislation the Government has been equally unskilful or unfortunate. A Chancellor of the Exchequer of established reputation and great ability proposed, with the sanction of a Cabinet which includes three or four high financial authorities, a Budget so ridiculous that it was immediately abandoned for a crude and indefensible makeshift. It was only in August that a day could be found for the discussion of a Treaty which had been concluded in the Spring, and some of the most important Estimates and Votes of Supply were brought before the House in the last week of the Session. The discredit which has fallen on Parliament, though the blame may be shared both by official and non-official members, is mainly the result of the defects which impair the utility of Mr. Gladstone's extraordinary powers. Commanding the largest and most docile majority possessed by any Minister of modern times, he has again and again shaken the confidence of his followers, and he has kept his opponents in a state of chronic irritation. On one occasion he declared that the House must either reconsider its regulations or abandon its duties; and at other times he proposed either to prolong the Session far into the Autumn or to resume it in October. In the exposition of the principle and details of a Bill, or in the conduct of a great party debate, Mr. Gladstone is as eloquent and vigorous as ever; but of tact, of temper, and of knowledge of human nature he has learnt nothing from experience. No rival statesman could have carried the Irish Church Bill or the Irish Land Bill through Parliament with equal success, because in both cases his own convictions were strengthened by popular favour and by the unanimous support of his party in the House of Commons. In the present year he allowed his colleagues to introduce several Bills which it was obviously impossible to pass; and his own advocacy of the measures which ultimately became law was deprived of some of its moral weight. It was not believed that he earnestly desired to increase the efficiency of the Army; and his recent and sudden conversion to the doctrines of the Ballot was only explained by an arbitrary sophism. Like the army which the imaginary General attempted to march out of Hyde Park, the House of Commons before the end of the Session found itself inextricably "clubbed." The apology that the officers mistook their orders, or that the troops refused to obey the word of command, is met by the conclusive answer that such misadventures never occur under a capable leader. Yet Mr. Gladstone may be allowed to devolve a share of the blame on his principal lieutenants. Mr. Lowe by his capricious Budget, and by the alternative which seemed to be adopted in a pet, has temporarily compromised a great reputation. Mr. Cardwell introduced a comprehensive scheme of military organization, which his chief afterwards described as a Bill for the Abolition of Purchase. Mr. Bruce undertook to supply an urgent demand for the better regulation of the retail beer trade by an impossible Licensing Bill, and he has pledged the Government to deal in a future Session with a score of different subjects, while domestic legislation has, in fact, been wholly at a stand. Mr. Goschen may be excused for a modest acknowledgment, after a few months' study of the rudiments of naval administration, that the constitution of the Admiralty and the management of the Navy are suspectible of great improvement. Before he left the Poor Law Board he introduced an elaborate scheme of Local Government which would have disturbed the incidence of taxation, and which would incidentally have excluded gentry from all share in the conduct of local affairs. Mr. Gladstone was more to blame than Lord Hartington for a gross miscarriage in the introduction of the only Irish Bill of the Session. Mr. Forster has maintained in the conduct of the Ballot Bill among many difficulties the firm and conciliatory manner by which he had previously acquired the confidence and good will of the House. His task would have been more embarrassing if, like the majority of his colleagues, he had become convinced of the necessity of the Ballot only at the moment when it became expedient to consult the wishes of the extreme section of the Liberal party. The Cabinet is unfortunate in the absence from the House of Commons of several of its ablest members. Lord Granville's adroitness and good sense could not, indeed, be better employed than in the management of the Ministerial business in the face of an advance majority in the House of Lords; but the Duke of Argyll and Lord Kimberley would form a valuable reinforcement if it were possible that they should take their seats on the Treasury Bench in the House of Commons.

SIR JAMES OUTRAM.

The *London Telegraph* (August 18) maintains that whoever else among Englishmen may be adjudged worthy of a statue upon the commanding site of the Thames Embankment, James Outram most assuredly deserved that which was yesterday unveiled there. There is no more precious possession for a State than the memory of its distinguished sons—men who have been virtuous as well as illustrious. Their work does not end with their lives; the country which claims them is enriched in the eyes of all the world by their reputation, while the lesson of their career impresses a thousand silent students, and thus spreads throughout their native land the influence of their characters. James Outram was emphatically one of those natures which make up the moral grandeur of an empire. Valour is common enough where English blood runs; but when Britons look at Mr. Noble's admirable presentment of Outram, let them envy and emulate his special though chief claims to renown—the pity, the purity, the justice, and the courtesy of this man, who, known or unknown, would have equally lived and died a hero and a Christian knight.

The *Daily News* (August 18) says it is not merely as a successful general that Sir James Outram deserves the honour done him yesterday, and that greater honor which will be always paid him by his fellow-countrymen. There are great temptations in India to render a man unscrupulous, to cause him to think only of himself, and be satisfied if he can advance his own interests. The English in India are, as a rule, separated from their friends; most of them contemplate returning at some period to their own country; they find themselves the master af a race which is half-obsequious and half-antagonistic; and they are too apt to think that they need not treat the natives as they do the people of their own land. And especially in the case of a general who finds himself, with a numerically inferior force, surrounded by tribes which can, in the first instance at least, be dominated only by fear, the temptation to use unscrupulous means of suppression and negotiation is obviously great. It redounds to the honour of Sir James Outram that, although at the very outset and at the very end of his career he found himself fighting against rebels, he was from first to last the friend of the native population, as they even now gratefully acknowledge. He even dared to come between them and what he considered the undue rapacity of the British Government.

The average yield of wheat this year in Manitoba, it is expected, will be from twenty to twenty-five bushels per acre, and Poplar Point, High Bluff, and Portage LaPrairie, it will exceed this.

CARELESSNESS.

Many persons neglect their horse's health and condition until it is too late, when at a trifling expense and no trouble, the horse might have been saved if attended to in time. To all who may have occasion to use article of the kind, we would confidently recommend "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy;" it is without doubt the best preparation in use, as thousands who have used it testify. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks. —"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa. Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinline packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homoeopathic Chemists, London. d1509 1y

AMONG THE RED MEN.

The correspondent the *N. Y. World* writes as follows, concerning the treaty lately concluded with the Indians by Governor Archibald in Manitoba:

Within the last two weeks I have witnessed a fresh and striking illustration of the manner in which the great queen mother deals with her red and roaming subjects, by which they yield peaceful allegiance to her rule and become on the average orderly and respectable, though not always settled, instead of the sanguinary savages who rob and murder on our western frontiers, inspired to attempt a mad revenge by the cruelties of Sheridan and the wickedness of plundering officials. The purchase of the Hudson Bay Company's territory and the extension of Dominion authority over all the land north of the United States stretching from the great lake to the Pacific, with the creation of the new province of Manitoba, rendering it necessary that a full and satisfactory arrangement should be made with the Indians, various tribes of whom inhabit different portions of the country. In order that their claims might be fairly heard and their reserves apportioned it was decided to hold a grand pow-wow at Fort Garry, to which the tribes were invited to send deputations. They heartily responded; and having bright recollections of the good times in the way of feasting, and the numerous presents resulting from a "talk" with the representatives of the great queen, came down from far-off lodge and distant prairie in large and expectant numbers. The English parties to the negotiation were Mr. Simpson, the Indian Commissioner, specially appointed for the work by the Dominion government; Lieutenant Governor Archibald, who, *ex-officio*, has jurisdiction over the extensive tracts not included in the province; several members of the Manitoban government, whose knowledge of Indian character and languages made their assistance desirable; the interpreters, reporters, correspondents, and a large number of spectators. Although there must have been fully a thousand persons present continually during the negotiations, which lasted six days.

* * * * *

The kindly, fostering, generous policy pursued by the great Queen Mother towards her red subjects has caused her name to be regarded by these wild men with affectionate reverence and loyalty; her decrees are obeyed honestly, and her promises accepted implicitly and instead of continual murder, rapine, and plunder—instead of war in which vast treasure and precious blood is expended, and no glory won—the tribes live in peace with their pale-faced brethern, concious that any injustice done them will be rectified under the mild and motherly sway of Victoria the Good.

Lieutenant-Governor Archibald, and Commissioner Simpson, have gone to Lake Manitoba to arrange a treaty with some tribes outside the Province of Manitoba, the Land of the speaking God. The same terms with perhaps somel sight modification for altered circumstances will be allowed.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

FRANCE.

VERSAILLES, Sept. 14.—The disarmament of the National Guard has commenced. There is no resistance to the enforcement of the decree of the Assembly and tranquility prevails everywhere.

RUSSIA.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—Despatches from various points in Russia show that the asiatic cholera still scourges dreadfully in the central and southern portions of the Empire.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—The steamship *Halsatia* from Hamburg, has arrived.

DETROIT, Sept. 13.—The famous Vanderpool murder trial ended to-day, and the prisoner was acquitted.

CHICAGO, Sept. 13.—In the Episcopal Diocesan Convention to-day Bishop Whitehouse strongly censured the wardens of Christ church for continuing to employ a degraded clergyman, and disposed of them by placing them on the same category with the minister they had sustained. The bishop closed by assailing the irreligious tendencies of the day and the responsible conduct of the press in sustaining them.

DENVER, COL.—All the Republican Can in this County are elected except those for Probate Judge Treasurer. Telegrams from other counties indicate that the Republicans will have a large majority in both branches of the next Legislature.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—The excitement with regard to the fight between Mayor Hall and Comptroller Connolly is unabated. It now turns out that Hall had no idea of appointing Belmont Comptroller in the case of Connolly's resignation. The intention was to appoint Geo. B McClellan. The General was consulted with, and it is believed reluctantly accepted their offer.

Yesterday, Buckhout, the Sleepy Hollow murderer, made a deadly assault upon Deputy Sheriff Ford in the jail at White Plains, with the idea of effecting an escape. He was ironed and chained to the floor of his cell, were he will remain until led to to the scaffold.

DOMINION NOTES.

Goldwin Smith is now a property owner in Toronto. He intends spending the summer months there. He is preparing a work on Canada.

A beautiful young woman, aged only 18 years, met with her death at her father's house—Mr. John Cunningham, of Wolford, Ont. Miss Cunningham was left in charge of the house during the absence of her parents. After sending her brothers to school she was left alone on the premises. On her parents' return soon after noon, upon going into the dining room they found no table laid, and upon attempting to go up stairs to search for their daughter they found her dead body with the neck broken lying upon the stairs. It is supposed the poor girl missed her footing and fell down stairs.

Mr. Henry Diprose, of London, has received from Ottawa a patent for an invention of his own, which, when introduced to the public will no doubt come into general use. It is to be known as "Diprose's Fly-Fan," and is designed to keep flies off dining-tables, sick beds, and other places infested by those troublesome pests. It will be found useful alike in hotels, hospitals and private dwellings, and its unique appearance and utility will commend it at once to the public.

The total entries up to the present time for the Provincial Fair are 2,607 or 300 more than for the very successful one last year at the same period. There is an increase in the number of entries this year in cattle, sheep, pigs and poultry, while in horses and implements there is a slight falling off.

The body of a man was found in the canal at St. Catharines on Sunday, near lock No. 2, in an advanced stage of decomposition. The deceased is supposed to be a man named James Kelly, who was employed as a helper on the canal, to open lock gates, &c. He was an Englishman, and had only been in this country about two months. The body was taken to the cemetery and interred at corporation expense.

The Carbon Oil Works Co. of Hamilton do not let the grass grow under their feet. They are already clearing the grounds of the burned materials, and have advertised for tenders to rebuild the factories. This in three days after the disaster looks like energy which augurs well of future success.

London, Ont., has just finished a fine new hall capable of containing upwards of 1,000 people, with theatre, concert rooms, &c., &c., which bears the euphonious cognomen of Spettigue Hall. It is now furnishing and will be inaugurated in a manner worthy of its name on the 19th inst.

Some excitement has been created in Hastings by the discovery of petroleum, on lot 4, con. 1, Marmora. As yet no large quantity of the article has been found in the formation existing in Marmora, though many attempts have been made.

DIED

John Ahearne after a long illness at his mother's residence, Duke street, Le Bretton Flats, on Thursday, the 14th inst.

The funeral will leave his mother's residence at 3 p.m. on Sunday next. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend without further notice.

A SERMON

Will be preached on SUNDAY EVENING NEXT in the Catholic Apostolic Church, Albert Street, by the Rev. W. W. ANDREWS, at 7:30 p.m. The public are invited to attend.

Ottawa, Sept. 15, 1871.

AUCTION SALE

OF A

SPLENDID STONE HOUSE.

The Subscriber has received instructions from Mr. David Moore to sell at his rooms, Rideau Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th SEPTEMBER, 1871, that desirable property situated on York Street, recently occupied by him. The house is of stone, 2½ storeys high, well built, and neatly finished with good yard and stabling.

For further particulars apply to the Auctioneer,

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer & Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871. 1768 td

AUCTION SALE

OF A

TIMBER LIMIT

SITUATED ON DEEP RIVER.

The Subscriber has received instructions to sell at the Union House, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, 4th October, a Timber Berth, being License No. 267 of 1870-71, of about 5½ square miles on the South side of Deep River.

Terms and conditions made known at time of sale.

Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 8, 1871. 1761-td

RINK MUSIC HALL,

MONDAY and TUESDAY EVENINGS

Sept. 18 & 19

Not Massacred as Reported,

But still living, excelling competition Nineteenth Annual Tour of the famous DUPREZ & BENEDICT'S MAMMOTH GIGANTIC MINSTRELS, coming from their beautiful and elegant Opera House, Philadelphia. Double Troupe and Brass Band, composed of twenty-seven Artists, recently returned from their grand extensive California tour, crowned with success and new laurels, introducing each night all the latest novelties and Gems of Minstreley, by our regiment of Ethiopian Big Guns. Most reliable, complete Troupe in existence. See our original sensation programmes.

Doors open at 7; commence at 8 o'clock.

Admission—as usual.

CHAS. H. DUPREZ,
Manager.

Ottawa, Sept. 15, 1871. 1768-4

WANTED

By a young married couple, Board, Bedroom, and Sitting Room, furnished

OR

a Small House or Cottage, furnished or unfurnished. All within easy distance of the Post Office. Possession required 1st October, or soon after

Apply by letter, stating terms, to
D. C. L., Box 250, Ottawa P. O

Ottawa, Sept. 13th, 1871. 1767-

WANTED

By the 1st November, a small House. One in the neighborhood of the Russell House preferred. Address

M. C., TIMES Office.

Ottawa, Sept. 14. 1767-1

WANTED TO RENT,

A House or Cottage in the neighbourhood of Sandy Hill.

Apply at "THE TIMES" Office.
1765-tf

PRIVATE BOARD WANTED

In Upper Town by a Gentleman and his Wife. Apply by letter addressed

1761- U., TIMES Office

BOARD WANTED

In a Private Family, by a Gentleman Six o'clock dinner preferred. Address X. Y. Z. P. O. Box, 285. 1764

STRAYED OR STOLEN

From McKay's Pasture grounds, New Edinburgh, a RED COW, with the ends sawn off of horns. Any person giving information that may lead to her discovery will be suitably rewarded.

And any person found harbouring or endeavouring to conceal her from discovery after this notice will, on conviction thereof, be prosecuted according to law.

All information concerning her will be thankfully received and rewarded by

CHARLES GOULDEN,

1764-tf Goulden's Hotel, Ottawa.

THIS EVENING,

Dancing and Maintien.

Mr. Andrews classes are now open in Gowan's Hall, and meet every Tuesday and Friday.

JUVENILES at 5 p.m.; ADULTS at 8 p.m.

P. O. Box 15,
or HOUSE, New Edinburgh.

Ottawa, Sept. 8, 1871. 1763-TF8

CHANCERY SALE.

SPAIN V WATT.

Pursuant to the Decree and final Order for Sale made in this cause, and respectively bearing dates 28th February, 1871, and 25th August, 1871, there will be sold by Public Auction, with the approbation of W. M. MATHESON, Esquire, Master in Chancery, at Ottawa, by AMOS ROWE, Auctioneer, at his Sale Rooms, near Sapper's Bridge, Rideau Street, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of SEPTEMBER, A.D. 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following valuable farm property, that is to say, all and singular, the rear or west half of Lot No. Fourteen, in the Second Concession, Rideau Front, of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton.

The property, well known as the Spain Farm, is of good farming land, and contains about one hundred and ten acres, all cleared, excepting about twenty acres of hardwood bush, and is situated on the main road, about two miles from the village of Manotic, and about fourteen miles from the City of Ottawa. There are upon the property a good farm dwelling-house, two barns, sheds, two orchards of plum and apple trees, and a good well and pump.

The purchaser must pay at the time of sale ten per cent. of the purchase money, and the balance in one month from the time of sale.

The property will be put up at an upset price of $1,300 dollars, and will be sold subject to an annuity of $50 during the lifetime of one Maria Spain. In other respects the conditions of sale are the standing conditions of sale of the Court of Chancery.

For further particulars, apply to Messrs. Kennedy and Christie, Messrs Scott, Ross and Stewart, or Martin O'Gara, Esq., Solicitors, Ottawa.

Dated this 1st day of September, A. D., 1871.

W. M. MATHESON,
Master at Ottawa.

KENNEDY & CHRISTIE,
Solicitors for Vendor. 1758td

NOTICE.

Wanted immediately, for School Section No. 3 and 10, of North and South Plantagenet, A MALE TEACHER, holding a second class certificate. Application may be made to the undersigned Trustees, stating amount of salary per annum.

CHARLES FARRELL,
MAURICE SHANE,
THOMAS BROWNRIGG.

Pendleton, 11th September, 1871. 38 4

LOCAL NEWS.

POLICE COURT.—Thursday. — There was no business at the Police this morning.

Several saw mills on the Ottawa river will cease working shortly.

A DEER arrived by Express yesterday from Hamilton for R. Scott, Esq., M.P.P.

A Whiskey Detective is plying his profession at Hull.

Shanty men taking advantage of the scarcity of laborers demand high wages.

COLD WEATHER. — Gentlemen donned their great coats yesterday, and ladies appeared in furs. The weather was very chilly and a cold breeze blew during the day.

The Ottawa Immigration and Colonization Society meet to night to dispose of the remainder of the busine s from Tuesday night. The members are earnestly requested to be attendance at 8 o'clock.

CIRCUS & MENAGERIE.—Howe's Mammoth Circus and Menagerie, will make their grand *entree* into Ottawa, at 9.30 to-morrow morning. Exhibitions will be given at 1 o'clock and at 7 o'clock, p.m.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—The block of brick buildings on the corner of Sussex and Murray streets, the property of Bishop Guigues, has been purchased by Mr. Durocher for $10,200. The sale was effected by Mr. A. Gagnier, Commission Merchant Real Estate Agent, &c., of this city.

BOAT RACING seems to be a mania just now since some of our Ottawa sports display symptoms of the malady. Several races have taken place on the Ottawa during the last few days between parties who pride themselves on their muscle.

SUDDEN DEATH.—Many of our readers will regret to hear of the death of Mr. Thos. Graham, residing at New Edinburgh. The deceased died suddenly yesterday morning a few minutes after breakfast.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—C Cameron, Hamilton; C G Cody, Mount Elgin; J Cars, Plans, Ill; Capt. J B Auger, Montreal; C McNab, do; A Grant, Fitzroy; J C Auger, Terrebonne; J C Hoe, Robert Skives, St. John, N B; A Brooks, Brockville; Mr. Grant, Montreal; Mrs J Urquhart, do; G A Gouin, Three Rivers; Miss Gouin, do; R D Denison, Toronto.

ON THE MARCH.—At 7½ o'clock yesterday morning, the Ottawa Field Battery, under command of Capt. Forsyth, followed by the Ottawa Rifles, Capt. Mowatt, left on the march for Prescott. The men looked well and lively and seemed to have rather a liking for this sort of active military life. We wish them an agreeable tramp to the front. The Pembroke volunteer company left by the St. L. & O. R, on Wednesday evening, for the same distination. The O. B. G. Artillery will parade this morning and leave on the 8 o'clock train for Kingston.

ST. PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM PIC NIC.—This pic-nic took place yesterday afternoon, in Bellevue Gardens, and was well patronized. Numerous games were indulged in and several boat races took place on the river. There were a goodly number of people present, and all seemed to enjoy themselves thoroughly. Mr. Kavanagh of the Queen, acted as purveyor, and furnished a splendid repast for the guests during the evening. Sutherland's Band was in attendance and dancing was kept up till nearly 10 o'clock. Owing to the extreme cold weather the company left sooner than is usual on such occasions. Pecuniarily, we believe the pic-nic was a success.

CITY COUNCIL.

At a special meeting of the City Council last evening several communications and petitions were received, and tenders for the construction of the proposed bridges were opened, read and referred to the Board of Works. Some time was also spent in talking about Water Works, but without coming to any conclusion in the matter.

BAZAAR AT THE RIVER DESERT.

The bazaar which took place at the Algonquin Mission, River Desert, Upper Gatineau, on the 13th, 14th and 15th of last month, was quite a success. Hundreds of persons flocked from far and near to forward the good work for which the bazaar was set on foot, and to enjoy the grand religious festivity, the musical dramatical display, and exciting rural sports which occurred in rapid succession whilst the bazaar lasted. Everyone was delighted with the highly satisfactory and masterly manner in which the programme was carried out.

Great praise is due to the ladies and gentlemen of the locality, who kindly took in hand this charitable work. Thanks to their ability and indefatigable zeal, seconded by the generous sympathy of those who attended the bazaar, it realiled some twelve or thirteen hundred dollars, a very considerable sum, considering circumstances of time and place. This will be a great help to the Rev. Father's of the Mission towards the finishing off of their beautiful church which is now exteriorly completed.

Doubtless, we faithfully interprit the wishes of the Rev. Fathers when we say they thankfully acknowledge the generous donations they have received from several persons. Of these Mr. Alonzo Wright M.P., and Mr. Eddy, M.P.P., merit special mention. The former gave $100 towards the erection of this church, and the latter also subscribed generously as usual.

The following were the winning numbers of the lottery:—6046, 1582, 5643, 6042, 8739, 4780, 1409, 5677, 6657, 5587, 887, 4165, 35, 7250, 4578, 6628, 4923, 888, 7945, 5036, 3634, 5461, 4182, 5551, 7031, 4230, 5594, 10330, 11205, 5497, 6050, 2560, 4957, 7320, 4453, 3446, 707, 160, 1033, 3416, 3128, 4659, 7084, 49, 51.

A splendid cushion, the gift of lady Belleau, fell to the lot of M. A. St. Marie, Montreal; a basket of waxen flowers, likewise the gift of lady Belleau, was won by His Lordship the Bishop of Burlington. Amable Watagon, an Indian dame of the locality, was the happy winner of the valuable set of mink. Basile Beauchamp, of St. Eustache, got the silver watch; C. A Beauchamp, of St. Jean, P. Q., the bark canoe; Theophile Duchene, raftsman, the porcelain vases; Cyrille Poirier, of Cape St. Ignace, the silver vases; and Rev. P. Guay, P. P., Wakefield, the fanning machine.

The Rev. Fathers tender their most sincere thanks to all those who have contributed towards the good work they are carrying on.

They had a solemn High Mass sung during the bazaar for these generous benefactors, and fervent prayers will continue to be offered up in their church with the same intention.

CURRENT TOPICS.

A Confederate flag was sold at auction in Richmond, Va., a few days ago, for $1.25, and the Stars and Stripes brought only sixty cents!

A spring, looking exceedingly clear and tempting, but strongly impregnated with arsenic, was recently discovered in Nevada. A number of persons were poisoned before its dangerous character was known.

Field Marshal Von Blumenthal and Count Von Alten arrived in London as witnesses, on behalf of the German Government, of the autumn manœuvres of the British army in Berkshire. Each of the nations of Europe, have, it appears, been invited to send two military officers to observe the evolutions of the troops.

Count Otto, son and heir of Prince Bismarck, is described as a tall young fellow, very much resembling an Englishman. He spent two years in England studying the English army organization, and afterward took lessons in diplomacy in Paris, where he was a frequent visitor at General Dix's receptions. He is master of five modern languages, and a great sportsman.

A Rock Island, Illinois, constable, rather conscientious in his attempt to do his duty, was lately left in doubt as to whether he had legally served a subpœna. He therefore made the following return on the back of that paper:

I executed this speeny by trying to read it to John Mack, but he was drivin cattle on horseback, and run faster than I could, and kept up such a h—ll of a hollerin I dont know whether he heerd or not. This is the best I could do, and don't know whether the speeny is served acording to law or not.

Attest, ELI SMITH, Cont.

Louis Bonaparte, late Emperor of the French, is not so utterly bankrupt in friendship and reputation as one might suppose. He finds welcome and *ric is* in one place —Torquay. At this little watering place and inexpensive resort of half pay officers and decayed gentlefolks, on the Devon coast, the ex-Emperor has been received, says a cable despatch, "with much enthusiasm."

Fresh discoveries of metallic wealth are announced from Utah. In addition to the numerous lodes of silver said to have been found, some lucky prospectors have recently stumbled on a vein of gold. The auriferous deposit is quite as productive, according to the accounts forwarded, as the many silver mines which are said to be producing fabulous sums of precious metal.

A few months ago the Antwerp papers reported that the "Wandering Jew" had re appeared and been spoken to in that city. The tradition of centuries is that the visits of that mythical personage always precedes war or pestilence; and the superstitious are now connecting the outbreak of cholera in Belgium with the recent visitation of the wanderer. There is something remarkable in the vitality of this ridiculous tradition.

A Southern paper gives an account of an aged freedman who, having saved enough of his earnings to send his boy to school, concluded that he would get a double return for his money by becoming in turn a pupil of the son, and by so doing secure for himself the benefit of an education. Having mastered his A, B, C, and conquered his a-b abs, the old gentleman was given a lesson in words of three letters. By this time his enthusiasm for learning had slackened, and he grew careless. His thirst for knowledge ceased altogether when, upon his spelling the word dog, d-o-r-g, his son feathered in on him with a well-seasoned hickory, and gave him a tremendous flogging, assuring him at the same time that such discipline was indispensable to the acquirement of a thorough education.

AUSTRALIA.

The Melbourne *Argus* of the 17th June, gives the following telegraphic summary of Australian news:

The McCulloch Administration has been defeated by a majority of forty-eight to twenty-four, on the proposition to levy a property tax of sixpence in the pound upon the rateable value of landed property. Sir James McCulloch resigned, and Mr. Duffy is now engaged in forming a Government. There is reason to believe that the remains thought to be those of the members of the Leichardt expedition are bones of aborigines. The steamer *Audiland* was totally wrecked on May 26, at the mouth of the Snowy River, on her way from Melbourne to Sydney. The loss of the vessel is attributed to a fog and the derangement of her compasses. In New South Wales the Stamp Act and Tariff Act have come into operation. A subsidy of £15,000 annually has been voted to Mr. Hall's Californian mail service. The Sydney and New Zealand lines of steamers to San Francisco are both running. The population of the colony is 501,580. A dinner was given to the liberated Fenians from Swan River. In Queensland strong efforts have been made in Parliament on behalf of railway extension, but the Government carried a motion adjourning the Assembly till November. It is believed by the Government geologist that gold will be found in West Australia. Fresh discoveries of pearl beds have been made on the north east coast. The wonderful yields of the Caledonia mine, New Zealand, attract great attention to the Thames gold field. The gold already got from the mine amounts to £310,000.

SALE OF VALUABLE BUSINESS

CITY LOTS,

BY AUCTION

ON THE 20th INSTANT.

The undersigned has received instructions from P. LeSueur, Esq., to sell by Public Auction, on Wednesday, the 20th inst., at Twelve (12) o'clock noon, on the grounds, the following very valuable Business Building Lots situate on the north side of Wellington, and eastern side of Kent streets, Upper Town, and immediately opposite St Andrew's (Scotch) Church. The frontage on Wellington street is one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet, of which one hundred and ten (110) feet will be put up in lots of 22x102 feet each, inclusive of ten (10) feet for rear communication from Kent street. Also, the corner lot of 55 feet on Wellington by 33 feet on Kent streets. The new bridge to be built immediately will make Wellington one of the best, if not the best, business streets of the city, and it is not too much to say that these lots are, from their central position, &c., the most eligible business building lots now left for disposal in Upper Town.

Terms, twenty per cent cash, with Auctioneer's commission, the balance in yearly installments on a ten year's mortgage at seven per cent.

J. BERMINGHAM
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 11th, 1871. 760-tf

STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA."

QUEBEC EXHIBITION.

Tickets will be issued by Steamer "QUEEN VICTORIA" to Quebec and return at

SINGLE FARE.

R. W. SHEPHERD,
Manager.

Ottawa, Sept. 13, 1871. 1767-td.

NOTICE.

An excellent CELLAR to let. Large, and entrance on level with the street. Apply to
A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 13, 1871. 1767-tf

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY

FOR SUNDAY USE.

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season..		$5 00
20lbs " " ..		9 00
10lbs "	month	1 50
20lbs " "	"	2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance ☜

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N. B.—Ice supplied by the ton or cwt.

Ottawa, April 1871

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS,

ON BLACK RIVER,

For Sale by Auction, at the Union House, *ON WEDNESDAY, 4th OCTOBER* next, at one o'clock, p. m., being License No. 265, of 1870-71.....40 miles.
And No. 367, of 1870-71.....50 miles.

Total one hundred square miles of richly timbered limits.

By order of
ALEXANDER FRASER, Esq.

Ottawa, 1st Sept. 1871. 1759-td

ENGLISH WEEKLY NEWS PAPERS AND MONTHLY MAGAZINES.

LLOYD'S WEEKLY LONDON NEWS, Weekly Times, Reynolds', Weekly Dispatch,—the latest editions,—5 cents. Subscription (post free to any part of the Dominion)—yearly, $2.50; six months, 1.25.

Illustrated London News, Graphic, Bell's Life, News of the World, Punch, Fun, Judy, &c., &c.

THE TORONTO GLOBE delivered at 10 cents per week.

C. E. HUCKETT & CO.
69, Sparks Street.

August 29. 1755 1m

CAPE WOOL.

The Cargo of the "PEONY," direct from

PORT ELIZABETH,

will be ready for Inspection on the 18th instant.

GILLESPIE MOFFATT & CO.

Montreal, Sept. 7th, 1871. 1762-1w

TWO VALUABLE FARMS

FOR SALE!

The following Valuable Farm situated on the banks of the Rideau about one mile and a half from Ottawa, the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq., and known as the South West half of Lot 14 on the Rideau River in the Gore of Gloucester. It is all cleared and in the highest state of cultivation; well watered; first-class brick building with seven rooms, and substantial barns, sheds, &c., thereon; also, an excellent orchard and garden. Beautifully situated and commanding a fine view of the City, Parliament Buildings, and surrounding country; contains about 100 acres,

ALSO

Lot No 16, in the Seventh Concession of Gloucester, Ottawa Front (the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq.), 8 miles from Ottawa and 2 miles from Taylorsville. Contains 200 acres, principally covered with timber.

For particulars and terms apply to DANIEL McLAURIN, Esq, of Osgoode, JAMES SEVERIGHT, Esq, of Gloucester, Trustees. or to

HAMNETT P. HILL.
Solicitor, &c.,
Post Office Block, Ottawa.

34-tf

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON,
Proprietor.

1760-6m

Circus and Caravan

COMING.

A Herd of Eight Elephants

Recently added to the Exhibition, will appear in the Grand Procession in the City of Ottawa.

FULL TROOP OF BRITISH RIDERS AND ACROBATS.

THE GREATEST EXHIBITION

Ever given will come off in
OTTAWA,

SATURDAY, September 16,

Afternoon and Evening,

☞ ONE DAY ONLY,

Howe's Great London Circus

AND

SANGER'S English Menagerie

OF TRAINED ANIMALS.

The Magnificent, Gorgeous and Costly Golden Chariot Procession, the Largest and Most Brilliant Cavalcade, of the kind ever seen, with its

FIVE COLOSSAL CHARIOTS,

Drawn through the streets by teams of Zebras, Shetland Ponies, Abyssinian Donkeys and beautiful Flemish Horses.

100 *Knights in Burnished Steel Armor,*

Ladies in full Circassian Costume, attended by their Equerries, Squires Pages, &c., in appropriate Dresses, with Banners, Flags, Superb Trappings, &c., and the full

BRITISH CORNET BAND,

Conceded by the Profession to be the best musical accompaniment ever heard in a circus.

Doors open at 1 and at 7 p.m.

Admission, 50 cents Children under ten 25 cents. 1747td

BUSINESS CHANGE.

We, the undersigned, in relinquishing the Retail branch of our business, beg to return thanks to the public of Ottawa and vicinity for the very liberal support accorded to us during the past eight years, and to announce that we have

DISPOSED OF OUR STOCK,

And leased the premises,

29 Sparks Street,

TO

MESSRS.

ALEXANDER RUSSELL,

(Late of Blyth & Russell, Ottawa,)

AND

ROBERT WATSON,

(Of Watson & Hayes, Almonte,)

Who will continue the business under the name and style of

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Both of these gentlemen were formerly in our employ, and being possessed of ample means and long experience we have great pleasure in recommending them to the confidence and patronage of all our friends and customers.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, August, 1871.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE

RUSSELL & WATSON

Have pleasure in announcing that they have now on hand the

Entire Stock in Trade,

AND

GOOD WILL

OF THE

RETAIL BUSINESS

Lately conducted by Messrs.

Magee & Russell,

And leased their premises, 29 Sparks Street, for a term of years.

And hope by keeping only the best qualities of goods, and adopting a uniform and

Moderate Scale of Profits,

By anticipating the wants of the public and a strict attention to business to merit and retain the patronage so liberally bestowed upon their predecessors.

And we beg to assure the old patrons of the establishment that no efforts will be spared in maintaining the leading position to which it had attained.

ALEX. RUSSELL. ROB'T. WATSON.

Ottawa, August 1871.

FRED. T. PALMER,

Commission and Lumbermen's Agent, Rideau Street, (entrance O'Meara's Gateway.)

Particular attention will be given to hiring men, teams, &c., and all transactions with the Crown Land and Timber Office.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:

R Nagle, Esq, | Wm Mackey, Esq,
Allan Grant, Esq, | E McGillivray, Esq

Ottawa, Sept 1, 1871. 1746tf

Peaches!

Peaches!

eaches!

Pears!

Pears!

Pears!

Apples!

Apples!

Apples!

And all other Kinds of Fruit

at the Fruit Depots of

G. LORENZ,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

—AND—

NO. 55 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL.

GREAT

DRY GOODS SALE.

Allan, McKinnon's & McMoran,

Have determined to clear out the FALL and WINTER GOODS purchased at a heavy discount from Messrs GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO, and with that view will bring forward the whole stock, including several large lots of

NEW GOODS

purchased far below Market value, and offer the whole at prices that must induce good judges of goods to buy largely.

The sale will commence on

Monday, 4th Sept'r.,

And continue one month.

As many of the cheapest lines will be sold quickly, intending purchasers will do well to call early and secure a choice.

1,000 YDS. JAPANESE SILKS,

At 50 cents per yard.

ONE CASE OF VELVET RIBBONS, damaged by fresh water, will be offered at less than half price.

2 Bales of GREY COTTONS, in short pieces, at from one to two cents below usual prices.

To be reduced one third in prices—a large quantity of

MILLINERY, MANTLES and MANTLE CLOTHS,

A line of Velveteen Jackets, reduced to $1.50 each, Waterproof Mantles at from $2.50 to 5.

DRESS GOODS, in a variety of fabrics, reduced below cost.

PRINTS—A line formerly sold at 12½ cents will be cleared out at 9 cents per yard.

A large lot of Gloves and Hosiery will be marked down far below cost.

A lot of best Brussels Carpets will be sold at $1.25 per yard.

ALLAN, McKINNON'S & McMORRAN,
Successors to Garland, Mutchmor & Co
No. 20, Sparks Street.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, that you must go to any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street

BRANDIES—

The best old Brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

GIN—

J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALE—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

☞ Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES.....	$ 80
THRESHING and SAWING COMBINED.....	130
FANNING MILLS.....	22

WM. ABBOTT.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 6wky

IF YOU

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

SEND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor

SUCCEEDING TO THE BUSINESS OF MAGEE & RUSSEL.

The Undersigned, in succeeding to the business of the above named Firm, would say that the balance of the Stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Carried over by them, will now be offered by us, at prices that cannot but attract the attention of

CLOSEST BUYERS.

In order that we may have time to get the stuff forward and reduced,

THE SALE

Will not begin before

Monday, the 4th September.

Having therefore decided that all Goods of this Season MUST BE SOLD, we have reduced to them to such prices as must soon effect it.

We therefore invite inspection of our Stock by intending purchasers.

We would call special attention to our

SILK DEPARTMENT,

in this line we are offering decided BARGAINS in Colored, Fancy and Black Silks.

in the

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

We will offer a large lot of FRENCH MERINOS, FRENCH TWILLS, REPPS, SERGES and WINCIES.

The Goods in this Department were considered fair value at old prices, but having decided to CLEAR OUT, all of last Season's Stock have been marked down. Those requiring anything in this line will do well to give a look through the Departments.

ALL STAPLE GOODS, WHILE THE SALE CONTINUES, WILL BE OFFERED AT A SMALL ADVANCE

☞ A large quantity of Grey and White Cottons now forward, and considered extra GOOD VALUE.

We will not quote prices, being satisfied, as we are, that purchasers must see value before paying any attention to figures.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

SUCCESSORS TO—

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

ESTABLISHMENT FOR YOUNG LADIES,

Wilbrod Street (between Nelson and Gloucester Streets), Sandy Hill, Ottawa.

Mrs. ROBERT STEWART returns thanks for the kind patronage she has received during her residence in Ottawa, and hopes by unwearied attention to her scholastic duties, and by their efficient discharge, to merit and receive a continuance of favor and support.

The School will be RE-OPENED on FRIDAY, the 1st of September. All the Classes are open to any who may wish to join one or more of them for the study of any special subject.

Terms very moderate. References to parents of pupils.

August 18th, 1871. 1746 tf

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.

Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's.

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.

1737tf

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested to settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

WANTED,

Young Ladies to learn Systematic Dress Cutting by the "PRINCESS LOUISE CHART." Terms $3. Apply to Miss FARNHAM, Russell House, Ottawa. 1746 s

R. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

☞ Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

YORK STREET, Lower Town, next door to Mathew's Hotel,

And at No. 369 WELLINGTON STREET

Upper Town, opposite the Montreal Bank.

Mr. GENDREAU has always on hand the best French and English perfumeries.

You are respectfully requested to visit these establishments.

Ottawa, 21st August, 1871. 1747tf

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY,

WELLINGTON STREET,

CONDUCTED BY THE GREY NUNS.

The course of studies at this Institution will be resumed on Monday 4th Sept.

OTTAWA CONVENT,
Grey Nuns, Aug. 17, 1871. 1745-b

CHURCH OF ENGLAND

LADIES' SCHOOL,

WINDSOR STREET, OTTAWA

(Established, 1869—Incorporated, 1871.)

Principal .....Miss Machin.

This School will re-open SEPT. 1st.

New Prospectuses can be obtained of Durie and Hope & Co.

Further particulars on application to the Lady Principal, or

REV R POLLARD,
Secretary, Ottawa.

1743c

THE Rev. C. F. STREET informs his friends and the public that he will open his Classical and Commercial SCHOOL on MONDAY, 28th AUGUST, in the School Room lately occupied by the Rev. Mr. May.

For particulars, apply to Mrs. Kendall, Taylor's Block, corner of Nelson and Daly streets. 1741tf

MR. E. H. HARINGTON, B.A., Oxford University,

Begs to inform his Friends and the Public that he will OPEN his PRIVATE SCHOOL on MONDAY, the 4th September. School room, corner of Bank and Albert Streets For further particulars, apply to Mr. E. H HARINGTON, Russell House.

N.B.—Private pupils can be taken in the evenings.

August 24, 1871. 1751 3

ACADEMY OF THE GREY NUNS,

AYLMER.

The Classes of this Academy will OPEN on the 1st SEPTEMBER next. The building is new and spacious, and is situate near the banks of the Ottawa river.

Aylmer, 16th August, 1871. 1744td

SELECT

BOARDING AND DAY ACADEMY FOR BOYS.

(CLASSICAL AN COMMERCIAL.)

Principal — REV. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

Careful instruction will be given in Latin and Greek Studies, in French and German Languages, in Mathematics, in certain branches of Science and Art, and in all the common branches of an English education.

The Academy on the south side of Daly and Ottawa streets will be OPENED on the 7th SEPTEMBER next.

For further particulars, please address the Rev. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

August 25. 1752 1

A MARRIED WOMAN (English) wishes to obtain a small Family's WASHING. A.D.C. care of John Bobier, Ottawa.

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," Capt. Davison.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," Capt. Connell.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," Capt. Baquet.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," Capt. McKenzie.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Picton, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Picton, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Picton, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Picton, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

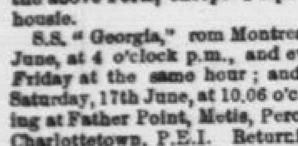
The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Picton with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Picton, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE.
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 29, 1871 2670tf



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the 1st day of SEPTEMBER—

The Steamer JESSIE CASSELS will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 7.30 a.m., connecting with Steamers of the Line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

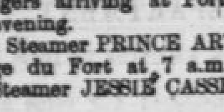
The Steamer PONTIAC leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted), at 1 p.m., for Des Joachim; returning—leaving at 6 a.m., connecting with Steamer JASON GOULD, which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 p.m., passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The Steamer PRINCE ARTHUR leaves Portage du Fort at 7 a.m., connecting with Steamer JESSIE CASSELS for Aylmer.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip, at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 9 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, August 28th, 1871.

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(Sundays Excepted.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
Capt. Bowie

PRINCE OF WALES,
Capt. R. W. Shepherd.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"
CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.
R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1736tf

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 3, 1871. 1

TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

The Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy will, at a Session to be held in the Hall of the said Township on SATURDAY, the 30th day of SEPTEMBER next, pass a By-law to establish the road as now laid out, between Lots Nos. 5 and 6, in the Third Concession of the said Township.

W. P. TAYLOR.
Township Clerk.

Fitzroy, 28th August, 1871. 36 4

SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY,

—AND—

AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD,
Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE MOWER

—AND—

SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain.*

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD,
Smith's Falls,
Ontario.

June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa P.O., August 31, 1871.

Adcock J C	Martin Wm
Anderson Elisabeth	Maddin Thos
Anderson Samuel	Malsbury Wm
Armstrong Wm	Minea Benj
Arnold Wm	Meade M J
Arthur Geo A	Mercer John
Armstrong Mrs A C	Mitchell W H
Aspdin Thos W	Milne G B
Barnes Sydney	Motherwell Thos
Barber G	Moore & Coburn
Beveridge Thos	Moore F H
Benfield Wm	Muir Wm
Bell H H	Murphy Mathew
Blais Miss Lydia	Neill John
Blakely Mrs	Nelson Mrs Alex
Boyd Dr B H	Nesbitt John
Brayer Wm	Nicholson John
Brennan Wm	Nichols John
Brewer Mrs Emily	Nolan Miss B
Bullock L	O'Brien Wm
Bowns Wm	O'Donnell D
Buchanan Mrs John	O'Donnell, G
Burns Mrs S	O'Connor W P P
Burns Miss	O'Connor Jno A
Byrns Hy	O'Connor Mrs
Campbell Mrs John	O'Dwyer John
Cain Miss Sarah J	Oliver A
Campbell Mrs Mary	O'Neill J
Callaghan Alex	Ormand Jno T
Cantwell John	Patterson Miss Anna
Cahal Miss Mary	Pearsons Albert
Church Jos	Perry Mrs M C
Clarke Miss Emma	Pearson F M
Conway Miss B	Perwitt J H
Corrigan Ed	Pickens John
Connor John	Powers Jesse
Cross W L	Pringle Miss Sarah
Crozier Jos	Pritchard Wm
Cunningham Thos	Quinlan Mrs P
Daly Carol	Rathwell Miss A
Davis J	Rice Alex
Davidson C P	Roberts Miss Kate
Davis Jas	Robertson Geo
Daly J J	Rose Rodger
Davis Mrs R	Roberts Mrs
Dempsey Miss E	Robertson David
Dendmore Miss Mary	Ryan Miss Julia
Dicare Miss M	Russell Mrs
Dickson Dr Geo	Russell A D
Doyle Mrs Peter	Saunders Miss Julia
Duncan Jas	Scobie Mary
Fenton Miss J	Servo Walter
Fisher John	Sheaver Jno
Forson Jas	Shehan Thomas
Forbes John	Smith John
Foster Jas	Smith Mrs W
Furlong Jas	Smith H D
Gan John	Smith Heber
Gibbons E	Smith Wm
Gillis J S	Sparks Miss Jane
Glenn Alex	Somerville Hugh
Gormly P	Sparks Noel
Gilchrist John	Sternbug J W
Grimes Thos	Sullivan John
Harris Lizza Ann	Tobin Jas
Hamilton Mrs S	Turner RW
Hewlett Thos	Watson & Hill
Hicks Jas	Ward Jas
Holland W H	Wable A
Hogan Miss B	Wallace M
Hogan Wm	Wagner H
Hunt Wm	Wilsman G & T
Hutchinson G W	Webb Jas T
Hutchison John	Weir John
Huchley Mrs	Wells J P
Hubert J	Webster Miss E H
Janet Rev Mr	Welch Mrs Geo
Jamieson D J	Whalen Miss Elira
Johnston Miss Ellen	Wilson R
Jones Mrs J E	Wood H O
Kennedy Jno	Wright J
Kealy Mrs Julia A	McBrayen A
Kennedy M	McBryde Jas
King Geo	McClanish T
Kingsmill M	McDonald And
King Jas	McClory John
Knapp H A	McDonald Miss F
Lamprey B H	McDonald D
Lane Miss Caroline	McDonald Mrs Geo
Leitch Miss A	McGuire Mrs Jno
Leroy W H C	McIntire Miss N
Lewis Mr	McInnis Miss C
Little Irvine	McGuire Philip
Lothion Miss Ellen	McKenzie A
Moher Wm	McKay Jas H
Martin C R	McMillan Miss Jane
May Jno	McMillan J H
Martin Edwin	McPhee A
Marshall David	McMahon Geo

G P BAKER, Postmaster.

WANTED,

A good Carriage and Sleigh Maker, and Blacksmith, at Kinburn, Township of Fitzroy. A good business chance for both, with shop accommodations. Steady and good workmen only need apply.

ALLAN FRASER.

Kinburn 2nd August 1871. 1738tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies.

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantral, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Raphey, M. B. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awky

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

The undersigned being about to visit England, offers the following properties for sale:

A large Brick Dwelling situate on Besserer and Chapel Streets, with Coach House, Stables, &c.

12 Cottages on Augusta street, producing a clear rental of $700 per annum.

ALSO,

100 Acres of Land at L'Orignal, being south half of Lot No. 15, fourth Concession of Caledonia.

Terms to suit the purchaser.

1810d JAS G ROBINSON.

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

Rideau-St., Ottawa.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gassfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices.

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 3m

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to

MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18. 1871 1669tf

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.,
Omaha, Neb.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
......	11 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	....	4.20
......	11 45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	....	4.20
....	....	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8.00	....	7.30
....	....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	....	7.30
10.15	11 45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00		4.20
10.15	11.45	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	....	4.20
10.15	....	....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway		......	4.20
10.15	....	....	Osgoode, Russell, &c	....	....	4.20
9 20		4.30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	1.30
9 20	....	....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	......	....	1 30
10.30 / 5.30	....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage / Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c	8.00	11.00	...... / 7.00
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	....	....	7 00
7.30	....	....	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	....	......
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	....	....	6.00
11.50	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	....	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via NewYork close every Monday at 8 P.M
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.00 a.m. in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, Sept. 14 1871

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Herman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials. *Agents for Ottawa*—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until Noon of WEDNESDAY, the Sixth day of September next, for the widening of Sappers' Bridge and the construction of a new Bridge over the Rideau Canal to connect Wellington and Rideau Streets, according to the Engineer's plans and specifications, which may be seen at this office after the twentieth instant.

The bridges are to be constructed of iron and stone in a permanent manner, and may be let in one or more contracts as the City Council may decide after receiving the Tenders. The work is to be proceeded with at once, and good security will be required for the due performance of the contracts.

No tenders will be entertained unless made in the prescribed form. They are to be addressed to the undersigned, endorsed, "Tender for Bridges," and contain the names and addresses of two persons who are willing to become security for the contractor.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa 19th July, 1871. 1721td

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET,

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel.

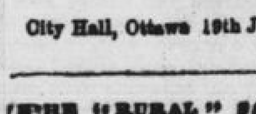
Strict attention to business.

Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS



BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1693y

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN.

CHEMIST, &c.,

Sparks St,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

FOR SALE.

BRAE SIDE STEAM SAW MILL,

Situated near Arnprior, Province of Ontario, and extensive Timber Limits on the River Coulonge, Province of Quebec.

The Mill has just been completed, and is most substantially built and fitted with the most improved Machinery, and can manufacture 140,000 feet of lumber per day. It has an extensive piling ground attached to it. Being placed where the Brockville Railway runs beside the Ottawa River, the lumber manufactured by it may be sent direct to the United States market. The limits comprise about 280 square miles of valuable Pine Timber country, with two extensive and productive Farms, and having commodious Dwelling Houses, Storehouses and Stables erected on them. They are also supplied with a large stock of provisions, horse feed and shanty plant for next season's operations

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be had by applying to J. B. Lewis, Esq, Barrister, Ottawa, or from Mr. George Purvis, at the offices of the Mill.

Ottawa, July 28, 1871. 1729 d&w4 1awk

SEEDS! SEEDS

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

☞ FLOWER SEEDS. ☜

A. CHRISTIE & CO.

(Late Alex. Christie.)

Druggists,

40, Sparks-st

Ottawa, April 28, 1871

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

Madoc, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., Ottawa.

Dear Sirs,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain.
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Medical

MESSRS GABRIELS'
CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE
TEETH & GUMS
AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE
ARE SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS
IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY
MESSRS GABRIEL.
DENTISTS
LUDGATE HILL. LONDON E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 1 1871

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1532tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H. F. McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET,

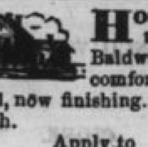
That COTTAGE, the property of N. Tetrau, Esq., Notary, in the Lower Village of Hull, with a handsome flower garden, stable, wood shed, ice house, &c., with or without the necessary firewood for next winter on the place. Mr. Tetrau having arranged for his residence in the dwelling adjoining his office, consented to the leasing of the property. For further information apply to N. TETREAU, N. P., Hull. P. Q. 1746 3

NOTICE.

TO LET, a Large OFFICE and THREE BEDROOMS well situated in the Aumond Block, west, end Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, July 11th, 1871. 1813 tf



HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,
Agent,

Legal

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 266tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec. Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treament of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherston's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister at-Law, Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House. Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. 1a F C CLEMOW

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT,

NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MARCIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetrau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.

Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or Laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,

Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

J. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,

(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

G. C. RAINBOTH,

Provincial Land Surveyor and Draughtsman, commissioned for the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.

Office. Aylmer, P. Q. 1722 tf

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1860.

WM. H. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

I G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

1871. ICE! 1871.

ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street,

Ottawa, May 1649d

F. WILLIAMS,

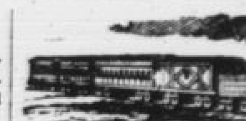
PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed.

Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

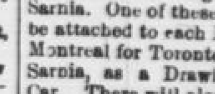
On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at .... 6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at .... 9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at ..... 9.00 p.m
Mixed Train or Brockville, at ..... 11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at .... 5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at 7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at .... 8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at .... 2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston .... 10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

Sussex-St., Ottawa.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Estables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

DOMINION HOUSE

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope in a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley.

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 6m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.

Montreal, March 11, 1871 161 3y

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

MORRISON'S

STEAM BISCUIT BAKERY

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your Orders are solicited, and will be PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO by

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor

Nos. 36 and 38 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

TANNERY,

PARK STREET, OTTAWA.

EDMOND GERMAIN, Proprietor.

All kinds of LEATHER for Sale, Wholesale, at reasonable prices.

ALSO,

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE.

Of his own manufacture, at REDUCED PRICES.

19th August, 1871. 1746tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre), Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO 1769. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof whi h will be guarenteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Destillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constontly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 3m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Receiv[ed]

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily)
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

HATS HATS! HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL, Solicitor, Post O Block.

1746b

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

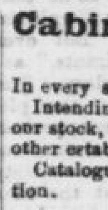
In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,

1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.



100 CASES

HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT

"THE RED BOOT,"

OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overs,

MOCCASINS,

Laces & Boot Dressing

Which will be sold at the very lowest price possible,

Wholesale and Retail.

City and country dealers will find (on giving us a call) that they can be supplied at

Montreal Prices—Freight Added.

Having received a good part of our

Fall and Winter Goods

We are prepared to EXECUTE PROMPTLY all orders.

All summer goods selling at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Orders for Hand Made Custom Work attended to promptly.

A full sett of

Mesars. Ames, Millard & Co's Samples

of BOOTS and SHOES, always on view, and orders taken at lowest prices. One of our firm will wait on the merchants of Ottawa City and District soliciting orders.

Agents for wholesaling of Wm. Clendinneng's manufacture of *Stoves, Iron-furniture, Railings, Builders* and all kinds of *Plain and Fancy Castings.*

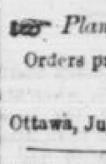
Agents for the celebrated

Plantagenet Mineral Water.

Orders promptly attended to.

LAMB & RODDEN,
No 28, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, July 20, 1871.



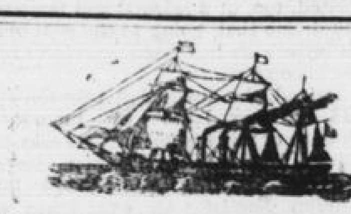
BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 88 Sussex Street, Ottawa.

1738 tNY SIMEON LEBEAU, Agent.



LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871. 1871.

The following first-class powerful Iron Steamships:

MEDWAY....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES.....J. James "
NIGER.......W. Nisbett "
SEVERN.....G. Butchart "

Are intended to Sail, as under, during the Season of 1871, between

LONDON,

QUEBEC and MONTREAL.

FROM LONDON.

MEDWAY...	Thursday,	10th August.
THAMES......	"	24th "
NIGER........	"	7th Sept.
SEVERN.......	"	21st "
MEDWAY....	"	5th Oct.
THAMES......	"	19th "

AND FROM QUEBEC.

NIGER	Thursday,	10th August.
SEVERN.....	"	24th "
MEDWAY...	"	7th Sept,
THAMES....	"	21st "
NIGER......	"	5th Oct.
SEVERN....	"	19th "
MEDWAY...	"	2nd Nov.
THAMES....	"	16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $5 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW, Montreal.

or

T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co.'s Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, June 13th. 1760y

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL....................	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over.....	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over......	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND....................	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

All descriptions of property insured at moderate rates.

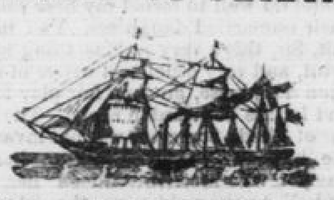
Tables of rates for Life Assurance and all information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

T. M. CLARKE, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.



1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

NESTORIAN	26th August.
SCANDINAVIAN	2nd September
HIBERNIAN..........	9th "
MORAVIAN...........	15th "
SARMATIAN	23rd "
PRUSSIAN............	30th "

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin	$70 to $80
Steerage........................	$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN, on or about...	31st Aug.
OTTAWA "	7th Sept.
ST. DAVID "	14th "
ST. ANDREW "	21st "
ST. PATRICK "	28th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin..................	$67 25
Intermediate...............................	$47 or 44 00
Steerage..	28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1598tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons,
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats,
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Shirts
&c., &c.

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, [A]pril 11, 1871

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Third Annual Exhibition under the auspices of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society will take place on

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.

SEPTEMBER 20TH, 21ST AND 22ND, 1871.

On the Society's Grounds adjoining the city limits.

COMPETITION OPEN TO THE WORLD!

Nearly $3.000 is offered in Premiums

For Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, Agricultural and Horticultural Productions, Manufactures, Domestic Products, &c.

All parties may compete for prizes on payment of Two Dollars; Ladies on payment of One Dollar.

ENTRIES.

All entries must be made on printed forms, which may be had from the Secretary. These forms are to be filled up and signed by the Exhibitor, enclosing Two Dollars, which amount will entitle the Exhibitor to compete in all the departments.

The entries in each department must be made as follows:—

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before the 10th of SEPTEMBER

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery, and Manufactures generally SEPTEMBER 15th

Horticultural Products, Flowers, Ladies' Work, &c., SEPTEMBER 18th.

The Society will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railroad Proprietors for carrying articles and passengers at reduced rates.

Arrangements will be made with the Customs Department for the free entry of articles for competition.

J B LEWIS, President.
A S WOODBURN, Sec. Treas.

Ottawa, August 22. 1749t

HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES,

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 Rideau street.

All around ready for use.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid Steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.

Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.

Hay Rakes, straight and bent,

Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarrie:

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex street, and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

RARE CHANCE.

The advertiser has received instructions to offer for SALE, by TENDER, at so much in the Dollar, as per Inventory Valuation,

A WELL ASSORTED TAILOR'S STOCK,

Consisting of English Cloths, Canada Tweeds, Trimmings, &c, &c, amounting to over $4,000.

The Goods are all in first-class order, and have been well selected.

The above offers an excellent opportunity to any one about to commence business, as the goodwill can be secured.

Every information may be had by addressing Box 468, Montreal, and Stock Sheets can be seen on application to the undersigned.

Tenders will be received until the 26th instant. Parties making other than a CASH OFFER, will please name security.

C. BAILLIE,
181 St. James' Street.

Montreal, August 5th, 1871 1731tA

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD, Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts, per month.

Books bought, sold and exchanged:

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.

Mail Train at 3:30 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 4:10 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 8:10 p.m., and at Sand Point at 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 5:20 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m. 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE SAND POINT—9:10 a.m.; 4:30 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 9:10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment

H. ABBOTT, Manager.

Brockville, 1st Sept, 1871. 1761-v

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL.

On and from WEDNESDAY, 15th SEPT. Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at	7	A.M.
" 4 Express " "	11	do.
" 6 Mail " "	12:30	P.M
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars "	10:30	do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 4:00 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6 45 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4 40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 6:30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.25 A.M. Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa Sept 9th, 1871

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the BROCKVILLE and OTTAWA RAILWAY will be held at BROCKVILLE on the 10th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon a lease of the section of the said Railway lying between CARLETON PLACE and SAND POINT to the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY will be held at OTTAWA on the 11th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon the accepting of a lease from the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company of that section of their Railway lying between Carleton Place and Sand Point, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

OF THE

AGRICULTURAL & ARTS ASSOCIATION

OF ONTARIO,

To be held at Kingston,

On the 25th to 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Persons intending to exhibit will please take notice that the Entries of articles in the respective classes must be made with the Secretary, at Toronto, on or before the undermentioned dates, viz:

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before Saturday, August 26th.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery and Manufactures generally, on or before Saturday, September 2nd.

Horticultural Products, Ladies' Work, the Fine Arts, &c., on or before Saturday, September 16th.

Prize Lists and Blank Forms for making the entries upon, can be obtained of the Secretaries of all Agricultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes throughout the Province.

HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec'y Agricultural and Arts Associatio

Toonto, August 15, 1871. 1745-dn&w

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XXXVIII.

MR. MCPHAIL.

(CONTINUED.)

Once out of Golden Square, Mr. Hardell turned his face towards Old Street, where, flanked by the second-hand furniture store and an old-metal warehouse, he found David Johnstoun's Caledonian coffee shop, and Mr. McPhail serving customers with the manner of a man who considered he was conferring a favor on the customer by doing so.

"Your pleasure, sir?" he asked, as Andrew entered.

"I want to see Mr. Johnstoun," was the reply.

"He is engaged at the moment, but I will tell him. What name, please?"

"Hardell—he is expecting me;" at which juncture David himself appeared, and requested his visitor to walk "ben"—in other words, to enter his little sitting-room at the back of the shop.

Seated there on a very hard sofa, placed opposite a window which commanded a view of a small back yard, where some Cochin fowls were immured, and a blackened wall that formed the rear of an adjacent livery stable, Andrew told his unwelcome news—adding, however, that if terms could be made with Mr. McPhail, he was willing to find the money for buying him off; and that if terms could not be made, he would provide David with the means of starting again on his own account when he had passed through the Bankruptcy Court.

To a man like Johnstoun there was, of course, horror in the very name of bankruptcy. "He would be disgraced and ruined forever," he said; "his children would be disgraced and ruined after him," if it could be "evened" to him that he had been bankrupt. He would do any thing rather than get rid of his troubles in that way, even if he was able to pay forty shillings in the pound.

Very patiently Andrew heard him to the end; then he suggested that they should have Mr. McPhail in, and moot the question of paying him out for the second time.

"If he refuse to be bought out, or if he ask too high a price," said Andrew, "there will be nothing for it except your being voluntarily a bankrupt, for I am greatly mistaken in the man if he will not make you one compulsorily before long."

"Eh, isn't it too bad, after the way I have worked, to be ruined by a villain like that, who brings his riff-raff here to shame a decent house with their company?"

"I am very sorry for you, Johnstoun," said Mr. Hardell, "and I will help you to clear yourself of him if it be possible. Let us have him in. I want to get him to admit before me that he had that hundred pounds, because such an admission would prevent his claiming any portion of the estate."

"It just takes a man to be all ears and eyes to get through this wicked world at all," groaned David, as he rose to request the pleasure of his partner's company in the parlor.

"Matthew," he said, in an insinuating tone, which revealed to Andrew the fact that Mr. Johnstoun was afraid of Mr. McPhail, and that the fellow's bounce and swagger had produced a very sufficient dread in the mind of the man whom he was doing his best to ruin. "Matthew, could ye jest come this way a minute?"

"What for?" was the reply.

"I want to speak a word wi' ye."

"And who is going to mind the shop?"

"I will call down Mistress Johnstoun."

Hearing which, Mr. McPhail sniffed contemptuously, and walked towards the back parlor, where he sat down and improved the time until Johnstoun's return with various original remarks concerning the state of the weather and the morning's news. Right well he understood that it was about the partnership business David wanted that typical word with him; but he understood, likewise, the vantage ground on which he was placed, and he could consequently, afford to make himself agreeable before hostilities actually commenced.

After a very few minutes David returned, and having closed the door carefully, drew up a chair to the table, and began:

"Now, Matthew, I do not want any unpleasantness with you. I know that, although you got that hundred pounds from me on the false pretense of going out of partnership, you have the whip-hand of me still. I know you can ruin me. I know you can pledge my credit, and run us into thousands of pounds of debt if you like."

"It is you, sir, I supposd, that have convinced him of this?" said McPhail, turning towards Mr. Hardell, as Johnstoun passed and cleared his throat.

"He knew it all before. I have only confirmed his opinion, I believe," said Andrew, quietly.

"Well, I am greatly obliged to you for your pains," said the other, "for I have been trying to convince him for some time past, and failed. I am just as much his partner now as I was three years ago."

"Spite of the hundred pounds he paid you to go out, and that you accepted?" suggested Andrew, adroitly.

"Spite of the hundred pounds, and every thing and any thing else you please."

"Pardon me," said Mr. Hardell, "but I think you are slightly mistaken. I believe the mere fact of having taken that hundred pounds would hinder your legal right to any share in the profits."

"That does not matter so long as I am able to contract debts," was the cool reply.

"True; that is where Mr. Johnstoun's difficulty lies. He is not bound to give you money, but he is bound to pay your debts."

"You have put the case in a nutshell, sir; I intend he shall pay my debts."

"And supposing he refuse to do so?" asked Andrew.

"He will be compelled; and, for that very reason, he had better agree to stable his horses with mine once more."

"I do not want to have anything to do with you or your horses or your stables," Johnstoun interrupted at this point. "I just want to be quit of you. I have paid you a hundred pounds before to rid me of the sight of you, but if you will only leave me in peace to make an honest penny."

"You are too liberal," said Mr. McPhail, mockingly.

"If I am, then you have the less cause for complaint," answered his partner, not without spirit.

At that McPhail broke out. "You are too liberal with your hundred pounds, you miserable miserly cur! Did you think you would get rid of me at such a beggarly price, and leave me to starve while you fed on the fat of the land and put aside portions for your daughters, and started your sons in business, and dressed your wife like a lady, and wore a gold chain yourself, as if you were a baillie? I made you, and I mean to stick to you. I took you from a beggarly little hole in Maxwelltown, and showed you how to make your fortune here. And this is my thanks—that you want to throw me over, to send me out into the world with a paltry hundred pounds. Now, if you like to say *twenty* hundred, I'm your man; but I will not take one sixpence less, and so I tell you."

"Twenty hundred, good Lord!" ejaculated David Johnstoun.

"Yes; and I will be kind with you. I will take a thousand down in cash, and another thousand in approved bills;" here he glanced at Mr. Hardell; "and no one can say that is not liberal, considering the circumstances of the case."

"Do you mean, Matthew McPhail, that you will not go out of this business under a score hundred pounds?" asked Johnstoun in amazement.

"That is exactly my meaning," said the other, looking insolently from his partner to Mr. Hardell, and from Mr. Hardell to his partner, reading consternation on both their faces.

"If such be the case," Mr. Hardell remarked, after a moment's pause, "we will give you until twelve o'clock to-morrow to re-consider your decision."

"And pray, sir, who the deuce are you, that say you will give this or withhold that?"

"I am Mr. Johnstoun's friend; and I have consulted my solicitors in his interest."

"Oh! you have, have you? and what do your solicitors say in his interest?"

"I have already told Mr. Johnstoun, and there can be no necessity to repeat it to you."

"Yes, there is," exclaimed Johnstoun, violently. "They said I could get rid of you by going through the Bankruptcy Court; and I'd go through a worse place than that if I were just sure we'd be parted on the other side."

"This is your doing, sir, I suppose?" said McPhail, turning furiously upon Andrew.

"Yes," was the reply. "I have strongly advised Mr. Johnstoun to get the partnership dissolved on any terms."

"I will make you suffer for your interference!" exclaimed McPhail, bringing down his clenched fist on the table, and sealing his assertion with an awful oath. "Whoever you may be, or whatever you are, you shall rue the day you meddled in affairs that were no call of yours."

"The gentleman did not interfere till he was asked to interfere," said David, deprecatingly.

"And as for you," went on Mr. McPhail, unheeding, "I will give you a turn, whether you go through the Court or stay where you are."

Having delivered himself of which consolatory sentence, he left the room, banging the door after him.

"You ought not to have said any thing about the bankruptcy business," said Mr. Hardell, regretfully.

"What for no?"

"Because he may go and pledge your credit to any extent."

"It would not be law, it could not," cried David, in an agony of terror. "Eh! it was an awful bad day's work for me when I first set eyes on his false face, and listened to his smooth tongue."

"Never mind, Johnstoun, I shall see you well out of your trouble yet."

"When I am dead and coffined, maybe, but never before. Eh! to think of any honest man having to make a thief and a beggar of himself to get rid of a rogue!"

"I believe he will come to terms," said Mr. Hardell; but David only shook his head.

"He'd do any thing to spite me," he answered. "I am sure it would be a pleasure to him to see me begging my bread."

"Not if he had to beg bread also, because you were begging it," Mr. Hardell answered; in reply to which David murmured that there was "something in that."

"And I will call to-morrow to know how he has decided," said Mr. Hardell, rising.

To be continued.

RECOLLECTIONS OF SEDAN.

There could now be no doubt that the Emperor was a prisoner. Hitherto we had been very dubious, because he and all his generals still wore their swords; but the posting the sentries settled the question, for had they been guards of honour they would have saluted Napoleon, which they did not do. It was nearly a quarter to ten when Bismarck came galloping up once more this time in full uniform, with steel helmet, white leather trousers, and high boots, but with the interim coat and gilt buttons. The group of officers in front of the house which he joined had now swelled to some twenty, and we could not at that moment see Napoleon. I believe he went inside the house for a few minutes, but very shortly afterwards I saw him and Gen. Reille in conversation with Bismarck and Moltke, some five or six paces from the others. After the lapse of at most ten minutes Bismarck turned round and said a few words to a Prussian colonel, who immediately ran down to the carriages and ordered them to be prepared for his Majesty. The group opened, and Napoleon, followed by Bismarck, Moltke, and Reille, walked down and took their seats in the first carriage. the rest following in order. The cuirassiers had also mounted, and came down into the road. Half of them were told off in front of the carriages, and half behind, swords were drawn, and in a few minutes the procession had been withdrawn from our eyes by clouds of dust in the direction of Sedan. We followed as well as we could, but, as everybody else did the same, the road became so blocked up that we were forcibly reminded of the periodical scenes on the road to Epsom. We arrived at last at a point where the Mezeres-Sedan road crossed by the road to Vandresse and Vouzieres, and at this spot not at all the discipline of the Germans could prevent a scene of the most inextricable confusion, scarcely visible through the dust laden atmosphere. With some difficulty we gained the road that turns to the north, having been informed that the carriages had driven to the Chateau Bellevue, the castle like turrets of which could be seen throug the foliage of the surrounding park. The Chateau, small in dimensions, but exquisite in its simple elegance, fronted the road, and commanded a splendid view of Sedan and the surrounding hills. The country between the Chateau and the town, very little more than a mile in a straight line, consisted of meadows, and potato and corn fields. The carriages of the Emperor's household, in the height of varnish and gilding, each team of splendid horses with their coroneted harness, the jockeys and servants in gorgeous livery, with all the trappings of State, not exclusive even of an Imperial baker and barber, were drawn up on the grass somewhat to the south of the Chateau. Immediately in front, on the road, stood the half troop of cuirassiers in a straight line, and beyond them a company of Bavarians. Nearer to the town several batteries were drawn up in a long row, the guns ready loaded, the muzzles turned towards Sedan, the gunners standing at ease by their guns. Wherever the eye roamed there was artillery drawing in a vast circle round the city, in which the exhausted French troops were packed together like herrings, while the fields and hills and woods, as far as the eye could reach, swarmed with the armed men of Germany. At this sight the Emperor must have given up all thought of struggling against the hard terms of capitulation. He had been shown into the left of the two glass-covered wings that connected the centre of the Chateau with the flanking turrets, and we could see the whole group standing at the windows and looking at Sedan in the distance, and this mass of artillery ready to destroy it utterly at the bidding of the conqueror. When, some ten minutes afterwards, we had managed to gain an entrance into the park and get to the back of the Chateau, we saw Napoleon seated at the head of the table, the Generals standing round him he alone being covered. A map was on the table, and De Wimpffen was evidently explaining the position. Presently there was a mighty cheer, and a sound of carriages. The soldiers presented arms, and the Prussian king, followed by his son and staff, entered the Chateau and went to the right glass-wing. The interview took place in the centre room, and cannot have lasted longer than fifteen minutes. At the end of that time the future Emperor drove away to the battle field, and the late Emperor remained behind a prisoner of war, having been stripped in one day of his greatness, and having lost in a few hours, but for ever, the magnificent *prestige* of his name.—*Good Words.*

JOKES AND EPITAPHS.

The Boston *Commercial Bulletin* prints this programme of a night's "rest" at a fashionable watering place. Furnished by an elderly party occupying apartment on large corridor over hotel drawing room. Size of apartment, ten feet square. Number of rooms on corridor, thirty or forty. Ventilators open for air and the admission of sound.

6 p.m.—Commencement of music by full band for Grand Hop in drawing room below.

10 to 12.—Continuation of ditto.

1 to 1½ a.m.— Just one more last dance.

1½ to 2½.—Adjournment of retiring dancers to corridor; extemporaneous waltzers —screams—gigglings—leave takings and door-slammings.

2½ to 3—Serenade by young gentlemen who do not understand the difference between a howl and a song, and are more familiar with the hotel bar than one in music.

3 to 3½.—Collection of boots by portor.

4.—Calling of party who are to go on a fishing excursion.

4½.—Calling for passengers for early train.

5.—Audible dropping of boots at all the doors by porter.

5½.—Departure of stage load of passengers for early train—cracking of whips —shouts to horses—Banging of trunks down stairs, &c.

6 to 6½.—General stir of servants coming down and getting things to right for the day.

7.—First gong for Breakfast.

The same journal presents its readers with a few more epitaphs, which the public are cautioned against using on tombstones without the consent of the patentee.

On a Gardener—Planted.

On a Balloonist—Resurgam,

On a Printer—

Here rests his form within a case,
Dead matter its condition,
To be reset and reappear
A new revised edition.

A Conductor—

Train stopped and off the track;
Passed in his check and won't come back.

On a pedestrain—Stepped out.

On a Liquor dealer—Though he is gone his spirit remains.

On a Stage driver—

His lines are dropped and off the road,
His dust within his box is stowed.

On a noisy man—sound, asleep.

On an Editor's monument—See notice on another column.

On a Boatman—His life is o'er.

On a pugilist—

His last round fought—no call
His form to "time" can bring;
For "sent to grass," he finds
Death champion of the ring.

CITY COUNCIL.

CITY HALL,
Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871.

Special meeting pursuant to resolution of Council, for the purpose of considering the Report of the Water Works Committee and for general business.

Present: His Worship the Mayor, and Aldermen Baldwin, O'Connor, Woodburn, Bangs, Rowe, Mosgrove, Featherston, Cunningham, McDougal, Taillon, Martineau, Kehoe, Heney, Lapierre.

Ald. Howe presented the petition of Weldon Champness and others, for a sidewalk on the corner of O'Connor and Sparks streets. Referred to the Board of Works.

Ald. Bangs presented the petition of George Kennedy and others, for improvements to Division street; and that of E. Sherwood and others, for improvements on street leading to St. Louis Dam. Referred to the Board of Works.

His Worship the Mayor presented the application of the City Clerk, for assistance to complete the Parliamentary and Municipal Voters Lists for 1871

1. Moved by Ald. Martineau, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the City Clerk be authorized to obtain the required assistance to complete the Legislative and Municipal Voters Lists for 1871—suspending all rules to the contrary. Carried.

His Worship the Mayor presented the communication of Messrs. Bronson & Weston, and Levi Young, respecting an alleged encroachment of the city upon their property.

2. Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Heney, that the communication of Messrs. Bronson, and Weston, and Levi Young, be referred to the Board of Works, with instructions to consult the City Solicitor and take immediate action on the matter referred to therein. Carried.

His Worship, the Mayor also presented the communication of the Board of Public School Trustees in regard to a matter referred to that Body. Referred to the Finance Committee; and the communication of P. O'Meara, President of the St. Vincent de Paul Society, requesting the Corporation to provide a suitable place for patients affected with contagious diseases. Referred to the Board of Health.

Ald. Lapierre presented notices of the appointment of Arbitrators on the part of the owners of land required for the extension of the By Ward Market ground. Referred to the Market Committee.

His Worship, the Mayor, presented the tenders for the new bridge and the Sapper's Bridge, to the number of eleven, which were opened and read.

3. Moved by Ald. Cunningham seconded by Ald. Mosgrove, that the tenders for the bridges be referred to the Board of Works, and that they report as soon as possible to this Council, and also, that they be authorized to have said report printed and to include therein all tenders. Carried.

Ald. Mosgrove presented report No. 6, of the Water Works Committee, ordered to be printed at the last meeting of this Council.

4. Moved by Ald. Mosgrove seconded by Ald. Lapierre, that report No. 5, of the Water Works Committee be now adopted.

5. Moved in amendment by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Martineau, that the fifth report of the Water Works Committee be referred back to said Committee, to be further considered after the necessary steps have been taken to obtain the required estimate, in order that a by-law may be placed before the people for the purpose of ascertaining whether the rate payers will sanction the construction of Water Works or not—and that the said estimate be based upon the estimates received from the various engineers employed by this Council.

The Council then adjourned.

COUGHS AND COLDS

Sudden c[illegible] climate are sources of Pulmonary, Bronc[hial] and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly, when taken in the early stages of disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the Lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are immitations be sure to obtain the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

NAPOLEON WEEPING.—The unfortunate exile who has seen the end of his Imperial Greatness, wept when he found himself so mercifully dealt with by his Antagonist and Captor, King William of Prussia. History seldom chronicles such leniency on the part of a Conqueror. Not so in Medicine, for the Great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills have no respect of any reigning disease in the human body, for this combined medicine roots out completely all acute and chronic maladies, and coverts the system into a sound tabernacle for humanity to live in.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

J. H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Auction Sale of a Four Oared Pleasure Boat and Boat House—A. Rowe.

Auction Sale of Household Furniture, Carpets, &c—A. Rowe.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1871.

The Ottawa Times.

For interesting reading matter see First Page.

We understand that the Hon. Messrs. Garvie and Flynn will represent the Local Government of Nova Scotia at the Immigration Conference here next week.

At the request of several gentlemen interested in the lumber trade, it is the intention of Sir George Cartier, in his capacity of Acting Minister of Public Works, to visit the Grenville canal to-day, with a view to devising some method for the increase of the supply of water there.

THE NORTH WEST.

Govesnor Archibald's last treaty with the Indians puts us in full and undisturbed possession of an area of country nearly as large as the whole of England and Wales. The greater part of this large tract is well adapted for settlement, and immigrants can go in and take lands there at once upon squatter's claims. England and Wales contain 37,324,808 acres of land, upon which live 20,066,224 persons. We do not want to see our North Wrst Territory quite as closely populated as England, but we can certainly find room for a few millions of industrious men and women there without trouble. Besides it must be remembered that this only a very small portion of the immense estate which we have acquired.

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Some remarks made by the Montreal *Daily News* in reference to this great national undertaking, seem to have created a wrong impression in certain quarters. The *News* alludes to a combination of American millionaires, including Vanderbilt, Jay Cooke & Co., and others, as being prepared to build the line, and an impression appears to have got abroad that the Dominion Government had concluded arrangements with such a company for the constuction of the Pacific Railway. This is incorrect. We believe that proposals of this kind have been made by certain American capitalists, but the Government have not as yet decided upon any scheme, nor will they do so without first consulting Parliament. The surveys of the line are now proceeding satisfactorily, and so far as they have progressed the result has been very encouraging, no important engineering difficulties having presented themselves. The Government will no doubt be in possession, before the House meets, of much valuable information, the result of these surveys, which will enable them to deal intelligently with this important question.

THE CHARGES AGAINST DR. TUPPER.

As most of our readers are probably aware, the Anti-Unionists of Nova Scotia have for some time been trying to destroy the reputation of the Hon. Dr. Tupper, and have been devoting their time and taxing their brains to devise fresh charges against him. We are glad to see that the Halifax *Colonist* has not only given the denial to these charges, many of which indeed were proved false at first sight by their utter absurdity, but has given a long and explicit statement of facts, in connection with the matters referred to by the enemies of Dr. Tupper and of Canadian Union.

It is not necessary that we should enter into a discussion of all the accusations made against the President of the Council and the *Colonist's* very satisfactory defence of that gentleman. We will allude to one matter, however, which may be accepted by our readers as a "specimen brick." One of the gravest charges brought against Dr. Tupper was that when he was leader of the Government in Nova Scotia in 1865, he caused a delay in the issue of the *Royal Gazette*, in order that he might inform his friends of certain changes made in the mining laws of the province and afford them an opportunity of advantageously operating in mining stock. The answer to this charge is a straight forward and explicit one. It comes in the shape of an affidavit from the foreman of the *Gazette* office, which is certainly conclusive:

"I, John McDonald, of the City of Halifax, make oath and say that I was foreman of the *Royal Gazette* office during the whole year 1865,—that I had sole charge of the printing and issuing of the *Royal Gazette* newspaper,—and I solemnly declare that I never on any co[illegible]ed instruction,—either fro[illegible]'s Printer or from any other qu[illegible], to withhold the publication of the Gazette beyond its regular day of issue, which was Wednesday in each week; and I further declare that the publication of the *Royal Gazette* was never delayed beyond its regular day of issue.

JOHN MCDONALD."

"Sworn to before me this 11th day of September, 1871.

"W. MYERS GRAY,
Ald. and J. P."

We ask our Grit contemporaries in Ontario, who for some weeks past have been publishing the charges brought by the Anti-Unionists against Dr. Tupper, to publish this denial. We scarcely expect such an unwonted display of fair play on their part,—nevertheless we make the request. We believe we are correct in stating that Dr. Tupper never had the slightest connection with or interest in any mining speculation or property, as the Antis, without bringing forward the slightest particle of proof, have asserted that he had. The Nova Scotia Anti-Unionists are like their Ontario allies, they are great at invention and assertion, but they invariably fail to prove their statements correct.

THE WELLAND CANAL.

The Toronto *Telegraph* has brought a charge, which we believe to be a most unjust one, against the Minister of Public Works, in connection with the present state of the Welland Canal. An appropriation for certain works upon that canal was made during last session, and no time was lost in taking action toward their being carried out. In July last Mr. Page, the Chief Engineer of the Department, visited the Welland Canal and spent a fortnight in surveying, &c. The plans were immediately commenced, long before the *Telegraph's* attacks were made be it understood, and we learn that, together with the specifications, they will be completed within a few days. In fact, the Department expected to be able to advertise for tenders for the proposed works within ten days from now, but as Mr. Page is to be sent to the West it is possible that a short delay may arise in consequence. We are quite sure that when the *Telegraph* says that it is "satisfied that the Government are desirous of enquiring thoroughly into the grievances of old Niagara," our contemporary only does them justice, nor can we well understand how it can reconcile such a statement with the assertion contained in another column of the same paper, to the effect that "they are more partial to the progress of Montreal than to the advancement and development of the business and manufactures of Ontario." Nor should our contemporary forget that if the condition of the canal were such as he states it to be, it is not only the manufacturers along its banks who would suffer. The merchants of Montreal are quite as much interested as the people of Ontario are in the Welland Canal. This fact is fully recognized by the Montreal *Herald*, which, without knowing anything whatever of the facts, is glad to make a point against the Government by endorsing what the *Telegraph* has said. As to the construction of whatever works may be required, there has not, as we have shown, been any time lost, for we are assured that the plans are almost completed and that tenders will be called for in a few days.

We are sorry to see the *Telegraph* attacking the Minister of Public Works during his absence in British Columbia on public business. It is notorious that since Mr. Langevin has been at the head of the Department he has worked early and late, infusing into every branch renewed vigour and energy. Nor does Mr. Page an old and well tried public servant, deserve to be spoken of in so disparaging a manner. He is we are sure too honest a man to "keep the country wilfully blind as to actual facts" as the *Telegraph* accuses him of doing, and, inasmuch as he was concerned in the construction of the Welland canal, we should imagine that there are few people so well able to form a correct opinion as to its exact condition and what is required in the way of alterations and repairs, as he. It is possible that hereafter we may be able to say something in reference to what has led to this attack. At present we only desire to show that neither the Government as a whole nor the Minister of Public Works individually, has been guilty of any neglect; that so soon as an appropriation was made for the works required on the Welland canal preparations were made for their being commenced, and that those preparations are now nearly completed.

DOMINION NOTES.

The Yarmouth *Tribune* reports that there are on the stocks at Tusket three ships, the smallest of which is not less than 600 tons, and will be launched this fall. Another of about 1,500 tons, and one of 800 tons, are to be launched in the spring.

Sheriff Harding, of St. John, received a telegram from P. E. Island, asking whether the "Paris" crew would row at Charlottetown for a sweepstakes of $1,000 each—two thousand added, and Championship of the World, against all comers. A reply was returned that the St. John crew would row at no regatta until after they row a match race.

Rowing has infected our friends in the most ancient Colony. The N. F. correspondent of the New York *Sun* is authorized to state that next spring the St. John's N. F. crew intend to challenge all creation to row at Halifax, at the Kennebeccasis or in Quidi Lake at St. John's. Well done Newfoundland!

H. M. S. *Racoon* sailed on Saturday from Halifax for the West Indies. The *Sirius*, from Cape of Good Hope, via West Indies, arrived there Sunday afternoon.

A poor Scotchman named Andrew Kelly by trade a baker, well educated, got on a spree a few days ago and committed suicide on Tuesday evening by drowning himself in the bay at Mill Point. The body was recovered the same evening.

A species of blackmailing is exposed by the Montreal *Herald*. It seems that some persons who represent themselves as policemen of Cote St. Louis, lurk about the trees on the Avenue between the Mile End and the turn at the bottom of the Cemetery road, and there levy toll, tax or fine, by whichever word they choose to designate it, on passengers who offend against their views of decorum. If a carriage goes past containing persons who are indulging in vocal music, these fellows pounce out upon them and demand a certain number of dollars under threats of arrest.

The Rev. Charles M. Grant, well known and highly esteemed in the community, has returned to Halifax from India, where he has been working as a missionary of the Church of Scotland for tha last three years.

Bedford Harbor, in Nova Scotia, is now full of mackerel.

EUROPEAN TAXATION.

A good idea of the taxation necessitated by the maintainance of the standing armies of the great powers may be obtained from an examination of a statement recently published at Vienna. This report sets down the total of the forces available for war purposes in Great Britain and the continent at 5,164,300 men; Russia has 862,000; Germany, 824,990; Austria, 733,926; Great Britain, 470,799; France, 456,740; Italy counts 415,200; Turkey, 253,289; Switzerland, 160,000; Belgium, 145,000; Spain, 144,938; Greece, 125,000; Holland, 122,383 men. The lesser States make up the balance. There is food in these figures for moralists.

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks, —"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa. Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy docters' bills.' Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinline packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopothic Chemists, London d1509 1y

Coughs and colds, when left to themselves, frequently bring on pulmonary complaints, which lead to that distressing and fatal disease, consumption; but if attended to in time, "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers" are a certain remedy. They stop the irritating cough, and soothe and strengthen the bronchial tubes, allaying all irritations and inflammation. They are also particularly adapted for the use of singers and public speakers. Sold by all druggists and country dealers. Price 25 cents per box.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MANOTICK

POTATOES.

MANOTICK, Sept. 15—Alexander Findlay, of this village, produces samples of early rose potatoes weighing forty ounces, being part of eighty bushels yielded from one half sown.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 15, 11 a.m.

Large numbers attended the debates of the Provincial Synod. Discussions turned chiefly on questions of privilege, certain members declining the message of the house of bishops relating to the admission of Nova Scotia delegates as an infringement of the rights of the Lower House. Mr. Carter defended the Lower House, and moved, seconded by Arch Deacon Bond, that the said message of the bishops be expunged. Chief Justice Draper and others sustained the bishops, and after a lengthy debate Mr. Carter withdrew his motion.

A fire occurred last night in the furniture shop of J. Lawson, Craig street. The fire did but trifling damage, being extinguished on the spot, but fireman Cairns of No. 2 station fell down suffocated by smoke, while directing water on some straw in the cellar. Guardian McCullouh instantly descended the cellar to rescue his comrade, and fell down overcome by the smoke. Both were subsequently carried up insensible and conveyed home. They are partially recovered this morning but their life all through is pronounced a miracle. An old lady aged 71 years standing on the sidewalk while the reels were returning from the above fire, was struck by the reel, and though seemingly not injured, she died to-day from the shock.

All agree as to the splendid display made by Montreal at the Quebec Exhibition.

There has frost last night and the fall weather was fully set in.

Only one steamship, the *Thames*, in in port.

Hon. Mr. Justice Johnson of Manitoba, arrived this forenoon.

The steamer *Trent* is still aground in Lake St. Peter.

A thousand dollars in twenty dollar bills was lost by a clerk near the Bank of Montreal this forenoon.

The steamer *Union* arrived in this port at half past twelve to-day, on her last trip from the Lower St. Lawrence this season.

The Italian sailor Francisco Lavonia, who cut on the shoulder with a knife an officer of the *River Nith*, was at the Police Court, and was fined twenty dollars or two months imprisonment.

At the Police Court yesterday, H. McVittie, Notre Dame street, for keeping an unlicensed Billiard Table, was fined $50 and costs. Since January last Mr. McVittie has been fined in all $300 for keeping unlicensed Billiard Tables.

As the ship *River Nith* was leaving the harbor this morning the ship *Hindostan* was entering, and to avoid a collision the former vessel touched heavily on the edge of the channel opposite the Bonsecours Market, but bounded off all right.

The Barton boat crew, Halifax, who won the $1,000 race yesterday, came over from Longueuil last night, staying at the St. Nicholas Hotel, but this evening left along with the English crews for Quebec, and will row at the regatta there to-morrow.

The September term of the Montreal Superior Court will open on Monday next, with a very heavy docket, including a very large number of cases left over from the previous term.

A boatman named George Phillips, one of the hands of the steamer *Corinthian*, while working in the hold of the steamer yesterday, was struck by a heavy bale, precipitated from the deck. He sustained serious injuries.

The ship *Hindostan*, on her way up grounded in Lake St. Peter yesterday morning, but was soon after hauled off by the steamer *J. McKenzie*, and proceeded to Montreal where she arrived this morning.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—Mr. Geo. Potter suggests in the *Times* to-day a compromise of the Newcastle difficulty. He recommends that the employers adopt nine hours as the daily term of labor, and that the striking workmen sacrifice half an hour's wages to secure the reduction of hours. This Mr. Potter thinks would come very near satisfying the desires of both parties.

The meeting announced to take place in Trafalgar Square, London, for the expression of the sympathy of the London workmen for their brethren in Newcastle, on Tyne, has been postponed because the Newcastle representative on the committee which called the meeting objected to coalescing with political parties.

An immense mill for the manufacturing of cloth, at Rochester, in Kent County, was burned last night. Eight hundred workmen were thrown out of employment.

The English sporting journals denounce the Paris crew of St. John, N. B., as cowards for refusing to meet the English crews at the Halifax regatta. The same journals, on the contrary, praise highly the American crews who participated in the race at Halifax.

A rich mine of lead has been discovered in the Island of Jersey.

A committee of experts has been appointed to investigate the recent mishaps to vessels of the navy.

It is announced that the Government of Turkey has decided to participate in the conference to be held at Berne, on the 25th inst, for the improvement of the telegraphic system and the service of Europe. The statement also made that another conference with a similar object will be held in Rome in December.

The supporters of Gladstone held an enthusiastic meeting at Glasgow to-night, and have adopted a resolution inviting him to visit the city.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 15.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows a decrease in the bullion of 170,000 francs.

Rumors are current of a fresh change in the diplomatic representation of France with the Governments of Switzerland, United States, Italy and Germany.

It is said that Pierre Laurey will be appointed Minister to Berne in the place of Chateau Renaud, who goes to Washington instead of Jules Ferry.

Duke D' Harcourt, it is also said, will be appointed Ambassador to Florence in place of Count de Choisseul, who will be transferred to Berlin.

The negotiations now in progress at Versailles between Count de Remusat and Herr Von Arnim, are said to involve a territorial re-arrangement which will rectify the frontier of France and Germany.

VERSAILLES, Sept. 15.—The Assembly to-day elected a Committee of Control, created by a bill of prorogation, to supervise the Government during recess. It is composed of eleven members of the Right eight of the Left, and six Moderates.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 15—The Bank of Belgium has advanced its rate of discount to 4½ per cent.

ALGERIA.

ALGIERS, Sept. 14.—The large town of Lefhika has been destroyed, and the insurrectionary leaders in the vicinity captured and shot.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Sept. 14—The *Official Gazette* publishes the instructions given by the Government to the local authorities throughout Spain for carrying into effect the decree of an amnesty for political offences, just granted by King Amadeus.

TURKEY.

Constantinople, Sept. 15.—The Sultan has ordered the Grand Vizer to institute reforms to the end that public rights be more secure, and that the dispensation of justice be entrusted to worthy and capable men.

Latest American Telegrams,

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—Judge Bedford reconvened the Grand Jury in Court of General Sessions this morning, and charged them to the effect tha tthe District Attorney had received information showing that a gigantic conspiracy was on foot in Wall street, having for its object the locking up of a million of gold, thus creating a financial panic, embarrassing trade, and injuring the public generally. The Judge desired the Grand Jury to retire for deliberation on proofs that the District Attorney would submit to them. The culprits ought to be brought to speedy justice. Many of the leading Wall street men are implicated.

Proceedings in the injunction suit against the city officials commenced at the usual hour this morning.

Captain Vanderbilt, the President of the Staten Island Ferry Co. has been summoned to appear in the Court of General Sessions to-day, and plead to an indictment for manslaughter.

The Grand Jury to-day brought in a true bill indicting Dr. Kosenweigh, the abortionist, for manslaughter.

Coroner Young has held Klueber, the partner of Goldschmidt in the torpedo business, in the sum of $1,000 to await the result of the inquest.

The steamer *Columbia* of the Anchor Line, from Glasgow, while entering in the Bay yesterday, was found to be on fire and caused a panic among the passengers. Fortunately no lives were lost. By the efforts of the Captain and crew the flames were extinguished. The fire is supposed to have been caused by the over heating of the galleys and it is believed that if the accident had taken place in the night the ship would have been totally destroyed.

MEXICO.

CITY OF MEXICO, Sept. 2nd, *via* Indianola, Texas 4.—The Juarists are sure of the entire organization of Congress, including the committee on credentials.

Strong revolutionary threats have been made.

A permanent Junta will be installed on September 17th.

Pronunciamentos have been issued in Seacatras, and a forced loan has been levied in the smaller towns of the State.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—All the steamships which left the English ports yesterday for New York carried specie.

The S.S. *Ohio* and *Europa* from New York have arrived out.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 14.—A proposition introduced in the Assembly yesterday by a deputy from Paris, that the Governments should grant a complete and general amnesty to all Communist prisoners, was rejected by an unanimous majority.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, Sept. 14.—It is asserted in diplomatic circles that the Secret alliance entered into by Bismarck and Von Buest, on the part of Germany and Austria, is in opposition to the alleged coalition between France and Russia.

BERLIN, Sept. 15:—There were 95 new cases of cholera at Konigsberg, on the 12th inst., and 63 deaths: On the 13th there were 68 new cases and 45 deaths. The decease has disappeared from Daltzig and is merely sporadic at Stettin.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, 15.—The Chairman of the Citizens Committee says they are advancing slowly but surely, investigating every thing relative to the accounts.

About 1,700 workmen on the Boulevards and Croton Water Works were paid by the City paymaster yesterday.

The stormy conference on Wednesday, between Hall, Sweeney and Tweed, resulted, it is said, in Tweed's dissovling his partnership with Hall and Sweeney, and informing them that for the future they must look out for themselves. The trio then separated, Tweed to conduct the Tammany campaign without calling any more councils of war, and Hall, and Sweeney to out general him if possible. It is claimed that Tweed now fully supports Connolly in his refusal to resign. It is also said that Hall and Sweeney held a secret meeting yesterday to devise means of fighting Tweed, and that Sheriff O'Brien has possibly withdrawn from the ring and bidden defiance to it.

Several prominent Democrats from the interior of the State are in the city and they declare that the course pursued by the ring was improving the party greatly, and that something must be done before a meeting of the State Convention. Connolly's removal was strongly urged, and Gen. McLellan is announced as a desirable man to succeed him.

FILTH AND ILL-HEALTH.

The experience of those countries that have been most afflicted with pestilence during the past few months shows how essential cleanliness is to the health of a community. Filth will counteract the salubrious influence of a good climate, healthy food and active exercise. It is an old saying that cleanliness is godliness. It certainly is a vital element of life and health.

The influence of filth upon the public health is strikingly manifested in some investigations that have been made in one of the Islands of the Hebrides. This little spot contains less than a hundred people, all told. But it appears that for the past eight years no children born on or brought to the Island have survived, and that eight out of ten of such children died between the eighth and twelfth day of their existence. This condition of things has been long known, the Island having been in 1844 made the subject of a special sanitary report, from which it appears that its air and water are of unimpeachable quality, and that the "great if not the only cause" of its insalubrity, is "the filth amid which the inhabitants live, and the noxious effluvium arising from it." The huts of the natives are small, low-roofed, and without windows, and they are used during the winter for the collection of manure, which is carefully laid on the floors and accumulates to a depth of several feet.

Now this revelation of filth is but very little worse than what might be found in the tenement houses and shanties that abound in very large cities. People live in an atmosphere of filth and breathe the poison of disease. They are not the only ones who suffer. Their dirty and over crowded rooms invite pestilence, and a community is startled unawares by the appearance of terrible epidemics that are bred in these pest holes. At this times the world is threatened with the ravages of a dreadful pestilence. Some of the nations of the Eastern Continent are being already laid waste by this relentless enemy. It is well that we on this side of the Atlantic should be prepared for the worst. Other cities are making extra exertions to promote cleanliness and enforce sanitary laws. Buffalo is behindhand and negligent. Its streets were never in a more disgraceful condition, and those whose duty it is to look out for the public health seem to be unusually neglectful at a time when they should be more than ever vigilant.—*Buffalo Commercial Advertiser.*

Devlin's Hats that R Pats.

MULTUM IN PARVO.

A charcoal man and his wife, who belonged to the Paris Commune, escaped the vigilance of the police by the happy device of a thorough washing. The disguise was too perfect unluckily, for they have been looking for each other ever since.

The Beethoven Centenary, as it is called, which could not be celebrated on account of the war last year, when the century was completed, has been observed at Bonn, in Germany, with great pomp.

A rich American lady, widow of Dr. Connolly, who a short time since, in New York, murdered two of his children in a fit of insanity, and then committed suicide, herself became a raving maniac in the midst of the congregation of the French Cathedral, Montreal, on Sunday. She suddenly shrieked in a frightful manner, and was with difficulty removed. Since her husband's death she had frequently shown symptoms of aberration of mind.

A young couple in New Canaan, Conn., became acquainted at a pic-nic on the 4th July, were married on the 5th, and a few days after the husband advertised in a neighboring paper, warning all persons not to trust his wife on his account.

The ex-Emperor Napoleon has sent his photograph, with his autograph, to every Deputy who voted against the *decheance* in the National Assembly at Bordeaux.

Mr. Richard Wallace (the gentleman who distinguished himself by his benefactions in Paris, and who has more recently come before the public as the heir of the late Marquis of Hertford), has received from Mr. Gladstone an intimation that the Queen desires to confer upon him a Baronetcy, in recognition of his great services to the English residents of Paris during the seige.

The ninety-first Highlanders, which formed the escort of the marriage of the Princess Louise and the Marquis of Lorne, though coming in rather late with their bridal gift, have determined to make one, and it is now ready. The gift is to be a biscuit basket in the shape of a drum, and of pure silver, except being mounted on Scotch oak. It is supported by four pillars or pedestals. The lid is in the form of a drum's head, a silver cord on the top forming a handle. Its front displays all the honors of the ninety-first Regiment, viz: Roleia, Vimiera, Corunna, Pyrenees, Niveile, Nive, Orthes, Toulouse, and Peninsula.

The *Avenir Liberal* says that Monsignor Dupanloup is preparing a work on "The Situation," which will make as profound a sensation as any of his writings under the Empire.

As an Atlanta Judge was administering a sentence, the prisoner encouragingly remarked, "Go in old bald head." This was more than the Judge could *bear*, and the sentence was appropriately lengthened.

The Emperor Napoleon is fast recovering, not only his physical health, but also from the nervous shock his system had undergone. On the occasion of his visit to Holly Lodge his spirits were at the highest. The boys of Cholmondely College having attended to cheer him on his departure in the pouring rain, he turned round laughingly, as he wrapped himself in his furred great coat, and he said, "How can you English-men grumble at this climate and call it variable? Why, it has done nothing but rain all the summer?" A loud peal of laughter and another hearty cheer greeted His Majesty as the carriage drove off.

At a morning reception in the Vatican the other morning, Pius Ninth, the "august prisoner," as his friends call him, received a bevy of ladies after his old style. They were forbidden to enter the presence with gloves, and the Pope, standing among a vast array of ecclesiastics, dressed in a long robe of pure white, with tight skullcap of the same color, afforded the most perfect picture of health and serenity—in the words of the correspondent, "A florid, jovial old gentleman, with a merry twinkle in his eye, and tripping along briskly enough under the weight of his 79 years, and looking like anything but a pining captive." Stopping to converse for a few moments with every person present, and speaking with a strong Roman accent, he questioned each in turn as to his name, his province or country, and so forth, confining himself to the most indifferent topics, and presenting his signet-ring to be kissed.

A German diplomatist tells some stories in the *Preussiche Jahrbiicher* of Prince Bismarck's life while he exercised the functions of Prussian envoy to the Germanic Confederation at Frankfort. Various accounts have been published of his first visit to Count Thun, the Austrian envoy, but, the writer says, the following, which has not hitherto appeared in print, is the true one. At that time it was the custom of Austrian diplomatists to treat their Prussian colleagues very unceremoniously, and Count Thun received Bismarck in his shirt-sleeves. "Quite right," observed the latter, gravely pulling off his coat; "it's very hot in your room." The Austrian, thunderstruck at this unexpected lesson, immediately jumped up, seized his coat and confounded himself in excuses. Thence forward the Austrian representative, though the relations between the two Governments continued to be anything but cordial, showed the greatest respect to Bismarck, and the prestige of Prussia rose considerably with the Bund.

EXTRAORDINARY MENTAL PHENOMENA.

There are few people who have not at some time found themselves at a loss for a word. In the middle of a sentence the word which should carry on the train of thought the mind either fails to recall or the tongue refuses to utter. It is a common accident, but few give it a thought; still fewer are aware that it is one of the incipient phrases of a common affection, to which physicians have given much elaborate research. Aphasia, as a classical disease, is comparatively recent, and it is only within a few years that attention has been given to its peculiarities. Lately an English physician, Dr. Bateman, of Norwick, has published a book on the subject, which gives many remarkable instances of the whimsical effects of the disease.

One of the commonest results is total forgetfulness of some language in which the patient may have been proficient. It is related, for example, of one scholar with singular linguistic aptness, that as fast as he acquired one tongue he forgot the one he knew previously, not excepting his vernacular. Dr. Bateman records a similar phenomenon in the case of a person in whom a blow on the head extinguished at once all knowledge of Greek. In all other respects his mental faculties remained unimpaired, and the case certainly presents a strong temptation to support the somewhat questionable belief that each particular sort of knowledge is deposited under a particular square inch of skull in the brain; just as if that organ were like an attorney's desk, divided into pigeon holes, duly labelled and assorted.

Another effect of aphasia is to deprive the patient of all use of some particular letter or part of speech. A French priest so attacked lost all his substantives and could no longer avail himself of the ordinary necessaries of life without the most ludicrous circumlocutions. Another person lost the letter "f," for which he always substituted "z." This, however, if it can strictly be attributed to that disease at all, is one of the simplest forms of aphasia. Dr. Bateman gives some curious specimens of this difficulty, of which this is probably the most remarkable:

In order to ascertain and place on record the peculiar imperfection of language which the patient exhibited, Dr. Osborne selected the following sentence from the by-laws of the College of Physicians, viz., "It shall be in the power of this college to examine or not to examine any licentiate previous to his admission to a fellowship, as they shall think fit." Having requested him to read this aloud, he read as follows: "And that be what in the teimother of the trctho todoo to ma'orum or that emidrate ein einkrastrai mestreil to ketra toiombreidei to ra fromtdreio asthat ketretest."

Another patient could remember no part of any substantive, common or proper, except the initial letter. He therefore carried about with him a list of nouns to which he referred as occasion required. This list included even the names of his children, his servants and his friends, and its owner made use of it by keeping "his finger and his eye fixed on the word he needed until he had finished his sentence"—otherwise it was lost to him. And it is related, too, of a learned and famous English divine that, going to the post office for his letters he has been unable to remember his own name.

Indeed, the distinction between aphasia and ordinary lapse of memory and absence of mind is not always easy to perceive. An English clergyman, Rev. J. R. Kearny, recently contributed to the London *Spectator* an experience which, however remarkable, is still familiar enough in fever and other affections of the brain. At a certain accident he forgot everything which happened after it, and most of the things which happened shortly before it. Having need to use a bag fastened by a combination lock, he could not remember the word to which he had set it only a month or six weeks previously although he had no difficulty in recollecting the old word to which it had been set three years or thereabout. This, too, is a meumonical phenomenon which everyone has experienced, remembering distinctly events which occurred in childhood, while forgetting the less remote incidents of manhood or middle age.

Aphasia takes other forms not less amusing or curious than any of these. When a lady for example, advancing to meet a guest, on hospital thoughts intent and wishing to extend to him only the kindest greeting, involuntary saluted him as "stupid brute, and pig, how I hate you!" the effect, it may readily be conceived, is rather embarrassing. So, too, when an afflicted, desiring to enter into conversation with a clergyman, finds his own lingual abilities restricted to a volley of oaths, he must naturally feel a little mortified. In these and a thousand other unique ways, aphasia makes a mock of man's boasted faculty of speech. The subject is as interesting as to most persons it will be novel, and while, as we have said, it is often difficult to distinguish between those lapses of tongue which come of failing memory or absent mindedness, and the effects of aphasia proper, it is possible that more extended research into the peculiarities of the disease will not only settle this, but give us some clearer notion of the mysterious connection between the spiritual essence which frames the thought, and the physical organ which translates it to other intelligence.

CHARLES READE IN SELF-DEFENSE.

Under the heading "Facts Must be Faced," the London *Times* of the 31st ult., publishes the following letter from Charles Reade, in reply to its recent review of "A Terrible Temptation:"

SIR: The *Times* of the 24th of August, contains a notice of "A Terrible Temptation" done upon a new plan. It is a careful synopsis of all the main incidents in my story, only my abridger has divested them of every charm. It is rather hard my name should be attached to a bad story told by another man, when I have told a goodish one with the same materials; but I console myself by reflecting that the same ingenious process applied to Homer's "Iliad" would prove it a contemptible work. There is something more serious reflecting on me both as a writer and a man, which I cannot leave uncontradicted in columns so powerful as yours. My abridger has said that I have written about things which should not be spoken of, much less written about—alluding to my sketch of Rhoda Somerset—and innocent girls ought not to be informed on such subjects. He even hints that mothers would do well to forbid my first volume to their unmarried daughters. You must admit, Sir, this a very serious thing to say in print, and very cruel to a writer of my age; then do, please, give me fair play for once, and let me be heard in reply. The character of Rhoda Somerset was not invented by me, but copied from a master hand. It was you who first introduced her, ponies and all, to the public, on the 3d day of July, 1862, in an admirable letter, headed "Anonyma." On another occasion you discused the whole subject, day after day, in leaders and a vast correspondence, so that for one lady who knws about the *grand monde* from my pages, 100 know a great deal from yours. Should this lose you the esteem of my abridger, permit me to offer you, as a small substitute, the thanks of a better judge.

You did your duty to the public in 1862, as you had often done it before, and were true to your own invaluable maxim, "Facts must be faced." For 18 years at least, the journal you conduct so ably has been my preceptor, and the main source of my works—at all events, of the most approved. A noble passage in *The Times* of Sept. 7 or 8. 1853, touched my heart, inflamed my imagination, and was the germ of my first important work, "It is never too late to mend." That column, a monument of head-heart, and English, stands now dramatized in my pages, and embellishes the work it had inspired. Some years later you put forth an able and eloquent leader on private asylums, and detailed the sufferings there inflicted on persons known to you. This took root in me, and brought forth its fruit in the second volume of "Hard Cash." Later still, your hearty and able, but temperate, leaders upon trades unions and trade outrages incited me to an ample study of that great subject, so fit for fiction of the highest order, though not adapted to the narrow minds of bread and butter misses, nor of the criticasters who teach those young ladies' idea of fiction and its limits, and thus, "Put Yourself in His Place" was written. Of "A Terrible Temptation," the leading idea came to me from the *Times*—viz: From the report of a certain trial, with the comments of counsel, and the remarkable judgment delivered by Mr. Justice Byles. The character of Rhoda Somerset I culled from your pages, and having observed with what firmness, yet coldness, you treated that character and topic, I kept your method in view, and, at all events, tried to imitate it. Whatever warmth I have shown is in the scenes of virtuous love; in the Somerset's scenes I am cold and sarcastic. Up to the period of her repentence how do I treat this character? Do I whitewash the hussy, or make her a well-bred, delicate minded woman, as your refined and immoral writers would? I present her illiterate, coarse, vain, with good impulses, a bad temper, and a Billingsgate tongue. In close contrast to this unattractive photograph I am careful to place my portrait of an English virgin, drawn in the sweetest colors my rude art can command, that every honest reader may see on which side my sympathies lie, and be attracted to virtue by the road of comparison. Believe me, Sir, a thousand innocent girls are at this moment being corrupted by writers of their own sex, with novels instinctively adapted to the female reader, to her excessive sexuality and her sense of propriety. These writers being women, know how to work on the former without alarming the latter, and so, by fine degrees, and with soft insiduous pertinacity, they reconcile their female readers to illicit love, and shed a mild lustre over adultery itself. Yet so destitute of the true critical faculty are the criticasters of the day that these canny corrupters of female youth escape censure; it has gone astray after a writer in whose hands vice startles and offends, not captivates. My pen has never corrupted a soul; it never will, it never can, till water run up hill.

Should this argument fall into abler hands than an abridger's I expect to be told, not that it is the duty of all writers to ignore certain vices, and so do their best not to perpetuate them, but that many subjects, open to the journalist, are closed to the novelist. This is true and reasonable. The answer is—journals must of necessity, report in their small type some crimes and vices quite unfit to be mentioned in a novel; but that a journalist has any right to put into his leaded type, and to amplify, discuss, and dwell upon any subject whatever, and that the poet or the novelist has not an equal right to deal with that subject in fiction, this is monstrous and the mere delusion of a rabid egotism.

Since, therefore, I have taken "Annoyma" from your hands and have presented her in no voluptuous scenes, and have made her a repulsive character until she repents, no mother need forbid my book t her daughter; at all events, until she has forbidden her daughter to enter Hyde Park, and the *Times* to enter her drawing-room, and has locked up every Bible on her premises.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your obedt. serv't. and pupil,
CHARLES READE.

HOW THE NEWS OF RENFORTH'S DEATH WAS RECEIVED IN ENGLAND.

A correspondent writing from England says:—On Thursday morning all Durham and Northumberland, with whom the Newcastle *Chronicle* is the chief newspaper of enterprise and interest, were awaiting news of the race, when the fatal report came of the death of Renforth on the Kennebecasis River. There was consternation and sorrow as though a national hero had fallen, and all the vessels on the Tyne put up their flags half-mast high. Renforth was a man of mark on many accounts. I was with him shortly before he set out for Canada. He was an iron man, and his death is quite inexplicable. He is only 28 years of age. He has been several years a soldier in India. He has been a sailor. He was the greatest swimmer the Tyne has produced. Ignorant, wild and poor, he has been known to walk 30 miles (because he was unable to pay his fare by rail) and swim a prize match at the end of his walk, win, and come back nearly as coatless as he went. Seeing he was a man of courage, energy, and capacity, the proprietor of the *Chronicle*, Mr. Cowen, gave him encouragement and wise counsel which Renforth had the sense to take. He taught himself to write, and, though he had obtained fame by his prowess, he did not know his own name when written out. He was, however, able eventually to write decently himself. His strength and skill were so great that he finally beat Robert Chambers, the most famous oarsman ever heard of, and Renforth succeeded this celebrated Champion of the Tyne. Mr. Cowen saw that the savage was capable of civilization. Renforth joined several building societies, and instead of wasting his victorious gains on the river, he accumulated house property, like a prudent hero.

In character he was utterly unlike Chambers, with whom, on account of prowess with the oar, he well always be ranked. Renforth was buoyant, demonstrative, abounding in life. He sang, danced, whistled, as will as he fought and rowed. He had sense, strength, and boundless physical capacity. On the other hand, Chambers, who was victorious in more than 100 races, and beat everybody at home or abroad, was as reticent as Carlyle himself could desire. He seldom spoke, took no notice of people, stepped into his boat when told he had to row, looked neither to right nor left, but rowed straight on, like a machine, until he was told he had won; when he quietly dressed, as though he had done only an ordinary thing. I have seen him pass unmoved amid such applause as 50,000 Northumbrian and other well organized throats could vent. Though Renforth, when dying, said he had "had something," indicating that he had been, as he thought, poisoned, and said he would tell his comrades what had been done to him, which he did not live to do, the *Chronicle* gave no heed to his words, nor was there any disposition to impute foul play to the Paris crew. And now the news has come that Judge Hazen, who has presided over the inquest on Renforth, gives it as his opinion that the presumption is that the adventurous oarsman has been poisoned. The *Chronicle* merely remarks that this is "somewhat startling news." It will startle the Tyne side if it proves true.

THE LITERARY LIFE.

Paradoxical as some may think it, the chief hindrance to honest literary success is literary vainglory to begin with. This involves splash, false fire, chaotic "outlay (to use a surveyor's phrase) of the work, and foolish and exaggerated ideas of the "success" within reach. There was a one-volume novel, published a year or two ago, in which a young journalist, whose suit has been rejected by a young lady's "aughty" mother, and who is under a cloud for a time, makes money at a rate which must have set every journalist in England laughing, and then suddenly blazes out in the society of dukes and Cabinet ministers because he has written a crushing exposure in a daily paper of the probable working of "Clause 5" of a certain bill. This particular book was a very innocent one, and no more vainglorious than Currer Bell's notions of the Duke of Wellington. In that specimen sheet of her hand-writing given by Mrs. Gaskell in the memoir, she shows us the Duke at the War-office, putting on his hat at five minutes to four, telling the clerks that they might go, and scattering "largess" among the clerks with a liberal hand as he takes his leave for the day. *Sancta Simplicitas!* we cry; and there is an end. But every writing man knows that "aspirants," as a class, are eaten up with vainglory. They want distinction and the run of the pleasures of a "literary" life as they apprehend them. They have visions of ten thousand, and flaming reviews. and gorgeous society. I see with infinite amusement the ideas some people have of the sort of life I lead. They think—they almost tell me so in words—that I have always got my pocket full of orders for the theatre; that I can button-hole anybody I please; that I go to the Queen's garden-parties; that I sit, with a halo round my head, in gilded saloons, saying, or hearing said, brilliant *mots*; that I drink champagne with actresses behind the scenes, and that, if they offend me, I shall at once put them in *Punch* or the *Times*. I have also been told—almost point-blank in some cases—that it was only my jealousy and desire to "keep others down," that prevented my procuring immediate admission into periodicals for articles submitted to me by A. or B., which were perhaps of the silliest and most despicable quality. I have had this said or hinted to my face, or behind my back, about articles that were utterly unprintable, at times when my own papers had been waiting months—three, six, or eight months—for insertion in places where I had what is called "interest." People who have—who are *capable* of having—notions of this kind, I would certainly do my best to keep out of literature; not, however, from "jealousy," but because they are morally unfit for it. This opens the way for a word or two which I promised upon "cliqueism." That literary men, like other people, form knots and groups, is a matter of course; and "what for no?" That there must be partiality and some degree of exclusiveness in these, is certain. That there are quarrels I am sure, for I hear of them, and discern their consequences. But so there are everywhere. In some hole-and-corner connections there may be jealousy and exclusiveness founded on money reasons. But, personally, I have never once come into collision with anything of the kind. As a hindrance to "aspirants," I do not believe such a thing exists. The chief detering or exclusive influence I have ever suffered, has been that of a kindness so much in excess of my capacity to make fair returns, that I have flinched from accepting it. Literary men as I know them, come nearer to Wieland's Cosmopolites ("De Abderiten") than any other class.

CARELESSNESS.

Many persons neglect their horse's health and condition until it is too late, when at a trifling expense and no trouble, the horse might have been saved if attended to in time. To all who may have occasion to use article of the kind, we would confidently recommend "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy;" it is without doubt the best preparation in use, as thousands who have used it testify. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

All the year round, "Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders" should be given to horses that are "kept up." To horses and cattle that graze in summer they should only be given in winter and spring.

DIED

John Ahearne after a long illness at his mother's residence, Duke street, Le Bretton Flats, on Thursday, the 14th inst.

The funeral will leave his mother's residence at 3 p.m. on Sunday next. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend without further notice.

AUCTION SALE OF A FOUR OARED PLEASURE BOAT AND BOAT HOUSE.

The Subscriber will sell at the Russell House Corner on SATURDAY, September 16, 1871, at Twelve o'clock, noon, a very superior Four Oared Pleasure Boat, with Black Walnut Fittings and Cane Seats. Also, the Boat House now being used for the game.

TERMS—Cash.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer
Ottawa, Sept. 16 1871. 1769-td

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, &c.

The undersigned has been instructed by Mr. Rouswell to sell at his dwelling, Slater street, off Elgin, on WEDNESDAY, September 20, 1871, his Household Property, consisting of Sofas, Chairs, Tables, Carpets, Dining Table, Cane Chairs, Chairs, Sideboard, Couch and Carpet, Bedsteads, Bureau with glasses, Washstands, Dressing Table, Wardrobe, Hair Matrasses, Wool and Straw do, Sheets, Blankets, and Quilts, an excellent Cooking Stove with furniture, Box Stove, Parlor Stove (for coal), Stovepipes, &c., Crockery, China, and Glassware, Water Barrels, Washing Tubs, and Pails.

TERMS—Cash.

Sale to commence at 10:30 a.m.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Sept. 16 1769-td

A SERMON

Will be preached on SUNDAY EVENING NEXT in the Catholic Apostolic Church, Albert Street, by the Rev. W. W. ANDREWS, at 7:30 p.m. The public are invited to attend.

Ottawa, Sept. 15, 1871.

AUCTION SALE OF A SPLENDID STONE HOUSE.

The Subscriber has received instructions from Mr. David Moore to sell at his rooms, Rideau Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th SEPTEMBER, 1871, that desirable property situated on York Street, recently occupied by him The house is of stone, 2½ storeys high, well built, and neatly finished with good yard and stabling.

Sale at Twelve o'clock, noon.

For further particulars apply to the Auctioneer,

A. ROWE, Auctioneer & Real Estate Agent.
Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871. 1769-td

AUCTION SALE OF A TIMBER LIMIT SITUATED ON DEEP RIVER

The Subscriber has received instructions to sell at the Union House, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, 4th October, a Timber Berth, being License No. 267 of 1870-71, of about 5½ square miles on the South side of Deep River.

Terms and conditions made known at time of sale.

Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Sept. 8, 1871. 1761-td

RINK MUSIC HALL,

MONDAY and TUESDAY EVENINGS Sept. 18 & 19.

Not Massacred as Reported,

But still living, excelling competition Nineteenth Annual Tour of the famous DUPREZ & BENEDICT'S MAMMOTH GIGANTIC MINSTRELS, coming from their beautiful and elegant Opera House, Philadelphia. Double Troupe and Brass Band, composed of twenty-seven Artists, recently returned from their grand extensive California tour, crowned with success and new laurels, introducing each night all the latest novelties and Gems of Minstrelsy, by our regiment of Ethiopian Big Guns. Most reliable, complete Troupe in existence. See our original sensation programmes.

Doors open at 7; commence at 8 o'clock.
Admission—as usual.

CHAS. H. DUPREZ, Manager.
Ottawa, Sept. 15, 1871. 1768-6

WANTED

By a young married couple, Board, Bedroom, and Sitting Room, furnished

OR

a Small House or Cottage, furnished or unfurnished. All within easy distance of the Post Office. Possession required 1st October, or soon after

Apply by letter, stating terms, to
D. C. L., Box 250, Ottawa P. O.
Ottawa, Sept. 13th, 1871. 1767-

WANTED

By the 1st November, a small House. One in the neighborhood of the Russell House preferred. Address

M. C., Times Office.
Ottawa, Sept., 14. 1767-1

WANTED TO RENT,

A House or Cottage in the neighbourhood of Sandy Hill.

Apply at "THE TIMES" Office.
1765-tf

PRIVATE BOARD WANTED

In Upper Town by a Gentleman and his Wife. Apply by letter addressed
1761- U., Times Office.

BOARD WANTED

In a Private Family, by a Gentleman Six o'clock dinner preferred. Address X. Y. Z. P. O. Box, 285. 1764

STRAYED OR STOLEN

From McKay's Pasture grounds, New Edinburgh, a RED COW, with the ends sawn off of horns. Any person giving information that may lead to her discovery will be suitably rewarded.

And any person found harbouring or endeavouring to conceal her from discovery after this notice will, on conviction thereof, be prosecuted according to law.

All information concerning her will be thankfully received and rewarded by

CHARLES GOULDEN,
1764-tf Goulden's Hotel, Ottawa.

NOTICE.

Wanted immediately, for School Section No. 3 and 10, of North and South Plantagenet, A MALE TEACHER, holding a second class certificate. Application may be made to the undersigned Trustees, stating amount of salary per annum.

CHARLES FARRELL,
MAURICE SHANE,
THOMAS BROWNRIGG.
Pendleton, 11th September, 1871. 38 4

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Central Tower," will be received at this Office until WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of September instant, at noon, for the carpenter and joiners' galvanized iron, plumber's and painter's works; also for wrought and cast iron work required for finish to the Central Tower, Parliament Buildings, Ottawa.

Plans and Specifications and Model can be seen at this Office, where all necessary information can be obtained.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th Sept., 1871. 1761-3

LOCAL NEWS.

INSPECTION.—The Police Force underwent inspection before Chief Langrell yesterday.

SERMON.—The Rev. W. W. Andrews preaches in the Catholic Apostolic Church Albert Street, to-morrow (Sunday) evening at half-past seven o'clock. The public are invited.

A meeting of the Board of High School Trustees, was held yesterday afternoon in the City Hall. There were only four members present, and no business of importance was transacted.

POLICE COURT—FRIDAY.—In a case of drunkenness the offender was dismissed.

A case of selling meat on the market, without a license was dismissed.

Two other cases were adjourned.

CRICKET.—The annual meeting of the Ottawa Cricket Club, for the election of officers, (under the New Rules and Regular tions) will be held on Monday, the 18th inst., at 8 o'clock, at Mr. Evans' Commercial House, Elgin street. Members are particularly requested to attend.

DUPREZ & BENEDICT'S MINSTRELS will give entertainments in the Music Hall on Monday and Tuesday evenings next. This Troupe is known as being infinitely superior to any other Troupe travelling, and the fact that they intend playing two successive nights in Ottawa, is proof that they depend upon their merits to draw good audiences.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—Wm McCauliff, Montreal; John Drysdal, Buenos Ayres, S A; H D Carlisle, New York; Lewis A Hall, Montreal; W J Scott, Jr, Kemptville; J G F Kerr, H M S, *Royal Alfred*, Quebec; Sam Woods, Boston, Mass; Jas Clegg, do; Wm R Shaw, Perth; J D Croil, Montreal; Mr and Mrs Julius P Bucke, Sarnia; J K L Walker, Leeds England; Chas Bloomfield, do; W J O'Reilly, Toronto.

The meeting of the Immigration Society took place last night, and the remainder of the business of the annual meeting was satisfactorily disposed of. The Society then considered Mr. Pelton's charges against the Secretary and found them entirely unsupported, and in the end it was unanimously resolved that the thanks of the Society be given to Mr. Edward Williams, the Secretary, for his active and untiring exertions on behalf of the Society during the whole of the past year. Dr. Clay, of Halifax, Nova Scotia, was present, and addressed the meeting. He was listened to with great attention and was frequently loudly applauded.

THE GRAND PAGEANT TO-DAY.—Howes' immense caravan, including the great London circus, Sangor's trained wild beasts, and a whole Kraal of Asatic elephants, just imported, will make their public entrance into Ottawa this forenoon, giving two entertainments—in the afternoon at 2 o'clock, and in the evening at 7. The stay of this exhibition is limited to one day only, and there will be, of course, a great rush to see the "big show." Although the huge tent is well arranged for the seating of 4,000 spectators, we would advise families, and all others wishing to avoid the crowd—inevitable at night, to go in the day time, as there will doubtless be many more upon the ground in the evening than can possibly gain admission to the canvass.

BOARD OF R. C. SEPARATE SCHOOLS.

SPECIAL MEETING.

OTTAWA, Sept. 15th, 1871.

Present, Wm. Finley, Esq., Chairman; Messrs. T.Coffey, I. Larose, E. A. Lapierre, R. A. Sims, S. Champagne, and J. W. Peachy.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted.

A communication from Mr. O'Regan, teacher of St. George's Ward School, is read and laid on the table.

Moved by R. A. Sims, seconded by T. Coffey, that this Board having heard with regret of the death of John A'Hearn, Esq., brother in-law of our esteemed colleague, Mr. John Quain, and also a former member of this Board, offer our condolence to his afflicted family and relatives, and as a mark of our sympathy that this meeting stands adjourned until Tuesday evening next.

The meeting was adjourned accordingly.

J. W. PEACHY,
Secretary-Treasurer.

TO THE FRONT.

The Ottawa Brigade Garrison Artillery comprising seven companies, numbering a total of 345 men besides a full complement of officers, left at 11 o'clock yesterday morning by the St. L. & O. R. R. *en route* for Kingston. About 9 o'clock they began to assemble at the Drill Shed, which was also the rendezvous of a large number of persons, friends and acquaintances of the gallant fellows about to leave their homes for a few weeks. A few members continued to arrive until a few hours before the time of starting on the march to the station. One unpatriotic delinquent necessitated the exercising of martial authority to bring him out, and as he was marched into the Drill Shed yard between a guard he felt quite abashed and hung his head to avoid the ridiculing gaze of his fellow volunteers drawn up in rank, as well as the unpleasant scrutiny of the people. He was soon inside his military apparel and joined his corps.

The following are the companies and their strength:—

No 1 Battery—Capt. Egleson, Lieut. Harris. Full strength, 55 men. Ottawa.

No. 2 Battery—Captain Cotton, Lieut. Cotton. 45 men. Ottawa.

No. 3 Battery—Capt. Cummings, Lieut. Walker. Full strength, 55 men. Gloucester.

No. 4 Battery—Capt. Cluff, Lieut. Grant. Full strength, 55 men. Ottawa.

No. 5 Battery—Capt. Hopper, Lieut. Boyce. 48 men. Nepean.

No. 6 Battery—Capt. Graham, Lieut. Wood. 45 men. Ottawa.

No. 7 Battery—Capt. DeBoucherville, Lieuts. Tache and Tasse. 45 men. Ottawa.

The following is a list of the officers and non-commissioned officers:

Lieut.-Col. Forrest, Commanding. Staff Major Ross, Lieut. Cotton, Acting Adjutant; Pay-Master Crombie. Quarter-Master Armstrong.

N. C. Officers' Staff—Sergt.-Major Harper, Quarter-Master, Sergt. Peacock, O. R. Clerk Bucke, Hospital Sergeant Kenly.

Dr. Codd, as surgeon of the Brigade, was at his post of course. Dr. Codd has been connected with the Brigade for a number of years and proved himself very efficient on all occasions, but having accompanied the Ontario Battalion, to which he was also surgeon, to Red River, he will no doubt have improved his fitness for such a position by the experience.

Headed by their splendid band the O. B. G. A. marched up Rideau and down Sussex streets to the Station. They presented a fine appearance, and the crowds of people who assembled at the station to see them off were enthusiastically proud of the turn out and continued to speak in most blandishing terms of the boys until the train moved out of the Station amid ringing cheers.

COREA.

We have already said a few words on the unfortunate Coreans. What will come of the unlucky bravery of the natives remains to be seen—we suppose more bloodshed. The London *Times* says:

In one of the remotest regions of the world between the Yellow Sea and the Sea of Japan; there lies a country at present almost unknown, but which a few months may perhaps suffice to bring within the sphere of international intercourse and modern civilization. The new story of the Americans in Corea so exactly resembles a chapter of our own experience that we can appreciate every incident of the narrative; and, indeed, our correspondent at Shanghai ventured, with a confidence which events have justified, to predict the course and issue of the expedition while affairs were still pending. An ordinary map of Asia will show the reader the position of the peninsula in which the scene is laid, and, unless the discoveries of the French five years ago have been embodied in the latest charts, we know not where any more special information is to be found. Such details, however, are not indispensable. For the immediate purpose it is sufficient to observe that the Coreans—the inhabitants of the country in question—had given offence to the Americans by the destruction of an American vessel and the massacre of her crew, and that it was resolved to despatch an expedition to impress on them the obligation of succouring the ship-wrecked, and to establish, if possible, some better communication with the people and their Government. It is, however, a magnificent feature of the story that its point of departure should be in Japan. That country, but a few years since a mystery to the world, now serves as a base of operations for fresh adventure, and the American flotilla sailed, as an English squadron might have done, from a Japanese port to the scene of action.

But now occurs the question, what is to be done, or to what end are things tending? The Americans having experienced an affront, have chastised the offenders and so far as the immediate point of honor is concerned may well be content. They have made, however, no progress towards the original object of the expedition. They have not advanced to the Corean capital; they have opened no communications with its government; and if the matter is dropped at its present stage, the lives of sailors shipwrecked on the Corean coasts will certainly be no safer than before. The Coreans will consider themselves, and not entirely without reason, as successful in the contest. Without heeding the capture of the forts or the defeat of the soldiers, they will remember only that an expedition which attempted to reach their capital never did reach it, and that they were left in undisturbed enjoyment of the isolation for which they contended. Nor is it in the least anticipated that they would be found more conceding on a fresh application. On the contrary, information has been received that an army of 30,000 men is assembled between the coast and the capital, prepared to encounter any invading force. Of the Coreans themselves, we are told that they are men of good stature, well trained, and, after their fashion, well equipped. That they are not deficient in courage these affairs have shown, and, though they can never offer an effectual resistance to an American army, the United States' commander must receive both reinforcements and authority before he can renew the attack. Of course our countrymen in those parts are unanimous in thinking the attack must be renewed. They, consider, indeed, it is only fair that the Americans should take their snare in the inevitable work of subjugating the East, and would look with alarm on any policy which left refractory natives triumphant or unsubdued. Such reflections, we admit, arise naturally from their position; it remains only to be seen what view of the case may be taken at Washington.

THE LATE IMPERIAL SESSION.

London Globe, August 21.

The retrospect which the Session supplies is enough to make thinking men take the affairs of the country very seriously to heart. We cannot look upon the situation as satisfactory. We are unable to feel that either party is in a position of which to be proud. The one has handed itself over bodily to Mr. Gladstone, and appears to vote and act as he bids it. The other has disregarded alike the signs of the times and the issue to which they point, and objected but feebly, and with no practical result, not even that of clearing itself from responsibility for the errors of the Administration during the recess. Here is a Government which, while it calls itself Liberal, does not hesitate to have recourse to a Royal Warrant in order to work its will; it has assailed the principle of self government; *Constitutionalists* do no more than tamely express their objection to such a course. It must be confessed we close the Session with sincere anxiety and many misgivings. It is no light thing this grievous neglect of public business, this overt prostitution of legation itself to party aims and interests—this usurpation by an imperious Premier of autocratic powers to override the mature opinion of Parliament. We mistrust the situation, and tremble for the future.

SALE OF VALUABLE BUSINESS

CITY LOTS,

BY AUCTION

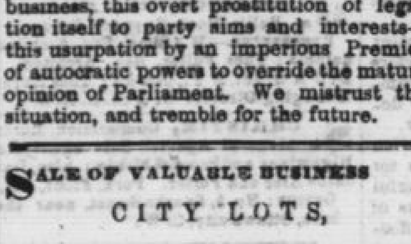
ON THE 20th INSTANT.

The undersigned has received instructions from P. LeSueur, Esq., to sell by Public Auction, on Wednesday, the 20th inst., at Twelve (12) o'clock noon, on the grounds, the following very valuable Business Building Lots situate on the north side of Wellington, and eastern side of Kent streets, Upper Town, and immediately opposite St. Andrew's (Scotch) Church. The frontage on Wellington street is one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet, of which one hundred and ten (110) feet will be put up in lots of 22x102 feet each, inclusive of ten (10) feet for rear communication from Kent street. Also, the corner lot of 55 feet on Wellington by 33 feet on Kent streets. The new bridge to be built immediately will make Wellington one of the best, if not the best, business streets of the city, and it is not too much to say that these lots are, from their central position, &c., the most eligible business building lots now left for disposal in Upper Town.

Terms, twenty per cent cash, with Auctioneer's commission, the balance in yearly instalments on a ten year's mortgage at seven per cent.

J. BERMINGHAM
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 11th, 1871. 1766-td



STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA."

QUEBEC EXHIBITION.

Tickets will be issued by Steamer "QUEEN VICTORIA" to Quebec and return at

SINGLE FARE.

R. W. SHEPHERD,
Manager.

Ottawa, Sept. 13, 1871. 1767-td.

NOTICE.

An excellent CELLAR to let. Large, and entrance on level with the street. Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 13, 1871. 1767-tf

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for Supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY

FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season..		$5 00
20lbs " " ..		9 00
10lbs "	month	1 50
20lbs "	"	2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

Terms strictly Cash in advance.

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N. B.—Ice sup lie r ton or cwt.
Ottawa April 871

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS,

ON BLACK RIVER,

For Sale by Auction, at the Union House, *ON WEDNESDAY, 4th OCTOBER* next, at one o'clock, p. m., being License No. 265, of 1870-71......50 miles. And No. 367, of 1870-71... ......50 miles.

Total one hundred square miles of richly timbered limits.

By order of
ALEXANDER FRASER, Esq.

Ottawa, 1st Sept. 1871. 1759-td

ENGLISH WEEKLY NEWS PAPERS AND MONTHLY MAGAZINES.

LLOYD'S WEEKLY LONDON NEWS, Weekly Times, Reynolds', Weekly Dispatch,—the latest editions,—5 cents. Subscription (post free to any part of the Dominion)—yearly, $2.50; six months, 1.25.

Illustrated London News, Graphic, Bell's Life, News of the World, Punch, Fun, Judy, &c, &c.

THE TORONTO GLOBE delivered at 10 cents per week.

C. E. HUCKETT & CO.
69, Sparks Street.

August 29. 1755 1m

CAPE WOOL.

The Cargo of the "PEONY," direct from

PORT ELIZABETH,

will be ready for Inspection on the 18th instant.

GILLESPIE MOFFATT & CO.

Montreal, Sept. 7th, 1871. 1762-1w

TWO VALUABLE FARMS

FOR SALE!

The following Valuable Farm situated on the banks of the Rideau about one mile and a half from Ottawa, the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq., and known as the South West half of Lot 14 on the Rideau River in the Gore of Gloucester. It is all cleared and in the highest state of cultivation; well watered; first-class brick building with seven rooms, and substantial barns, sheds, &c., thereon; also, an excellent orchard and garden. Beautifully situated and commanding a fine view of the City, Parliament Buildings, and surrounding country; contains about 100 acres.

ALSO

Lot No 16, in the Seventh Concession of Gloucester, Ottawa Front (the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq.), 8 miles from Ottawa and 2 miles from Taylorsville. Contains 200 acres, principally covered with timber.

For particulars and terms apply to DANIEL McLAURIN, Esq, of Osgoode, JAMES SEVERIGHT, Esq, of Gloucester, Trustees. or to

HAMNETT P. HILL,
Solicitor, &c.,

34-tf Post Office Block, Ottawa.

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON,
Proprietor

1760-6m

Circus and Caravan

COMING.

A Herd of Eight Elephants

Recently added to the Exhibition, will appear in the Grand Procession in the City of Ottawa.

FULL TROOP OF BRITISH RIDERS AND ACROBATS.

THE GREATEST EXHIBITION

Ever given will come off in

OTTAWA,

SATURDAY, September 16,

Afternoon and Evening,

ONE DAY ONLY,

Howe's Great London Circus

AND

SANGER'S English Menagerie

OF TRAINED ANIMALS.

The Magnificent, Gorgeous and Costly Golden Chariot Procession, the Largest and Most Brilliant Cavalcade of the kind ever seen, with its

FIVE COLOSSAL CHARIOTS,

Drawn through the streets by teams of Zebras, Shetland Ponies, Abyssinian Donkeys and beautiful Flemish Horses.

100 *Knights in Burnished Steel Armor*, Ladies in full Circassian Costume, attended by their Equerries, Squires, Pages, &c., in appropriate Dresses, with Banners, Flags, Superb Trappings, &c., and the full

BRITISH CORNET BAND,

Conceded by the Profession to be the best musical accompaniment ever heard in a circus.

Doors open at 1 and at 7 p.m.

Admission, 50 cents Children under ten 25 cents. 1747td

BUSINESS CHANGE.

We, the undersigned, in relinquishing the Retail branch of our business, beg to return thanks to the public of Ottawa and vicinity for the very liberal support accorded to us during the past eight years, and to announce that we have

DISPOSED OF OUR STOCK,

And leased the premises,

29 Sparks Street,

TO

MESSRS.

ALEXANDER RUSSELL,

(Late of Blyth & Russell, Ottawa,)

AND

ROBERT WATSON,

(Of Watson & Hayes, Almonte,)

Who will continue the business under the name and style of

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Both of these gentlemen were formerly in our employ, and being possessed of ample means and long experience we have great pleasure in recommending them to the confidence and patronage of all our friends and customers.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, August, 1871.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE

RUSSELL & WATSON

Have pleasure in announcing that they have ...t ... he

Entire Stock in Trade,

AND

GOOD WILL

OF THE

RETAIL BUSINESS

Lately conducted by Messrs.

Magee & Russell,

And leased their premises, 29 Sparks Street, for a term of years.

And hope by keeping only the best qualities of goods, and adopting a uniform and

Moderate Scale of Profits,

By anticipating the wants of the public and a strict attention to business to merit and retain the patronage so liberally bestowed upon their predecessors.

And we beg to assure the old patrons of the establishment that no efforts will be spared in maintaining the leading position to which it had attained.

ALEX. RUSSELL. ROB'T. WATSON.

Ottawa, August 1871.

FRED. T. PALMER,

Commission and Lumbermen's Agent, Rideau Street, (entrance O'Meara's Gateway.)

Particular attention will be given to hiring men, teams, &c., and all transactions with the Crown Land and Timber Office.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:

R Nagle, Esq, | Wm Mackey, Esq
Allan Grant, Esq, | E McGillivray, Esq

Ottawa, Sept 1, 1871. 1746t

Peaches!

Peaches!

Peaches!

Pears!

Pears!

Pears!

Apples!

Apples!

Apples!

And all other Kinds of Fruit

at the Fruit Depots of

G. LORENZ,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

—AND—

NO. 58 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

GREAT

DRY GOODS SALE.

Allan, McKinnon's & McMoran,

Have determined to clear out the FALL and WINTER GOODS purchased at a heavy discount from Messrs GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO, and with that view will bring forward the whole stock, including several large lots of

NEW GOODS

purchased far below Market value, and offer the whole at prices that must induce good judges of goods to buy largely.

The sale will commence on

Monday, 4th Sept'r.,

And continue one month.

As many of the cheapest lines will be sold quickly, intending purchasers will do well to call early and secure a choice.

1,000 YDS. JAPANESE SILKS,

At 50 cents per yard.

ONE CASE OF VELVET RIBBONS, damaged by fresh water, will be offered at less than half price.

2 Bales of GREY COTTONS, in short pieces, at from one to two cents below usual prices.

To be reduced one third in prices—a large quantity of

MILLINERY, MANTLES and MANTLE CLOTHS,

A line of Velveteen Jackets, reduced to $1.50 each, Waterproof Mantles at from $2.50 to 5.

DRESS GOODS, in a variety of fabrics, reduced below cost.

PRINTS—A line formerly sold at 12½ cents will be cleared out at 9 cents per yard.

A large lot of Gloves and Hosiery will be marked down far below cost.

A lot of best Brussels Carpets will be sold at $1.25 per yard.

ALLAN, McKINNON'S & McMORRAN,
Successors to Garland, Mutchmor & Co
No. 20, Sparks Street.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact ... you ... first class BRANDIES or WINES ... best Family GROCERIES, you ...

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 ...

BRANDIES—

The best old Brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and Low Prices

GIN—

J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

... Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALE—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES........	$ 80
THRESHING and SAWING COMBINED.........	130
FANNING MILLS.........	22

WM. ABBOTT.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 6wky

IF YOU WANT

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

SEND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor

SUCCEEDING TO THE BUSINESS OF MAGEE & RUSSEL.

The Undersigned, in succeeding to the business of the above named Firm, would say that the balance of the Stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Carried over by them, will now be offered by us, at prices that cannot attract the attention of

CLOSEST BUYERS.

In order that we may have time to get the stuff forward and reduced,

THE SALE

Will not begin before

Monday, the 4th September.

Having therefore decided that all Goods of this Season MUST BE SOLD, we have reduced to them to such prices as must soon effect it.

We therefore invite inspection of our Stock by intending purchasers.

We would call special attention to our

SILK DEPARTMENT,

in this line we are offering decided BARGAINS in Colored, Fancy and Black Silks.

in the

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

We will offer a large lot of FRENCH MERINOS, FRENCH TWILLS, REPPS, SERGES and WINCIES.

The Goods in this Department were considered fair value at old prices, but having decided to CLEAR OUT, all of last Season's Stock have been marked down. Those requiring anything in this line will do well to give a look through the Departments.

ALL STAPLE GOODS, WHILE THE SALE CONTINUES, WILL BE OFFERED AT A SMALL ADVANCE

A large quantity of Grey and White Cottons now forward, and considered extra GOOD VALUE.

We will not quote prices being satisfied, as we are, that purchasers must see value before paying any attention to figures

RUSSELL & WATSON,

SUCCESSORS TO—

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

ESTABLISHMENT FOR YOUNG LADIES,

Wilbrod Street (between Nelson and Gloucester Streets), Sandy Hill, Ottawa.

Mrs. ROBERT STEWART returns thanks for the kind patronage she has received during her residence in Ottawa, and hopes by unwearied attention to her scholastic duties and by their efficient discharge, to merit and receive a continuance of favor and support

The School will be RE OPENED on FRIDAY, the 1st of September. All the Classes are open to any who may wish to join one or more of them for the study of any special subject.

Terms very moderate. References to parents of pupils.

August 18th, 1871. 1746 tf

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.

Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's.

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.

1737tf

NOTICE.

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested to settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

WANTED,

Young Ladies to learn Systematic Dress Cutting by the "PRINCESS LOUISE CHART." Terms $3. Apply to Miss FARNHAM, Russell House, Ottawa. 1746 a

DR. LOGAN,

Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 3 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

YORK STREET, Lower Town, next door to Mathew's Hotel,

And at No. 209 WELLINGTON STREET

Upper Town, opposite the Montreal Bank

Mr. GENDREAU has always on hand the best French and English perfumeries. You are respectfully requested to visit these establishments.

Ottawa, 21st August, 1871. 17478

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY,

WELLINGTON STREET,

CONDUCTED BY THE GREY NUNS.

The course of studies at this Institution will be resumed on Monday 4th Sept.

OTTAWA CONVENT,
Grey Nuns, Aug. 17, 1871. 1745-b

CHURCH OF ENGLAND

LADIES' SCHOOL,

WATSON STREET, OTTAWA

Established, 1869—Incorporated, 1871.)

Principal ....Miss Machin.

The School will re-open SEPT. 1st.

New Prospectuses can be obtained of Durie Son and Hope & Co.

Further particulars on application to the Lady Principal, or

REV R POLLARD,
Secretary, Ottawa.

1743c

THE Rev. C. F. STREET informs his friends and the public that he will open his Classical and Commercial SCHOOL on MONDAY, 28th AUGUST, in the School Room lately occupied by the Rev. Mr May.

For particulars apply to Mrs. Kendall, Taylor's Block, corner of ... and Daly streets. 1745tf

MR. ... , B.A., Oxford University, ... Friends and the Public ... his PRIVATE SCHOOL on ... 4th September. School room ... and Albert Streets. For further ... apply to Mr. E. H. HARING ... House.

N.B.—... pupils can be taken in the evenings.

August 24, 1871. 1751 8

ACADEMY OF THE GREY NUNS,

AYLMER.

The Classes of this Academy will OPEN on the 1st SEPTEMBER next. The building is new and spacious, and is situate near the banks of the Ottawa river

Aylmer, 16th August, 1871 17441

SELECT

BOARDING AND DAY ACADEMY

FOR BOYS.

(CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL)

Principal — REV. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

Careful instruction will be given in Latin and Greek Studies, in French and German Languages, in Mathematics, in the branches of Science and Art, and in all the common branches of an English education.

The Academy on the south side of Daly and Ottawa streets will be OPENED on the 7th SEPTEMBER next.

For further particulars, please address the Rev. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

... 25. 1752 1

A MARRIED WOMAN (English) wishes to obtain a small Family's WASHING. A.D.C. care of John Bobier, Ottawa.

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

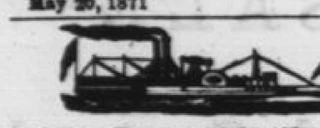
The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2670tf



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the 1st day of SEPTEMBER—

The Steamer JESSIE CASSELS will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 7.30 a.m., connecting with Steamers of the Line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

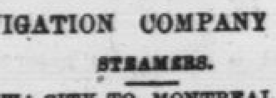
The Steamer PONTIAC leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted), at 1 p.m., for Des Joachim; returning—leaving at 6 a.m., connecting with Steamer JASON GOULD, which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 p.m., passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The Steamer PRINCE ARTHUR leaves Portage du Fort at 7 a.m., connecting with Steamer JESSIE CASSELS for Aylmer.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip, at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 9 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, August 28th, 1871.

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL

STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"
CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B.—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1736tf

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

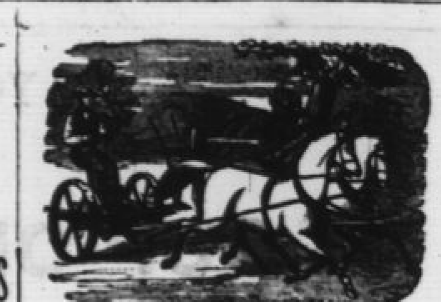
Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

The Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy will, at a Session to be held in the Hall of the said Township on SATURDAY, the 3rd day of SEPTEMBER next, pass a By-law to establish the road as now laid out, between Lots Nos. 5 and 6, in the Third Concession of the said Township.

W. P. TAYLOR,
Township Clerk.

Fitzroy, 28th August, 1871. 1364



SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY,

—AND—

AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD,
Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE MOWER

—AND—

SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain.*

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD,
Smith's Falls,
Ontario.

June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa P O., August 31, 1871.

Adcock J C
Anderson Elisabeth
Anderson Samuel
Armstrong Wm
Arnold Wm
Arthur Geo A
Armstrong Mrs A C
Aspdin Thos W
Barnes Sydney
Barber G
Beveridge Thos
Benfield Wm
Bell H H
Blais Miss Lydia
Blakely Mrs
Boyd Dr R H
Brayer Wm
Brennan Wm
Brewer Mrs Emily
Bullock L
Bowns Wm
Buchanan Mrs John
Burns Mrs S
Burns Miss
Byrns Hy
Campbell Mrs John
Cain Miss Sarah J
Campbell Mrs Mary
Callaghan Alex
Cantwell John
Cahal Miss Mary
Church Jos
Clarke Miss Emma
Conway Miss B
Corrigan Ed
Connor John
Cross W L
Crozier Jos
Cunningham Thos
Daly Carol
Davis J
Davidson C P
Davis Jas
Daly J J
Davis Mrs R
Dempsey Miss E
Dendmore Miss Mary
Dicare Miss M
Dickson Dr Geo
Doyle Mrs Peter
Duncan Jas
Fenton Miss J
Fisher John
Forson Jas
Forbes John
Foster Jas
Furlong Jas
Gan John
Gibbons E
Gillis J S
Glenn Alex
Gormly P
Gilchrist John
Grimes Thos
Harris Liasa Ann
Hamilton Mrs S
Hewlett Thos
Hicks Jas
Holland W H
Hogan Miss B
Hogan Wm
Hunt Wm
Hutchinson G W
Hutchison John
Huchley Mrs
Hubert J
Janet Rev Mr
Jamieson D J
Johnston Miss Ellen
Jones Mrs J E
Kennedy Jno
Kealy Mrs Julia A
Kennedy M
King Geo
Kingsmill M
King Jas
Knapp H A
Lamprey B H
Lane Miss Caroline
Leitch Miss A
Leroy W H C
Lewis Mr
Little Irvine
Lothion Miss Ellen
Moher Wm
Martin C R
May Jno
Martin Edwin
Marshall David
Martin Wm
Maddin Thos
Maisbury Wm
Minea Benj
Meade M J
Mercer John
Mitchell W H
Milne G B
Motherwell Thos
Moore & Coburn
Moore F H
Muir Wm
Murphy Mathew
Neill John
Nelson Mrs Alex
Nesbitt John
Nicholson John
Nichols John
Nolan Miss B
O'Brien Wm
O'Donnell D
O'Donnell G
O'Connor W P P
O'Connor Jno A
O'Connor Mrs
O'Dwyer John
Oliver A
O'Maill J
Ormand Jno T
Patterson Miss Anna
Pearsons Albert
Perry Mrs M C
Pearson F M
Perwitt J H
Pickens John
Powers Jesse
Pringle Miss Sarah
Pritchard Wm
Quinlan Mrs P
Rathwell Miss A
Rice Alex
Roberts Miss Kate
Robertson Geo
Rose Rodger
Roberts Mrs
Robertson David
Ryan Miss Julia
Russell Mrs
Russell A D
Saunders Miss Julia
Scobie Mary
Servo Walter
Sheaver Jno
Shehan Thomas
Smith John
Smith Mrs W
Smith H D
Smith Heber
Smith Wm
Sparks Miss Jane
Somerville Hugh
Sparks Noel
Sternburg J W
Sullivan John
Tobin Jas
Turner B W
Watson & Hill
Ward Jas
Wable A
Wallace M
Wagner H
Wilsman G & T
Webb Jas T
Weir John
Wells J P
Webster Miss E H
Welch Mrs Geo
Whalen Miss Eliza
Wilson R
Wood H O
Wright J
McBrayen A
McBryde Jas
McClanish T
McDonald And
McClory John
McDonald Miss F
McDonald D
McDonald Mrs Geo
McGuire Mrs Jno
McIntire Miss N
McInnis Miss C
McGuire Philip
McKenzie A
McKay Jas H
McMillan Miss Jane
McMillan J H
McPhee A
McMahon Geo

G P BAKER, Postmaster.

WANTED,

A good Carriage and Sleigh Maker, and Blacksmith, at Kinburn, Township of Fitzroy. A good business chance for both, with shop accommodations. Steady and good workmen only need apply.

ALLAN FRASER.

Kinburn, 2nd August 1871. 1738tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonising pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.
SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected, (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies,

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantral, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awky

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

The undersigned being about to visit England, offers the following properties for sale:

A large Brick Dwelling situate on Besserer and Chapel Streets, with Coach House, Stables, &c.

12 Cottages on Augusta street, producing a clear rental of $700 per annum.

ALSO,

100 Acres of Land at L'Orignal, being south half of Lot No. 15, fourth Concession of Caledonia.

Terms to suit the purchaser.

1810d JAS G ROBINSON.

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BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18. 1871 1669tf

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grazing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.,
Omaha, Neb.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY P.M.
......	11.45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	......	4.20
......	11 45	9·00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	......	4.20
......	......	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8.00	......	7.30
......	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	......	7.30
10.15	11.45	9.00	United States, *via* Ogdensburg	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	11.45	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	......	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c	......	......	4.20
9 20	......	4:30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	1.30
9 20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	......	......	1.30
10:30 5:30	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c	8.00	11.00	...... 7.00
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	......	......	700
7.30	......	......	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	......	......
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	......	......	6.00
11.50	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	......	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.00 m; in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, Sept. 1st 1871.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Furs, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Herman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials. *Agents for Ottawa*—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill. Tea Pot Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until Noon of WEDNESDAY, the Sixth day of September next, for the widening of Sappers' Bridge and the construction of a new Bridge over the Rideau Canal to connect Wellington and Rideau Streets, according to the Engineer's plans and specifications, which may be seen at this office after the twentieth instant.

The bridges are to be constructed of iron and stone in a permanent manner, and may be let in one or more contracts as the City Council may decide after receiving the Tenders. The work is to be proceeded with at once, and good security will be required for the due performance of the contracts.

No tenders will be entertained unless made in the prescribed form. They are to be addressed to the undersigned, endorsed, "Tender for Bridges," and contain the names and addresses of two persons who are willing to become security for the contractor.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa 19th July, 1871.
1721td

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET,

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

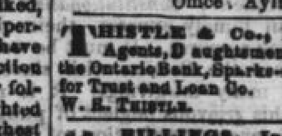
and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel.

Strict attention to business.
Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS



BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 163?y

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN.

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

FOR SALE.

BRAE SIDE STEAM SAW MILL,

Situated near Arnprior, Province of Ontario, and extensive Timber Limits on the River Coulonge, Province of Quebec.

The Mill has just been completed, and is most substantially built and fitted with the most improved Machinery, and can manufacture 140,000 feet of lumber per day. It has an extensive piling ground attached to it. Being placed where the Brockville Railway runs beside the Ottawa River, the lumber manufactured by it may be sent direct to the United States market. The limits comprise about 280 square miles of valuable Pine Timber country, with two extensive and productive Farms, and having commodious Dwelling Houses, Storehouses and Stables erected on them. They are also supplied with a large stock of provisions, horse feed and shanty plant for next season's operations.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be had by applying to J. B. Lewis, Esq, Barrister, Ottawa, or from Mr. George Purvis, at the offices of the Mill.

Ottawa, July 28, 1871. 1729 d&w4-1awk

SEEDS! SEEDS

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

☞FLOWER SEEDS.☜

A. CHRISTIE & CO.
(Late Alex. Christie.)
Druggists,
49, Sparks-st

Ottawa, April 28, 1871

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following;

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain.
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P, S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS &Co.

Regular.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S

CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE

TEETH & GUMS

AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE

ARE SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL

PARTS OF THE WORLD

PREPARED ONLY BY

MESSRS GABRIEL

DENTISTS

LUDGATE HILL. LONDON E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 1 1871

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Pistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1532tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c. &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHRUP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1537?

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET,

That COTTAGE, the property of N. Tetrau, Esq., Notary, in the Lower Village of Hull, with a handsome flower garden, stable, wood shed, ice house, &c., with or without the necessary firewood for next winter on the place. Mr. Tetrau having arranged for his residence in the dwelling adjoining his office, consented to the leasing of the property. For further information apply to N. TETREAU, N. P., Hull, P. Q.

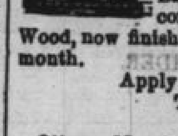
1746 8

NOTICE.

TO LET, a Large OFFICE and THREE BEDROOMS well situated in the Aumond Block, west, end Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, July 11th, 1871. 1813 tf



HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co,

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,
Agent,

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 48utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treament of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister at-Law, Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House. Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W MCKAY WRIGHT. 12? F C CLEMOW

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT,
NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MARCIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetrau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.

Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
S. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

G. C. RAINBOTH,
Provincial Land Surveyor and Draughtsman, commissioned for the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.
Office. Aylmer, P. Q. 1722 tf

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 749?

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1856.

WM. H. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots; Root Grating, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

I G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

1871. ICE! 1871.

ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double apply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street.

Ottawa, May 1649d

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1660tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed.

Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

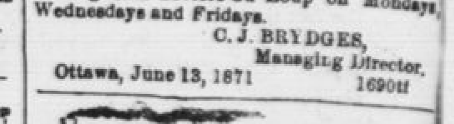
On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at	6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at	9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at	9.00 p.m
Mixed Train or Brockville, at	11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at	5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at	7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at	8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at	2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston	10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DUBERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

DOMINION HOUSE

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley.

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1685 6m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.

Montreal, March 11, 1871 161?y

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Drawings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

MORRISON'S

STEAM BISCUIT BAKERY

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your Orders are solicited, and will be PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO by

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor.

Nos. 36 and 38 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

TANNERY,

PARK STREET, OTTAWA.

EDMOND GERMAIN, Proprietor.

All kinds of LEATHER for Sale, Wholesale, at reasonable prices.

ALSO,

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE.

Of his own manufacture, at REDUCED PRICES.

19th August, 1871. 1746tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre), Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO 1770. OTTAWA, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof whi h will be guarenteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Destillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constontly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal

1685 3m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily)
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

☞ The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED ☜

Ottawa, May 15, 1871

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

☞ Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

☞ OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND ☜

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL, Solicitor, Post O Block.

1746b

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON, 8, Sparks Street.

1812 tf

100 CASES

HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT

"THE RED BOOT,"

OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overs,

MOCCASINS,

Laces & Boot Dressing

Which will be sold at the very lowest price possible,

Wholesale and Retail.

City and country dealers will find (on giving us a call) that they can be supplied at

Montreal Prices—Freight Added.

Having received a good part of our

Fall and Winter Goods

We are prepared to EXECUTE PROMPTLY all orders.

All summer goods selling at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Orders for Hand Made Custom Work attended to promptly.

A full sett of

Messrs. Ames, Millard & Co's Samples

of BOOTS and SHOES, always on view, and orders taken at lowest prices. One of our firm will wait on the merchants of Ottawa City and District soliciting orders.

Agents for wholesaling of Wm. Clendinneng's manufacture of *Stoves, Iron-furniture, Railings, Builders* and all kinds of *Plain and Fancy Castings.*

Agents for the celebrated

☞ *Plantagenet Mineral Water.* ☜

Orders promptly attended to.

LAMB & RODDEN, No 28, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, July 20, 1871.

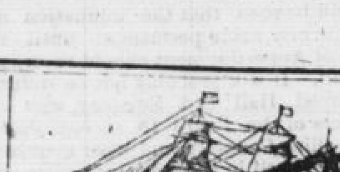
BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 88 Sussex Street, Ottawa.

1738 tNY SIMEON LEBEAU, Agent.



LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871. 1871.

The following first-class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES.....J. James "
NIGER......W. Nisbett "
SEVERN.....G. Butchart "

Are intended to Sail, as under, during the Season of 1871, between

LONDON,

QUEBEC and MONTREAL.

FROM LONDON.

MEDWAY	...Thursday, 10th August.
THAMES	" 24th "
NIGER	" 7th Sept.
SEVERN	" 21st "
MEDWAY	" 5th Oct.
THAMES	" 19th "

AND FROM QUEBEC.

NIGER	...Thursday, 10th August.
SEVERN	" 24th "
MEDWAY	" 7th Sept.
THAMES	" 21st "
NIGER	" 5th Oct.
SEVERN	" 19th "
MEDWAY	" 2nd Nov.
THAMES	" 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $5 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW, Montreal.

or

T. M. CLARKE, Royal Insurance Co.'s Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, June 13th. 1760y

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

All descriptions of property insured at moderate rates.

Tables of rates for Life Assurance and all information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

T. M. CLARKE, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

NESTORIAN	26th August.
SCANDINAVIAN	2nd September
HIBERNIAN	9th "
MORAVIAN	15th "
SARMATIAN	23rd "
PRUSSIAN	30th "

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin	$70 to $80
Steerage	$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN, on or about	31st Aug.
OTTAWA "	7th Sept.
ST. DAVID "	14th "
ST. ANDREW "	21st "
ST. PATRICK "	28th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin	$67 25
Intermediate	$47 or 44 00
Steerage	28 00

☞ An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO., Agents, 17 Sparks-.

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An Immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods, &c., c

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats,
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under irts
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞ Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Third Annual Exhibition under the auspices of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society will take place on

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.

SEPTEMBER 20TH, 21ST AND 22ND, 1871.

On the Society's Grounds adjoining the city limits,

COMPETITION OPEN TO THE WORLD!

Nearly $3,000 is offered in Premiums

For Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, Agricultural and Horticultural Productions, Manufactures, Domestic Products, &c.

All parties may compete for prizes on payment of Two Dollars; Ladies on payment of One Dollar.

ENTRIES.

All entries must be made on printed forms, which may be had from the Secretary. These forms are to be filled up and signed by the Exhibitor, enclosing Two Dollars, which amount will entitle the Exhibiter to compete in all the departments.

The entries in each department must be made as follows:—

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before the 10th of SEPTEMBER.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery, and Manufactures generally SEPTEMBER 15th

Horticultural Products, Flowers, Ladies' Work, &c., SEPTEMBER 18th.

The Society will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railroad Proprietors for carrying articles and passengers at reduced rates.

Arrangements will be made with the Customs Department for the free entry of articles for competition.

J B LEWIS, President.

A S WOODBURN, Sec. Treas.

Ottawa, August 22. 1749t

HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES,

And other Harvesting Implements,

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 Rideau street.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitnap celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.

Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.

Hay Rakes, straight and bent,

Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

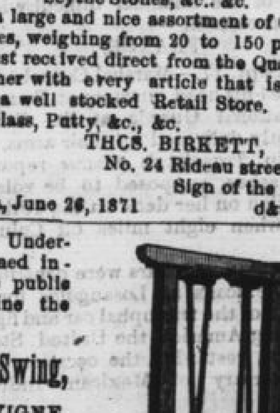
Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarrie:

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

All around ready for use.

THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24 Rideau street, Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w



THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex street, and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

RARE CHANCE.

The advertiser has received instructions to offer for SALE, by TENDER, at so much in the Dollar, as per Inventory Valuation,

A WELL ASSORTED TAILOR'S STOCK.

Consisting of English Cloths, Canada Tweeds, Trimmings, &c, &c., amounting to over $4,000.

The Goods are all in first-class order, and have been well selected.

The above offers an excellent opportunity to any one about to commence business, as the goodwill can be secured.

Every information may be had by addressing Box 468, Montreal, and Stock Sheets can be seen on application to the undersigned.

Tenders will be received until the 26th instant. Parties making other than a CASH OFFER, will please name security.

C. BAILLIE, 181 St. James' Street.

Montreal, August 5th, 1871 1751-A

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD, Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

☞ Terms, 40cts. per month.

Books bought, sold and exchanged.

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.

Mail Train at 3:30 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 4:10 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 8:10 p.m., and at Sand Point at 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 5:20 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m. 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE SAND POINT—9:10 a.m.; 4:30 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O Railway.

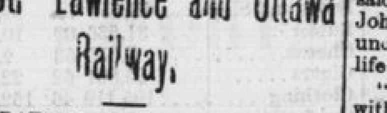
Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 9:10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT, Manager.

Brockville, 1st Sept, 1871. 1761-v



The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL!

On and from WEDNESDAY, 15th SEPT. Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at	7	A.M.
" 4 Express " "	11	do.
" 6 Mail " "	12:30	P.M.
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars "	10:30	do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East,

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 4:00 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6.45 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4.40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 P.M

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 6:30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.25 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, taw.

R. LUTTRELL, Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa Sept 9th, 1871

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the BROCKVILLE and OTTAWA RAILWAY will be held at BROCKVILLE on the 10th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon a lease of the section of the said Railway lying between CARLETON PLACE and SAND POINT to the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun., Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY will be held at OTTAWA on the 11th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon the accepting of a lease from the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company of that section of their Railway lying between Carleton Place and Sand Point, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun., Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

OF THE

AGRICULTURAL & ARTS ASSOCIATION

OF ONTARIO,

To be held at Kingston,

On the 25th to 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Persons intending to exhibit will please take notice that the Entries of articles in the respective classes must be made with the Secretary, at Toronto, on or before the undermentioned dates, viz:

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before Saturday, August 26th.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery and Manufactures generally, on or before Saturday, September 2nd.

Horticultural Products, Ladies' Work, the Fine Arts, &c., on or before Saturday, September 16th.

Prize Lists and Blank Forms for making the entries upon, can be obtained of the Secretaries of all Agricultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes throughout the Province.

HUGH C. THOMSON, Sec'y Agricultural and Arts Associatio

Toonto, August 15, 1871. 1745-dn&w

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XXXVIII.

MR. MCPHAIL.

(CONTINUED.)

"Thank you," David answered simply; and then they shook hands, and Mr. Hardell passed out of the shop, where he saw no one save Mrs. Johnstoun, McPhail having taken his departure.

Greatly to David's relief, he did not return that night, or the next morning. About noon, however, he walked into the shop dressed in his best clothes, and wearing a gold chain, similar to that the in possession of which he had deprecated as extravagance on the part of Johnstoun.

"Well," he said," "if you have got that hundred pounds ready, I will take it. There is no fun in pulling against the collar, and I confess you have slipped a collar on me. I dare say I shall be able to repay the kindness some day; but meanwhile I will accept your offer."

"Then you will come along with me to a Writer, and we will have the thing done right this time. I am just saying, sir," he added, addressing Mr. Hardell, who entered at the moment, "that as Matthew here has agreed to take my offer, we won't have any mistake now, but put it all proper."

"You had better come up with me to my solicitors," said Mr. Hardell, "and they will put the matter in form;" to which suggestion both men agreeing, a cab was called, in which they proceeded to Golden Square, the clergyman and Johnstoun seating themselves inside, while McPhail, declaring he was no fit company for them, mounted beside the driver, and treated both that individual and himself to cigars.

Arrived in Golden Square, Mr. Hardell explained the matter and left its execution in the hands of Mr. St. John.

"If Johnstoun have not the money available," he said, "I shall feel obliged by your paying it and charging the amount to me;" at which the lawyer wondered a little.

"You have great faith, then, in this Mr. Johnstoun?" answered Mr. St. John, in the same *sotto voce* Andrew had used.

"Yes, I have perfect confidence," Andrew answered; and then, half regretting he had brought the man there, or come with him, or mixed himself up in his affairs, he bade good-day to Mr. St. John, and having shaken hands with David Johnstoun and wished him well through all his troubles, went away.

"Is that the man was tried for murder at Dumfries?" asked McPhail, as the door closed behind him.

Just for one moment David Johnstoun, taken by surprise, hesitated; then he answered, "No."

"That's a lie, if ever there was one," said McPhail, triumphantly; and Mr. St. John, looking straight in Johnstoun's face, understood the mystery of their client's life at last.

"It is not a nice thing to be mixed up with," he considered, standing, after Johnstoun and McPhail were gone, before a blazing fire, on which he had just broken a great lump of coal with the heel of his boot. "Henry would be wild if he knew it. I think the best thing I can do is to preserve a discreet silence until the real Simon Pure appear."

From which murmured sentence the reader will gather that already he was much interested in Andrew's fortunes and concerned for his trouble. People often are for those whose trouble is beyond help.

CHAPTER XXXIX.

PRESENTIMENTS.

Utterly unconscious that a fresh lion had arisen in his path who might at any moment rend him in pieces, Andrew Hardell returned to Eclin—to the inquiries of his wife, to the more constrained questions of his father-in-law, and the crowning and jubilant exultation of his son—"and heir."

So some one put it when speaking of the child, and Andrew turned aside to hide the bitter smile that curled his lip—the spasm that rent his heart. His heir yea, truly—but to what? to a heritage of shame, to an estate of woe.

"I should never have married," the man thought in his misery. "Even were it competent for me to die to-morrow, I should leave my wife the widow of a murderer—my boy the son of a man who had stood his trial and been acquitted merely because the crime was not proven. What right had I to come to this quiet country place, and cause such misery? Oh, Joy!—oh, my darling! if dying ten thousand deaths could put things where they were before, I would die them all cheerfully for your sake."

Which was all very well; but fifty thousand dyings could not have undone the past or mended the future, and Andrew Hardell understood that truth vaguely.

Morally this man had proved from first to last a coward, and just as a person who had been all his life physically a coward may one day have to summon up what poor courage he possesses to go through some frightful operation, so it had come to Andrew's comprehension, slowly but surely, that there was another assize looming in the future, by comparison with which that held before my lords Glanlorn and Craigie was mere child's play.

He did not know who was to be the prosecutor, or the witnesses, or the judges, or the jury. He only comprehended he was to be put on his trial again, and not this time to be acquitted.

And so, still staving off his wife's questions and his father-in-law's examination, he, taking refuge in the uproarious greeting of his first-born, waited for the events which the future might have to bring.

He had elected to live a lie, and fate had no intention of balking him of his reward.

In answer to his wife's eager words, he merely said, "I have seen my lawyers again, love, and we shall very shortly come to some decision in the matter."

When Mr. Alton spoke, he replied, "You shall soon be satisfied."

When his son almost kicked himself out of the nurse's arms, Andrew took the child to himself and kissed the dimpled cheeks, and prayed the Almighty that one or other or them might die ere knowledge of his past was communicated to his boy.

The end was drawing very near; he felt that surely. Events were quickening their pace. The skeletons of the past were clothing themselves in flesh and blood. The army of circumstances was forming its rank and file, officered by able generals.

Yes; when he had married Joy Alton he had sold himself into the hands of the Philistines; and, lo! they were upon him. Though as yet he was unable to hear the tread of their feet, he knew they were on the march towards him.

One had recognized him, so had another; there was yet a third witness coming from lands beyond the sea, and in addition, one morning there arrived this:

"REVEREND SIR,—I just write these few lines, which leave me in good health, and I trust will find you in the same, to tell you that McPhail suspects—why, the Lord knows—I can not tell; but he does; and if I was in your place I would not go preaching anywhere in London at present, or make any stir with my name, for he is an ill-conditioned vagabond, and is set to do you a mischief an' it be possible.

"I will not have had you meddle in my concerns could I have forseen it might cause trouble to you; but what is done may not be undone, and we must just do our best, and hope for the best, with God's help; and I hope no worse will come of it. From you faithful and obliged,

"D. JOHNSTOUN."

Yes, the pitfalls were coming nearer, they were growing more numerous. With a face like ashes, Andrew Hardell tore this letter into tiny morsels, and tossed them into the fire.

"Something has disturbed you," Joy said, anxiously; "what is it?"

"Something has disturbed me," he replied; but, my dear little wife, do you come to me with every trouble of your existence? When your head nurse is out of temper, and her sub, Jenkins, has bought a too gaudy ribbon, you never bring your domestic trials to me."

"Perhaps not," she answered; "but if I were in any great sorrow, Anthony, I would take it too you."

"See you do, then, darling, he answered; and, stooping, he kissed her forehead; and then, opening a front window leading into the garden, went forth a wretched man.

Wretched! ah, Heaven, is that a word for such misery as his? We want a new language, we should have a fresh form of expression to describe the depths of sorrow into which Andrew Hardell's soul descended in those winter days which followed the Sunday night he preached in Ross Place.

It seemed to him that night was the culminating point in his life; but perhaps he was mistaken.

A week passed by peacefully, and then there came a request for him to preach a charity sermon at a fashionable West-end church, where it was so great an honor and compliment to be asked to preach, that Joy, knowing of it—the request was conveyed in a letter to Mr. Alton—clapped her hands delighted.

"They would make you a bishop, if you could only be induced to accept preferment," she cried, clasped her husband round the neck.

"Should you love me any better if I were a bishop?" he said gently.

"You old grave darling, no; but I am so proud of you, I should like to see you everything a man could be promoted to."

"And if I am never promoted, Joy?"

"Then I must love you all the more. But you will go and preach before those great people, will you not?" Do; please, please!—please say yes!"

She had put up her hands in a supplicating attitude; but he gravely caught and held them in his own.

"Joy," he began, "it shall be just as you wish. I will preach, or I will refrain, according to your desire. While I am here I will for the future speak the words God has taught me to speak—anywhere—in any place, should it be your pleasure. For the future I will offer no opposition. I will be my wife's puppet, and my wife shall be my invisible showman, pulling the wires."

She moved back a step or two, and looked at him—looked apparently to see if he was joking; but his face was graver and sterner than usual. It was set—contracted with emotion; and instinctively almost she recognized the fact. "Anthony, Anthony," she cried, "do not talk to me like that!" and then she fell into his arms weeping, for there was an awful prescience of coming sorrow afflicting her likewise.

"What is it, my own?" he said, and once again he comforted her. The man's portion was his still—to endure that martyrdom in silence. Time enough to break her heart when the past could be no longer concealed; when the future held no hope of secrecy.

Meanwhile it should all be as she wished, and she wished him to preach before the notables who would be assembled to hear.

"You will be advertised in 'The Times,'" she said exultingly, and he answered, "I suppose so;" wondering within himself whether the day might come when he should be advertised in "The Times" in a different manner.

He had once figured in the columns of "The Jupiter" in quite another character, and the result of that appearance had quite contented all his longings after notoriety.

But Joy, lacking the experience, was so easily satisfied. She wished him to preach where great people congregated. She desired that he should ascend step after step, and be ultimately bishop if not archbishop. Had there been any room for a pope in the Catholic Church as by law established in England, she would not have failed to fix her eyes on that elevation as her husband's final destination.

"Oh! if he would only listen to me and be more like other people!" she had sometimes sighed, only to reproach herself the moment after. "If he were once more like other people he might be selfish and indifferent instead of being, as he is, the most loving devoted husband wife ever possessed."

But now he was going to be like other people, to the extent of availing himself of the opportunities that popularity offered, and Joy's heart throbbed with joyful excitement.

To be continued.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

OMAHA, Sept. 15.—Mr. Gallagher, the Democratic Candidate for Congress, from New Mexico, is probably elected.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—A despatch from London says that the submarine cable has been laid between Nagasaki, Japan, and a naval station of Russia, on the Sea of Japan, thus making two distinct telegraph routes between London and Japan.

NEW YORK, Sept 16.—It seems to be the general opinion that a portion of the public funds will be recovered, and that some of the plunderers will land in States Prison. The *World* says that had Connolly promptly resigned, in compliance with Mayor Hall's request, he might have escaped the judicial brand which has been burnt into his forehead. If he does not resign now the Mayor cannot avoid impeaching him. In reply to the enquiry as to what would be the full effect of injunction, Judge Barnard replied, "I granted the relief asked for, which was to restrain Comptroller Connolly from raising money in any way in the name or on the credit of the County and city; and from paying any money, except for legitimate salaries and the running expenses of the city, and from using money already levied or raised for any other purpose than those for which it was destined; also, it will prevent Tweed raising or disbursing any money except for the Croton Department." Judge Barnard further said, that the theory that Connolly is the only party responsible is an absurd one. The whole responsibility for the signing of warrants falls upon him. The Mayor certainly countersigned them, but we do not believe that the Mayor, by any exercise of human endurance or mental vigilance, can sustain anything like a thorough supervision of the Comptroller's accounts any more than President Grant can exercise a thorough supervision over the accounts of the National Treasury.

The steamers *Algeria* and *Virginia*, from Liverpool, and *Herman*, from Bremen, have arrived.

The Montreal *Gazette* says:—We are very glad to learn that the confidence which we ventured to express that the attention of Sir George Cartier having been called to the delay of the contractor in completing the supply weir at Lachine, he would take the necessary steps to forward the work, has not been misplaced On Monday the resident Engineer received instructions to take the work out of the hands of the contractor, and press it forward with all possible speed. Sir George has earned the thanks of the important interests depending upon the water supply of the Lachine Canal, by his prompt action in this matter.

NAPOLEON WEEPING.—The unfortunate exile who has seen the end of his Imperial Greatness, wept when he found himself so mercifully dealt with by his Antagonist and Captor, King William of Prussia. History seldom chronicles such leniency on the part of a Conqueror. Not so in Medicine, for the Great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills have no respect of any reigning disease in the human body, for this combined medicine roots out completely all acute and chronic maladies and coverts the system into a sound tabernacle for humanity to live in.

TARIFF OF CHARGES.

We publish the following tariff of charges for the benefit of the public, some of whom are daily imposed upon by unscrupulous Cabmen, who never hesitate to extort double fare or more when a favorable opportunity to do so offers.

XIII. That the following Rates are hereby established as the proper and legal Rates and Charges for the Conveyance of Passengers within the City of Ottawa,—between the hours of Five o'clock in the forenoon and Eleven o'clock in the afternoon,—and *at all other hours* double rates shall be proper and legal, and may be exacted where no agreement for a less sum has been entered into between the parties.

TWO HORSE VEHICLE.

1. For the Conveyance or Carriage of any number of Passengers not exceeding FOUR, in a Carriage, Sleigh, or other vehicle drawn by *two* horses, when hired by the hour, or when the time occupied *amounts to or exceeds one hour*:

For the first hour	$1 00
And for each subsequent quarter of an hour	0 15
Each additional passenger for the first hour	0 20
And for each subsequent quarter of an hour	0 05

ONE HORSE VEHICLE.

2. For the Conveyance or Carriage of any number of Passengers not exceeding THREE, in a Carriage, Sleigh, or other vehicle drawn by one horse, when hired by the hour, or when the time occupied *amounts to or exceeds one hour*:

For the first hour	$0 75
And for each subsequent quarter of an hour	0 10
And for each additional passenger for the first hour	0 20
And for each subsequent quarter of an hour	0 05

3. For the Conveyance of ONE PASSENGER from any of the Carters' Stands, or from one part of the City to one or more places consecutively, in said City, provided the time occupied in conveying and waiting for such Passenger

Do not exceed fifteen minutes	$0 25
And for each additional passenger	0 10
If time occupied exceeds 15 minutes but not 30 minutes	0 40
And for each additional passenger	0 15
And for each subsequent 10 minutes after first 30 minutes	0 10
And for each additional passenger	0 05

But if the time occupied continuously whilst any such vehicle shall be in the employ of the same person or persons *amounts to or exceeds one hour*, then the rates by the hour as aforesaid shall only be proper and legal, and no higher Rates shall be legal.

4. That each passenger shall be entitled to take with him or her one Trunk and other baggage to a reasonable extent, free of charge, and it shall be the duty of the person in charge of any such vehicle to load and unload the same free of charge.

5. That children under five years of age shall not be charged for as additional Passengers, and children over five years and under twelve years of age shall not be charged for as additional Passengers more than *half Rates.*

For Licensed Carts, Trucks, Sleighs or other Vehicles for the Carriage of Loading within the City of Ottawa.

XIV. That the following Scale of Charges is hereby established for the Loading, Unloading and the Carting of Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Firewood, and all other Loading, by Licensed Carters within the City of Ottawa:

1. From any part of Upper Town west of Bank Street to any part of Lower Town east of Nelson Street or north of Cathcart Street, and *vice versa*, ... $0 40
To any other part of Lower Town, and *vice versa* 0 25
2. From any part of Lower Town east of Nelson Street or north of Cathcart Street, to any part of Upper Town east of Bank Street 0 25
3. From any other part of the City to another, except as aforesaid 0 20
4. That the Loading referred to in the preceding Section of this By-Law shall consist of Twelve Hundred Pounds, or six barrels of Flour, or four barrels of Pork, or half a cord of Wood.

Certified correct,

W. P. LETT, *Clerk B. C. of Police.*

A SWISS ROMANCE.

A letter from Vaud states that a young German lieutenant, wounded in the late war between France and Germany, was sent to a quiet village in that canton, early in the month of October last, to recruit his strength. There he made the acquaintance of a young lady, whose parents resided in the same village, and the couple became engaged. Owing to the mildness of the climate, and the interesting circumstances under which he found himself placed, the hero soon regained his health, and before very long an order arrived from headquarters desiring him to report himself within a week at Berlin, where the depot of his regiment was then stationed. The grief of the lovers when the time came to part may be imagined, but, with many vows of constancy, the lieutenant at last tore himself away, and in due time arrived at Berlin. At first his letters were filled with protestations of the enduring nature of his love, but gradually, as time wore on, they became less frequent and much colder in tone. Six weeks had elapsed since he had last written, when, instead of a letter full of reproaches, the lieutenant received a telegram from his "Dear Marie" in the following words:—

"Dear Fritz,—I have just received a letter informing me that my uncle, who was a millionaire at Frankbur, in the East Indies, is dead, and that I am his sole heiress."

The lieutenant lost no time. He set out for the village. The young lady was overwhelmed with joy on seeing her lover once more, but reproached him for his long silence.

"Don't let us talk of it, dear Marie," he replied, "there is now no obstacle to our union. The unexpected good fortune which Providence has sent us has removed the objections of my parents to our marriage—for a fortune so great, so colossal."

At these words Marie looked at him with a puzzled and somewhat pained expression, and taking his hand, said, "Fritz, do not make fun of me."

The lover drew out of his pocket the telegram he had received, asking her whether she had not written the words, "My uncle has just died a millionaire at Frankbur." Utterly astounded, Marie dropped his hand, and when she recovered the use of her tongue, said sadly, her eyes filled with tears, "Dear Fritz, there is a mistake in the telegram. What I wrote was, 'My uncle has just died a *missionaire* in the East Indies, and the amount he has left me is just 196f. 45c.'

The lieutenant returned to Berlin a sadder and a wiser man.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks,—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills.' Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tinline packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopothic Chemists, London d1509 1y

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Notice—Wm. F. Powell.
Auction Sale of Shop Fixtures—A. Rowe.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1871.

The Ottawa Times.

For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Authorized discount on American Invoices 12 per cent.

We direct the attention of our readers to an interesting article from the *Broad Arrow*, which appears in another column, relative to the source from which the revenue of the British Sovereign is derived. There has been a vast amount of nonsense talked, not only by Odger, Murphy, and the present leaders of English Radicalism, but by those who have preceded them also, about "Royal beggars, &c." *Reynold's Miscellany*, that unsavory specimen of the lowest class of English journalism, which hates Canada as entirely as it hates everything respectable, speaks of a "puppet prince with no more brains than a puppy dog preying on the vitals of the English workingman." A careful consideration of the circumstances connected with the revenue of the Crown Lands will show that the injustice of such a remark as this is only equalled by its intense vulgarity.

What would the redoubtable Bumble or his virtuous sweetheart, Mrs. Corney say, were they living in the present age? If the former was struck aghast when Oliver Twist ventured to "ask for more," what would his feelings have been in the Oldham Workhouse a few days since when one ungrateful pauper, animated no doubt by Communistic ideas, had the fearful audacity to coolly inform the parochial authorities that the Australian preserved meat upon which the paupers are fed, was not fit for human food! Nor was this all, for another inmate of still more rebellious and aggravating tendencies, chose to leap head foremost into the water cistern and there remain for a week or two, until, other unruly paupers complaining of the quality of the water, his decomposed remains were discovered therein. The good old days when Bumbledom flourished have passed away, and even paupers are beginning to imagine themselves possessed of human rights and of human feelings.

THE MINISTERIAL POLICY AND CANADIAN PROGRESS.

We are not surprised to find the Toronto *Globe* participating in the *Telegraph's* attack upon the Government in reference to the Welland Canal. That journal is always ready to unite with any one in a crusade against the Ministerial policy, no matter how inconsistent such a course may be. Until Mr. Page has returned from the West, and until we know something more of the real condition of the Welland Canal, we do not intend to reply at any length to the *Globe's* article of Friday last respecting the Canal Policy of Canada. But the public cannot fail to feel amused at seeing the leading organ of the Opposition, apparently entirely forgetful of its past career, coming out as the warm advocate of Canal improvements. It is the Government and their supporters that have always shown themselves most keenly alive to the necessity of doing all that could with prudence be done towards improving and perfecting our canal system, and whatever has been done in this direction has been done in spite of, rather than with the assistance of, the Grit leaders of Ontario. The Hon. George Brown has had nothing to say on the subject since the year 1854, while Mr. Mackenzie, the present leader of the party in the House of Commons, has been equally silent. Mr. Mackenzie says that his province is to "find fault," to point out everything which is wrong in the Ministerial policy, every neglect of which they have been guilty. Yet, though the *Globe* says that the Government have been so terribly negligent as regards our canal policy, not a word has the honourable member for Lambton had to say about the matter. The *Globe* says that the Government have made "humiliating exhibitions of supineness and negligence on the one hand, and rashness and subserviency on the other" so far as their canal policy is concerned. If this be true, what has the member of Lambton, the fault finder *par excellence*, been about? Why has he remained silent! When we enter into the discussion of the subject, as we shall do in a few days, we believe it will be easy to show that the Governmental policy has been a wise and prudent one, and that while the Opposition have never evinced any interest in canal affairs, and Mr. Mackenzie, although his only mission is to find fault, has never tried to urge the Government to more speedy action, Ministers have been thoroughly aware of what is required for the perfecting of our canal system, and that their policy has been and will be framed accordingly, so far as the financial condition of the country will allow.

Before we conclude we desire for a moment to refer to the remarks, which the *Globe* makes in introducing the subject. It says that in 1867, Confederation being accomplished, "a Government specially pledged to carry out and complete the designs of the Quebec Conference came into power. If that were not its mission it had literally no pretext for its existence. The Coalition had positively no other claim to the confidence of the country. It proclaimed past issues dead, party strife extinguished, a Saturnian age of domestic tranquility had dawned, and, free from all dissensions and discords, the plans for the prosperity and greatness of Canada, shadowed forth in the Quebec resolutions, were to be peacefully and successfully accomplished."

This is certainly a very unfair mode of stating the circumstances which led to the present Government coming into power. It is true, they were pledged to carry out those great principles upon which our new political system was based, and most faithfully and successfully have they done so. The main object aimed at was the consolidation of the whole of British North America under one Federal Government. In four years, although in consequence of circumstances and influences which the Dominion Government have been powerless to resist Prince Edward Island and Newfoundland still remain "out in the cold," the progress of the Union cause has been far more speedy and satisfactory than the most sanguine dared to predict that it would be, and to-day, the political edifice, whose foundations we laid four years ago, spans the continent from ocean to ocean. Nor is it true that the present Government had no other claims to public confidence beyond their pledge to complete the designs of the conference. The Government consisted of men who had laboured earnestly and risked much in order to secure the Union of British North America, they had ben true to the cause through dark and light, and especially when one leading public man who was equally with them pledged to the Union policy, shamefully deserted them in order to gratify his own personal spite, thereby seriously endangering the success of the Confederation movement. This was another and important claim which they possessed to the confidence of the country. So also was the fact that they had "proclaimed past issues and party strife extinguished," while their opponents clamoured loudly for a renewal of the old party lines although the questions that made them were disposed of for ever. Selected by the people for these three reasons to govern the country whose future peace and prosperity they had done so much to insure, we believe that no unprejudiced man who looks round and sees the position which the Dominion holds to-day,—its growth, the development of its internal trade and resources, and the general prosperity that exists throughout it,—will come to the conclusion that they have proved recreant to their trust, but that they have on the contrary established a claim upon the people of Canada, for a continuance of that confidence which has hitherto been reposed in Sir John Macdonald and his colleagues.

A FEW FACTS ABOUT THE EMPIRE.

Cost of the British Iron-Clad Fleet consisting of fifty-four vessels, £13,490,545 sterling; British army estimates for 1870 71, £13,093,500; British Revenue for 1870, £73,960,009; Cotton exported into England in 1815, 99,000,000 lbs; in 1869, 1,226,809,856 lbs; Tons of coal produced in the United Kingdom last year, 107,427,557 tons; Total area of the British Empire, exclusive of the United Kingdom, 4,556,317 square miles; Population about 170,000,000, exclusive of that of the United Kingdom.

Barbadoes is the youngest Colony of the Empire, settled in 1605.

The national debt amounts to £747,551,048. It has been reduced about £61,000,000 since the year 1857.

Total strength of the British Regular Army, 178,000 men; militia, 128,971; Yeomanry, Cavalry, 15,435; Volunteers, 201,196; army reserve, strength not given.

The average duration of the reigns of the Sovereigns of Great Britain since James the First, has been twenty years. George the Third was the longest reign, sixty years; James the Second's the shortest, only four years.

Total number of electors in England and Wales, 2,012,631. This is nearly double the number of electors before the passage of the last Reform Act.

GRENVILLE CANAL.

A party composed of Sir Geo. E. Cartier, J. M. Currier, Esq., M. P., Alonzo Wright, Esq., M. P., Mr. Trudeau, Deputy Minister of Public Works, and Messrs. Baldwin, Booth, Perley, Bronson, Young, C. T. Bate, Capt. McNaughton, and a few other gentlemen, chartered the steamer *Alexandra*, and went down to inspect the Grenville Canal on Saturday, with a view to devising some means of increasing the supply of water, which is very low at present in the canal. The party left at 10 in the morning and returned at 11 o'clock at night, having made a thorough examination of the canal, in doing which, they were very courteously directed by James Goodwin, Esq., the contractor for the deepening and improving of the channel.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

OTTAWA BRIGADE OF GARRISON ARTILLERY.

No. 2 Battery, Ottawa.—To be 2nd Lieutenant: Francis Michael Cotton, gentleman, M. S., vice J. Cotton, promoted.

No. 7 Battery, Ottawa.—To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally: Emmanuel Tasse, gentleman.

43RD CARLETON BATTALION OF INFANTRY.

To be Ensign provisionally: Sergeant Robert Shore; Vice Ronald Stewart, whose resignation is accepted.

No. 2 Company.—To be Ensign provisionally: George William Monk, gentleman; vice Nesbitt, retired.

THE WATER WORKS.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—As the Report No. 5 of the Water Works Committee, condemning Mr. Greene's Report, appeared in your issue of the 6th inst., it is only just that the charges therein contained should receive a public refutation through your columns also. And knowing that you feel so zealous in seeing the blessings of Water Works secured to our city at the earliest season possible, you will have no hesitation in giving insertion to the statistical portion of my speech at the Council Board, on Thursday evening last, which has not as yet appeared in any of the press, on that evening's proceedings. The area of a cross section of the proposed conduit as estimated by Mr. Greene (at page 16) is 88 sqr. ft. The quantity of water estimated to flow in the conduit is 352 cubic feet per second. The mean velocity provided for will be found by dividing the quantity by the area or

$$\text{Velocity} = \frac{352}{88} = 4 \text{ feet per second, as Mr.}$$

Greene states on line 7, from the top of page 16.

Again, where the estimate is made for a conduit to carry 1006 cubic ft. per second at the close of the paragraphs, we find the estimated area to be 42 feet wide by 6 feet deep, or 6 × 42 = 252 square feet, dividing now the quantity by the area determined, we as before find that the velocity adopted was practically 4 feet per second.

Where then are the authors of this report warranted in the assertion that Mr. Greene adopted a velocity of (2) feet per second? It can only be found in the 14th and 15th lines where these words occur, "which will be sufficient to induce a mean velocity of (2) feet per second."

After a distinct and unequivocal statement that he had adopted a velocity of 4 feet per second, stating his reasons therefor, and after using that velocity in all his subsequent calculations, the attempt to make it appear that Mr. Greene has made the absurd blunder of adopting 4 feet at the outset, and afterwards basing his calculations upon 2 feet would seem to argue a want of intelligence or honesty of purpose on the part of those men who appear so earnestly striving to find some trifling error in his report.

The intelligent and honest reader would have seen at once that the error had been made either in copying the report, or by the printer in puting 2 where 4 was clearly intended to have been used. It should be stated, in justice to Mr. Greene, that he had not the advantage of our local engineers in being able to correct the proof before the printed report was circulated. Had the proof been submitted to him this trifling error, with others of equally trifling moment, would of course have been corrected.

Mr. Greene has adopted a cross section of conduit of 12 x 10 feet, or 120 square feet. This Section with the water flowing at a mean velocity of 4 feet per second will carry 120 x 4 = 480 cube feet per second, while only 352 C. F. S. are required for both water power and City supply. The capacity of the proposed conduit is therefore

$$\left(\frac{480-352}{352} \times 100\right) = 36 \text{ per}$$

cent greater than the maximum theoretical requirement.

It is also objected that the velocity of 4 feet per second will require a fall in the conduit which will seriously affect the head.

The fall required will be at the rate of 2 feet per mile, which in, say $\frac{3}{4}$ of a mile (which is somewhat in excess of the length of the proposed conduit) will amount to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, but by excavating in clearing out the tail race the full head can be maintained independent of this, and without that even, there is over 36 per cent extra power provided in the conduit to cover all contingencies.

Exception is taken to the recommendation of one 18 inch main after 21 inches had been found necessary, upon the basis of an arbitrarily assumed velocity of 2 feet per second in the main. Now, let us see what this amounts to practically. The only influence exerted upon the power by the size of the main, consists in the greater or less frictional head, due to a smaller or larger main. The work of simply elevating a given quantity of water to a given height is the same, whether the water flow in a large or small pipe, the difference in any two cases resulting wholly from the frictional head, which varies directly as the square of the velocity of the ascending current.

The frictional head due to a velocity of 2 feet per second in an 18 in. pipe, one mile long, will be

$$\frac{2.\,3 \times 2^2 - 5.2 \text{ feet.}}{1\frac{1}{2}}$$

The frictional head due to a velocity of 2.62 feet per second in a pipe of the same size and length, will be

$$4-2,\,3 \times 2,\,62^2 - 10.5 \text{ feet.}$$

200 feet was the statical head used, in other words it was assumed that water would have to be supplied at some points—as in the upper part of the Government Buildings—200 feet above the pumping station, adding now the frictional head just found, we have for the total head, as affected by the question under consideration:

For 21 in. pipe 2 feet velocity, 205.2 feet.
" 18 in. " 2.62 " " 210.5 "

The difference in power it will be observed, amounts to a trifle over $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

This computation applies to a supply of 2,500,000 gallons for a population of 50,000 people, and is based upon the assumption that the entire amount will be forced through one mile of 18 in. main; practically, of course a much less quantity would reach a point a mile distant from the pumping station.

In case the estimate be made for the ultimate estimated requirement for domestic and fire purposes combined, the difference due to the two velocities when combined with estimated total head of 300 feet, would be equally small.

A 21 in. main of equal strength would cost over 16 per cent more than an 18 in. main, while an 18 in. and an 8 in. main would together cost at least 22 per cent more than a single 18 in. main.

If the same quantity of water estimated by Mr. Greene were divided between an 18 in. and 8in. main, and the velocity were made the same in each (which would be impossible), this velocity would be 2, 18ft. per second and the frictional head in the 18 in. main would be

$$\frac{2,\,18^2 \times 10.5 - 7,\,3 \text{ feet.}}{2,\,62^2 \quad 62}$$

In the 8in. pipe the frictional head would be

$$\frac{2,\,3 \times 219^2 - 16.\,39 \text{ feet.}}{\frac{2}{3}}$$

This shows that the assumed equality of velocity in the two mains is impossible.

In fact the quantity carried in the smaller main would be much less than the proportion due to the area of its section.

This follows from the fact that the frictional heads must of necessity be equal, and as a consequence there would be a larger velocity and larger frictional head in the 18 in. main. Admitting, however, that there would be only 7, 3 feet frictional head, the comparison will stand thus:—

21 in. main, velocity 2, total head 205, 2 ft.
18 in. " " 2, 62 " 210, 5 "
18 & 8in " " 2, 18 " 207, 3 "

Surely the magnitude of the difference between these results is not sufficiently great to justify a very lengthy argument in favor of two mains at an increased cost of 22 per cent. when the saving in power effected by their adoption would be only $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

It will be interesting in this connection to know what would be the effect of the adoption of a separate 8 in. main for the supply of the Departmental buildings.

In the first place let us see what velocity of current would be required to supply sufficient water to throw 5 one inch streams in case of fire. The estimated quantity is 1,080,000 gallons per day, or 2 cubic feet per second. The area of a section of an 8in. pipe is about 0.35 square feet.

The velocity would therefore be $= \frac{2}{0.35} = 5.7$ feet per second, and the frictional head $4 = 2.3 \times 57 = 112.1$ feet nearly.

$$\frac{}{\frac{2}{3}}$$

The pressure at the pumps would therefore be that due to the following heads:

Height of ground at the Public Buildings	118 feet.
Pressure head at discharge	135 "
Frictional head	112 "
Total	365 "

Or about 158 pounds to the square inch.

The maximum total resulting from Mr. Greene's proposed arrangement is 300 feet, representing a pressure of 130 pounds per square inch.

The arrangement under consideration would then result in a pressure upon all the pipes of the distribution of 158—130 = 28 pounds per sqr. inch, more than that proposed by Mr. Greene. To resist this increased pressure, stronger, thicker, and of course, more expensive pipes would be required.

Now, Sir, what I hope I have fully illustrated to your satisfaction, I am fully prepared to state are facts that cannot be disputed by any reliable data.

The rules for obtaining frictional pressure, or resistance, was some years ago given by an eminent English Hydraulic Engineer, and have undergone repeated trials and tests at *Lowel* and other places in the United States and found correct, and universally adopted by all the best hydraulic engineers in America.

By comparing the above with the report alluded to, your readers may form their own opinions of the nature and intent of the latter.

Your obt. servt.,
J. R. O'CONNOR.

SPECIFICATION and estimate for an efficient supply of pure water for the City of Ottawa, taken from the Little Chaudiere—accompanying the plans submitted by Mr. T. M. Blasdell, Steam Engineer and General Machinist.

QUANTITIES OF PIPE AND DIMENSIONS.

No. of lineal feet.	Leading Main.	Weight per foot.	Thickness in inches.	Weight in lbs.	Total in lbs.
6,200	Lineal ft. of 18 in. diam. (inside bore)	185 lbs.	1	1,147,000	
6,200	" " 15 in. " "	156 "	1	967,200	
6,200	" " 12 in. " "	128 "	1	793,600	2,907,800
	DISTRIBUTING PIPES.				
75,897	Lineal ft. of 7 in. diam. (inside bore).	57 lbs.		4,326,129	
75,897	" " 5 in. " "	$34\frac{1}{2}$ "		2,618,438	
75,897	" " 3 in. " "	17 "		1,290,249	8,234,816
	Total				11,142,616

COSTS.

11,142,616 lbs. of cast-iron pipes, at 3 cts. per lb. (complete in the work)	$334,278 48
Engine house, water wheels, pumps and machinery, with engine and boilers (all complete)	33,000 00
Hydrants, a sufficient number (all complete)	16,000 00
House service pipe (all complete)	24,000.00
Stop valves in main and distributing pipes	9,000 00
	$416,278 48

All pipes in the foregoing guaranteed by the makers t withstand a 300 feet perpendicular pressure.

THE IMPORTS OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

It will not be long before enterprising Canadian manufacturers and importers will bestow some attention on the trade of British Columbia. They will inquire into the kinds of business that can be transacted there, the nature and extent of its imports and exports, and many related particulars. It is understood that hitherto British Columbia has drawn its chief supplies from England and the United States. Canadians will now desire to have a share of the trade. The principal imports, as we find them in a contemporary, include some important items. They are as follows:

	1860.	1870.
Agricultural Implements	$12,682 69	$13,651 81
Axes	4,144 49	3,355 50
Blankets	27,810 42	64,392 91
Boots and Shoes	58,558 72	59,453 06
Butter	31,536 09	10,362 56
Cheese	7,635 63	9,472 80
Cigars	25,861 62	22,033 40
Clothing	195,119 46	162,352 81
Confectionery	2,050 10	1,891 70
Cornmeal	1,118 30	576 90
Furniture	4,446 86	5,884 51
Hardware	33,284 24	28,448 05
Lard	7,398 24	5,486 56
Leather	960 15	6,757 43
Matches	5,187 91	5,176 99
Miscellaneous articles	58,506 58	61,820 41
Nails	10,900 88	7,703 41
Oils, Petroleum	14,436 78	9,722 14
Oatmeal	899,51	1,514 63
Rope and Cordage	17,973 74	7,922 09
Sugar, refined	15,220 80	17,225 31
Spirits	47,414 12	51,414 55
Tobacco	36,471 93	29,900 08
Waggons and Carriages	1,683 00	3,597 30
Waggon materials	4,192 82	3,178 28
Woodenware	2,604 81	3,060 60

Stoves, grates, &c., included in miscellaneous articles.

ENGLISH INDUSTRIAL SOCIETIES.

An elaborate return about industrial and co-operative societies in England and Wales was issued towards the close of the recent session. The whole number of such societies registered up to the end of the year 1860 was 1,308; 67 new ones were placed on the roll last year, making together 1,375. Of that number 406 appear to have been dissolved, and 153 have neglected to send up their annual statements. The following statement embraces 749 societies, with their figures up to the end of 1870: The total number of members was 249,113, the admissions during the year were 42,314, and the withdrawals 21,964. The amount of share capital credited during the year was £783,059; the amount debited, £582,835; the total capital on the 31st of December, 1870, was £2,034,261; loan capital at the end of the year, £197,128; cash paid for goods during the year, £7,458,000; received from customers in the same period, £8,202,000. The average value of stock in trade during the twelve months, £912,000. Hence the stock appears to have been turned over nine times between the 1st of January and the 31st of December. The expenses were £335,327, or rather more than 4 per cent on the money paid across the counter; interest on loans, £92,3 33; and allowance for depreciation, £42,817; total of the three items, £470,477. This brings the expenses up to $5\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. The entire liabilities of the 749 societies are placed at £2,403,902; the entire assets at £2,649,429; the balance over liabilities in favor of the societies would therefore be upwards of £245,000. The value of buildings, fixtures, and land belonging to the various societies is stated to be £962,276. The disposable net profit realized from all sources during the year is put at £555.435. The dividends declared amounted to £483,687, of which £16,523 was allowed to non-members; £3,775 was devoted to educational purposes. 155 societies are registered for Lancashire—many of them very large ones. We note a few whose dealing with their customers exceeded £100,000 each society during the year. Bury Co-operative Provision, £155,000; North of England Co-operative Wholesale, £678,000; Industrial Co-operative, Oldham, £123,000; Rochdale, Equitable Pioneers, £222,000; Rochdale Co-operative Cotton Spinning, £166,000. This, as the name implies, is not a store, but a manfacturing enterprise. In Yorkshire 158 societies are recorded. The first very large concern here is of the ordinary trading type. Halifax Co-operative Flour Mills, £136,000; Halifax Industrial Store, Grocery, Drapery, &c., £182,000; and the Sowerby Bridge Flour Mills, £166,000. Co-operative associations do not spread in the metropolis. One great success has been achieved by the Civil Service, who have two societies—one under the Limited Liability Act, the other returned in this paper. It numbers 2,410 member, of whom 678 joined last year. The transactions exceed ed £492,000.

CARELESSNESS.

Many persons neglect their horse's health and condition until it is too late, when at a trifling expense and no trouble, the horse might have been saved if attended to in time. To all who may have occasion to use, article of the kind we would confidently recommend "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy;" it is without doubt the best preparation in use, as thousands who have used it testify. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

All the year round, "Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders" should be given to horses that are "kept up." To horses and cattle that graze in summer they should only be given in winter and spring.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

SPENCERVILLE.

SPENCERVILLE, Sept. 15.

The Battery and Rifles arrived here to-day, at 2:30 p. m., all getting along favorably. The first days cooking was somewhat demoralized, but now all is right. The Rifles are marching well, everybody getting used to the work. The Commissariat is satisfactory, the men being provided with all they want.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 16.

The members of the Ladies Education Association formed in the spring has just been supplied with a descriptive programme of three of the four courses of lectures which have been arranged for this winter. The object of this Association is to afford the ladies of Montreal an opportunity of obtaining a higher education than has hitherto been within their reach.

The sailor, Philips, injured by a bale of goods falling upon him on board the steamship *Corinthian*, died this morning of his injuries. He was 25 years of age, and belonged to the north of Scotland. Verdict, accidental death.

At one o'clock this afternoon a man named Quin, while working on the roof of a new building in St. Joseph street, slipped and fell to the pavement forty feet, and was instantly killed, his skull split open and both his legs broken. Verdict accidental death.

At the meeting of the committee appointed by the Deaneries of Bedford and Iberville to further the proposed division of the above diocese, last Tuesday, at St. Johns, a memorial to the house of Bishops was drafted and a deputation of the clergy and laity named to present the same to the Provincial Synod now sitting in Montreal.

The S.S. *Trent* was hauled off the bank on Lake St. Peter last night and proceeded to Quebec.

Isidore Hogue, for brutally treating his horse, was to-day fined $6 on information of the Protection Society.

John McDonald, John Melville, Peter Lapense, and Cornelius Normite, all boys of about fifteen years of age, and notorious criminals in the city, broke into a refreshment stand at Longueuil yesterday, stealing a quantity of cigars, brandy, &c. They were captured to-day, and two hours after sentenced to three years in the reformatory.

The Provincial Synod is likely to continue for the greater part of next week. The work is dragging on slowly, and much time is being occupied with irrelevant conversation.

Little has been doing in the stock market up to one o'clock this afternoon. Bank of Montreal—buyers, 260; sellers, 264. Ontario—buyers offer 108; 110 is asked.

Flour is firm, but without activity.

The weather is cold and threatening rain.

Latest Cable Telegrams

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—It is reported that the employers at Newcastle have agreed to an increase of wages.

The small pox is disappearing from Weymouth.

The *Observer* has a special telegram from Bucharest, stating that the German and Roumanian Treasury Departments are ready to negotiate, and a satisfactory adjustment of the financial difficulty is now considered certain.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 17.—Marshal Canrobert has established his head quarters at Bourges.

The National Guards at St. Etienne have quietly delivered up their arms.

The ship *Transita de Alvarse* reports a cloud of ashes, supposed to be volcanic, having fallen on her deck on the 10th September, when eight miles off Columbia bar.

Five thousand dollars were contributed by the Mexicans at Losangolos for the adornment of the triumphal car and figures representing America, the United States, and Mexico, yesterday, the occasion being the anniversary of Mexican Independence.

Many petitions for the dissolution of the Assembly are circulating in Lyons.

The races at Bois de Boulogne commenced to-day and were well attended.

Victor Hugo is sick. His complaint is pleurissy, and his condition is such as to occasion alarm.

Mont Cenis Tunnel was inaugurated to-day by the French and Italian Ministers and the local authorities of both countries. After the meeting and the congratulation of each other, the party embarked in a gaily decorated train at Bardoueche and passed through the tunnel to Madane, making the transit in 20 minutes.

VERSAILLES, Sept. 16.—The Assembly has just accepted by a vote of 233 against 31 the Customs Treaty concluded by Count de Remusat and M. Ponyer Quertier representing France and Herr Von Arnim and Count Herzog on the part of Germany. Alsace and Lorraine are included in the Treaty, the consequences of which are the immediate evacuation of the Departments of the Aisne Aube, Cote d'Or Jura and the reduction of the German army of in occupation of other Departments to 50,000 men.

AUSTRIA.

PRAGUE, Sept. 16.—In the Bohemian Diet, to-day, all the German members were absent because of the Imperial rescript sent to that body on Thursday expressing the wish to recognize the rights of Bohemia by Coronation Oath, and new electoral and national bills. A protest was however sent to the Diet signed by the missing delegates against the passage of any illegal votes in their absence.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Sept. 17.—Don Espartero has placed his hotel at Logreno, at the disposal of King Amadeus during his progress through the province.

GREECE.

ATHENS, Sept. 17.—The Queen of Denmark is expected to arrive here shortly.

Latest American Telegrams,

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—There are a multitude of rumors afloat, amongst others that Comptroller Connolly is to be sacrificed by the rest of the ring to shield themselves, and to satisfy public clamor; that Judge Hilton is to be Connolly's successor; that Hall, Sweeney and Tweed act conjointly, and are resolved to throw Connolly overboard in hopes of distracting attention from themselves; that after the stormy meeting at Tweed's office, Mayor Hall and Sweeney had interviews with Brennan and Ald. Schlichting; that Schlichting was offered a registership if he would use his influence to induce the Germans to return to their allegiance to Tammany; that Brennan was non-committal and Ald. Schlichting declined, saying that the Germans were determined for the present to remain independent, and side with the party of reform; that Sweeney, Tweed and Nathaniel Sands were closeted together yesterday, and that Mayor Hall and Sweeney also met with others yesterday in private. It is said that it was agreed among them that the injunction against the city officials must be dissolved, as against all but Connolly, who is to be forced to resign.

It will be seen that the injunction was subsequently made permanent until the Board of Apportionment should re-organize itself. It will probably not be difficult for Tweed, Hall and Sweeney, who are members of the Board, to re-organize it, by expelling Connolly, and other members. It was declared in the Register's office that in view of the present crisis Connolly will not vacate his office until compelled to do so. Other statements are that the Comptroller's resignation had already been handed in and that he would leave the country.

All the morning papers applaud the decision of Judge Barnard.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Sept. 16.—A Despatch from Fishkill Landing says, that a little boy aged 7, belonging to the strong woman of O'Brien's Menagerie died of starvation at Stormville on Thursday night. The despatch adds that while at Stormville he was shut up in a room alone with his hands tied behind his back. Looking from the window he begged the cook to get him a piece of bread. She got a ladder to ascend to the window and threw bread on the floor. He looked as if he had not a drop of blood in him. The strong woman bought the children in Paris for $100 to perform with her in the Menagerie. The poor little fellow was buried yesterday. Steps have been taken to arrest the woman.

CHICAGO, ILL., Sept. 16.—The Episcopal Convention of Illinois closed its Session last evening, previous to which a resolution was passed that legal proceedings be taken to prevent further division or maladministration of the property and revenue of Christ Church by the Rev. Mr. Cheney.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—A letter from Releigh dated 13th says, nearly four hundred persons have been brought there for trial charged with belonging to the Ku-Klux-Klan, and that not a few will be arraigned for murder.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Sept. 16.—The Pottsville *Union Journal* says, trouble has arisen among the operators by the action of one of them in trying to fix upon an agreement of his own with his men, thus breaking the mutual agreement between the men and operators to submit to arbitration. The private agreement was produced by a demand for more wages by some of the Thomas Coal Company's men. Mr. Thomas attempted to settle it himself, and thus he again throws open all questions which were supposed to have been closed at the end of the late strike. To the credit of the trade it may be said that the operators are opposed to Thomas, and this example might with profit be followed by the members of the Workingmens' Benevolent Association, when one of their number breaks faith.

MILWAUKIE, Sept. 16.—'Goldsmith Maid' trotted a first heat at Minneapolis to day in $2{:}18\frac{1}{4}$, second in 2:17, third 2:21.

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—A preliminary meeting of about 200 of Comptroller Connolly's friends was held this evening in a room at the corner of Duane and Centre Streets to prepare for a demonstration in his favor. Thos. Daly was appointed chairman. The only speakers were Ex Coroner Grover and Peter McCarry, of the Irish people's newspaper, both of whom expressed faith in the integrity of Mr. Connolly; blamed Judge Barnard for making distinction between the defendants, and declared that all defendants ought to have stood shoulder to shoulder. Resolutions were passed to the effect that the singling out of Comptroller Connolly for the sacrifice was the result of a conspiracy of the tricky members of the Board of Apportionment to screen the chief perpetrators and to manifest sympathy for him by a torch light procession to be held at a day to be named by a committee of one from each ward.

There has not been a single Government official graduated at the academy during the past four years that has not been moulded for his soldier career by Prof. Mahon. Of late years his age began to tell upon him, and the War Department said that it was high time a younger man was put in his place. The Board of Visitors last June recommended that he should be retired, and this fact it is believed so worked upon his mind, that he became partially deranged. No other possible cause can be given which would have prompted the unfortunate man to take his life. All efforts to save him proved fruitless. Boats were lowered and the crew did their best to find the body, but it was not recovered.

No further particulars can be learned regarding the death of the venerable Prof. Mahon.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—John Kelly, aged 17, employed in Golden's Flint Works, Trenton, N.J., fell through a hole in the floor into the flint cracker below, and he was run into the wheels and his body passed out into the water, and it was literally ground up.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—Ex-Mayor Havemeyer has written the following letter to Connolly:

New York, Sept. 16.

RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Esq.,

SIR,—I have considered the questions which you have submitted to me and to prevent the possibility of misapprehension I reduce my advice to writing. First, on the assumption of your innocence of the charges against you, I don't consider the resignation of your office, your proper course; your duty is to give every facility to the fullest investigation and to abide the result. Second, In your answer to a request of Mayor Hall, for your resignation you have stated that your official acts which have been impeached were supervised and approved by the superior vigilance of Mayor Hall, and that equal responsibility for them attaches to him, and that in his affidavit in the pending litigation, those acts were adopted and vindicated by him. Even if you are conscious of having done wrong in your trust you owe it to the community to make every reparation within your power to surrender your office into the hands of a confidence which would be a fresh betrayal of your trust, and while it might damage yourself would fail in doing justice to the community. No man selected by Mayor Hall can without some other moral support from the community have the public confidence; he will be compromised by a suspected understanding with the members of the ring, or by the appliance of the favour you pratically make your own successor as the law now stands. He can assume your office only by an arrangement to which you are the party to create a vacancy for him. The man you give your place to ought not to be a tool of those implicated in transactions which create public distrust and alarm. He should be the nominee of the citizens now seeking to protect the people. In that way alone can he have the confidence of the public or improve the credit of the city. Fortunately the law affords a perfect solution of the case by section 3 of chapter 574 of the laws of 1871. You are authorized to appoint a deputy Comptroller, which shall in addition to his other powers possess every power and shall perform every duty belonging to the office of Comptroller, whenever the said Comptroller shall be due written authority, and during a period to be specified in such authority, designate and authorize the said Deputy Comptroller to possess power perform the duty aforesaid. My advice to you is to forthwith appoint Andrew H. Green as such Deputy Collector, to leave him to exercise the full power of your office without connections and without interference, with the complete subsidy of all books and papers belonging to your office, with the appointment of all persons whom he may think necessary to protect the public property and interests, and to enable him to carry out the most searching investigation, and to aid the committee appointed for that purpose. I have carefully considered the selection I recommended. Mr. Green has knowledge and experience in the affairs of the city, has the most reliable character for integrity, has no relations which could mislead him by bad influences, and is strong in the public confidence. If you adopt my advice I shall insist on his accepting the disagreeable duty for the sake of the public interests.

Yours, respectfully,
(Signed,) W. F. HAVEMEYER.

SATURDAY'S MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, 16.—The Russian Squadron *en route* from Cronstadt to New York, to escort the Grand Duke Alexis, has arrived at Plymouth, where the vessels will stay the week to coal. The Grand Duke remains on board the frigate *Sweetland*.

An International Congress, having as its object reform in the management of penetentiaries throughout Europe and America, will be held in London, in June, 1872.

A meeting, having for its object the taking of steps for the prosecution of the police for dispersing the recent assemblage of people in Phoenix Park, is to be held in the suburb of Herald's Cross, on Sunday.

A correspondent of the *Times* telegraphs that he traversed Mont Cenis Tunnel in 38 minutes, and that the air in the tunnel is exellent, and the rails perfectly level, and that the work has been admirably done.

The leaders of the International Society have promised the London weavers that they will prevent the importation of foreign workmen to England.

The London Labor League have denounced the introduction of foreigners into the English workshops as dangerous as a political precedent.

The *Times* deplores the continuance of antagonism between labor and capital.

A correspondent of the *Times* says the British wheat crop is disastrously deficent.

FRANCE.

VERSAILLES, Sept. 16.—The majority of the Assembly is known to be favourable to the project of law for a Customs Treaty with Germany, including Alsace and Lorraine, the result of which will be the evacuation of the Departments of Aisne, Aube, Cote D'Or and Jura by the German troops.

The debates upon the Bill introduced by Count De Remuast, authorising the signing of such a Treaty will take place to-day.

General Changarnier is dangerously ill.

LYONS, Sept. 16. A Proclamation appears to-day announcing the disarmament of the National Guard. All arms in the possession of the Guard are required to be surrendered within two days and fines and imprisonment are to follow the failure to comply with the terms of the Proclamation. The regular troops will replace the National Guard as fast as they are disarmed.

VERSAILLES, Sept. 16.—The Alsace Customs question proves to be a troublesome one. Bernard is President, and Laurent Secretary of the Committee having charge of the details of the Alsace Bill, and it is known that a majority of the Committee is opposed to the Bill.

Thiers paid a visit to the Committee today, however, and it is hoped arranged the whole matter satisfactorily.

Fears are expressed that unless the Customs question is quickly settled, the entire trade of Alsace will go to Switzerland instead of France.

The *Official Journal* of to-day announces that the disarmament of the National Guards is proceeding with the utmost tranquility in the Departments.

VERSAILLES, Sept. 16, p.m.—Thiers announced to the Assembly this afternoon that the report of the Committee on the German Convention would be ready for submission at the evening session of the Assembly.

VERSAILLES, 16.—The court martial today sentenced the agent of the *Internationalist*, M. Pavy, to a term of imprisonment, and certain soldiers to be shot for passing over to the insurgents on the 4th of April.

SWEDEN.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 16—Both Houses of the Swedish Parliament have appointed a committee upon the bill for the reorganization of the army. The Upper House favors, while the Lower Chamber is opposed to the bill.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Sept. 16.—The Empress Eugenie has arrived in this city.

SATURDAY'S MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—Stocks opened dull and weak; closed dull and very heavy.

Gold opened at 14 to $\frac{1}{4}$, advanced to $\frac{1}{2}$, declined to $\frac{1}{8}$ a $\frac{1}{4}$, closing at that price.

Arrived: *Algeria* and *Virginia* from Liverpool, and *Hermann* from Bremen.

The New York Quarantine authorities have become satisfied that yellow fever is not an epidemic in Charleston, and permit steamers from that part to come directly to their wharves after the usual examination.

A call for Congress will shortly be issued.

Clark, an American bond forger, was sentenced to 18 months' imprisonment at hard labor for pretending to be a Mr. Cole, banker, of Lyons and New York. Clark is supposed to have also assumed the name of Roberts, for nefarious purposes, but owing to want of evidence it was impossible to punish him for this crime.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.—There is authority for announcing that the President has selected the Hon. W. Meredith, of Pennsylvania, and the Hon. Caleb Cushing, of Massachusetts, as counsel for the United States before the Tribunal of Arbitration at Geneva, to be organized under the Treaty of Washington, and that these gentlemen have accepted the appointment.

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—Ex-Judge Stuart, the well known criminal lawyer, died of typhoid fever at his residence, 84 West and 84th street.

The *Commercial Advertiser* says Prof. D. H. Mahon, of West Point, the educator of most of the distinguished military officers of the present day, committed suicide this morning. He went on board the *Mary Powell* this morning at West Point, on his way to New York. Nothing peculiar was noticed in his manner. About an hour after going on board he jumped from the steamer forward of the wheel into the river. He was undoubtedly struck by the wheel, and his body did not come to the surface. The boats were lowered and every effort was made to save him, but without success. His act was undoubtedly deliberate, as his coat and over-shoes were found in the vicinity from where he made his fatal jump. Professor Mahon had a world-wide reputation, and no explanation can be given for the extraordinary occurrence. He was a man of about 70 years of age, and apparently hale and hearty.

Governor Hoffman had a private interview with Mayor Hall and Comtroller Connolly to-day.

A meeting of the personal and political friends of Connolly was held at Sixth Ward Hotel this afternoon, purporting to the mass meeting to protest against the action of the three other Tammany chief tains. Connolly was not seen at his office during the day.

IMPROVEMENT IN NAVIGATION.

The Montreal *Gazette* says:—Owing to the rigor of the season and the rise of the water, the works connected with the removal of the obstructions in the rapids of the Riviere des Prairies had to be discontinued last autumn. And though a fine channel had been opened for the passage of the steamers, which made use of it last summer, this channel was not, nevertheless, sufficiently wide, and, besides, contained certain obstructions which rendered its navigation hazardous. We now learn that all these obstacles to a safe passage are about to disappear, the Board of Public Works having issued instructions for their removal and the completion of the work already begun. This has now been entered upon, and in a few weeks tow and other boats will be able to ascend the river to St. Vincent de Paul. We need scarcely remark that these improvements will save many thousand dollars to large lumber manufacturers and steamboat proprietors, thanks to the initiative of Mr. Bellerose, M. P., for Laval, the manufacturers themselves, and the energetic head of the Department.

NAPOLEON WEEPING.—The unfortunate exile who has seen the end of his Imperial Greatness, wept when he found himself so mercifully dealt with by his Antagonist and Captor, King William of Prussia. History seldom chronicles such leniency on the part of a Conqueror. Not so in Medicine, for the Great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills have no respect of any reigning disease in the human body, for this combined medicine roots cut completely all acute and chronic maladies

AUCTION SALE
OF
SHOP FIXTURES.

The Subscriber will sell at the shop recently occupied by Mr. Roberts, Merchant Tailor, Elgin Street, on TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 19th, 1871, the whole of the SHOP FIXTURES, consisting of an excellent Show Case, 1 Howe Sewing Machine, 2 Singer Machines, 1 large Mirror, Cutting Tables, Gas Fixtures, &c.

Sale without reserve.
TERMS—Cash.
Sale at 12, noon.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Sept 16, 1871 1770.td

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, To Wit.

Public Notice is hereby given that the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, and of Assize and Nisi Prius, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the NINTH day of OCTOBER, at the hour of Ten o'clock a.m., of which all Coroners, Magistrates, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned, are required to take notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. F. POWELL
Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Ottawa,
Sept. 15, 1871. 1770-tf.

AUCTION SALE
OF
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, &c.

The undersigned has been instructed by Mr. Rouswell to sell at his dwelling, Slater street, off Elgin, on WEDNESDAY, September 20, 1871, his Household Property, consisting of Sofa, Chairs, Tables, Carpets, Dining Table, Cane Chairs, Chairs, Sideboard, Couch and Carpet, Bedsteads, Bureau with glasses, Washstands, Dressing Table, Wardrobe, Hair Mattrasses, Wool and Straw do, Sheets, Blankets, and Quilts, an excellent Cooking Stove with furniture, Box Stove, Parlor Stove (for coal), Stovepipes, &c., Crockery, China, and Glassware, Water Barrels, Washing Tubs, and Pails.

TERMS—Cash.
Sale to commence at 10:30 a.m.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Sept. 16 1769-td

AUCTION SALE
OF A
SPLENDID STONE HOUSE.

The Subscriber has received instructions from Mr. David Moore to sell at his rooms, Rideau Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th SEPTEMBER, 1871, that desirable property situated on York Street, recently occupied by him. The house is of stone, $2\frac{1}{2}$ storeys high, well built, and neatly finished with good yard and stabling.

Sale at Twelve o'clock, noon.

For further particulars apply to the Auctioneer,

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer & Real Estate Agent.
Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871. 1768 td

AUCTION SALE
OF A
TIMBER LIMIT
SITUATED ON DEEP RIVER.

The Subscriber has received instructions to sell at the Union House, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, 4th October, a Timber Berth, being License No. 267 of 1870-71, of about $5\frac{1}{2}$ square miles on the South side of Deep River.

Terms and conditions made known at time of sale.

Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Sept. 8, 1871. 1761-td

RINK MUSIC HALL,
MONDAY and TUESDAY EVENINGS
Sept. 18 & 19.

Not Massacred as Reported,

But still living, excelling competition. Nineteenth Annual Tour of the famous DUPREZ & BENEDICT'S MAMMOTH GIGANTIC MINSTRELS, coming from their beautiful and elegant Opera House, Philadelphia. Double Troupe and Brass Band, composed of twenty-seven Artists, recently returned from their grand extensive California tour, crowned with success and new laurels, introducing each night all the latest novelties and Gems of Minstrelsy, by our regiment of Ethiopian Big Guns. Most reliable, complete Troupe in existence. See our original sensation programmes.

Doors open at 7; commence at 8 o'clock.
Admission—as usual.

CHAS. H. DUPREZ,
Manager.
Ottawa, Sept. 15, 1871. 1768-4

WANTED

By a young married couple, Board, Bedroom, and Sitting Room, furnished

OR

a Small House or Cottage, furnished or unfurnished. All within easy distance of the Post Office. Possession required 1st October, or soon after

Apply by letter, stating terms, to
D. C. L., Box 256, Ottawa P. O
Ottawa, Sept. 13th, 1871. 1767.

WANTED TO RENT,

A House or Cottage in the neighbourhood of Sandy Hill.

Apply at "THE TIMES" Office.
1765-tf

PRIVATE BOARD WANTED

In Upper Town by a Gentleman and his Wife. Apply by letter addressed
1761- U., Times Office

BOARD WANTED

In a Private Family, by a Gentleman. Six o'clock dinner preferred. Address X. Y. Z. P. O. Box, 285. 1764

STRAYED OR STOLEN

From McKay's Pasture grounds, New Edinburgh, a RED COW, with the ends sawn off of horns. Any person giving information that may lead to her discovery will be suitably rewarded.

And any person found harbouring or endeavouring to conceal her from discovery after this notice will, on conviction thereof, be prosecuted according to law.

All information concerning her will be thankfully received and rewarded by

CHARLES GOULDEN,
1764-tf Goulden's Hotel, Ottawa.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Central Tower," will be received at this Office until WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of September instant, at noon, for the carpenter and joiners' galvanized iron, plumber's and painter's works; also for wrought and cast iron work required for finish to the Central Tower, Parliament Buildings, Ottawa.

Plans and Specifications and Model can be seen at this Office, where all necessary information can be obtained.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th Sept., 1871. 1764-3

LOCAL NEWS.

POLICE COURT.—There were no cases of importance at the Court on Saturday.

CHANGED HANDS.—Mr. Gagnier has, we understand, purchased Mr. Bourget's Billard Saloon for $3,000.

WEATHER.—The weather continued very cold during Saturday and yesterday. A cold misty rain fell yesterday morning.

DUPREZ AND BENEDICT MINSTRELS.—This celebrated Troupe of minstrels give their first entertainment in the Music Hall to-night.

The show of flowers next Thursday at the Fair, in this city, is expected to be something fine. We need say nothing of the vegetables.

FARMERS complain still of the scarcity of laboring men. The want is severely felt now that the country volunteers. have gone to the front.

CITY COUNCIL.—A regular meeting of the City Council takes place to-night. The Water Works' Committee will submit their final reports, together with Mr. Lesage's Report.

The arrival of Howe's Circus in Town on Saturday created a great stir and made the town feel lively. The streets were crowded with people eager to witness the grand pageant.

"ROYAL PRINCE."—Mr. John Thompson, of Nepean, has purchased the fine thoroughbred Durham bull "Royal Prince" from Mr. Cochrane. He will probably be the finest beast at the exhibition.

BURGLARY.—Mr. Crain's grocery store on the corner of Rideau and King streets was entered on Friday night by some person or persons, who after ramsacking the shop left with four dollars, all the money that was in the till.

FREE PERFORMANCE.—A horse got loose on the circus ground on Saturday and made a furious stampede through the crowd of people viewing the waggons, &c. A young lady was knocked down by the animal but not seriously injured.

LUMBERING.—A Pembroke paper says: Our lumber merchants are pushing their business with great energy this season, hardly a night passing but one hundred men go through this place on their way to the scene of operations.

PROMISING.—We understand that the managers of our City Agricultural Society held an "emergent meeting" on Saturday evening, to decide how to accommodate exhibitors at the approaching Show Fair. The entries thus far are in excess of that of any previous exhibition in Ottawa.

A PLUCKY MAYOR.—The village council of Buckingham have obstructed the laudable efforts of their worthy Mayor, Mr. Wilson, in improving that locality. That gentleman has taken the responsibility to do the duty which that body should have some time ago done in the matter of sidewalks, and otherwise.

THE CIRCUS.—Howe's London Circus gave two exhibitions, on Saturday, both of which were very largely attended. The circus, in point of merit is below the average and calling the two cages of animals a menagerie is simply perpetrating a barefaced swindle upon the public. The collection of horses however is a fine one.

A LIVELY WEEK.—The programme of amusements for this week is an excellent one:—Duprez and Benedicts Minstrels at the Music Hall this and to-morrow evening. Races and Exhibition commencing on Wednesday, and lasting three days, and a lecture at St. Patrick's Hall by the Rev. Father O'Farrell on Wednesday night.

A BIG POTATO.—Talk about your 1½ and 2lb potatoes! Manotick, so far, has eclipsed all other places, Mr. Findlay of that place having turned out on Saturday, a specimen of the Early Rose esculent, weighing 40 oz., and as sound as a bell. The Secretary of the Agricultural Society has secured it for the exhibition, where it may be equalled, but not beaten.

ATTENTION!—Those who have entered for the Show Fair should bear in mind that heavy goods should be placed in the building on Monday and Tuesday afternoon. Light goods, such as ladies' work, will be taken in on Wednesday, up till 10 o'clock, or on Tuesday afternoon, such articles being received at the entrance by parties appointed to place them in position. Attention to this notice will save trouble and anxiety.

PUGILISM.—Several pugnacious individuals gratified their vile propensities on Saturday, by smashing one another in Lower Town. The advent of the circus seemed to impress them with the idea that the day was one of rejoicing, that law was suspended for the occasion, and therefore they gave themselves unusual latitude in their conduct. An indefinite amount of bad whiskey was drank and the spirit was moved accordingly.

We beg to remind our readers of the sale of business building lots by Mr. Bermingham, on Wellington street, opposite the Scotch Church, on Wednesday next, at twelve o'clock, on the ground. The lots are well situated for business purposes, and Wellington street must be in a very short time the best business street in the city. There is not much more property on this street to be disposed of and all desirous of investing in such valuable lots should not fail to attend.

THE RACES.—The second annual meeting of the Ottawa Turf Club commences on Wednesday next. We have no doubt the races this time will be a gratifying success. Mr. Barber, the energetic Secretary, as well as the other officers, has made every preparation in his power to render the meeting an attractive one, and judging from the number of horses already in town he has not laboured in vain. The course has been somewhat improved, and a ladies' stand erected, for which the ladies are profoundly thankful.

CIRCUS SWINDLERS.—The usual complement of demoniac looking, itinerant swindlers, arrived here on Saturday, simultaneously with the circus, and lost no time in opening office and plying their lucrative profession. One cadaverous looking fellow assisted by a feminine, *au fait* in slinging out slang in the most approved Yankee style, established himself at the east end of Sappers' Bridge, and sold about 6,000 empty envelopes to the gullibility of the city, at 25 cts. each. In this case it was not that the vendors of the envelopes were very "sharp," but that the purchasers were most lamentably green and obtuse.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—J B Foster, Halifax; J Hadisty, Montreal; J H Smith, do; D Starke, City; C McArthur, Glasgow, Scotland; J R Supple, Pembroke; Mr and Mrs. W Mohr, Fitzroy; Albert Hickmood and wife, Portland; Geo Doolittle and wife, Greenfield, Mass; P D D. Dodds, Montreal; Chas Cooper, New York; Rev H E Plees, Kingston; W Scully, Toronto; Thos Bell and wife, Detroit; Joseph Burt, Toronto; A A Stanton, do; John Blackie, Montreal; W H Smith, Waterloo; Horace S Lee, Boston, Mass; Henry Rhodes, Victoria; Geo Stymest, St. John, N B; Seren S Heller, Copenhagen; Geo Dormer, Lindsay; O G McCall, New York; J Tillinghast, Buffalo; S Drulland, do; Marcellas Massay, New York; C Yabriski, jr, do; F H Comp, Waterloo; J W Moak do; C C Case, do.

SAYINGS AND DOINGS.

In France a woman has no remedy when a man promises to marry her, and doesn't. At first sight this may seem a little cruel; but, practically it has the effect of doing away with what are called engagements, and being no engagement, there is no breach. A man and woman meaning to be married marry at once, and there's an end to diplomacy.

Franklin said: A newspaper and Bible in every house, and a good school in every district, are the principal supporters of virtue, morality, and civil liberty."

A Paris paper says that a rich American has offered to rebuild the Tuileries solely at his own expense, on condition that one of the wings of the new building should receive his name, and that as long as he lives he shall be allowed an apartment in it looking out on the gardens, and an invitation to all the ceremonies which shall ever be given in the palace by any Government which may be in power there.

An immense trade has sprung up in Paris in little specimens (*croutons*) of the "black bread" of the siege, and in bullets that have killed Communists. Several bakeries are kept in constant employment in maintaining the bread supply, while the importation of lead into the city has largely increased since the world went back again to amuse itself on the boulevards. A vagabond who was questioned by the authorities as to his means of support, lately, replied that he was a manufacturer of "souvenirs." He passed his time firing bullets against a brick wall, and selling them after at a franc apiece.

In the summer of 1832 a merry party from New Bedford, including two gentlemen who are now distinguished residents of New York, met at Potomska, nine miles below the former place. While dipping water from the old Indian spring, one of them dropped a valuable diamond from his shirt ruffle in running water about three feet deep, but made no effort for its recovery, deeming it irretrievably lost. In the succeeding summer, July 4th, 1833, a party of nearly the same persons met at the same place, and, as a matter of joke, stirred up the sands of the spring, when, lo! the missing jewel appeared, to the delight of the astonished owner.

The following *mot* is making the rounds of the European papers: When, at the peace preliminaries, the sum of milliards—which now seems to sit so lightly on France—was mentioned, Jules Favre, not exactly bursting into tears, as before, yet appeared utterly speechless with horror. When he had recovered from his paroxysm, all he could say was that "even if one were to count from the time of Christ till now, one could not manage to count such an enormous sum." Upon which Bismark replied with a smile, "Don't let that distress you. I have thought of that, and therefore brought this gentleman"—pointing to Bleichroder, the Jewish banker—"with me. He counts from the creation of the world."

The locomotive establisment of Messrs. Krauss & Co., of Munich, is now one of the most celebrated of its kind in Europe, and some of the details of construction distinguishing the engines there produced particularly in respect to the connecting rods, injectors, and lubricators, are original and ingenious. Mr. Krauss has given it as his opinion, after many years' experience with Swiss and German railways, that the greatest strength with the least material can be gained by so incorporating the water tank with the main frame of the engine that it will form a deep box girder of the structure, while the rigidity is secured by frequent staying. On this principle the tank-plates are sufficiently strong if made only one-fourth of an inch in thickness, but with a depth of three feet. The boiler is formed of steel, as well as the reciprocating parts of the machinery.

The rectory house belonging to the richest living (Doddington) in the fen country of Cambridgeshire, was lately destroyed by fire. The value of Doddington, which belongs to the ancient family of Peyton, was formerly $45,000 a year, but it has recently been divided into two or three benefices. It became so valuable through the reclamation of the fen country, which, consequently, became subject to title. I have heard that on one occasion, when the living became unexpectedly vacant, a member of the family, then a cavalry officer in a "crack" regiment on foreign service, returned as quickly as possible to England, got ordained, and was duly installed a few months after as rector. Seventy years ago, in "Adam Bede" days, this would have been thought right enough, but in this year of grace we have much more rigid notions of clerical conduct.

The Parisian cafes, it is stated, are displaying placards calling upon members of the "Legion of Honor" for subscriptions to rebuild the Palace of the Legion, which was burned down by order of the Commune. The number of Frenchmen belonging to the Legion is said to be immense, and taking into consideration the knights created during the late war and after the second siege of Paris, it is stated that over one hundred and twenty thousand names are now enrolled on the lists. More than half of these are military knights, and as this class receives a pension, which varies, according to grade, from fifty dollars to four hundred dollars per annum, it is estimated that a sum of four millions of dollars a year is withdrawn from the French Treasury by this expensive decoration.

ORIGIN OF ONE OF SCOTT'S NOVELS.

From the *Gentleman's Magazine* we clip the following in reference to the origin of one of Sir Water Scott's novels:

"Lounging on his pony, with Lockart and Laidlaw, one fine, calm afternoon, along the brow of Eildonnill, and looking down into Melrose, Scott spoke of the "row" that was going on in Paris about his new novel, and added, "I can't but think that I could make better pay still with something German." Laidlaw grumbled at this: "Na, na, Sir! take my word for it, you are always best, like Helen MacGregor, when your foot is on your native soil; and I have often thought that if you were to write a novel and lay the scene here in the very year you were writing it you would exceed yourself." "Hame's hame," answered Scott, with a smile, "be it ever sae hamely. There's something in what you say Willie. What, suppose I were to take Captain Clutterbuck for a hero, and never let the story step a yard beyond the village below us, yonder? "The very thing I want," said Laidlaw; "stick to Melrose in July, 1823." "Well, upon my word!" Scott answered, "the field would be quite wide enough—and what for no?" He mused over Laidlaw's suggestion a few moments, his air became graver and graver, and at length he added, half in soliloquy, "Ay, ay, if one could look into the heart of that little cluster of cottages, no fear but you would find materials enow for tragedy as well as comedy. I undertake to say there is some real romance at this moment going on down there, that, if it could have justice done to it, would be well worth all the fiction that was ever spun out of human brains. This was the origin of "St. Ronan's Well."

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

SALE OF VALUABLE BUSINESS

CITY LOTS,

BY AUCTION

ON THE 20th INSTANT.

The undersigned has received instructions from P. LeSueur, Esq., to sell by Public Auction, on Wednesday, the 20th inst., at Twelve (12) o'clock noon, on the grounds, the following very valuable Business Building Lots situate on the north side of Wellington, and eastern side of Kent streets, Upper Town, and immediately opposite St Andrew's (Scotch) Church. The frontage on Wellington street is one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet, of which one hundred and ten (110) feet will be put up in lots of 22x102 feet each, inclusive of ten (10) feet for rear communication from Kent street. Also, the corner lot of 55 feet on Wellington by 33 feet on Kent streets. The new bridge to be built immediately will make Wellington one of the best, if not the best, business streets of the city, and it is not too much to say that these lots are, from their central position, &c, the most eligible business building lots now left for disposal in Upper Town.

Terms, twenty per cent cash, with Auctioneer's commission, the balance in yearly instalments on a ten year's mortgage at seven per cent.

J. BERMINGHAM
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Sept. 11th, 1871. 1766-td

STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA."

QUEBEC EXHIBITION.

Tickets will be issued by Steamer "QUEEN VICTORIA" to Quebec and return at

SINGLE FARE.

R. W. SHEPHERD,
Manager.
Ottawa, Sept. 13, 1871. 1767 td.

NOTICE.

An excellent CELLAR to let. Large, and entrance on level with the street. Apply to
A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Sept. 13, 1871. 1767-tf

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS,

ON BLACK RIVER,

For Sale by Auction, at the Union House, *ON WEDNESDAY, 4th OCTOBER* next, at one o'clock, p. m., being License No. 265, of 1870-71.....50 miles. And No. 367, of 1870-71.....50 miles.

Total one hundred square miles of richly timbered limits.

By order of
ALEXANDER FRASER, Esq.
Ottawa, 1st Sept. 1871. 1759-td

ENGLISH WEEKLY NEWS PAPERS AND MONTHLY MAGAZINES.

LLOYD'S WEEKLY LONDON NEWS, Weekly Times, Reynolds', Weekly Dispatch,—the latest editions,—5 cents. Subscription (post free to any part of the Dominion)—yearly, $2.50; six months, 1.25.

Illustrated London News, Graphic, Bell's Life, News of the World, Punch, Fun, Judy, &c., &c.

THE TORONTO GLOBE delivered at 10 cents per week.

C. E. HUCKETT & CO.
69, Sparks Street.
August 29. 1755 1m

CAPE WOOL.

The Cargo of the "PEONY," direct from

PORT ELIZABETH,

will be ready for Inspection on the 18th instant.

GILLESPIE MOFFATT & CO.
Montreal, Sept. 7th, 1871. 1762-1w

TWO VALUABLE FARMS

FOR SALE!

The following Valuable Farm situated on the banks of the Rideau about one mile and a half from Ottawa, the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq., and known as the South West half of Lot 14 on the Rideau River in the Gore of Gloucester. It is all cleared and in the highest state of cultivation; well watered; first-class brick building with seven rooms, and substantial barns, sheds, &c., thereon; also, an excellent orchard and garden. Beautifully situated and commanding a fine view of the City, Parliament Buildings, and surrounding country; contains about 100 acres.

ALSO

Lot No 16, in the Seventh Concession of Gloucester, Ottawa Front (the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq.), 8 miles from Ottawa and 2 miles from Taylorsville. Contains 200 acres, principally covered with timber.

For particulars and terms apply to DANIEL McLAURIN, Esq., of Osgoode, JAMES SEVERIGHT, Esq., of Gloucester, Trustees. or to

HAMNETT P. HILL.
Solicitor, &c.,
344f Post Office Block, Ottawa.

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON,
1768-6m

FRED. T. PALMER,

Commission and Lumbermen's Agent, Rideau Street, (entrance O'Meara's Gateway.)

Particular attention will be given to hiring men, teams, &c., and all transactions with the Crown Land and Timber Office.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:

R Nagle, Esq, | Wm Mackey, Esq
Allan Grant, Esq, | E McGillivray, Esq
Ottawa, Sept 1, 1871. 1746t

NOTICE.

Wanted Immediately, for School Section No. 3 and 10, of North and South Plantagenet, A MALE TEACHER, holding a second class certificate. Application may be made to the undersigned Trustees, stating amount of salary per annum.

CHARLES FARRELL,
MAURICE SHANE,
THOMAS BROWNRIGG.
Pendleton 11th, September, 1871. 38 4

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for supplying during the

Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY

FOR SUNDAY USE.

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season..		$5.00
20lbs " "	"	9 00
10lbs	month	1 50
20lbs "	"	2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

Terms strictly Cash in advance

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorens, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N. B.—Ice supplied per ton or cwt.
Ottawa April 1871

BUSINESS CHANGE.

We, the undersigned, in relinquishing the Retail branch of our business, beg to return thanks to the public of Ottawa and vicinity for the very liberal support accorded to us during the past eight years, and to announce that we have

DISPOSED OF OUR STOCK,

And leased the premises,

29 Sparks Street,

TO

MESSRS.

ALEXANDER RUSSELL,

(Late of Blyth & Russell, Ottawa,)

AND

ROBERT WATSON,

(Of Watson & Hayes, Almonte,)

Who will continue the business under the name and style of

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Both of these gentlemen were formerly in our employ, and being possessed of ample means and long experience we have great pleasure in recommending them to the confidence and patronage of all our friends and customers.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, August, 1871.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE

RUSSELL & WATSON

Have pleasure in announcing that they have purchased the

Entire Stock in Trade,

AND

GOOD WILL

OF THE

RETAIL BUSINESS

Lately conducted by Messrs.

Magee & Russell,

And leased their premises, 29 Sparks Street, for a term of years.

And hope by keeping only the best qualities of goods, and adopting a uniform and

Moderate Scale of Profits,

By anticipating the wants of the public and a strict attention to business to merit and retain the patronage so liberally bestowed upon their predecessors.

And we beg to assure the old patrons of the establishment that no efforts will be spared in maintaining the leading position to which it had attained.

ALEX. RUSSELL, ROBT. WATSON.
Ottawa, August 1871.

Peaches!

Peaches!

Peaches!

Pears!

Pears!

Pears!

Apples!

Apples!

Apples!

And all other Kinds of Fruit

at the Fruit Depots of

G. LORENZ,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

—AND—

NO. 56 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

GREAT

DRY GOODS SALE.

Allan, McKinnon's & McMoran,

Have determined to clear out the FALL and WINTER GOODS purchased at a heavy discount from Messrs GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO, and with that view will bring forward the whole stock, including several large lots of

NEW GOODS

purchased far below Market value, and offer the whole at prices that must induce good judges of goods to buy largely.

The sale will commence on

Monday, 4th Sept'r.,

And continue one month.

As many of the cheapest lines will be sold quickly, intending purchasers will do well to call early and secure a choice.

1,000 YDS. JAPANESE SILKS,

At 50 cents per yard.

ONE CASE OF VELVET RIBBONS, damaged by fresh water, will be offered at less hatn half price.

2 Bales of GREY COTTONS, in short pieces, at from one to two cents below usual prices.

To be reduced one third in prices—a large quantity of

MILLINERY, MANTLES and MANTLE CLOTHS,

A line of Velveteen Jackets, reduced to $1.50 each. Waterproof Mantles at from $2.50 to 5.

DRESS GOODS, in a variety of fabrics, reduced below cost.

PRINTS—A line formerly sold at 12½ cents will be cleared out at 9 cents per yard.

A large lot of Gloves and Hosiery will be marked down far below cost.

A lot of best Brussels Carpets will be sold at $1.25 per yard.

ALLAN, McKINNON'S & McMORRAN,
Successors to Garland, Mutchmor & Co
No. 20, Sparks Street.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, that you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

GIN—

J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Pure Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order

One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.
Ottawa, May 2, 1871

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES.....$ 80
THRESHING and SAWIING COMBINED..... 130
FANNING MILLS..... 23

WM. ABBOTT.
Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 6wky

IF YOU WANT

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

SEND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor

SUCCEEDING TO THE BUSINESS OF MAGEE & RUSSEL.

The Undersigned, in succeeding to the business of the above named Firm, would say that the balance of the Stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Carried over by them, will now be offered by us, at prices that cannot attract the attention of

CLOSEST BUYERS.

In order that we may have time to get the stuff forward and reduced,

THE SALE

Will not begin before

Monday, the 4th September.

Having therefore decided that all Goods of this Season MUST BE SOLD, we have reduced to them to such prices as must soon effect it.

We therefore invite inspection of our Stock by intending purchasers.

We would call special attention to our

SILK DEPARTMENT,

in this line we are offering decided BARGAINS in Colored, Fancy and Black Silks.

in the

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

We will offer a large lot of FRENCH MERINOS, FRENCH TWILLS, REPPS, SERGES and WINCIES.

The Goods in this Department were considered fair value at old prices, but having decided to CLEAR OUT, all of last Season's Stock have been marked down. Those requiring anything in this line will do well to give a look through the Departments.

ALL STAPLE GOODS, WHILE THE SALE CONTINUES, WILL BE OFFERED AT A SMALL ADVANCE.

A large quantity of Grey and White Cottons now forward, and considered extra GOOD VALUE.

We will not quote prices, being satisfied, as we are, that purchasers must see value before paying any attention to figures.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

SUCCESSORS TO—

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

ESTABLISHMENT FOR YOUNG LADIES,
Wilbrod Street (between Nelson and Gloucester Streets), Sandy Hill, Ottawa.

Mrs. ROBERT STEWART returns thanks for the kind patronage she has received during her residence in Ottawa, and hopes by unwearied attention to her scholastic duties, and by their efficient discharge, to merit and receive a continuance of favor and support.

The School will be RE OPENED on FRIDAY, the 1st of September. All the Classes are open to any who may wish to join one or more of them for the study of any special subject.

Terms very moderate. References to parents of pupils.

August 18th, 1871. 1746 tf

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.
1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASIN

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.

Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's.

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.
1737tf

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested to settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

WANTED,

Young Ladies to learn Systematic Dress Cutting by the "PRINCESS LOUISE CHART." Terms $3. Apply to Miss FARNHAM, Russell House, Ottawa. 1746 a

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

YORK STREET, Lower Town, next door to Mathew's Hotel,

And at No. 209 WELLINGTON STREET

Upper Town, opposite the Montreal Bank.

Mr. GENDREAU has always on hand the best French and English perfumeries.

You are respectfully requested to visit these establishments.

Ottawa, 21st August, 1871. 1747tf

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY,

WELLINGTON STREET,

CONDUCTED BY THE GREY NUNS.

The course of studies at this Institution will be resumed on Monday 4th Sept.

OTTAWA CONVENT,
Grey Nuns, Aug. 17, 1871. 1745-b

CHURCH OF ENGLAND

LADIES' SCHOOL,

WINDSOR STREET, OTTAWA

(Established, 1869—Incorporated, 1871.)

Principal ..... Miss Machin.

The School will re-open SEPT. 1st.

New Prospectuses can be obtained of Durie and Hope & Co.

Further particulars on application to the Lady Principal, or

REV R POLLARD,
1743c Secretary, Ottawa.

THE Rev. C. F. STREET informs his friends and the public that he will open his Classical and Commercial SCHOOL on MONDAY, 28th AUGUST, in the school Room lately occupied by the Rev. Mr May.

For particulars, apply to Mrs. Kendall, Taylor's Block, corner of Nelson and Daly streets. 1741tf

MR. E. H. HARINGTON, B.A., Oxford University,

Begs to inform his Friends and the Public that he will OPEN his PRIVATE SCHOOL on MONDAY, the 4th September. School room, corner of Bank and Albert Streets. For further particulars, apply to Mr. E. H HARINGTON, Russell House.

N.B.—Private pupils can be taken in the evenings.

August 24, 1871. 1751 6

ACADEMY OF THE GREY NUNS,

AYLMER.

The Classes of this Academy will OPEN on the 1st SEPTEMBER next. The building is new and spacious, and is situate near the banks of the Ottawa river.

Aylmer, 16th August, 1871. 1744tf

SELECT

BOARDING AND DAY ACADEMY FOR BOYS.

(CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL)

Principal — REV. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

Careful instruction will be given in Latin and Greek Studies, in French and German Languages, in Mathematics, in certain branches of Science and Art, and in all the common branches of an English education.

The Academy on the south side of Daly and Ottawa streets will be OPENED on the 7th SEPTEMBER next.

For further particulars, please address the Rev. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

August 25. 1752 1

A MARRIED WOMAN (English) wishes to obtain a small Family's WASHING. A.D.C. care of John Bobier, Ottawa.

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m, and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Picton with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE, Manager.
HERRICK & CROMBIE, Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.
May 20, 1871 2670tf

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the 1st day of SEPTEMBER—

The Steamer JESSIE CASSELS will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 7.30 a.m., connecting with Steamers of the Line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The Steamer PONTIAC leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted), at 1 p.m., for Des Joachim; returning—leaving at 6 a.m., connecting with Steamer JASON GOULD, which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 p.m., passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The Steamer PRINCE ARTHUR leaves Portage du Fort at 7 a.m., connecting with Steamer JESSIE CASSELS for Aylmer.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip, at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 9 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, August 28th, 1871.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"
CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.
April 25, 1871.

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B —Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1736tf

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN, IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI.

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

The Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy will, at a Session to be held in the Hall of the said Township on SATURDAY, the 30th day of SEPTEMBER next, pass a By-law to establish the road as now laid out, between Lots Nos. 5 and 6, in the Third Concession of the said Township.

W. P. TAYLOR, Township Clerk.
Fitzroy, 28th August, 1871. 364

SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY,

—AND—

AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD, Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE MOWER

—AND—

SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodgea Grain.*

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD, Smith's Falls, Ontario.
June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa P.O., August 31, 1871.

Adcock J C	Martin Wm
Anderson Elizabeth	Maddin Thos
Anderson Samuel	Malsbury Wm
Armstrong Wm	Minea Benj
Arnold Wm	Meade M J
Arthur Geo A	Mercer John
Armstrong Mrs A C	Mitchell W H
Aspdin Thos W	Milne G B
Barnes Sydney	Motherwell Thos
Barber G	Moore & Coburn
Beveridge Thos	Moore F H
Benfield Wm	Muir Wm
Bell H H	Murphy Mathew
Blais Miss Lydia	Neill John
Blakely Mrs	Nelson Mrs Alex
Boyd Dr R H	Nesbitt John
Brayer Wm	Nicholson John
Brennan Wm	Nichols John
Brewer Mrs Emily	Nolan Miss B
Bullock L	O'Brien Wm
Bowns Wm	O'Donnell D
Buchanan Mrs John	O'Donnell, G
Burns Mrs S	O'Connor W P P
Burns Miss	O'Connor Jno A
Byrns Hy	O'Connor Mrs
Campbell Mrs John	O'Dwyer John
Cain Miss Sarah J	Oliver A
Campbell Mrs Mary	O'Meill J
Callaghan Alex	Ormand Jno T
Cautwell John	Patterson Miss Anna
Cahal Miss Mary	Pearsons Albert
Church Jos	Perry Mrs M C
Clarke Miss Emma	Pearson F M
Conway Miss B	Perwitt J H
Corrigan Ed	Pickens John
Connor John	Powers Jesse
Cross W L	Pringle Miss Sarah
Crozier Jos	Pritchard Wm
Cunningham Thos	Quinlan Mrs P
Daly Carol	Rathwell Miss A
Davis J	Rice Alex
Davidson C P	Roberts Miss Kate
Davis Jas	Robertson Geo
Daly J J	Rose Rodger
Davis Mrs R	Roberts Mrs
Dempsey Miss E	Robertson David
Dendmore Miss Mary	Ryan Miss Julia
Dicare Miss M	Russell Mrs
Dickson Dr Geo	Russell A D
Doyle Mrs Peter	Saunders Miss Julia
Duncan Jas	Scoble Mary
Fenton Miss J	Servo Walter
Fisher John	Sheaver Jno
Forson Jas	Shehan Thomas
Forbes John	Smith John
Foster Jas	Smith Mrs W
Furlong Jas	Smith H D
Gan John	Smith Heber
Gibbons E	Smith Wm
Gillis J S	Sparks Miss Jane
Glenn Alex	Somerville Hugh
Gormly P	Sparks Noel
Gilchrist John	Sternbug J W
Grimes Thos	Sullivan John
Harris Lizza Ann	Tobin Jas
Hamilton Mrs S	Turner RW
Hewlett Thos	Watson & Hill
Hicks Jas	Ward Jas
Holland W H	Wable A
Hogan Miss B	Wallace M
Hogan Wm	Wagner H
Hunt Wm	Wilsman G & T
Hutchinson G W	Webb Jas T
Hutchison John	Weir John
Huchley Mrs	Wells J P
Hubert J	Webster Miss E H
Janet Rev Mr	Welch Mrs Geo
Jamieson D J	Whalen Miss Eliza
Johnston Miss Ellen	Wilson R
Jones Mrs J E	Wood H O
Kennedy Jno	Wright J
Kealy Mrs Julia A	McBrayen A
Kennedy M	McBryde Jas
King Geo	McClanlish T
Kingsmill M	McDonald And
King Jas	McClory John
Knapp H A	McDonald Miss F
Lamprey B H	McDonald D
Lane Miss Caroline	McDonald Mrs Geo
Leitch Miss A	McGuire Mrs Jno
Leroy W H C	McIntire Miss N
Lewis Mr	McInnis Miss C
Little Irvine	McGuire Philip
Lothion Miss Ellen	McKenzie A
Moher Wm	McKay Jas H
Martin C R	McMillan Miss Jane
May Jno	McMillan J H
Martin Edwin	McPhee A
Marshall David	McMahon Geo

G P BAKER, Postmaster.

WANTED,

A good Carriage and Sleigh Maker, and Blacksmith, at Kinburn, Township of Fitzroy. A good business chance for both, with shop accommodations. Steady and good workmen only need apply.

ALLAN FRASER.
Kinburn 2nd August 1871. 1733tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantil, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awky

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

The undersigned being about to visit England, offers the following properties for sale:

A large Brick Dwelling situate on Besserer and Chapel Streets, with Coach House, Stables, &c.

12 Cottages on Augusta street, producing a clear rental of $700 per annum.

ALSO,

100 Acres of Land at L'Orignal, being south half of Lot No. 15, fourth Concession of Caledonia.

Terms to suit the purchaser.

1810d JAS G ROBINSON.

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gassfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

READING, ELOCUTION, WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to

MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.
Ottawa, May 18. 1871 1669tf

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.,
Omaha, Neb.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M	A. M.	P. M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
... ...	11 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	....	4.20
......	11 45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	....	4.20
....	....	9 00	Western—Kingston; Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8.00	....	7.30
....	....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage.	8.00	....	7.30
10.15	11 45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00	....	4.20
10.15	11.45	....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	....	4.20
10.15	....	....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	....	....	4.20
10.15	....	....	Osgoode, Russell, &c.	....	....	4.20
9 20		4.30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	....	1.30
9 20	....	....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	....	....	1.30
10.30 / 5.30	....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage / Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c	8.00	11.00	7.00
6.15	....	....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	....	....	700
7.30	....	....	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	....	....
6.00	....	....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	....	....	6.00
11.50	....	....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	....	....

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.

A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.00 m. in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

Post Office,
Ottawa, Sept. 1 1871.
G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S
NEWLY-DISCOVERED
VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until Noon of WEDNESDAY, the Sixth day of September next, for the widening of Sappers' Bridge and the construction of a new Bridge over the Rideau Canal to connect Wellington and Rideau Streets, according to the Engineer's plans and specifications, which may be seen at this office after the twentieth instant.

The bridges are to be constructed of iron and stone in a permanent manner, and may be let in one or more contracts as the City Council may decide after receiving the Tenders. The work is to be proceeded with at once, and good security will be required for the due performance of the contracts.

No tenders will be entertained unless made in the prescribed form. They are to be addressed to the undersigned, endorsed, "Tender for Bridges," and contain the names and addresses of two persons who are willing to become security for the contractor.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa 19th July, 1871.
1721td

THE "RURAL" SALOON,
ELGIN STREET.

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel.

Strict attention to business.
Good Wines and Liquors warranted.
Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.
Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS-ST,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

FOR SALE.

BRAE SIDE STEAM SAW MILL,

Situated near Arnprior, Province of Ontario, and extensive Timber Limits on the River Coulonge, Province of Quebec.

The Mill has just been completed, and is most substantially built and fitted with the most improved Machinery, and can manufacture 140,000 feet of lumber per day. It has an extensive piling ground attached to it. Being placed where the Brockville Railway runs beside the Ottawa River, the lumber manufactured by it may be sent direct to the United States market. The limits comprise about 280 square miles of valuable Pine Timber country, with two extensive and productive Farms, and having commodious Dwelling Houses, Storehouses and Stables erected on them. They are also supplied with a large stock of provisions, horse feed and shanty plant for next season's operations

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be had by applying to J. B. Lewis, Esq, Barrister, Ottawa, or from Mr. George Purvis, at the offices of the Mill.

Ottawa, July 28, 1871. 1729 d&w4 1awk

SEEDS! SEEDS

The Subscribers have received a full Stock o

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

☞ FLOWER SEEDS. ☜

A. CHRISTIE & CO.
(Late Alex. Christie.)
Druggists,
40, Sparks-s
Ottawa, April 28, 1871

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain.
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS &Co.

Medical.

MESS^RS GABRIELS
CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE
TEETH & GUMS
AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE
ARE SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL
PARTS OF THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY
MESS^RS GABRIEL.
DENTISTS
LUDGATE HILL. LONDON E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S — ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.
May 11 1871

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Drggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.
November 24, 1870 1532tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

For Sale or to Let.

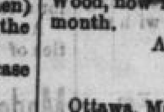
TO LET,

That COTTAGE, the property of N. Tetrau, Esq., Notary, in the Lower Village of Hull, with a handsome flower garden, stable, wood shed, ice house, &c., with or without the necessary firewood for next winter on the place. Mr. Tetrau having arranged for his residence in the dwelling adjoining his office, consented to the leasing of the property. For further information apply to N. TETREAU, N. P., Hull, P. Q. 1746 8

NOTICE.

TO LET, a Large OFFICE and THREE BEDROOMS well situated in the Aumond Block, west, end Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, July 11th, 1871. 1813 tf



HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.
Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, *Agent*,
T[illegible]

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney-at-Law and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law, Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House. Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. 1ly F C CLEMOW

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT,
NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MARCIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetrau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.
Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort:
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily.

Miscellaneous.

G. C. RAINBOTH,
Provincial Land Surveyor and Draughtsman, commissioned for the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.
Office. Aylmer, P. Q. 1782 tf

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 746

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1860.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized State, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-shote Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

T G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

1871. ICE! ICE! **1871.**

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

- 10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street.
Ottawa, May 1649d

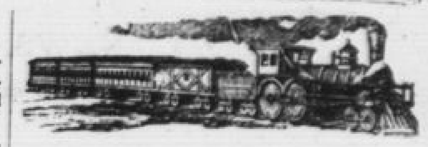
F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed.

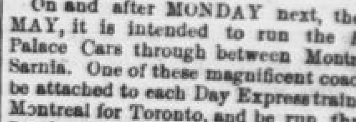
Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at	6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at	9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at	9.00 p.m
Mixed Train or Brockville, at	11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at	5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at	7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at	8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at	2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston	10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz.:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal:

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON
Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.
May 31, 1871. 1680tf

DOMINION HOUSE
CORNER OF
SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,
OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel
Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 6m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.
P. O. Box 725.
Montreal, March 11, 1871 161 3y

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copyrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,
November 26, 1870 1524tf

MORRISON'S

STEAM BISCUIT BAKERY

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your Orders are solicited, and will be PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO by

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,

Nos. 36 and 38 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

TANNERY,

PARK STREET, OTTAWA.

EDMOND GERMAIN, Proprietor.

All kinds of LEATHER for Sale, Whole sale, at reasonable prices.

ALSO,

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE,

Of his own manufacture, at REDUCED PRICES.

19th August, 1871. 1746tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre), Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO 1771. OTTAWA TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof whi h will be guarenteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Destillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 3m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
1 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily)
1 Case Laces.
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills

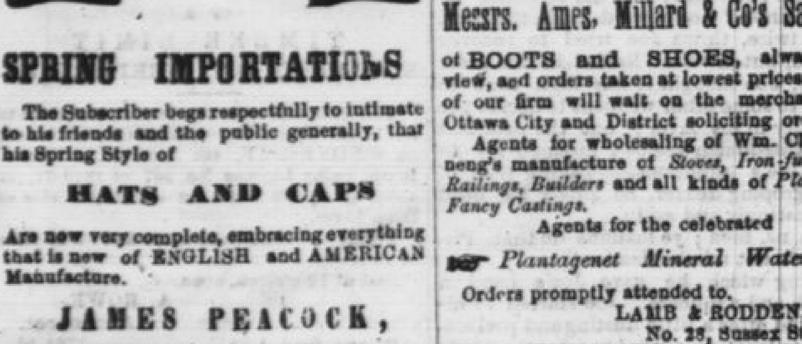
CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 10, 1871



SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HARNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
1746b Post O Block.

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

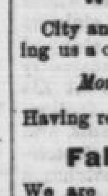
Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.



100 CASES

HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT

"THE RED BOOT,"

OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overs,

MOCCASINS,

Laces & Boot Dressing

Which will be sold at the very lowest price possible,

Wholesale and Retail.

City and country dealers will find (on giving us a call) that they can be supplied at

Montreal Prices—Freight Added.

Having received a good part of our

Fall and Winter Goods

We are prepared to EXECUTE PROMPTLY all orders.

All summer goods selling at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Orders for Hand Made Custom Work attended to promptly.

A full sett of

Messrs. Ames, Millard & Co's Samples

of BOOTS and SHOES, always on view, and orders taken at lowest prices. One of our firm will wait on the merchants of Ottawa City and District soliciting orders.

Agents for wholesaling of Wm. Clendinneng's manufacture of *Stoves, Iron furniture, Railings, Builders* and all kinds of *Plain and Fancy Castings.*

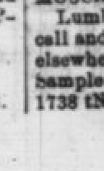
Agents for the celebrated

Plantagenet Mineral Water.

Orders promptly attended to.

LAMB & RODDEN,
No. 28, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, July 20, 1871.

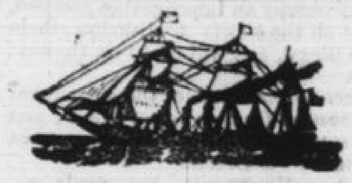


BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE, at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 88 Sussex Street, Ottawa,
1738 tNY SIMEON LEBEAU, Agent.



LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871. 1871.

The following first-class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES....J. James "
NIGER......W. Nisbett "
SEVERN.....G.Butchart "

Are intended to Sail, as under, during the Season of 1871, between

LONDON, QUEBEC and MONTREAL.

FROM LONDON.

MEDWAY....Thursday, 10th August.
THAMES..... " 24th "
NIGER....... " 7th Sept.
SEVERN.... " 21st "
MEDWAY.... " 5th Oct.
THAMES..... " 19th "

AND FROM QUEBEC.

NIGER......Thursday, 10th August.
SEVERN.... " 24th "
MEDWAY.... " 7th Sept.
THAMES..... " 21st "
NIGER....... " 5th Oct.
SEVERN.... " 19th "
MEDWAY.... " 2nd Nov.
THAMES.... " 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $3 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to
DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.
or
T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co.'s Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, June 13th. 1750y

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

All descriptions of property insured at moderate rates.

Tables of rates for Life Assurance and all information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

T. M. CLARKE, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. SUMMER SERVICE. 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

NESTORIAN ....26th August
SCANDINAVIAN ....2nd September
HIBERNIAN ....9th "
MORAVIAN ....15th "
SARMATIAN ....23rd "
PRUSSIAN ....30th "

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin ....$70 to $80
Steerage $25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN, on or about...31st Aug.
OTTAWA " ....7th Sept.
ST. DAVID " ....14th "
ST. ANDREW " ....21st "
ST. PATRICK " ....28th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin..........$67 25
Intermediate..........$47 or 44 00
Steerage..........28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-
Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and
Canadian Tweeds,
Lineus,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under irts
&c., &c.

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Third Annual Exhibition under the auspices of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society will take place on

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.

SEPTEMBER 20TH, 21ST AND 22ND, 1871.

On the Society's Grounds adjoining the city limits.

COMPETITION OPEN TO THE WORLD!

Nearly $3,000 is offered in Premiums

For Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, Agricultural and Horticultural Productions, Manufactures, Domestic Products, &c.

All parties may compete for prizes on payment of Two Dollars; Ladies on payment of One Dollar.

ENTRIES.

All entries must be made on printed forms, which may be had from the Secretary. These forms are to be filled up and signed by the exhibitor, enclosing Two Dollars, which amount will entitle the Exhibitor to compete in all the departments.

The entries in each department must be made as follows:—

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before the 10th of SEPTEMBER.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery, and Manufactures generally SEPTEMBER 15th

Horticultural Products, Flowers, Ladies' Work, &c., SEPTEMBER 18th.

The Society will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railroad Proprietors for carrying articles and passengers at reduced rates.

Arrangements will be made with the Customs Department for the free entry of articles for competition.

J B LEWIS,
President.
A S WOODBURN,
Sec. Treas.

Ottawa August 22. 1749t

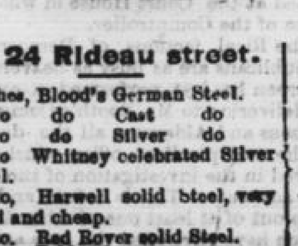
HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES,

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,



No. 24 Rideau street.

All ground ready for use.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid Steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.

Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.

Hay Rakes, straight and bent,

Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of **B. LAVIGNE,** (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex Street, and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

RARE CHANCE.

The advertiser has received instructions to offer for SALE, by TENDER, at so much in the Dollar, as per Inventory Valuation,

A WELL ASSORTED TAILOR'S STOCK,

Consisting of English Cloths, Canada Tweeds, Trimmings, &c., &c., amounting to over $4,000.

The Goods are all in first-class order, and have been well selected.

The above offers an excellent opportunity to any one about to commence business, as the goodwill can be secured.

Every information may be had by addressing Box 468, Montreal, and Stock Sheets can be seen on application to the undersigned.

Tenders will be received until the 28th instant. Parties making other than a Cash offer, will please name security.

C. BAILLIE,
161 St. James' Street.

Montreal, August 5th, 1871 1713t A

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts per month.

Books bought, sold and exchanged:

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.

Mail Train at 3:30 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 4:10 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 8:10 p.m., and at Sand Point at 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 5:20 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m. 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE SAND POINT—9:10 a.m.; 4:30 p.m.

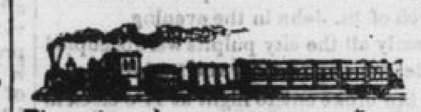
Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 9:10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.
Brockville, 1st Sept, 1871. 1761-v



The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL!

On and from WEDNESDAY, 15th SEPT. Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 12:30 P.M
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East,

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 4:00 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6 45 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No. 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4.40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 P.M

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 6:30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.25 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.
Ottawa Sept 9th, 1871

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the BROCKVILLE and OTTAWA RAILWAY will be held at BROCKVILLE on the 10th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon a lease of the section of the said Railway lying between CARLETON PLACE and SAND POINT to the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, and of authorising the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY will be held at OTTAWA on the 11th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon the accepting of a lease from the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company of that section of their Railway lying between Carleton Place and Sand Point, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

OF THE

AGRICULTURAL & ARTS ASSOCIATION

OF ONTARIO,

To be held at Kingston,

On the 25th to 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Persons intending to exhibit will please take notice that the Entries of articles in the respective classes must be made with the Secretary, at Toronto, on or before the undermentioned dates, viz:

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before Saturday, August 26th.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery and Manufactures generally, on or before Saturday, September 2nd.

Horticultural Products, Ladies' Work, the Fine Arts, &c., on or before Saturday, September 16th.

Prize Lists and Blank Forms for making the entries upon, can be obtained of the Secretaries of all Agricultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes throughout the Province.

HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec'y Agricultural and Arts Associatio
Toronto, August 15, 1871. 1745-dn&w

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY M S. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XXXVIII.

MR. MCPHAIL.
(CONTINUED.)

Supposing that horrid relation, whose existence only seemed to suspect, turned out to be a myth, he would step into a fine property; of course he would immediately be offered some great living. He would then be moved from post to post; and it was quite within the bounds of Joy's fancy that ere she died she might in the palace at Fulham, or amid the stately woods of Addington, remind her husband of all the pleasant things she had prophesied while he was but yet a poor curate possessed of none of this world's treasures.

His fame was spreading—all the worse for him. He would soon be asked to preach before the Queen he would be sought after by eager crowds—his light would no longer be hidden beneath a bushel. The richest and the best in the land would esteem his society an honor; and still she, Joy, would be his wife—the only woman he had ever loved—the only woman she knew right well he ever would till he passed to the land of which he had preached so vividly.

Now for one moment, my reader, I must ask you to pause, and just consider this picture and its reverse.

There is the wife full of all sweet, tender, loving fancies, looking forward to his life being one long unbroken course of success, and fame, and usefulness. There was not a cloud even so big as a man's hand to be seen on the horizon. There was no sickness, there was no sorrow in view. They would live together till they were old, and then her husband would leave an honored name, a world-wide reputation, and an abundance of wealth to their children. Sitting by the fire-light she dreamed her dreams. She set her idol on a pedestal—she built her fairy palaces, and behold, here was the position of the man she meant to inhabit them with her.

He stood, he knew, on ground which might at any moment give way under his feet; which he felt must give way sooner or later. It was a mere question of time of when, of how, and by whom. Often, in spite of himself, he could not avoid fancying what the inevitable scene might prove. How would Joy hear it? How would she bear it?

He would never look upon the trouble in her face. He swore that mentally. When the worst came to the worst he would go away, as he ought to have done at first; he would leave the country, and take good care that not a trace of his whereabouts remained.

He would fly an outcast into some far-off desert; he would tend sheep in Australia, or cross the prairies, or seek to lose his identity and himself, if that might be, beyond the bounds of civilization; but he would not stay—that he vowed in the solemn watches of the night, when his misery held her vigil and the man and his grief travailed together in their wretchedness.

Sometimes he thought of entreating Joy to leave England and seek a new home in some other land, say Sweden or Norway, where the chances of detection would be lessened; but he felt the impossibility of asking such a sacrifice without assigning a sufficient reason for it, and no reason would have seemed sufficient unless he gave the true.

No; it was of no use trying to evade his destiny. He had sought retirement, and in retirement he had found his fate; he had striven to avoid publicity, and yet publicity was forced upon him. He had fancied the weary, weary years of his mental captivity, superadded to the time passed in Kirkcudbright and Dumfries jails, had changed him past recognition, and yet two people knew, from the mere evidence of their own senses, that he was Andrew Hardell, and none other—the man who had in his cell and in the court house, before my lords and his accusers, gathered up his courage to face, if the worst came to the worst, that awful tragedy which often and often he had told himself could not be averted.

And though he hoped against hope, and recalled his fears then in order to fortify his heart against its apprehensions now, still Andrew Hardell, however much he liked to cheat his understanding, knew there must, as certainly as death, come an hour when the disguise would be stripped off, and the cheat exposed, and the story told, and he branded as an imposter before all the world.

So far he had eluded the danger; but it was coming, for all that. While he walked past Colvend; when he stood on the heights above the Solway and looked over the calm sea to Cumberland; when the rabbits scudded away at its approach, and the songs of the birds, and the bleating of the sheep, and the humming of the bees, sounded in his ears; when he descended into the fairy cove and got rid of the evidence of his guilt, and then swam out till he became a mere speck on the water; when he lay down under the quiet stars and saw next morning through the dim gray light the Cumberland mountains standing dark against the eastern sky; when he wended his way on, still on, to Kirkcudbright—all this while, I say, the evidence which had cursed his life was being collected and the men who were to bring him to his doom were only "biding their time."

And as they had bided their time, so events were biding theirs. There would come one day a hand on his shoulder, and a voice in his ear, and then he would understand that the long fight with misfortune was over, and that misfortune had won.

CHAPTER XL.

THE FIRST ATTACK.

On a certain morning in the early part of the earliest spring-time, Andrew Hardell sat in the library of the Hall, which was called "his study," writing a sermon.

Not a sermon to be preached before the great people referred to in the previous chapter—that was gone and past—but a sermon which he meant to be heard by a still more select audience, for he had taken his resolve. When the time came for his social bankruptcy, as come he knew it must, he determined there should at all events be some assets beyond Faith, Hope, and Charity to be remembered in his favor.

For years he had labored among the wretchedest, the wickedest, the most forlorn. He had done God's work, he knew, in Essex Marsh, but now he decided to do the world's work for a brief period; not that to him, when the inevitable hour struck, it would matter whether in his day he had tickled the ears of men and pleased their understandings—but for Joy's sake he desired there should be some set-off—that, when men talked of him as culprit and hypocrite, she should be able to remember in her pity.

"Aye, but he loved me, and for my sake he made the fullest use of the talents God gave him."

Hitherto after a fashion he had put them in a napkin and hidden them in the earth.

Now he meant to put them forth on usury. So that in one sort Joy might not feel hereafter she had married a man who knew no care for her and her child.

It may seem strange, but it is true notwithstanding, that Andrew Hardell's powers seemed never to have been fully put forth until now.

When he wrote his sermon one week he could not tell whether he ever should write another; and hour after hour he put his whole strength into the work.

It was really a continuous "last song," though his hearers were unaware of the fact.

Hidden in his own heart he held the knowledge that he felt each Sunday might end the joy and the trouble—the happiness and the grief.

Often when he was preaching he beheld around him a waste of waters—a slip cleaving her way to distant lands—a man desolate for evermore—a woman sitting weeping by a lonely hearth; and with that picture before him, how do you suppose his words poured forth?

There were tears in them, though his audience could not understand the fact—there was the track of blood, though the men who listened could neither see the wound nor grasp that the preacher was feeding them with his own life.

In all human nature there is a vague indefinite comprehension of the agony human nature can have put upon it and still exist; and it was this secret, wrestling misery, in common with his own natural gifts, which attracted people to Andrew Hardell.

Out of the depths he had sounded, he spoke. Out of the vague comprehension of the depths they might have to sound—his hearers around him.

And all the time God Almighty knew, and all the time Andrew Hardell talked to his God as man might speak with him.

To come back to that particular morning in the early spring-time, however, when Andrew sat writing his sermon, and a thrill going through his frame as though he had received some promise of better days to come.

There is a spring feeling as there is a spring smell, and the feeling was strong upon Andrew Hardell then.

It was not warm enough to leave off fires, and accordingly logs of wood blazed cheerfully on the hearth, all the while that the bright, cold early sunshine was streaming into the room. Before him on the table were crocuses and snow drops, gathered and placed there by Joy's loving hands; while on a little stand in one of the windows pots of primula, cicitis, early violets, gaudy tulips, and gay cineraria were grouped together, softened and half-concealed by moss.

Here to his hand was his paper knife, his manuscripts duly laid out, the envelope case ready to his hand, his ink bottle open, his pen new and of the description he preferred.

Clearly there was a woman in all this, and recognizing the fact, Andrew sighed and shivered.

How would it end? ah! how? In a drawer before him, locked and snugly stored away, was a certain sum of money he had hoarded and saved against the day he expected to come.

To be continued.

IS THE QUEEN A PAID OFFICIAL.

The doubts that have been suggested in some quarters, and the ill-feeling that has been shown in others, respecting the annuity proposed for Prince Arthur, following so closely on the feeling provoked by the marriage of the Princess Louise, are disagreeable facts, and not altogether harmless ones if we take into account the manner in which mob orators have availed themselves of the opportunity to excite disaffection. In these columns we can have no hope of saying anything that would be likely to reach the ears of such men as Messrs. Odger and Bradlaugh or to have more effect on their understandings, if it did, than one of Mr. Gladstone's speeches on the Objibeway Indians. There are other classes, however, who seem to be very much in the dark as to the absolute rights and wrongs of the matter, and these, with the assistance of Mr. Lyndon's pamphlet, we may hope to address on the subject, with some effect. The point we propose to elucidate is an important one from the Radical point of view—Is the Queen, or is she not, a paid official? In other words, is the Queen of England bound to fulfil all the functions of Royalty because she receives a salary for doing so, or because she is Queen? The question is one that admits of an answer by appeal to historical facts.

For a long period the money voted for the support of the Royal dignity was an uncertain and varying amount, simply because the Civil List was encumbered. Within living memory the situation has undergone a change. The Civil List has been relieved from its entanglements and encumbrances, and the Crown restricted to a definite annuity, given to it for the sole purpose of upholding its dignity and ministering to the personal wants of the Sovereign; discretion for providing and apportioning the incomes of the royal family being at the same time entrusted to the honor of parliament. Four points may be laid down as indefeasibly established. 1. That the settlement of the Civil List at the beginning of each reign, although not of the essence of the British Constitution, is consonant with it and has grown by usage into a Constitutional practice; 2. That the settlement being of its nature a compact between the reigning Sovereign and Parliament, neither party can refuse to act on its provisions without the other's consent; 3. That our future Kings and Queens are not bound to accept the terms that may be proposed on their accession, or any terms at all, full power resting with the successors of our present Sovereign to take back the Royal revenues into their hands, or not, as they may think proper. 4. That the members of our Royal family, receiving less than they give, and receive what they do, not upon the score of duty done, but by way of commutation for their lands and legal rights surrendered, are improperly said to be salaried.

As we have taken it for granted that the reader does not understand the rights of Crown money, he will naturally catch at the above expression that the Crown receives less than it gives us. This brings us to the consideration of the historical facts concerning the Crown lands, which are the principal subject of Mr. Lyndon's pamphlet. The old common law of Europe held that all the lands of a kingdom belonged by origin or by seisin to the Crown, either to give away or to spend the proceeds, and in those days, almost irresponsibly. But when Charles I. could no longer obtain subsidies from Parliament, he sold or mortgaged the Crown Lands right and left, most of which, however, were afterwards recovered at the Restoration. After the Restoration the squandering was so great that the debts of the Revolutionary Government could scarcely be paid. History teems with the mismanagement of the Crown Lands. Who could tell to what purpose the English monarchs, who were sole paymasters as well as sole payees of the nation, had devoted either their land revenues or their royalties, until they might choose to come to Parliament for additional supplies? Soon, however, their embarrassments compelled them to lean upon the nation, until the increasing necessities of the State as well as their personal requirements subjected them in turn to Parliamentary control, and so helped England on her way to the freest and best of Constitutions. A Civil List was granted by Parliament to William III. of £680,000 to help him to find the nation —1, in the Royal household; 2, in the maintenance of the Royal palaces, and the small change of the privy purse; 3, in secret-service money, irregular claims and pensions; 4, in support of members of the royal family; 5, in the salaries of the Lord Chancellor, Judges, Ministers of State, and Ambassadors.

In George the Third's reign came an important change in the disposition of the crown lands. He commenced his reign with a civil list of £800,000 a year, giving up all claim of surplus profit. This was the earliest royal act distinctly acknowledging the long urged national right. By slow degrees the crown came to be less and less loaded with burdens wholly distinct from the personal dignity or comfort of the sovereign. Again, in William the Fourth's reign a more equitable settlement was arrived at. Parliament undertook to pay Judges, Ambassadors and Ministers, besides various other liabilities, whilst William surrendered all private control over the royal revenues, except those from the two Duchies of Lancaster and Cornwall. From this period we find that for forty years there was no demand on behalf of the Throne, excepting the usual votes at the commencement of each of the two succeeding reigns. In this it may easily be seen that the substantive right of the Royal Family to its landed property and royalties when reigning, was more fully than ever admitted, while, on the other hand, the voice of the nation had a right to be heard regarding the personality of its perpetually augmenting burdens upon Government in former days furnished endless grounds for murmurs against the Royal Family. But now, through the systematic works of a good Queen, and the simple working of a free Constitution, it has been possible to keep the civil list within bonds, and to help in placing the Crown in such a position that, if it is not, it certainly ought to be beyond the reach of calumny and misconception. We have only now to add that the Parliamentary estimates of the revenue from the Crown Lands have for years exceeded in amount all the Royal annuities put together; and conclusive proofs is afforded that, instead of being pensioners and paid officials, the Royal Family have indubitably made us their debtors by surrendering their chief landed possessions, with other hereditary sources of revenue. On the other hand, the crown has been relieved from the anxieties which attend on the management of all great estates and by the system of Parliamentary votes, which secures a stipulated life annuity, the reigning sovereign is now enabled to support the honor and dignity of the Crown. We say this, because, although this has been long a Constitutional practice, the result was not always so satisfactory. To express the facts in a word: by our peculiar arrangements with a reigning House we transact the details of a *composition* from year to year, while the custom of foreign Powers is to set apart *an allowance* for the domestic wants of their rulers; and the essentials of their composition which we transact have previously been decided on between the Sovereign and the nation, and secured by legal instruments.

The strange error which we have endeavored to combat concerning the Crown Lands, has arisen, it seems, from the fact of half-informed people wrongly inclining to regard Her Majesty as a paid officer of the State, rather than a constitutional Monarch, and from ignoring an important chapter in the history of England. Whether the Sovereign should or should not be a paid official, is another question altogether, and one which can only be propounded, when the question arises—if it ever should arise whether England shall take on the form, as she has already taken on her the substance of a veritable Republic. Till then the monetary question between the Crown and Parliament is a purely legal one, open to no doubt whatever, except on grounds similar to those which would justify a resort to legal arbitrament in the case of a private settlement between two of Her Majesty's subjects.—*Broad Arrow.*

THE TICHBORNE CASE.

A correspondent sends the Liverpool *Courier* the following in reference to the Tichborne case:—"Some years ago a gentlemen now living in England, and following the occupation of a commercial traveller, was a resident in Australia. On one occasion he lost his way when wandering in the bush, but eventually got to a moor, where he found a shepherd's hut. There was no person in at the time, but he made himself at home, and determined, as evening was coming on, to pass the night under cover. Ere long he was agreeably surprised to see a man enter the hut, and had more pleasure by recognising him as an Englishman. The traveller told the new arrival that he had lost his way, and had thought of remaining in the hut all night, and the herdsman—for such he was—gave him a hearty welcome, and promised to make him as comfortable as he could under the circumstances. They entered into conversation about the mother country, when the shepherd, amongst other things, said to the stranger, 'You would scarcely think that I belong to the aristocracy of England, would you?' The stranger replied that he should scarcely think he did. Whereupon the herdsman said, 'I do, though I am the eldest son of a baronet.' They spent a pleasant night together, and on the following morning the traveller was directed on his way by his singular host, and soon found himself at home. For several years he thought nothing of this conversation, but in the meantime he had returned to England, and when the Tichborne case was being heard he berhought himself of his Australian adventure, and determined to go up to London and obtain a sight of the claimant to the title and estates. In this he was successful, for one afternoon he saw the claimant leave the court, and at once recognised him as the man he had passed the night with in the Australian bush, and who had told him that he was the son of an English baronet. An interview afterwards took place between them, and the commercial gentleman will, it is understood, appear as a witness for the claimant when the case is resumed in November.'

THE DISTURBANCES IN ROME.

Accounts have appeared of the disturbances at Rome on the 23rd and 24th ult. On the former date the Pope had reigned exactly as long, day for day, as St. Peter. His partisans determined to celebrate this event by a special service at St. John Lateran. By way of counter demonstration the Liberals assembled outside the church, and when the congregation came out, waved tri-colors. flags and shouted "Long live Victor Emmanuel!" The police, however, interfered, dispersed the crowd, and the day's procedings ended. On the morrow the Papal demonstration was continued, a special service taking place at the Church of the Jesuits in the square of the Minerva. A crowd collected outside the building, but it was dispersed by the police and some persons were arrested. Among these was a Roman named Tognetti, whose brother was executed under the Papal *regime* for participation in a revolutionary movement. As soon as this became known another crowd formed, which went to the head police office and clamored for Tognetti's release. Thereupon the police sallied out, and a collision with the people, occurred in which shots were fired. Three persons were wounded and on the following morning one of them died. It is feared that owing to the bad feeling which prevails between the clericals and the people, more blood will be shed in similar collisions, if great prudence and tact be not displayed by the authorities.

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks, —"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills.' Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinline packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London d1509 1y

Coughs and colds, when left to themselves, frequently bring on pulmonary complaints, which lead to that distressing and fatal disease, consumption; but if attended to in time, "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers" are a certain remedy. They stop the irritating cough, and soothe and strength the bronchial tubes, allaying all irritations and inflammation. They are also particularly suited for the use of singers and public speakers. Sold by all druggists and country dealers. Price 25 cents per box.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Notice to Contractors—F. Braun.
Great Auction Sale—A. Gagnier.
Ottawa Turf Club—Edward C. Barber.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1871.

The Ottawa Times.

For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Hon. Mr. Aikins arrived last night.

The Bishop of Halifax is staying at the Russell House.

The Governor General is expected to return this morning.

The Immigration Conference will probably last during the greater part of the week.

We regret to announce the death of Mr. Mondor, Harbor Master at Sorel, and for twenty years agent of the Trinity House at that port.

The Hon. Louis Joseph Papineau is dangerously ill at his residence, at Montebello. We believe his illness is inflammation of the lungs.

Mr. Hely, Secretary of the British and Colonial Emigration Society, having visited Toronto and London, is expected to arrive here this morning, for the purpose of attending the Emigration Conference.

Mr. Page, of the Department of Public Works, left for the West last night for the purpose of inspecting the Welland Canal. The advertisement for tenders for works at Port Colborne and Port Dalhousie will be found in another column.

Hon. H. J. Clarke, the delegate from Manitoba to the Immigration Conference, reached Collingwood yesterday afternoon and will be in Ottawa to-day. He made the trip from Fort Garry to Thunder Bay in ten days, and telegraphs that the Dawson road is in splendid condition.

The Hamilton *Times* "is sorry to see the *Globe* give itself so much trouble to prove that Sandfield Macdonald used coarse and profane language to some one or more members of the Strathroy Delegation," and adds, that no one who knows the Ontario Premier "has any doubt upon the subject." How thoroughly Gritlike this is! Although the members of the delegation, who are the only persons who can know anything about the matter, declare the charge to be a false one, it is still to be accepted as true by the *Globe's* faithful followers, with whom facts and common sense are not expected to weigh in the slightest degree.

We have received a letter from Captain Cotton, of the O. B. G. A., who says that we were not quite correct in stating that he "endorsed" Capt. McCleneghan's charges against Colonel Skinner. He adds, that what he did say was, that "there were just grounds for the complaints," which, as it seems to us, amounts to very much the same thing. In reference to this matter, as we have before said, we should be very sorry to see Colonel Skinner condemned unheard, but now that the grave charges preferred against him by Captain McClenaghan are more or less directly substantiated by almost all the members of the team, the sooner an investigation takes place the better.

Whatever such degenerate Englishmen as Messrs. Bradlaugh and Odger may think about Her Majesty, and however insultingly they may choose to speak of her and her family, our Republican neighbours evidently consider that the British nation ought to be proud of Queen Victoria, and grateful for her restoration to health. Her Majesty's Canadian subjects will cordially re-echo the following remarks which we extract from the columns of the New York *Herald*;

It is gratifying to many in this country, as well as to the many millions of Her Majesty's subjects at home and abroad, that the life of the Queen is spared and that her health is likely to be established. To the British nation, in these peculiarly trying times, the death of Queen Victoria would be an irreparable loss. History will speak approvingly of the reign of the good Queen Victoria. It will be well if her reign, already a long one, be greatly protracted. We congratulate the British Government and people on the prospect of the Queen's restoration to health.

THE IMMIGRATION CONFERENCE.

The Immigration Conference which meets to-day at the call of the Minister of Agriculture is likely to be attended with favourable results. Its object is to secure a well organized scheme for the encouragment of immigration to Canada. We do not suppose that the gentlemen who will be present at the conference will indulge in long eloquent speeches, but that they will on the contrary converse together in an easy informal manner on the various matters connected with the subject of immigration, with a view of agreeing upon some line of concerted action between the Dominion and Provincial authorities, or at all events to devise such a policy as shall enable them to work together as far as circumstances will permit.

We understand that Manitoba and British Columbia will be represented at the conference. Thus the question of Immigration will assume more extensive proportions than it has ever done before. Now that the lands in the former province are being surveyed so rapidly and will doubtless be all ready for occupation, by next spring, it becomes a matter of serious consideration, not only for Manitoba but for the whole Dominion, how a stream of immigration worthy of the resources of the new province, and likely to insure its rapid progress and development, can be turned in that direction. It will not do to depend entirely upon the two provinces of Ontario and Quebec to furnish this emigration. The attractions which Manitoba holds forth to honest and industrious emigrants, the immense area of lands well adapted for settlement which is contained within the territory of the North West, the salubrity of its climate, &c.,—all these facts ought to be made known in the mother country, the inhabitants of which have at present the most erroneous notions respecting our newly acquired possessions. It is of course, very essential that the Dominion and Local authorities should provide, as they are doing, for the proper reception of immigrants when they arrive in Canada. When a stranger lands in this country, even although his pockets may be well lined with Bank of England notes, and he may be possessed of any amount of *savoir faire*, he cannot help feeling a sense of loneliness and helplessness at first. Hence, it is highly important that there should be some person appointed, whose duty it is to direct and take care of all newly arrived settlers. But what is really most requisite is that people in Great Britain and in Europe should know something about Canada, that the country should be "advertised" as it never has been yet, and this not in one way alone, but in a dozen different ways, which will be likely to reach all classes.

To blame the Dominion Government because more has not been done in the past is unjust and silly. To devise an effective and thoroughly satisfactory emigration policy is not by any means the work of a moment, or an easy task for any Minister, especially when the wishes and opinions of the Government and people of each province have to be consulted. Had Mr. Dunkin been left entirely to himself, that is to-say had he no one but himself and his own colleagues of the Privy Council to consult, he would we should imagine have found it much easier to decide upon a line of policy than now, when before bringing any immigration measure before Council, he has first to consult the opinions and conform to some extent to the local interests of the people of every province. We have no doubt however, that if the members of the Conference go into the work with as much good will and sincerity of purpose as the Dominion Minister of Agriculture, a really satisfactory policy will be framed and carried out, the result of which will be to largely increase the immigration to Canada.

We can certainly point without fear to the condition of those who have already settled in Canada as an indication of the advantages which this country offers to emigrants. Mr. J. Standish Haly, Secretary of the British and Colonial Emigration Society, has received the most favourable account of the condition of the 5,000 emigrants who were sent to this country last year by the Society. The Revd. Mr. Herring, Father Nugent, Miss Rye, and in fact every one who has been at all instrumental in sending persons to Canada, have received most gratifying accounts from those who have made a home for themselves here. We believe we may say that ninety-nine out of every hundred are doing well, and are thoroughly satisfied with and thankful for their lot. This fact of itself should be sufficient to induce thousands of Englishmen and women to follow in their steps, and to make their future abode in this country, and no doubt it will be if it is only made sufficiently public.

It is a matter of great importance to the Dominion that the tide of English emigration should be turned in this direction, but in our opinion it is none the less important to the Mother Country herself. Almost all the troubles of Europe may be traced more or less directly to the fact of its being too densely populated; and most of the crimes which we hear and read of in the United Kingdom, the agrarian outrages, &c., are attributable to the same cause. If the result of the Immigration Conference about to be held here, will be to frame such a scheme as shall attract a larger proportion of the surplus population of the Mother Country to our Dominion to assist in building up here a nation worthy of the parent stock, not only Canada but the Empire at large, will have good reason to rejoice that it was called together.

CANADIAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

We understand from undoubted authority that the Canada Central Railway's extension from Sand Point to Renfrew is being pushed forward with the utmost vigour, the anticipated fear of want of hands having proved itself uncalled for.

Men are daily flocking to the seat of work in such numbers as to enable contractors to make a selection—the surest guarantee that the undertaking will be speedily and successfully completed.

All this is for the benefit of Ottawa, and all is done by private and unaided enterprise. That the extension will go on Westward there is little doubt, to the still increasing property of the city. When will the Capital take even the small share of interest in that enterprise, necessary to secure what it so much needs, a Central Station.

A TERRIBLE TEMPTATION.

To the Editor of the OTTAWA TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—In your issue of Thursday or Friday last you published the reply of Mr. Chas. Reade to the severe criticisms of some writer in the *London Times* on his late novel "A Terrible Temptation."

As your readers will remember, Mr. Reade endeavored to vindicate his book from the serious charge of impurity and grossly corrupting tendencies alleged against it by the critic, and charged the *Times* with being his schoolmaster, and with suggesting the themes of many of his novels.

I am sure that you will gratify many of your numerous readers by publishing the following rejoinder of the *London Times* to Mr. Reade's defense of himself. which I cut from another paper to-day, from which it will appear that "A Terrible Temptation," with all its impurity and evil tendencies, must be charged on Mr. Reade himself and not on the *Times*.

I am, Sir,
Your obd't serv't,
W. K.

OTTAWA, Sept. 18th, 1871.

THE CRITIC'S ANSWER.

To this letter, the *Times* appends the words following: "We really did not know that Mr. Reade had been our pupil for eighteen years, and we cannot help thinking that if he had really stood in that position he would not only have written better novels but better letters. In nothing does he more clearly show that he is not our pupil than in his impatience of well-merited reproof. We thought we had done him a service in telling the story of "A Terrible Temptation," without entangling the reader in the interruptions with which the book is filled. Had we chosen to be so, we might have been much more severe on the hundred of pages devoted to a lunatic asylum, and on the eccentric diagram which illustrates them. No writer of fiction has a right to throw a long list of lunatic cases at the heads of his readers, and then to call his novel a good story. But, as we considered lunatic asylums one of Mr. Reade's crochets, we spared him criticism on that point. Had we been, to use his new-fangled word, 'criticasters,' he would not have escaped so lightly. On another subject we were more severe; nor has Mr. Reade, in this letter, induced us to alter our opinion. No writer of fiction is justified, in a work which he well knows will find its way into innocent family circles, in describing scenes and people such as pure minded young persons of either sex ought neither to imagine nor to know. When Mr. Reade admits that one of the principal characters in his book is "a hussy," and that she is "illiterate, coarse, vain, with good impulses, a bad temper, and a Billingsgate tongue, he gives up the point, even without mentioning her disgusting profligacy, which he is careful to omit. It is no excuse that other writers are greater sinners in this respect. Their blacks can never make Rhoda Somerset white. We must altogether repudiate the notion that the original of that vicious woman ever existed in the columns of the *Times*; but were the imputation true, it would add nothing to Mr. Reade's case. Ours are public, his private, duties. The columns of a newspapr necessarily contain "facts" every day to which our rule "*La mere en defendra la lecture a sa fille*," applies; but they do not contain fictions like Mr. Reade's. The public must have their facts, just as they must have their Bibles. They will, we hope, continue to read their newspapers, in spite of the wickedness of the age, which is occasionally reflected in the columns of the Press, and we trust they will read their Bibles, which Mr. Reade is apprehensive may be locked up; but they will not continue to read our correspondent's works if they contain such unsavory stuff as is to be found in "A Terrible Temptation."

ON THE MARCH.

CAMP, SPENCERVILLE,
Sunday, Sept. 17, 1871.

As you know the weather when we started from Ottawa on Thursday morning was everything desirable, and headed by our support of the Ottawa Rifles, with their drum and fife band we marched off in high feather, and in the best imaginable spirits, but we had not yet gained the limits of the city when what was very near proving a most serious accident, occurred. A kicking horse began to evince his especial proclivity in a more than wonted degree, and in endeavouring to show off to advantage, kicked one of our gunners on the shin, inflicting a wound of no trifling character, but providentially not breaking the bones. The lad groaned from the intensity of his agony, but was too plucky to leave his place and return home. This casualty was of itself calculated in a high degree to show the necessity of establishing an ambulance corps with us, which should be our own especial property, and when the proper time arrives I have no doubt this suggestion will be acted upon, and the measure properly and efficiently carried out. The day's march was in every particular successful and exhilarating, what with the cheerful tunes of the drums and fifes, the songs of the "boys" who ever and anon would make a raid upon the different orchards, the fruits of which were all cheerfully given to them by the owners, and which when satisfied, they turned into missiles "shying" them backwards and forwards at each other. When a more than ordinary successful shot occurred, it would give rise to general shouting and laughter. In this way the 16 miles of our first day was passed, and Gloucester Camp was reached. The boys were not long in unsaddling, picketing, feeding ad pitching their tents preparatory to a good soldier's dinner, which was already waiting for them, then after making up their horses for the night and other duties, Supper Bugle was sounded, and after which, ball, and leap frog, hop skip and jump, and hare and hounds, and similar exercises having been indulged in they retired to bed, bare straw under, and a couple of blankets only over them on a wretchedly cold night. Before the bugle sounded "lights out" and even after there was any amount of jolly songs until at length Morpheus gradually sealed the eyelids of all but the sentries and officers on duty. During the night three horses broke their halters and but for proper precautions having been taken would long before you receive this have again made an unexpected appearance in the city of Ottawa and amongst them Master Mazeppa, the beautiful steed of surgeon "Van." Reveille was sounded at half-past five a.m., horses fed, breakfast over and everything in readiness to start at half-past seven, on our way to the Mountain camp of which you shall hear in my next.

Yours,
RED STAR.

OBITUARY.

(COMMUNICATED.)

On Sunday last the mortal remains of a useful and respected citizen of Ottawa, the late Mr. John Ahearn, were consigned to their last resting place. The unusually large concourse of all classes and persuasions, rich and poor, who followed his body to the grave testified not only the esteem in which he was held but also the widespread sympathy felt for his bereaved family and friends. Mr. Ahearn bore a high character for honesty, sobriety, and industry which superadded to the most genial qualities of head and heart made him a general favorite. Ardent, generous, and impulsive, his was not a nature to be indifferent, or wrapped up in self; hence every enterprise for the public good had his active cooperation and no charitable or benevolent institution but found in him a ready friend and helper. Little wonder therefore the spontaneous and universal manifestation of respect, grief, and sympathy which characterized one of the largest funeral processions which Ottawa has yet seen.

The deceased was born in the County of Waterford, Ireland, in the year 1836, and was consequently but 35 years of age. His parents emigrated to Canada when he was but a child, and settling in Ottawa—then the insignificant town of Bytown—he grew up with it and participated in all the important changes and material improvements which have taken place in its history in the last twenty years.

His father died many years ago leaving a numerous family totally dependent on him and his brother—two years his junior—for support; and well and faithfully did they discharge the onerous duty then imposed on them, and by dint of industry and perseverance worked their way to a position of independence and social comfort, alike creditable to themselves and beneficial to the widowed mother and family left by Providence to their charge.

The deceased was in poor health for the last year or so and was in consequence obliged to change his employment as a blacksmith and go abroad for change of air, but the fatal disease, consumption, which rarely succumbs to medical skill or human efforts laid its blighting hand too surely upon him. He steadily and even hopefully combatted the dread tyrant to the end, but it has triumphed and carried him off, as its victim in the very prime of manhood. A kind father, loving husband and dutiful son, he will be sadly missed by those who were dear to him, and to whom even the sincere sympathy of a large community is after all but very inadequate consolation.

He died as he lived, a good Christian. Having arranged his temporal affairs, and being fortified by the last sacraments of his church, he passed away tranquilly and with resignation to we have no doubt a better world.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 18.

Miss Nilsson makes her first appearance in Montreal to-night. The Concert room was crowded.

The prospectus of the New Hotel Company, limited, has been published. The Capital Stock will be $500,000 in $100 shares. The Company proposes to erect a first class building after the model of the best European and American hotels on the Leprohon property, corner of Victoria Square, Radegonde and Lagauchtiere streets, commanding a fine view of the city, river and Victoria Bridge.

The barge *D* is aground at the entrance of the Lachine Canal. She belongs to Coulthurst & McPhee. Her cargo of wheat, is discharging.

Robert Mitchell, messenger to various Masonic Lodges in this city, was found dead yesterday in his room off the Masonic Hall, Notre Dame street. The deceased was an old man, and laid down in his room intoxicated. The verdict to-day was death from heart disease.

The twenty-sixth annual exhibition of the Montreal Agricultural and Horticultural Society takes place to-morrow.

The farmers and well known cattle dealers named Larame, were remanded this afternoon for sheep stealing.

The dullness in the stock market continues, and although the quotations are nominally unchanged, the wideness of their range completely check transactions. There was not a single transaction in the Bank stocks this forenoon, and in general securities the City Passenger Railway alone changed hands, for which 255 was paid. All debentures and bonds continue to rule very dull and heavy up to 4 p.m.

The Bishop of Halifax preached in the morning in the cathedral yesterday, and the Bishop of Toronto in the evening, each to large congregations.

The Dean of Halifax preached in the church of St. John in the evening.

Nearly all the city pulpits were occupied by clergymen attending the Synod.

A fire broke out to-night at 11 o'clock in Labelle's lumber yard, St. Joseph street, and a large quantity of lumber and wood was destroyed. It was the work of an incendiary. Insured in the Western Insurance Company.

Weather cold, and heavy mists.

Latest Cable Telegrams

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—The King of the Belgians has arrived at Hyde. His Majesty was not well, and consequently no public demonstrations were made on his arrival.

The foot and mouth disease is rapidly spreading among cattle in Norfolk.

The Australian Government has sent out circulars to its representatives at foreign Courts informing them of the results of the Gasten and Salisbury conferences. The contents of the circulars have not yet been made public.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 18.—Rumoured elections for Councils General will be held throughout France in October.

The disarmament of the National Guard is progressing quietly.

The mortality of Paris last week was about 100 less than that of the previous week.

The fracture of the new Customs treaty with Germany is imminent, and the German Plenipotentiaries object to alterations in the text made by the Assembly.

The Legislative Committee of twenty-five will hold a weekly session.

In the intervals the President or Vice President of the Committee will represent the Assembly.

Count Von Armin dined with Thiers yesterday.

The *Press* urges the people to arouse and make an active canvass in the coming elections for general councils. The people of the Provinces are counselled to be careful in their choice of candidates, so that the result of the elections may show how the country stands on the great questions which now agitate it.

The election will be held on the 8th of October.

It is rumored that Leon Say has resigned his seat in the Assembly.

A serious railway accident occurred to-day at Champagney by which nine persons were killed and a large number wounded.

Gen. Changarnier, who has been very ill, has recovered.

Despatches from Marseilles say that the Government has been summoned to Versailles to consult with Thiers upon the question of the disarmament of the National Guards in the Department of Bouches du Rhone.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Sept. 18.—The *Imparcial* of to-day advocates the increase of the Spanish Revenue by the imposition of an income tax.

ITALY.

ROME, 18.—It is said the Republicans are preparing for a manifestation on the 20th inst., the first anniversary of the occupation of this city by Italian troops, but no disorder is apprehended.

It is semi-officially stated that the deficiency in the revenue of the Kingdom for the present fiscal year will probably be covered without the imposition of any new taxes.

HOLLAND.

THE HAGUE, Sept. 18.—The Dutch States General were opened to-day by the King in person. The Royal speech promises the reorganization of the army and the reform taxation, and felicitates the Chambers upon the foreign relations of the Kingdom.

Latest American Telegrams,

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

LOWELL, Mass., Sept. 18.—Twenty-one new cases of small pox were reported in this city yesterday.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—It is stated that affidavits are preparing on which application will be made in the course of next week to Justice Dowling, for warrants for the arrest of Garvey, Ingersoll, Keyser, Miller, Smith, and other alleged conspirators, to rob the City Treasury.

Several facts developed in connection with the appointment of Green led to the belief, expressed in several places yesterday, that it was brought about by the active agency of the Democratic State Central Committee. S. J. Tilden, a member of the committee, and foremost in his opposition to the ring, having suggested an arrangement and aided in its negotiations. Ex-Mayor Havemeyer is known to be at the head of a formidable movement for the reorganization of the Democratic party which has the support of the State Central Committee, and the first results of which have already been stated. Havemeyer and Tilden are understood to be the bondsmen of the new Deputy Comptroller, and Green and Tilden were for a long time law partners. The new situation was generally accepted, in view of these facts, as the beginning of active operations by the State Central Democratic Committee against the Ring, or, at least, that part of it which hoped to save itself by sacrificing Connolly. The political prospects of the situation were more generally discussed on Saturday and Sunday than in the merely financial view of it, and it was conceded that the late severe condemnation of the Ring to which the journals of New York had given utterance had impelled the Central Committee to take the position it had chosen in self defence. The action of Comptroller Connolly in keeping his position in defiance of the Mayor, and appointing Green as his Deputy with full power to act as chief fell like a thunderbolt on the ring. The Mayor claims that the highest legal authority in New York has advised him that the power of removal exists as an incident to his power of appointment, except where restriction is specially made at the time the appointing power is bestowed or when there is some express statutory enactment in regard to the power of removal, and that the process of impeachment provided in the Charter is only a coordinate power and does not conflict with or destroy the absolute power of removal vested in the appointing head. This is, however, not the only ground upon which he removes Connolly, as stated in his letter. He regards the comptroller's abdication for five months as an absolute relinquishment of his office, and claims that his opinion is confirmed by high legal authority. Should Connolly persist in holding his office, force will be used to remove him. The crisis is now at hand and the next 24 hours may witness events never before seen in this or in any other municipality. Green is now in possession of the building by Connolly's appointment. The situation of the hour is the general topic of conversation every where in the city.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—Shortly before noon, to-day, the following letter was sent to Mayor Hall by Comptroller Connolly:

COMPTROLLERS' OFFICE,
11:12 A.M., Sept. 18.

HON. A. OAKEY HALL, Mayor,

My Dear Sir,—I have read in the morning papers your letter of this date, and beg leave thus promptly to inform you that, as advised, I shall not either, in fact or equivalent, resign the office of Comptroller of the city of New York. I deny the authority of the Mayor to exercise the power attempted by your favor, and in partial support of the denial quote the words of your former communication—"I, the Mayor, cannot suspend any head of a Department, not even pending investigation—I can only prefer charges to the Court of Common Pleas, who alone can remove after a considerable time for trial. My previously announced determination not at present to retire from my official position is still unchanged. By the appointment of Andrew H. Green as Deputy Comptroller I have endeavored to guard the public interests committed to my carr. In such effort, while calling critical attention to the events of the past 48 hours, including your official acts and my own, I ask the support of that supreme power—the public sentiment of the citizens of my State.

Very respectfully,
RICHD. B. CONNOLLY,
Comptroller.

A strong force of police has been just stationed at the Court House in which is the office of the Comptroller.

The Rival factions of Democrats and Republicans are as busy as beavers.

Green has just performed a *coup d' etat* by delivering to Mr. Booth's Committee of Citizens and Aldermen all the documents in the Comptrollers office which are required in the investigation of the municipal accounts. This is a short and sudden step out of at least one of the difficulties which have environed the case at issue.

LATER.—The excitement everywhere increases. The crowd in and about the City Hall is growing larger every moment, and shows indications of disorder. The police force has been increased.

At a meeting of the Board of Aldermen held to-day, communications were received from Mayor Hall requesting authorization to offer a reward of $1,000 for such information as would lead to the discovery of the persons concerned in the stealing of the vouchers. Resolutions were offered, and according to rule was laid over.

Col. Joline, chief clerk in the Mayor's office, has issued the following notice to all of the city departments:—

Mayor's Office, N.Y.
Sept. 18, 1871.

Sir—I am directed by the Mayor to inform you that he does not recognise either R. B. Connolly as Comptroller, or H Greene as Deputy or Acting Comptroller.

Very respectfully,
(Signed) CHAS. O. JOLINE,
Chief Clerk.

Late in the afternoon a rumour of a startling character reached the Comptroller's ears. It was reported that Mayor Hall had made arrangements to take the office by storm, and seize all the books and papers which it is said implicates Connolly's three associates. The Comptroller believing the rumour had some truth in it, took such precautions as will baffle any attempt of the kind if made.

BURLINGTON, V. T., Sept. 18.—A fire yesterday destroyed the entire south side of Lake Street, from Arrars block to St. Alban's House, by which 15 families are rendered homeless. Loss, $300,000; largely insured.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18—In consequence of the Mayor's letter to the heads of the various departments, repudiating all official knowledge of Comptroller Connolly, or Green, as his deputy, the city paymaster has refused to pay any more warrants issued or signed by either of them. The laborers who are now holding warrants for their work will be refused references, and to many of these there is at least a month's pay due. All public works will, therefore, have to be stopped and over 4,000 men thrown out of employment. Wm. F. Haveller, and other members of the Committee of Seventy, have made arrangements, by which the banks of this city will cash any warrants signed by the Comptroller and Deputy Comptroller Green. They say that the next Legislature will justify their action and make an appropriation to pay back the money thus borrowed.

Judge Ledwith and the delegates, and a committee of the citizens waited upon Acting Comptroller Green and assured him of their support.

Charles O'Connor, the eminent lawyer, has prepared a legal opinion in which he holds that Connolly is legally in possesion of the office of Comptroller, and that Hall has no power to remove him.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 18.—The meeting of the Illinois Swine Breeder's Association will open at Dexter Park to-morrow, and will continue four days. The exhibition promises to be the largest and most attractive of its kind ever seen in this country. Already fully four thousand swine are on the ground among which are several imported from England and a large number from Canada.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—Gen. McClellan declines to accept the office of Comptroller because he would thereby, under existing circumstances, become a contestant for the position. Had. Connolly resigned he would, under certain stipulations, have accepted the appointment.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—A demonstration in favor of the men on the strike, which was to have taken place on Trafalgar Square, is entirely abandonnd. Many foreign workmen are daily arriving at New Castle and Gates-head. At the mass meeting of the New Castle workmen yesterday it was resolved to continue the strike.

RUSSIA.

The Russian Press, generally, is now vigorous in its attacks upon Prussia and Germany.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—Comptroller Connolly and his deputy, Andrew H. Green, has been engaged in discharging the duties of his office. The general impression is, that they occupy an impregnable position, and that all the efforts to dislodge them must be illegal, and will recoil on the originators.

The Secret Committee of the citizens has been in session from an early hour, and devised some measures for the support and protection of Green.

Ex-Mayor Havemeyer has made arrangements with legal banks to have all checks drawn by Green duly honored.

Chas. O'Connor is now engaged in writing an opinion in favor of Connolly, and declaring tkat any attempt to oust Green will be a violation.

There is a great crowd in the vicinity of the City Hall.

Connolly has advised Mayor Hall that he will not resign at present, and denies the authority of the law in the Mayor to remove him.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—The United Stated and Mexican Claims Commission are expected to resume their session this week One hundred and fifty cases have been submitted by Mexico against the U. S., claiming in the aggregate of $4,500,000 damages in the Sack of Bagdan. One hundred and fifty similar cases are also pending, claiming in the aggregate $1,120,000 damages.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 17.—The business of the Bankers and Brokers Telegraph Company here, has been transferred to the Western Union Company, who will probably buy out the formers interest.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 17—An explosion of powder occurred at Pioche, Nevada, yesterday, and the whole business portion of the town destroyed. Loss, from $200,000 to $300,000.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 17.—The jury in the case of Thomas McGehan, indicted for the murder of Thomas Meyers, at Hamilton, Ohio, on trial at Dayton, returned a verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree. In a previous trial of this case, it will be remembered, that one of the defendants Counsel, was late, C. L. Vallandingham, who lost his life in illustrating his theory of the cause of Meyers death. The case will probably go to a higher court.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—Very greatly to public surprise, Andrew H. Greene, formerly Controller of Central Park, from which position he was removed when the ring had absolute power a year or so ago, was appointed Deputy Controller, in place of Richard S. Storres, and assumed the duties of the place on Saturday evening, at six o'clock. To checkmate this action, inspired by the Democratic State Central Committee in opposition to the ring, Mayor Hall has issued an order removing Connolly, and appointing General McClellan in his place.

DOMINION NOTES.

The Manitoba *Liberal* says the average yield of wheat this season in that province will be between 30 and 35 bushels to the acre.

A considerable quantity of fall wheat is sown already, and in a few days the plants will have made their appearance over the ground. It is thought by the farmers that they are going to have a term of years again that will be more favourable to wheat growing, and there will be more of it sown this fall than ever was known before.

Late oats, in a great many parts of the country, have been so badly injured with rust that the grain will be of very little use. In some places the straw is quite rotten from it, and if it gets a few showers of rain it will not be worth saving even for fodder.

The manufacture of cheese has increased so rapidly in Canada, that we not only produce what we consume, but export largely to Europe. At Ingersoll, which is the centre of the producing district, a sale was held at the end of August, when several thousand boxes changed hands, at prices ranging from 8½ to 9 cents. Forty-two factories were represented at the sale.

During the past few weeks, says the Newmarket *Courier*, a fearful disease has caused great mortality among children in this neighbourhood, and scarcely a day passes without new cases coming to hand. The disease commences in the throat, in some respects not unlike diptheria, and in others, again, like both croup and diptheria, and in all cases where proper and careful attention is not at once given to the sufferer, death very soon claims the victim. The prevalence of the disease is attributed to the bad sanitary condition of the village.

Large orders are being received at Montreal from Europe and the United States for hay, and a large trade is expected to be done. The price stated is $18 per ton, packed by hydraulic pressure.

The Collingwood *Bulletin* says:—The gunboat Rescue came down from Lake Superior on the 5th inst. From Mr. Parsons, who went as pilot, we learn that the report of the death of seven men connected with the surveying party at Nipigon is but too true. There were five Indians and two white men. It appears they were some distance from the camp and became so completely surrounded by the bush fire that all escape was cut off, and they were either burned or suffocated. One of the bodies has been found, and a party has gone out in search of the others. The surveyors had more than half completed their work. The *Rescue* awaits orders here.

The St. Thomas *Despatch* says:—On Friday afternoon last, a married woman named Nind, residing in this town, eloped with a man named Charled Reynolds, an English navvie of recent importation. Nind, the husband, suspected his wife for some time, accordingly set a trap for her detection, by saying he was going to the country to work for a few days, but returned the same afternoon and found his wife away, she leaving her child, a fine boy two years old, with a neighbor. Nind suspecting she might return during the night for the child, lay concealed behind a fence, when the truant pair returned about 11 o'clock, and held a conversation close to where he was hid. After hearing sufficient to satisfy himself of her guilt, he jumped over the fence, and catching Reynolds, gave him a good mauling. The pair, however, met again in short time, when they made tracks, and hree not been seen or heard since.

J. N. Johnson, M. P., communicates to the Hamilton (Ontario) *Spectater* an account of some of the wonderful skeletons found in a grave or jut near Cayuga. He says: "The size of some of the bones is truly wonderful, indicating a race of giants in the past. The grave, when first opened, is supposed to have contained about two hundred skeletons, many of their bones quite perfect. I found several bones which I am confident would have given, had the skeleton been perfect, a measurement of over seven feet. The grave has been crossed by the roots of a large tree, which stands in close proximity to it, going to prove somewhat of its antiquity. Found in the grave were shells of large size, pipes, axes and beads of different patterns, all of which can still be seen on the premises. There are indications of many more such graves on the same farm as the one already found, and there is no doubt but that more will ere long be opened."

CARELESSNESS.

Many persons neglect their horse's health and condition until it is too late, when at a trifling expense and no trouble, the horse might have been saved it attended to in time. To all who may have occasion to use an article of the kind, we would confidently recommend "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy;" it is without doubt the best preparation in use, as thousands who have used it testify. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

A GOOD YEAR'S WORK.

Governor Archibald arrived in Manitoba on the 2nd of September, 1870, and found matters there almost in a state of chaos, with an outlook into the future that was far from reassuring. Writing on the anniversary of his arrival, the *Manitoban* summarizes the year's work as follows:

"A political frame work, wide, and solid, and substantial, has been constructed—laws tending to the social and domestic welfare of the people have been enacted—a system for the administration of justice, simple, yet recognised by all to be most complete, has been instituted—a school system has been organized, and is now all but in full operation—an effective police force has been established; the highways are being rapidly constructed; a rigid licensing system is in full operation; telegraphic communication with the world without will be consummated in a month or two; negotiations for railway connection are proceeding; the Indian difficulty has been solved, over 30,000,000 acres; the surveys are being rapidly pushed on; in brief, the Province to-day presents an aspect which would have done credit to the work of a dozen experienced politicians; and we venture to assert that, when the time comes, and when the papers of the Province are brought before the House of Commons, Governor Archibald's successful labours will be appreciated and recognized by both sides of the House."

STARTLING NEWS.

An English contemporary remarks:

"The *Leeds Mercury* of the 1st inst., published a telegram from Leicester conveying, perhaps, the most alarming intelligence that has ever been made public in this country since the Norman Conquest. A great sensation, said this telegram, had been caused at Leicester by a public announcement from Mr. Odger that he and his colleagues would take care that the Prince of Wales should never ascend the throne of these realms, but that the country should be governed by a President or Prime Minister. It is no wonder that Leicester was somewhat startled by this declaration of the intentions of Mr. Odger and his colleagues, more especially as it is evident that if they have the power to prevent the Prince of Wales from sitting on the throne, they have equal power to select a nominee of their own for this elevated position. Is it possible that Mr. Odger himself would be induced to wear the crown? Shoemakers generally are advised to stick to their last, but it cannot be denied that Odger the First would sound very well, and of course, if Mr. Odger and his colleagues, whoever they may be, decide on the substitution of the House of Odger for that of Brunswick, it is the duty of the country to submit to the change without a murmur. It is perhaps premature to raise the question, but it would be a satisfaction to hear that Mr. Odger and his colleagues have no objection to the coronation of that gentleman taking place in Hyde Park instead of Westminster Abbey. It has long been felt that the seat of Government is shifting from Westminster to the Parks, and the men who chant the blasphemous litanies on the occasion of those public meetings at which now so many great questions are settled, would doubtless, if remunerated by a few pots of beer, consent to officiate at the coronation of Odger in the room of the Archbishop of Canterbury, and administer the oath in a fashion more in accordance with the spirit of the times than if it were administered by an obsolete primate. It is also to be presumed that there will be no objection when Mr. Odger has ascended the throne to the Prince of Wales occasionally holding a Sunday meeting in Hyde Park or Trafalgar Square on his own account. His Royal Highness has surely as much right to discuss his grievances in those localities as Mr. Odger and his colleagues."

A BAD BEGINNING.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* says:

Our first autumn military manœuvre has been a decided success. The 1st Life Guards have lost their horses even before the commencement of the campaign. Those who regret the sacrifice of these noble beasts should remember that war is not rose-water; in fact, nobody seems exactly to know what war is, but so far as can be judged at present it involves an immense amount of preliminary destruction before going into action. Two hundred and fifty horses galloping wildly over the country in the dead of the night without riders must have conveyed a useful lesson to the villagers, startled from their sleep by the clatter of hoofs, and have brought home to their hearts more forcibly than any words can express the blessings of peace, which we are all too apt to forget. The first blood that seems to have been drawn in anticipation of the coming campaign was that of an unfortunate cabman named Brown, whose cab was upset by the frightened animals when they broke loose from their pickets, and who, it is stated, received two severe cuts on the head, and was also severely injured in the back and legs. Then came the death of several horses and the laming of several more. Their loss is doubtless to be regretted; but "dulce et decarum est pro partia mori," and we are led to believe that nothing is so enviable as death on the field of battle—the next most enviable lot being, of course, death on fields marked out for autumn military manœuvres. The 1st Life Guards have set a noble example: if they have not drawn their swords and thrown away their scabbards, they have, at least, thrown away horses; and, having watched with painful interest this first autumnal manœuvre, we are all anxiously inquiring. "What next?"

JOE COBURN MEETS HIS MATCH.

On Thursday night a *Sun* reporter dropped into a refreshment saloon in Sixty-fifth street, and Second Avenue, where he found Joe Coburn holding forth to an awe-struck audience. It seems that Mr. Coburn had infringed on the order of Jones's Wood on that day, and bet rather heavily on Fitzgerald as the winner of the "long race." Fitzgerald had about two years ago carried off the first prize at this race, but has on the two last occasions been distanced by two others. This was too much for Joe, so he felt very irate at the whole race of Scots. A brawny and stalwart Scot, in full Highland costume, stepped upon the scene. Him Joseph instantly seized as a most fit object to vent his wrath towards the whole Scottish faction. He rudely seized Sawney by the arms, and told him that he could "lick any Scotchman on the ground." The Scotchman cooly told him there was no doubt on the subject, and ordered him to remove his hands.

"Do you know who I am?" Joe roared.

"No," bellowed the other; "nor do I care."

"I am Joe Coburn."——

Before Joe could finish the sentence he found himself face upwards upon the floor. Once, twice, thrice Joe tried to recover ground, but in vain. Baffled in his great energy, Joe thought it was high time to resort to some other weapons to decide the difficulty in his favor; but the cool and wary Caledonian seemed instinctively to know Joe's intentions. Taking hold of Joe's groping dexter, he shook his head deprecatingly and said:

"Na, na, mon; ye maunna do that. Pistols I do not mind a flea for!"

Saying which he gave Joe's hand a wrench and a squeeze. Joe started to his feet, and after a little dusting and preliminary explanation, offered to treat the whole party.—*N. Y. Sun.*

NAPOLEON WEEPING.—The unfortunate exile who has seen the end of his Imperial Greatness, wept when he found himself so mercifully dealt with by his Antagonist and Captor, King William of Prussia. History seldom chronicles such leniency on the part of a Conqueror. Not so in Medicine, for the Great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills have no respect of any reigning disease in the human body, for this combined medicine roots out completely all acute and chronic maladies

COUGHS AND COLDS

Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly, when taken in the early stages of disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the Lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are immitations be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned endorsed "Tenders Welland Canal," will be received at this Office until Noon of WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of October next, for the execution of the following mentioned works on the

WELLAND CANAL:

1st. Construction of a Mooring Wharf, and Deepening the Harbor of Port Dalhousie

2nd. Lightening the East Bank of the "Deep Cut" between Allanburgh and Port Robinson.

3rd. Deepening and Enlarging the Harbor at Port Colborne.

Plans and Specifications can be seen at this Office, and at the Welland Canal Office, St. Catharines, (where Forms of Tender may also be obtained) on and after Tuesday, the 10th day of October next.

The signatures of two solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become surety for the due fulfilment of the Contract, must be attached to each Tender.

The Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,—
Ottawa, 16th Sept. 1871. 1771-3

GREAT AUCTION SALE

To-morrow Morning, at 11 o'clock, a.m.

SELLING OUT!
SELLING OUT!!
SELLING OUT!!!

Mr. Gagnier having determined to give up storekeeping, will sell at Auction the whole of his stock of Jewelleries, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware, Stoves, Carpets, Oil Cloth, Bureaus, Washstands, Bedsteads, Spring Matrasses, Chairs, Side-boards, and a large lot of all kinds of Crockery, &c.

The sale will take place on WEDNESDAY next, at 11 o'clock, a.m. Two Carriages and a lot of Blankets, and a 6 feet Looking Glass will also be sold. Sale without reserve, Terms—Cash, inside of $25, and above that amount three month's note, with good endorser, approved by the subscriber.

A. GAGNIER,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, September 16, 1871. 1771-2

OTTAWA TURF CLUB.

Parties desirous of making ENTRIES for the Races, can obtain the proper forms from the undersigned, or at the Russell House.

EDWARD C. BARBER,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa, Sept. 8, 1871. 1771 2

AUCTION SALE OF SHOP FIXTURES.

The Subscriber will sell at the shop recently occupied by Mr. Roberts, Merchant Tailor, Elgin Street, on TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 19th, 1871, the whole of the SHOP FIXTURES, consisting of an excellent Show Case, 1 Howe Sewing Machine, 2 Singer Machines, 1 large Mirror, Cutting Tables, Gas Fixtures, &c.

Sale without reserve.
TERMS—Cash.
Sale at 12, noon.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 16, 1871 1770.td

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, To Wit.

Public Notice is hereby given that the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, and of Assize and Nisi Prius, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the NINTH day of OCTOBER, at the hour of Ten o'clock a.m., of which all Coroners, Magistrates, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned, are required to take notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. F. POWELL,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa,
Sept. 15, 1871. 1770-tf.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, &c

The undersigned has been instructed by Mr. Rouswell to sell at his dwelling, Slater street, off Elgin, on WEDNESDAY, September 20, 1871, his Household Property, consisting of Sofas, Chairs, Tables, Carpets, Dining Table, Cane Chairs, Chairs, Sideboard, Couch and Carpet, Bedsteads, Bureau with glasses, Washstands, Dressing Table, Wardrobe, Hair Matrasses, Wool and Straw do., Sheets, Blankets, and Quilts, an excellent Cooking Stove with furniture, Box Stove, Parlor Stove (for coal), Stovepipes, &c., Crockery, China, and Glassware, Water Barrels, Washing Tubs, and Pails.

TERMS—Cash.
Sale to commence at 10:30 a.m.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 16 1769-td

AUCTION SALE OF A SPLENDID STONE HOUSE.

The Subscriber has received instructions from Mr. David Moore to sell at his rooms, Rideau Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th SEPTEMBER, 1871, that desirable property situated on York Street, recently occupied by him The house is of stone, 2½ storeys high, well built, and neatly finished with good yard and stabling.

Sale at Twelve o'clock, noon.

For further particulars apply to the Auctioneer,

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer & Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871. 176[illegible] td

AUCTION SALE OF A TIMBER LIMIT SITUATED ON DEEP RIVER.

The Subscriber has received instructions to sell at the Union House, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, 4th October, a Timber Berth, being License No. 267 of 1870-71, of about 5½ square miles on the South side of Deep River.

Terms and conditions made known at time of sale.

Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 8, 1871. 1764-td

STRAYED OR STOLEN

From McKay's Pasture grounds, New Edinburgh, a RED COW, with the ends sawn off of horns. Any person giving information that may lead to her discovery will be suitably rewarded.

And any person found harbouring or endeavouring to conceal her from discovery after this notice will, on conviction thereof, be prosecuted according to law.

All information concerning her will be thankfully received and rewarded by

CHARLES GOULDEN,
1764-tf Goulden's Hotel, Ottawa.

LOCAL NEWS.

RAIN.—Rain commenced to fall about 11 o'clock last night.

SIDEWALKS.—A gentleman complains of the very bad condition of the sidewalks on Sussex street.

CROSSINGS.—Very fine stone crossings have been laid across George and York streets, at their junctures with Sussex street; the only defect being the abrupt and treacherous fall at each end.

POLICE COURT.—MONDAY.—Arthur Robinson for disorderly conduct at the circus was fined $5 and costs.

Joseph Tignon for being drunk on the public streets on Sunday was fined $3 and costs.

Another case of drunkenness was adjourned.

LECTURE.—Mrs. McPherson delivered a very able lecture on Immigration before a large audience last evening in the Baptist Church, Albert Street. The Hon. Mr. Duncan occupied the chair, and the Hon. Malcolm Cameron made a few interesting remarks after the speaker of the evening had concluded. The meeting was a very successful one.

DUPREZ & BENEDICT'S MINSTRELS.—This excellent Troupe of Negro Ministrels gave a very good entertainment in the Music Hall last evening to a crowded house. The Troupe has a fine band of its own and supplies music of the newest and livliest kind. They are *au fait* in cracking jokes and relating curt, pithy and mirth-creating, arratives of which they have an inexhaustible supply on hand, all either original or old ones improved so as to be better than original. Any person who would like to experience an attack of lock jaw we recommend him to be among the audience at Duprez and Benedicts' Minstrel entertainment to-night. They claim to be the best negro Minstrel Troupe travelling, and we believe they are deserving of the palm. They keep their audience in roars of laughter during the entire performance. Go and see them by all means.

THE RACES.—Much interest is manifested by the public in the Autumn races, to commence to-morrow. The sporting fraternity of Ottawa are all excitement of course, and await the occasion with impatience. "Favorites" are being marked off, and the prospects are that pools will sell rapidly, and that betting will be lively.

The earth on the course is rather loose in some places, particularly opposite the stands, but on the whole it is much improved since last year. The new stand for members of the club and their ladies is being completed and looks substantial enough, but the additional story to the judge's stand we consider dangerously flimsy. It should be braced and strengthened, immediately. The 25 cts. stand erected beside the old stand is the most wretched looking combination of boards and cedar posts we have ever seen. Nevertheless, as we state above the course has been greatly improved and considering that the club is not yet very strong financially, they deserve credit for the energy they have displayed. There are fourteen horses in town at present and others are expected to arrive today.

Devlin's Hats that it flats.

CITY COUNCIL.

A regular and full meeting of the City Council was held last night. The meeting lasted until 1 o'clock in the morning, the debate in the earlier part of the night assuming at times a very violent form, so much so that the Mayor found it a most difficult task to keep order. All the past sins of each individual member were raked up and presented to him in a most disagreable and exaggerated manner and every Alderman ransacked the deepest recesses of his memory for matter for retaliation. The excitement having reached its climax, the Aldermen began to cool down gradually and from the just, wise, and impartial tone of speech they assumed it really seemed as if, at length, the vexed question of Water Works would be decided at least so far as the Council has to deal with it, but they finally adjourned without taking a vote on the sixth Report of the Water Works Committee, based upon Mr. Lesage's Report. This report recommends the adoption of the Oregon Street route. The Chairman of the Committee had a by-law containing the estimate and site ready to submit, were his report adopted.

SALE OF LIVINGS IN ENGLAND.

A correspondent asks us why a patron who owns livings should not be forbidden to sell them just as a Bishop is? Because the law gives him a right to sell them, and take away that right without compensation would be confiscation. Of course, with compensation, the rule would be fair enough, but what would be the good of it? The patronage would be given to sons and nephews, and the English clergy would become an hereditary caste. Besides, a patron so poor that if allowed to sell, would be almost sure to be a dishonest patron. Of the practical reforms, those which would go into a Bill and be considered by statesmen, the most sweeping one would be the sale of every advowson to the ratepayers of the parish, the price to be paid by a charge on the rates. The Bishop might then be invested with a veto, if he suspected an unclean election. But that plan, which would get us over the money difficulty and really popularize the Church, would send the clergy hat in hand to "leading parishioners," more especially to the publicans. We wish, as Bishops are beginning to talk English like other men, that if any Bishop sees a plan for suppressing the sale of livings he would let the public have it.

Another correspondent condemns purchase in the Church as placing all patronage in the hands of the landed gentry. That is the reason, he says, why so many clergymen are Conservatives. That is true, and is a great evil, but it is not so great an evil as the limitation of benefices to the very narrowest Calvinists would be. That is what we fear from popular election, and, as we need not tell our correspondent, the practical alternative to patronage is election. We do not defend purchase for its own sake but out of dread of limiting the Church to one of the sects within it. The ratepayers of England as a mass are either careless or Calvinist, and we shrink from entrusting a monopoly of patronage to men of either kind. Liberals in politics we should obtain, no doubt, but liberals in theology? Are the clergy of the electing sects liberal?

— All the year round, "Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders" should be given to horses that are "kept up." To horses and cattle that graze in summer they should only be given in winter and spring.

Devlin's Hats that R Flats.

THE FUTURE OF FRANCE.

There is no lack of prophets and prophecies for poor France. The last of the seers is Dr. Laney, who, aided by two magnetized bodies, forsees a great many new troubles. These, written in red ink, he has kindly communicated to the papers, and the following is a specimen:—"The great calamity which has befallen France is not the last yet. Thiers will die quite suddenly within six months' time of heart disease (we hope M. Thiers has secured the prophet by this time). Great confusion in Paris; the terrible International, paid by Prussia and England, shall rise like one man. The massacre will be terrific. Paris will be burnt. Unfortunate workmen, goaded on by godless agents to this crime, will sink into misery and go to America to find work there. But they will only find 100,000 Germans, who will stone them and drive them away. They and theirs will perish of hunger, after having wandered through the forests of the New World. Then the provinces will rise, the monarchy will be proclaimed in the name of the "Holy Principles of Society"—what ever they be. It seems, however, that there is some method in this madness. Dr. Laney advises his countrymen very strongly to crown Count Chambord before these misfortunes come to pass. The affairs of the lily-banner do not seem to flourish much if such are its prophets and propagandists.

A MINER'S EXPERIENCE.

An old miner who has experienced explosions, thus describes them: "As soon as the explosion occurs it drives like a whirlwind and with force enough to carry any weight before it in the direction of the nearest vent. In going it sweeps along the ceiling, tearing away the props, brattices and everything else even the pillars of coal. The unfortunate miner who may be within it influence, instinctively throws himself flat on the ground. Before he can rise the gas has encountered the body of air moving in an opposite direction. They come together with an elastic shock sufficient to change the direction of the gaseous tornado, and back it comes with a rush, lifting the miner and flinging him probably a distance of 50 feet against the ragged coal. Behind again there is a shock of pure air and foul, and again the terrible game of battledore is repeated. Nothing can resist its impetuosity. Meanwhile the terrible after-damp accumulates with surprising rapidity. This is composed of the black damp which hangs from the roof and the white damp which gathers along the floor. It joins the gas at every rush, and adds power and volume to its fury. The helpless miner struggles with superhuman strength to resist the buffettings of the mine-fiend, but now the damp begins to seize upon his senses. The sensation is not unpleasant. He feels slight dizziness; he becomes weak and sleepy; he staggers; his knees lose all their power and he falls."

THE QUEEN'S HEALTH.

The London *Telegraph* publishes the following statement: "Although it is many years since Her Majesty was so seriously indisposed as she has been during the last few weeks, there has never been any secret as to the nature of the indisposition. In the time that preceded her departure for Scotland, the Queen suffered from headache, sore throat, and a consequent want of refreshing sleep, necessarily aggravated by the great heat. Nevertheless, Her Majesty bore the fatigue of the journey well, and obtained more sleep while travelling than she had enjoyed for days before. A couple of days after arriving at Balmoral the throat affection, which seemed to have been allievated during the journey, returned with considerable severity, and occasioned such evident pain and suffering as to cause serious uneasiness to all around. Nor was it till more than a whole day had passed that the acuteness of the attack was relieved. We are glad to know, however, that, i the improvement in the condition of the throat has been gradual, it has steadily continued now for a full week, until the inflammatory symptoms have been effectually subdued, and all discomfort from that cause is at an end. The Queen is still, indeed, far from well; and some time must elapse before Her Majesty can recover the moderately robust health which she enjoyed in the earlier and cooler months of the year; but of course we may, just now especially, hope much from the pure and bracing air of the Highlands."

FACETIÆ.

Cats like quacks, mew-till-late.

A prickly pair—A porcupine and hedgehog.

Wheels go best when they are thoroughly tired.

Indiana girls weighing less than 175 are called Sissy.

Great souls have wills; feeble ones have only wishes.

Why was Eve not afraid of the measles? Because she'd Adam.

Counter irritants—People who examine the whole stock and buy nothing.

Joseph Billings says, "I am not afraid to trust a man for a small amount if he is a good whistler."

A cemetery in Rhode Island is so prosperous that a dividend of 7 per cent has just been declared.

New Jersey has published the following pathetic epitaph:

She was not smart, she was not fair,
But hearts with grief for her are swellin';
All empty stands her little chair—
She died of eatin' watermelon.

A Milwaukee widow married a week after the death of her first husband, "to prevint hersel' from fretten to dith for the like of poor Mike—the dear sowl."

A young gentleman palliates his conduct in having jilted a young lady to whom he was supposed to have been engaged, by saying that her lip curled naturally and her hair did't.

RINK MUSIC HALL.

MONDAY and TUESDAY EVENINGS
Sept. 18 & 19.

Not Massacred as Reported,

But still living, excelling competition Nineteenth Annual Tour of the famous DUPREZ & BENEDICT'S MAMMOTH GIGANTIC MINSTRELS, coming from their beautiful and elegant Opera House, Philadelphia. Double Troupe and Brass Band, composed of twenty-seven Artists, recently returned from their grand extensive California tour, crowned with success and new laurels, introducing each night all the latest novelties and Gems of Minstrelsy, by our regiment of Ethiopian Big Guns. Most reliable, complete Troupe in existence. See our original sensation programmes.

Doors open at 7; commence at 8 o'clock.
Admission—as usual.

CHAS. H. DUPREZ, Manager.
Ottawa, Sept. 15, 1871. 1768-4

WANTED

By a young married couple, Board, Bedroom, and Sitting Room, furnished on a Small House or Cottage, furnished or unfurnished. All within easy distance of the Post Office. Possession required 1st October, or soon after

Apply by letter, stating terms, to
D. C. L., Box 250, Ottawa P. O
Ottawa, Sept. 13th, 1871. 1767-

WANTED TO RENT.

A House or Cottage in the neighbourhood of Sandy Hill.
Apply at "THE TIMES" Office.
1765-tf

PRIVATE BOARD WANTED

In Upper Town by a Gentleman and his Wife. Apply by letter addressed
1761- U., TIMES Office

BOARD WANTED

In a Private Family, by a Gentleman Six o'clock dinner preferred. Address X. Y. Z. P. O. Box, 285. 1754

SALE OF VALUABLE BUSINESS CITY LOTS, BY AUCTION

ON THE 20th INSTANT.

The undersigned has received instructions from P. LeSueur, Esq., to sell by Public Auction, on Wednesday, the 20th inst., at Twelve (12) o'clock noon, on the grounds, the following very valuable Business Building Lots situate on the north side of Wellington, and eastern side of Kent streets, Upper Town, and immediately opposite St Andrew's (Scotch) Church. The frontage on Wellington street is one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet, of which one hundred and ten (110) feet will be put up in lots of 22x102 feet each, inclusive of ten (10) feet for rear communication from Kent street. Also, the corner lot of 55 feet on Wellington by 33 feet on Kent streets. The new bridge to be built immediately will make Wellington one of the best, if not the best, business streets of the city, and it is not too much to say that these lots are, from their central position, &c., the most eligible business building lots now left for disposal in Upper Town.

Terms, twenty per cent cash, with Auctioneer's commission, the balance in yearly instalments on a ten year's mortgage at seven per cent.

J. BERMINGHAM
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Sept. 11th, 1871. 1766-td

STEAMER
"QUEEN VICTORIA"
QUEBEC EXHIBITION.

Tickets will be issued by Steamer "QUEEN VICTORIA" to Quebec and return at

SINGLE FARE.

R. W. SHEPHERD,
Manager.
Ottawa, Sept. 13, 1871. 1767 td.

NOTICE.

An excellent CELLAR to let. Large, and entrance on level with the street. Apply to
A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Sept. 13, 1871. 1767-tf

VALUBLE TIMBER LIMITS,

ON BLACK RIVER,

For Sale by Auction, at the Union House, *ON WEDNESDAY, 4th OCTOBER* next, at one o'clock, p. m., being License No. 265, of 1870-71.....50 miles.
And No. 367, of 1870-71.....50 miles.

Total one hundred square miles of richly timbered limits.

By order of
ALEXANDER FRASER, Esq.
Ottawa, 1st Sept. 1871. 1759-td

ENGLISH WEEKLY NEWS PAPERS AND MONTHLY MAGAZINES.

LLOYD'S WEEKLY LONDON NEWS, Weekly Times, Reynolds', Weekly Dispatch,—the latest editions,—5 cents. Subscription (post free to any part of the Dominion)—yearly, $2.50; six months, 1.25.

Illustrated London News, Graphic, Bell's Life, News of the World, Punch, Fun, Judy, &c., &c.

THE TORONTO GLOBE delivered at 10 cents per week.

C. E. HUCKETT & CO.
69, Sparks Street.
August 29. 1755 1m

CAPE WOOL.

The Cargo of the "PEONY," direct from

PORT ELIZABETH,

will be ready for Inspection on the 18th instant.

GILLESPIE MOFFATT & CO.
Montreal, Sept. 7th, 1871. 1762-1w

TWO VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE!

The following Valuable Farm situated on the banks of the Rideau about one mile and a half from Ottawa, the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq., and known as the South West half of Lot 14 on the Rideau River in the Gore of Gloucester. It is all cleared and in the highest state of cultivation; well watered; first-class brick building with seven rooms, and substantial barns, sheds, &c., thereon; also, an excellent orchard and garden. Beautifully situated and commanding a fine view of the City, Parliament Buildings, and surrounding country; contains about 100 acres.

ALSO

Lot No 16, in the Seventh Concession of Gloucester, Ottawa Front (the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq.), 8 miles from Ottawa and 2 miles from Taylorsville. Contains 200 acres, principally covered with timber.

For particulars and terms apply to DANIEL McLAURIN, Esq., of Osgoode, JAMES SEVERIGHT, Esq., of Gloucester, Trustees, or to

HAMNETT P. HILL.
Solicitor, &c.,
34-tf Post Office Block, Ottawa.

GENUINE
HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,
Metcalfe Street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building
Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON,
1760-6m

FRED. T. PALMER,

Commission and Lumbermen's Agent, Rideau Street, (entrance O'Meara's Gateway.)

Particular attention will be given to hiring men, teams, &c., and all transactions with the Crown Land and Timber Office.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:

R Nagle, Esq. | Wm Mackey, Esq
Allan Grant, Esq. | E McGillivray, Esq
Ottawa, Sept 1, 1871. 1746t

NOTICE.

Wanted immediately, for School Section No. 3 and 10, of North and South Plantagenet, A MALE TEACHER, holding a second class certificate. Application may be made to the undersigned Trustees, stating amount of salary per annum.

CHARLES FARRELL,
MAURICE SHANE,
THOMAS BROWNRIGG.
Pendleton 11th, September, 1871. 38 4

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY

FOR SUNDAY USE.

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season..		$5 00
20lbs " " ..		9 00
10lbs	month	1 50
20lbs	"	2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance. ☜

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention

H. PALMER

N. B.—Ice supplied by the ton or cwt.
Ottawa April 1871.

BUSINESS CHANGE.

We, the undersigned, in relinquishing the Retail branch of our business, beg to return thanks to the public of Ottawa and vicinity for the very liberal support accorded to us during the past eight years, and to announce that we have

DISPOSED OF OUR STOCK,

And leased the premises,

29 Sparks Street,

TO

MESSRS.

ALEXANDER RUSSELL,

(Late of Blyth & Russell, Ottawa,)

AND

ROBERT WATSON,

(Of Watson & Hayes, Almonte,)

Who will continue the business under the name and style of

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Both of these gentlemen were formerly in our employ, and being possessed of ample means and long experience we have great pleasure in recommending them to the confidence and patronage of all our friends and customers.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, August, 1871.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE

RUSSELL & WATSON

Have pleasure in announcing that they have purchased the

Entire Stock in Trade,

AND

GOOD WILL

OF THE

RETAIL BUSINESS

Lately conducted by Messrs.

Magee & Russell,

And leased their premises, 29 Sparks Street, for a term of years.

And hope by keeping only the best qualities of goods, and adopting a uniform and

Moderate Scale of Profits,

By anticipating the wants of the public and a strict attention to business to merit and retain the patronage so liberally bestowed upon their predecessors.

And we beg to assure the old patrons of the establishment that no efforts will be spared in maintaining the leading position to which it had attained.

ALEX. RUSSELL. ROB'T. WATSON.
Ottawa, August 1871.

Peaches!

Peaches!

Peaches!

Pears!

Pears!

Pears!

Apples!

Apples!

Apples!

And all other Kinds of Fruit

at the Fruit Depots of

G. LORENZ,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

—AND—

NO. 56 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

GREAT
DRY GOODS SALE.

Allan, McKinnon's & McMoran,

Have determined to clear out the FALL and WINTER GOODS purchased at a heavy discount from Messrs GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO, and with that view will bring forward the whole stock, including several large lots of

NEW GOODS

purchased far below Market value, and offer the whole at prices that must induce good judges of goods to buy largely.

The sale will commence on

Monday, 4th Sept'r.,

And continue one month.

As many of the cheapest lines will be sold quickly, intending purchasers will do well to call early and secure a choice.

1,000 YDS. JAPANESE SILKS,

At 50 cents per yard.

ONE CASE OF VELVET RIBBONS, damaged by fresh water, will be offered at less than half price.

2 Bales of GREY COTTONS, in short pieces, at from one to two cents below usual prices.

To be reduced one third in prices—a large quantity of

MILLINERY, MANTLES and MANTLE CLOTHS,

A line of Velveteen Jackets, reduced to $1.50 each, Waterproof Mantles at from $2.50 to 5.

DRESS GOODS, in a variety of fabrics, reduced below cost.

PRINTS—A line formerly sold at 12½ cents will be cleared out at 9 cents per yard.

A large lot of Gloves and Hosiery will be marked down far below cost.

A lot of best Brussels Carpets will be sold at $1.25 per yard.

ALLAN, McKINNON'S & McMORRAN,
Successors to Garland, Mutchmor & Co
No. 20, Sparks Street.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old Brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

GIN—

J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Islay Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Pest Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

☞ ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At
THOS. PATTERSON'S.
Ottawa, May 2, 1871

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES.....$80
THRESHING and SAWING COMBINED..... 130
FANNING MILLS..... 22

WM. ABBOTT.
Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 6wky

IF YOU WANT

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

SEND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor

SUCCEEDING TO THE BUSINESS OF MAGEE & RUSSEL.

The Undersigned, in succeeding to the business of the above named Firm, would say that the balance of the Stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Carried over by them, will now be offered by us, at prices that cannot attract the attention of

CLOSEST BUYERS.

In order that we may have time to get the stuff forward and reduced,

THE SALE

Will not begin before

Monday, the 4th September.

Having therefore decided that all Goods of this Season MUST BE SOLD, we have reduced to them to such prices as must soon effect it.

We therefore invite inspection of our Stock by intending purchasers.

We would call special attention to our

SILK DEPARTMENT,

in this line we are offering decided BARGAINS in Colored, Fancy and Black Silks.

in the

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

We will offer a large lot of FRENCH MERINOS, FRENCH TWILLS, REPPS, SERGES and WINCIES.

The Goods in this Department were considered fair value at old prices, but having decided to CLEAR OUT, all of last Season's Stock have been marked down. Those requiring anything in this line will do well to give a look through the Departments.

ALL STAPLE GOODS, WHILE THE SALE CONTINUES, WILL BE OFFERED AT A SMALL ADVANCE.

☞ A large quantity of Grey and White Cottons now forward, and considered extra GOOD VALUE.

We will not quote prices, being satisfied, as we are, that purchasers must see value before paying any attention to figures.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

SUCCESSORS TO—

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

ESTABLISHMENT FOR YOUNG LADIES,

Wilbrod Street (between Nelson and Gloucester Streets), Sandy Hill, Ottawa.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART returns thanks for the kind patronage she has received during her residence in Ottawa, and hopes by unwearied attention to her scholastic duties, and by their efficient discharge, to merit and receive a continuance of favor and support.

The School will be RE-OPENED on FRIDAY, the 1st of September. All the Classes are open to any who may wish to join one or more of them for the study of any special subject.

Terms very moderate. References to parents of pupils.

August 18th, 1871. 1746 tf

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA,

Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's.

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.
1737tf

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested to settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

WANTED,

Young Ladies to learn Scot-matic Dress Cutting by the "PRINCESS LOUISE CHART" Terms $3. Apply to Miss FARNHAM, Russell House, Ottawa. 1746 a

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

☞ Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

YORK STREET, Lower Town, next door to Mathew's Hotel,

And at No. 209 WELLINGTON STREET Upper Town, opposite the Montreal Bank.

Mr. GENDREAU has always on hand the best French and English perfumeries.

You are respectfully requested to visit these establishments.

Ottawa, 21st August, 1871. 1747tf

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY,

WELLINGTON STREET,

CONDUCTED BY THE GREY NUNS.

The course of studies at this Institution will be resumed on Monday 4th Sept.

OTTAWA CONVENT,
Grey Nuns, Aug. 17, 1871. 1745-b

CHURCH OF ENGLAND LADIES' SCHOOL,

WINDSOR STREET, OTTAWA

(Established, 1869—Incorporated, 1871.)

Patron ..... *Miss Machin.*

The School will re-open SEPT. 1st.

Prospectuses can be obtained of Durie and Hope & Co.

Further particulars on application to the Lady Principal, or

REV H POLLARD,
1743c Secretary, Ottawa.

THE Rev. C. F. STREET informs his friends and the public that he will open his Classical and Commercial SCHOOL on MONDAY, 28th AUGUST, in the Sabbath School room lately occupied by the Rev. Mr. May.

For particulars, apply to Mrs. Kendall, Taylor's Block, corner of Nelson and Daly streets. 1741tf

MR. E. H. HARINGTON, B.A., Oxford University,

Begs to inform his Friends and the Public that he will OPEN his PRIVATE SCHOOL on MONDAY, the 4th September. School room, corner of Bank and Albert Streets. For further particulars, apply to Mr. E. H. HARINGTON, Russell House.

N.B.—Private pupils can be taken in the evenings.

August 24, 1871. 1751 8

ACADEMY OF THE GREY NUNS,

AYLMER.

The Classes of this Academy will OPEN on the 1st SEPTEMBER next. The building is new and spacious, and is situate near the banks of the Ottawa river

Aylmer, 16th August, 1871. 1744tf

SELECT BOARDING AND DAY ACADEMY FOR BOYS.

(CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL)

Principal — REV. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

Careful instruction will be given in Latin and Greek Studies, in French and German Languages, in Mathematics, in certain branches of Science and Art, and in all the common branches of an English education.

The Academy on the south side of Daly and Ottawa streets will be OPENED on the 7th SEPTEMBER next.

For further particulars, please address the Rev. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

August 25. 1752 1

A MARRIED WOMAN (English) wishes to obtain a small Family's WASHING. A.D.C. care of John Bobier, Ottawa.

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

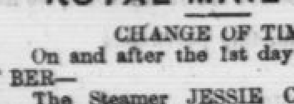
S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P.E.I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE, Manager.
HERRICK & CROMBIE, Agents, No. 3 Rideau-st.
May 20, 1871. 2670tf



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the 1st day of SEPTEMBER—

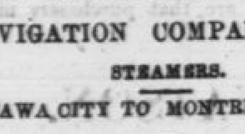
The Steamer JESSIE CASSELS will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 7.30 a.m., connecting with Steamers of the Line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The Steamer PONTIAC leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted), at 1 p.m., for Des Joachim; returning—leaving at 6 a.m., connecting with Steamer JASON GOULD, which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 p.m., passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The Steamer PRINCE ARTHUR leaves Portage du Fort at 7 a.m., connecting with Steamer JESSIE CASSELS for Aylmer.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip, at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 9 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, August 28th, 1871.

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA, CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES, CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5.30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY," CAPT. NICHOL.

Leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.
R W SHEPHERD.
April 25, 1871.

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B.—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1736tf

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN, IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

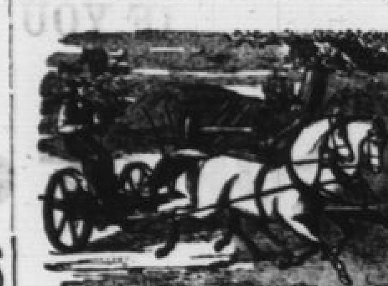
GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI.

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.
Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

The Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy will, at a Session to be held in the Hall of the said Township on SATURDAY, the 30th day of SEPTEMBER next, pass a By-law to establish the road as now laid out, between Lots Nos. 5 and 6, in the Third Concession of the said Township.

W. P. TAYLOR, Township Clerk.
Fitzroy, 28th August, 1871. 364



SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY,

—AND—

AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD, Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE MOWER

—AND—

SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain.*

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD, Smith's Falls, Ontario.
June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa P.O., August 31, 1871.

Adcock J C	Martin Wm
Anderson Elisbeth	Maddin Thos
Anderson Samuel	Malsbury Wm
Armstrong Wm	Minea Benj
Arnold Wm	Meade M J
Arthur Geo A	Mercer John
Armstrong Mrs A C	Mitchell W H
Aspdin Thos W	Milne G B
Barnes Sydney	Motherwell Thos
Barber G	Moore & Coburn
Beveridge Thos	Moore F H
Benfield Wm	Muir Wm
Bell H H	Murphy Mathew
Blais Miss Lydia	Neill John
Blakely Mrs	Nelson Mrs Alex
Boyd Dr B H	Nesbitt John
Brayer Wm	Nicholson John
Brennan Wm	Nichols John
Brewer Mrs Emily	Nolan Miss B
Bullock L	O'Brien Wm
Bowns Wm	O'Donnell D
Buchanan Mrs John	O'Donnell, G
Burns Mrs S	O'Connor W P P
Burns Miss	O'Connor Jno A
Byrns Hy	O'Connor Mrs
Campbell Mrs John	O'Dwyer John
Cain Miss Sarah J	Oliver A
Campbell Mrs Mary	O'Meill J
Callaghan Alex	Ormand Jno T
Cantwell John	Patterson Miss Anna
Cahal Miss Mary	Pearsons Albert
Church Jos	Perry Mrs M C
Clarke Miss Emma	Pearson F M
Conway Miss B	Perwitt J H
Corrigan Ed	Pickens John
Connor John	Powers Jesse
Cross W L	Pringle Miss Sarah
Crozier Joe	Pritchard Wm
Cunningham Thos	Quinlan Mrs P
Daly Carol	Rathwell Miss A
Davis J	Rice Alex
Davidson C P	Roberts Miss Kate
Davis Jas	Robertson Geo
Daly J J	Rose Rodger
Davis Mrs R	Roberts Mrs
Dempsey Miss E	Robertson David
Dendmore Miss Mary	Ryan Miss Julia
Dicare Miss M	Russell Mrs
Dickson Dr Geo	Russell A D
Doyle Mrs Peter	Saunders Miss Julia
Duncan Jas	Scobie Mary
Fenton Miss J	Servo Walter
Fisher John	Sheaver Jno
Forson Jas	Shehan Thomas
Forbes John	Smith John
Foster Jas	Smith Mrs W
Furlong Jas	Smith H D
Gan John	Smith Heber
Gibbons E	Smith Wm
Gillis J S	Sparks Miss Jane
Glenn Alex	Somerville Hugh
Gormly P	Sparks Noel
Gilchrist John	Sternbug J W
Grimes Thos	Sullivan John
Harris Lizza Ann	Tobin Jas
Hamilton Mrs S	Turner BW
Hewlett Thos	Watson & Hill
Hicks Jas	Ward Jas
Holland W H	Wable A
Hogan Miss B	Wallace M
Hogan Wm	Wagner H
Hunt Wm	Wilsman G & T
Hutchinson G W	Webb Jas T
Hutchison John	Weir John
Huchley Mrs	Wells J P
Hubert J	Webster Miss E H
Janet Rev Mr	Welch Mrs Geo
Jamieson D J	Whalen Miss Eliza
Johnston Miss Ellen	Wilson R
Jones Mrs J E	Wood H O
Kennedy Jno	Wright J
Kealy Mrs Julia A	McBrayen A
Kennedy M	McBryde Jas
King Geo	McClanlish T
Kingsmill M	McDonald And
King Jas	McClory John
Knapp H A	McDonald Miss F
Lamprey B H	McDonald D
Lane Miss Caroline	McDonald Mrs Geo
Leitch Miss A	McGuire Mrs Jno
Leroy W H C	McIntire Miss N
Lewis Mr	McIndi Miss C
Little Irvine	McGuire Philip
Lothion Miss Ellen	McKenzie A
Moher Wm	McKay Jas H
Martin C R	McMillan Miss Jane
May Jno	McMillan J H
Martin Edwin	McPhee A
Marshall David	McMahon Geo

G P BAKER, Postmaster.

WANTED,

A good Carriage and Sleigh Maker, and Blacksmith, at Kinburn, Township of Fitzroy. A good business chance for both, with shop accommodations. Steady and good workmen only need apply.

ALLAN FRASER.
Kinburn 2nd August 1871. 1738tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause, Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

" Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies.

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantrl, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO., DRUGGISTS, OTTAWA.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awky

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

The undersigned being about to visit England, offers the following properties for sale:

A large Brick Dwelling situate on Bessarer and Chapel Streets, with Coach House, Stables, &c.

12 Cottages on Augusta street, producing a clear rental of $700 per annum.

ALSO,

100 Acres of Land at L'Orignal, being south half of Lot No. 15, fourth Concession of Caledonia.

Terms to suit the purchaser.
1810d JAS G ROBINSON.

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gassfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

READING, ELOCUTION, WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to

MRS. R. STEWART, Wilbrod-st., Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.
Ottawa, May 18. 1871 1669tf

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.,
Omaha, Neb.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY P.M.
....	11 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	......	4.20
......	11 45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	8.00	......	4.20
......	......	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8.00	......	7.30
......	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	......	7.30
10 15	11 45	9.00	United States, *via* Ogdensburg	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	11.45	....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	......	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c.	......	......	4.20
9 20	......	4.30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	1.30
9 20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	......	......	1 30
10.30 / 5.30	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage / Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	8.00	11.00	...... / 7.00
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c.	......	......	700
7.30	......	......	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	......	......
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	......	......	6.00
11.50	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	......	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS

Via NewYork close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.00 noon, in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.
Post Office, Ottawa, Sept. 14 1871

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Furs, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866, besides numerous Testimonials. *Agents for Ottawa*—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until Noon of WEDNESDAY, the Sixth day of September next, for the widening of Sappers' Bridge and the construction of a new Bridge over the Rideau Canal to connect Wellington and Rideau Streets, according to the Engineer's plans and specifications, which may be seen at this office after the twentieth instant.

The bridges are to be constructed of iron and stone in a permanent manner, and may be let in one or more contracts as the City Council may decide after receiving the Tenders. The work is to be proceeded with at once, and good security will be required for the due performance of the contracts.

No tenders will be entertained unless made in the prescribed form. They are to be addressed to the undersigned, endorsed, "Tender for Bridges," and contain the names and addresses of two persons who are willing to become security for the contractor.

WM P LETT, City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa 19th July, 1871. 1721td

THE "RURAL" SALOON, ELGIN STREET.

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON will be called

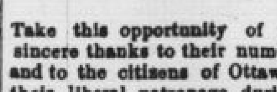
THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel. Strict attention to business. Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS



BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.
Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

GARDEN —AND— FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN.

CHEMIST, &c., SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.
Ottawa, May 1, 1871

FOR SALE.

BRAE SIDE STEAM SAW MILL,

Situated near Arnprior, Province of Ontario, and extensive Timber Limits on the River Coulonge, Province of Quebec.

The Mill has just been completed, and is most substantially built and fitted with the most improved Machinery, and can manufacture 140,000 feet of lumber per day. It has an extensive piling ground attached to it. Being placed where the Brockville Railway runs beside the Ottawa River, the lumber manufactured by it may be sent direct to the United States market. The limits comprise about 280 square miles of valuable Pine Timber country, with two extensive and productive Farms, and having commodious Dwelling Houses, Storehouses and Stables erected on them. They are also supplied with a large stock of provisions, horse feed and shanty plant for next season's operations

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be had by applying to J. B. Lewis, Esq, Barrister, Ottawa, or from Mr. George Purvis, at the offices of the Mill.

Ottawa, July 28, 1871. 1729 d&w4 1awk

SEEDS! SEEDS

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

☞ FLOWER SEEDS. ☜

A. CHRISTIE & CO.
(Late Alex. Christie.)
Druggists,
40, Sparks-st
Ottawa, April 28, 1871

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited. Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain,
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church, Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.
C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Medical

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE TEETH & GUMS AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE ARE SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD PREPARED ONLY BY MESSRS. GABRIEL DENTISTS LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	"SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily usdd. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.
MESSRS GABRIEL'S	ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweatens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co., Druggists, Agents for Ottawa.
May 11871

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Pistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont. Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.
November 24, 1870 1532tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it. Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

For Sale or to Let.

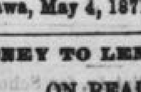
TO LET,

That COTTAGE, the property of N. Tetrau, Esq., Notary, in the Lower Village of Hull, with a handsome flower garden, stable, wood shed, ice house, &c., with or without the necessary firewood for next winter on the place. Mr. Tetrau having arranged for his residence in the dwelling adjoining his office, consented to the leasing of the property. For further information apply to N. TETREAU, N. P., Hull, P. Q. 1746 8

NOTICE.

TO LET, a Large OFFICE and THREE BEDROOMS well situated in the Aumond Block, west, end Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, July 11th, 1871. 1813tf



HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to T. M. CLARK, Royal Insurance Co.
Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

MONEY TO LEND ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, Agent,

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 386tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University,] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law, Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House. Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces · Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. 14y F C CLEMOW

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT, NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MARCIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetrau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull. Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE, BARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
989y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

S. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

G. C. RAINBOTH, Provincial Land Surveyor and Draughtsman, commissioned for the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.

Office. Aylmer, P. Q. 1722 tf

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 749t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1866.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbleized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Caps, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

T G SOMERVILLE, Travelling Agent.

1871. ICE! 1871.

ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, May 1649d

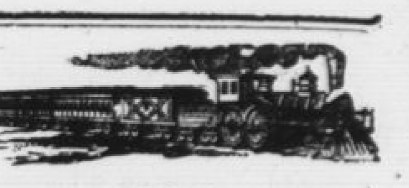
F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed.

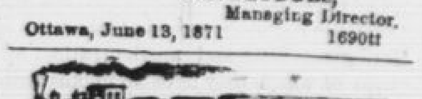
Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE. Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at	6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at	9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at	9.00 p.m
Mixed Train or Brockville, at	11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at	5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at	7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at	8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at	2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston	10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal:

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL, AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY, SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON
Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1689 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER, Proprietor.
May 31, 1871. 1680tf

DOMINION HOUSE

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS, OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attention would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley.

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel
Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 6m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.
P. O. Box 725.
Montreal, March 11, 1871 161 3y

CANADA AND U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES.
November 26, 1870 1524tf

MORRISON'S

STEAM BISCUIT BAKERY

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your Orders are solicited, and will be PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO by

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,
Nos. 36 and 38 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

TANNERY, PARK STREET, OTTAWA.

EDMOND GERMAIN, Proprietor.

All kinds of LEATHER for Sale, Wholesale, at reasonable prices.

ALSO,

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS WHOLESALE,

Of his own manufacture, at REDUCED PRICES.
19th August, 1871. 1746tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre), Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO 1773. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof whi h will be guarenteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Destillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constontly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal

1685 3m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
1 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily)
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

☞ The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED ☜

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

☞ Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

☞ OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND ☜

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL, Solicitor, Post Office Block.

1746b

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

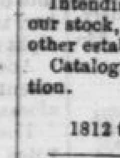
In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON, 8, Sparks Street.

1812 tf



100 CASES

HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT

"THE RED BOOT,"

OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overs,

MOCCASINS,

Laces & Boot Dressing

Which will be sold at the very lowest price possible,

Wholesale and Retail.

City and country dealers will find (on giving us a call) that they can be supplied at

Montreal Prices—Freight Added.

Having received a good part of our

Fall and Winter Goods

We are prepared to EXECUTE PROMPTLY all orders.

All summer goods selling at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Orders for Hand Made Custom Work attended to promptly.

A full sett of

Messrs. Ames, Millard & Co's Samples

of BOOTS and SHOES, always on view, and orders taken at lowest prices. One of our firm will wait on the merchants of Ottawa City and District soliciting orders.

Agents for wholesaling of Wm. Clendinneng's manufacture of *Stoves, Iron-furniture, Railings, Builders* and all kinds of *Plain and Fancy Castings.*

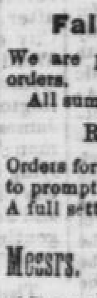
Agents for the celebrated

☞ *Plantagenet Mineral Water.* ☜

Orders promptly attended to.

LAMB & RODDEN, No 28, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, July 20, 1871.



BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE, at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 88 Sussex Street, Ottawa.

SIMEON LEBEAU, Agent.

1738 1NY

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871. 1871.

The following first-class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES.....J. James "
NIGER......W. Nisbett "
SEVERN.....G. Butchart "

Are intended to Sail, as under, during the Season of 1871, between

LONDON,

QUEBEC and MONTREAL.

FROM LONDON.

MEDWAY	Thursday, 10th August.
THAMES	" 24th "
NIGER	" 7th Sept.
SEVERN	" 21st "
MEDWAY	" 5th Oct.
THAMES	" 19th "

AND FROM QUEBEC.

NIGER	Thursday, 10th August.
SEVERN	" 24th "
MEDWAY	" 7th Sept.
THAMES	" 21st "
NIGER	" 5th Oct.
SEVERN	" 19th "
MEDWAY	" 2nd Nov.
THAMES	" 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $5 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW, Montreal.

or

T. M. CLARKE, Royal Insurance Co.'s Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, June 13th. 1760y

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

All descriptions of property insured at moderate rates.

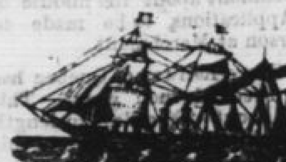
Tables of rates for Life Assurance and all information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

T. M. CLARKE, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.



1871. SUMMER SERVICE. 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

NESTORIAN	26th August.
SCANDINAVIAN	2nd September
HIBERNIAN	9th "
MORAVIAN	16th "
SARMATIAN	23rd "
PRUSSIAN	30th "

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin	$70 to $80
Steerage	$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN, on or about	31st Aug.
OTTAWA "	7th Sept.
ST. DAVID "	14th "
ST. ANDREW "	21st "
ST. PATRICK "	28th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin	$87 25
Intermediate	$47 or 44 00
Steerage	28 00

☞ An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO., Agents, 17 Sparks-.

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA,

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths, Doeskins, Casimeres, English and Canadian Tweeds Linens, Prints, Cottons Dress Goods, &c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats, Pants, Vests, Shirts, Drawers, Under Irts &c., &c.

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery, Neckties, Scarfs, Handkerchiefs, Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞ Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Third Annual Exhibition under the auspices of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society will take place on

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.

SEPTEMBER 20TH, 21ST AND 22ND, 1871.

On the Society's Grounds adjoining the city limits.

COMPETITION OPEN TO THE WORLD!

Nearly $3,000 is offered in Premiums

For Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, Agricultural and Horticultural Productions, Manufactures, Domestic Products, &c.

All parties may compete for prizes on payment of Two Dollars; Ladies on payment of One Dollar.

ENTRIES.

All entries must be made on printed forms, which may be had from the Secretary. These forms are to be filled up and signed by the Exhibitor, enclosing Two Dollars, which amount will entitle the Exhibiter to compete in all the departments.

The entries in each department must be made as follows:—

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before the 10th of SEPTEMBER.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery, and Manufactures generally SEPTEMBER 15th.

Horticultural Products, Flowers, Ladies' Work, &c., SEPTEMBER 18th.

The Society will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railroad Proprietors for carrying articles and passengers at reduced rates.

Arrangements will be made with the Customs Department for the free entry of articles for competition.

J B LEWIS, President.

A S WOODBURN, Sec. Treas.

Ottawa August 22. 1749t

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

OF THE

AGRICULTURAL & ARTS ASSOCIATION OF ONTARIO,

To be held at Kingston,

On the 25th to 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Persons intending to exhibit will please take notice that the Entries of articles in the respective classes must be made with the Secretary, at Toronto, on or before the undermentioned dates, viz:

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before Saturday, August 26th.

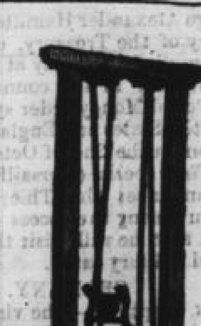
Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery and Manufactures generally, on or before Saturday, September 2nd.

Horticultural Products, Ladies' Work, the Fine Arts, &c., on or before Saturday, September 16th.

Prize Lists and Blank Forms for making the entries upon, can be obtained of the Secretaries of all Agricultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes throughout the Province.

HUGH C. THOMSON, Sec'y Agricultural and Arts Associatio

Toonto, August 15, 1871. 1745-d&w



THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex Street, and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

RARE CHANCE.

The advertiser has received instructions to offer for SALE, by TENDER, at so much in the Dollar, as per Inventory Valuation,

A WELL ASSORTED TAILOR'S STOCK.

Consisting of English Cloths, Canada Tweeds, Trimmings, &c., &c., amounting to over $4,000.

The Goods are all in first-class order, and have been well selected.

The above offers an excellent opportunity to any one about to commence business, as the goodwill can be secured.

Every information may be had by addressing Box 468, Montreal, and Stock Sheets can be seen on application to the undersigned.

Tenders will be received until the 26th instant. Parties making other than a CASH offer, will please name security.

C. BAILLIE, 181 St. James' Street,

Montreal, August 5th, 1871 173 St A

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD, Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

WANTED,

A good Carriage and Sleigh Maker, and Blacksmith, at Kinburn, Township of Fitzroy. A good business chance for both, with shop accommodations. Steady and good workmen only need apply.

ALLAN FRASER.

Kinburn, 2nd August 1871. 1738tf

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

☞ Terms, 40cts. per month.

Books bought, sold and exchanged:

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.

Mail Train at 3:30 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 4:10 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 8:10 p.m., and at Sand Point at 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 5:20 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m. 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE SAND POINT—9:10 a.m.; 4:30 p.m.

☞ Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT, Manager.

Brockville, 1st Sept, 1871. 1761-v

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway,

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL.

On and from WEDNESDAY, 15th SEPT. Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at	7 A.M.
" 4 Express " "	11 do.
" 6 Mail " "	12:30 P.M.
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars "	10:30 do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 4:00 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6 45 A.M., every Morning—Monday Mornings excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4.40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 6:30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.25 A.M. Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, Ottawa,

R. LUTTRELL, Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa Sept 9th, 1871

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the BROCKVILLE and OTTAWA RAILWAY will be held at BROCKVILLE on the 10th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon a lease of the section of the said Railway lying between CARLETON PLACE and SAND POINT to the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun., Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY will be held at OTTAWA on the 11th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon the accepting of a lease from the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company of that section of their Railway lying between Carleton Place and Sand Point, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun., Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

COUNTY OF CARLETON

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Annual Exhibition will take place on

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,

5th and 6th October,

at Bell's Corners, Nepean.

All SUBSCRIPTIONS should be paid before 1st September.

ENTRIES to be made before 3rd October.

PRIZE LISTS now ready and may be had from the Secretary at Ottawa, or at the different hotels, Bell's Corners.

A S WOODBURN, Secy.-Treas.

35 3

SALE OF PROPERTY.

In virtue of the Power of a Bond or Deed, DUNCAN McGREGOR, the older, held from DUNCAN McGREGOR, the younger, both inhabitants of Huntley, do hereby offer for sale, by Public Auction, on the ground, the East Half of the West part of Lot No. 1, in the Twelfth Concession of Huntley, containing 50 acres, more or less. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, on MONDAY, 16th OCTOBER 1871.

Sept 14, 1871. D McGREGOR.

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XL.

THE FIRST ATTACK.

(CONTINUED)

On that board he had encroached for the sake of David Johnstoun, but enough, as he knew, remained to land him in another country—to leave Joy virtually a widow—his child utterly an orphan.

"Will it ever come to that?" he thought in one of the pauses of his writing; "or will it please God to take me first and spare her?"

As though there were any especial reason why Joy should be spared, considering the hundreds and thousands of woman who have suffered for making gods to themselves of poor humanity since the beginning of the world.

It was always thus with him—whatsoever he was doing—wherever he was—in whatsoever company he found himself, the thought of Joy mingled.

As behind your friend, perhaps, while telling your best story, care mounts guard, so sorrow never lost sight of Andrew Hardell altogether, but kept him grimly in view while he wove his web and spun his hank; and in the first strange devices mingled, and out of the latter he failed to keep threads gray and black.

Well, the web and the hank were none the worse for the admixture—only it was not all the better for Andrew Hardell, who toiled resolutely on.

For a moment—only just for the instant—he had forgotten himself and his trouble, when a servant opening the door informed him that a strange person, who would take no denial, desired to see him

"I am engaged," Mr. Hardell answered, looking at the unfinished manuscript.

"So I told him, sir; but he said his business was pressing; that he would not detain you five minutes, and that if you knew his name was McPhail you would see him."

"McPhail," repeated Andrew, thoughtfully; then he said, "Show him in"

And while the man went to do his bidding, Andrew braced himself up to meet the inevitable trouble.

Yes, he could not diguise it from himself, the end so long dread was coming. Well, let it come.

"Your servant, sir," said Mr. McPhail, entering the room better dressed, more civil in his demeanor, than Andrew had yet seen him.

"Be seated," Mr. Hardell answered shortly, and Mr. McPhail, having complied with the request or command, remained silent for a few seconds.

"You wished to see me on business, I believe?" suggested Mr. Hardell.

"I am not aware that I said so," was the reply.

"Pardon me, I thought you stated you came on business, and that you would not detain me five minutes."

"No, I said I wanted to see you, and that I would see you if I waited twenty four hours. That was what I told your flunkey; what your flunkey made out of that on his own account is best known to yourself."

"I am not rich enough to keep a servant," Andrew replied, "and if I were, I do not think any conversation that might pass between you and him could interest me in the least."

"Perhaps not; but now suppose we get to business. You can have no sort of objection to that, Mr. *Anthony* Hardell."

"That depends entirely upon the business you wish to get done," Andrew answered.

"Oh, I'm coming to that."

"Then pray come—my time is valuable," was the reply.

"There was a period when you had more leisure," suggested the other.

"There was a period, probably, Mr. McPhail, when you had more to do."

Straight across the table McPhail looked at him; then he said,

"Yes, there was, you sneaking rascal, and you have cut me out of it. What right had you—"

"If you have come to talk about that matter of yours and Mr. Johnstoun's, remember I refuse to enter upon it," Andrew remarked mildly.

"No, sir, I have not come on David Johnstoun's matter, and I decline to enter upon that again. I have come here for only one purpose, and that is to say *you are known.*"

"Known—in what way?" asked Andrew innocently.

On hearing which, McPhail laughed uproariously ere he replied,

"Known as the gentleman whose case occupied the judges and jury at Dumfries for just upon a whole day—known as the man whose life hung upon a thread when the jury found the crime 'Not Proven'—known as the same who first killed Kenneth Challerson, and then hid your clothes away in some place beside the Solway. How was it? Oh, I know; you stuffed them in the crevies of a rock, and a little shepherd-lad found them, button and all missing, a week after the first high tide, and a month after the jury found you guilty in their opinion. It is a nice thing to have been preaching and visiting and marrying all these years under a false name—the name of a man you have likely as not murdered?"

"Mr. McPhail," said Andrew Hardell, "you are certainly insane, and I must either ask you to leave the room, or ring for a servant to compel you to do so."

"Ah, you were able to do your own work for yourself in the days I speak of; but no doubt your dainty wife and your grand relations have changed all your good old-fashioned ways. No, you need not come that dodge," he added, seeing Andrew's hand clench and his brows contract; "because I know who you are, if Mrs. *Anthony* Hardell and her father do not."

Hearing this, Andrew rose and walked towards the bell, but his visitor intercepted him:

"The moment you bring a servant into the room," he said, "that moment it is all up with you."

"Stand aside," was Andrew's reply, and his voice was hoarse with fear and passion. He believed the hour had come at last. Well, he must face it, that was all.

"Stand where you are," retorted Mr. McPhail, who began to think he had, in his desire to bully over and torture his victim, gone too far—gone so far, indeed, as to jeopardise the realization of his own views—"and listen to me." I owe you a grudge—I tell you so frankly, for meddling in affairs which were no concern of yours; but I am willing to excuse that, and even forgive you, now I know you are just as much under Johnstoun's thumb as mine What good do you suppose it could do me to tell the world you are Andrew Hardell and none other?"

Once again Andrew took a step towards the bell.

"Stop!" went on McPhail; "I am willing to come to terms. You have a secret you want kept; I am agreeable to help you to do this if you make it worth my while."

"Sir, this is monstrous!" said the man he addressed; "how dare you presume to imagine that the affairs of the wretched individual of whom you speak are any concern of mine?"

Hearing this, McPhail fell back incredulous, but still bewildered. Of his own knowledge he could not say that this was really Andrew Hardell.

In his desire to keep all the money he believed was to be made out of the secret in his own hands, he had come to Edin without the only acquaintance he knew in London (save David Johnstoun) able to identify his prey; and seeing his advantage, Andrew pressed forward and rang the bell.

"You have chosen, then?" said the fellow in a tone of suppressed fury.

"I choose that you shall leave this room," Mr. Hardell answered. "Show this person out, Jenkins," he added, addressing the servant who answered his summons.

Just for a moment McPhail hesitated; then he doggedly crossed to the door, where he stopped and turned once again towards Aderew.

That was an awful instant to the wretched man. Would he denounce him Would he shout out the secret? or would it really come to nothing, and the whole affair have to be gone over again at some not remote period?

"Sir," he began, after a pause, which seemed to Mr. Hardell like an age taken out of eternity, "let me speak to you quietly for five minutes; I will try not to offend again. I have come far to see you, and it will be hard if you send me away without having been able to say what I want only because I am a bit too free in my speech."

"You can say any thing you like," returned Andrew, carelessly; but the fellow could see that his hand, moving nervously among the papers on his table, shook like a leaf.

"It is a private matter, and if you do not mind speaking to me alone—" suggested McPhail.

"You can close the door, Jenkins," said Mr. Hardell; and again the pair stood facing each other, the one defiant and the other insolent.

"That was pretty well played out," said the man; "you may thank the Lord I have my temper pretty well in hand, or your coach would have been upset, that I can tell you. Now, what is the use of the way you are going on? You are as well aware as I am that you are Andrew Hardell, and that I know it; that I can ruin you, and that if you do not make it worth my while to keep quiet I will ruin you. I am acquainted with a fellow who sat in Dumfries Court-House the whole of that day when nobody would have chanced a sixpence against a pound note that you would ever get home to die in your bed. I have only to bring him down here and he would identify you in a minute; but what's the use of letting half a score people into the secret? Come now, Mr. Hardell, be reasonable, and you won't find me hard to deal with. I want money, and if you give it to me, I swear to you that as far as I am concerned you may remain the Reverend Anthony Hardell to the end of your days. What do you say?"

"Have you quite done?" Andrew asked; and though he was "tholing his assize" once more, his look never quailed, and his voice never shook. "Have you quite done?"

"For the present. yes."

"Then leave the room."

With a muttered curse McPhail turned angrily on his heel, and strode towards the door.

"The next time I come it will not be alone," he remarked, as he turned the handle; and then Andrew heard his heavy step crossing the hall and the oaken door slam after him.

The attack had begun—it had commenced in an unsuspected quarter; but that did not matter, neither could it affect his decision.

The man meant to fight the battle till he died or be conquered.

To be continued.

CITY COUNCIL.

CITY HALL, Ottawa, Sept. 18, 1871.

Present:—His Worship the Mayor and Aldermen Baldwin, O'Connor, Bangs, Woodburn, Rowe, Mosgrove, Featherston, Cunningham, McDougal, Taillon, Kehoe, Lapierre.

Ald. Heney presented the petition of D. O'Connor, respecting taxes. Referred to the Assessment Committee.

Ald. O'Connor presented the petition of Catharine Jones, for remission of taxes. Referred to the Assessment Committee.

Ald. Rowe presented the petition of William Malloy, for reduction of taxes. Referred to the Assessment Committee. Also the petition of Mr. C. Wilson, for a sidewalk on Slater street, between O'Connor and Bank street. Referred to the Board of Works.

Ald. O'Connor presented the petition of Alexander Christie, for the permanent establishment of the grade of Slater street. Referred to the Board of Works.

His Worship the Mayor presented the petition of Mrs. Charlotte Berry, for remission of taxes. Referred to the Assessment Committee.

Ald. Martineau presented the reports and communications of the Auditors on the audit of Collector's Rolls from 1864 to 1869. Referred to the Finance Committee.

Ald. Martineau presented the communication of James Hackett, Secretary of the Board of Trustees of the High School of the City of Ottawa, accompanying the financial statement of said Board for the year 1870. Referred to the Finance Committee. See appendix No. 1.

Ald. Lapierre presented the petition of A. Gagnier, praying that the City Clerk be authorized to transfer his Auctioneer's Licence to A. B. McDonald.

1. Moved by Ald. Lapierre, seconded by Ald. McDougal, that the petition of A. Gagnier be received; and that the prayer thereof be granted suspending any rule or rules to the contrary. Carried.

His Worship, the Mayor, presented the letter of the Hon. James Skead, Vice-President of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society, asking that the Mayor be authorized to give the necessary guarantee that accommodation would be furnished for holding the Provincial Exhibition in 1872.

2. Moved by Ald. Woodburn, seconded by Ald. Rowe, that the Hon. James Skead be heard on the subject of holding the next Ontario Provincial Exhibition at Ottawa. Carried.

3. Moved by Ald. Martineau, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that in the event of its being decided to hold the Annual Exhibition of the Provincial Agricultural Association for the year 1872, in the City of Ottawa, this Council hereby guarantees to furnish the necessary accommodation for such exhibition; and His Worship, the Mayor, is hereby authorized to give the requisite guarantee to the members of the Council of the Provincial Agricultural Association of Ontario, suspending all rules of this Council to the contrary. Carried.

4. Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the statement of the High School Trustees for the year 1870, be received and printed in the minutes. Carried.

Ald. Featherston presented the petition of William White and others, for a platform at the east end of Rideau street, and also for a pump. Referred to the Board of Works.

Ald. Martineau presented the Tenth Report of the Finance Committee.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

The Finance Committee in this their Tenth Report beg leave to recommend that His Worship the Mayor be authorized to sign the following cheques, estimated for in the Annual Statement for 1871 viz:—

The Trustees of the High School of the City of Ottawa	$1000 00
Christian Brothers' School	500 00
City of Ottawa Agricultural Society, grant for 1871	500 00
	$1800 00

All of which is respectfully submitted.

EUG. MARTINEAU, Chairman,

C. B. CUNNINGHAM,
J. R. O'CONNOR,
A. S. WOODBURN,
G. TAILLON.

Ottawa, Sept. 18, 1871.

5. Moved by Ald. Martineau, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the Tenth Report of the Finance Committee, just read, be received and adopted. Carried.

Ald. Lapierre presented Report No. 5 of the By-Law Committee.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

The By-Law Committee beg leave to submit their Fifth Report.

They beg to submit for your adoption a By-Law authorizing the issue of Debentures for $60,000 to build bridges over the Rideau Canal, which they have prepared pursuant to instructions from your worshipful body.

All respectfully submitted,

H. LAPIERRE, Chairman,

G. TAILLON,
WM. MOSGROVE,
A. S. WOODBURN,
A. BALDWIN.

OTTAWA, Sept. 18, 1871.

6. Moved by Ald Lapierre, seconded by Ald. Taillon, that the Fifth Report of the By-Law Committee be received and adopted.—Carried.

7. Moved by Ald. Woodburn, seconded by Ald. Bangs, that Aldermen Martineau, Bangs, Lapierre, Cunningham and Mosgrove, in conjunction with His Worship the Mayor, be a deputation in behalf of this Corporation to attend the annual meeting of the Board of Agriculture and Arts at Kingston next week.—Carried.

Ald. Lapierre introduced a by-law to authorize the issue of Debentures for the sum of $60,000 for the purpose of building bridges.

8. Moved by Ald. Lapierre, seconded by Ald. Taillon, that the by-law to issue Debentures for $60,000 to build bridges across the canal, &c., be now introduced and read a first time. Carried.

9. Moved by Ald. O'Connor, seconded by Ald. Woodburn, that His Worship the Mayor be authorized to sign a cheque for the sum of One Hundred and Seventy-seven dollars, in payment of James Gouin for the entertainment of the Press Association, suspending all rules of this Council to the contrary.—Carriad.

YEAS.—Baldwin, O'Connor, Woodburn, Rowe, Mosgrove, Featherston, Cunningham, McDougal, Taillon, and Heney.

NAYS.—Bangs, Kehoe, Lapierre, and Martineau.

Ald. Mosgrove presented Report No. 7 of the Water Works Committee.

10. Moved by Ald. Mosgrove, seconded by Ald. Lapierre, that the seventh report and estimate of the Water Works Committee be received and adopted, and that the said estimate be published according to law.

11. Moved by Ald. Martineau, seconded by Ald. Bangs, that the time of this Council be extended one hour. Carried.

12. Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Featherston, that the time of this Council be further extended one hour. Carried.

13. Moved by Ald. Woodburn, seconded by Ald. Featherston, that the report of the Water Works Committee now before the Council do not pass, but that the same be referred back to the Committee with instructions to employ Thomas C. Keefer, Esq., C.E., to report specially upon the question of site in connection with the construction of Water Works, and the cost thereof; and that Mr. Keefer be requested to report upon the matter as speedily as possible, and that the Committee be instructed in the meantime to advertise the by-law and estimates authorizing the construction of Water Works.

One o'clock p.m. having arrived, the Council adjourned.

APPENDIX.

STATEMENT IN REGARD TO THE OTTAWA GRAMMAR SCHOOL, 1870.

Aggregate number of names on Roll during the year	137
Average number on the Roll for each term	96
Number of scholarships held during year	18

NAMES OF HOLDERS.

John M. O'Hanly,	Charles Pope,
W. D. Ross,	F. D. Badgley,
Walter Thomas,	John C. Grant,
E. Morton,	W. Cousens,
Frank Cluff,	R. M. Morton,
F. Abbott,	D. Steward.
C. Langford.	

Number of pupils residing out of City	23
Amount of fees paid by pupils residing out of City	$416
Arrears due Board January 1, 1871	$728

SALARIES OF MASTERS.

John Thorburn, M.A	$1,350 00
John McMillan, B.A	950 00
Rev. T. D. Phillips, M. A	600 00
W. Carter	500 00
French Teacher (vacant at present)	160 00

OTTAWA GRAMMAR SCHOOL, 1870.

Receipts.

Fees	2,032 99
Government Grant	650 00
Municipal Grant	1,176 00
Balance due Treasurer	361 21
	$4,220 20

Expenditure.

Salaries:—	
J. Thorburn	1,263 00
J. McMillan	1,050 00
Rev. T. D. Phillipps	610 00
W. Carter	501 50
A. Gay	160 00
J. Hackett	32 00
	$3,616 50
Fuel, &c	211 54
Furniture	5 40
Prizes	85 40
Rent and Repairs	301 36
	$4,220 20

MOTHERS! MOTHERS MOTHERS

Are you disturbed at night and broken your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth. If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure and call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. Jyt31 2m

COUGHS AND COLDS.

Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly, when taken in the early stages of disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the Lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine.* Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

All the year round, "Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders" should be given to horses that are "kept up." To horses and cattle that graze in summer they should only be given in winter and spring.

NAPOLEON WEEPING.—The unfortunate exile who has seen the end of his Imperial Greatness, wept when he found himself so mercifully dealt with by his Antagonist and Captor, King William of Prussia. History seldom chronicles such leniency on the part of a Conqueror. Not so in Medicine, for the Great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills have no respect of any reigning disease in the human body, for this combined medicine roots out completely all acute and chronic maladies

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Chancery Sale—Kennedy & Christie.
Notice—A. Rowe.
Silversmith's Soap—John Oakey & Son.
Lecture—Mr. J. O'Farrell.
By-Law—Wm. P. Lett
Lost.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1871.

The Ottawa Times.

For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Sir Francis Hincks returned yesterday from Toronto.

Hon. John Carling arrived yesterday from Toronto; also Mr. Standish Daly.

PERSONAL.—Edward Griffin, Esq., has left town and will be absent for a few days.

We are sorry to hear of the death of Mr. John Compton, one of the proprietors of the Halifax *Express*.

Col. Gray, of Prince Edward Island arrived here yesterday morning, and is stopping at the Russell House.

Hon. H. J. Clarke, Attorney General of Manitoba arrived in town yesterday and is staying at the Russell House.

The Confederation Life Assurance Company of Canada, have deposited $50,000 with the Government, as required by law.

Mr. Stahlschmidt, the British Columbian Delegate to the Immigration Conference, arrived at the Russell House yesterday.

We are glad to hear that all the militia camps now formed are very successful. At Sarnia the muster is large, and when the Adjutant General was there on Monday, between 2,000 and 3,000 persons were on the ground.

THE IMMIGRATION CONFERENCE.

The Immigration Conference met yesterday in the Western Block, and sat for a short time arranging a basis of action. There were present Sir John Macdonald, Hon. Mr. Dunkin, Hon. Mr. Carling, Mr. Pickard from New Brunswick, Mr. Stahlschmidt, of British Columbia, Rev. Horrocks Cocks, and Mr. Haly from London, &c. The Conference will meet this morning at 10:30.

THE GRITS OF SOUTH OXFORD.

The Grits of South Oxford have been passing a series of resolutions which are rather laughable than otherwise. The first contains the usual vague charges of "reckless expenditure, violations of the constitution," &c., against the Government, and then comes a resolution affirming that "a coalition of parties holding political views widely at variance on questions of public policy" "cannot but result in bad government and corrupt practices." Now a more damaging admission than this can scarcely be made by the Grits. The men who compose the present Administration are thoroughly agreed in their political views. On all great public questions and in their ideas as to the manner in which the affairs of the country ought to be administered they are entirely united, and herein they differ very materially from their opponents. It is the Opposition leaders who desire to form a coalition government, who seek to bring together Nova Scotia Anti-Unionists, Quebec Independents, and Ontario Grits into one happy family. That would be an "unhealthy combination," indeed, and one which would most assuredly end in "bad government and corrupt practices." What would the people of British Columbia think of the political position if they saw men who have sworn to break up and destroy the British American Union placed at the head of affairs, and Ontario Grits sitting at the council board beside them? Would not they, would not any unprejudiced man, gifted with an ounce of common sense, regard such a combination as being a far more dangerous one than the "coalition" which now exists, composed as the latter is, of men who, though they may have differed on questions for ever passed away, are now thoroughly in accord, and all pledged to uphold the cause of Union? If the Grits of South Oxford were permitted to think for themselves a little they could not fail to see what nonsense is all this talk about a coalition" as applied to the present government.

The last resolution is to the following effect:

Resolved, That this meeting views with alarm the sacrifice of our national interest to Imperial policy in the Washington Treaty, and in the absence of explanations from Sir John A. Macdonald, who was specially charged with the protection of the interests of the Dominion, upon the Joint High Commission, must hold him responsible for a wanton sacrifice of our territorial rights and wilful negligence of the interests of the country, committed to his charge by a confiding Parliament.

Of course, the only object of those who concocted this resolution, was to mislead the people, and endeavor to prejudice them against Sir John Macdonald. They know perfectly well that none of our territorial rights have been "sacrificed" and none of our interests "neglected." We defy any Opposition organ to point out how our territory or our interests have been sacrificed. Anything more cowardly than this attempt to make capital against the Premier by thus misrepresenting the position which Canada occupies with regard to the Treaty of Washington, we have never known. Yet, the men who are guilty of this piece of unmanly and immoral piece of political trickery, have the impudence to talk about corrupt practices, &c., as though they were the most high toned politicians in the world! Brazen effrontery and sharp practice of this kind may serve their purpose for a while, but in the end they will have cause to regret that they did not wage a more manly and honourable kind of political warfare.

MANITOBA.

We direct the attention of our readers to an article entitled, "A Year's History" which appears in another column. It gives a very gratifying account of the condition of affairs in Manitoba, and just now, when a number of gentlemen from England and elsewhere who are interested in the subject of Emigration, are visiting Ottawa, it is well that they should have an opportunity of becoming acquainted with the actual state of things in that great country, which is destined to provide a home for many millions of the human race. Certainly the successful results of the Government policy and of Governor Archibald's administration of affairs appear almost marvellous. To "bring order out of chaos" is a task wich requires no light efforts, yet this is what has really been done in Manitoba within the past twelve months.

The Toronto *Globe*, and one or two other journals, for some unexplained reason, are laboring with great assiduity to prevent persons from emigrating to Manitoba. They represent that the province is in an unsettled state, that no Englishman can expect to have justice done him there, and have doubtless done very much towards preventing people from going to Manitoba, just in the same way as by their misrepresentations with regard to the Grand Trunk Railway they prevent thousands of dollars from being spent in Canada yearly which but for them would be spent here. But the evidence of those who have been in Manitoba and who were at first disposed to be unfriendly to the Government, proves very conclusively that the ministerial policy has resulted in complete success, and we trust that notwithstanding the efforts of the journals to which we have alluded, we shall next year see a large tide of immigration find its way into Manitoba.

"THANK YOU."

Who does not remember the great Bloomer controversy? That distinguished lady some twenty years ago introduced a reform in the costume of the elkesipeplous sex. The old characteristic of robe-training was no longer to be the epithet of Trojan dames. They were to wear a bodice tight to the figure fastened by a leathern strap around the waist with flaps below like the chorus in Der Freischutz; the whole terminating with Persian *pantelettes*—spangles, we believe, were left to individual taste—over a neat tight fitting boot. This was the new revelation for the daughters of Eve. Henceforth, they were to be independent. It was no longer woman and her master, but man and his equal. Mud crossings were no longer formidable. Gymnastics were to become a favorite pursuit, and indeed, since those days, we have been favored with wonderful female dexterity in this excellence of a past age to recall the celebrated flute girl of the Symposium who led the uproarious visitors according to the narrative of Plato into the house of Agathon. One great point was peculiarly dealt upon, a lady in *la Bloomer* would then be able to take a fence, or cross a stile without help from a ruder hand. At once, however, rose up the counter argument, that these slight interchanges of kind feeling called forth by aid rendered and thanks expressed, were among the most pleasing associations of life. And it was held that as woman is never so charming as when expressing her thankfulness, so to deny her the opportunity of acknowledging an obligation, was to destroy the chance of her making a point in her powers of fascination. Such interference it was argued was almost criminal. The theoretic woman, rising to high dignity of character in great emergencies, self-sacrificing, generous, and impulsive, was nevertheless held in the more trying and material difficulties of life to be dependent on the forethought and aid of men. Whether the argument in this form had the better, or the dress proved inconvenient, or very few feminine ancles can stand the ordeal of the tight fitting boot, Bloomerism disappeared in very quick gradation. And when it was taken up by enterprising damsels who sold books in Railway Cars, or visited gentlemen in their offices, that real character when he is wanted, the father of the family thought it high time that his daughters should not be included in such a very dubious sisterhood. But if Bloomerism passed away, some of the arguments by which it was enforced, still exist, and those who linger in the halcyon days of youth and fancy, now, as then, sternly oppose the self assertion which claims for womanhood the position of Colonels of regiments downwards, on the ground that one of the charms of life is to aid suffering beauty, and that there is no greater reward than the glance of gratitude and a few lisped broken words of acknowledgement from attractive and fair lips.

We suppose this theory will find general acceptance, and we should not allude to it, but from the circumstance that a correspondent calls our attention to the fact that there is a line of street cars in the city. He goes on to say that none of the cars are very large, but that often they are very full, and moreover, that the interval of time between the passage of each car is not always regularly observed. It follows then as a deduction, that whosoever has to take the cars, accepts them in their discomfort, because to wait until the arrival of the succeeding car would frequently be serious inconvenience. Accordingly, ladies come in when the cars are crowded, and as a rule, judging by his experience, the male portion of the community invariably rise and give them seats, and our correspondent concludes by saying that in his experience the seats are very often so accepted without grace, or acknowlegement, without dignity, and with an utter disregard of the sacrifice of comfort, which the retiring seat holder has deliberately made. We do not say whether our correspondent be right or wrong but it seems to us scarcely prudent for any one, even for the lips of beauty, to ignore the two simple words placed at the head of this article. A worm will turn. And altho' a man's admiration may go far for a pretty face, there is a fund of masculine vanity which if outraged is stronger even than susceptibility to female loveliness. The problem is proved in the city of New York, if no where else. In old days the fair sex got the best of it in that city. People put them chairs, and lent them umbrellas, and abandoned their own positions at the theatre, so that they could see and hear too, and; when drapery was seen at the door of the street cars there was a general rush of the male occupants to make way for the new comer. And it could not be said that all this homage was paid to mere good looks, for the old and faded experienced it with the young. Now all is changed. You can go any day in any street car, and you will see standing in the middle drearily holding the little strap hanging from the roof, looking as disconsolate as *sperata forma* is capable of looking—women—good looking, fashionably dressed, and certainly prepossessing. And all this because in former days they declined to utter two syllables of gratitude. Men got tired of always yielding, to meet neither acknowledgment nor recognition. One day some bold innovator, some MARCUS BRUTUS of the Bowery kept his seat; holding that men had rights on their side, and the example has been too faithfully kept to our day. The New York car furnishes a seat for the first comer, who keeps it till his journey's end, having long parted with all the poetry of politeness.

We should be exceedingly sorry to see such a state of things in Canada, and if the *beau sexe* are wise, they will take particular care that it does not so come to pass. "Giving up the seat to a lady" is a sound which has not yet lost its magic. But although a homely phrase, it cannot be subjected to much rough use. It must be treasured and fostered, and we suggest to those who are interested in the purity of its preservation that the whole charm lies in their own power, and that neglect will bring to disuse a a custom on which much of their own comfort depends. The charm is so simple that we wonder that a well constituted mind can ever neglect to speak it, when receiving a favour especially a favour from the hands of a stranger.

A YEAR'S HISTORY.

From the Manitoban.

Manitoba possesses now a year's history. It was this day last year that Governor Archibald entered Manitoba, and since that date Manitoba has been virtually and practically a Province. Let us take a brief review of the year's doings. And, first, let us look at the difficulties the governing power had to contend with.

At first, it was thought that serious difficulties lay in the relations existing amongst the people of the country themselves. It was made to appear that the English and French sections of the community had during the troubles of the preceding winter, learned to hate each other heartily, were thoroughly divided in their ideas as to Canadian annexation, and under any circumstances could not by any possibility be got to work harmoniously together. This notion was zealously fostered in the other Provinces by certain parties whose unscrupulousness and recklessness of assertion were only surpassed by their lack of principle, and their utter disregard of truth and honesty. By these the French half-breed was depicted as a roaming, worthless creature, but little removed from the untaught savage. The English half-breed was regarded and depicted as all but a nonenity; while the Scotch were spoken of as followers and "sheep." But when the facts were actually realized, it was found that amongst the natives and old residents of the country no real difficulty existed. Hitherto they have had their differences as to religion, but unlike the other Provinces, these religious questions had not been allowed to enter into their political or social relations. Up till the time of the difficulties occasioned by Canadian bungling and stupidity, this people had lived in patriarchal simplicity and Christian brotherhood, and the result was, that on the arrival of Governor Archibald they settled down into their old relationships, and the formidable difficulties anticipated from the people of the country proved illusory and non-existive.

But amongst the people resident in this Province there was a section which raised difficulties—difficulties which more than once threatened to launch the Province into a sea of troubles, wider and more turbulent than any it had yet sailed over. Vengeance was their watchwood. Murder or something very like it was perpetrated. Men and women whose position and mission, even amongst the most heathenish have as a rule raised them above harm, were insulted. One section of the community could scarcely appear on the king's highway without being liable to molestation: in fact, it seemed at one time, that the Province had yet once more to undergo suffering and trial from political sources. But thanks to the forbearance of the section of the community, on the one hand, towards whom these manifestations of overt acts were principally directed, coupled with the discretion, the vigorous action, and the statesmanlike policy of Governor Archibald, the action of these parties, though it has been inveterately carried on ever since, has proved innocuous and vain.

But perhaps the greatest difficulty the Governor encountered on his arrival in the Province was the want of form which characterised its political constitution. The old machinery which had done the work of the Government so long and so well, had, as it were, been soldoff. The temporary contrivance by which it had been marked during the year previous, had, as it were, been smashed. And Governor Archibald arrived in the Province, to find it, so to speak, without form and void. It was a kind of little chaos, and most men would have thrown the thing up at once on looking at it.

But the Governor appreciated the circumstances in which he found himself, as the events have proved, and directing his energies to the work before him has now the satisfaction of seeing the country settled and working in a way, which not even the most sanguine, could have anticipated. True, according to the *Globe* and others, Governor Archibald took the wrong course altogether. Instead of setting himself, as he did, to the internal organization of the Province, and constructing matters so that the political machinery might work somewhat decently, and that the people of the country might feel that law and order prevailed in their midst; these critics argue and argue still, that all the Governor's energies ought, for the first year, to have been devoted to making things sunny and comfortable for outsiders, leaving the people and the institutions of the country to shift for themselves. But Governor Archibald, single-handed—for there was but little political experience in the Province that could be utilized—set to work, and stuck to his work, and wrought in a way that few men could have endured either mentally or physically, and what is the result? Just this, that Manitoba possesses a political machinery to-day, almost as complete as any Province in the Dominion, and the whole has been contrived in the course of a single twelve months. The *Globe* and its parasites may rave and become silly as they please, and they may denounce Governor Archibald and clamor for his recall but the fact remains nevertheless that a great work has been completed during the past year—a political framework, wide, and solid, and substantial, has been constructed—laws tending to the social and domestic welfare of the people have been enacted—a system for the administration of justice, simple, yet recognized by all to be most complete, has been instituted—a school system has been organized, and is now all but in full operation—an effective police force has been established—the highways are being rapidly constructed—a rigid licensing system is in full operation—telegraphic communication with the world without will be consummated in a month or two—negotiations for railway connexion are proceeding—the Indian difficulty has been solved over 30,000,000 acres—the surveys are being rapidly pushed on; in brief, the Province to-day presents an aspect which would have done credit to the work of a dozen experienced politicians; and we venture to assert that, when the time comes, and when the papers of the Province are brought before the House of Commons, Governor Archibald's successful labors will be both appreciated and recognized by both sides of the House.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 19.

The Rev. Henry Ward Beecher arrived here to-day.

The dental licentiates of the Province of Quebec met this afternoon, and elected a new Board of Examiners.

The Jewish new year began on Friday, and for the succeeding ten days penance and religious observances, prescribed by the church, are now being strictly kept by all the Israelites in the city.

The bark *G. W. Hunter* in leaving the harbor this morning for Dublin, run aground at Pointe Aux Trembles, nine miles below the city.

It is reported to day that a clerk, whose name is not yet known, has absconded with $400 from his employer. The police are on the track in all haste.

The exhibition of the Horticultural Society opened this afternoon in the Victoria Skating Rink. The show is much finer than any previously held. The exhibition of lumber and entries are one third more than at the last exhibition, while there is a corresponding improvement in the quality and quantity of flour and produce exhibited.

Louis Dewers, an old man, fell dead last night while returning from the country in apparent health.

Mlle. Nilsson's concert last night was one of the most successful ever given in this city. The *elite* were present in large numbers and departed completely delighted.

Over 50 clergymen of the Provincial Synod attended the Jesuit Church services on Sunday, and considerable scandal is felt among the Montreal churches in consequence.

There is a decided weakness in stocks this morning. Holders' rates of yesterday were entirely giving way. There were, however, very considerable transactions effected, buyers generally not receding from their offers, when sellers were willing to meet their views.

Lieut. Governor Wilmot, of New Brunswick, who is now in the city, is very active in the cause of Wesleyan Sunday Schools Yesterday he addressed St. James' Street Church Sunday School scholars with great effect.

The weather is cool.

NEWCASTLE.

NEWCASTLE, N. B., Sept. 18.

The progress of the Miramichi bridge is extraordinary. The plant and machinery is worked by ten steam engines of great power. The contractors have succeeded in sinking two of the enormous caissons and are now putting in concrete. One of the great abutments is nearly completed. Mr. McDonald has charge of bringing in the north west branch, and has found rock at one hundred and eight feet, and at one hundred and twelve feet a spring of fresh water flowed over the top of the pipe at the rate of one hundred gallons per minute 10 feet above tide water, the depth of the salt water in the river being over thirty feet. When the bridge is completed it will be one of the finest structures on the continent.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—The Russian fleet escorting the Grand Duke Alexis to the United States, and now in the English waters will proceed to Falmouth for coal and necessary repairs instead of remaining at Plymouth for that purpose.

The foreign workmen are leaving Newcastle.

The Magistrates there have dismissed numerous summons brought by the masters against the employees who left their work unfinished.

The Russian squadron escorting the Grand Duke Alexis arrived this afternoon at Plymouth.

The newspapers generally praise the manœuvres of the troops and militia at the Aldershot camp. American officers, however, who have been present, call attention to the total absence of provision trains.

A Naval Court Martial has been appointed to investigate the cause of the accident to Her Majesty's ship *Racer*, which was recently ashore.

The English hop crop has been gathered and it is about one third the usual crop.

DUBLIN, Sept. 19.—John Daly, the Mayor of Cork, has been presented with the Cross of the French Legion of Honor, in recognition of the humanity shown by the municipality and people of that city, in sending succor to the French wounded during the recent war.

Six men have been convicted in one of the Irish Courts and sentenced to various terms of imprisonment.

The *Morning Advertiser* of to-day continues its editorial imputing the blame for the war in Corea to the Americans. It says that the result of the recent battle will be the driving of foreigners from the country. The *Advertiser* also says that England will not join the United States because she was not consulted before the expedition, under Admiral Rogers, was sent into Corean waters.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 19.—The Paris forts will be formally surrended by the German occupants to the French to-morrow. The evacuation of four Departments contiguous to Paris will follow immediately and be completed by the 25th inst.

The disarmament of the National Guard is proceeding quietly. Herr Von Arnim and President Thiers are to settle the details of the Peace Convention to-day.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Sept. 19.—The German army will be placed upon the peace footing immediately and reduced to an effective strength of 400,000 men.

Gen. Von Moltk has been created Marshal of the Empire.

The Prince Imperial of Germany Frederick William and wife arrived at Welhelmshohe yesterday.

Bismarck has returned from Salzburg.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, Sept. 19.—A ministerial crisis is imminent here.

Baron Lingenan has been appointed Ambassador extraordinary to St. Petersburg

ROUMANIA.

BELGRADE, Sept. 19.—The session of the Legislative Chamber was opened to-day by Prince Milin who congratulated the Deputies on the prosperity of the Principality and the excellent condition of the army.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 19.—Strikers here have been successful.

ITALY.

TURIN, Sept. 19.—The municipality of Turin gave a banquet to-day in honor of the completion of the Mont Cenis Tunnel, at which the representatives of the foreign governments, who took part in the ceremonies of the formal opening, were present. The utmost cordiality was evinced by all the guests, and the French Ambassador, particularly, was remarkably enthusiastic. Many speeches were made and a number of toasts were drank, the principal of which were "success to Mont Cenis Tunnel and the memory of Caveour.

A special to the *World*, dated Turin, Sept. 19, says:—The King of Italy arrived here to day and had a private audience with Count de Romusat.

At the banquet yesterday Count de Remusat insisted on an alliance of all the Latin races.

Signor Visconte, in replying, advocated the union of France and Italy.

The King gives a banquet to-morrow.

SWITZERLAND.

BERNE, Sept. 19.—The Catholic party in the town of Solothurn, Switzerland, has constituted itself a liberal municipality.

Latest American Telegrams,

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—The United States and British Mixed Commission under the Treaty of Washington for the examination and discussion of claims of both countries, other than those known as *Alabama* claims, will hold their first meeting in Washington on Monday the 25th inst. The Right Hon. Russell Gurney, M.P., Recorder of London, is Commissioner on the part of Great Britain; Henry Howard is agent, and Jas. Carlisle, of Washington, counsel for British claims; Hon. James G. Fraser, of Indiana, is Commissioner on the part of the United States, and Hon. Robt. Hall, of New York, agent and commissioner for the American claims. The Commissioners will do nothing on the first day of the meeting than to submit their credentials and make and subscribe to a solemn declaration that they will carefully examine and decide to the best of their judgment, and according to justice and equity, all such claims as shall be laid before them on the part of the Governments of the United States and of her Britannic Majesty respectively, and also take measures for framing rules by which their actions are to be governed. Judge Fraser has written a note saying he will be present on Monday, and Recorder Gurney is expected to reach New York from London to-morrow. Carlisle has been advising counsel for the British Legation here during the last 15 years.

Information has been received here to the effect that a number of cattle stolen in Texas and carried into Mexico from the Hidalgo of Coalone since June 1st, is estimated at 500; and as many more have been stolen and carried over since June 1st from other points on the Texas soil. More armed bands have lately come into Texas from Mexico for the purpose of stealing cattle, and people are urged to organize to put the marauders down.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 19.—A great fire is raging in Virginia city, Nevada. It commenced on a street near Wells, Fargo & Co.'s offices, and has already extended one-eighth of a mile.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 19.—The remains of the late President Lincoln, and his two deceased children, were to day removed from their temporary vault to a permanent one just completed for their reception in Oak Ridge Cemetery. There were no ceremonies at the removal. Robert T. Lincoln, only surviving child, was present.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—The steamer *Merrimac*, from Rio Janeiro, August 16th, and St. Thomas Sept, 13th, arrived to-day. Among her passengers are Putoria Pedro Borges Braziel, Minister to Washington.

It is reported that the Mayor has withdrawn his letter of yesterday to the heads of Bureaus, and directed them to recognise Connolly.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—A meeting was held at Chelsea last night, in favor of the British workmen now on a strike.

Mr. Odger was the principal speaker, and he denounced in strong terms certain proprietors who had accumulated wealth out of the labor of the poor.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—The weather throughout England is fair and favourable to crops.

George Alexander Hamilton, Permanent Secretary of the Treasury, under the Earl of Derby, died yesterday at his residence at Balbriggan, in the county of Dublin.

The Postal Money order system between the United States and England will go into operation on the 2nd of October.

The *Times* special (Versailles) correspondent announces that Thiers goes to Fontainbleau during the recess of the Assembly, and that he will visit the site of the proposed military camp.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Sept. 19.—The virulence of the cholera is on the increase at Konigsburg. The rate of deaths has advanced from 50 to 70 per cent, and even 80 per cent; the number of deaths during the week ending 17th were 300.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, 19.—The night passed peaceably about the new Court House, and there is little news to report.

The intention is to-day, should the Ring attempt to oust Connolly by force and bring police to aid them to call upon the Government for the State Militia.

It is thought that this appeal will be promptly responded to, as Governor Hoffman is believed to be in sympathy with country democracy, who are opposed to the Ring. Should he refuse, an appeal will be made to the President for the aid of the United States troops.

One member of the Tammany Ring was yesterday endeavoring through agents to effect a hurried sale of the real estate belonging to him on the west side of the city. The property was offered at rates below its marked value, provided one hundred thousand dollars in cash could be paid before Wednesday, the day on which European steamers sail. Real Estate was also offered by other persons, like Ingersoll, Keyser and Garvey, not members of the Ring, but concerned in its great frauds.

General McClellan with the reporters, was very emphatic in his denunciation of the Ring. He says he does not see how they are going to get out of it.

The opinions of the people everywhere expressed yesterday, were enthusiastic in the work of reform.

ADDISON.

The domestic life of Addison formed a melancholy contrast to his public one. Married to a disdainful and ill-tempered woman, who constantly reminded him of her aristocratic lineage, and of her condescension in wedding herself to him; embittering his home with eternal altercations, petty resentments, and peevishnesses of all sorts; driving him to that wretched alternative, intoxication, to procure an oblivion for his annoyance. Holland House, Kensington, was the place of his residence, and the tradition exists that he was accustomed to spend his evenings at the small public-house in the road at the corner of the avenue leading up to the mansion, lately rebuilt and called the "Holland Arms," then a humble lath-and-plaster hostelry. So little was Addison respected in his own family—nay, so actively was he disliked—that his daughter, and only child, could by no means be induced to study his works, still less to praise them. In the midst of all this terrible retribution for his selfish and not very sincere course of life, we are naturally led to contemplate him in his last hours with more than ordinary tenderness and sympathy. Horace Walpole (who, by the way, seems to have been a tantaddling old eavesdropper) has recorded that he died drunk with brandy. Few persons, in thinking of Addison, reflect upon the early anticipation of his decline He died at the age of *forty-seven*—the robust period of manhood, both mental and physical. There is an outline sketch of him, writing at the coffee-house; and the figure is as haggard and emaciated as that of a Turkish opium-eater.

THE GLOBE'S BLUNDERS.

From the Halifax Colonist.

The Toronto *Globe* is ever eager to reproduce anything that is damaging to the reputation of any member of the Dominion Cabinet. This has led to its swallowing wholesale the fabrications of the *Chronicle* against Dr. Tupper. With reference to ourselves the *Globe* says:

"Now, the *Colonist* retorts, when Dr. Tupper is charged with jobbery and malfeasance of office, that Mr. Annand has in his turn been guilty of equally base transactions.—This is, of course, no defence at all, and such a plea, being put forward only adds to the suspicion that there is too much truth in the story we have just related."

The *Globe* utterly misrepresents our retort. We denied that Dr. Tupper was guilty of the crimes laid to his charge. We called for a proof and none was forthcoming; indeed we knew that none could be produced, for we knew that Dr. Tupper had nothing whatever to do with mining speculations in the manner alleged. We vindicated Dr. Tupper's innocence, and then showed Annand's guilt—showed how he had shamefully misused the confidence placed in him and ruined a wealthy English Company; how he thus, while connected with the Government of Nova Scotia brought disgrace and loss upon the province. Will the *Globe* please correct its misrepresentation?

DOMINION NOTES.

A fatal accident occurred on Saturday near Kingston. Mr. James Henderson went out snipe shooting, and not returning to his home, a search was instituted for him. On Sunday morning he was found lying in the marsh near Turtle's Hill quite dead, with a fearful wound in his face and head, evidently caused by the explosion of his gun. The fingers of his right hand were in his vest pocket and held a gun wad, from which it is conjectured that he was in the act of loading the gun when the accident happened, and it has been suggested from the position of the wound that the ramrod having stuck in the barrel of the gun he endeavored to overcome the difficulty by drawing it out with his teeth. As no person was present when the accident occurred, the precise circumstances attending it, of course, are mere conjecture.

An inquest has been held on the body of Mr. Thos. White, of Temworth, the result showing that his death was the result of natural causes.

The *Belleville Intelligencer* says:—On Saturday, the 16th inst., as A. Diamond, Esq, Police Magistrate, was returning from a duck shooting excursion in Big Bay, he spied, seated on a tree on Horse Point, a large bird, which he rightly conjectured to be an eagle. Mr. Diamond landed, and approached under the friendly cover of some bushes to within sixty yards of his game, which he brought down with a discharge of No. 3 shot. It proved to be a brown eagle, measuring about 7 feet from tip to tip of his wings. The bird was only wounded, and was alive to day.

On the opening of the Toranto and Nipissing railroad, several arches were erected bearing such mottoes as "Who'd have thought it." "Onward to Fort Garry." "The old times have vanished," and "*Labor omnia Vincet.*"

Mr. Carr, Toronto City Commissioner, employed a number of boys to impound geese, offering them five cents per goose for all they could capture. In twenty-five minutes one youth had succeeded in impounding eighty-five geese, thus earning $4.25.

Another detachment of English boys, of ages ranging from 4 to 15, are expected to arrive at Marchmont about the middle of the week. Applications to be made to Miss Macpherson at Marchmont.

The North Shore Railway of Quebec has adopted the 4 feet 8½ inch guage. This road will be about 200 miles in length when completed and the adoption of this guage will probably lead to the same being the width of all the railways projected northwesward of Ottawa.

Thomas Heustis, of Prince Edward Island, has invented a new mitrailleuse with two barrels, worked by means of a lever, loads and discharges itself with the same operation, and is extremely simple. The invention will be brought to the notice of the War Department of England.

MILITARY.

Certain alterations have, the *Broad Arrow* believes, been made regarding the distribution of the military divisions to take part in the Hampshire campaign. We may state that these changes have been necessitated by the insufficiency of the transport. Ample transport has, however, been provided for two divisions which will be able to take the field; the remaining division will be comparatively stationary. The Quartermaster-General and the Assistant-Quartermaster-General have been at Aldershot during the last few days, for the purpose of making final arrangements. The following Rifle Volunteer Corps will be represented at the autumn camp:—1st, 2nd, 15th, 20th, 22nd, 48th, 49th, 11th, 19th, 23rd, 26th, and 36th Middlesex, 19th Surrey, and 1st Gloucester; also the following Administrative Battalions; 1st Dorset, 1st and 2nd Hants (Isle of Wight), 2nd Wilts, 2nd Surrey, 2nd Middlesex, and 3rd Somerset. Detachments of the Hon. Artillery, the 1st London, and the 1st Middlesex Engineers will also attend.

Mr. Thomas Welton has made public the details of a new system of fortification, which, we presume, he considers especially adapted for the defence of London. It consists in a connected series of bell-shaped domes, adapted for the employment of mitrailleuses, these domes rising but little above the ground line, and presenting a comparatively infinitesimal mark for the enemy's fire, while the domes themselves would pour forth a constant shower of missiles. Beneath the domes and below the ground line are the stores and magazines, the powder being kept under water. A hydraulic lift and steam power are brought into requisition, both to aid the working of the guns and to keep them cool in action. The author says "five such forts might be built in the radius of a mile, and so form an impregnable camp." Two of the peculiarities of the system appear to be comprised in the smallness of the garrison required, and the vast capacity of the underground chambers, which would enable the forts to withstand a siege for an almost indefinate length of time.

The *Army and Navy Gazette* is pleased to learn that it is the intention of the War-office shortly to call upon all Volunteer officers to qualify or resign. This announcement will nowhere be received with greater satisfaction than among the volunteers themselves. The War-office is taking steps to put a stop to the "double commission" system. Several Line officers have been called upon to tender the resignation of commissions held by them in the Reserves. Those officers holding rank in more than one branch of the Reserve forces are called upon to elect with which service they intend to act.

UNITED STATES CENSUS AND PATENT LAWS.

We are indebted to Munn & Co., publishers of the *Scientific American*, New York, for a neat little bound volume of 120 pages entitled as above. It contains the complete Census of 1870, showing the Population, by Counties, of all the States and Territories, with their Areas, and the Population of the Principal Cities. Also, the new Patent Laws in full, with forms, Official Rules, Directions how to obtain Patents, Copyrights, Regulations for Trade-Marks, Assignments, How to Sell Patents, etc. Also, a large variety of valuable information relating to Water-Wheels, Steam-Engines, and other mechanism, with many useful tables and recipes, 175 diagrams of Mechanical Movements, etc. We advice everybody to send for it as above. Price, 25 cents. A more valuable compendium, for so small a price, has rarely been published.

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks, —"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy docters' bills.' Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinline packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopothic Chemists, London d1569 1y

Coughs and colds, when left to themselves, frequently bring on pulmonary complaints, which lead to that distressing and fatal disease, consumption; but if attended to in time, "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers" are a certain remedy. They stop the irritating cough, and soothe and strengthen the bronchial tubes, allaying all irritations and inflammation. They are also particularly adapted for the use of singers and public speakers. Sold by all druggists and country dealers. Price 25 cents per box.

DIED.

At Ottawa, on the 1st inst., by accidental drowning, Thomas Yorke Dare, aged 12 years, only son of Mrs. H. Alexander Case.

The funeral will take place this afternoon at 3 o'clock from Christ Church. Friends are particularly requested to attend.

PAIN KILLER

Husband:—You have great faith, Mary in the PAIN-KILLER. The Parson's wife and Mrs. Judge Jones are very positive in favor of it, but I am inclined to think that if it did all it professes to do sickness and death would soon be out of fashion, for it cures everything.

Wife:—The Parson's wife and Mrs. Judge Jones are not the only ones that I have heard strongly recommend the PAIN-KILLER, every where I go they have it and everybody praises it, all the Liniments, Cholera mixtures and Pain Medicines have disappeared since Perry Davis' agent came round. (To little boy) George, does your tooth still aches, my dear!

George:—No, Mother, PAIN KILLER stopped it.

Wife to husband:—The Pain Killer does not profess to cure everything either in the Directions about the bottle or in the "Annual." I have read them carefully. It claims to be the best family medicine in existence. Perry Davis & Son do not say what it can do but prove what it has done by giving certificates from reliable persons whose testimony cannot be doubted.

Husband:—Do you think these certificates are *Bona fide*, I believe they are made up to sell the goods.

Wife:—Judge Jones was as incredulous as you till he wrote to Ferry Davis & Son and was satisfied, they sent him a quire of certificates received from parties within five miles of his own house.

(*To be Continued*)

Sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cts. per bottle.

LOST,

On FRIDAY, 15th instant a Gentleman's heavy GOLD RING, with Carbuncle Stone, chased in the sides. Anyone leaving it at this Office will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Sept 20. 1778tf

A LECTURE

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

ST. PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM

Will be delivered by the

Rev. M. J. O'Farrell,

of New York, at St. Patrick's Hall, Sussex street, on WEDNESDAY Evening, Sept. 29th, 1871, at 8 o'clock, p.m.

SUBJECT—"The Life and Times of Daniel O'Connell."

Ottawa, Sept 20th. 1771 td

NOTICE.

FOR SALE,

A well established BUSINESS in one of the most flourishing villages in the Ottawa Valley on the line of the Brockville & Ottawa Railroad. The stock now on hand consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, and Boots and Shoes, to the amount of about $4,000. The Business is well established, and an excellent trade has been done amounting to about $2,000 a year. The Shop and Dwelling can be leased or purchased.

Further particulars can be learned by applying to

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 19, 1871 1773.td

OAKEY'S
SILVERSMITHS SOAP
NON-MERCURIAL

For cleaning and polishing Silver, Electro-Plate, Plate Glass, &c. Tablets, 6d. each.

OAKEY'S
WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

prepared expressly for the Patent Knife Cleaning machines, India Rubber and Buff Leather Knife Boards. Knives constantly cleaned with it have a brilliant polish equal to new cutlery. Packets, 3d. each; and tins, 6d., 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s. each.

OAKEY'S
INDIA RUBBER KNIFE BOARDS

Prevent friction in cleaning and injury to the knife. Oakey's Wellington Knife Polish should be used with the Boards.

OAKEY'S
WELLINGTON BLACK LEAD

In solid blocks—1d., 2d., 4d., and 1s. each.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS
MANUFACTURERS OF
EMERY, EMERY CLOTH, BLACK LEAD, CABINET, GLASS PAPER &c
WELLINGTON EMERY & BLACK LEAD MILLS
172. BLACKFRIARS ROAD LONDON.

CHANCERY SALE.

SPAIN *v* WATT.

Pursuant to the Decree and final Order for Sale made in this cause, and respectively bearing dates 28th February, 1871, and 25th August, 1871, there will be sold by Public Auction, with the approbation of W. M. MATHESON, Esquire, Master in Chancery, at Ottawa, by AMOS ROWE, Auctioneer, at his Sale Rooms, near Sapper's Bridge, Rideau Street, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of SEPTEMBER, A.D. 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following valuable farm property, that is to say, all and singular, the rear or west half of Lot No. Fourteen, in the Second Concession, Rideau Front, of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton.

The property, well known as the Spain Farm, is of good farming land, and contains about one hundred and ten acres, all cleared, excepting about twenty acres of hardwood bush, and is situated on the main road, about two miles from the village of Manotic, and about fourteen miles from the City of Ottawa. There are upon the property a good farm dwelling-house, two barns, sheds, two orchards of plum and apple trees, and a good well and pump.

The purchaser must pay at the time of sale ten per cent. of the purchase money, and the balance in one month from the time of sale.

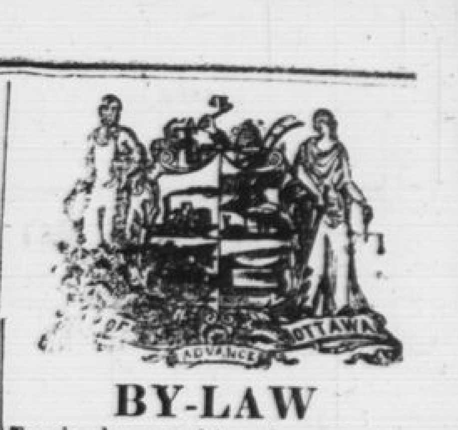
The property will be put up at an upset price of $1,300 dollars, and will be sold subject to an annuity of $50 during the lifetime of one Maria Spain. In other respects the conditions of sale are the standing conditions of sale of the Court of Chancery.

For further particulars, apply to Messrs. Kennedy and Christie, Messrs Scott, Ross and Stewart, or Martin O'Gara, Esq., Solicitors, Ottawa.

Dated this 1st day of September, A.D., 1871.

W. M. MATHESON,
Master at Ottawa.

KENNEDY & CHRISTIE,
Solicitors for Vendor. 1758td



BY-LAW

To raise by way of loan the sum of sixty thousand dollars for the purpose of building bridges across the Rideau Canal, repairing the Sappers' Bridge, and building a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats, in the City of Ottawa.

Whereas the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa have resolved to build bridges across the Rideau Canal, at Wellington and Maria Streets, in the City of Ottawa, to repair the Sappers' Bridge already erected across the said Canal, connecting Sparks and Rideau Streets, and also to build a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats; and it is estimated that the sum of sixty thousand dollars will be required for that purpose.

And whereas in order to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such works, it is necessary to issue debentures of the Corporation of the said City, to the amount of sixty thousand dollars, aforesaid, as hereinafter provided.

And whereas it will require the sum of six thousand six hundred dollars to be raised annually for the payment of the said debentures and the interest thereon, as hereinafter also provided.

And whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is five million seven hundred and sixty-eight thousand three hundred and nine dollars.

And whereas the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows: Principal, the sum of three hundred and two thousand eight hundred and eight dollars and fifty-one cents; and interest, the sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents, making in the aggregate the sum of three hundred and fifty eight thousand four hundred and sixty-two dollars and sixty-seven cents, of which interest the said sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts is in arrear.

And whereas for paying the interest on the said debentures and creating an equal yearly sinking fund, for paying the principal money of the said debentures, according to the statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

Be it therefore enacted and ordained by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:—

1. That for the purpose of constructing the said works, it shall be lawful for the Mayor, for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan, from any person or persons, body or bodies coporate who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of sixty thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain, for the time being of the said City, and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

2. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa, for the time being, shall cause debentures to be made out, in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of sixty thousand dollars; which said debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

3. The said debentures shall be made payable on the first day of January, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa, and shall have coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum, from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, on the first day of the months of January and July in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

For the purpose of providing a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar shall, in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected, in each year upon all the rateable property in the city of Ottawa, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the first day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.

And Whereas this By-law requires the assent of the electors of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said electors thereon, the Council of the Corporation of the said City, do hereby fix Friday the thirteenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned, in the said City, being the places at which the last elections of the members of the Council therein were held: namely, in Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke, therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward, at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine o'clock of the same day.

And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers, to take such votes at and for the several places, within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

TAKE NOTICE.

That the above is a true copy of a proposed By-law, which will be taken into consideration by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, after one month from the first publication thereof in the OTTAWA TIMES newspaper, the date of which first publication was the twentieth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, and that the votes of the electors of the said Municipality will be taken thereon, at the following places within the City of Ottawa, namely: In and for Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street, in Victoria Ward. In and for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street; and for that part of the said last mentioned Ward, lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In and for St. George's Ward, at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In and for By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street; and in and for Ottawa Ward, at Lot No. eighteen, therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street, on Friday the thirteenth

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day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, at the hour of nine of the clock, in the forenoon of the same day.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa Sept., 1871. 1773 tf

LOCAL NEWS.

MONEY TO LEND.—Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., corner Sparks & Elgin streets, Ottawa.

SENTENCED.—The man Lynch charged with burglary was tried summarily by Judge Armstrong yesterday and sentenced to two months' imprisonment.

CITY COUNCIL.—At a special meeting of the City Council held last evening the 6th Report of the Water Works Committee was adopted and the By Law based thereon read a first time.

AUCTION SALE THIS MORNING.—Mr. Rowe will sell this morning, at half-past ten o'clock, at the residence of Mr. Rowsell, Slater street, off Elgin street, all that gentleman's household furniture.

DUPREZ & BENEDICT'S MINSTRELS gave an excellent entertainment in the Music Hall last evening to a rather meagre audience. We state candidly that this is the best negro minstrel troupe travelling.

A CIRCUS THIEF.—A man connected with Howe's Circus was brought to Ottawa from Richmond yesterday charged with larceny. His trial will take place to-day.

A large lot of New Carpets just received at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks street.

IN BLOOM.—Detective O'Neil has an apple tree in his orchard from which he took a large quantity of apples this season, and which is again in full bloom. The tree is from the Rochester Nursery.

BOAT RACE.—A very exciting boat race took place on the Ottawa yesterday afternoon. The starting point was the Queen's wharf; from thence to the Gatineau point and back was the course to be rowed over. Several boats entered for the contest which was witnessed by a number of ladies and gentlemen.

GENTLEMEN.—Have your Shirts made to fit and as you want them at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans.

LECTURE.—This evening, at the St. Patrick's Hall, the Rev. Father O'Farrell, a distinguished lecturer, will deliver an address on "The Life and Times of Daniel O'Connell." The proceeds of the lecture will go to the benefit of the Orphans Asylum.

AGRICULTURAL ENTERPRIZE.—The thoroughbred bull "Royal Prince," purchased by the Messrs. Thompson, of Nepean, from Mr. Cochrane, of Compton, arrived here by the steamer *Queen Victoria* on Monday evening. "Royal Prince" is a magnificent beast, and Messrs. Thompson deserve great credit for their enterprize. They paid $800 to Mr. Cochrane for the beast.

BODY FOUND.—The body of the boy, Thomas Yorke Dare, drowned in the Ottawa on Tuesday last, 12th inst., was found yesterday about 2 p.m. A couple of little girls were out in a boat gathering drift wood, when they saw the body floating among the saw dust a short distance above the Queen's wharf. The body was brought ashore by policeman Martineau, and an inquest immediately held, the verdict being that Thos. Yorke Dare came to his death by accidental drowning.

Devlin's Hats that Fit Hats.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—W C Edwards, Rockland; J Standish Haly, England; Rev H Clocks, London, Eng; John Pickards, Fredericton, N B; Colonel, Mrs and Miss Gray, P E Island; Hon John Carling, Toronto; Thos Lees, Slahtschmidts, Victoria, British Columbia; J Saunders, Montreal; L Saunders, do; J W Baldwin, do; Alex Beggs, city; James Boulton, Toronto; H C Rogers, Peterboro; W C Nunn, Yellevile; Doctor and Mrs Munro, Lanark; J Poupore, Chichester; Thos Taylor, Fort Coulonge; M K Dickinson, Manotick; Hon Thos McGreevey, Quebec; Wm Withhall, do; D Murraif, do; A Humphrey, Caughnawaga; A R Shewan and wife, Montreal; H R Parson and wife, Guelph; Peter White, Pembroke; Mrs. Robert Bruce, Fitzroy; Geo Mohr, do; F A Wise, Prescott; E Spilman, Perth; Hon Henry J Clarke, Manitoba; W H Chappell, Detroit, Mich; L W Slacline, Resgiston; George W Foster, St Albans, Vt; John A Porter, Glasgow; Mr Chauveau, Quebec; J G Robertson, Sherbrooke; J W Bairns, Halifax, N S; S F Bairns, do; S Lesage, Quebec; E P Flynn, Halifax, N S, W Garvie, do; Geo L Hatheway, Fredericton, N B; W Kelley and lady, Chatham; Mrs. John Garvie, Halifax, N S; C Sheely, Detroit; Wm J Quincy, Worcester, Mass; Y G Cook and wife, Brockville; John Dods and wife, do; Theodore Parmenter and wife, Lecott; Dr Mayrand, St. Andrews.

Great Bargains in Lace Shawls. Price reduced one-third, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks street.

THE RACES.

The Fifth Annual Meeting of the Ottawa Turf Club opens to-day, and judging from the number of entries and the interest taken in the event by a large number of our influential citizens, we anticipate for it, should the weather prove favorable, a decided success. For the benefit of our readers interested in such matters, we subjoin a "correct card" of the races for to-day.

LUMBERMEN'S PURSE.

Mr J Connolly's br h "Gimcrack," 6 years, by "Young Raven," all blue.

Mr Coleman's br h "Bob Logic," 6 years, by "Bob Logic," all blue.

Mr John Green's br h "Young Rescue," aged, by "Rescue," blue and white.

Mr E J Newton, gr h "Medley," by "Rescue," all blue.

Mr O'Flynn's ch g "Prescott Boy," 6 years, by "Bay of Boston," blue jacket and red cap.

STEWARD'S PLATE.

W H Charles' br h "Gen Custor," 4 years, by "Donerail," all blue.

C. J. Alloway's ch c 3 years, by "Lightning," dam by "Reverence," black jacket, crimson hoop.

Fisher and Carson's b h "Viley," 6 years, by "Uncle Vic," out of "Silver Star, black jacket and pink cap.

HOTEL KEEPER'S PURSE.

James White's b h "Terror," 5 years, by "Ruric," out of "Montana," scarlet jacket and white cap.

C J Alloway's br c "Claret," 4 years, by "Reporter," dam by "Vandal," all blue.

Mr. O'Flynn's ch g "———," by "Bay of Boston," blue jacket and red cap.

Fisher and Carson's b c "Storm," 4 years, by "Thunder," out of "Lady Franklin," black jacket and pink cap.

Pools for the above races were sold at the Russell House, last evening, in a room courteously lent for the purpose by the proprietor, Mr. Gouin. The competition in many cases was very lively and considerable excitement attended the bidding throughout. The result of the sales gives the following as the standing of the horses in the opinion of the "knowing ones".

POOLS.

Lumbermen's Purse—"Prescott Boy" favorite; "Rescue" 2nd; Field.

Steward's Plate—"Gen. Custor" favorite; Field.

Inkeeper's Plate—In this race "Storm" was the favorite at first but later "Tenor" become 1st choice; "Storm" 2nd; Field.

Pools will be sold at 10 o'clock this morning at the Russell House, and at 1 p. m on the course.

The first race comes off at 2p. m. sharp.

A WOMAN DROWNED IN THE CANAL

The body of Mrs. Patrick Cody was found floating in the first lock, about 7 o'clock yesterday morning, by Wm. Miller, watchman, as he was taking wood and other rubbish out of the canal. A portion of her head was above the surface of the water, but the body was submerged. He immediately conveyed information to the Police Station, when some members of the force went down and took charge of the body. An inquest was held on the body at Mr. McIntyre's Hotel, at 10 o'clock, by Dr. Beaubien, Mr. Josiah Chamberlin, being foreman of the jury. The deceased's residence was on St. Paul street.

The first witness sworn was John Pollard O'Brien, who said:

I live on St. Paul street, I heard quarrelling in Cody's house about 8½ o'clock, on Monday night; Cody's first name is Patrick; he was quarrelling with Mrs. Cody; I only heard Cody's voice.

Mrs. Maria McCann sworn said: Yesterday when I came home about 8 o'clock I found deceased hiding in my house in dread of her husband. He came after her and she hid. He went away and she soon returned to her own house, where I afterwards heard her screaming. Went for Mr. Mosgrove, but he did not come; when I came back she left the house, and I did not see her afterwards; I cannot say whether she was drunk or in the habit of drinking. He is in the habit of getting drunk on Saturday nights; I have seen her take a glass of beer; it was near an hour after she left my house that I heard the screaming. There was no light in the house at the time; I never heard Cody use threats to his wife; I never heard her say she would commit suicide on account of the bad treatment she received; she came to my house whenever he abused her.

Annie McRae sworn said: I live next door to Mrs. McCann's; about 8 o'clock last night Mrs. Cody came to McCann's; she was a little the worse of liquor at the time; Cody came over after her and we hid her from him; she afterwards lit her pipe and went home; he locked the door when he got her in and they commenced quarrelling; we heard her striking against the door, and she cried aloud, "O, Lord! O, Lord! don't kill me; let me die easy," the door then opened and she came out; it was about half-past nine at the time, and on leaving the house she went towards Currier's Mills; she said she was going to her daughter's; he beat her in a fearful manner during the last year; she and her daughter had to leave the house when he got drunk; they both drank, husband and wife; I have seen her with black eyes; I saw him beat her on the street.

Ellen Cody, daughter of deceased, sworn, said:—Was at Mrs. Gorman's last evening; my mother was there about five o'clock in the evening; I did not see her after half-past six, when I left her in Mrs. McCann's; I left home in dread of my father, who abuses me when he is drunk; I slept at my sister's last night, and did not see my mother again until this morning; my mother indulged in drinking liquor occasionally; my mother was not under the influence of liquor when I saw her on Monday night; my mother left home on account of my father being drunk.

William Miller being sworn said: I am a laborer; I was going home this morning from the locks, and as it is my duty to remove all wood, &c., that may float down during the night I found the body of deceased in the locks in performing this duty.

Louis Bruyier, raftsman, sworn said: About 9½ o'clock last night I heard Cody making a noise and quarrelling in his house; I heard the wife crying, but could not say whether he had beaten her or not.

The Jury then retired and after a short deliberation returned the following verdict: "That deceased met her death accidentally by falling into the canal and drowning, while going from her home to her daughter's, Mrs. Gormon's house."

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, } To Wit

Public Notice is hereby given that the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, and of Assize and Nisi Prius, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the NINTH day of OCTOBER, at the hour of Ten o'clock, a.m., of which all Coroners, Magistrates, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned, are required to take notice, and governed themselves accordingly.

WM. F. POWELL
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, Sept 15, 1871. 1770-tf.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24½ Rideau street.

All ready for use.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.
Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent,
Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

OTTAWA TURF CLUB.

Parties desirous of making ENTRIES for the Races, can obtain the proper forms from the undersigned, or at the Russell House.

EDWARD C. BARBER,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa, Sept. 18, 1871. 1771 2

SALE OF VALUABLE BUSINESS CITY LOTS, BY AUCTION

ON THE 20th INSTANT.

The undersigned has received instructions from P. LeSueur, Esq., to sell by Public Auction, on Wednesday, the 20th inst., at Twelve (12) o'clock noon, on the grounds, the following very valuable Business Building Lots situate on the north side of Wellington, and eastern side of Kent streets, Upper Town, and immediately opposite St Andrew's (Scotch) Church. The frontage on Wellington street is one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet, of which one hundred and ten (110) feet will be put up in lots of 22x102 feet each, inclusive of ten (10) feet for rear communication from Kent street. Also, the corner lot of 55 feet on Wellington by 33 feet on Kent streets. The new bridge to be built immediately will make Wellington one of the best, if not the best, business streets of the city, and it is not too much to say that these lots are, from their central position, &c, the most eligible business building lots now left for disposal in Upper Town.

Terms, twenty per cent cash, with Auctioneer's commission, the balance in yearly instalments on a ten year's mortgage at seven per cent.

J. BERMINGHAM
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 11th, 1871. 1766-td

GREAT AUCTION SALE

THIS Morning, at 11 o'clock, a.m.

SELLING OUT!
SELLING OUT!!
SELLING OUT!!!

Mr. Gagnier having determined to give up storekeeping, will sell at Auction the whole of his stock of Jewelleries, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware, Stoves, Carpets, Oil Cloth, Bureaus, Washstands, Bedsteads, Spring Matrasses, Chairs, Side-boards, and a large lot of all kinds of Crockery, &c.

The sale will take place on WEDNESDAY next, at 11 o'clock, a.m. Two Carriages and a lot of Blankets, and a 6 feet Looking Glass will also be sold. Sale without reserve. Terms—Cash, inside of $25, and above that amount three month's note, with good endorser, approved by the subscriber.

A GAGNIER,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, September 16, 1871. 1771-3

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, &c.

The undersigned has been instructed by Mr. Rowsell to sell at his dwelling, Slater street, off Elgin, on WEDNESDAY, September 20, 1871, his Household Property, consisting of Sofas, Chairs, Tables, Carpets, Dining Table, Cane Chairs, Chairs, Sideboard, Couch and Carpet, Bedsteads, Bureau with glasses, Washstands, Dressing Table, Wardrobe, Hair Matrasses, Wool and Straw do, Sheets, Blankets, and Quilts, an excellent Cooking Stove with furniture, Box Stove, Parlor Stove (for coal), Stovepipes, &c, Crockery, China, and Glassware, Water Barrels, Washing Tubs, and Pails.

TERMS—Cash.

Sale to commence at 10:30 a.m.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 16 1769 td

AUCTION SALE OF A SPLENDID STONE HOUSE.

The Subscriber has received instructions from Mr. David Moore to sell at his rooms, Rideau Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th SEPTEMBER, 1871, that desirable property situated on York Street, recently occupied by him. The house is of stone, 2½ storeys high, well built, and neatly finished with good yard and stabling.

Sale at Twelve o'clock, noon.

For further particulars apply to the Auctioneer,

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer & Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871. 1768 td

AUCTION SALE OF A TIMBER LIMIT SITUATED ON DEEP RIVER.

The Subscriber has received instructions to sell at the Union House, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, 4th October, a Timber Berth, being License No. 267 of 1870-71, of about 5½ square miles on the South side of Deep River.

Terms and conditions made known at time of sale.

Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 8, 1871. 1761-td

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS, ON BLACK RIVER,

For Sale by Auction, at the Union House, *ON WEDNESDAY, 4th OCTOBER* next, at one o'clock, p. m., being License No. 265, of 1870-71.....50 miles.
And No. 367, of 1870-71.....50 miles.

Total one hundred square miles of richly timbered limits.

By order of
ALEXANDER FRASER, Esq.

Ottawa, 1st Sept. 1871. 1759-td

ENGLISH WEEKLY NEWS PAPERS AND MONTHLY MAGAZINES.

LLOYD'S WEEKLY LONDON NEWS, Weekly Times, Reynolds', Weekly Dispatch,—the latest editions,—5 cents. Subscription (post free to any part of the Dominion)—yearly, $2.50; six months, 1.25.

Illustrated London News, Graphic, Bell's Life, News of the World, Punch, Fun, Judy, &c., &c.

THE TORONTO GLOBE delivered at 10 cents per week.

C. E. HUCKETT & CO.
69, Sparks Street.

August 29. 1755 1m

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned endorsed "Tenders Welland Canal," will be received at this Office until Noon of WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of October next, for the execution of the following mentioned works on the

WELLAND CANAL:

1st. Construction of a Mooring Wharf, and Deepening the Harbor of Port Dalhousie.

2nd. Lightening the East Bank of the "Deep Cut" between Allanburgh and Port Robinson.

3rd. Deepening and Enlarging the Harbor at Port Colborne.

Plans and Specifications can be seen at this Office, and at the Welland Canal Office, St. Catharines, (where Forms of Tender may also be obtained) on and after Tuesday, the 10th day of October next.

The signatures of two solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become surety for the due fulfilment of the Contract, must be attached to each Tender.

The Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 16th Sept. 1871. 1771-3

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA,
Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's.
E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.
1737tf

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY

FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season..		$5 00
20lbs " " ..		9 00
10lbs	month	1 50
20lbs " "		2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

Terms strictly Cash in advance

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N. B.—Ice supplied by the ton or cwt.

Ottawa April 31.

BUSINESS CHANGE.

We, the undersigned, in relinquishing the Retail branch of our business, beg to return thanks to the public of Ottawa and vicinity for the very liberal support accorded to us during the past eight years, and to announce that we have

DISPOSED OF OUR STOCK,

And leased the premises,

29 Sparks Street,

TO

MESSRS

ALEXANDER RUSSELL,

(Late of Blyth & Russell, Ottawa,)

AND

ROBERT WATSON,

(Of Watson & Hayes, Almonte,)

Who will continue the business under the name and style of

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Both of these gentlemen were formerly in our employ, and being possessed of ample means and long experience we have great pleasure in recommending them to the confidence and patronage of all our friends and customers.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, August, 1871.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE

RUSSELL & WATSON

Have pleasure in announcing that they have purchased the

Entire Stock in Trade,

AND

GOOD WILL

OF THE

RETAIL BUSINESS

Lately conducted by Messrs.

Magee & Russell,

And leased their premises, 29 Sparks Street, for a term of years.

And hope by keeping only the best qualities of goods, and adopting a uniform and

Moderate Scale of Profits,

By anticipating the wants of the public and a strict attention to business to merit and retain the patronage so liberally bestowed upon their predecessors.

And we beg to assure the old patrons of the establishment that no efforts will be spared in maintaining the leading position to which it had attained.

ALEX. RUSSELL. ROB'T. WATSON.

Ottawa, August 1871.

Peaches!

Peaches!

Peaches!

Pears!

Pears!

Pears!

Apples!

Apples!

Apples!

And all other Kinds of Fruit

at the Fruit Depots of

G. LORENZ,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

NO. 56 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

GREAT DRY GOODS SALE.

Allan, McKinnon's & McMoran,

Have determined to clear out the FALL and WINTER GOODS purchased at a heavy discount from Messrs GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO, and with that view will bring forward the whole stock, including several large lots of

NEW GOODS

purchased far below Market value, and offer the whole at prices that must induce good judges of goods to buy largely.

The sale will commence on

Monday, 4th Sept'r,

And continue one month.

As many of the cheapest lines will be sold quickly, intending purchasers will do well to call early and secure a choice.

1,000 YDS. JAPANESE SILKS,

At 50 cents per yard.

ONE CASE OF VELVET RIBBONS, damaged by fresh water, will be offered at less hatn half price.

2 Bales of GREY COTTONS, in short pieces, at from one to two cents below usual prices.

To be reduced one third in prices—a large quantity of

MILLINERY, MANTLES and MANTLE CLOTHS,

A line of Velveteen Jackets, reduced to $1.50 each, Waterproof Mantles at from $2.50 to 5.

DRESS GOODS, in a variety of fabrics, reduced below cost.

PRINTS—A line formerly sold at 12½ cents will be cleared out at 9 cents per yard.

A large lot of Gloves and Hosiery will be marked down far below cost.

A lot of best Brussels Carpets will be sold at $1.25 per yard.

ALLAN, McKINNON'S & McMORRAN,
Successors to Garland, Mutchmor & Co
No. 20, Sparks Street.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, that you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

GIN—

J. DeKuyper & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Islay Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES.....$ 80
THRESHING and SAWING COMBINED..... 130
FANNING MILLS..... 22

WM. ABBOTT.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 6wky

IF YOU WANT

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

SEND TO THE

Noted Tea House

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor

SUCCEEDING TO THE BUSINESS OF MAGEE & RUSSEL.

The Undersigned, in succeeding to the business of the above named Firm, would say that the balance of the Stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Carried over by them, will now be offered by us, at prices that cannot attract the attention of

CLOSEST BUYERS.

In order that we may have time to get the stuff forward and reduced,

THE SALE

Will not begin before

Monday, the 4th September.

Having therefore decided that all Goods of this Season MUST BE SOLD, we have reduced to them to such prices as must soon effect it.

We therefore invite inspection of our Stock by intending purchasers.

We would call special attention to our

SILK DEPARTMENT,

in this line we are offering decided BARGAINS in Colored, Fancy and Black Silks.

in the

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

We will offer a large lot of FRENCH MERINOS, FRENCH TWILLS, REPPS, SERGES and WINCIES.

The Goods in this Department were considered fair value at old prices, but having decided to CLEAR OUT, all of last Season's Stock have been marked down. Those requiring anything in this line will do well to give a look through the Departments.

ALL STAPLE GOODS, WHILE THE SALE CONTINUES, WILL BE OFFERED AT A SMALL ADVANCE.

A large quantity of Grey and White Cottons now forward, and considered extra GOOD VALUE.

We will not quote prices, being satisfied, as we are, that purchasers must see value before paying any attention to figures.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

SUCCESSORS TO—

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

ESTABLISHMENT FOR YOUNG LADIES,

Wilbrod Street (between Nelson and Gloucester Streets), Sandy Hill, Ottawa.

Mrs. ROBERT STEWART returns thanks for the kind patronage she has received during her residence in Ottawa, and hopes by unwearied attention to her scholastic duties, and by their efficient discharge, to merit and receive a continuance of favor and support.

The School will be RE-OPENED on FRIDAY, the 1st of September. All the Classes are open to any who may wish to join one or more of them for the study of any special subject.

Terms very moderate. References to parents of pupils.

August 18th, 1871. 1746 tf

SELECT BOARDING AND DAY ACADEMY FOR BOYS. (CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL.)

Principal — REV. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

Careful instruction will be given in Latin and Greek Studies, in French and German Languages, in Mathematics, in certain branches of Science and Art, and in all the common branches of an English education.

The Academy on the south side of Daly and Ottawa streets will be OPENED on the 7th SEPTEMBER next.

For further particulars, please address the Rev. C. F. STREET, M.A., Ottawa City.

August 25. 1753 1

THE Rev. C. F. STREET informs his friends and the public that he will open his Classical and Commercial SCHOOL on MONDAY, 28th AUGUST, in the School Room lately occupied by the Rev. Mr. Mason.

For particulars, apply to Mrs. Kendall, Taylor's Block, corner of Nelson and Daly streets. 1741tf

GENUINE HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

AT ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,
Metcalfe Street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

WANTED

By a young married couple, Board, Bedroom, and Sitting Room, furnished

OR

a Small House or Cottage, furnished or unfurnished. All within easy distance of the Post Office. Possession required 1st October, or soon after

Apply by letter, stating terms, to
D. C. L., Box 25 Ottawa P. O

Ottawa, Sept. 13th, 1871. 1767.

PRIVATE BOARD WANTED

In Upper Town by a Gentleman and his Wife. Apply by letter addressed

1761- U., Times Office

BOARD WANTED

In a Private Family, by a Gentleman Six o'clock dinner preferred. Address X Y Z, P. O. Box, 295. 1754

NOTICE.

An excellent CELLAR to let. Large, and entrance on level with the street. Apply to

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 18, 1871. 1767-tf

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON,
Proprietor

1760-6m

FRED. T. PALMER,

Commission and Lumbermen's Agent, Ritcey Street, (entrance O'Meara's Gateway.)

Particular attention will be given to hiring men, teams, &c., and all transactions with the Crown Land and Timber Office.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:

E Nagle, Esq, | Wm Mackey, Esq
Allan Grant, Esq, | E McGillivray, Esq

Ottawa, Sept 1, 1871. 1766

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to disease and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

YORK STREET, Lower Town, next door to Mathew's Hotel,

And at No. 309 WELLINGTON STREET Upper Town, opposite the Montreal Bank.

Mr. GENDREAU has always on hand the best French and English perfumeries.

You are respectfully requested to visit these establishments.

Ottawa, 61st August, 1871. 1767d

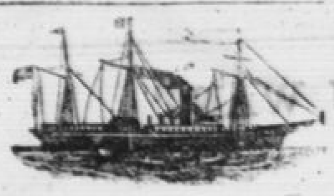
NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested to settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

Steamers.



THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S. :—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

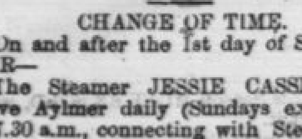
S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P.E.I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE, Manager.
HERRICK & CROMBIE, Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.
May 20, 1871 2670tf



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the 1st day of SEPTEMBER—

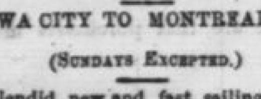
The Steamer JESSIE CASSELS will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 7.30 a.m., connecting with Steamers of the Line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The Steamer PONTIAC leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted), at 1 p.m., for Des Joachim; returning—leaving at 6 a.m., connecting with Steamer JASON GOULD, which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 p.m., passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The Steamer PRINCE ARTHUR leaves Portage du Fort at 7 a.m., connecting with Steamer JESSIE CASSELS for Aylmer.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip, at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 9 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, August 28th, 1871.

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA, CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES, CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"

CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.
April 25, 1871.

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B —Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1736tf

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN, IN MONTREAL.

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI.

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

The Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy will, at a Session to be held in the Hall of the said Township on SATURDAY, the 3 th day of SEPTEMBER next, pass a By law to establish the road as now laid out, between Lots Nos. 5 and 6, in the Third Concession of the said Township.

W. P. TAYLOR, Township Clerk.
Fitzroy, 28th August, 1871. 1364

SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY, —AND— AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD, Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE MOWER —AND— SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain.*

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD, Smith's Falls, Ontario.
June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa P.O., August 31, 1871.

Adcock J C	Martin Wm
Anderson Elizabeth	Maddin Thos
Anderson Samuel	Malsbury Wm
Armstrong Wm	Minea Benj
Arnold Wm	Meade M J
Arthur Geo A	Mercer John
Armstrong Mrs A C	Mitchell W H
Aspdin Thos W	Milne G B
Barnes Sydney	Motherwell Thos
Barber G	Moore & Coburn
Beveridge Thos	Moore F H
Benfield Wm	Muir Wm
Bell H H	Murphy Mathew
Blais Miss Lydia	Neill John
Blakely Mrs	Nelson Mrs Alex
Boyd Dr B H	Nesbitt John
Brayer Wm	Nicholson John
Brennan Wm	Nichols John
Brewer Mrs Emily	Nolan Miss B
Bullock L	O'Brien Wm
Bowns Wm	O'Donnell D
Buchanan Mrs John	O'Donnell, G
Burns Mrs S	O'Connor W P P
Burns Miss	O'Connor Jno A
Byrne Hy	O'Connor Mrs
Campbell Mrs John	O'Dwyer John
Cain Miss Sarah J	Oliver A
Campbell Mrs Mary	O'Neill J
Callaghan Alex	Ormand Jno T
Cantwell John	Patterson Miss Anna
Cahal Miss Mary	Pearsons Albert
Church Jos	Perry Mrs M C
Clarke Miss Emma	Pearson F M
Conway Miss B	Perwitt J H
Corrigan Ed	Pickens John
Connor John	Powers Jesse
Cross W L	Pringle Miss Sarah
Crozier Jos	Pritchard Wm
Cunningham Thos	Quinlan Mrs F
Daly Carol	Rathwell Miss A
Davis J	Rice Alex
Davidson C F	Roberts Miss Kate
Davis Jas	Robertson Geo
Daly J J	Rose Rodger
Davis Mrs R	Roberts Mrs
Dempsey Miss E	Robertson David
Dendmore Miss Mary	Ryan Miss Julia
Dicare Miss M	Russell Mrs
Dickson Dr Geo	Russell A D
Doyle Mrs Peter	Saunders Miss Julia
Duncan Jas	Scobie Mary
Fenton Miss J	Servo Walter
Fisher John	Sheaver Jno
Forson Jas	Shehan Thomas
Forbes John	Smith John
Foster Jas	Smith Mrs W
Furlong Jas	Smith H D
Gan John	Smith Heber
Gibbons E	Smith Wm
Gillis J S	Sparks Miss Jane
Glenn Alex	Somerville Hugh
Gormly P	Sparks Noel
Gilchrist John	Sternbug J W
Grimes Thos	Sullivan John
Harris Liza Ann	Tobin Jas
Hamilton Mrs S	Turner R W
Hewlett Thos	Watson & Hill
Hicks Jas	Ward Jas
Holland W H	Wable A
Hogan Miss B	Wallace M
Hogan Wm	Wagner H
Hunt Wm	Wilsman G & T
Hutchinson G W	Webb Jas T
Hutchison John	Weir John
Huchley Mrs	Wells J P
Hubert J	Webster Miss E H
Janet Rev Mr	Welch Mrs Geo
Jamieson D J	Whalen Miss Eliza
Johnston Miss Ellen	Wilson R
Jones Mrs J E	Wood H O
Kennedy Jno	Wright J
Kealy Mrs Julia A	McBrayen A
Kennedy M	McBryde Jas
King Geo	McClanlish T
Kingsmill M	McDonald And
King Jas	McClory John
Knapp H A	McDonald Miss F
Lamprey B H	McDonald D
Lane Miss Caroline	McDonald Mrs Geo
Leitch Miss A	McGuire Mrs Jno
Leroy W H C	McIntire Miss N
Lewis Mr	McInnis Miss C
Little Irvine	McGuire Philip
Lothion Miss Ellen	McKenzie A
Moher Wm	McKay Jas H
Martin C R	McMillan Miss Jane
May Jno	McMillan J H
Martin Edwin	McPhee A
Marshall David	McMahon Geo

G P BAKER, Postmaster.

NOTICE.

Wanted immediately, for School Section No. 3 and 10, of North and South Plantagenet, A MALE TEACHER, holding a second class certificate. Application may be made to the undersigned Trustees, stating amount of salary per annum.

CHARLES FARRELL,
MAURICE SHANE,
THOMAS BROWNRIGG.
Pendleton 11th, September, 1871. 38 4

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonising pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewe energy and vitality to constitutions enteebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantrl, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S. alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awky

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

The undersigned being about to visit England, offers the following properties for sale:

A large Brick Dwelling situate on Besserer and Chapel Streets, with Coach House, Stables, &c.

12 Cottages on Augusta street, producing a clear rental of $700 per annum.

ALSO,

100 Acres of Land at L'Orignal, being south half of Lot No. 15, fourth Concession of Caledonia.

Terms to suit the purchaser.
1810d JAS G ROBINSON.

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GASFITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gassfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

READING, ELOCUTION, WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to

MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.
Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1663tf

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.
Omaha, Neb.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
......	11 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	......	4.20
......	11 45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	......	4.20
......	......	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8.00	......	7.30
......	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	......	7.30
10.15	11 45	9.00	United States, *via* Ogdensburg	8.00		4.20
10.15	11.45	....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00		4.20
10.15	......	......	North Gower, *Kars, &c.*, per St. L. & O. Railway			4.20
10.15	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c			4.20
9 20	......	4:30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	1.30
9 20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	......	......	1 30
10:30 5:30	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage; Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c	8.00	11.00	...... 7.00
6.15	......		Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c			700
7 30	......		Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00		
6.00	......		Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	......		6.00
11.50	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30		

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via NewYork close every Monday at 8 P.M
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.00 noon in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M
For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

Post Office, Ottawa, Sept. 1 1871. G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S NEWLY-DISCOVERED VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Furs, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Herman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1868 besides numerous Testimonials. *Agents for Ottawa*—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,
May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until Noon of WEDNESDAY, the Sixth day of September next, for the widening of Sappers' Bridge and the construction of a new Bridge over the Rideau Canal to connect Wellington and Rideau Streets, according to the Engineer's plans and specifications, which may be seen at this office after the twentieth instant.

The bridges are to be constructed of iron and stone in a permanent manner, and may be let in one or more contracts as the City Council may decide after receiving the Tenders. The work is to be proceeded with at once, and good security will be required for the due performance of the contracts.

No tenders will be entertained unless made in the prescribed form. They are to be addressed to the undersigned, endorsed, "Tender for Bridges," and contain the names and addresses of two persons who are willing to become security for the contractor.

WM P LETT, City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa 19th July, 1871. 1721td

THE "RURAL" SALOON, ELGIN STREET.

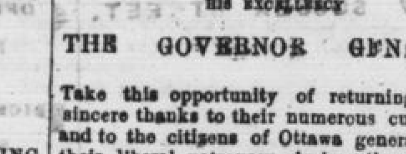
Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the ST. JAMES HOTEL. Strict attention to business. Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1599

MESSRS.



BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.
Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

GARDEN —AND— FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN, CHEMIST, &c., SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.
Ottawa, May 1, 1871

SEEDS! SEEDS

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN —AND— FLOWER SEEDS.

A. CHRISTIE & CO.
(Late Alex. Christie.)
Druggists,
Ottawa April 28, 1871. 40, Sparks-st

FOR SALE.

BRAE SIDE STEAM SAW MILL,

Situated near Arnprior, Province of Ontario, and extensive Timber Limits on the River Coulonge, Province of Quebec.

The Mill has just been completed, and is most substantially built and fitted with the most improved Machinery, and can manufacture 140,000 feet of lumber per day. It has an extensive piling ground attached to it. Being placed where the Brockville Railway runs beside the Ottawa River, the lumber manufactured by it may be sent direct to the United States market. The limits comprise about 280 square miles of valuable Pine Timber country, with two extensive and productive Farms, and having commodious Dwelling Houses, Storehouses and Stables erected on them. They are also supplied with a large stock of provisions, horse feed and shanty plant for next season's operations.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be had by applying to J. B. Lewis, Esq., Barrister, Ottawa, or from Mr. George Purvis, at the offices of the Mill.

Ottawa, July 28, 1871. 1729 d&w4 1awk

HOT AIR FURNACES,

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain,
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOOKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church, Madoc, Ont.

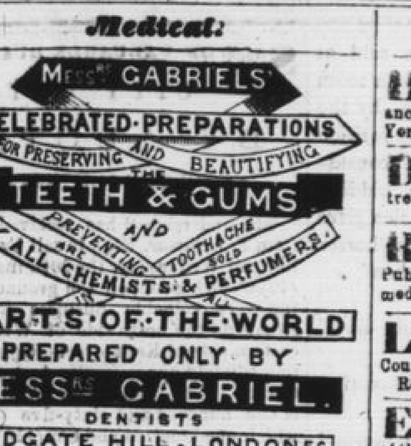
P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS &Co.

Medical.



MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily usdd. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co., Druggists, Agents for Ottawa.
May 11871

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Wit-lows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.
November 24, 1870 1322tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

For Sale or to Let.

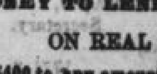
TO LET,

That COTTAGE, the property of N. Tetrau, Esq., Notary, in the Lower Village of Hull, with a handsome flower garden, stable, wood shed, ice house, &c., with or without the necessary firewood for next winter on the place. Mr. Tetrau having arranged for his residence in the dwelling adjoining his office, consented to the leasing of the property. For further information apply to N. TETREAU, N. P., Hull. P. Q. 1746 8

NOTICE.

TO LET, a Large OFFICE and THREE BEDROOMS well situated in the Aumond Block, west, end Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, July 11th, 1871. 1813 tf



HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.
Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

MONEY TO LEND ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, Agent,
[illegible]

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TALLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 356tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treament of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W MCKAY WRIGHT. 1y F C CLEMOW

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House. Ottawa.

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT, NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MARCIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetrau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull. Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

A. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

G. C. RAINBOTH, Provincial Land Surveyor and Draughtsman, commissioned for the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.

Office. Aylmer, P. Q. 1722 tf

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 746;

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey, [illegible], Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, [illegible], &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS, —AND— DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT, RIDEAU STREET, ESTABLISHED 1860.

WM. H. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES.—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

I G SOMERVILLE, Travelling Agent.

1871. ICE! 1871.

ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER, Rideau Street;
Ottawa, May 1649d

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET, Near Division Court Office.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed.

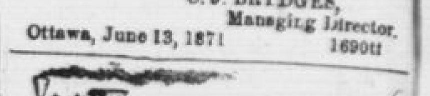
Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at	6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at	9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at	9.00 p.m
Mixed Train or Brockville, at	11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at	5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at	7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at	8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at	2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston	10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL, AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY, SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON
Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1685 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER, Proprietor.
May 31, 1871. 1680tf

DOMINION HOUSE

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley.

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel
Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1666 6m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED LEATHER BELTING, FINE ENGLISH HOSE, LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.
P. O. Box 725.
Montreal, March 11, 1871 161 3y

CANADA AND U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES.
November 26, 1870 1524tf

MORRISON'S STEAM BISCUIT BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT IS THE BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your Orders are solicited, and will be PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO by

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,
Nos. 36 and 38 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

TANNERY, PARK STREET, OTTAWA.

EDMOND GERMAIN, Proprietor.

All kinds of LEATHER for Sale, Wholesale, at reasonable prices.

ALSO,

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS WHOLESALE.

Of his own manufacture, at REDUCED PRICES.
19th August, 1871. 1746tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre), Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO 1774. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guarenteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Destillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc.

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constontly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 3m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily)
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

HATS HATS! HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place,

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
1746b Post Office Block.

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

100 CASES

HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT

"THE RED BOOT,"

OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overs,

MOCCASINS,

Laces & Boot Dressing

Which will be sold at the very lowest price possible,

Wholesale and Retail.

City and country dealers will find (on giving us a call) that they can be supplied at

Montreal Prices—Freight Added.

Having received a good part of our

Fall and Winter Goods

We are prepared to EXECUTE PROMPTLY all orders.

All summer goods selling at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Orders for Hand Made Custom Work attended to promptly.

A full sett of

Messrs. Ames, Millard & Co's Samples

of BOOTS and SHOES, always on view, and orders taken at lowest prices. One of our firm will wait on the merchants of Ottawa City and District soliciting orders.

Agents for wholesaling of Wm. Clendinneng's manufacture of *Stoves, Iron-furniture, Railings, Builders* and all kinds of *Plain and Fancy Castings.*

Agents for the celebrated

Plantagenet Mineral Water.

Orders promptly attended to.

LAMB & RODDEN,
No. 28, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, July 20, 1871.

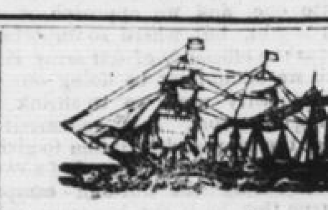
BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE, at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 88 Sussex Street, Ottawa.

1738 tNY SIMEON LEBEAU, Agent.



LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871. 1871.

The following first-class powerful Iron Steamships:

MEDWAY....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES....J. James "
NIGER......W. Nisbett "
SEVERN....G. Butchart "

Are intended to Sail, as under, during the Season of 1871, between

LONDON,

QUEBEC and MONTREAL.

FROM LONDON.

MEDWAY	Thursday, 10th August.
THAMES	" 24th "
NIGER	" 7th Sept.
SEVERN	" 21st "
MEDWAY	" 5th Oct.
THAMES	" 19th "

AND FROM QUEBEC.

NIGER	Thursday, 10th August.
SEVERN	" 24th "
MEDWAY	" 7th Sept.
THAMES	" 21st "
NIGER	" 5th Oct.
SEVERN	" 19th "
MEDWAY	" 2nd Nov.
THAMES	" 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $5 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.

or

T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co.'s Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, June 13th. 1760y

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

All descriptions of property insured at moderate rates.

Tables of rates for Life Assurance and all information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

T. M. CLARKE, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

SUMMER SERVICE.

1871. 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

NESTORIAN	26th August.
SCANDINAVIAN	2nd September
HIBERNIAN	9th "
MORAVIAN	15th "
SARMATIAN	23rd "
PRUSSIAN	30th "

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin	$70 to $80
Steerage	$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN, on or about	31st Aug.
OTTAWA "	7th Sept.
ST. DAVID "	14th "
ST. ANDREW "	21st "
ST. PATRICK "	28th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin	$67 25
Intermediate	$47 or 44 00
Steerage	28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks.

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and
Canadian Tweeds
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under shirts
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Third Annual Exhibition under the auspices of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society will take place on

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.

SEPTEMBER 20TH, 21ST AND 22ND, 1871.

On the Society's Grounds adjoining the city limits.

COMPETITION OPEN TO THE WORLD!

Nearly $3,000 is offered in Premiums

For Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, Agricultural and Horticultural Productions, Manufactures, Domestic Products, &c.

All parties may compete for prizes on payment of Two Dollars; Ladies on payment of One Dollar.

ENTRIES.

All entries must be made on printed forms, which may be had from the Secretary. These forms are to be filled up and signed by the Exhibitor, enclosing Two Dollars, which amount will entitle the Exhibitor to compete in all the departments.

The entries in each department must be made as follows:—

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before the 10th of SEPTEMBER.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery, and Manufactures generally SEPTEMBER 15th.

Horticultural Products, Flowers, Ladies' Work, &c., SEPTEMBER 18th.

The Society will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railroad Proprietors for carrying articles and passengers at reduced rates.

Arrangements will be made with the Customs Department for the free entry of articles for competition.

J B LEWIS,
President.
A S WOODBURN,
Sec. Treas.

Ottawa August 22. 1749t

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

OF THE

AGRICULTURAL & ARTS ASSOCIATION OF ONTARIO,

To be held at Kingston,

On the 25th to 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Persons intending to exhibit will please take notice that the Entries of articles in the respective classes must be made with the Secretary, at Toronto, on or before the undermentioned dates, viz:

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before Saturday, August 26th.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery and Manufactures generally, on or before Saturday, September 2nd.

Horticultural Products, Ladies' Work, the Fine Arts, &c., on or before Saturday, September 16th.

Prize Lists and Blank Forms for making the entries upon, can be obtained of the Secretaries of all Agricultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes throughout the Province.

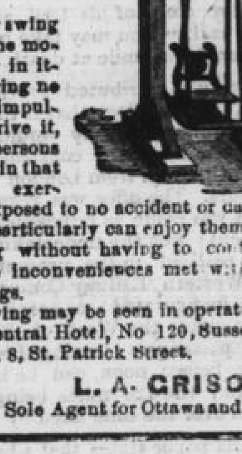
HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec'y Agricultural and Arts Association

Toronto, August 15, 1871. 1745-du&w

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)



This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex Street, and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,
1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

RARE CHANCE.

The advertiser has received instructions to offer for SALE, by TENDER, at so much in the Dollar, as per Inventory Valuation,

A WELL ASSORTED TAILOR'S STOCK

Consisting of English Cloths, Canada Tweeds, Trimmings, &c., &c., amounting to over $4,000.

The Goods are all in first-class order, and have been well selected.

The above offers an excellent opportunity to any one about to commence business, as the goodwill can be secured.

Every information may be had by addressing Box 468, Montreal, and Stock Sheets can be seen on application to the undersigned.

Tenders will be received until the 26th instant. Parties making other than a CASH OFFER, will please name security.

C. BAILLIE,
181 St. James' Street.

Montreal, August 5th, 1871 1713 t A

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

WANTED,

A good Carriage and Sleigh Maker, and Blacksmith, at Kinburn, Township of Fitzroy. A good business chance for both, with shop accommodations. Steady and good workmen only need apply.

ALLAN FRASER.

Kinburn 2nd August 1871. 1733tf

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.

Books bought, sold and exchanged:

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p m, connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.

Mail Train at 3:30 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 4:10 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 8:10 p.m, and at Sand Point at 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 5:20 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m. 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE SAND POINT—9:10 a.m.; 4:30 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

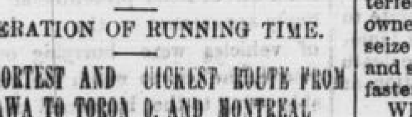
Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, 1st Sept, 1871. 1761-y



The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from WEDNESDAY, 15th SEPT. Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at			7 A.M.
" 4 Express	"	"	11 do.
" 6 Mail	"	"	12:30 P.M
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars	"		10:30 do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East,

Nos. 2, 4, 6 and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 4:00 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M. arriving in Ottawa at 6.45 A.M, every Morning—Monday Mornings excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4.40 P.M, arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 P.M

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 6:30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.25 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa,

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa Sept 9th, 1871

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the BROCKVILLE and OTTAWA RAILWAY will be held at BROCKVILLE on the 10th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon a lease of the section of the said Railway lying between CARLETON PLACE and SAND POINT to the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY will be held at OTTAWA on the 11th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon the accepting of a lease from the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company of that section of their Railway lying between Carleton Place and Sand Point, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

COUNTY OF CARLETON AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY

The Annual Exhibition will take place on

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,

5th and 6th October,

at Bell's Corners, Nepean.

All SUBSCRIPTIONS should be paid before 1st September.

ENTRIES to be made before 3rd October.

PRIZE LISTS now ready and may be had from the Secretary at Ottawa, or at the different hotels, Bell's Corners.

A S WOODBURN,
35 3 Secy Treas.

SALE OF PROPERTY.

In virtue of the Power of a Bond or Deed, DUNCAN McGREGOR, the older, held from DUNCAN McGREGOR, the younger, both inhabitants of Huntley, do hereby offer for sale, by Public Auction, on the ground, the East Half of the West part of Lot No. 1, in the Twelfth Concession of Huntley, containing 50 acres, more or less. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, on MONDAY, 16th OCTOBER 1871.

D McGREGOR.

Sept 14, 1871.

THE SWALLOW.

(Translated from the Italian.)

BY WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT.

Swallow from beyond the sea!
That, with every dawning day,
Sitting on the balcony
Utterest that plaintive lay,
What is that thou tellest me,
Swallow from beyond the sea?

Happily thou, for him who went
From thee, and forget his mate,
Dost lament to my lament,
Wid wed, lonely, desolate.
Ever, then, lament with me
Swallow from beyond the sea!

Happier yet art thou than I;
The thy trusty wings may bear,
Over lake and cliff to fly,
Filling with thy cries the air,
Calling him continually,
Swallow from beyond the sea!

Could I too! But I must pine
In this dungeon close and low,
Where the sun can never shine,
Where the breeze can never blow,
Whence my voice scarce reaches thee,
Swallow from beyond the sea!

Now September days are near,
Thou to distant lands will fly,
In another hemisphere,
Other streams shall hear thy cry,
Other hills shall answer thee,
Swallow from beyond the sea!

Then shall I when daylight glows,
Waking to the sense of pain,
Midst the wintry frosts and snows,
Think I hear thy notes again—
Notes that seem to grieve for me,
Swallow from beyond the sea!

Planted here upon the ground,
Thou shalt find a cross in Spring;
There, as evening gathers round,
Swallow, come and rest thy wing,
Chant a strain of peace to me,
Swallow from beyond the sea!

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XLI.

IDENTIFIED.

(CONTINUED.)

To me the courage of those persons who, knowing their lives hold a secret, can yet bring some other individual before the nearest magistrate for having attempted to make a little money by means of threats, has always seemed wonderful, and in one sense, admirable too.

No doubt, if there be any estate in which a man ought to have a solitary interest, is that of his own follies, and certainly no other has the smallest right to poach on his manor; but supposing people will interfere, of what sort of stuff can that owner be made who is brave enough to seize the difficulty instantly by the throat, and scotch the snake ere it had time to fasten its fangs in him?

What a resolute will—what iron nerves—what a determination to win must be all embodied in an individual whose case is such as I have assumed—aye, and what shameless audacity also.

Nevertheless, it is the best course to adopt, and had Mr. Andrew Hardell only been possessed of sufficient courage to send for the one solitary policeman Eclin boasted, and deliver over Mr. McPhail into his custody, it might have been better for him. This, however, he did not do. He took in England precisely the same course he had adopted in Scotland. He made no active step to rid himself of an incubus, as he might have done had he pleaded guilty to culpable homicide. He only made up his mind to resist, and resolved that through no act of confession of his should discovery arise; that when the day of discovery did come he would flee afar off, as he had sped that night through the darkness away from the dead man.

Consequently he only defied Mr. McPhail instead of punishing him; and when the door slammed after his visitor, he unlocked a private drawer, looked at a small packet containing the money he had saved, just as many a man has ere now regarded the little phial of poison, or the brightly polished pistol which was to end all earth's cares for him forever.

Once it came to that—once he opened the roll of notes and thrust them into his purse, and walked with them across the threshold, Andrew knew earth's pleasures were over so far as he was concerned. It was just like giving up one's life. Every man has away he must die, and yet he strives to defer the hour of his death. This man knew there was something worse than death coming to him, but he would not even in his desperation go one single step to meet the foe.

In the same secret-hiding place, with the money, lay a letter sealed with black wax. Andrew took that up also, and turned it over as he was often wont to do.

It was addressed,

"To my dear wife," and contained his confession.

At the moment when it became necessary for him to use the money, he intended to leave that letter on his dressing-table, and then go forth a very Ishmael into the wilderness of a new life.

It was all far sadder than preparing for his burial; and his lip trembled as he realized what must have come to pass ere Joy should read that passionate outpouring of a man's grief and a man's remorse.

He put back the money and the letter, locked the drawer, and proceeded with his sermon.

Let the morrow be pregnant with what it will, the day's work must have attention; and as Andrew Haddell never could tell which morrow was destined to bring forth trouble for him, he had to work through many a weary day with a heavy aching heart.

And yet the sermon did not suffer; in those days the pulpit was the only place where he could speak of trouble and anguish; of repentance of sin; and perhaps for that very reason his preaching was all the more successful.

Time went by; he preached that sermon and one or two others, and he had begun almost to hope that McPhail's guess was a random shot—a mere guess—when one bright Sunday in March he beheld among his congregation in Eclin the man who had so insolently taunted him with being other than he professed.

Beside Mr. McPhail sat another stranger, an ill-favored fellow—doubtless, Andrew conjectured, the "acquaintance" who had sat in Dumfries Court-house for the length of a whole day, and heard all the evidence *pro* and *con*, and listened to the foreman when he said, "Not Proven."

They had come—it was coming, but he hastened and steeled himself now as he had hardened and steeled himself before Lords Glanjorn and Craigie. Never perhaps had Eclin listened to such passion and such eloquence as he poured forth that day. Even Joy looked up at him in amazement when he closed his sermon-case and proceeded to the end speaking extempore; while the man who sat beside McPhail nudged his neighbor and whispered,

"He's a dreadful fine preacher, yon."

In answer to which McPhail maintained an obstinate but not contradictory silence.

Through the windows came the gleaming sunshine, dancing, leaping—now darting across Joy's face, anon resting on the head of one of the school children; again bring out into stronger relief the lines and wrinkles that crossed the foreheads and furrowed the cheeks of those who had toiled in heat and cold, in snow, in wet, in the bright summer time, for forty, and fifty and sixty years.

When he lifted his eyes from his congregation, Andrew could see the trees in the churchyard swayed by the high spring wind, which swept also over the graves, bending the grass as it passed by.

Where should he be when another spring, the green buds burst in the hedgerows round Eclin? What would have come to pass ere then?

Think of it, friends—only think how the man's heart was breaking! Straight before him sat Joy, who had made for him all the pleasure he ever felt, and all the real agony too; beside her—his arms folded his face a little moody—was Mr. Alton; while beyond the familiar congregation, under the organ loft, a little in the shade where those two men who had come to deprive him of wife and of child, and character, and reputation, unless he made terms with them.

And even while he was preaching, Mr. Hardell cast all this about on his mind, and decided that he would make terms with them.

He had been brave enough when McPhail came and threatened him, that his courage was gone now—it went whenever he looked on Joy; perhaps the other man might be doubtful concerning his identity—perhaps there was that chance of escape still; but in any case he would not give up Joy—not yet.

"And now to the Father and to the Son and to the Holy Ghost"—it was Andrew who spoke, though his voice when he tried to resume a natural tone sounded even to himself forced and hollow; and a few minutes after the congregation trooped out through the low arched door, the two strangers among the number.

"You are sure that is our man?" said McPhail, as they passed out; "you could swear to him?"

"I think I could," the other answered, a little doubtfully. "I should like to see him a bit closer." And then he paused, for at that juncture a woman in rustling silk swept close up to him, and must have heard his remark.

To be continued.

LITERATURE AND THE FINE ARTS.

A new volume by Victor Hugo, with the title of "L'Annee Terrible," is announced to appear next month.

An extensive work on the "History of Mary Stuart of Scotland," by Professor Petit, of Beauvais, is, we understand, nearly ready for publication. The Professor has been engaged upon it for the last ten years.

Messrs. Moxon announce as immediately to be issued in their "Poets," "the only perfect edition" of Mr. Tupper's popular work, "Proverbial Philosophy." The entire series will be included in this volume, containing nearly five hundred pages, with portrait, memoir, &c.

The "Hogarth Club," which has just opened its house in London, is restricted to working artists. A very large number of artists have already become members, among them being many of considerable note.

A statue of Brunel, the engineer, has been temporarily erected on the unoccupied space on the Thames Embankment, which has excited much angry controversy. Stuck in the middle of a desolate waste, the figure presents a very forlorn aspect.

A statue, which will form one of the most striking ornaments of the gardens on the Thames Embankment, was lately uncovered, on the plot behind Whitehall. It is a colossal figure in bronze of Sir James Outram, by Mr. Noble, standing on a pedestal of Aberdeen granite nineteen feet high. The statute itself is twelve feet in height. Sir James is represented in uniform, as though standing on a battle field, amid shattered shells and broken cannon. With one hand he grasps a sword, on which he is leaning, and in the other he holds a telescope. At each corner of the pedestal are Indian trophies in bronze. The sculptor has been successful in imparting to the statue much of the life vigour which belonged to the distinguished Indian officer when in the prime of life.

Monuments are to be erected to Count Moltke, at Parchim, his birthplace; to Gen. Werder at Freiberg, the principal town of the Black Forest, saved from invasion by his bravery; and, together with these modern heroes, to Herrman, the great chieftan of 2,000 years ago who overcame the Romans and freed his country from his then national enemy. The latter statue was begun some thirty years ago by private subscription, but in the former unsatisfactory state of Fatherland never excited sufficient sympathy to be completed. Now that unity is established, Parliament has taken the matter in hand and voted the necessary funds. The figure, which is to be in chased copper and of gigantic proportions, will be put up on the very battlefield where Varus' legions were destroyed, in the midst of the Teuteburg Forst, near Detmold.

THE FRENCH DEFEAT.

Colonel Rustow, formerly in the Prussian service, has just printed a new book, called the *War for the Rhine Frontier,* which will cause much comment. The view taken of the causes of French discomfiture differs much from the view usually accepted. Col. Rustow, while admitting the superior discipline and handling of the Prussians, declares that numerical discrepancy had more to do with the result than has been supposed. At the outset, on this authority, Germany mustered in field troops five hundred and eighteen thousand men, with 1,506 guns, while France had but two hundred and eighty-five thousand men, with 984 guns. Germany had 161,000 reserves, as against the 91,000 of France. As garrison troops, again, Germany had 187,000 men, for which France had no equivalent, as the Garde Mobile was not organized. At Wissembourg, says Col. Rustow, the Germans had twenty thousand men engaged, while Douay's opposing division was only eight thousand strong; and the French, while completely surprised fought three hours, and only lost one gun. At Woerth, McMahon had only thirty-five thousand men engaged, while, "the German troops who really came into action were seventy-five thousand infantry and cavalry." The numbers at Thionville were nearly equal, and the battle was "drawn," since both parties bivouacked on the field. At Gravellotte, the Germans had "at least two hundred thousand," against half that number of their opponents, &c.

HELIGOLAND.

The Leipzig *Gazette* has a lengthy demand for the "restoration" of Heligoland to Germany. England is reminded that she first seized the island from Denmark, and not Germany, by the way, in order to make it a smuggling depot for British goods at the time (1807) when the Berlin decrees of the preceding year allowed no other inlet for our manufactures, except by the devious method of contraband. It is added that England was enabled to "withhold" the island from Germany in 1815, solely because Germany was not then united, and was not then "the Power of the first order," which it has since become. During the recent Franco-German war, the French were able to maintain their blockade of the German coast, mainly, according to the Leipzig *Gazette,* through the circumstance that Heligoland was not German territory. Had it been German territory, it would have been strongly fortified and the strong fortifications would have prevented French war vessels from anchoring under the lee of the island, and the French coal ships from enjoying a similar refuge. Heligoland, the Leipzig journal insists, is a sentinel at the embouchures of the Elbe, the Weser, and the Jahde, the three all important rivers for commercial or military purposes of the northwest of Germany, and it becomes neither German safety nor German honour to allow a foreign Power to remain in such a position. The Leipzig *Gazette* adds that it would not recommend an immediate declaration of war against England for the possession of a few square feet of ocean rock. It designs, in the first place, that the Reichstag should make known by an unanimous vote that Heligoland was indispensable to Germany, when it doubts not that at the voice of that august assembly the predilections of England for an "inalienable" portion of the Fatherland would be certain to disappear.

THE MOUNT CENIS TUNNEL.

The announcement of the opening of this great work has already been made. The commercial and political effects which are to follow will no doubt be important. The London *Times* gives a succinct account of the work, which will rank as about the twentieth wonder of the world, the old list of eight only being long surpassed, or equalled in this age of steam and iron. It says, writing before the actual opening took place.

The whole mountain mass, a thickness of 12,236 metres, or nearly eight miles, had already been pierced through from end to end before Christmas Day of last year. But, although the Tunnel itself was accomplished, there still remained the approaches to it to be finished, and these are now only completed on the Italian side. Some of our readers need, perhaps, to be told that although the Tunnel was undertaken to accomodate the Mont Cenis traffic, it does not by any means go through Mont Cenis, but pierces the mountain chain at a point at least 16 miles from the old Pass. Travellers familiar with the old track, which has been the grand route into Italy for these last sixty years as a carriage road, and as a rugged bridle-path since time immemorial, are aware that their route lay along the valleys of the Isere and Arc from Chambery and Montemeillan up to St. Jean and St. Michel de Mavrienne, to which last village the Savoy Railway has been carried for several years. From St. Michael, over a distance of about 47 miles, the road went over the mountain, passing Modane, Lans-le-Bourg, the Mont Cenis Hospice, and hence descending the preaipitous slope by Molaretto and Giaglionn to Susa, whence there has long been a railway open to Turin and all Italy. The Tunnel track, however, diverges from this line, on the right, at the village of Fourneaux, about one mile and a half below Modane, and winding up by an easy gradient from Fourneaux to Modane, and hence round again to the Tunnel entrance above Fourneaux, 3,904 above the sea level, it strikes through the mountain at a point between the Col de Frejus and the Col de la Roue, not far from that great clustering mass which bears the name of Mont Tabor, and from which the mountain chain stretches over Mont Ambin and the Little Mont Cenis to Great Mont Cenis. The highest point attained by the Tunnel is 4,377 feet above the sea, and 3,480 feet, below the crest of the mountain overhead. From this point the Tunnel slopes down to the other opening of the Tunnel, on the Italian side, at Bardonneche, or Bardonecchia, 4,334 feet above the sea, at the top of a lofty glen of the same name, whence the new line will go down to Oulx, on the Dora Riparia, following the course of that valley by Salabertrand and Exilles, till it debouches into the wide open valley of Susa at Bussoline. Besides the tunnel itself there were thus about ten or eleven miles of railway to be contrusted on the French side, between St. Michel and Modane, and about thirty on the Italian side, between Bardonneche and Bussoline, to say nothing of the obstacles rising at every step on the Italian side along the deep defile of Exilles. And yet on this side everything is now ready, and it will only be owing to some remissness on the part of the Railway Companies on the French side that the regular intercourse along the whole line will probably not follow immediately the opening of the tunnel, and will, indeed, hardly be fully established before November.

The Mount Cenis Tunnel is a great achievement in itself, and it challenges our admiration on account not only of the material difficulties its authors had to overcome, but also of the moral discouragement against which they had to bear up, or the doubts and misgivings by which they are assailed, even on the part of those who expressed the most ardent wishes for its success. Even after its completion reports were spread as to the imperfect circulation of the air through a subterranean passage of so great a length, and where no ventilation could be obtained except through vertical shafts of 3,500 feet in depth, the excavation of which would present obstacles as great as that of the Tunnel itself. All the apprehensions of the mephitic air in the Tunnel, if they ever had any foundation, are by this time fully dispelled. Experimental trains have been almost daily, and already for weeks accomplishing the journey from Bussoline to Bardonneche, and from this through the Tunnel all the way to the opening on the French side, near Modane, and the result has been in every respect satisfactory. Were it not for those unfortunate ten miles from St. Michel to Modane, the same railway train would carry the passengers and mails from Calais to Brindisi in something less than sixty hours. It remains to be seen whether there is any obstructive force in French railway companies powerful enough to rob the world of the results of an achievement which, by striking the Alps out of our path, enables us to use Italy as a long pier almost half across the Mediterranean on our way to the East.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS MOTHERS

Are you disturbed at night and broken your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth. If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold every where. Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. Jy31 2m

COUGHS AND COLDS.

Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly, when taken in the early stages of disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the Lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are immitations be sure to obtain the *genuine.* Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

All the year round, "Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders" should be given to horses that are "kept up." To horses and cattle that graze in summer they should only be given in winter and spring.

NAPOLEON WEEPING.—The unfortunate exile who has seen the end of his Imperial Greatness, wept when he found himself so mercifully dealt with by his Antagonist and Captor, King William of Prussia. History seldom chronicles such leniency on the part of a Conqueror. Not so in Medicine, for the Great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills have no respect of any reigning disease in the human body, for this combined medicine roots out completely all acute and chronic maladies

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Take Notice—G. A. Sheldon.
Emigration—A. F. Robertson & Co.
Lots for Sale—Malcolm Cameron.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1871.

The Ottawa Times.

For interesting reading matter see First Page.

As a general rule, Englishmen care more for sound practical administration than they do for political theories. The rejection of the Ballot Bill instead of arousing something like a revolution, as its promoters intimated would be the case, was very tamely received, and did not attract one half the amount of public notice as did the loss of the *Megæra* and the stranding of the *Agincourt*. The warmest supporters of the Gladstone Ministry are forced to admit that the Government have failed in their departmental administration, and it is only because they call themselves "Liberals," and are supposed to take an especial interest in the welfare of the "working man" that they are still enabled to keep together so large a following.

Our contemporary the Toronto *Telegraph* is in error when he says that we have undertaken the defense of Mr. Woodruff, Superintendent of the Welland Canal. We are not in the habit of arguing on any subject with which we are not thoroughly familiar. We do not know Mr. Woodruff, we do not know whether he has made $300,000 or not as the *Telegraph* says he has, and until we hear more shall not enter upon any discussion as to his merits or demerits. All we contend is that the Government have been guilty of no delay in this matter of repairing the Welland Canal, nor have they been actuated by any desire to do injustice to Ontario, as one portion of the *Telegraph's* former article would seem to indicate is the case.

THE NORTH WEST.

The *Globe* publishes a letter from a certain Mr. Macdonald in which the writer relates his experiences in the Western States. It appears that this gentleman settled in the State of Iowa some time since and like many other Canadians who have left their own country and settled in the States with a view of bettering their condition, he is now anxious to take up his abode in Canada once more. But what renders Mr. Macdonald's letter exceedingly precious in the estimation of our contemporary, is the fact that he states that he had heard persons in Iowa say that "they would go to Red River at once if they had any confidence in the old slow coaches, Macdonald and Cartier, but they expected that these two parties would hardly put a railroad in in anything like reasonable time." We do not suppose that the honorable gentlemen referred to when they want a good character need send to Iowa for one; but it is certainly rather amusing to hear this worthy Mr. Macdonald, who, by the way the *Globe* assures us is "a finely built Scotch-Canadian," speaking of Sir John Macdonald and Sir George Cartier as though they had been, or were likely to be, the obstacles to the construction of a railway to Manitoba. He appears to have spent the greater part of his time of late in roaming about among the swamps and deserts of the Western States, which may account for his not being aware that it was the proprietor of the *Globe* and the leaders of the Opposition who endeavored to prevent a railway from being "put in in anything like reasonable time." "Would he be surprised to hear" that it was the Opposition who objected to the idea of the road being built within ten years, and that if it had not been for the persistent determination of the "slow coaches" referred to the construction of the road would have been deferred for an indefinite period? Mr. Macdonald's further remarks are somewhat involved. He says:

With regard to the Indian reserves in Manitoba, well, that's only a small promise, and there is an immense country behind. It is little or no use for anybody to go to that Province as it is now. My brother was in the country last year and was well satisfied with it, but when he came back to Iowa we were afraid that it would not be opened soon enough, or else we would all have gone there. It is my intention to go right through to Lake Nipissing and see the country and find a spot on which my Iowa friends and myself can settle.

Why is it of no use for anybody to go to Manitoba now, and why should Mr. Macdonald and his friends make up their minds that the country will not be opened up soon enough? Lastly, why is the *Globe* continually publishing this and other communications, the natural effect of which is to deter people from going to Manitoba? By its continually repeated misstatements as to the condition of political and social affairs in the North West it is doing its best to prevent the territory from being settled. As we pointed out only yesterday, the testimony of Mr. Mair and others, who, when they went to Manitoba last year were known to be prejudiced against the Government, proves that the Ministerial policy with regard to the North West has been most successful, and that the clouds that lowered over the future of the country have, thanks to Governor Archibald's wise and prudent administration, passed away. We prefer, and we think any reasonable man must prefer, the evidence of such witnesses as these to the opinions expressed by this roving gentleman who has not been in Manitoba. Our contemporary does well in exposing the utter unreliability of the glowing accounts given by American companies respecting the lands to be obtained in the Western States. There is no doubt whatever that most of the really good lands have been appropriated, and that poor *Martin Chuzzlewit's* experiences at Eden are by no means unfrequently repeated. But we deem it to be also our duty, as it is the duty of every honest Canadian journalist, to warn the public against the misrepresentations which the *Globe* is constantly making, which if not made for the express purpose of preventing persons from emigrating to Manitoba, are inspired by some motive that is no less contemptible.

THE IMMIGRATION CONFERENCE.

The Conference met yesterday morning at 10:30. The following gentlemen were present:

REPRESENTING DOMINION GOVERNMENT.

Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald, Hon. Sir G. E. Cartier, Hon. Sir Francis Hincks, Hons. C. Dunkin, A. Morris, Mr. Aikin.

ONTARIO GOVERNMENT.

Hon. John Carling.

QUEBEC GOVERNMENT.

Hons. P. J. O. Chauveau, G. Ouimet, G. Irvine, J. G. Robertson.

NOVA SCOTIA GOVERNMENT.

Hons. E. P. Flynn, W. Garvie.

NEW BRUNSWICK GOVERNMENT.

Hons. G. F. Hathaway, Wm. M. Kelly, John Pickard, Esq., M.P.

MANITOBA.

Hon. H. J. H. Clarke.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Thos. Tett Stahlschmidt, Esq.

In the afternoon were present also: Rev. Mr. Cocks, representing the British and Colonial Emigration Fund; J. Standish Haly, Esq., representing the Clerkenwell Emigration Society, together with Messrs. French, Hackell, Rowe, Starmer, Waller, and Williams, the Secretary, as a deputation from the Ottawa Immigration and Colonization Society.

WATER WORKS.

We congratulate our readers on the fact of something having been done towards the construction of Water Works for the city. The report of the Water Works Committee recommending the adoption of Mr. LeSage's report and the Oregon route, has been adopted, and a by-law based thereon, has been read for the first time. Mr. LeSage who has for some years been connected with the Montreal Water Works is a gentleman whose opinion is entitled to be received with much respect, and in view of his large experience in connection with Water Works, we think that we are fully justified in receiving his statement of facts and figures as thoroughly correct. According to his report the Oregon street route is not only the best but also the cheapest route for the city to adopt. We are glad that the Water Works Committee obtained Mr. LeSage's services, and that they have so far proved themselves entitled to public confidence. Now let them strain every nerve and make every possible exertion to urge on the construction of the Water Works. Time enough and more than enough has been lost in disputing about a route. We trust that greater expedition will be displayed in the future steps incidental to this important municipal reform.

DOMINION NOTES.

The schooner *Montana* laden with wheat, went ashore on Sunday morning, near Picton.

4,080 boxes of cheese changed hands at the Ingersoll market on Wednesday, some at 7c to 8½c, the greater portion being at the latter.

The railway works on the Wellington Grey and Bruce railway, north of Alma, are being pushed forward with rapidity. Already has merchandise been landed at Drayton, the grading is finished beyond Huston and those who are familiar with the works say that the road will soon be opened to Harriston.

The Prince Edward Island Government is accused of having awarded the railway contract to an agent of the "Ring" which there exists.

The St. John *Telegraph* states that there appears to be a revival of interest in the Crown Lands of New Brunswick on the part of the lumbermen; the demand for lands in Counties of Queen's, York and Charlotte being partiularly active. The *Royal Gazette* of this week contains over a page of applications for such lands, in those three counties. Three applicants, alone, require 12,399 acres.

The Belleville papers notice editorially a couple of cucumbers from the garden of Mr. H. Jones, which they say are natural curiosities from their resemblance to snakes. One is three feet long, half uncoiled, as if in the act of stretching itself out to its full lenght, and the other is three feet three inches long, "with a tail tapering off to a small point, snugly drawn in underneath," and the head resting on a part of the body.

AN ANECDOTE OF MRS. SIDDONS.

A correspondent of the London *Times* says: "Mrs. Siddons was lady's maid, I believe, to the Duchess of Ancaster, a relation of the Greatheads. She was at Guy's Cliff when young Greathead broke his leg. He was a remarkably clever boy, and the Duchess's maid for his amusement during the tedious hours of his recovery, used to read Shakespeare to him. The boy was delighted, and insisted upon Siddons going down to the drawing room to read before the Duchess and the party staying at the house. Her Grace remonstrated. She had no idea of her maid being brought so prominently forward; but the boy would not be refused. He was furious at the denial, and, with more zeal, perhaps, than discretion, he retorted upon his noble relative in these words: 'My lady Duchess, Siddons is one of God Almighty's nobles, and that is more than your Grace can say for yourself.'"

A correspondent of the New York *Times* says—The first citizen of Greeley I saw was a mule standing on a bank looking down on the train. Being of vagrant habits and a friendly disposition, he perambulates a good deal overlooking the affairs of the borough, and so they have taken to affixing to his sides bills and notices of public meetings. He is a sort of travelling bulletin board.

The number of deaths from suicide in France during the year 1869 was 5,114, against 5,547 in 1868: of the former number, 4,113, or about four fifths were males, and 1,101 females. With regard to age, 37 were under sixteen, and 1,432 over sixty. Among the causes attributed were: Poverty, 474; family troubles, 571; love or jealousy, 222; crime, 26; insanity, 1,516; physical suffering, 591; intoxication, &c., 664.

A valuable cow, belonging to Mr. Thos. Walker, of Thornthwaite, in Borrowdale, had the misfortune to lame its hind leg, and in consequence of the hot weather it took bad ways. Mr. Daniel Briggs, a skillful veterinary, was called in to see her, and found her so lame that he was obliged to amputate the limb and replace it with a wooded one, and, to the surprise of all, she is now walking about and doing well.

☞ Coughs and colds, when left to themselves, frequently bring on pulmonary complaints, which lead to that distressing and fatal disease, consumption; but if attended to in time, "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers" are a certain remedy. They stop the irritating cough, and soothe and strengthen the bronchial tubes, allaying all irritations and inflammation. They are also particularly adapted for the use of singers and public speakers. Sold by all druggists and country dealers. Price 25 cents per box.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

PRESCOTT.

PRESCOTT, Sept. 20.—The Ottawa Field Battery struck the target, a floating barrel, one thousand yards, in the tenth shot.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 20.

The steamship *Sarmatian* is unable to reach Montreal from lack of water in the channel. She remains at Quebec discharging cargo, and sails after unloading.

A leading inhabitant of Laprairie, Joseph Duval, gun-maker, was arrested and bound over in heavy penalty for drawing a pistol on one Paillaud, during an altercation.

It is reported to-day that Mr. A. X. Hess, tobacconist, St. James street, has absconded leaving $8000 liability.

A large amount of business remains unfinished by the Anglican Synod. The prorogation yesterday was rather unexpected, but many members had gone home.

The long clamoured for meat markets have at length been established at convenient points in the city. The butchers of the regular markets cavil loudly at the corporation for permitting them. The new markets pay 500 dollars taxes which citizens and press are endeavoring to have struck out.

The evening was cloudy with rain at intervals.

Little news.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—The *Times* has an editorial upon the condition of the municipal officers in New York referring to the frauds said to have been perpetrated upon the city treasury. The *Times* says that it foresees a long legal contest the suit of which interests all Americans, and also the friends of self government everywhere. The *Times* also says that the alleged frauds will be criticised at the election, and advises the citizens to put aside all party interest, as otherwise the evil, checked only for a time, will recur in an aggravated form.

The strikes among the workmen in different parts of the country continue.

While the workingmen were reopening the shafts of the Wigan Coal Mine to-day another explosion took place with terrible results. Five men were blown to pieces and many were injured. Flames have burst forth from openings and preparations are making to flood the mine.

The steamer *City of Montreal* of the Inman Line was launched at Glasgow to-day.

A large meeting was held last night in London and elsewhere, and Odger, the leader of the Workingmen's movement, is especially active in support of the strikes.

Mr. Butt, the Home Rule Candidate to Parliament, has been elected from Limerick to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Russell. There was no opposition at the polls.

FRANCE.

VERSAILLES, Sept. 20.—Herr Von Arnim was slightly indisposed yesterday, and negotiations for the formation of a final Treaty of Peace with Germany, were for the time being suspended. These negotiations include the putting into effect of the Customs Treaty recently negotiated, and the evacuation of a greater portion of the French territory held by the Germans as a security for the indemnity. Notwithstanding the temporary suspension of the negotiations, it was hoped that an understanding would be effected upon an original basis mutually agreed to. Matters to day, however appear in somewhat a worse aspect. It is announced that modifications of the Convention proposed by France are of so tedious a character that Herr Von Arnim has referred the whole subject to the Government at Berlin. Exchange of the ratifications of the Treaty is therefore delayed, and no permanent difficulty is apprehended, and the essential arrangement of all questions at issue between the representatives of the two countries is regarded as a certainty.

The trial of Rochefort is now in progress before the Court Martial at Versailles.

Appeals from the convicted Communists from the sentences imposed by Court Martial will be heard on Thursday of this week.

The plan adopted for the military defence of France includes fortifications at Champagne and the erection of detached forts around Metieries and Charleville.

The disarmament of the National Guards of the Departments of the Rhine and Loire is completed.

President Thiers has made a demand on the Government of Mexico for a better guarantee that it will faithfully keep the treaties before he will consent to the resumption of the diplomatic relations with that republic.

PARIS, Sept. 20.—Thiers has been assured trough a circular from the Austrian Cabinet that nothing was done at Gastein hostile to France.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Sept. 20.—Emperor William has conferred the order of Black Eagle on Baron Von Buest, Prime Minister of Austria.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, Sept. 20.—The report impending changes in the ministry are contradicted.

ITALY.

ROME, Sept. 20.—The anniversary occupation of Rome by the Italian troops was celebrated to-day with the utmost enthusiasm. Perfect order prevails.

The Roman celebration continues tonight. Many of the buildings are illuminated and the theatres at which patriotic performances are given are crowded. There has been no disturbances as yet although cries of "Down with the Pope" are occasionally heard in the streets. Troops are bivouacked in the public squares and every precaution is being taken against the violation of public order.

SWEDEN.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 20.—The Second Chamber of the Swedish Parliament has rejected the scheme of the Ministry for the reorganization of the army.

A committee of the Legislature is now at work on the reorganization of the army. It has already agreed to make the military service compulsory on all.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Sept. 20.—King Amadeus has in continuation of his tour of the provinces gone to Verona. He will return to Barcelona on Thursday to receive his brother, Prince Humbert, who is about to make another visit to Spain.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 29—The terms of the striking Engineers have been accepted by three of the employing firms of this city.

A decree appeared in the *Official Journal* to-day providing for the modification of the schedule railway fare throughout Belgium and appointing Commissioners in London to the International Exhibition of 1872.

GREECE.

ATHENS, Sept. 20—King George has returned to Athens from his trip to Denmark and Germany. He will again leave the kingdom for a few days, going to Brundiz to meet his mother the Queen of Denmark, who is about to visit Greece.

All the year round, "Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders" should be given to horses that are "kept up." To horses and cattle that graze in summer they should only be given in winter and spring.

Latest American Telegrams,

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

BANGOR, Me., Sept. 20.—The last rail on the European and North American Railway between Bangor and St. John, uniting by rail the United States and the Maritime Provinces of Canada, was laid to-day at noon.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Sept. 20.—There have been three deaths from Yellow Fever within the past 24 hours. The cool change has had an unfavourable effect upon the sick.

CITY OF MEXICO, Sept. 10, *via* Havana, Sept. 20.—It is conceded by all that the majority of the members of the new Congress are favourable to Juarez.

There is no sign of a revolution.

By a recent order all foreigners are obliged to register their names within three months.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—It is reported on good authority that the appointment of Comptroller will be now tendered by Mayor Hall to Wm. E. Warren. Warren is republican.

THE RACES.

1ST DAY.

The third annual meeting of the Ottawa Turf Club opened at 2 p. m., yesterday, on Mr. Mutchmor's Riding Park. Every person had hoped for fine weather after the rain of Tuesday but that pleasant anticipation was not realized. The morning broke chill dark and threateningly grum. The sun's rays burst through the dark canopy occasionally and made things look cheerful and agreeable, but the cold breeze continued to blow and the atmosphere remained uncomfortably chill.

POOLS.

Pools were sold at ten o'clock at the Russell House, but the bidding was by no means lively, and it seemed utterly beyond possibility to get up a good round pool, so dubious were the sporting fraternity as to the merits of the several horses.

In the LUMBERMEN'S PURSE "Prescott Boy" was the favorite, "Rescue" 2d.

For the STEWARD'S PLATE "Gen. Custor" stood alone as favorite against the field.

For the HOTEL KEEPER'S PURSE "Storm," "Terror" and "Claret" were in turn favorites, the field in each case selling well.

TO THE GROUNDS.

About 1 p. m., gentlemen commenced to congregate about the Russell House the preliminary move towards their starting for the course. The few express waggons on hand to convey people to the Show grounds and Course readily obtained heavier loads of passengers than the unfortunate pampered jades could conveniently draw; as private carriages arrived a general raid was made on them, and cabs of every kind were at a very lucrative premium.

About half past one o'clock Bank Street Road presentee an unusually lively appearance as the continuous line of vehicles were hurrying out to the course, the trip to which was very enjoyable owing to the incidental races which took place on the way, the result of competition between cabmen. Vehicles smashed and crashed against one another, but still the cry was "onward ho!" and the pasengers shouted vociferously, thoroughly enjoying the excitement of the contests.

ON THE COURSE.

Arriving on the course about fifreen minutes to two o'clock we found a numerous assemblage of people already on the ground. Pools were selling for the Lumbermen's purse, and was the case in the morning, "Prescott Boy" was the favorite. Pools for the other races sold generally the same as they did in the morning, but bidding was discouragingly low and dull and in fact the general interest evinced in the races seemed unaccountably small.

The stands were scarcely patronized at all owing to the fact that the people could see over the fences. The ladies' stand being reserved for the lady members of the families of subscribers was not over half filled but those who were fortunate to be in it enjoyed the commodiousness, more the result of actual circumstances than anything else.

MUSIC.

Sutherland and Marrier's Brass Band occupied a position at the end of the 25 cts. "curiosity" and played several very good airs during the afternoon. So soon however as the sport began on the turf, the music seemed to lose its wonted charms or rather was eclipsed by the more exciting interest of the races. Music is very fine on all occasions but on a race course where almost every person is absorbed in sporting excitement we consider it a waste of harmony.

FIRST RACE.

Lumbermen's Purse, mile heats; best two out of three.

For this race there were five entries:—

Mr J Connolly's br h "Gimcrack," 6 years, by "Young Raven," all blue.

Mr. Coleman's br h "Bob Logic," 6 years, by "Bob Logic," all blue.

Mr. John Green's br h "Young Rescue," aged, by "Rescue," blue and white.

Mr E J Newton, gr h "Medley," by "Rescue," all blue.

Mr O'Flynn's ch g "Prescott Boy," 6 years, by "Bay of Boston," blue jacket and red cap.

FIRST HEAT.

About 2:30 the third bell was sounded and the horses made a very fair start "Young Rescue" leading. "Rescue" kept the lead until about the half mile post, where he was passed by "Prescot Boy" who kept closing up gradually from the start.

"Presott Boy" came in first at a rattling pace, a considerable distance ahead of "Rescue," 2nd; "Bob Logic 3rd; "Medley" and "Gimcrack" distanced.

2ND HEAT.

In the 2nd heat "Rescue" again dashed off with the lead, but this time "Prescott Boy" advanced to the front a little past the first quarter mile post, "Rescue" being also passed by "Bob Logic. [It is but just to state here, however, that "Rescue" had his leg badly sprained in the first heat.] "Prescott Boy" came in first by several lengths, "Bob Logic" 2nd; "Rescue" 3rd.

JUDGE'S DECISION—1ST RACE.

"Prescott Boy" 1st, "Bob Logic" 2nd, "Rescue" 3d.

2ND. RACE.

Steward's Plate, mile heats, best two out of three Three horses took the turf for this race:

W H Charles' br h "Gen Custor," 4 years, by "Donerail," all blue.

C J Aloway's ch c 3 years, by "Lightning," dam by "Reverence," black jacket, crimson hoop.

Fisher and Carson's b h "Viley," 6 years, by "Uncle Vic," out of "Silver Star," black jacket and pink cap.

This was a splendid race and decidedly the most exciting of the day. "Gen. Custor's advent to the course was eagerly watched for, so much had been said about him during the last week. He is a long, fine neat limbed animal and certainly his appearance is such that a person would be inclined to select him as favorite even though totally ignorant of his fair history.

Mr. Alloway's "Lightning," is also very prepossessing in appearence and is moreover well capable of making good his pretensions. "Viley," it will be remembered, ran at the Ottawa Races last year, and gained a high reputation among sporting men, not minding the money he won for his owner

1ST HEAT.

A very good start was made "Viley" ahead. "Gen. Custor" was evidently held back during passing over three-quarters of the course but nevertheless closed on "Viley" all the way. At the last one quarter mile the two horses were abreast and the contest became very exciting, "Viley" going at his utmost stretch and "Gen. Custor" taking the lead gradually and easily passing the judges' stand about a neck ahead of "Viley" arrived deafening shouts. The race was a beautiful one throughout but the home stretch was without exception the most exciting and interesting contest we have ever witnessed. "Custor" 1st; "Viley" 2nd; "Lightning" 3rd. Time 1:52¼.

2ND HEAT.

In the second heat "Gen. Custor" lead at the start and kept the lead throughout. Coming near the half mile post, however, "Lightning" made ahead rapidly, and came up almost abreast with "Gen. Custor. As the horses approached the quarter mile post it was difficult to ascertain which one of the horses was leading, and excitement of course was at its height when "Lightning's" rider suddenly fell to the ground, virtually leaving the field clear to "Gen. Custor," who came in first, followed at a short distance by the riderless horse, "Viley" 3rd.

JUDGE'S DECISION.

"Gen. Custor," 1st; "Viley," 2nd.

3RD RACE.

Hotel Keepers' Purse—mile heats; two best out of three. Four entries.

James White's b h "Terror," 5 years, by "Ruric," out of "Montana," scarlet jacket and white cap.

C J Alloway's br c "Claret," 4 years, by "Reporter," dam by "Vandal," all blue.

Mr. O'Flynn's ch g "——," by "Bay of Boston," blue jacket and red cap.

Fisher and Carson's b c "Storm," 4 years, by "Thunder," out of "Lady Franklin," black jacket and pink cap.

"Prescott Boy" lead in this race at the start, "Claret" 2nd.

At the quarter mile post, "Prescott Boy," "Claret," and "Terror" were abreast; from this point "Terror" gradually took the lead, and came in first; "Boy Boston" second; "Claret," third. Time, 145¼.

2ND HEAT.

"Storm" lead at the start and kept the lead all the way around, winning by about a neck ahead of "Terror," 2nd; "Claret," 2rd.

3RD HEAT.

"Claret" dashed off first, followed closely by "Terror," who took the lead at about the half mile, and kept it over the rest of the course, coming in about a neck ahead of "Storm." Time, 1:52¼.

JUDGES DECISION.

"Terror, 1st; "Storm, 2nd; "Claret," 3rd.

This race closed the first day and in less than ten minutes after the official announcement of the result nearly every person of the numerous assembly was on his way homeward bound.

GENERAL NEWS.

Field Marshal General Sir John Burgoyne is seriously ill.

A remarkable family lives in Dallas county, Arkansas. The father is 108 years old, the mother 106, and the two are the parents of 29 children—15 boys and 14 girls.

The *South London Press* states that the works at Shirley House, Croydon, necessary to fit it for the residence of the Emperor Napoleon, are being pushed forward with great activity.

"My son put the first nail into my coffin, and now he has put the last," were the dying words of a farmer, whose death was caused through a blow from his son, at Wigginhall, St. Peter, near King's Lynn.

The latest snake story comes from Wisconsin, where a party came upon two striped snakes and their young. The old ones were soon despatched, but the young ones meanwhile disappeared. Upon examination, however, it was found that the little fellows, twenty in number, and some six inches in length, had taken refuge down the throats of the parent snakes, and upon being dislodged they showed as much activity as ever.

The ministers of all denominations in Dublin are getting up a petition to the executive, protesting against allowing the Sunday demonstrations.

The foreign residents in Madrid are stated to have numbered 2704 on the 1st of June, of whom 1721 were French, 254 English, and 197 Americans.

Gatesville, Texas, is excited over an immense orang-outang, which has fiery eyes, a double set of teeth, and carries off a calf under its arm with ease.

At the close of his trial at Versailles, Lullier said, "You may take my head. As a soldier, I can smile at death."

A saying is attributed to the late Mr. Brunel, to the effect that if the directors of the railway company would give him full powers he would construct an engine to take the train from London to Bristol in two hours. The offer was regarded at the date it was made as impossible of accomplishment; but the undertaking has been almost realised in the present day. The Great Western Railway Company have recently inaugurated a service between London and the West of England, by which passengers leaving London at a quarter before noon, can be in Bristol at 2:21 p.m., the 120 miles being run in 36 minutes over the time fixed by Brunel.

A Paris paper states that a balloon, two yards in diameter, fell near the Arc de Triomphe. On it was painted the following words: "Napoleon III. will return to Paris!" I am astonished the writer did not add that the Emperor was in the car; his confreres no doubt will.—*Echo's Correspondent.*

A serious epidemical disease, described as a sort of influenza fever, is raging amongst horses in Newcastle and Gateshead. The disease prevailed in London last year, and is supposed to have been brought from the metropolis. The animal is totally prostrated during the period of attack.

Some queer scenes ensue in Wyoming, where the women vote, serve on juries, &c., like their lords and masters. Recently six married ladies and as many gentlemen were empanelled upon a murder case there, and it became necessary to lock them up all night. Three of the husbands stormed and raved at the Judge, and half-a-dozen children made the courthouse ring with their cries; but the Judge was inexorable, and put them under lock and key.

The *Lucknow Times* "can scarcely credit the statement that Nana Sahib is still alive. Whatever Dowlet Singh, the ex-mutineer, captured near Mirzapore may say, we are almost certain that Nana Sahib has been dead now for many years. Some think that he is in Nepaul, but that is not probable. He is dead, and there is no hope of inflicting that punishment on him in this world he so well deserved. It will be long before his evil deeds can be forgotten"

The *Independence Belge* publishes very unfavourable intelligence from Constantinople respecting the state of affairs in Albania. Troubles which were said to have been appeased by the recall of Ismail Pacha have broken out with greater violence than ever. A body of 4,000 mountaineers attacked some Ottoman troops, and, although the latter repulsed the insurgents, they suffered greatly. The insurrection is considered a very formidable one.

The financial editor of the *Bennington Banner* reports marriages dull, engagements depressed, courtship good and prime, scandal overstocked, belles plenty, beaux scarce and of poor quality.

The London *Standard* says: One of the old school of pugilists died on Friday week, aged 51. "Ould Nat," as he was generally called by his admirers, enjoyed the reputation of having been the only man who ever defeated Tom Sayers. He retired from the active life of a pugilist many years before the death of his celebrated opponent, and has since, according to the custom of the fraternity to which he belonged, carried on the business of a licensed victualler. Langham was generally well conducted and respectable, and a favorable type of a class now, happily, disappearing.

ENGLISH PUBLIC OPINION.

From London Journals of Sept. 3rd.

PLAYING AT SOLDIERS.—The *Standard* says:—There is a matter in which we are compelled to find fault with the arrangements of the War office. The subject is a delicate one, and we approach it with much regret, but where so important a thing as the efficiency of our army is concerned we should not be doing our duty to the country were we to shrink from pointing out errors. It is, we conceive, an error of the gravest description to give the Prince of Wales the command of a cavalry brigade during the autumn campaign. It is true that he is the honorary colonel of the 10th Hussars, but he has never studied the art of war, and his only experience in the handling of cavalry has been acquired by riding past her Majesty at the head of his regiment on the occasion of the Bushey-park review. These are strong reasons against entrusting his royal highness with so difficult and important command as that of a brigade of cavalry, but still stronger reasons remain behind. It is contrary to constitutional practice to allow the heir to the Crown to serve with an army in the field. This point was definitively settled when George IV, as Prince of Wales, applied for active military employment suitable to his rank, and was compelled to content himself with the appointment of colonel commandant of the 10th Hussars, which corps was retained in England. Since, then, the Prince of Wales cannot take part in active operations, it is sheer waste to train him to duties which he would never be allowed to perform. If he takes command of a brigade of cavalry during the approaching manœuvres he is simply taking the place of an officer who might have an opportunity of turning his training to subsequent practical account. But the idea would seem to be to gratify the Prince of Wales, by allowing him to take part in mere holiday operations. If that is the case Mr. Cardwell is converting the whole affair into a sham.

THE STATE OF FRANCE—The *Daily News* says:—With a little forbearance on all sides, the danger may disappear altogether and France may be safely tided over her difficulties. But the one thing which it would be most unsafe to hazard a prediction is the degree of forbearance which each party, or all parties, may be expected to show. There does seem to have been after the overthrow of the Commune, a genuine, and generous, and patriotic resolve among Frenchmen generally, to suppress all partizanships for the hour. The compromise which accepted M. Thiers was really, so far as outside observers may judge, a sincere and disinterested compact on the part of the great majority of the nation. If this compromise now threatens to fall asunder, the fault in the first instance will assuredly be that of M. Thiers. Probably it would be better and wiser to go on with him for the present anyhow, on Mr. Lincoln's celebrated principle, about the wisdom of not "swapping" horses when crossing a river. But the hints in the Berlin newspapers that the Germans consider M. Thiers a personage necessary to be kept in power, will seem to many Frenchmen only another reason why patriots should be impatient of his rule. It appears beyond doubt that there is still much of the fierce old revolutionary fire smouldering in the country. M. Gambetta is by no means a "played out" personage yet; and there are men still watching the opportunity whose schemes of social and political reorganization are far more "thorough" than any cherished by M. Gambetta.

The *Advertiser* remarks:—The truth is that old institutions in France have so completely "gone by the board" that everything has to be created afresh. A Republic does indeed seem the only form of Government possible for the present, and M. Thiers would appear to be, from his experience and *status*, the least ineligible President. His only likely rival is M. Gambetta, a much younger man, with superabundant energy, but not enough moderation. If M. Thiers has too much ballast to suit the extreme Liberals, and if he be not steady enough to suit the monarchists, M. Gambetta has too much sail to please any but the bold and go ahead spirits who are for remodelling everything, and revenging last September. In short the existing state of things can only be looked upon as provisional and transitionary; and this is the real secret of M. Thiers' attitude towards the Assembly. He told them in plain terms only a day or two ago, that if it had not been for him there would have been an open conflict between parties before now. He plays off one side of the Chamber against the other; and, being an old parliamentary tactician and strategist, he has little difficulty with a body of men split up into so many different sections. As the alternative of France seems to lie between Thiers and Gambetta, it is very possible her present choice, if indeed she can be said to have any choice in the matter, is the least evil of the two. "After me the deluge," is a well known saying, which in this instance the master of the situation for the time being may parody by saying "After me the Red Republic, social and democratic." MM. Leon Gambetta and Louis Blanc, are actors and thinkers of the most advanced school, are the most likely, perhaps the only possible, successors of M. Thiers.

DISTURBED STATE OF EUROPE.—The *Daily News* has the following:—The sky of Europe is once more overcast. A sense of insecurity extends from Madrid to Moscow, and from Stockholm to Constantinople. No great diplomatic question has reached its crisis; no notes are interchanged, or ultimatums despatched; no armies are summoned to the field, and yet there is not a statesman in Europe who is not anxious about the preservation of peace. Certain it is that until very lately we seemed to be tending to a state of quiet. France, which nobody suspected of a disposition to acquiesce meekly in the loss of two fine provinces, nevertheless seemed to be settling down under M. Thiers to a policy pledged to the restoration, rather than the employment, of the powers of external action; and as for the East of Europe, were not the Emperor of Germany and Russia daily exchanging tokens of amity and esteem? To-day all is thrown afresh into uncertainty. The favorable features of the scene fade away and vanish, and we are remitted to the rugged facts which all the while were at their basis. When we learn that neither France nor Prussia, which fought out the late war, nor Russia, which played a part unlike that of any other neutral, is satisfied with the state of things which has arisen out of it, we shall not find it difficult to account for the uneasiness of Europe. The thorough and uncompromising policy of Prince Bismarck in extorting the last possible concession from France may or may not be justified by the ultimate event, but at present it is making every State of Europe less secure than it might have been under a more favorable treaty. The negotiations between the German and Austrian Courts are not yet at an end. It seems tolerably certain that they will not fulfil all the purposes with which they were entered upon. They may or may not unite Germany and Austria in active co-operation in Roumanian affairs. They may precipitate Russia into an alliance with France. The best that can be hoped from them is that they may lead to such an understanding as will protect the peace of Europe for a while, until, on the subsidence of passion, the real interest of peoples and States are once more seen in truth and clearness.

The *Advertiser* says:—The relations of Russia and Prussia are at this moment keenly watched with mingled curiosity, anxiety, and alarm, by every Power in Europe. The momentous question is, will these two gigantic military despotisms, for such they really are, fight each other for the championship of the world, that is, the Old World, at no distant date, or will they unite and agree to divide the Old World between them? Diplomatists of the consumate type of the Bismarcks, the Metternichs, the Gortschakoffs only use language to conceal thought. As Dean Swift says, they never tell the truth unless with the intent and expectation that you should take it for a lie, and they never tell a lie unless they have the best grounds for believing you will receive it as gospel. Let us not heed words; let us look at the realities of things. The interests of Russia and Prussia are identical; they can each promote the other's interests without sacrificing their own. Each has in the other a powerful ally, able to aid and abet her in carrying out her long cherished policy—as above demonstrated—at little or no expense to herself. The simple acquiescence of the one in the other's schemes of aggrandisement is enough to ensure their success, as in the late war and that of 1866. Their ambition lies in opposite directions, and the more each pushes on in those opposite directions the less the chance of coming into collision. On the other hand, Russia and Prussia would be each other's most formidable enemy if they elected the mad alternative of quarrelling and fighting. Prussia, notwithstanding her tremendous army, knows well that she would find a very different foe in Russia from either Austria or France. A nation of eighty millions, covering so vast a territory, could not be overrun in a seven weeks' war or seven months' war; even supposing tho opening victories to be as decisive as those of last year and the campaign of 1866, which is not at all probable, from the totally different circumstances of the case. The Russian army is probably even more numerous than that of Prussia; the most energetic, though secret, efforts are making to reorganize it; and the outbreak of such a war would be a signal which France and even Austria might not be slow to hail and interpret, each after her own fashion, and for her own interests.

THE RAVAGES OF CHOLERA ON THE CONTINENT.

At Konigsberg about 140 persons are seized daily, of whom one-third succumb. The intelligence we receive from Russia concerning the progress of the epidemic is still very melancholy. At Moscow, according to the official report, 479 persons were suffering from the disease on August 21. Of these 30 recovered on that day, and 23 died, leaving 426 under medical treatment. On the 22d there were 23 fresh cases, 22 recoveries, and 18 deaths. On the 23d the fresh cases amounted to 32, recoveries to 18, deaths to 19, those under treatment being 404. On August 26 the sum total of all those in Moscow seized since the beginning of the epidemic (March 13) was 5,052. Of these 2,340 had recovered, and 2,354 were dead. A comparison of these last figures with those recorded in the third week of August proves that the mortality, which at one time exceeded half the number of cases, has latterly considerably diminished. In the neighbourhood of the old capital, however, the disease has not yet exhausted its virulence.

DIED.

At Ottawa, on the 12th inst., by accidental drowning, Thomas Yorke Scarlett Dare, aged 12 years, only son of Mrs. H. Alexander Case.

Died in Dereham, Oxford County, Ont., on Friday, the 15th inst., Jennie, youngest daughter of Thomas Langrell, aged fourteen years and seven months.

The funeral will take place on Friday, the 22nd inst., at 2 o'clock, p.m., from her father's residence, Rideau street. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend.

At Hull, on the 16th inst., Joseph Alphonse Louis Alfred Turgeon, aged one year and six months.

PAIN KILLER

Husband:—You have great faith, Mary in the PAIN-KILLER. The Patson's wife and Mrs. Judge Jones are very positive in favor of it, but I am inclined to think that if it did all it professes to do sickness and death would soon be out of fashion, for it cures everything.

Wife:—The Parson's wife and Mrs. Judge Jones are not the only ones that I have heard strongly recommend the PAIN-KILLER, every where I go they have it and everybody praises it, all the Liniments, Cholera mixtures and Pain Medicines have disappeared since Perry Davis' agent came round. (To little boy) George, does your tooth still aches, my dear!

George:— No, Mother, PAIN KILLER stopped it.

Wife to husband:—The Pain Killer does not profess to cure everything either in the Directions about the bottle or in the "Annual." I have read them carefully. It claims to be the best family medicine in existence. Perry Davis & Son do not say what it can do but prove what it has done by giving certificates from reliable persons whose testimony cannot be doubted.

Husband:—Do you think these certificates are *Bona fide*, I believe they are made up to sell the goods.

Wife:—Judge Jones was as incredulous as you till he wrote to Perry Davis & Son and was satisfied, they sent him a quire of certificates received from parties within five miles of his own house.

(*To be Continued*)

Sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cts. per bottle.

TAKE NOTICE.

Get your

BUFFALO ROBES

in to be

DYED,

and made like

BEAR ROBES,

for the cold weather is fast approaching.

G A. SHELDON.
Sussex street,
Next door to the DOMINION HOUSE,
Ottawa, Sept. 21, 1871. 1774 a

FOR SALE

By Public Auction,

THIS THURSDAY, the 21st SEPTEMBER,

9 LOTS.

in the village of

BILLINGS' BRIDGE,

Fronting on Bank, Cameron, and Gloucester streets.

☞ Payable one-fourth down, and balance in three years. Sale to take place on the grounds at 3 o'clock, p.m.

MALCOLM CAMERON.

For further particulars apply to
THOS. DOWSLEY, Agent.
Ottawa, Sept 16. 1774 1

EMIGRATION

TO THE

UNITED STATES,

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or sixpence. Correspondence solicited. Address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1774 2

NOTICE.

FOR SALE,

A well established BUSINESS in one of the most flourishing villages in the Ottawa Valley on the line of the Brockville & Ottawa Railroad. The stock now on hand consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, and Boots and Shoes, to the amount of about $4,000. The Business is well established, and an excellent trade has been done amounting to about $2,000 a year. The Shop and Dwelling can be leased or purchased.

Further particulars can be learned by applying to

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Sept 19, 1871 1773.td

AUCTION SALE

OF A

SPLENDID STONE HOUSE.

The Subscriber has received instructions from Mr. David Moore to sell at his rooms, Rideau Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th SEPTEMBER, 1871, that desirable property situated on York Street, recently occupied by him. The house is of stone, 2½ storeys high, well built, and neatly finished with good yard and stabling.

Sale at Twelve o'clock, noon.

For further particulars apply to the Auctioneer,

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer & Real Estate Agent.
Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871. 1768td

LOST,

On FRIDAY, 15th instant a Gentleman's heavy GOLD RING, with Carbuncle Stone, chased in the sides. Any one leaving it at this Office will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Sept 20. 1778tf

BY-LAW

To raise by way of loan the sum of sixty thousand dollars for the purpose of building bridges across the Rideau Canal, repairing the Sappers' Bridge, and building a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats, in the City of Ottawa.

Whereas the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa have resolved to build bridges across the Rideau Canal, at Wellington and Maria Streets, in the City of Ottawa, to repair the Sappers' Bridge already erected across the said Canal, connecting Sparks and Rideau Streets, and also to build a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats; and it is estimated that the sum of sixty thousand dollars will be required for that purpose.

And whereas in order to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such works, it is necessary to issue debentures of the Corporation of the said City, to the amount of sixty thousand dollars, aforesaid, as hereinafter provided.

And whereas it will require the sum of six thousand six hundred dollars to be raised annually for the payment of the said debentures and the interest thereon, as hereinafter also provided.

And whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is five million seven hundred and sixty-eight thousand three hundred and nine dollars.

And whereas the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows: Principal, the sum of three hundred and two thousand eight hundred and eight dollars and fifty-one cents; and interest, the sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents, making in the aggregate the sum of three hundred and fifty-eight thousand four hundred and sixty-two dollars and sixty-seven cents, of which interest the said sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts is in arrear.

And whereas for paying the interest on the said debentures and creating an equal yearly sinking fund, for paying the principal money of the said debentures, according to the statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

Be it therefore enacted and ordained by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:—

1. That for the purpose of constructing the said works, it shall be lawful for the Mayor, for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan, from any person or persons, body or bodies coporate who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of sixty thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain, for the time being of the said City, and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

2. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa, for the time being, shall cause debentures to be made out, in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of sixty thousand dollars; which said debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

3. The said debentures shall be made payable on the first day of January, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa, and shall have coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent per annum, from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, on the first day of the months of January and July in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

For the purpose of providing a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar shall, in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected, in each year upon all the rateable property in the city of Ottawa, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the first day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.

And Whereas this By-law requires the assent of the electors of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said electors thereon, the Council of the Corporation of the said City, do hereby fix Friday the thirteenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned, in the said City, being the places at which the last elections of the members of the Council therein were held: namely, in Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke, therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward, at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine o'clock of the same day.

And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers, to take such votes at and for the several places, within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

TAKE NOTICE.

That the above is a true copy of a proposed By-law, which will be taken into consideration by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, after one month from the first publication thereof in the OTTAWA TIMES newspaper, the date of which first publication was the twentieth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, and that the votes of the electors of the said Municipality will be taken thereon, at the following places within the City of Ottawa, namely: In and for Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street, in Victoria Ward. In and for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street; and for that part of the said last mentioned Ward, lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In and for St. George's Ward, at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In and for By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street; and in and for Ottawa Ward, at Lot No. eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street, on Friday the thirteenth

day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the hour of nine of the clock, in the forenoon of the same day.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, Sept. 20, 1871. 1773 1m

LOCAL NEWS.

MONEY TO LEND.—Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks & Elgin streets, Ottawa.

Tickets for the exhibition may be had at the stores of Messrs. Orme & Son and J. Hope & Co. To those who wish to avoid a rush, this should not be lost sight of.

An interesting feature connected with to morrow's exhibition will be the turn out of the horses entered for the Turf Club Races on the Show Grounds. The parade will take place at 4 o'clock, when the different horses, with their jockeys (in costume, we presume) will be seen to the best advantage.

PROFESSOR ASHLEY, the London Magician and Ventriloquist, performs in the Skating Rink, Music Hall, on Monday and Tuesday next. The Quebec *Chronicle* says of his entertainment:

A large audience attended last evening at the Music Hall to witness the entertainment given by Professor Ashley the great London magician and Ventriloquist. The Professor is a skilful expert in the art of his profession, and performs his numerous tricks with ease and finish. Some of the tricks were so wonderful and mysterious that a variety of opinions were expressed by those present as to the possibility of a man being able to perform. We will mention in particular the loaded pistol fired by a good natured gentleman in the hall who volunteered to assist the Professor. A ring was borrowed for the occasion from a lady and placed in the pistol with a moderate charge of powder and fired at a closed box in which it was subsequently found tied to the neck of a living canary. In order that all doubt should be removed the bird was brought into the body of the hall and the ring removed in the presence of the lady. The entertainment closed with a scene of Ventriloquism. Professor Ashley has, certainly, extraordinary powers in this art. His voice echoed in every corner of the stage, under tables and chairs as well as in a large trunk, in which it was supposed an old gentleman had taken temporary shelter.

GENTLEMEN.—Have your Shirts made to fit and as you want them at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans.

LECTURE.—The lecture delivered last evening in the St. Patrick's Hall by the Rev. M. J. O'Farrell, of New York, on the "Life and Times of Daniel O'Connell," was listened to with marked attention by a large and respectable audience. We noticed on the platform the Rev. Dr. O'Connor, Rev. Pallier, Judge Armstrong, E. McGillivray, Esq., D. O'Connor, Esq., and W. Waller, Esq. The lecturer was eloquent and earnest, and evinced an affection for the subject, but treated it in the most unbiassed manner. At the conclusion of the lecture Judge Armstrong, after some very eulogistic remarks on the reverend lecturer, and a reference to the fact that in the past as well as in the present, Ireland was assisted in its endeavors to better her condition by many eminent Protestants (a fact in which the revd. lecturer coincided), moved, seconded by W. Waller, Esq., a vote of thanks to the reverend gentleman, which was carried unanimously.

The lecture was delivered for the benefit of the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum and judging from the numerous audience present we feel satisfied that a handsome sum must have been realized for that charitable object.

A large lot of New Carpets just received at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks street.

POLICE COURT.

Mary Ann Kenna for being drunk on the streets, was fined $2 and costs.

Mrs. James Whitty was charged with using abusive language to Mrs. Gibb, fined $2 and costs.

Solomon Edwards was fined $1 and costs for allowing his cow to run at large.

Mrs. Vandetta charged with beating her husband, was fined $1 and costs.

Alex. Sharp, charged with larceny, was committed for trial at the Assizes.

Toussient Lorocque, charged with throwing a stone at the window of a car at the St. L. & O. Station, was remanded.

OBITUARY.

We regret to hear of the death at Montreal of Joseph Octave Alfred Turgeon, Esq., father of H. A. Turgeon, Esq., Advocate of Hull, at the age of 64 years. Suffering from paralysis for over four years he bore the affliction with a christian spirit.

Mr. Turgeon was descended of one of the oldest families in Canada, and all who knew him learned to appreciate his hospitality and honest manner.

Notwithstanding his extensive legal practice he found time to confer benefits upon his fellow citizens by his intelligent action and example among them. He was for a long time President of the Board of Agriculture of Lower Canada.

The funeral took place at Terrebonne at half past nine on Tuesday morning.

Great Bargains in Lace Shawls. Price reduced one-third, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks street.

GATINEAU POINT LAROCQUE.

The notorious Toussiant Larocque, the champion scoundrel of the Gatineau Point, was arrested on Tuesday evening, at the St. L. & O. Station, where he behaved himself in a most outrageous manner. He was under the influence of liquor and blustered about as if bent on having a fight with some person. A number of volunteers about to leave on the train for Prescott came in for a large amount of his violent abuse. He swore at them in French and in English, and challenged them out individually and collectively to fight. With much forbearance they put up with his abuse, leaving the Hector to rage about, without giving him an opportunity to display his pugilistic qualities. He finally disappeared, and the volunteers took their seats in the cars, but as the train was about starting, a large stone weighing over four pounds was hurled through the window of the passenger car. No one was hit, though it passed within an inch of the heads of some of the soldiers. Search was immediately made for Larocque, who was found by Detective O'Neil, hiding in the sleeping car. O'Neil being on his way to Kemptville to arrest a circus man for larceny, took Larocque thither with him, returning on the next train with the two prisoners.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION.

The Third Annual Exhibition of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society opened yesterday, at the grounds of the Association on the bank of the Rideau Canal, within a short distance of this city. The exhibition promises in every way to be a most decided success, and we have every reason to congratulate the metropolitan counties and the metropolis on the display likely to be made as well as those gentlemen who were enterprising enough to organize the institution three short years ago.

In every particular the exhibition of this year promises to be a very decided improvement on those of preceding seasons, the entries this year being, up to last night, over three hundred in excess of last year. Considering the extreme drouth of last season and the prolific crops which have marked the present, the increase of exhibitors and entries was naturally to have been expected, but it is well worthy of remark that the main increase of entries is not in cereals which are affected by casual causes, but in cattle and horses, two agricultural interests in which the Ottawa district is most particularly interested and which are the surest indications of steady enterprize of our farmers.

Yesterday, nominally the opening day of the exhibition was almost entirely devoted to the scenery of the goods, &c., for the show, and placing the same in position, and the crowds of competitors seeking for entry certificates, accomodation for stock, places for goods, and other information (not to mention a number of unfortunate journalists hungry for news) sorely taxed the patience of that most urbane of secretaries, Mr. Woodburn, who, however, proved himself as ubiquitous and obliging on this occasion as is his wont.

During the afternoon the judges of some of the departments were actively at work canvassing the merits of the articles submitted for competition on their various sections, and though they exercised all possible diligence, "the shades of night were falling fast" before the public (among which of course was the Press) were admitted to any portion of the grounds. In other of the departments—as for instance the stock and floral divisions—the entries will not be complete until this morning, and the judges will not enter on their duties until to day.

Under these circumstances our readers cannot expect from us this morning a detailed discription of the Exhibition, but we purpose to lay before them such information as will enable them to visit with satisfaction the various portions of the ground. Our many friends among the exhibitors will, we think, understand our reasons for not entering at present into special mention or opinion of particular displays. In many cases the Judges have yet to decide between competency, and even in those departments where the prizes were awarded last evening, the hour at which the work was completed was so late that it was impossible to see articles to that advantage required to do justice to them.

GENERAL ARRANGEMENTS.

The general arrangements of the grounds this year do not differ from those of the last. The West division of the grounds comprises the excellent implements and manufactures display and the grand pavilion. In the latter will be found the smaller; and finer classes of manufactures which are liable to injury by exposure to weather; these occupy the East transept of the building, in the West transept will be found, on the north side, the confectionary, fruit and dairy products, the centre and south side being occupied by the cereals and garden produce. The south transept is devoted to the display of ladies work and to a few other articles, while the northern one is filled by the floral department—which by the way, promises to be unusually well filled. On the opposite side of the road will be found the cattle, sheep, horses, &c., all of which departments are unusually well filled.

THE REFRESHMENT STANDS

this year have been entrusted to the care of Mr. Pierce Mansfield, of New Edinburgh, and Mr McCaffrey, of Sussex street, both of whom we are sure will do full justice to the trust reposed in them, and amply provide those creature comforts for which hungry and thirsty souls so eagerly seek on such occasions. A third stand on the stock ground, conducted on strictly temperance principles has been established by Mr. Munson of Rideau street, which we are certain will receive extensive patronage, unless we greatly mistake, the gallant yeomen of the Metropolitan counties.

THE STOCK DISPLAY

this year promises to be unusually fine, a fact most gratifying to all interested in Agriculture in the Ottawa valley. The entries are greatly in excess of last year, and keen competition may be expected in all almost all departments.

HORSES.

It is in this department that the most marked improvement of the year, has taken place and at an early hour last afternoon, all the stalls appropriated for that class were filled, and many applicants were unwillingly refused accommodation, and had to *house* their animals—to make an Irish bull—in the open air. The show in the ring in this class this afternoon promises to be a magnificent one, and will in itself well repay a visit to the grounds.

THE CATTLE ENTRIES

are also considerably in excess of last years and many very fine animals will be found among those exhibited. It is also very gratifying to note a large increase of young home raised stock which no Canadian will regret to see competing with imported animals. Among the most note worthy of the competitors we may mention the Honourable James Skeak who shews some fine Durhams, and his well known blac Gallways. Mr. Thos. Clark, the recent purchaser of Mr. J. B. Lewis' well known stock, and whose fine animals were being driven on to the ground at sun down just as our reporter was leaving. The Messrs. Thompson of Nepean had also a splendid lot of animals upon the ground and can hardly fail to take off a considerable number of prizes.

Our well known and good natured friend Mr. Pritchard of Wakefield was also observed upon the ground anxiously superintending the care of some splendid beasts which to judge from there sleek condition had not much cause to complain of the treatment they received from their lord and master.

We were sorry to miss from the stalls this year the fine breed of Devon cattle belonging to the Messrs. Hamilton and which for the past two years have excited such general admiration. The long distance which they have to be driven sixty-five miles, is a sufficient reason for their not being brought down on this occasion.

SHEEP.

The entries in this department are fair in number, but up to a late hour last night very few had been brought on the ground so that no fair opinion of the display could be formed. We trust, however, that decided improvement in this line will be seen, for there is abundant room for it in this Ottawa district.

SWINE.

Our remarks concerning sheep might with great propriety be made to this class of animals. We are pleased to see, however, both from observations of the animals brought on the ground and from the entries made in that particular class, that more attention is being paid in this vicinity to pork raising, and several fine specimens of young Berkshire were on the ground today. It is somewhat singular that in such a pork consuming district as this that greater attention has not been paid to this particular branch of stock raising. We hope that the efforts of the Ottawa Agricultural Society will produce a general desire for good stock in this line among our farmers.

POULTRY.

In this department the entries are large—most encouragingly so—but till a late hour last night only a few of the feathered bipeds had been brought to the ground. Among them we noticed some remarkably fine Bramahs and a pair of geese that might defy competion in any place—worthy and dignified descendents of those that saved the capitol.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

These will be found on the west side of the grounds and constitute a very considerable display though not perhaps as good as that of some years in this neighbourhood.

IN THE HALL

we have already mentioned the main classes of articles exhibited and will not at present refer to the exibitors in detail. We may however call the attention of our readers to some few particular displays made. Among them are Mr. Borbridge and Mr. Lees in harness; Mr. Bangs in furs; Mr. McCullough, in leather; Mr. Mile, in wigs, &c.; Mr. Geo. May, in trunks; Mr. Gowan, in picture frames and gilders work; Mr. Miles, organs; Mr. Brown, sewing machines; Mr. Bush, sewing machines. We purpose referring to these and other displays made, at greater length on future occasion.

The follow is a correct list of the Judges who took part in awarding the prizes at the show to-day, as also the classes in which they acted:—

For Dairy Produce.—Messrs Thomas Patterson, Ottawa, and J Quinn, Prescott.

Manufactures.—T Iveson, R Heffinstall and Wm Stringer.

Farm Produce.—Thomas McKay, D Gordon, and A Masson, Ottawa.

Lady Judges.—Mrs James Fraser, Mrs J G Robinson, and Mrs T M Blasdell.

The other department it is expected will be presided over to morrow by the following gentlemen.

Horses.—A Alloway, of the Royal Horse Bazaar, Montreal; Chas Lain, of the City Hotel, Montreal; Wm Clarke, of Waddington, NY; and Mr McLean, of Aylmer.

Cattle—James Lang, of Buckingham; Hugh Martin of Kemptville; and Lawrence Nasmith, of Ramsay.

Sheep and Swine—Thomas Clarke, of Nepean; John G Street, of March; Thomas Thompson, of Williamsburgh.

Poultry—Edward Geralds, of Prescott; E C Barber, and Mr Ponis of this city.

Implements and Vehicles.—T M Blasdell, Ottawa; H D Smith, Merrickville and Allan Paul, Nepean.

Sewing Machines.—Thos Story, D R Leavens and T H Kirby, Ottawa; and J C Bower, Osgood.

Fruit and Flowers.—Wm White, P O Dept, Ottawa; Mr Sorley, Gardner to His Excellency Lord Lisgar; John Langton, Auditor General, and R W Scott, M P P.

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, } To Wit.

Public Notice is hereby given that the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, and of Assize and Nisi Prius, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the NINTH day of OCTOBER, at the hour of Ten o'clock, a.m., of which all Coroners, Magistrates, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned, are required to take notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. F. POWELL,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa,
Sept. 15, 1871. 1770-tf.

AUCTION SALE
OF A
TIMBER LIMIT
SITUATED ON DEEP RIVER.

The Subscriber has received instructions to sell at the Union House, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, 4th October, a Timber Berth, being License No. 267 of 1870-71, of about 5¼ square miles on the South side of Deep River.

Terms and conditions made known at time of sale.

Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 8, 1871. 1761-td

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS,
ON BLACK RIVER,

For Sale by Auction, at the Union House, *ON WEDNESDAY, 4th OCTOBER* next, at one o'clock, p. m., being License No. 265, of 1870-71.....50 miles.
And No. 367, of 1870-71.....50 miles.

Total one hundred square miles of richly timbered limits.

By order of
ALEXANDER FRASER, Esq.

Ottawa, 1st Sept. 1871. 1759-td

ENGLISH WEEKLY NEWS PAPERS AND MONTHLY MAGAZINES.

LLOYD'S WEEKLY LONDON NEWS, Weekly Times, Reynolds', Weekly Dispatch,—the latest editions,—5 cents. Subscription (post free to any part of the Dominion)—yearly, $2.50; six months, 1.25.

Illustrated London News, Graphic, Bell's Life, News of the World, Punch, Fun, Judy, &c., &c.

THE TORONTO GLOBE delivered at 10 cents per week.

C. E. HUCKETT & CO.
69, Sparks Street.

August 29. 1755 1m

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned endorsed "Tenders Welland Canal," will be received at this Office until Noon of WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of October next, for the execution of the following mentioned works on the

WELLAND CANAL:

1st. Construction of a Mooring Wharf, and Deepening the Harbor of Port Dalhousie.

2nd. Lightening the East Bank of the "Deep Cut" between Allanburgh and Port Robinson.

3rd. Deepening and Enlarging the Harbor at Port Colborne.

Plans and Specifications can be seen at this Office, and at the Welland Canal Office, St. Catharines, (where Forms of Tender may also be obtained) on and after Tuesday, the 10th day of October next.

The signatures of two solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become surety for the due fulfilment of the Contract, must be attached to each Tender.

The Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 16th Sept. 1871. 1771-3

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA,
Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's.
E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.
1737tf

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY

FOR SUNDAY USE.

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season..		$5 00
20lbs " " ..		9 00
10lbs	month	1 50
20lbs " "		2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance ☜

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorens, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N. B.—Ice supplied per ton or cwt.

Ottawa April 1871

BUSINESS CHANGE.

We, the undersigned, in relinquishing the Retail branch of our business, beg to return thanks to the public of Ottawa and vicinity for the very liberal support accorded to us during the past eight years, and to announce that we have

DISPOSED OF OUR STOCK,

And leased the premises,

29 Sparks Street,

TO

MESSRS.

ALEXANDER RUSSELL,
(Late of Blyth & Russell, Ottawa,)

AND

ROBERT WATSON,
(Of Watson & Hayes, Almonte,)

Who will continue the business under the name and style of

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Both of these gentlemen were formerly in our employ, and being possessed of ample means and long experience we have great pleasure in recommending them to the confidence and patronage of all our friends and customers.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, August, 1871.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE

RUSSELL & WATSON

Have pleasure in announcing that they have purchased the

Entire Stock in Trade,

AND

GOOD WILL

OF THE

RETAIL BUSINESS

Lately conducted by Messrs.

Magee & Russell,

And leased their premises, 29 Sparks Street, for a term of years.

And hope by keeping only the best qualities of goods, and adopting a uniform and

Moderate Scale of Profits,

By anticipating the wants of the public and a strict attention to business to merit and retain the patronage so liberally bestowed upon their predecessors.

And we beg to assure the old patrons of the establishment that no efforts will be spared in maintaining the leading position to which it had attained.

ALEX. RUSSELL. ROB'T. WATSON.

Ottawa, August 1871.

Peaches!

Peaches!

Peaches!

Pears!

Pears!

Pears!

Apples!

Apples!

Apples!

And all other Kinds of Fruit

at the Fruit Depots of

G. LORENZ,

No. 7 SUSSEX STREET,

—AND

NO. 58 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

GREAT

DRY GOODS SALE.

Allan, McKinnon's & McMoran,

Have determined to clear out the FALL and WINTER GOODS purchased at a heavy discount from Messrs GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO, and with that view will bring forward the whole stock, including several large lots of

NEW GOODS

purchased far below Market value, and offer the whole at prices that must induce good judges of goods to buy largely.

The sale will commence on

Monday, 4th Sept'r.,

And continue one month.

As many of the cheapest lines will be sold quickly, intending purchasers will do well to call early and secure a choice.

1,000 YDS. JAPANESE SILKS,

At 50 cents per yard.

ONE CASE OF VELVETEEN RIBBONS, damaged by fresh water, will be offered at less than half price.

2 Bales of GREY COTTONS, in short pieces, at from one to two cents below usual prices.

To be reduced one third in prices—a large quantity of

MILLINERY, MANTLES and MANTLE CLOTHS,

A line of Velveteen Jackets, reduced to $1.50 each, Waterproof Mantles at from $2.50 to 5.

DRESS GOODS, in a variety of fabrics, reduced below cost.

PRINTS—A line formerly sold at 12½ cents will be cleared out at 9 cents per yard.

A large lot of Gloves and Hosiery will be marked down far below cost.

A lot of best Brussels Carpets will be sold at $1.25 per yard.

ALLAN, McKINNON'S & McMORRAN,
Successors to Garland, Mutchmor & Co
No. 20, Sparks Street.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, that you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old Brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

GIN—

J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Islay Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Cross & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

☞ ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES.....$ 80
THRESHING and SAWING COMBINED..... 130
FANNING MILLS..... 22

WM. ABBOTT.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 36w

IF YOU WANT

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

SEND TO THE

Noted Tea House

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor

SUCCEEDING TO THE BUSINESS OF MAGEE & RUSSEL.

The Undersigned, in succeeding to the business of the above named Firm, would say that the balance of the Stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Carried over by them, will now be offered by us, at prices that cannot attract the attention of

CLOSEST BUYERS.

In order that we may have time to get the stuff forward and reduced,

THE SALE

Will not begin before

Monday, the 4th September.

Having therefore decided that all Goods of this Season MUST BE SOLD, we have reduced to them to such prices as must soon effect it.

We therefore invite inspection of our Stock by intending purchasers.

We would call special attention to our

SILK DEPARTMENT,

in this line we are offering decided BARGAINS in Colored, Fancy and Black Silks.

in the

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

We will offer a large lot of FRENCH MERINOS, FRENCH TWILLS, REPPS, SERGES and WINCLES.

The Goods in this Department were considered fair value at old prices, but having decided to CLEAR OUT, all of last Season's Stock have been marked down. Those requiring anything in this line will do well to give a look through the Departments.

ALL STAPLE GOODS, WHILE THE SALE CONTINUES, WILL BE OFFERED AT A SMALL ADVANCE.

☞ A large quantity of Grey and White Cottons now forward, and considered extra GOOD VALUE.

We will not quote prices, being satisfied, as we are, that purchasers must see value before paying any attention to figures.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

SUCCESSORS TO—

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE
HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 Rideau street.

All account ready for use.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid Steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.
Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent,
Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

WANTED

By a young married couple, Board, Bedroom, and Sitting Room, furnished

OR

a Small House or Cottage, furnished or unfurnished. All within easy distance of the Post Office. Possession required 1st October, or soon after

Apply by letter, stating terms, to

D. C. L., Box 2 5 Ottawa P. O

Ottawa, Sept. 13th, 1871. 1767-

PRIVATE BOARD WANTED

In Upper Town by a Gentleman and his Wife. Apply by letter addressed

1761- U., TIMES Office

BOARD WANTED

In a Private Family, by a Gentleman Six o'clock dinner preferred. Address X. Y. Z. P. O. Box, 285. 1754

NOTICE.

An excellent CELLAR to let. Large, and entrance on level with the street. Apply to

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 13, 1871. 1767-tf

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON,
Proprietor

1760-6m

FRED. T. PALMER,

Commission and Lumbermen's Agent, Rideau Street, (entrance O'Meara's Gateway.)

Particular attention will be given to hiring men, teams, &c., and all transactions with the Crown Land and Timber Office.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:

R Nagle, Esq. | Wm Mackey, Esq
Allan Grant, Esq. | E McGillivray, Esq

Ottawa, Sept 1, 1871. 1746t

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

☞ Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1753 1y

OTTAWA TURF CLUB.

Parties desirous of making ENTRIES for the Races, can obtain the proper forms from the undersigned, or at the Russell House.

EDWARD C. BARBER,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa, Sept. 16, 1871. 1771 2

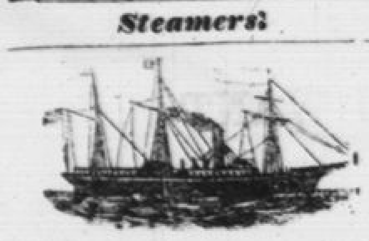
NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested o settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

Steamers.



THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

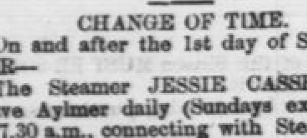
S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE.
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.
May 20, 1871 2670tf



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the 1st day of SEPTEMBER—

The Steamer JESSIE CASSELS will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 7.30 a.m., connecting with Steamers of the Line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

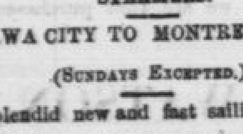
The Steamer PONTIAC leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted), at 1 p.m., for Des Joachim; returning—leaving at 6 a.m., connecting with Steamer JASON GOULD, which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 p.m., passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The Steamer PRINCE ARTHUR leaves Portage du Fort at 7 a.m., connecting with Steamer JESSIE CASSELS for Aylmer.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip, at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 9 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, August 28th, 1871.

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"
CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B—Private pupils will be taken in the ings. 1736tf

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,
IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

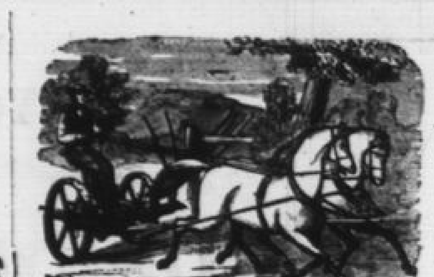
Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

The Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy will, at a Session to be held in the Hall of the said Township on SATURDAY, the 3 th day of SEPTEMBER next, pass a By-law to establish the road as now laid out, between Lots Nos. 5 and 6, in the Third Concession of the said Township.

W. P. TAYLOR,
Township Clerk.

Fitzroy, 28th August, 1871. 36 4



SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY,

—AND—

AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD,
Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE MOWER

—AND—

SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain.*

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD,
Smith's Falls,
Ontario.

June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa P.O., August 31, 1871.

Adcock J C	Martin Wm
Anderson Elizabeth	Maddin Thos
Anderson Samuel	Malsbury Wm
Armstrong Wm	Minea Benj
Arnold Wm	Meade M J
Arthur Geo A	Mercer John
Armstrong Mrs A C	Mitchell W H
Aspdin Thos W	Milne G B
Barnes Sydney	Motherwell Thos
Barber G	Moore & Coburn
Beveridge Thos	Moore F H
Benfield Wm	Muir Wm
Bell H H	Murphy Mathew
Blais Miss Lydia	Neill John
Blakely Mrs	Nelson Mrs Alex
Boyd Dr R H	Nesbitt John
Brayer Wm	Nicholson John
Brennan Wm	Nichols John
Brewer Mrs Emily	Nolan Miss B
Bullock L	O'Brien Wm
Bowns Wm	O'Donnell D
Buchanan Mrs John	O'Donnell, G
Burns Mrs S	O'Connor W P P
Burns Miss	O'Connor Jno A
Byrns Hy	O'Connor Mrs
Campbell Mrs John	O'Dwyer John
Cain Miss Sarah J	Oliver A
Campbell Mrs Mary	O'Meill J
Callaghan Alex	Ormand Jno T
Cantwell John	Patterson Miss Anna
Cahal Miss Mary	Pearsons Albert
Church Jos	Perry Mrs M C
Clarke Miss Emma	Pearson F M
Conway Miss B	Perwitt J H
Corrigan Ed	Pickens John
Connor John	Powers Jesse
Cross W L	Pringle Miss Sarah
Crozier Jos	Pritchard Wm
Cunningham Thos	Quinlan Mrs P
Daly Carol	Rathwell Miss A
Davis J	Rice Alex
Davidson C E	Roberts Miss Kate
Davis Jas	Robertson Geo
Daly J J	Rose Rodger
Davis Mrs R	Roberts Mrs
Dempsey Miss E	Robertson David
Dendmore Miss Mary	Ryan Miss Julia
Dicare Miss M	Russell Mrs
Dickson Dr Geo	Russell A D
Doyle Mrs Peter	Saunders Miss Julia
Duncan Jas	Scoble Mary
Fenton Miss J	Servo Walter
Fisher John	Sheaver Jno
Forson Jas	Sheban Thomas
Forbes John	Smith John
Foster Jas	Smith Mrs W
Furlong Jas	Smith H D
Gan John	Smith Heber
Gibbons E	Smith Wm
Gillis J S	Sparks Miss Jane
Glenn Alex	Somerville Hugh
Gormly P	Sparks Noel
Gilchrist John	Sternbug J W
Grimes Thos	Sullivan John
Harris Lizza Ann	Tobin Jas
Hamilton Mrs S	Turner RW
Hewlett Thos	Watson & Hill
Hicks Jas	Ward Jas
Holland W H	Wable A
Hogan Miss B	Wallace M
Hogan Wm	Wagner H
Hunt Wm	Wilsman G & T
Hutchinson G W	Webb Jas T
Hutchison John	Weir John
Huchley Mrs	Wells J P
Hubert J	Webster Miss E H
Janet Rev Mr	Welch Mrs Geo
Jamieson D J	Whalen Miss Eliza
Johnston Miss Ellen	Wilson R
Jones Mrs J E	Wood H O
Kennedy Jno	Wright J
Kealy Mrs Julia A	McBrayen A
Kennedy M	McBryde Jas
King Geo	McClanlish T
Kingsmill M	McDonald And
King Jas	McClory John
Knapp H A	McDonald Miss F
Lamprey B H	McDonald D
Lane Miss Caroline	McDonald Mrs Geo
Leitch Miss A	McGuire Mrs Jno
Leroy W H C	McIntire Miss N
Lewis Mr	McInnis Miss C
Little Irvine	McGuire Philip
Lothion Miss Ellen	McKenzie A
Moher Wm	McKay Jas H
Martin C R	McMillan Miss Jane
May Jno	McMillan J H
Martin Edwin	McPhee A
Marshall David	McMahon Geo

G P BAKER, Postmaster.

NOTICE.

Wanted immediately, for School Section No. 3 and 10, of North and South Plantagenet, A MALE TEACHER, holding a second class certificate. Application may be made to the undersigned Trustees, stating amount of salary per annum.

CHARLES FARRELL,
MAURICE SHANE,
THOMAS BROWNRIGG.

Pendleton 11th, September, 1871. 38 4

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewe energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause, Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies.

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantl, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awky

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

The undersigned being about to visit England, offers the following properties for sale:

A large Brick Dwelling situate on Besserer and Chapel Streets, with Coach House, Stables, &c.

12 Cottages on Augusta street, producing a clear rental of $700 per annum.

ALSO,

100 Acres of Land at L'Orignal, being south half of Lot No. 15, fourth Concession of Caledonia.

Terms to suit the purchaser.

1810d JAS G ROBINSON.

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GASFITTER, &c,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gassfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18. 1871 1669tf

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.
Omaha, Neb.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY P.M.
...	11 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	....	4.20
......	11 45	9·00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	....	4.20
....	....	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U. S.	8.00	....	7.30
....	....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	....	7.30
10 15	11 45	9.00	United States, *via* Ogdensburg	8.00	....	4.20
10·15	11.45	....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	....	4.20
10.15	....	....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway		....	4.20
10.15	....	....	Osgoode, Russell, &c		....	4.20
9 20		4:30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	....	1.30
9 20	....	....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	....	....	1 30
10:30 5:30		4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage; Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c	8.00	11,00	7.00
6.15	....	....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	....	....	700
7 30	....	....	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	....	....
6.00	....	....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	....	....	6.00
11.50	....	....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	....	....

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via NewYork close every Monday at 8 P.M

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.

A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.00 noon, in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

Post Office,
Ottawa, Sept. 1 1871.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Furs, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866, besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until Noon of WEDNESDAY, the Sixth day of September next, for the widening of Sappers' Bridge and the construction of a new Bridge over the Rideau Canal to connect Wellington and Rideau Streets, according to the Engineer's plans and specifications, which may be seen at this office after the twentieth instant.

The bridges are to be constructed of iron and stone in a permanent manner, and may be let in one or more contracts as the City Council may decide after receiving the Tenders. The work is to be proceeded with at once, and good security will be required for the due performance of the contracts.

No tender will be entertained unless made in the prescribed form. They are to be addressed to the undersigned, endorsed, "Tender for Bridges," and contain the names and addresses of two persons who are willing to become security for the contractor.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa 19th July, 1871.
1721td

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET,

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the ST. JAMES HOTEL.

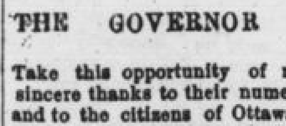
Strict attention to business.

Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS



BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

SEEDS! SEEDS

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND

☞ FLOWER SEEDS.

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,

(Late Alex. Christie.)

Druggists,

40, Sparks-st

Ottawa April 28, 1871

FOR SALE.

BRAE SIDE STEAM SAW MILL,

Situated near Arnprior, Province of Ontario, and extensive Timber Limits on the River Coulonge, Province of Quebec.

The Mill has just been completed, and is most substantially built and fitted with the most improved Machinery, and can manufacture 140,000 feet of lumber per day. It has an extensive piling ground attached to it. Being placed where the Brockville Railway runs beside the Ottawa River, the lumber manufactured by it may be sent direct to the United States market. The limits comprise about 280 square miles of valuable Pine Timber country, with two extensive and productive Farms, and having commodious Dwelling Houses, Storehouses and Stables erected on them. They are also supplied with a large stock of provisions, horse feed and shanty plant for next season's operations

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be had by applying to J. B. Lewis, Esq, Barrister, Ottawa, or from Mr. George Purvis, at the offices of the Mill.

Ottawa, July 28, 1871. 1729 d&w4 1awk

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

Madoc, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain,
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Medical.

MESSRS GABRIELS'
CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE
TEETH & GUMS
AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE ARE SOLD
BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL
PARTS OF THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY
MESSRS GABRIEL.
DENTISTS
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S — ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweatens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 11871

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—It never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Drggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1532tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c. &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of disatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET,

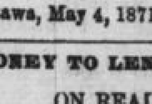
That COTTAGE, the property of N. Tetrau, Esq., Notary, in the Lower Village of Hull, with a handsome flower garden, stable, wood shed, ice house, &c., with or without the necessary firewood for next winter on the place. Mr. Tetrau having arranged for his residence in the dwelling adjoining his office, consented to the leasing of the property. For further information apply to N. TETREAU, N. P., Hull, P. Q. 1746 8

NOTICE.

TO LET, a Large OFFICE and THREE BEDROOMS well situated in the Aumond Block, west, end Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, July 11th, 1871. 1813 tf



HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, Agent,
[illegible]

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 4autt JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treament of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul s

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. 1a F C CLEMOW

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c, opposite the Russell House. Ottawa.

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT,
NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MARCIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetrau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.

Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS OF TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a conciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as i were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort:

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

G. C. RAINBOTH,

Provincial Land Surveyor and Draughtsman, commissioned for the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.

Office. Aylmer, P. Q. 1722 tf

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740;

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1860.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

I G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

1871. ICE! 1871.

ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street;

Ottawa, May 1649d

F. WILLIAMS,

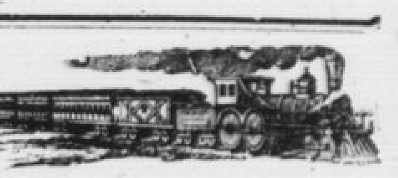
PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed.

Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

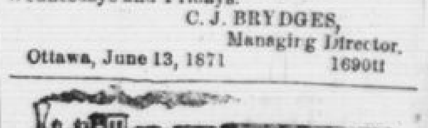
On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at	6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at	9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at	9.00 p.m
Mixed Train for Brockville, at	11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at	5.00 p.m.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at	7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at	8.30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at	2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston	10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST, OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

DOMINION HOUSE

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 6m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St, James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725,

Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

MORRISON'S

STEAM BISCUIT BAKERY

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your Orders are solicited, and will be PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO by

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,

Nos. 36 and 38 Rideau Street, Ottawa

TANNERY,

PARK STREET, OTTAWA.

EDMOND GERMAIN, Proprietor.

All kinds of LEATHER for Sale, Wholesale, at reasonable prices.

ALSO,

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE,

Of his own manufacture, at REDUCED PRICES.

19th August, 1871. 1746tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre), Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO 1775. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guarenteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Destillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constontly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 3m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily)
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills.

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
10 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
1746b Post Off Block.

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

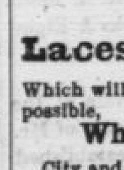
Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.



100 CASES

HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT

"THE RED BOOT,"

OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overs,

MOCCASINS,

Laces & Boot Dressing

Which will be sold at the very lowest price possible,

Wholesale and Retail.

City and country dealers will find (on giving us a call) that they can be supplied at

Montreal Prices—Freight Added.

Having received a good part of our

Fall and Winter Goods

We are prepared to EXECUTE PROMPTLY all orders.

All summer goods selling at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Orders for Hand Made Custom Work attended to promptly.

A full sett of

Messrs. Ames, Millard & Co's Samples

of BOOTS and SHOES, always on view, and orders taken at lowest prices. One of our firm will wait on the merchants of Ottawa City and District soliciting orders.

Agents for wholesaling of Wm. Clendinneng's manufacture of *Stoves, Iron-furniture, Railings, Builders* and all kinds of *Plain and Fancy Castings.*

Agents for the celebrated

Plantagenet Mineral Water.

Orders promptly attended to.

LAMB & RODDEN,
No. 28, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, July 20, 1871.

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE, at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 38 Sussex Street, Ottawa.
1738 tNY SIMEON LEBEAU, Agent.

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871. 1871.

The following first-class powerful Iron Steamships:

MEDWAY....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES....J. James "
NIGER......W. Nisbett "
SEVERN....G. Butchart "

Are intended to Sail, as under, during the Season of 1871, between

LONDON,

QUEBEC and MONTREAL.

FROM LONDON.

MEDWAY...Thursday, 10th August.
THAMES....... " 24th "
NIGER........ " 7th Sept.
SEVERN.... " 21st "
MEDWAY.... " 5th Oct.
THAMES.... " 19th "

AND FROM QUEBEC.

NIGER.....Thursday, 10th August.
SEVERN.... " 24th "
MEDWAY... " 7th Sept.
THAMES... " 21st "
NIGER..... " 5th Oct.
SEVERN.... " 19th "
MEDWAY... " 2nd Nov.
THAMES... " 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $5 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.

or

T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co.'s Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, June 13th. 1760y

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL....................	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over.....	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over.....	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND....................	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Lif Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

All descriptions of property insured at moderate rates.

Tables of rates for Life Assurance and all information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

T. M. CLARKE, Agent.
OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

NESTORIAN ....26th August.
SCANDINAVIAN ....2nd September
HIBERNIAN...........9th "
MORAVIAN............15th "
SARMATIAN ....23rd "
PRUSSIAN ....30th "

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin ....$70 to $80
Steerage......................$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN, on or about..31st Aug.
OTTAWA " ......7th Sept.
ST. DAVID " ......14th "
ST. ANDREW " ......21st "
ST. PATRICK " ......28th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin..........$67 25
Intermediate....................$47 or 44 60
Steerage..............................28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-
Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Shirts
&c., &c.

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Third Annual Exhibition under the auspices of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society will take place on

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.

SEPTEMBER 20TH, 21ST AND 22ND, 1871.

On the Society's Grounds adjoining the city limits

COMPETITION OPEN TO THE WORLD!

Nearly $3000 is offered in Premiums

For Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, Agricultural and Horticultural Productions, Manufactures, Domestic Products, &c.

All parties may compete for prizes on payment of Two Dollars; Ladies on payment of One Dollar.

ENTRIES.

All entries must be made on printed forms, which may be had from the Secretary. These forms are to be filled up and signed by the Exhibitor, enclosing Two Dollars, which amount will entitle the Exhibiter to compete in all the departments

The entries in each department must be made as follows:—

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before the 10th of SEPTEMBER.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery, and Manufactures generally SEPTEMBER 15th.

Horticultural Products, Flowers, Ladies' Work, &c., SEPTEMBER 18th.

The Society will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railroad Proprietors for carrying articles and passengers at reduced rates.

Arrangements will be made with the Customs Department for the free entry of articles for competition.

J B LEWIS,
President.
A S WOODBURN,
Sec. Treas.

Ottawa August 22. 1749t

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

OF THE

AGRICULTURAL & ARTS ASSOCIATION OF ONTARIO,

To be held at Kingston,

On the 25th to 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Persons intending to exhibit will please take notice that the Entries of articles in the respective classes must be made with the Secretary, at Toronto, on or before the undermentioned dates, viz:

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before Saturday, August 26th.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery and Manufactures generally, on or before Saturday, September 2nd.

Horticultural Products, Ladies' Work, the Fine Arts, &c., on or before Saturday, September 16th.

Prize Lists and Blank Forms for making the entries upon, can be obtained of the Secretaries of all Agricultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes throughout the Province.

HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec'y Agricultural and Arts Association
Toronto, August 15, 1871. 1745-dn&w

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex Street, and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,
1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

RARE CHANCE.

The advertiser has received instructions to offer for SALE, by TENDER, at so much in the Dollar, as per Inventory Valuation,

A WELL ASSORTED TAILOR'S STOCK.

Consisting of English Cloths, Canada Tweeds, Trimmings, &c, &c., amounting to over $4,000.

The Goods are all in first-class order, and have been well selected.

The above offers an excellent opportunity to any one about to commence business, as the goodwill can be secured.

Every information may be had by addressing Box 468, Montreal, and Stock Sheets can be seen on application to the undersigned.

Tenders will be received until the 26th instant. Parties making other than a CASH OFFER, will please name security.

C. BAILLIE,
181 St. James' Street.
Montreal, August 5th, 1871 1739: A

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager
Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

WANTED,

A good Carriage and Sleigh Maker, and Blacksmith, at Kinburn, Township of Fitzroy. A good business chance for both, with shop accommodations. Steady and good workmen only need apply.

ALLAN FRASER.
Kinburn 2nd August 1871. 1733tf

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged;
Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p m, connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.

Mail Train at 3:30 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 4:10 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 8:10 p.m, and at Sand Point at 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 5:20 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m. 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE SAND POINT—9:10 a.m.; 4:30 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.
Brockville, 1st Sept, 1871. 1761-y

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL.

On and from WEDNESDAY, 15th SEPT. Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 12:30 P.M.
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:20 do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 4:00 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M. arriving in Ottawa at 6 45 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4.40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 6:30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.25 A.M. sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, taws
R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.
Ottawa Sept 9th, 1871

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the BROCKVILLE and OTTAWA RAILWAY will be held at BROCKVILLE on the 10th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon a lease of the section of the said Railway lying between CARLETON PLACE and SAND POINT to the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.
Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY will be held at OTTAWA on the 11th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon the accepting of a lease from the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company of that section of their Railway lying between Carleton Place and Sand Point, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.
Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758

COUNTY OF CARLETON

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Annual Exhibition will take place on

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,

5th and 6th October,

at Bell's Corners, Nepean

All SUBSCRIPTIONS should be paid before 1st September.

ENTRIES to be made before 3rd October.

PRIZE LISTS now ready and may be had from the Secretary at Ottawa, or at the different hotels, Bell's Corners.

A S WOODBURN,
35 3 Secy-Treas.

SALE OF PROPERTY.

In virtue of the Power of a Bond or Deed, DUNCAN McGREGOR, the older, held from DUNCAN McGREGOR, the younger, both inhabitants of Huntley, do hereby offer for sale, by Public Auction, on the ground, the East Half of the West part of Lot No. 1, in the Twelfth Concession of Huntley, containing 50 acres, more or less. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, on MONDAY, 16th OCTOBER 1871.

D. McGREGOR.
Sept 14, 1871.

A BABY BROOK.

"Tinkle-te-tinkle," it said, close to the path beside me,
A low little laughing voice, and it drew my eyes to look;
"Pattering drops of feet, now shall your rovings guide me,
Find me the pleasant places, you little love of a brook!"

"Tinkle-te-tinkle," it said, "this way into the meadow,
Over the road, and down the bank, and under the bars,
And now we loiter a minute, here in the great oak's shadow,
And look at the filed so noble, full of the daisy stars."

"Tinkle-te-tinkle," it called, and I turned wondering whither—
Then how the roguish spirit laughed in its sleeve of green!
"Follow me, follow, follow"—curving hither and thither,
Hide and seek with a bright eye glancing behind a screen.

Oh, the tiniest brook that ever threaded the grasses,
Flirting a kiss to the clover, flouting the sober grain;
That ever cried to itself, lost in the dark wood passes,
And laughed like a child escaping into the light again!

"Tinkle-te-tinkle," it sang, under the green, green banner;
"Summer is queen, and all the world to her court comes up;
Beautiful, gracious summer is lady of all the manor,
And I am her little page that carries a silver cup."

"Tinkle-te-tinkle"—it paused, and a dainty basin filling,
Cried to its fellow-gypsy, "O bobolink! bobolink!
To June, the world's delight"—and a wonderful stream of trilling
Echoed the singing water—"O sweetheart come and drink!"

Come and drink music, truly; I know he has been already,
For all his songs is the brooklet's carried up on the wing;
"Tinkle-te-tinkle," went on the sweet little voice and steady,
Only a little longer, and I should have learned to sing!

DOMINION NOTES.

The Taylor Winship crew before leaving Canada for home, sold their boat for $250 to the Quebecers. The Barton crew have left for Halifax, and only the Renforth crew remains.

According to the Kingston *News*, the water of the lake is unusually low—lower than it has been for several years past. In Kingston harbor at present vessels drawing twelve feet of water are unable to approach alongside the wharves unless lightened a foot.

The commerce of Halifax is rapidly increasing.

A Buffalo pickpocket was caught at Guelph picking the pockets of C. E. Romaine. He was kicked out of the hotel.

Senator Bell of Nova Scotia, is seriously ill.

Vessels passing by the north of Anticosti Island report enormous schools of whales there. They were continually striking the vessels, and were rendering the passage dangerous.

Information has been received of the return of Hon. Mr. Langevin from Cariboo to Victoria. On the evening of the 14th he was present at a grand banquet by the inhabitants of the latter place. The hon. gentleman leaves for British Columbia on the 22nd inst., on his return home.

GENERAL NEWS.

Lace flounces are worn on the upper skirts of dresses, instead of the lower, to prevent them from being trodden on and torn.

As a specimen of severe criticism, we notice an announcement in a New York contemporary that "Mrs. Demorest having concluded her concert tour, is now going to Europe to learn how to sing."

Another case of remarkable effects of a bee sting is reported from West Virginia, Mrs. Harmon Sinsel being stung on the arm by a honey bee about a month since. She immediately experienced a singular sensation throughout the body, and in a few moments became blind and was seized with violent spasms. These were of such extraordinary violence that four men could scarcely hold her, and in spite of the most powerful remedies they continued the greater part of the night.

In Vienna it is forbidden to publish matrimonial advertisements in the newspapers.

Housekeepers may be glad to learn that a few drops of anise oil will effectually drive away ants.

The Swiss city of Winterthur contains about twenty, and that of Geneva about one hundred millionaires.

Netachew, the Russian conspirator is condemned to death. He will be tied so as to be unable to move his limbs, when the executioner will hang him on a large iron hook and turn him round until he is strangled.

Siam is moving forward to a place among the civilized nations of the globe. Slavery will be perpetually abolished in that kingdom on and after January 31, 1872. The owners are to be paid for the loss of their bondmen.

The total valuation of thirteen New New York dailies, to wit: *Herald, Tribune, Times, World, Sun, Star, Standard, Post, Mail, News, Telegram, Commercial Advertiser* and *Journal of Commerce*, is given at $14,-934,000.

John Kelly, aged seventeen, employed in Goldon's flint works, Trenton, N. J., fell through a hole in the floor into the flint cracker below. He was run into the wheels and his body passed out into the water below literally ground up.

The village of Dunkirk, N. Y., is to be supplied with water from Cassadaga Lake, about ten miles distant, 2,000,000 gallons per day can be supplied, the works to cost about $100,000. At Fredonia, three miles nearer the lake, there is talk of similar action.

Like all other monarchs in Europe, the King of Belgium is constantly bothered by applications for his autograph. He answers them by a refusal written by his Secretary on very thick paper, costing four times the usual rate of postage. The letters are not franked.

Dr. Dollinger is just 70 years old, and has led a life of remarkable abstemiousness. He possesses a library of more than 30,000 volumes, and remains among his books with little intermission from 4 a.m. to 3 p.m.

The Paris *Journal* gives us the latest movements of the International Association. In Paris the Branch has undergone a thorough reorganisation, "in virtue of orders from London." At Lyons the branch is in want of funds, and has sent citizens Duroc and Laave to London to demand them. The Internationalists of the Rhone have resolved never to give up their arms. The National Guard, say they, is "the only guarantee of the Republic against the Bourbons and Jesuits." In London a Barricade Committee have been formed, the chief members are Raillard, Doret, Noret, and Fanfernot. The best means of bringing about an insurrection is being studied, the strike epidemic is being fomented, and the society has great hopes of success.

The *Liverpool Mercury* says that a court martial of an uncommon character has just been held at Chester. The culprits were a corporal and a gunner of the Chester Volunteer Artillery, who, while undergoing training at Shoeburyness, misconducted themselves by getting intoxicated. The corporal was mulcted in a small penalty, and reduced to the ranks; and the gunner was also fined, and in addition deprived of the privilege of competition during the present year.

IS A CLERGYMAN A WORKING MAN?—A Stockwell clergyman, the Rev. Henry Venn Hebert, claims to be carried on the tramways at the working men's fare, viz., 1d from Westminster Bridge to Brixton. The conductor having charged 3d, the rev. gentleman summoned him before the Lambeth magistrate for the 2d in dispute. The magistrate decided against Mr. Hebert as not being "a labourer, artisan, or mechanic," according to the meaning of the Act of Parliament.

The "correct thing," in describing the "royal and manly" pastime cricket, seems to be something like the following, which we cut from an English paper: "When 31 was up Farrands relieved A. Shaw. Greenwood was, however, quite at home with his short-deliveries, and after cutting him for a three and two 2's, he sent him to the outside for four, amidst loud cheering. Presently he just tipped one of Shaw's bumpers, which McIntyre caught low down in the slips. ("Three for 48.") Columns of the same sad rubbish follow.

A fearful thunderstorm, accompanied by vivid flashes of forked lightning, has visited the counties of Clare and Mayo. In the former county a farmer named Sullivan was killed by lightning, his daughter narrowly escaping. A farmer named Neville, who was hay making, was badly burned, the hay having taken fire. Several cows are reported killed in the same district. In county Mayo two cattle buyers, going along a road, were struck by lightning; one lies in a dangerous condition. A quantity of hay was set on fire.

A HOWL FROM GLOUCESTER.

From the Washington Capital.

The New York *World*, one of the gushing newspapers in favour of the Treaty of Washington, is greatly exercised because the Canadian Government "delays the ratification" of the provisions of that instrument relating to the fisheries, and which the treaty makes dependent upon the consent of the Dominion. The *World*, with withering eloquence, in commenting upon a six-column howl of complaint which it publishes in behalf of certain Gloucester fishermen, declares "it is certainly time that the vexed question of the fisheries should be settled, and the Dominion Government should show good reason for their course if they longer delay to ratify the treaty." These absurd ideas confirm us in the impression that the puffing articles which appeared in the *World* whilst the treaty was under consideration, were not written by the editors proper, but were contributions either from the State Department, or some relative of the Honourable Fish. It is evident the editors of the *World* have not the faintest idea as to what the treaty really is, or the meaning of its provisions; and yet that paper has been one of the loudest and longest advocates of the matter. Is it possible the *World* can be so ignorant as to suppose the Canadian Government has anything to do with "ratifying" a treaty between Great Britain and the United States?

What the treaty does provide is that the fishery provisions shall not go into effect unless accepted by the Parliament of Canada and the Congress of the United States, which acceptance shall be in the form of laws to carry those provisions into operation. Does the world suppose that the "Government of the Dominion" is to ignore the Parliament and to proceed by proclamation to accept the provisions of the treaty? If not, what does that journal mean? And if the Dominion Government did ignore the Parliament, does the luminous *World* wish the President to ignore the acceptance or otherwise of Congress, and issue a proclamation of acceptance?

But as far as the treaty is concerned, Great Britain and the United States have ratified it. Certain provisions of that instrument are to be submitted to Congress and to the Parliament of Canada. If these bodies see fit to accept these provisions, well and good. If they do not accept them then the provisions in the question fall to the ground and form no part of the treaty. But in that event all other provisions remain in force.

This peculiar arrangement of the matter is due to the adroitness of Sir John A. Macdonald, who, finding Canada was being made a secondary consideration, notwithstand that the whole idea of a commission sprung out of the unsettled fisheries and other Canadian questions, managed to have the acceptance or otherwise of these questions depend, not upon the treaty, but upon the decision of the Parliament of the Dominion. The treaty has settled none of these questions, and neither the Legislature of Canada nor the Congress of the United States are in any way bound by it, so far as the fisheries of the St. Lawrence matters are involved; and the refusal of either body to accept the suggestions of the treaty—for they are in fact nothing more—does not involve a question of good faith, as the *World* ignorantly imagines. The regular session of the Canadian Parliament commences next February, and the matter will then be submitted to that body. To accuse Canada of undue delay because the Parliament is not convened in advance of the regular meeting, is as absurd as it would be for Canada to complain because an extra session of Congress was not called for the same purpose. It is very possible, when the matter does come before the Canadian Parliament, that that body will seek to have a recognition of its Fenian claims as a condition of its acceptance. These claims present certainly as good a *prima facia* case against the United States as the *Alabama* claims do against England, and it is quite likely the Dominionites will make a stand on them.

Through the ignorance of the American commissioners the treaty acknowledges the privilege of the fisheries and the freedom of the St. Lawrence. Had the American commissioners been men of intelligence and understood what they were about, they would have known that the United States never before conceded the right of Canada to exclude us from the in-shore fisheries, or the free navigation of the St. Lawrence. The one we claimed to possess by virtue of our having equal rights in the conquest from France of the Fisheries; and the other we contended belonged to us by virtue of our joint ownership of the great lakes—one of the greatest being ours exclusively—and the right we possessed in the only outlet to the ocean for these waters. Our great High Joint Commissioners gave all this up with a stroke of the pen—as it will be found they also did other rights. And the perfect unconsciousness with which they did it all, and played into the hands of their British collaborateurs, would be refreshing to contemplate if it did not unfortunately also involve a sacrifice of American principles too serious to be laughed at.

CARELESSNESS.

Many persons neglect their horse's health and condition until it is too late, when at a trifling expense and no trouble, the horse might have been saved if attended to in time. To all who may have occasion to use an article of the kind, we would confidently recommend "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy;" it is without doubt the best preparation in use, as thousands who have used it testify. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers everywhere.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

TRIAL OF THE COMMUNIST WOMEN.

(From the London *Daily News'* Correspondent.)

VERSAILLES, Sept. 7.

The interest in the trial of the miscalled *petroleuses* has been raised to a diapason answering to the tone of public opinion, by the unexpected fact that three women out of the five indicted are sentenced to death. It is perfectly clear that at least four out of the five prisoners at the bar were guilty, in the words of the indictment, of having, either as *vivandieres* or ambulance women, formed part of a band which attempted to change the form of government, incited to civil war by arming citizens against each other, and which committed devastation, massacre, and pillage, in 7th arrondissement of Paris. This is the only count justifying the punishment of death; and it becomes comparatively immaterial to consider whether it was sufficiently proved that the prisoners drank wine which was stolen from private houses and whether one of them had a guilty knowledge that three hankerchiefs presented to her by a lover, were the produce of robbery. What shocks me in this case is, that these women, after having been gibbeted to the world as monsters who for a stipulated salary went about Paris pouring petroleum down cellar areas, and setting fire to it, and who are not proved to have done anything of the kind, should be tried with all the solemnity of a court-martial "for attempting to change the form of Government," and on that count be condemned to death. The indictment itself is ridiculous, and the verdict—living as I do in France—I cannot adequately characterise with a due respect to the "chose jugee." If ever those extenuating circumstances which French courts, civil and military, frequently grant to the worst criminals are justifiable, they are imperatively called for in such a case as this. Nothing special was proved against the prisoners. They formed part of the feminine element of an insurgent army of 200,000, and that is all. Of course, they were guilty of participation in civil war, and are therefore liable to capital punishment according to the articles of the code which M. de Boisdenemetz's court martial relies upon for their condemnation. But these women were arrested, have been brought to trial, and are capitally convicted upon false pretences. The blood-thirsty public was taught to believe that it would see in them hideous and extraordinary specimens of female monstrosities far transcending the *tricoleuse* of 1793. The sober fact is that they are the most common place women possible, of a low class. From irresistible influences they took part with the society in which they moved, and with their lovers, who commanded their sympathies just as much much as husbands would have done. But there were thousands upon thousands of women in Paris in the same case. If the sentence of the court-martial is justice, informers may furnish materials for similar sentences which the court-martial force of France would take years to pronounce.

FEMININE CHIT-CHAT.

A lady correspondent in London writes:—

Very thin gauzes are exceedingly fashionable for out-door wear among those able to afford them. They are mostly striped with silk and satin. I saw one in black and gold for an evening dress, and are wore over thin silks. Of course they are very costly, as they tear almost with a touch, and a shower of rain completely ruins them; but they have a dressy appearance; and look extremely well on young people. They are made in colours and white; sometimes the two mixed. Jackets are very much cut up behind, almost to the neck. The opening is always handsomely trimmed with lace or guipure; but I do not think the fashion pretty. There is something ungraceful in the open back, and awkward in the sit of them. The Dolly Varden chintzes are almost universally worn, and some of them are especially elegant. I saw a lady in one the other day over a bright cerise coloured silk. The ground of the chintz was black; but the pattern was composed of buds and flowers beautifully designed, and embracing all the colours of the rainbow. The exquisiteness of the design took off any garnishness from the mixture of tints, and the general effect was very handsome. The lady wore a coquettish little hat of white straw, with black ribbons and humming birds in it, and though she attracted a good deal of attention every one agreed that it was in perfect taste. A curious sort of cap is in vogue just now, and I may mention *en passant* that it is fashionable for young unmarried ladies as well as matrons, old and young, to wear these coquettish head-dresses. The cap I speak of is a round affair, composed of muslin, lace and ribbon, and is placed on the very top of the head. A handsome bow of ribbon rests on the front just over the forehead. The ribbon is puffed round it, and the whole is edged with a frill of lace. The crown looks exactly as if it had been stiffened up very neatly to stand up, and then crushed down with the hand. This cap, which is really elegant and becoming to most faces, is called the "Marquise." Some ladies consider it more finished if it had two handsome lappets crossed over the chignon behind, but I think it looks more quaint and uncommon without them. Another new style of cap is composed of two half squares of muslin one over the other, each edged with handsome lace; but the simplest, and to many faces the most becoming, is a tiny square of fine muslin or lace, with a deep edge placed on the head with the point in front and simply falling as it will over the coiffure. A bow of ribbon or a couple of handsome headed pins are the only addition permitted to the square, which suits dark faces and regular features excellently. It is called the "Religieuse," and though not coquettish enough for bright young faces is in perfect taste for ladies who are past their first youth. To attach the name of any notorious person to an article of female costume would have been thought outrageous in our grandmothers days, yet I have seen hosts of ladies stop and admire a toilette in a London shop window labelled the "Mabel Gray." Certainly it was worthy of admiration, being a very exquisite costume of salmon-coloured silk, and black lace, hat, boots, and parasol, all in perfect keeping; but it shows the questionable taste of the present day to have such a name paraded in a shop window. To be a king's mistress doubtless entitled a woman to set the fashion and become high priestess in the temple of religion of great ladies. So we have "Parabire" jackets and trains, and "Pompadour" head-dresses, fans, shoes; and this last week a piquant pretty dress bears the name of "Nell Gwynne." The petticoat is white silk, with boddice and puffed sleeves of the same. The train which falls from the shoulders like a sacque, is of deep blue silk and has a low square front, above which the white appears. There are epaulettes of blue upon the shoulders, but the unique part is the arrangement of the overskirt. Let down it forms a train, but by a contrivance of rings inside it pulls up into three huge pufs, one above the other which sit out well touffe behind. It is so managed by means of folds that it shall not drag from the shoulder at all, and has the appearance of a tightly-fitting body in front and loose drapery behind. The pattern is Parisian; whether the impulsive warm-hearted orange girl who once reigned supreme over a King of England ever wore a dress like it I cannot say.

The London *Standard's* Spanish correspondent telegraphs that the King's progress from Albacete to Valencia was one continued ovation utterly beyond expectation or description. The people turned out *en masse* at every station, and cheered frantically.

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Music Hall—Professor Ashley.
Public Meeting—Immigration Society.
St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway—Thomas Reynolds.
Sermon—Rev. W. W. Andrews.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1871.

The Ottawa Times.

On our FIRST PAGE will be found :
A Baby Brook.
Dominion Notes.
A Howl from Gloucester.
Trial of Communist Women.
Feminine Chit Chat.

Sir John Macdonald and other members of the Cabinet visited the Exhibition grounds yesterday.

The Rev. H. Cooks represents the National and Colonial Emigration League, and Mr. Standish Haly the British and Colonial Emigration Fund.

The Rev. Geo. L. McKay was ordained a minister of the Presbyterian Church in Toronto, on Wednesday. We understand that Mr. McKay is to leave immediately for China, to labor in the difficult field of the missionary. Mr. McKay will be the first missionary ever sent to a foreign country by the Canada United Presbyterian Church.

There is one noteworthy fact in connection with the Welland Canal which should not be lost sight of, viz: that the canal has done a far larger business this year than it ever did before. Can then there be very much the matter so far as purposes of navigation are concerned?

The twelfth article of the Treaty of Washington having provided for a Commission, consisting of three persons, to meet at Washington for the examination of claims other than those generally known as the Alabama Claims, such Commissioners have been duly selected, and the first meeting will be held on Monday, the 25th inst. On the part of Great Britain, the Right Honorable Russell Gurney, Q. C., M. P., Recorder of London has been appointed Commissioner, Henry Howard, Esq., is the Agent, and James W. Carlisle, Esq., who was Advisory Counsel for the British Legation at Washington for 15 years, is the counsel for the British claimants. On the part of the United States, the Hon. James G. Frazer of Indiana, has been appointed Commissioner, and the Hon. Robert S. Hale of New York is the Agent and counsellor of the American claimants. The third Commissioner, jointly agreed upon by the two Governments, is the Italian Minister at Washington, Count Luigi Corti.

THE TREATY OF WASHINGTON.

A short time since we published a long letter from the Gloucester correspondent of the *N. Y. World*, showing how bitterly the Massachusetts fishermen were opposed to the fishery clauses contained in the Treaty of Washington. We now publish in another column an article from the Washington *Capital* in reference to this letter and direct the attention of our readers thereto.

It will be noticed that this American journal expressly states, that it was owing to the adroitness of Sir John Macdonald that while the Treaty was irrevocably ratified so far as the settlement of the *Alabama* claims and other dangerous matters was concerned, the Fishery and other Canadian questions were left to the decision of the Dominion Parliament and people. As the *Capital* expressly states, and as we have more than once intimated, the Treaty of Washington does not involve the cession of a single Canadian right. It simply contains what our Washington contemporary very appropriately terms "suggestions" which we are perfectly at liberty to accept or reject, as we may consider advisable. It appears that the *N. Y. World*, probably from ignorance, has been guilty of the same kind of misrepresentation in reference to the Treaty as has been wilfully and for a purpose indulged in by our Grit contemporaries. Although anyone who reads the Treaty can see at a glance that no "territorial sacrifice" has been made and no Canadian interest thrown away, these exceedingly mendacious journals speak as though the ratification of the fishery clauses by the Dominion Parliament were a foregone conclusion and their being submitted to it a mere matter of form. They know better. They know also that so far from Sir John Macdonald having proved himself a "traitor," so far from his having "bartered away" our rights, to him Canada is in a very great measure indebted for the independent and untrammelled position which she now occupies with regard to the Treaty. They know when they abuse him that they are guilty of a libel upon one who has served this country with more unselfish devotion than any Grit among them is capable of doing, and of a wilful perversion of facts which is alike wicked and contemptible.

OTTAWA IMMIGRATION SOCIETY.

A meeting of this Society will be held to-night, Sir Francis Hincks in the chair. The Dominion Minister of Agriculture, &c. Mr. Standish Haly, Rev. Horrocks Cocks, and several other gentlemen who are interested in the subject of Canadian immigration will be present, and will address the meeting. The system upon which this Society is based seems to us to be a good one, and likely to be attended with excellent practical results. The fare per immigrant from Great Britain to this city is $33, one third of which amount is paid by the English societies with whom the Ottawa Society corresponds. When therefore a farmer or a business man of any kind in the vicinity of this city requires a labourer, all he has to do is to apply to the Society, pay $22 or two thirds of the fare (which he can afterwards deduct from the wages of the new comer) and an immigrant in all respects suited to the work which he is required to perform will be selected in England, sent out and brought to his door free of all further expense.

THE IMMIGRATION CONFERENCE.

We are happy to announce that a line of policy which will be adapted to the necessities of all the provinces of the Dominion has been agreed upon by the conference, the details of which will be made known when the proper time arrives.

We may add that the English delegates are well satisfied with the result of the conference and express the conviction that the Dominion Government are "thoroughly in earnest" in their desire to promote emigration to Canada by every possible means.

The conference met yesterday and will meet again to-day. Last night the members of the conference were entertained at dinner by the Hon. Mr. Dunkin at the Club.

EXCESSIVE NOVEL READING.

We confess to a certain amount of fondness for novel reading. To sit down when the toil of day is ended to the perusal of a good novel, is not only a very charming mode of resting mind and body, but is very frequently accompanied by salutary results in a variety of ways. Many a valuable lesson of self reliance and endurance, of courage and fidelity to principle, has been learned from the perusal of a work of fiction, nor can we by any means agree with those who regard time spent in reading the works of Dickens, Scott, Thackeray, Trollope, and other writers of nearly the same class though of less reputation, as time altogether wasted. But we cannot help feeling that in the present day, both novel reading and novel writing are carried to excess, and the results are anything but satisfactory. People, especially young ladies, become so accustomed to reading sensational works of fiction that they have no appetite for more wholesome literary food. The taste becomes vitiated, and like one who is in the constant habit of eating *bonbons* and "candies," all appetite for more substantial food is destroyed. It is an undoubted fact that there are now a far larger number of new books printed and published per annum in the English language than there were a quarter of a century ago, but we are afraid that this cannot be accepted as evidence that the national taste for good literature has increased. A vast proportion of the works of fiction which are now given to the world are either filled with absurd inanities, or with unwholesome sensationalism which is even more objectionable. Novel reading, that is novel reading to an excess, is a disease which, like drinking, seeks for a stronger stimulant the longer it is indulged in. The man or woman who is betrayed into this excess either in consequence of a naturally lazy disposition or from lack of employment, probably begins with a moderate dose of fiction of a wholesome tendency. But gradually as the habit grows the works of such writers as those we have named above fail to amuse. They are voted dry and insipid, and then comes a craving for a less harmless style of literature. The sensational writings of Miss Braddon or Mrs Henry Wood, are sought after; the gorgeous sensuousness which characterises the productions of "Ouida" and Lawrence, excites the appetite of those who are afflicted with this disease, until at length in too many instances the victim passes into the last and most hopeless stage of the disease, and becomes a constant reader of that vile mixture of nastiness and nonsense, with which Reynolds and other kindred writers have poisoned the minds of their countrymen and polluted the language of their country.

What is then the cure for this disease of excessive novel reading,—of literary intemperance? Is total abstinence to be regarded as the only remedy? There can be no doubt that it arises in the first place from idleness or want of employment, and the surest remedy to prescribe for those who are its victims is Occupation. It is seldom that men succumb to this disease; the fact that they have generally something to occupy their minds and absorb their attentions proving their safeguard. It is women, more especially young women, who are the chief sufferers. Parents may do much towards protecting them against it, not only by providing them with some more healthy employment, but also by directing their minds in a different line of thought to that which women usually follow. We have an uncompromising dislike for what are known as "strong minded females," and should be sorry to see Canadian women lose that feminine grace and delicacy which forms the greatest charm of womanhood. But while there are household duties to perform, while there are sad and suffering sisters to rescue from destruction, and while on every side are heard a thousand calls for that Charity which never comes so sweetly or so appropriately as from a woman's hand, there is plenty of work for woman, and no excuse for her falling a victim to this vice from lack of occupation.

FROM THE FRONT.

CAMP PRESCOTT, Sept. 20, 1871.

In my last I left you in possession of the facts until our departure from Mountain, and our arrival at the Spencerville Camp, where a large number of the denizens turned out to see the Lions. We had nothing of extraordinary interest occur during the route. I also in a postscript alluded to the storm which so nearly annihilated our tents, but we surmounted it, would we could say as much for the results of Sunday night; when what with the evaporation of the rain and the awfully cold wind, we all nearly perished from the "General" downwards. Your reporter had one blanket over, an hair bed under, and four blankets and a thick wadded overcoat over me, and withall such was the intensity of the cold that I feared my teeth would have been shaken out, and at *reveille*, half-past five in the morning, deserted camp in my pants and over-coat to save myself at the *cooks fire!* My fingers were far too benumbed to pack up my traps, without resorting to such an expedient and something similar was the condition of the majority under canvass One thing is certain, to wit, that we are no longer playing soldiers; however, individually, I like this state of life so much that nothing could induce me to forego it. For pity sake, send on the TIMES daily, you have no conception of the avidity with which we swallow news from home. As yet we have not had a single drunken man amongst us On Sunday last, one poor fellow had to march to his devotions with his knapsack on his back, but I believe his crime was not drunkenness. Now for practical jokes. The officers had purchased a goose on Saturday for their dinner on Sunday, but when it was looked for preparatory to the spit, it was *non est inventus*; the next morning at the assembly the men of the support had each a goose feather stuck in his Glengarry cap. This is a small volume in its way, however we get on astonishingly well, and too much credit cannot be given to the Ottawa Rifles for the pluck they evinced during their 64 miles march from Ottawa to Prescott. The mess of the 43rd has been opened to both them and us. More hereafter.

RED CROSS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

THIRD ANNUAL EXHIBITION—SECOND DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

Yesterday, the second day of the Agricultural Society's Exhibition, was *par excellence* the day of the meeting—the people's day—when everything was on the ground and the general public had an opportunity to show what interest was taken in the welfare of the Society. During the early part of the day the omnipotent clerk of the weather threatened in some respect to spoil the anticipated success of the gathering and a sharp wind sufficient to keep many from visiting the grounds, prevailed. This combined with the fact that many business men and consequently their families could not absent themselves from the city gave the grounds during the early part of the day a comparatively deserted appearance and some few prophets of evil forboded a scanty attendance. Their prognostications were destined, however, to prove of little value, for shortly after the air became more genial, the sky more bright, and the wind abated, and visitors in shoals flocked to the ground. Along the Bank street road crowds of pedestrians and vehicles wended their way, the former half choked by the dust, which blew in clouds behind the rattling wheels, while the steamer by the canal route, poured in its hourly quota to swell the gathering crowd. The grounds which during the morning had worn a sombre (we had almost said melancholy) look, became alive with merry groups of visitors, and aglow with bright colours, and the ticket issuers who had before a comparatively easy time of it, seemed almost ready to give way before the tax upon their powers.

It was as we have said, the "peoples day" of the exhibition, and in variety the people were there, not of one class alone, but of all and every. The staid merchant, the jovial farmer, the city belle and her no less attractive country cousin, all and every one in fact from Her Majesty's representative to the humblest artizan, visited the exhibition. Wherever the carcass is, there will the eagles be gathered together, and of course with the crowd came the inevitable merry go round men, the "Cheap Johns" and others, who frequent public gatherings seeking like a well known scriptural personage, whom they may devour. Old age and youth alike fell into their clutches. We saw a venerable dame of fully sixty, whirling round as giddy as if but sixteen, and many an astute bargainer in stock and produce was tempted to buy a package "with money in it," and learn that one cent meant money as much as five dollars.

Space will not permit us, however, to dwell on these matters, amusing, though many of them were, but we must now turn to the merits of the Exhibition itself and to the notice of the exhibitors and their goods. We yesterday gave a general outline of the gathering sufficient to indicate its salient features, and now following the routine will turn our first attention to the articles comprised in the Hall or Pavilion.

Following the main stream of the sight seers we enter the building by the Eastern entrance, and our attention is excited by a handsome display of

GILDER'S WORK

close to the door upon the left hand. The display comprises some very handsome plate glass mirrors, in superbly rich and highly finished frames. Several most artistic and elegant picture frames. Richly caved brackets, a Console table, handsomely gilt, several fine chromos and exquisite lithographs, which we find are exhibited by the well known firm of A. Gowan & Co., of Sparks st. The chromos and glass are of course importations, highly creditable to the Messrs. Gowans taste and judgment, the whole of the gilders work is, however, from their own workshops, turned out by first-class workmen whom they have secured at no small expense. We are glad to see them evincing such enterprize, and hope to see it substantially appreciated by our citizens. Passing upward we next come to a fine display of

HARNESS,

which we learn is made by the Messrs. Borbridge, of Rideau Street, and speaks very highly of their skill as workmen, they show, among other things, a magnificent set of carriage harness, silver mounted; a fine and substantial set of cart harness, a fine gentleman's saddle and some excellently finished trunks.

They are not, however, without competitors in both lines, as Mr. Lee, also of Ottawa, shows some very fine harness worthy of attention; and Mr. Andrew Wilson, of Appleton, is the successful competitor for the first prize for cart harness.

THE CATTLE SPICE

so extensively advertised by the English manufacturers, Messrs. Simpson, next meets our view and we hope will receive due consideration from the agriculturists of this vicinity. It is said to have been found a most valuable composition to stock raisers in the mother country and a trial of it hear would not hurt any of our farmers.

FURS.

In this essentially Canadian branch of trade Messrs. Bangs & Co. made a really magnificent display. Their collection of manufactured furs occupied a mammoth glass case close to the centre of the building and embraced specimens of work which it would not be easy to match in the Dominion. Among other worthy objects of note in their display we may mention a splendid ermine ladies jacket, several sets of ladies furs in mink, handsomely got up. A very fine Astracan ladies jacket, a gentleman's fine plucked otter coat. They also exhibited a remarkably fine moose head and some excellent wolf, bear and buffalo robes.

Passing down the opposite side of transept we next come to

MR. MAY'S DISPLAY,

which consists chiefly of trunks and valises of very excellent quality, and great variety of style. Praise in regard to his stock in this line would be superfluous, as he is well known to all our readers suffice it to say that the articles shown by him were the choice ones of his stock. With such facilities for packing as his articles afford one need have little cause to complain of the inconveniences of travelling. Mr. May also shows a very extensive and good assortment of leather findings.

LEATHERS

are the next object which met our view and we are sorry to miss from the competitors this year, our old friends the Messrs. Woodland, who usually make in this line a good display. Mr. Jas. McCullough, however, proves a host in himself and ably sustains the credit of the capital in this branch of manufacture. We should greatly like to see his articles brought into competition with other Canadian manufacturers, and would have little fear for him as to quality or variety. He shews fine samples of black harness leather, saddle leather, briddle leather, saddle skirtings, black grained boot leather, upper leather, and trunk leather. It is a pity that for some of those articles Mr. McCullough received no prizes, as they are articles which are costly to get up, and for which there is but litte demand. However as they were not in the prize list, it could not be avoided. We hope to see the list amended in these particulars on a future occasion.

SEWING MACHINES

occupy the centre of this transept, as also that of a portion of one of the others, and in touching on this subject we feel we are venturing on delicate ground. If the rival agents would rest content with enforcing the various merits of their machines upon the public in the usual way, there might perhaps be little difficulty in chosing between them, but when a susceptible male purchaser, a poverty-stricken reporter sighing for matrimonial felicity, or a very young judge, such as we saw yesterday, finds he has not only to discriminate between the mysteries of lock stitch, double stitch, single threads, double threads, and many such like matters, but is also to have his brain bewildered by the bright eyes, bewitching toilets, of the fair operatives, the thing can't be done. Of course the young ladies show how it works, how easily it is done, of course, and you are done at the same time. Well, we tried our best to comprehend, and we can only now wonder whether it was a plaid dress, a black dress, a blonde chignon or brown curls that did it. We don't know which, but we know it was done, and oh! so easily. We are glad we were not a judge upon the occasion. We will venture no opinion upon their merits, but merely state what our notes reminds us of.

Mr. Bush secured the place nearest the door and claims our first attention. He is agent for the Lockman Sewing Machine and urged its merits upon the public with all due assiduity. We can only say that if it will do all he promises for it, and is as obliging as he is himself it is worthy of attention from intending purchasers. He had six machines upon the ground handsomely finished.

Mr. Geo. Alford, Agent for the Guelph Manufacturing Company, shews some highly finished specimens of the Osborn Lock Stitch Machines, a compact instrument which seems to have many admirers.

Mr. Alfred Brown, in another transept, exhibits four machines known as the Raymond Machine, also well finished articles, and shews some beautiful specimens of their work, particularly in Braiding. In his collection a mammoth Alphabet of intricate design done in white braid upon a black ground excited considerable admiration. Mr. Brown also shewed, at work, the Lamb Knitting Machine, a most ingenious invention and one which we hoped to see more generally appreciated and used in this section of country.

Mr. Dawson exhibits several machines of good quality, five in number in all. They are not all of one kind but comprise three makes, the Howe machine, the Singer machine, and the Wheeler & Wilson machine.

MR. MILES' DISPLAY

next commands our attention and is an object of interest. It contains some splendid specimens of wigs most artistically made and other samples of hair work. It also contains a variety of splendid chignons of the most fashionable styles and which were greatly admired by many of the ladies. The whole display speaks highly for Mr. Miles enterprise and ability in his business. Still we think he should not have made it. He knows not what suspicions he may have aroused in masculine hearts. As we stood by his octagon case we saw a graceful City Belle with luxuriant golden tresses, sweep by whose braids and curls might have turned the head of an anchorite, but close to us, under the glass, stood so close a fac simile of the head gear that we could not help feeling that perhaps Miles had been as active in getting up the human head as that of the lay figure.

Mr. Miles also shews two very fine melodians, manufactured by Mr. Williams of Toronto. Mr. Williams has been for some years engaged in this line of manufactures in Ontario, and has achieved there a very favorable reputation. His instruments are undoubtedly of a high order of merit, and we hope that Mr. Miles, his Agent, will be able to successfully introduce them to the Ottawa public.

THE FLORAL DEPARTMENT

occupying the northern transept seats, next attracts, and we must say that the display made this season far out-does those of previous ones. Here, however, we miss some old friends and regret their absence from the competition. The Centre of the transept is occupied by a floral ornament and fountain neatly gotten up by Mr. De Renzy, whose skill as horticulturalist is widely known all about Ottawa. This gentleman also shews a magnificent collection of fuchias remarkable for their perfection of form and beauty of color. His collection of green house plants is also well deserving of notice both from its extent and the rarity of some of the specimens. He also shews a number of handsome variagated geraniums, and some delicious frangrant helicotropes. His collection of scarlet geraniums both single and double cannot fairly be passed by without notice.

J. M. Currier, Esq., M. P., through his able gardener, Mr. Munroe, exhibits a splendid collection of green house plants containing many specimens worthy of note, from which we may single in particular a very perfect Camella which excited great admiration from all spectators. hhe collection of fuchias from Mr. Currier's gardens, as also his geraniums were regarded with no small admiration.

Mr. McKay Wright was also a very considerable contributor to this portion of the exhibition. His collection of cut flowers in particular was very fine, as were also his collection of pansies. He also displayed a goodly array of India pinks, a choice selection of verbenas, a number of handsome geraniums, stocks, dahlias, gladiolas, and phloxs. We cannot omit from noticing also in the same display a handsome floral crown, the construction of which is highly creditable to the taste of Mr. Wright's gardener.

Mr. Watkins in this department shewed two very fine collections of pansies.

Mr. Mather, of the Gatineau Mills, was also a most valuable contributor to the floral department, and his collection is all the more worthy of attention from the long way and rough roads over which it had to travel. His gardener, Mr. Jas. Taylor, deserves every credit for the care which the plants have received at his hands. The most prominent features among his contributions are a collection of pansies, a collection of phloxs, some very fine pinks; a fine lot of verbenas, some very handsome stocks, a lot of brilliant geraniums and petunias, also some handsome coxcombs, which we regret to see were touched by frost, a large variety of everlastings, perenial phlox and China astors. We may also say that most of these exhibitors displayed both hand and vase boquets of tasteful make up.

MR. T. BIRKETT

of Rideau street, also exhibits in this transept a fine collection of broad and other axes, and carpenters tools. They received considerable attention from many visitors, and we have no doubt that increased trade will reward his enterprize in sending the collection where it could be so well seen.

WOODEN MANUFACTURES.

The exhibitors in this line are confined, we regret to say to one, our enterprising and well known friend, E. B. Eddy, Esq., M.P.P., of Hull. He shews some veryexcellent doors, a large variety of elegant mouldings, some well framed window sashes, pails, washboards and some cases of universally used matches. A curiosty in wooden wares was also shewn in Mr. Eddy's collection, consisting of a wooden cruet stand with vinegar bottles, mustard pot and pepper castor, all made of wood. Not a bad "notion" for a wooden country.

ROOTS AND VEGETABLES,

for excellence in which this section of country has always been remarkable, occupied the one side and the centre of the western transept. The display in this line was this year of unusual excellence, the number of competitors being large and the specimens shown particularly good. We seldom remember having seen a finer display of potatoes, beets, cabbages, or tomatoes. Among the principal contributors to this section we may mention Mr. Dwyre, of Ottawa; Mr. Thomas Mackay, of Nepean; Mr. Mather, of Gatineau Mills; Mr. Watkins, of Nepean; Mr. Currie, of New Edinburgh, and Mr. Surtus, of New Edinburgh. All these gentlemen made most creditable displays, and we hope will ere long have an opportunity of entering into competition with our western brothers. If they do, the latter will, perhaps, wake up to see that Ottawa is not so unfavoured by nature as some fancy it.

In cereals, Mr George Herron, Mr W Evans, and Mr Harvey Parker, shewed some fine fall wheat, all three securing prizes for these contributions. In spring wheat Mr Robert Hare, Mr George Herron, and Mr A Pritchard were the successful competitors, and there can be no two opinions as to the soundness of the Judges selection. Mr D McLaughlain, and Mr James Spratt, shewed good samples of timothy seed, and Messrs McIntyre and Hare, exhibited some fine black oats. In white oats, Mr McIntyre secured the first prize, Mr Watson second, and Mr. T Clarke the third. In field pease, Mr G Herron and Mr Evans were the deservedly successful competitors. For small field peas, the prize winners were Messrs E Watson, G Herron, and R Hare. We cannot omit to mention in this department some very fine cauliflowers shewn by Mr C Billings; finer could not be produced anywhere. Mr Hickey and Mr Honger, also made good displays in this department.

DAIRY PRODUCE.

The entries in this department were numerous and in some articles the competition was keen. In firkin butter Mr. Lawrence Maysmith, Geo Heron, Edward Watson and Robert Hare showed very superior articles. The favorite competitors for print butter were A. McKellar, Jos. Johnston and Mr. A. Campbell. In choice factory make Mr. Thos. Murdock was the principal competitor and secured three out of the four offered, Mr. A. Hods receiving the second.

In home made cheese the successful competitors were Jas. G. Wright, W. Fenton, A. McKellar and A Hagar.

In home made bread Mrs. Andrew Wilson of Appleton, carried off the first prize, the second was won by Mrs. Jane Osgoode and the third by Mrs. Mondelet.

Mr. James Kennedy, Mr. Ed. Watson and Peter Fairburn showed some excellent specimens of honey.

THE LADIES DEPARTMENT,

which occupied the fourth transept was unusually well filled and attracted a very large portion of the visitors to the grounds The specimens of handy work of the fair competitors reflect every credit on ther intelligence and industry. Among the articles displayed, we noticed some very superior specimens of crochet work, tatting, embroidery, patch work, &c. There were also some very creditable crayon drawings, and elegant wreaths in shells, fruit and worsted work. Mrs. Buck showed some very fine crochet work.

Mrs. Symes showed some excellent home made mittens, and Mrs. Watson's socks were so warm and soft that we envy the happy wearer of them for the coming winter. Mrs. J. Osgoode also showed some beautifully knitted articles. The first prize for tatting was awarded to Miss Stewart of the Richmond Road, and most deservedly so. A more beautiful specimen of this kind of work we have never seen. In its elegance and delicacy it might rival the finest honiton lace. We also noticed a very fine lot of home made flannels exhibited by Mrs. A. Campbell, Mrs. T. S. Hare Mrs. E. Watson and Mrs. Jas. Severight.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

we are sorry to say were not as numerous this year as on previous occasions. There were however some few good displays made, particularly that of Messrs, Frost, Wood & Co., of Smith's Falls. They showed a very fine combined reaper and mower, a power churn, a power drag saw, a fine metal roller and a two horse threshing machine.

Mr. Chs. Smith also shewed a very fine Buckeye Mower and Mr. Wilson, of Appleton, shewed a new patent dog churn most ingenious, simple, and easy working.

Mr. Abbott had on exhibition an excellent root cutter, some few good plows, cultivaters and harrows were also exhibited.

Mr. Sommerville of Rideau street displayed an assortment of drain and other tile-pipes, garden vases and chimney pots, and a very neat sample of iron fencing.

CARRIAGES AND WAGGONS.

The display in this section was very good but some of the usually successful competitors failed to put in an appearance. Mr. Stockdale however had on view a handsome Clarence coach, an English waggonette, two highly finished buggies and a "Savannah beauty."

Mr. Geo. Angus also shewed some fine carts, an excellent express waggon and two buggies. It says a great deal for this gentleman that out of seven articles exhibited five of them were awarded prizes.

Our notice of the stock department must be differred until another day if we would do competitors justice.

During yesterday afternoon His Excellency the Governor General visited the grounds, as did also the Hon Mr Morris, Sir John A. Macdonald, the Hon Mr Dunkin, the Hon Mr Carling, the Hon Mr Howe, Hon Mr Oumet. Hon Mr Aikens and R W Scott, Esq. All seemed to take a lively interest in the progress of the exhibition. The general attendance yesterday was not so good as on the corresponding day of last year. Some eight hundred tickets less being taken at the wicket.

THE PRIZE LIST

We had hoped to lay the complete prize list before our readers this morning but owing to the late hour at which the judges concluded their work it was not possible to do so. So far however as it had been revised by the hard working Secretary up till a few hours ago we publish.

PRIZE LIST.

Blood Horses—Stallion 3 years and upwards.
1st Prize, Alex Heney, $20; 2nd, A O F Coleman, 15; 3rd, Thos McGarity, 10.

Filly 2 yrs or under.
1st Prize, Alex Heney, $10.

Agricultural Horses—Stallion 3 yrs and upwards.
1st Prize, John Clark, $20; 2nd, R H Klock, 15; 3rd, T Hannan, 10.

Colt Stallion 2 yrs or under.
1st prize, J Sutherland, $10; 2nd, J Severight, 5.

Brood Mare and Foal—Foal raised this season.
1st prize, J Paget, $15; 2nd, D Cowen, 10; 3rd, A Pritchard, 5.

Filly 2 yrs and under.
1st prize, W Hall, $10; 2nd, W W Edwards, 5; 3rd, J Nesbitt, 3.

Pair of Horses, Mares or Geldings, in Harness.
1st prize, J Paget, $12; 2nd, W Fenton, 8; 3rd, W Graham, 4.

Stallions, carriage horses, 3 years and upwards.
1st prize, John Clark, $20; 2nd, S Tuck er & Son, 15; 3rd, W Rodden 10.

Colt (Stal.) 2 years and under.
1st prize, A Hagar, $10; 2nd, F S Warwicker, 5.

Brood Mare and Foal. Foal raised this season.
1st prize, W Rodden, $15; 2nd, Thos S Harl, 10; 3rd, John Clarke, 5.

Filly, 2 years or under.
1st-prize, A O F Coleman, $10; 2nd, J Paget, 5.

Pair of Horses (Mares or Geldings) in harness.
1st prize, N Sparks, $12; 2nd, J R Booth, 8; 3rd, A Gilmour, 4.

Single horse (Mare or Gelding) in harness.
1st prize, W McClymont, $9; 2nd, W V Gordon, 6; 3rd, T McGarity, 3.

Saddle horse (Mare or Gelding).
1st prize, A O F Coleman, $9; 2nd, D Cowan, 6; 3rd, J W Hughes, 3.

Draught Horses.—Stallions 3 years and upwards.
1st Prize, J Money, $20; 2nd, Edmund Clark, 15; 3rd, John Clark, 10.

Colt (Stal.) 2 years or under.
1st Prize, Wm Eatlie, $10.

Brood Mare and Foal—Foal raised this season.
1st prize, D Cowan, $15.

Filly 2 years or under.
1st prize, Robt See, $10.

Pair of Horses (Mares or Geldings) in harness.
1st prize, Robt Skead, $12; 2nd, A McKellar, 8; 3rd, R Skead, 4.

Cattle—Durhams (Bull 3 years and over)
1st prize, A & P. White, $20; 2nd, Hon J Skead, 15; 3rd, Thos Clarke, 10; 4th, (recommended) S Tucker & Son.

do 2 years old.
1st prize, A Pritchard, $10; 2nd, A Hagar, 5.

do 1 year old.
1st prize, R Kenny, $8; 2nd, Hon J Skead, 4.

Bull Calf under 1 year.
1st prize, J& W Thomson, $6; 2nd, Hon J Skead, 3.

Best Bull of any age.
1st prize, J & W Thomson, Diploma.

Cow 3 years and over.
1st prize, Hon J Skead, $15; 2nd, Thos Clark, 10; 3rd, Robt Kenny, 5.

Heifer 2 years.
1st prize, Robt Kenny, $10; 2nd, Thos Clark, 8; 3rd, Thos Clark, 4.

Heifer 1 year.
1st prize, R Kenny, $6; 2nd, Hon J Skead, 3; 3rd, Thos Clark, 2.

Heifer Calf under 1 year.
1st prize, Thos Clark, $5.

Best Herd consisting of 1 Bull and 3 Females.
1st prize, Thos Clark, Diploma.

Devons—Bull 1 year old.
3rd prize, Geo Sparks.

Ayrshires—Bull 3 years and over.
1st prize, Jos Yuill, $20; 2nd, Thos Thompson & Son, 15; 3rd, Wm Rodden, 10.

Bull 2 years.
1st prize, T McKinnon, $10; 2nd, T Thompson & Son, 5; 3rd, S Tucker & Son, 3.

Bull 1 year.
1st prize, Wm Rodden, $8; 2nd, T Thompson & Son, 4; 3rd, Wm Rodden, 2.

Bull Calf under 1 year.
1st prize, D McIntyre, Montreal, $6; 2nd, Wm Rodden, 3; 3rd, Wm Rodden, 2.

Best Bull of any age.
1st prize, Jos Yuill, Diploma.

Cow 3 years and over.
1st prize, T Thompson & Son, $15; 2nd, Jos Yuill, 10; 3rd T Thompson & Son, 5; 4th, (recommended) S Tucker & Son.

Heifer 2 years.
1st prize, Wm Rodden, $10; 2nd, T Thompson & Son, 8.

Heifer 1 year.
1st prize, T Thompson & Son, $6; 2nd, Wm Rodden, 3; 3rd, Wm Rodden, 2.

Heifer Calf under 1 year.
1st prize, D McIntyre, $5; 2nd, T Thompson & Son, 3; 3rd, Wm Rodden, 2; 4th, (recommended) T Thompson & Son.

Best Herd consisting of 1 Bull and 3 Females.
1st prize, Thompson & Son, Diploma.

Galloways—Bull 3 years and over.
1st prize, Hon J Skead, $20.

Bull 1 year.
1st prize, Geo Sparks, $8.

Bull Calf under 1 year.
1st prize, Hon J Skead, $6.

Best Bull of any age,
1st prize, Hon J Skead, Diploma.

Heifer 1 year.
1st prize, Geo Sparks, $6.

Grade and Native Cattle—Cow 4 years and upwards.
1st prize, J & W Thompson, $8; 2nd, Thos Clark, 6; 3rd, A McKellar, 4.

Cow 3 years.
1st prize, Thos Clark, $7; 2nd, do 5; 3rd, do 3; 4th, A Mc Kellar, 2.

Heifers 2 years.
1st prize, J & W Thompson, $5; 2nd, do 3; 3rd, Geo Hewn, 2; 4th, A McKellar, 1.

Heifers 1 year old.
1st J & W Thompson, $5; 2nd, Thos Clark, 3; 3rd, J & W Thompson, 2; 4th, A McKellar, 1.

Heifer Calf.
1st prize, J & W Thompson, $3; 2nd, Thos Clark, 2; 3rd, do 1; 4th, J & W Thompson, (recommended).

Working Oxen 5 years and upwards.
1st prize, Hon J Skead, $8.

do Steers 3 years.
1st prize, Geo Sparks, $4.

Fat Cow and Heifer.
1st prize, A McKellar, $6; 2nd, Thos Clark, 4; 3rd, J & W Thompson, 2.

Shropshire Downs—2 Ewes, 2 shears and over.
Prize, Geo Whillans, $8.

2 Shearling Ewes.
Prize, Geo Whillans, $5.

Hampshire Downs—Ram, 2 shears and over.
Prize, John Ashworth, $6.

Ram Lamb.
Prize, John Ashworth, $5.

2 Ewes, 2 shears and over.
Prize, John Ashworth, $8.

2 Shearling Ewes.
Prize, John Ashworth, $4.

2 Ewe Lambs.
Prize, John Ashworth, $4.

Leicesters—Ram, 2 shears and over.
1st prize, R Kenny, $6; 2nd, Geo Hewn, 4.

Shearling Ram.
1st prize, R Kenny, $5; 2nd, Geo Whillams, 3.

Ram Lamb.
1st prize, R Kenny, $5; 2nd, Jas Johnston, 3; 3rd, J Johnston, 1.

2 Ewes, 2 shears and over.
1st prize, R Kenny, $8; 2nd, do 4; 3rd do 2.

2 Shearling Ewes.
1st prize, R Kenny, $5; 2nd, do 3; 3rd, A McKellar, 1;

2 Ewe Lambs.
1st prize, R Kenny, $4; 2nd, do 2; 3rd, A McKellar, 1.

Cotswolds—Ram 2 Shears and Over.
Prize, R Kenny, $6.

Ram Lamb.
1st prize, R Kenny, $5; 2d, do 3; 3d, do, 1.

2 Ewes, 2 Shears and over.
1st prize, R Kenny, $8; 2d do, 4.

2 Shearling Ewes.
Prize, R Kenny, $5.

2 Ewe Lambs.
Prize, R Kenney, $4.

2 Fat Ewes.
1st prize, A McKellar, $4; 2nd, R Kenny, 2; 3d, A McKellar, 1.

Berkshire Swine—Boar, One Year and over.
1st prize, R Kenny, $10; 2d, G W Eaton, 6; 3d, M Bennett, 3.

Boar under 1 Year.
1st prize, D McIntyre, $8; 2d, R Kenny, 4; 3d, F Hallandail, 2.

Breeding Sow, 1 Year and over.
1st prize, W Fenton, $8; 2d, R Kenny, 4; 3d, G W Eaton, 2.

Sow under 1 Year.
1st prize, R Kenny, $3; 2d, D McIntyre, 2; 3d, M Bennett, 1.

Suffolk Swine—Boar, 1 Year and over.
Prize, J C Gough, $10.

Boar under 1 Year.
Prize, W Rodden, $8.

Breeding Sow, 1 Year and over.
1st prize, J Severight, $8; 2d, G W Eaton, 4.

Sow under 1 Year.
Prize, M Bennett, $3.

Any Breed—Sow, 1 Year or over.
1st prize, W Fenton, $4; 2d, M Bennett, 3: 3d, G W Eaton, 2.

Sow under 1 year.
1st prize, W Fenton, $3; 2nd, M Bennett 2; 3rd, do 1.

Fat Hog.
1st prize, M Bennett, $4; 2nd, Jas Spratt, 3; 3rd, M Bennett, 2.

Poultry—Pair Black Spanish.
1st prize, J Herbert, $3; 2nd, do 2.

Pair Andalusian.
Prize, Andrew Kerr, $3.

Pair Golden Polands.
1st prize, Henry Cussans, $3; 2nd, N Sparks, 2.

Pair Silver Polands.
1st prize, H Cussans, $3; 2nd, N Sparks, 2.

Pair Brahma Pootras dark.
1st prize, Jesse Herbert, $3; 2nd, H Cussans, 2.

Pair Brahma Pootras light.
1st prize, N Sparks, $3; J Herbert, 2.

Pair Cochin Chinas, buff.
1st prize, J Herbert, $3; 2nd, Geo Hay, 2.

Pair Dorkings, colored.
Prize, Alex Barrett, $3.

Pair Game.
1st prize, Henry Evans, $3; 2nd, do 2.

Pair Golden Bantams.
1st prize, John Connors, $3; 2nd, H Cussans, 2.

Pair White Bantams.
1st prize, B Gordon, jr, $3; 2nd, James Greaves, 2.

Pair Turkeys.
1st prize, Richard Stetham, $3; 2nd, Geo Heron, 2.

Pair Bremen Geese.
Prize, John Ashworth, $3.

Pair Common Geese.
1st prize, Nicholas Clarke, $2; 2nd, Thos Clark, 1.

Pair Toulouse Geese.
1st prize, N Sparks; 2nd, Thos Clark.

Pair Aylesbury Ducks.
1st prize, John Clark, $3; 2nd Henry Cussans, 2.

Pair Muscovy Ducks.
1st prize, N Sparks, $3; 2d, Thomas McKay, 2.

Pair Common Ducks.
1st prize, N Sparks, $2; 2d, Henry Evans, 1.

Pair Pea Fowl.
Prize, James Kennedy, $2.

Pair Guinea Fowl.
Prize, James Johnston, $2.

4 Brahma Pootra Chickens, Dark.
1st prize, Edward Gordon, $1.50; 2d, Jesse Herbert, 1.

4 Brahma Pootra Chickens, Light.
1st prize, Jesse Herbert, $1.50; 2d, H Cussans, 1.

4 Cochin China Chickens, Buff.
1st prize, J Herbert, 1.50; 2nd, George Hay, 1.

4 Common Ducklings.
Prize, N Sparks, $1.50.

Greatest Variety Pigeons.
Prize, W N Beatlie, $2.

Pair Common Rabbits.
Prize, Geo Whillans, $1.

Pair Game Chickens.
Extra prize, J C Blyth.

Pair Birchwing Fowl.
Extra prize. J C Blyth.

4 Game Bantam Chickens.
Extra prize, M Bennett.

THE RACES—SECOND DAY.

To-day is the second day of the Third Annual Meeting of the Ottawa Turf Club.

The following are the races to take place and the entries made.

HURDLE RACE FOR $300.

Open to all horses, 2 miles, over 8 hurdles, 3 feet 8 inches, stiff timber; $250 to first horse, $50 to 2nd.

ENTRIES.

Mr. James White's b g "Jack on the Green" aged by "Jack the Barber," scarlet jacket, white cap.

F. Owen's ch g "N P," aged by Wagram. All blue.

A O F Coleman's, bl h "Raven," 6 years by Falcon. All blue.

CARLETON PLATE, $500.

Open to all horses, two mile heats; $400 to 1st horse, $100 to 2nd.

ENTRIES.

Jas White's br h "Terror," 5 yrs, by "Ruric," out of Maritana; scarlet jacket white cap.

W H Chapple's br h "Gen. Custor," 4 yrs, by Donerail, out of Day; all blue.

C J Alloway's ch c, 3 yrs, by Lightning, dam by Reverence; black jacket, crimson hoop.

LADIES' CUP OF $150.

For horses regularly used as hacks, to be ridden by members of the club; one and a half miles.

ENTRIES.

C J Alloway's b g "Cataract," by Niagara; crimson body, white sleeves, and blue cap.

B McNab's br g "Sleepy Johnny," by "Young Rescue," black and scarlet hoop.

W McKay Wright's br g "Gimcrack" by "Rescue," black and white.

W William's br h "Knight of St. Patrick," all blue.

J Copeland's b h "Bay of Boston" by "Bay Boston;" all blue.

D Clark's br g "Prince Arthur" by "Jack the Barber;" black and yellow hoops.

A O F Coleman's ch g "Prescott Boy" by "Bay Boston"; all blue.

CONSOLATION STAKES $300.

For horses beaten during meeting (winners excluded) Handicap. One and half mile $150, 1st horse, $50 2nd.

Pools for the above races sold pretty lively at the Russell House last evening. The races to-day will be much more interesting than those of the first day, and we feel satisfied that the number of people on the ground will also be much larger.

Some of the horses are well matched, and exciting contests may be expected.

In the hurdle race "Jack of the Green" was the favorite; "Raven," 2nd—field.

For the Carleton Plate, "Gen. Custor" was the favorite against "Lightning" and "Viley" in the field. For the Ladies Cup, "Prescott Boy" was the favorite against the field.

GENTLEMEN.—Have your Shirts made to fit and as you want them at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans.

MONEY TO LEND.—Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., corner Sparks & Elgin streets, Ottawa.

PERSONAL.—Among the arrivals at the Russell House we notice the name of Mr. A. Petersen, Agent for the old established house of A. & T. Nordheimer.

NORTH SHORE RAILWAY.—The County Council of the County of Ottawa is favorable to granting a bonus to the North Shore Railway.

POLICE COURT—THURSDAY.—Toussient Larocque, charged with throwing a stone through the window of a car at the St. L. & O. R. Station, was discharged, owing to the absence of requisite evidence.

Samuel Griffin, charged with furious driving, was fined $2 and costs.

Louis Cartier, drunk and disorderly, was fined $2 and costs.

A case of foul premises was adjourned until Saturday.

CHAMPION POTATOE.—The Aylmer *Times* says:—Mr. Irvine Allen, Advocate, of the Township of Eardley, has dug out of one hill two potatoes that weigh 2 lb. 8 oz. each. But even this is eclipsed by Mr. James Mulligan, of Aylmer, who has a potato in his possession that weighs 2 lb. 9½ oz. We think this specimen of the Early Rose is the largest potato produced as yet, and therefore we claim for this section of the conntry the championship for having raised the largest potatoes.

IMMIGRATION AID SOCIETY.—A very important meeting of the Ottawa Immigration Aid Society, takes place this evening Addresses will be delivered by several Immigration Delegates. It is hoped there will be a large attendance.

A large lot of New Carpets just received at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20 Sparks street.

PAIN KILLER.

Husband:—You have great faith, Mary in the PAIN-KILLER. The Parson's wife and Mrs. Judge Jones are very positive in favor of it, but I am inclined to think that if it did all it professes to do sickness and death would soon be out of fashion, for it cures everything.

Wife:—The Parson's wife and Mrs. Judge Jones are not the only ones that I have heard strongly recommend the PAIN-KILLER, every where I go they have it and everybody praises it, all the Liniments, Cholera mixtures and Pain Medicines have disappeared since Perry Davis' agent came round. (To little boy) George, does your tooth still aches, my dear!

George:—No, Mother, PAIN KILLER stopped it.

Wife to husband:—The Pain Killer does not profess to cure everything either in the Directions about the bottle or in the "Annual." I have read them carefully. It claims to be the best family medicine in existence. Perry Davis & Son do not say what it can do but prove what it has done by giving certificates from reliable persons whose testimony cannot be doubted.

Husband:—Do you think these certificates are *Bona fide*, I believe they are made up to sell the goods.

Wife:—Judge Jones was as incredulous as you till he wrote to Perry Davis & Son and was satisfied, they sent him a quire of certificates received from parties within five miles of his own house.

(*To be Continued*)

Sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cts. per bottle.

A SERMON

Will be preached on SUNDAY EVENING NEXT in the Catholic Apostolic Church, Albert Street, by the Rev. W. W. ANDREWS, at 7:30 p m. The public are invited to attend.

Ottawa, Sept. 22, 1871. 1775td

MUSIC HALL.

FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY.

MONDAY & TUESDAY,

SEPTEMBER 25th & 26th.

PROFESSOR ASHLEY,

the great London

ILLUSIONIST & VENTRILOQUIST

And Originator of the Celebrated Entertainment known as

DIABOLORIUM,

OR NIGHTS IN DREAMLAND.

Prof. Ashley will be assisted by Miss MATTIE ALLSTON, the pleasing and popular Balladist.

Admission, 25cts; Reserved seats, 50cts.

Tickets can be procured at Orme & Son's, Sparks street, and at the door.

Doors open at 7; to commence at 8 o'clock.

Ottawa, Sept. 21, 1871. 1775 4

A PUBLIC MEETING

FOR THE PROMOTION OF

AGRICULTURAL IMMIGRATION

will be held in the Rooms of the IMMIGRATION SOCIETY, Aumond's Block, Rideau street, to-morrow (FRIDAY) evening, the 22nd instant. The Hon Sir Francis Hincks will take the Chair at 8 o'clock precisely. Several members of the Immigration Conference will address the meeting; also, the Rev. Horrock Cocks, and Mr. Standish Haly from England.

Ottawa, Sept. 21, 1871. 1775td

THE

St. Lawrence & Ottawa

RAILWAY Co.

OTTAWA, 21st Sept, 1871.

VOLUNTEER REVIEW

at Prescott on

MONDAY, 25th SEPTEMBER.

Upwards of 4,000 men on the Field.

This Company will give

RETURN TICKETS

to Prescott and back at a

SINGLE FARE

on MONDAY, the 25th inst.

to enable the Public to attend the Grand Volunteers Review and Sham Fight to take place at Prescott on that day in presence of

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL,

the Hon. the Minister of Militia and Defence, the Adjutant General, and a large and brilliant staff.

Trains will leave Ottawa at 7 and 11 a.m., by either of which passengers will reach Prescott in time to witness the Review.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director.
R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent.

1775 4

FOR SALE

By Public Auction,

THIS THURSDAY, the 21st SEPTEMBER,

9 LOTS

in the village of

BILLINGS' BRIDGE,

Fronting on Bank, Cameron, and Gloucester streets.

Payable one-fourth down, and balance in three years. Sale to take place on the grounds at 3 o'clock, p.m.

MALCOLM CAMERON.

For further particulars apply to
THOS. DOWSLEY, Agent.

Ottawa, Sept. 16. 1774 1

EMIGRATION

TO THE

UNITED STATES.

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or sixpence. Correspondence solicited Address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1774 2

NOTICE.

FOR SALE,

A well established BUSINESS in one of the most flourishing villages in the Ottawa Valley on the line of the Brockville & Ottawa Railroad. The stock now on hand consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, and Boots and Shoes, to the amount of about $4,000. The Business is well established, and an excellent trade has been done amounting to about $2,000 a year. The Shop and Dwelling can be leased or purchased.

Further particulars can be learned by applying to

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 19, 1871 1773td

AUCTION SALE

OF A

SPLENDID STONE HOUSE.

The Subscriber has received instructions from Mr. David Moore to sell at his rooms, Rideau Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th SEPTEMBER, 1871, that desirable property situated on York Street, recently occupied by him The house is of stone, 2½ storys high, well built, and neatly finished with good yard and stabling.

Sale at Twelve o'clock, noon.

For further particulars apply to the Auctioneer,

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer & Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871. 1768td

LOST,

On FRIDAY, 15th instant, a Gentleman's heavy GOLD RING, with Carbuncle Stone, chased in the sides. Any one leaving it at this Office will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Sept 20. 1773tf

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 21.

The Rev. Mr. Bercher addressed the students of the Congregational College last night on the occasion of the opening of the thirty-third Session of the College. The exercises took place at Zion Church, and a large assemblage listened to a most powerful address, lasting an hour and a half.

The Synod delegates nearly all returned home yesterday and to-day.

The Horticultural Exhibition closed to-night with addresses by several leading citizens. The three days attendance was discouragingly slender, and expenses will not be paid.

Peter Sully, a sailor on the barque *Chalgreene*, fell from her deck to the hold of the vessel to-day, sustaining fatal injuries.

This afternoon Alexander Roe, trader, of Toronto, was arrested on suspicion of stealing $250 from McLaren & McNiece, produce dealers, Commissioner street, while in the act of doing business with one of the partners.

A woman at Sorel on Tuesday gave birth to a child and becoming deranged through puerperal fever, shortly after drowned the infant in a pail of water. The jury have returned a verdict of wilful murder to general surprise.

A better feeling in the stock market this morning with a slight recovery upon the lower rates ruling. In the early part of yesterday, with the exception, however, of the more leading Banks, an improvement was slight as far as buyers were concerned, holders being certainly firmer. In the Bank of Montreal sales made at 251 and 257¼, closing with sellers at 252½; The Merchants Bank sold at 126; Bank of Commerce 123¼.

Weather very cold for the season.

Latest Cable Telegram

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—English holders of Confederate cotton bonds are organizing to present their claims to the commission at Washington.

The Inman steamship *City of Montreal* was launched yesterday at Glasgow, and is of 4,600 tons measurement, and is the largest vessel ever constructed on the Clyde. Another ship building for the same Company, and to be named the *City of Richmond*, is even larger than the *City of Montreal*, and of 4,800 tons measurement.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—The Congress of the International Society commenced in London to day. Delegates from Italy, Spain, France, Belgium, Germany and Switzerland are present. Carl Marx presides. The object of the meeting is to arrange for immediate action on the Continent.

Further changes in the Turkish ministry have occurred but are not of an important character.

Late advices from Cape of Good Hope are to the effect that diamonds continue to be found in great numbers in the fields at the North and that the rush to the diggings an the excitement over the discoveries are unabited.

The *Venus* from the Tyne bound to Quebec has put into Liverpool to repair damages.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Sept. 21.—Odo Russell, newly appointed British Ambassador to the German Empire has arrived in Berlin and will at an early day be efficially presented to the Emperor William.

FRANCE.

VERONA, Sept. 21.—Thiers held a lengthy interview today with Herr Von Armin, upon the subject of the delayed treaty between France and Germany.

Rochefort's trial has been concluded, and he has been sentenced by court martial to be transported to a penal colony for life.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 21.—A procession of engineers to celebrate the end of the strike took place to-day.

DENMARK.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 21.—The Government of Denmark has instituted stringent measures of precaution against the introduction of cholera into the Kingdom.

Latest American Telegrams,

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—The alleged cases of Asiatic cholera in New Jersey are being investigated. It has been ascertained that a recently arrived German emigrant woman died at Woodbridge, near Perth, Amberg, last week, of a disease which five physicians pronounced to be cholera. Woodbridge, in consequence of the report has been nearly depopulated.

The Bank of Montreal New York agents are said to be the great manipulators or bulls in our gold room.

They yield a power double or quadruple any single brokers' firm in the combination with them. They can either force the merchants to pay one-half per cent a day for the use of gold, or one half-per cent advance on previous selling prices. It is reported they find it convenient just now to send a few millions in gold coin to Montreal.

CHARLESTON, S.C., Sept. 21.—Four deaths from Yellow fever here within the last 24 hours.

SALT LAKE, Sept. 21.—Rumours are rife as to the proceedings of the Grand Jury. It is said that efforts are being made to indict several members of the Mormon priesthood, among them Brigham Young.

LADIES WITH BLUE-BLACK COMPLEXIONS.

There arrived recently at Richmond Springs two beautiful belles from New York city. Their trains were endless, their costumes wonderful as to fabric, fearful as to expense; rich and rare were the gems they wore, and it was estimated by good judges that their complexions cost at least ten dollars per box. They exercised "Pink and White Tyranny" over all the poor gentlemen invalids who were seeking health at the springs, and were the envy of the expiring lady invalids who were buzzing around the springs in search of a longer lease of the world and its vanities. These belles arose one morning from refreshing slumber, and determined to renew their beauty by a sulphur bath. To the bath they went with dazzling flakes of the previous evening's rose and pearl still on their faces. Alas that, in this instance, a thing of beauty was not a joy forever. The sulphur changed those lovely, those expensive complexions to blue-black. The colour would not come off. Those complexions were first class and warranted to wash, and those belles thus unexpectedly put under the protection of the Fifteenth Amendment went away from Richmond Springs in haste. They are now under the care of an expert chemist in New York.

NAPOLEON WEEPING.—The unfortunate exile who has seen the end of his Imperial Greatness, wept when he found himself so mercifully dealt with by his Antagonist and Captor, King William of Prussia. History seldom chronicles such leniency on the part of a Conqueror. Not so in Medicine, for the Great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills have no respect of any reigning disease in the human body, for this combined medicine roots out completely all acute and chronic maladies

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—A despatch from Wigan says that there has been further explosions to day, and the mine is burning. The fire engines are all at the scene of the disaster. The town people are actually paralyzed with fear.

INDIA.

CALCUTTA, Sept. 20.—The Chief Justice of India died to day from wounds inflicted by his assassin. The murderer has been apprehended and feigns insanity.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 20.—The German troops have evacuated St. Denis, and the forts have been given up to the French officers.

Count Orloff will probably be the Prussian Ambassador to France.

CITY OF MEXICO, Sept. 14.—Rumors that the pronunciamento favoring Diaz has been issued in the State of Lamonlipos, Vera Cruz and Mexico, prove to be untrue.

An outbreak is reported near Rio Frio, but it is thought to be unimportant.

Strong garrisons are kept in the States of Jolisco Column, Durango, Sinoloa and Sonora.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—Arrived, the steamship *Assyria*, from Glasgow.

John Joley has addressed a letter to Mayor Hall, asking him to resign, on the ground that he is equally guilty with Tweed and Sweeney, in the great frauds upon the city, and saying that the city officers should not remain in office when they have lost public confidence.

The *Times* says:—We are in possession of important information, which would not be proper at this time to divulge. It need only be said for the present, that it seems to assure a speedy punishment of the plunderers of the city treasury. Evidence of the strongest character is accumulated against them, and it looks as if nothing could save them from the doom they have so justly and so long deserved.

At a meeting of the City Democracy at Coopers Institute last evening, Roosewell was elected chairman, who stated the object of the meeting was to form an organization of all Democrats opposed to Tammany Hall, for the purpose of killing that body and raising a new Democratic organization, which shall hold the reins of power in this city and country.

The New York *Times* of the 8th says: We respectfully request that no more "Odes to Nirgara" may be sent to us this season. It is quite natural that people who visit Niagara should be anxious to describe it in verse, and we sincerely regret that the demands upon our space, caused by the news of the day, do not enable us to publish all the odes beginning "Mighty torrent always roaring," which we have received. We have read some hundreds with the utmost attention, and found them charming, but unluckily we have no room for them. Indeed, there has latterly been a fall of them into this office which recals Niagara itself, and we are quite sure that some of our contemporaries would be glad to divide the odes with us. We trust, therefore, that poets will for the present leave Niagara or the New York *Times* alone.

Great Bargains in Lace Shawls. Price reduced one-third, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks street.

DIED.

Died in Dereham, Oxford County, Ont, on Friday, the 15th inst., Jennie, youngest daughter of Thomas Langrell, aged fourteen years and seven months.

The funeral will take place on Friday, the 22nd inst., at 2 o'clock, p.m., from her father's residence, Rideau street. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend.

TAKE NOTICE.

Get your

BUFFALO ROBES

in to be

DYED,

and made like

BEAR ROBES,

for the cold weather is fast approaching.

G. A. SHELDON.
Sussex street,
Next door to the DOMINION HOUSE,
Ottawa, Sept. 21, 1871. 1774 a

BY-LAW

To raise by way of loan the sum of sixty thousand dollars for the purpose of building bridges across the Rideau Canal, repairing the Sappers' Bridge, and building a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats, in the City of Ottawa.

Whereas the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa have resolved to build bridges across the Rideau Canal, at Wellington and Maria Streets, in the City of Ottawa, to repair the Sappers' Bridge already erected across the said Canal, connecting Sparks and Rideau Streets, and also to build a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats; and it is estimated that the sum of sixty thousand dollars will be required for that purpose.

And whereas in order to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such works, it is necessary to issue debentures of the Corporation of the said City, to the amount of sixty thousand dollars, aforesaid, as hereinafter provided.

And whereas it will require the sum of six thousand six hundred dollars to be raised annually for the payment of the said debentures and the interest thereon, as hereinafter also provided.

And whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is five million seven hundred and sixty-eight thousand three hundred and nine dollars.

And whereas the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows: Principal, the sum of three hundred and two thousand eight hundred and eight dollars and fifty-one cents; and interest, the sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents, making in the aggregate the sum of three hundred and fifty-eight thousand four hundred and sixty-two dollars and sixty-seven cents, of which interest the said sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts is in arrear.

And whereas for paying the interest on the said debentures and creating an equal yearly sinking fund, for paying the principal money of the said debentures, according to the statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

Be it therefore enacted and ordained by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:—

1. That for the purpose of constructing the said works, it shall be lawful for the Mayor, for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan, from any person or persons, body or bodies coporate who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of sixty thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain, for the time being of the said City, and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

2. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa, for the time being, shall cause debentures to be made out, in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of sixty thousand dollars; which said debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

3. The said debentures shall be made payable on the first day of January, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa, and shall have coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum, from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, on the first day of the months of January and July in each year, at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

For the purpose of providing a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar shall, in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected, in each year upon all the rateable property in the city of Ottawa, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the first day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one.

And Whereas this By-law requires the assent of the electors of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said electors thereon, the Council of the Corporation of the said City, do hereby fix Friday the thirteenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned, in the said City, being the places at which the last elections of the members of the Council therein were held: namely, in Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke, therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward, at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine o'clock of the same day.

And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers, to take such votes at and for the several places, within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

TAKE NOTICE.

That the above is a true copy of a proposed By-law, which will be taken into consideration by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, after one month from the first publication thereof in the OTTAWA TIMES newspaper, the date of which first publication was the twentieth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, and that the votes of the electors of the said Municipality will be taken thereon, at the following places within the City of Ottawa, namely: In and for Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street, in Victoria Ward. In and for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street; and for that part of the said last mentioned Ward, lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In and for St. George's Ward, at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In and for By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street; and in and for Ottawa Ward, at Lot No. eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street, on Friday the thirteenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, at the hour of nine of the clock, in the forenoon of the same day.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa, Sept. 20, 1871. 1773 1m

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, }
To Wit. }

Public Notice is hereby given that the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, and of Assize and Nisi Prius, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the NINTH day of OCTOBER, at the hour of Ten o'clock a.m., of which all Coroners, Magistrates, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned, are required to take notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. F. POWELL,
Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Ottawa,
Sept. 15, 1871. 1770-tf.

AUCTION SALE

OF A

TIMBER LIMIT

SITUATED ON DEEP RIVER.

The Subscriber has received instructions to sell at the Union House, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, 4th October, a Timber Berth, being License No. 267 of 1870-71, of about 5¼ square miles on the South side of Deep River.

Terms and conditions made known at time of sale.

Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Sept. 8, 1871. 1764-td

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS,

ON BLACK RIVER,

For Sale by Auction, at the Union House, *ON WEDNESDAY, 4th OCTOBER* next, at one o'clock, p. m., being License No. 265, of 1870-71......50 miles. And No. 367, of 1870-71......50 miles.

Total one hundred square miles of richly timbered limits.

By order of
ALEXANDER FRASER, Esq.
Ottawa, 1st Sept. 1871. 1759-td

ENGLISH WEEKLY NEWS PAPERS AND MONTHLY MAGAZINES.

LLOYD'S WEEKLY LONDON NEWS, Weekly Times, Reynolds', Weekly Dispatch,—the latest editions,—5 cents. Subscription (post free to any part of the Dominion)—yearly, $2.50; six months, 1.25.

Illustrated London News, Graphic, Bell's Life, News of the World, Punch, Fun, Judy, &c., &c.

THE TORONTO GLOBE delivered at 10 cents per week.

C. E. HUCKETT & CO.
69, Sparks Street.
August 29. 1755 1m

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA,

Between Howell and Fingland & Diaper's.

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.
1737tf

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY

FOR SUNDAY USE.

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season..		$5 00
20lbs "	"	9 00
10lbs	month	1 50
20lbs	"	2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance. ☜

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N. B.—Ice supplied per ton or cwt.
Ottawa April 1871

BUSINESS CHANGE.

We, the undersigned, in relinquishing the Retail branch of our business, beg to return thanks to the public of Ottawa and vicinity for the very liberal support accorded to us during the past eight years, and to announce that we have

DISPOSED OF OUR STOCK,

And leased the premises,

29 Sparks Street,

TO

MESSRS.

ALEXANDER RUSSELL,

(Late of Blyth & Russell, Ottawa,)

AND

ROBERT WATSON,

(Of Watson & Hayes, Almonte,)

Who will continue the business under the name and style of

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Both of these gentlemen were formerly in our employ, and being possessed of ample means and long experience we have great pleasure in recommending them to the confidence and patronage of all our friends and customers.

—MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, August, 1871.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE

RUSSELL & WATSON

Have pleasure in announcing that they have purchased the

Entire Stock in Trade,

AND

GOOD WILL

OF THE

RETAIL BUSINESS

Lately conducted by Messrs.

Magee & Russell,

And leased their premises, 29 Sparks Street, for a term of years.

And hope by keeping only the best qualities of goods, and adopting a uniform and

Moderate Scale of Profits,

By anticipating the wants of the public and a strict attention to business to merit and retain the patronage so liberally bestowed upon their predecessors.

And we beg to assure the old patrons of the establishment that no efforts will be spared in maintaining the leading position to which it had attained.

ALEX. RUSSELL. ROB'T. WATSON.
Ottawa, August 1871.

Peaches!

Peaches!

Peaches!

Pears!

Pears!

Pears!

Apples!

Apples!

Apples!

And all other Kinds of Fruit

at the Fruit Depots of

G. LORENZ,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET,

NO. 86 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

GREAT

DRY GOODS SALE.

Allan, McKinnon's & McMoran,

Have determined to clear out the FALL and WINTER GOODS purchased at a heavy discount from Messrs GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO, and with that view will bring forward the whole stock, including several large lots of

NEW GOODS

purchased far below Market value, and offer the wholesale prices that must induce good judges of goods to buy largely.

The sale will commence on

Monday, 4th Sept'r.,

And continue one month.

As many of the cheapest lines will be sold quickly, intending purchasers will do well to call early and secure a choice.

1,000 YDS. JAPANESE SILKS,

At 50 cents per yard.

ONE CASE OF VELVET RIBBONS, damaged by fresh water, will be offered at less than half price.

2 Bales of GREY COTTONS, in short pieces, at from one to two cents below usual prices,

To be reduced one third in prices—a large quantity of

MILLINERY, MANTLES and MANTLE CLOTHS,

A line of Velveteen Jackets, reduced to $1.50 each, Water-proof Mantles at from $2.50 to 5.

DRESS GOODS, in a variety of fabrics, reduced below cost.

PRINTS—A line formerly sold at 12½ cents will be cleared out at 9 cents per yard.

A large lot of Gloves and Hosiery will be marked down far below cost.

A lot of best Brussels Carpets will be sold at $1.25 per yard.

ALLAN, McKINNON'S & McMORRAN,
Successors to Garland, Mutchmor & Co
No. 20, Sparks Street.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

☞ *It is now an established fact*, if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and a Low Prices

GIN—

J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Islay Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALE—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, Imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Pest Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

☞ Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.
Ottawa, May 2, 1871

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES........	$ 80
THRESHING and SAWING COMBINED...........	130
FANNING MILLS..........	22

WM. ABBOTT.
Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 36w

IF YOU WANT

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

SEND TO THE

Noted Tea House

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor

SUCCEEDING TO THE BUSINESS OF MAGEE & RUSSEL.

The Undersigned, in succeeding to the business of the above named Firm, would say that the balance of the Stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Carried over by them, will now be offered by us, at prices that cannot attract the attention of

CLOSEST BUYERS.

In order that we may have time to get the stuff forward and reduced,

THE SALE

Will not begin before

Monday, the 4th September.

Having therefore decided that all Goods of this Season MUST BE SOLD, we have reduced to them to such prices as must soon effect it.

We therefore invite inspection of our Stock by intending purchasers.

We would call special attention to our

SILK DEPARTMENT,

in this line we are offering decided BARGAINS in Colored, Fancy and Black Silks.

in the

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

We will offer a large lot of FRENCH MERINOS, FRENCH TWILLS, REPPS, SERGES and WINCIES.

The Goods in this Department were considered fair value at old prices, but having decided to CLEAR OUT, all of last Season's Stock have been marked down. Those requiring anything in this line will do well to give a look through the Departments.

ALL STAPLE GOODS, WHILE THE SALE CONTINUES, WILL BE OFFERED AT A SMALL ADVANCE.

☞ A large quantity of Grey and White Cottons now forward, and considered extra GOOD VALUE.

We will not quote prices, being satisfied, as we are, that purchasers must see value before paying any attention to figures.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

SUCCESSORS TO—
MAGEE & RUSSELL.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 Rideau street.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel,
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.

All ground ready for use.

Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.

Hay Rakes, straight and bent,
Scythe Stones, &c. &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries. Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.
Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

WANTED

By a young married couple, Board, Bedroom, and Sitting Room, furnished

or

a Small House or Cottage, furnished or unfurnished, All within easy distance of the Post Office. Possession required 1st October, or soon after

Apply by letter, stating terms, to
D.C.L., Box 2 Ottawa P. O
Ottawa, Sept. 13th, 1871. 1767.

PRIVATE BOARD WANTED

In Upper Town by a Gentleman and his Wife. Apply by letter addressed

1761- U., TIMES Office.

BOARD WANTED

In a Private Family, by a Gentleman Six o'clock dinner preferred. Address X. Y. Z. P. O. Box, 265. 1754

NOTICE.

An excellent CELLAR to let. Large, and entrance on level with the street. Apply to

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Sept. 13, 1871. 1767-tf

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON,
1760-6m Proprietor

FRED. T. PALMER,

Commission and Lumbermen's Agent, Rideau Street, (entrance O'Meara's Gateway.)

Particular attention will be given to hiring men, teams, &c., and all transactions with the Crown Land and Timber Office.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:

R Nagle, Esq, Wm Mackey, Esq
Allan Grant, Esq, E McGillivray, Esq
Ottawa, Sept 1, 1871. 1746t

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

☞ Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

OTTAWA TURF CLUB.

Parties desirous of making ENTRIES for the Races, can obtain the proper forms from the undersigned, or at the Russell House.

EDWARD C. BARBER,
Secretary-Treasurer.
Ottawa, Sept. 18, 1871. 1771 2

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested to settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.
HERRICK & CROMBIE.
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.
May 20, 1871 2670tf

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the 1st day of SEPTEMBER—

The Steamer JESSIE CASSELS will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 7.30 a.m., connecting with Steamers of the Line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

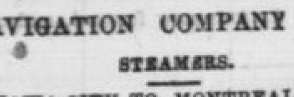
The Steamer PONTIAC leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted), at 1 p.m., for Des Joachim; returning—leaving at 6 a.m., connecting with Steamer JASON GOULD, which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 p.m., passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The Steamer PRINCE ARTHUR leaves Portage du Fort at 7 a.m., connecting with Steamer JESSIE CASSELS for Aylmer.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip, at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 9 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, August 28th, 1871.

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"
CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

MR E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B.—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1736tf

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,
IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

The Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy will, at a Session to be held in the Hall of the said Township on SATURDAY, the 30th day of SEPTEMBER next, pass a By law to establish the road as now laid out, between Lots Nos. 5 and 6, in the Third Concession of the said Township.

W. P. TAYLOR,
Township Clerk.

Fitzroy, 28th August, 1871. 1364

SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY,

—AND—

AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD,
Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE MOWER

—AND—

SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain.*

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD,
Smith's Falls,
Ontario.

June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa P.O., August 31, 1871.

Adcock J C
Anderson Elizabeth
Anderson Samuel
Armstrong Wm
Arnold Wm
Arthur Geo A
Armstrong Mrs A C
Aspdin Thos W
Barnes Sydney
Barber G
Beveridge Thos
Benfield Wm
Bell H H
Blais Miss Lydia
Blakely Mrs
Boyd Dr B H
Brayer Wm
Brennan Wm
Brewer Mrs Emily
Bullock L
Bowns Wm
Buchanan Mrs John
Burns Mrs S
Burns Miss
Byrns Hy
Campbell Mrs John
Cain Miss Sarah J
Campbell Mrs Mary
Callaghan Alex
Cantwell John
Cahal Miss Mary
Church Jos
Clarke Miss Emma
Conway Miss B
Corrigan Ed
Connor John
Cross W L
Crozier Jos
Cunningham Thos
Daly Carol
Davis J
Davidson C P
Davis Jas
Daly J J
Davis Mrs B
Dempsey Miss E
Dendmore Miss Mary
Dicare Miss M
Dickson Dr Geo
Doyle Mrs Peter
Duncan Jas
Fenton Miss J
Fisher John
Forson Jas
Forbes John
Foster Jas
Furlong Jas
Gan John
Gibbons E
Gillis J S
Glenn Alex
Gormly P
Gilchrist John
Grimes Thos
Harris Lizza Ann
Hamilton Mrs S
Hewlett Thos
Hicks Jas
Holland W H
Hogan Miss B
Hogan Wm
Hunt Wm
Hutchinson G W
Hutchison John
Huchley Mrs
Hubert J
Janet Rev Mr
Jamieson D J
Johnston Miss Ellen
Jones Mrs J E
Kennedy Jno
Kealy Mrs Julia A
Kennedy M
King Geo
Kingsmill M
King Jas
Knapp H A
Lamprey B H
Lane Miss Caroline
Leitch Miss A
Leroy W H C
Lewis Mr
Little Irvine
Lothion Miss Ellen
Moher Wm
Martin C R
May Jno
Martin Edwin
Marshall David
Martin Wm
Maddin Thos
Malsbury Wm
Minea Benj
Meade M J
Mercer John
Mitchell W H
Milne G B
Motherwell Thos
Moore & Coburn
Moore F H
Muir Wm
Murphy Mathew
Neill John
Nelson Mrs Alex
Nesbitt John
Nicholson John
Nichols John
Nolan Miss B
O'Brien Wm
O'Donnell D
O'Donnell, G
O'Connor W P P
O'Connor Jno A
O'Connor Mrs
O'Dwyer John
Oliver A
O'Meill J
Ormand Jno T
Patterson Miss Anna
Pearsons Albert
Perry Mrs M C
Pearson F M
Perwitt J H
Pickens John
Powers Jesse
Pringle Miss Sarah
Pritchard Wm
Quinlan Mrs P
Rathwell Miss A
Rice Alex
Roberts Miss Kate
Robertson Geo
Rose Rodger
Roberts Mrs
Robertson David
Ryan Miss Julia
Russell Mrs
Russell A D
Saunders Miss Julia
Scobie Mary
Servo Walter
Sheaver Jno
Shehan Thomas
Smith John
Smith Mrs W
Smith H D
Smith Heber
Smith Wm
Sparks Miss Jane
Somerville Hugh
Sparks Noel
Sternbug J W
Sullivan John
Tobin Jas
Turner R W
Watson & Hill
Ward Jas
Wable A
Wallace M
Wagner H
Wilsman G & T
Webb Jas T
Weir John
Wells J P
Webster Miss E H
Welch Mrs Geo
Whalen Miss Eliza
Wilson R
Wood H O
Wright J
McBrayen A
McBryde Jas
McClanlish T
McDonald And
McClory John
McDonald Miss F
McDonald D
McDonald Mrs Geo
McGuire Mrs Jno
McIntire Miss N
McInnis Miss C
McGuire Philip
McKenzie A
McKay Jas H
McMillan Miss Jane
McMillan J H
McPhee A
McMahon Geo

G P BAKER, Postmaster.

NOTICE.

Wanted immediately, for School Section No. 3 and 10, of North and South Plantagenet, A MALE TEACHER, holding a second class certificate. Application may be made to the undersigned Trustees, stating amount of salary per annum.

CHARLES FARRELL,
MAURICE SHANE,
THOMAS BROWNRIGG.

Pendleton 11th, September, 1871. 38 4

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent decipie of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 20s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantal, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awky

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

The undersigned being about to visit England, offers the following properties for sale:

A large Brick Dwelling situate on Besserer and Chapel Streets, with Coach House, Stables, &c.

12 Cottages on Augusta street, producing a clear rental of $700 per annum.

ALSO,

100 Acres of Land at L'Orignal, being south half of Lot No. 15, fourth Concession of Caledonia.

Terms to suit the purchaser.

1810d JAS G ROBINSON.

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gassfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to

MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.
Ottawa, May 18. 1871 1669tf

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.,
Omaha, Neb.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
......	11.45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	......	4.20
......	11 45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B.	8.00	......	4.20
......	......	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U. S.	8.00	......	7.30
......	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	......	7.30
10 15	11.45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	11.45	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	......	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c.	......	......	4.20
9 20	......	4.30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	1.30
9 20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	......	......	1 30
10:30 5:30	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	8.00	11.00	7.00
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c.	......	......	7.00
7.30	......	......	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	......	......
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	......	......	6.00
11.50	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	......	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.

A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.00 noon, in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

Post Office,
Ottawa, Sept. 14 1871.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S
NEWLY-DISCOVERED
VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Furs, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866, besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until Noon of WEDNESDAY, the Sixth day of September next, for the widening of Sappers' Bridge and the construction of a new Bridge over the Rideau Canal to connect Wellington and Rideau Streets, according to the Engineer's plans and specifications, which may be seen at this office after the twentieth instant.

The bridges are to be constructed of iron and stone in a permanent manner, and may be let in one or more contracts as the City Council may decide after receiving the Tenders. The work is to be proceeded with at once, and good security will be required for the due performance of the contracts.

No tenders will be entertained unless made in the prescribed form. They are to be addressed to the undersigned, endorsed, "Tender for Bridges," and contain the names and addresses of two persons who are willing to become security for the contractor.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa 19th July, 1871.
1721td

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET.

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

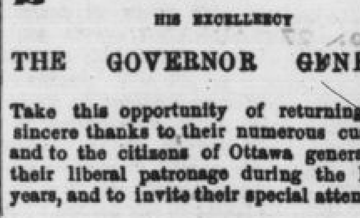
and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the ST. JAMES HOTEL.

Strict attention to business.

Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

MESSRS.



BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

SEEDS! SEEDS

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND

☞ FLOWER SEEDS.

A. CHRISTIE & CO.

(Late Alex. Christie.)

Druggists,

40, Sparks-st

Ottawa April 28, 1871

FOR SALE:

BRAE SIDE STEAM SAW MILL,

Situated near Arnprior, Province of Ontario, and extensive Timber Limits on the River Coulonge, Province of Quebec.

The Mill has just been completed, and is most substantially built and fitted with the most improved Machinery, and can manufacture 140,000 feet of lumber per day. It has an extensive piling ground attached to it. Being placed where the Brockville Railway runs beside the Ottawa River, the lumber manufactured by it may be sent direct to the United States market. The limits comprise about 280 square miles of valuable Pine Timber country, with two extensive and productive Farms, and having commodious Dwelling Houses, Storehouses and Stables erected on them. They are also supplied with a large stock of provisions, horse feed and shanty plant for next season's operations

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be had by applying to J. B. Lewis, Esq., Barrister, Ottawa, or from Mr. George Purvis, at the offices of the Mill.

Ottawa, July 28, 1871. 1729 d&w4 1awk

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain.

Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Medical.

MESSRS GABRIELS'
CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE
TEETH & GUMS
AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE
ARE SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL
PARTS OF THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY
MESSRS GABRIEL.
DENTISTS
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S — ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweatens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 1 1871

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Pistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Wit-lows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of disatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it. Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET,

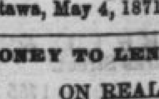
That COTTAGE, the property of N. Tetrau, Esq., Notary, in the Lower Village of Hull, with a handsome flower garden, stable, wood shed, ice house, &c., with or without the necessary firewood for next winter on the place. Mr. Tetrau having arranged for his residence in the dwelling adjoining his office, consented to the leasing of the property. For further information apply to N. TETREAU, N. P., Hull. P. Q. 1746 8

NOTICE.

TO LET, a Large OFFICE and THREE BEDROOMS well situated in the Aumond Block, west, end Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, July 11th, 1871. 1813 tf



HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,
Agent,

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 45utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 4butf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.

W McKAY WRIGHT. 1a F C CLEMOW

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House. Ottawa.

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT,
NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MARCIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetrau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.

Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS OF TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or Laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if it were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort:

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

G. C. RAINBOTH,

Provincial Land Surveyor and Draughtsman, commissioned for the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.

Office. Aylmer, P. Q. 1712 tf

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 7485

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1866.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

T G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

1871. ICE! 1871.

ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street,

Ottawa, May 1649d

F. WILLIAMS,

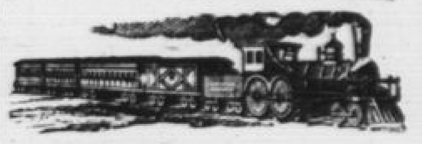
PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed.

Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

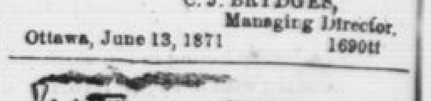
On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at .... 6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at .... 9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at ..... 9.00 p.m
Mixed Train for Brockville, at .....11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at .... 5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at 7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at .... 8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at .... 2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston ....10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz.:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1689 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

DOMINION HOUSE

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley.

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel

Ottawa, May 18, 1871. 1665 6m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.

Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Drawings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

MORRISON'S

STEAM BISCUIT BAKERY

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your Orders are solicited, and will be PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO by

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,
Nos. 36 and 38 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

TANNERY,

PARK STREET, OTTAWA.

EDMOND GERMAIN, Proprietor.

All kinds of LEATHER for Sale, Wholesale, at reasonable prices.

ALSO,

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE,

Of his own manufacture, at REDUCED PRICES.

19th August, 1871. 1746tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre), Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO 1776. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof whi h will be guarenteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Destillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constontly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 3m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily)
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills.

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

☞ The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED ☜

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

HATS HATS! HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

☞ Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

☞ OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND ☜

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
Post Office Block.

1746b

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

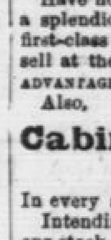
Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.



100 CASES

HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT

"THE RED BOOT,"

OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overs,

MOCCASINS,

Laces & Boot Dressing

Which will be sold at the very lowest price possible,

Wholesale and Retail.

City and country dealers will find (on giving us a call) that they can be supplied at

Montreal Prices—Freight Added.

Having received a good part of our

Fall and Winter Goods

We are prepared to EXECUTE PROMPTLY all orders.

All summer goods selling at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Orders for Hand Made Custom Work attended to promptly.

A full sett of

Messrs. Ames, Millard & Co's Samples

of BOOTS and SHOES, always on view, and orders taken at lowest prices. One of our firm will wait on the merchants of Ottawa City and District soliciting orders.

Agents for wholesaling of Wm. Clendinneng's manufacture of *Stoves, Iron-furniture, Railings, Builders* and all kinds of *Plain and Fancy Castings.*

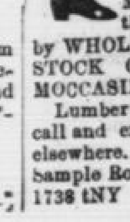
Agents for the celebrated

☞ *Plantagenet Mineral Water.* ☜

Orders promptly attended to.

LAMB & RODDEN,
No. 28, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, July 20, 1871.

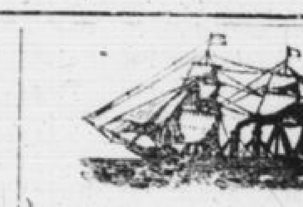


BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE, at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 88 Sussex Street, Ottawa.
1738 tNY SIMEON LEBEAU, Agent.



LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871. 1871.

The following first-class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES....J. James "
NIGER......W. Nisbett "
SEVERN.....G. Butchart "

Are intended to Sail, as under, during the Season of 1871, between

LONDON, QUEBEC and MONTREAL.

FROM LONDON.

MEDWAY ...Thursday, 10th August.
THAMES...... " 24th "
NIGER........ " 7th Sept.
SEVERN...... " 21st "
MEDWAY.... " 5th Oct.
THAMES..... " 19th "

AND FROM QUEBEC.

NIGER .....Thursday, 10th August.
SEVERN.... " 24th "
MEDWAY.... " 7th Sept.
THAMES.... " 21st "
NIGER...... " 5th Oct.
SEVERN.... " 19th "
MEDWAY... " 2nd Nov.
THAMES.... " 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $5 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.

or

T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co.'s Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, June 13th. 1760y

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

All descriptions of property insured at moderate rates.

Tables of rates for Life Assurance and all information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

T. M. CLARKE, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

NESTORIAN ....26th August.
SCANDINAVIAN ......2nd September
HIBERNIAN............9th "
MORAVIAN............15th "
SARMATIAN ....23rd "
PRUSSIAN...............30th "

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin ....$70 to $80
Steerage..............................$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN, on or about...31st Aug.
OTTAWA " ....7th Sept.
ST. DAVID " ....14th "
ST. ANDREW " ....21st "
ST. PATRICK " ....28th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin..................$67 25
Intermediate..........................$47 or 44 00
Steerage.......................................28 00

☞ An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-.

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and
Canadian Tweeds
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under irts
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞ Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Third Annual Exhibition under the auspices of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society will take place on

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.

SEPTEMBER 20TH, 21ST AND 22ND, 1871.

On the Society's Grounds adjoining the city limits

COMPETITION OPEN TO THE WORLD!

Nearly $3,000 is offered in Premiums

For Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, Agricultural and Horticultural Productions, Manufactures, Domestic Products, &c.

All parties may compete for prizes on payment of Two Dollars; Ladies on payment of One Dollar.

ENTRIES.

All entries must be made on printed forms, which may be had from the Secretary. These forms are to be filled up and signed by the Exhibitor, enclosing Two Dollars, which amount will entitle the Exhibitor to compete in all the departments.

The entries in each department must be made as follows:—

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before the 10th of SEPTEMBER.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery, and Manufactures generally SEPTEMBER 15th.

Horticultural Products, Flowers, Ladies' Work, &c., SEPTEMBER 18th.

The Society will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railroad Proprietors for carrying articles and passengers at reduced rates.

Arrangements will be made with the Customs Department for the free entry of articles for competition.

J B LEWIS,
President.
A S WOODBURN,
Sec. Treas.

Ottawa August 22. 1749t

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

OF THE

AGRICULTURAL & ARTS ASSOCIATION OF ONTARIO,

To be held at Kingston,

On the 25th to 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Persons intending to exhibit will please take notice that the Entries of articles in the respective classes must be made with the Secretary, at Toronto, on or before the undermentioned dates, viz:

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before Saturday, August 26th.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery and Manufactures generally, on or before Saturday, September 2nd.

Horticultural Products, Ladies' Work, the Fine Arts, &c., on or before Saturday, September 16th.

Prize Lists and Blank Forms for making the entries upon, can be obtained of the Secretaries of all Agricultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes throughout the Province.

HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec'y Agricultural and Arts Association
Toronto, August 15, 1871. 1745-dn&w

THE Under-signed invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No. 120, Sussex Street, and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,
1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

RARE CHANCE.

The advertiser has received instructions to offer for SALE, by TENDER, at so much in the Dollar, as per Inventory Valuation,

A WELL ASSORTED TAILOR'S STOCK,

Consisting of English Cloths, Canada Tweeds, Trimmings, &c., &c., amounting to over $4,000.

The Goods are all in first-class order, and have been well selected.

The above offers an excellent opportunity to any one about to commence business, as the goodwill can be secured.

Every information may be had by addressing Box 468, Montreal, and Stock Sheets can be seen on application to the undersigned.

Tenders will be received until the 26th instant. Parties making other than a CASH offer, will please name security.

C. BAILLIE,
181 St. James' Street.

Montreal, August 5th, 1871. 1731 A

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

WANTED,

A good Carriage and Sleigh Maker, and Blacksmith, at Kinburn, Township of Fitzroy. A good business chance for both, with shop accommodations. Steady and good workmen only need apply.

ALLAN FRASER.

Kinburn, 2nd August 1871. 1733tf

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

☞ Terms, 40cts. per month.

Books bought, sold and exchanged:

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:30 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.

Mail Train at 3:30 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 4:10 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 8:10 p.m., and at Sand Point at 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 5:20 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m. 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE SAND POINT—9:10 a.m.; 4:30 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O Railway.

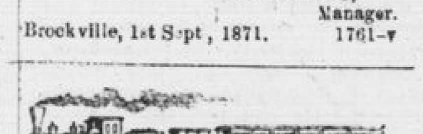
Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, 1st Sept, 1871. 1761-v



The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL.

On and from WEDNESDAY, 15th SEPT. Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 12:30 P.M
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains of the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East,

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 4:00 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction 4.15 A.M. with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6 45 A.M, every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4.40 P.M, arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 P.M

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 6:30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.25 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa Sept 9th, 1871

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the BROCKVILLE and OTTAWA RAILWAY will be held at BROCKVILLE on the 10th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon a lease of the section of the said Railway lying between CARLETON PLACE and SAND POINT to the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY will be held at OTTAWA on the 11th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon the accepting of a lease from the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company of that section of their Railway lying between Carleton Place and Sand Point, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758

COUNTY OF CARLETON

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Annual Exhibition will take place on

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,

5th and 6th October,

at Bell's Corners, Nepean.

All SUBSCRIPTIONS should be paid before 1st September.

ENTRIES to be made before 3rd October.

PRIZE LISTS now ready and may be had from the Secretary at Ottawa, or at the different hotels, Bell's Corners.

A S WOODBURN,
35 3 Secy.-Treas.

SALE OF PROPERTY.

In virtue of the Power of a Bond or Deed, DUNCAN McGREGOR, the older, held from DUNCAN McGREGOR, the younger, both inhabitants of Huntley, do hereby offer for sale, by Public Auction, on the ground, the East Half of the West part of Lot No. 1, in the Twelfth Concession of Huntley, containing 50 acres, more or less. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, on MONDAY, 16th OCTOBER 1871.

D McGREGOR.

Sept 14, 1871.

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XLI.

IDENTIFIED.

(CONTINUED)

"Let us go this way," McPhail suggested; and the pair turned along a path leading towards a stile, which afforded egress to Mr. Alton's grounds.

The men did not know this, and the suggestion was purely accidental; but Mrs. Pryce's eyes followed them, filled with an expression of hungry curiosity.

"Who can 'our man' be?" she thought; and she waited about among the tombstones watching the strangers, until Mr. Alton and Mr. Hardell and his wife came out of the church and took the path leading to the stile likewise.

"Good-morning, Mrs. Pryce," said Andrew, as he passed her, raising his hat. He was white as a ghost, she perceived, and shivering also. In the field beyond he saw the two men, and Mrs. Pryce saw them also.

"Good-morning, sir — good-morning, ma'am," answered the widow, with a profound courtesy; "your good gentleman, ma'am, is not looking so well as we should like to see him."

Suddenly Joy looked at her husband, and as suddenly he faced round upon Mrs. Pryce.

"I am quite well, thank you," he said coldly, the blood rushing from his heart to his head as he spoke; "only I am a little tired. I have been too much from home lately, I think."

And then he laughed and pressed Joy's hand, which was clasped round his arm, against his heart; while Mr. Alton walked on in silence, leaving his son-in-law and daughter to the charms of Mrs. Pryce's society.

"You should take of yourself, sir," remarked Mrs. Pryce.

"Thank you very much for the caution, but I am taken care of too well already;" and once again raising his hat—for he was punctilious about such matters towards those not quite so well off in worldly affairs as himself—he bade Mrs. Pryce "Good-day," and walked forward to overtake Mr. Alton—and Mr. McPhail.

"I wonder who those people are before us?" said Mr. Alton, when he caught sight of the pair lounging leisurely along.

"They were in church," his son-in-law answered. "They sat quite at the back—under the organ loft. Probably strangers from St. Mark's.

"What is the matter?" Joy asked at this juncture, feeling the shudder which he was unable always to control. "Really, Anthony, Mrs. Pryce was right, you must be ill."

"No," he persisted, "I am not ill—only a little tired. Besides, this is not the sort of day I like."

"What sort of a day do you like?" asked Mr. Alton.

"Oh! either hot or cold, summer or winter—something decided."

"Something you know how to deal with, in fact," summed up the other. "So do I."

Which remark silenced Mr. Hardell, for he knew his father-in-law had intended this last shot for him.

They walked on quietly for a little while, and then they met Mr. McPhail and his friend returning.

Both men touched their hats to Mr. Alton, but neither took the smallest notice of Mr. Hardell, which Andrew considered ominous.

After a few minutes, Mr. McPhail's acquaintance came running after them.

"If you please, sir," he said, addressing the clergyman, "could you spare me a minute?"

Of course Andrew said he could; and the pair, having walked a dozen yards back towards Eclin, stood still, while Joy and her father pursued their way homeward.

"Now," began Mr. Hardell, "what is it?"

"This, sir. I know who you are, and I can swear to you, but McPhail there thinks I am doubtful; and I will be doubtful, if you make it worth my while."

"What do you mean?" Mr. Hardell demanded.

"I mean this, sir," answered the other; "that one fine morning after a night's heavy rain—very early—I was walking the road from New Abbey to Maxwel-town, when just at the place where the trees arch over the roadway I saw a man lying by the roadside. He was quite dead—stiff and stark. He had a gold chain and gold watch—he had studs in his shirt—he had a gold pencil in his waistcoat pocket—aye, and plenty of money too—and there it all lay, money and watch and man, in the early morning light. I saw I could not do any thing for him, so thinking I might just as well have the things as another, I took all he had on him and left him, but by the time I got half-way to Maybe, I took fright. If the things were found on me, I might be thought his murderer."

"Yes," Mr. Hardell murmured, as the other paused.

"So I pitched the things into a dike, all except the money, and left the main road and kept to the fields till I got to Maxwell-town, and said nothing to nobody; but when your trial came on, I thought I must hear it and see you, and so I went up into the gallery, and I watched you all the day long, and him too—your friend; and that sight makes me now able to say for a surety you are the man who stood his trial at Dumfries, and escaped hanging just by a miracle."

There was nothing in all this intended to be offensive, it was a mere *resume* of facts, and yet it affected Andrew Hardell more keenly than McPhail's taunts—than McPhail's threats.

Twice he opened his mouth to speak, and twice his tongue, dry and parched, refused its office.

"Sir," said the man, noticing this, "only make it worth my while, and McPhail shall never be a bit the wiser."

"See me in London," Andrew answered; "be in St. Paul at one o'clock on Tuesday, and we may come to terms;" already in imagination he saw his hoard, saved so carefully—hidden so sedulously—dwindling away.

"Ye won't fail me?" said the fellow.

"On my honor, no;" but still the other lingered.

"What is it?" Andrew inquired.

"Sir, you have just a wonderful gift of preachin'. I never heard any body like your before."

"It has been my curse," answered Mr. Hardell, fiercely, and who may say but that, so far as this world went, he was right?

Then the other, marvelling at that bitter exclamation, went his way, while Andrew walked slowly home through woods carpeted by primroses, where the early wild hyacinths bloomed as well.

"Who was that man, dear?" Joy asked at luncheon.

"A stranger to me," her husband answered.

"What did he want?" she persisted; and Andrew Hardell replied, "Money," in a tone which made Mr. Alton look at him.

"Do you mean to say that man was a beggar?" he inquired.

"I do not know exactly what you might call a beggar," Andrew answered; "but during the few minutes we stood there, he confessed to a robbery, and asked me for money."

"And did you give him any?"

"Not a sixpence," the other answered; and Mr. Alton remained satisfied perforce.

GENTLEMEN.—Have your Shirts made to fit and as you want them at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans.

MONEY TO LEND.—Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks & Elgin streets, Ottawa.

GROUSE SHOOTING IN THE HIGHLANDS.

Luckily you are gifted with a soul for scenery, and, with all your impatience, fill pleasantly enough the pauses that the labouring ascent makes matter of simple necessity. Although you have to climb even higher yet, what a wealth of broken landscape lies beneath the airy Pisgah you have reached already! The shooting lodge diminished to the size of one of the boxes you left by the kennel doors to pack those spoils of the day you mean to barter for dinner in future seasons; the rippling lake, toned by the distance into a glassy mirror; the silver stream meandering through the purple heather; the fleecy patches where the sheep fleck the valley and dot the hill-sides; the sunlight falling full on the wrinkled chest of the opposite mountain, with the morning clouds fluttering in tatters from its crest and flanks. Higher still, and you look over intervening ridges into distant glens; follow giant vistas into a remote jumble of the forest, flood, and fell. You are high enough, in all conscience, now; up in the zone of greystone and barren turf, and, indeed, you have to dip sharp again down the other water-shed before you draw a long sigh of gratitude and anticipation by your starting point. *Finis coronat opus.* At last, the end, or rather the beginning of the end, crowns the work. The dogs know it well, old Don and Carlo, at least, who are led forward to the front. As for the young ones, they must yelp down their disappointment as they may, confine themselves to the simple *role* of spectators, and make the most, for the present, of the tantalising pleasures of hope. The couples are slipped by the side of a mountain brook, where the brown water breaks round the mighty bolders that have tumbled into it; where the rush of the floods has mined the banks at each rapid turn that follows the sharp bend of the mountains, and where the rank heather droops in purple fringes over a succession of gravel floored caverns. A rush, a scramble, a shower of spray and pebbles, and from one of these emerges a mighty ram in mortal panic, scaring, as he tops the bank, a half dozen of the ladies of his family, who have been leisurly picking their morning meal, buried in a bracken bed over the curling horns. Whir-r-r-r! Up rises a covey among the bounding feet of the fugitives, the old birds having the advantage of their offspring by a full dozen of seconds. For yourself, you had been bending over the peat-stained stream, filling your leather drinking cup. You have just time to toss it aside as you snatch at your gun. Fortunately the keeper had been slipping in the cartridges. All the same, in the surprise and agitation, you make a clean miss of the single bird that sweeps round your shoulder from the left miss him with the first barrel at least, for the messengers from your second do overtake him just in time. Rather a questionable beginning, but, after all, it was only a bit of bad luck, and the covey was strong on the wing and wonderfully well grown; hard to tell the young birds from the old ones. And while you are yet speaking, there you are again; at this time, with every prospect of a shot in orthodox first day of the season fashion. Carlo, dropping on that knoll, as if he he had been shot, only there is abundance of life in his eye, as he gently turns his head among the heather sprays, to make sure you are awake, and mean action. Don's stern feathering in a quiver of nervous excitement, as he backs upon the very spot where the vision of Carlo had struck him motionless, precisely as he was scrambling over that moss-grown stone in an attitude that nothing but his native grace can redeem from awkwardness. You pick your way towards Carlo, rising the knoll cautionsly, your gun pitched well forward. But there is no special need for over-care; the sheep flushed the last lot, it is true, but this balmy morning the birds will rise like brooding hens. At last the tenseness of the situation becomes too much for the nerves of the old cock, who knows something of dogs and breech-loaders from vivid recollections of luckier seasons. Till now his eye has been half-fascinated by Carlo's, but at last the spell is broken, and he is up and away, leaving his wife to look after the chickens, with the confirmed selfishness of a family man demoralized by bachelor habits. His cheery crow of triumph is premature. You give him law enough, and then drop him with a heavy thud on the heather, in all the delicate consideration for his plumage that the circumstances admit of. Nor does his widow survive a score of seconds to lament her lord, and before the last pair of interesting orphans have collected their faculties sufficiently to leave the scene of the bloody drama, you have charged with a fresh pair of cartridges and taken a couple of pot-shots.

THE LATE DUCHESS OF ST. ALBANS.

The Duchess of St. Albans, whose death was announced by cable a few days ago, was the youngest and most charming lady of her rank in England. She died in her second confinement, the first having been attended by peculiarly melancholly circumstances, inasmuch as her father, General the Hon. Charles Grey, lay dying in an adjoining apartment. General Gray was the son of the celebrated reformer Earl Grey, and had for many years been attached in the most confidential relations to the Queen as her private secretary and dispenser of her privy purse. His loss was deplored by his Sovereign. The Duke of St. Albans is quite a young man. Descended from the son of Charles II. by the famous Nell Gwynn, he retains the empty office of "Hereditary Grand Falconer," granted to his ancestors. Charles II. married his son (the duke's ancestor) to the heiress of the celebrated De Vere (Earls of Oxford) family—that which those familiar with Macaulay will remember the historian always quotes when he wishes to intend a representative of feudal splendor. The duke has no brother and only one unmarried sister, Lady Diana Beauclerk, a young lady of much ability, who some time since produced a really agreeable brief sketch of Scandinavian travel. When the Prince of Orange, eldest son of the King of Holland, visited England a few years ago he paid so marked attentions to Lady Diana that it was a common question in London whether she was to be future Queen of Holland. A former Duke of St. Albans married Mrs. Coutts—originally Miss Mellon, the actress—to whom her first husband, Mr. Coutts, the banker, bequeathed the whole of his enormous fortune. It was she and not her husband, Mr. Coutts, who in turn re-bequeathed it to Mr. Coutt's granddaughter, the present Baroness Burdett-Coutts, in accordance, it is believed, with the verbally expressed wishes of Mr. Coutts. The Duchess considered that the St. Albans family had not treated her well, and a special clause in her will prohibited the Duke, her surviving husband, from permitting his brother to reside in the House in town which his wife bequeathed to him. The present Duke was the contemporary and intimate of the Prince of Wales at Cambridge. Since his marriage he promised to become a valuable member of his order.

THE AUTHOR OF "GINX'S BABY."

"The author of "Ginx's Baby," Mr. Edward Jenkins, addressed a public meeting lately at Truro. He declared himself a Liberal in the true sense of the word, but would not give a servile following to any party. The ballot, he considered, was a necessity, and he thought that election expences should be paid either from the Consolidated Fund or the rates. The waste land of the country ought not longer to remian uncultivated. Government, he contended, ought to send the surplus population of the country to our own colonies, using due economy in so doing. There were social questions of equal importance with the political ones which engaged attention, especially sanitary reform and co-operation. The expenditure on the army and navy he thought extravagant. An efficient defence could be maintained at two-thirds the present cost of the naval and military services. He did not approve of Mr. Bruce's Licensing Bill. It gave too much power to the brewers, and rather than see this he would throw the whole trade open. He would not vote against the present game laws, but he thought a compromise might be effected. He was opposed to the Contagious Diseases Act. In conclusion, he said that if requested by any considerable number of electors, he would canvass the borough and go to the poll at his own expense. At the close of the meeting, Mr. Jenkins was unanimously invited to become a candidate."

A PLEASANT NEIGHBOUR.

A correspondent tells an amusing story to the Cheltenham *Examiner* in the following manner: "For some time past one of the members of our family has been an invalid, and lately confined to the house. This evening a sleek-looking stranger called, and after expressing the utmost concern at hearing our patient had been so poorly, intimated that he was a near neighbour, only living a few doors from us, and that he would be delighted, should we need the services of any one during the night, to give any assistance in his power. The gentleman being a perfect stranger we felt rather at a loss to account for the warmth of his interest in us. We began to entertain the most exalted ideas of his philanthropy, when he caused our feelings to undergo a considerable change by gently insinuating that he was the managing man of the undertaking department of a business situated within a dozen miles of our door. Should anything happen to render their services necessary, he would be most happy—everything in first style—economy of charges, &c. As I could hold forth no hope of poor friend just at present making himself eligible for introduction to this philanthropic tout, I had the pleasure of seeing him depart, looking somewhat unhappy. If this sort of thing is carried out to its logical conclusion, it will soon be impossible to walk the street if one looks a little poorly without having some undertaker's card pushed into one's hand with a polite request to give their establishment a trial, when we start on that journey which our looks seem to intimate we are contemplating."

To the Editor of the TIMES.

CARLETON, Sept. 18, 1871.

SIR,—In the Fitzroy *Herald* of the 14th there appears a silly article, under the title of "An Onlooker in the Ottawa *Times,*" which, with its "bottle, cork and spirit," is so totally unconnected with the subject of my last letter, and is a matter in which I feel so very little interest that, I leave the discussion in the hands of the irreverend writer of the *Herald's* article.

In my last letter I used the phrase "Presbyterian Hive" and also called "these Presbyterians" a "strange people." To the many excellent people connected with the *Hive* I owe, not an apology, but an explanation, which, perhaps, would never have been given, but that the *Herald's* absurdity has caused me to resume the pen.

A congregation presupposes both an ecclesiastical and a secular organization. At the last meeting of Presbytery it was shewn that, after nearly five years incumbency, the Minister could not tell of whom his session was composed! that he had no Bible class!! and had never examined or even visited a Sabbath School!!! of the two men, who were appointed to represent the temporal committee, one did not appear, and the answers of the other clearly shewed that there was no proper temporal management. There being no *known* ecclesiastical ruling body, and the temporalities being in the hands of those *who had no right to dispose of them,* what name could be more appropriate than a "Hive." Only suppose trouble to be in the hive; suppose it to be Queenless, and infested with robbers, is not the analogy complete?

I called them a "strange people," strange for Presbyterians to be represented before the Presbytery by men whom, it appeared, they had not elected; strange that a party which, when work was to be done, was always dropping out of sight, but when mischief was afoot, invariably came to the surface; strange that a party which was always quarreling among themselves, unless evil was in the ascendant, or a lie to be worked out, should succeed a second time, in hoodwinking priest and people, and may even succeed a second time in scattering what was, and what may with common prudence, yet be, a good congregation.

It certainly does seem strange to

A LOOKER ON.

BOARD OF R. C. SEPARATE SCHOOLS.

Ottawa, Sept. 19, 1871.

Present: Wm. Finley, Esq., Chairman; Messrs. R. A. Sims, J. Quain, Wm. Kehoe, J. Larose, E. A. Lapierre, and J. W. Peachy.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted.

Moved by J. Larose, seconded by J. Quain, and resolved, that the Chairman, be and is hereby authorized, to sign cheques in favor of the Secretary-Treasurer, the one for twenty-five dollars, being for one quarter's allowance, ending the 30th instant, and the other for two hundred and nine dollars and seventy-four cents, being disbursements made on behalf of the Board as per account and vouchers produced.

Read a By-law in relation to imposing the rate of taxes for current year.

On motion of Messrs. J. Larose and R. A. Sims, it was resolved, that the blank in the By-law, just read, be filled with the words "one third of cent," and that the By-law be now read a second and third time and passed.

The By-law was therefore read a second and third time and passed accordingly.

Moved by J. Larose, seconded by R. A. Sims, and resolved, that John O'Rielly be, and he is, hereby appointed Collector of Separate School taxes for the year 1871, on the same terms as heretofore, viz.: seven and one half per cent on the amount collected, and that he be requested to furnish the necessary security.

Moved by J. Larose, seconded by Wm. Kehoe, and resolved, that the Collector be authorized to collect from the parents or guardians, being supporters of Separate Schools, of each child attending the Schools under the Board during the year 1871, for any period over six months the sum of one dollar for each child, and for any period not over six months fifty cents.

The Board then adjourned.

J. W. PEACHY,
Sec.-Treas.

☞ Coughs and colds, when left to themselves, frequently bring on pulmonary complaints, which lead to that distressing and fatal disease, consumption; but if attended to in time, "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers" are a certain remedy. They stop the irritating cough, and soothe and strengthen the bronchial tubes, allaying all irritations and inflammation. They are also particularly adapted for the use of singers and public speakers, fold by all druggists and country dealers. Price 25 cents per box.

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of his preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette,* remarks, —"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tinlined packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London d1509 1y

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Grand Show Day—Russell & Watson.
Tenders for Swing Bridges—F. Braun.
To Contractors—Bank of Montreal.
Lost or Stolen—E. Simon.
Water Works Estimate—Wm. P. Lett.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1871.

The Ottawa Times.

On our First Page will be found:
Life's Assize (continued).
Grouse Shooting in the Highlands.
The late Duchess of St. Albans.
The Author of "Ginx's Baby."
A Pleasant Neighbor.
A Letter from "a Looker on."
Board of R. C. Separate Schools.

Mr. Papineau is said to be dying.

Hon. Mr. Langevin left British Columbia for Ottawa yesterday.

Most of the Delegates to the Immigration Conference left last night.

England appears just now to be the country *par excellence* for sensational trials. The enquiry before the police magistrate into the facts connected with the attempted murder of Mrs. Carrington, the wife of a well-known English astronomer, revealed to the startled husband and the world at large, that the injured lady before her marriage had been the prisoner's mistress. Then there is the Brighton murder case still on the *tapis*, and soon the great legal *piece de resistance*, the Tichborne trial, will be resumed. Our fellow subjects at home are well off for sensations.

Probably our readers will recollect that a few days since there appeared in our cable telegram a sensational item, to the effect that the Hon. Mrs. Cowper, of London, had been arrested for swindling. Like a large portion of the English news sent to this continent by the American agent of the Associated Press, it appears that there was no truth in this story. It seems that a certain young woman of the *Becky Sharpe* order, gifted with a ready wit and a pretty face, had managed to obtain a small loan from a London tradesman by representing herself to be the Hon. Mrs. Cowper. We do not suppose that this matter will ever be corrected in the United States, and our American neighbors will continue to exult in the belief that a member of the "bloated" English aristocracy has been convicted of swindling.

THE IMMIGRATION CONFERENCE.

The Conference on Immigration has closed its labors. The meeting has, we learn, been a very successful one. The delegates from the governments of all the Provinces, having agreed with the representatives of the Dominion, on a common system for united action in promoting immigration to Canada. This agreement must, of course, be submitted to the several Governments, and be approved of by them before publicity can be given to the scheme.

GRAND REVIEW AT PRESCOTT.

We understand His Excellency the Governor General and Staff, accompanied by Sir George Cartier, Sir John A. Macdonald, and several other members of the Government, with a large party of ladies and gentlemen, will leave by special train at 9 a.m. on Tuesday next, to attend the Review at Prescott.

After the Review His Excellency and suite will proceed to Kingston to be present at the Provincial Exhibition. A deputation will receive him on arrival at the station in the evening.

THE PACIFIC RAILWAY AND THE GOVERNMENT.

In the *Globe* of Thursday last there appeared an article on "the Pacific Railway and British Columbia," evidently written with the twofold object of deceiving the people of British Columbia as to the position occupied by the Ontario Opposition, and also, by quoting garbled extracts from an article which recently appeared in the Victoria, (B. C.) *Standard*, of making the public here believe that the British Columbians "are beginning to awake to a consciousness of having been 'sold' by the Government." Before entering into a discussion of this question, we will give from the *Standard's* article one or two passages which were carefully excluded by the *Globe*. The *Standard* says the *Globe*:—

"Looks upon every act of the Ottawa Government with a jaundiced eye. Nothing good can by any possibility emanate from that source, and the consequence is that when it has good grounds for making an attack, it loses much of its force because of its well known habit of fault-finding, not so much that there is a reasonable ground for so doing, as that it may thereby serve its party by creating a prejudice in the public mind against the Government. Hence it would be very unwise for the readers of that journal, in this country particularly, to accept as reliable all that appears in its columns on the subject of the railway, or in fact, any other subject bearing upon the action of the Government.

Does this read very much as though the British Columbians were the simpletons that our Grit contemporary seems to imagine them to be? And further than this the *Standard* adds, while commenting upon the action of the Dominion Government in reference to the Pacific Railway:—

"The Dominion Government has so far manifested a commendable determination to complete its share of the contract with all possible dispatch, in sending out a large staff of engineers to make preliminary surveys with a view to fixing upon the most eligible route for the railway, and also in taking initiatory steps towards a thorough geological survey of the country."

The *Globe* tries to make the people of British Columbia believe that the Dominion Government entered into an engagement to complete the Pacific Railway in ten years with the full intention of breaking it. Now what was the real position? The condition of public feeling in British Columbia was pretty generally known here, and both the Government and the Opposition were perfectly well aware that there was grave danger attendant upon any delay in entering upon the work of incorporating that colony with the Dominion. Knowing that this was the case, Mr. Mackenzie introduced an amendment deferring the consideration of the terms of union for another twelve months. Now we do not say that Mr. Mackenzie is a "traitor" nor do we believe that he is. We do not wish to resort to the *Globe's* abusive style of language. But when it is remembered that scarcely any attempt was made by the Opposition to criticise the terms of union, that the only real objection which they raised was to Canada pledging itself to construct the line in ten years, we do say that when under such circumstances Mr. Mackenzie was willing to risk the whole future of Confederation for the sake of gaining a party triumph, he showed himself to be a mere partisan unworthy of public confidence. The Government entered upon the compact in good faith, with the full determination of constructing the Pacific Railway within ten years and in less time if possible. As the *Standard* says they have proved their sincerity by the despatch which they have used in commencing the preliminary surveys for the road. The *Globe* speaks of some "secret understanding" concerning which it in reality knows nothing, between the Government and their supporters to the effect that the line was not to be finished in ten years. But we have no hesitation in saying that the energy which the Government have already displayed, and which the *Standard* commends, will not be relaxed, and that every effort will be made to hasten the completion of a work which we all regard as the most important of our national undertakings. We do not believe that our Grit contemporary will succeed in hoodwinking the people of British Columbia. We are pleased to notice that the *Standard* reproduces an article from the TIMES, and are led to believe that it agrees with the following passage which occurs therein:—

"On the 1st of July, 1867, we all started upon an equal footing; the old questions the old divisions of party had no longer any significance; the only question to be determined was who were the true friends of Canada, possessed of faith in its future, and of an energetic purpose by every means in their power to make that future bright. True to these ideas, the Government have worked on resolutely and earnestly undeterred by the obstacles thrown in their way by men, who, claiming to be patriots, have proved to be mere partizans. The people of Canada have approved of the course adopted by them; they have refused to lend themselves to the selfish purposes of mere factionists, and the consequence is that the inhabitants of British Columbia, who, we may rely upon it, have watched the progress of affairs in this country during the past three years with the utmost vigilance, seeing that our government and a majority of our people have shown themselves equal to the increased responsibilities of our new condition, have no hesitation in joining their fortunes with ours. But if on the contrary, faction had triumphed, if without regard to living issues we had clung like idiots or fanatics to the party quarrels of the old *regime* not for many a day to come, and very possibly never, should we have had the satisfaction of congratulating our readers upon the gigantic stride in the westward "march of empire" which has just been made.

Believing this to be true, what concord or unity of purpose can there be, between the British Columbians and the Grit obstructionists of Ontario?

THE AUTUMN MANŒUVRES.

So soon after the great "battle of the giants" which has but lately concluded in Europe, and with the last echoes of that momentous conflict still ringing in our ears, it seems difficult to take any vast amount of interest in the series of mock manœuvres, by means of which Great Britain is at the present moment endeavoring to test the efficiency of her military system, and to ascertain whether the "Battle of Dorking" is a possible eventuality or not. A force slightly in excess of 40,000 men has been massed at Aldershot and in its neighbourhood, and is now engaged in executing a variety of movements upon the very ground where the legions of Rome once were marshalled, and not far from the spot where, in more recent times, the army of James the Second was encamped, previous to that monarch's flight and the triumphant advance of William the Third towards London. If some of the old oaks beneath the shade of which the English warriors smoke their pipes (when the day's mimic battle is ended and victors and vanquished are once more united in amicable relations) were endowed with the power of military criticism and the gift of speech, we might be able to obtain some valuable hints from them. None of them, antiquated as they are, are probably sufficiently venerable to recollect the Roman soldiery, or to form a judicious comparison between one of Severus's pretorians and the "Brittish Grenadier;" but as for many a long day Aldershot, Chobham, and the open plains of Surrey, have been the scene of military gatherings, we might be able to learn how the modern British warrior compares with his predecessors in the days "when George the Third was King," and those of a yet earlier period.

So far we know but little of how the Autumn manœuvres have progressed. We know that they commenced rather badly by the horses of the 1st Life Guards breaking loose and galloping wildly over the country, several of them being killed and many injured. This accident appears to have resulted in consequence of the War Department having insisted upon the adoption of a certain mode of picketting contrary to the remonstrances of all cavalry officers. It may have the effect of checking the presumption and cooling the ardent love for innovation which Mr. Cardwell has hitherto displayed. The English papers speak in terms of unqualified praise of the behavior and bearing of certain militia regiments, the marching of the 2nd Tower Hamlets for instance having drawn forth from experienced military observers belonging to the regular army "a kind of chagrined confession" that civic troops could make a decent display under no trivial test of physical condition, pluck, and persistence. If the results of this military gathering prove that the English militia is in all respects what it ought to be, the military condition of the Empire will be felt to be far more satisfactory than it has of late been supposed to be. Judging from the accounts contained in the London *Telegraph* and other journals, it seems that this is really likely to be the case. Only a few volunteers, some 3,000 or 4,000 have thus far taken part in the manœuvres. One thing seems to be acknowledged by everyone, even by foreign critics, viz.: that the British artillery is in all respects the finest in the world. The guns, the horses, and the men are all excellent in their way, nor was their like seen on either side during the late European war. The Germans may laugh at England only being able to mass about one-tenth of her entire military force at one spot, but it must be borne in mind that the power of England does not consist so much in the number of men which she can place in the field, as in her exhaustless resources and the glowing patriotism and stubborn courage of the people. Great Britain has greater resources to-day, both in money and in men, than she ever possessed before, and we may rely upon it that should the need occur, British lives and British money would be lavishly expended, 'ere shame should rest upon that flag which we all honour and revere.

A GRATEFUL IMMIGRANT.

The follow letter to the Reverend H. Cocks speaks for itself:—

REV. AND DEAR SIR,—I saw your name in the paper yesterday, and I could not refrain from sending you a line, knowing the interest you take in the welfare of immigrants.

You will remember my coming several times to your house in London. My name is Charles Davies. I am a stone mason, and used to work for Mr. Green in the Pembroke Gardens, and now, Sir, I will tell you how I am getting on. You know I sailed in the *Severn* on the 3rd of June last, and arrived at Hamilton on the 24th went to work on the 27th, where I have been up to this time. I have managed to send my family £6, and now this next Thursday I am sending £10 more towards bringing them out, and I hope my wife will be able to get up the rest of the passage money. I trust God will help her, and I shall see her and my dear children by the end of October. I should have been able to have sent them more only I have had to buy tools and clothing, which cost me about £4. So, sir, you see, I am doing well. I hear some complain and wish they had never came out, but I put them down as born grumblers who cant help it. There is nothing would induce me to go back; I only want my dear wife and seven children here, and then I should be happy. I drink no strong drink, and I trust in God, so I am sure to succeed, and what I can do any other man can do if he will only try. I shall induce many to come out here whom I know at home. I bless God I came. I should like to see your face again, and if you should visit Hamilton you will hear of me from Mr. James, the City Missionary, at the Young Men's Christian Institution, and now that God may bless you for all your goodness in helping many a poor but honest family to this beautiful land of plenty is the wish of

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES DAVIES.

Hamilton, Ont., Sept. 20, 1871.

INLAND AND COAST MAIL SERVICE.

From the Victoria Colonist.

The presence in this part of the Dominion of a distinguished member of the Canadian Government and also of an important representative the of Postal Department would appear to suggest the fitness of a few remarks pointing out the wants and reasonable expectations of the people of the Pacific Province in respect of the internal and coast mail service. Agreeably with the terms of union the Federal authorities have completed arrangements by which we are already enjoying the advantage of semi-monthly communication by means of steamers running direct to San Francisco, and semi-weekly communication by means of steamers plying between this Port and Puget Sound; and although the former partakes to some extent of a provisional arrangement and, consequently, does not possess all the elements of local advantage which may reasonably be hoped for under more permanent provisions, still we feel called upon to take the present opportunity of acknowledging the promptitude with which the Federal authorities have fulfilled their engagements with this Province in that respect; and we would, at the same time, mark our sense of obligation to the Canadian Government for the alacrity with which the advantages of the cheap postal rates have been extended to British Columbia, advantages which there is reason to believe might have been withheld from us for some months to come without the violation of any obligation on the part of the Federal Government. It is an agreeable duty to thus bear testimony to the faithfulness and promptitude with which the Dominion Government have, so far at least, enabled the Pacific Province to share in the substantial advantages of Union. Nor has this admirable spirit been confined to the particular class of duties more directly under consideration. Indeed it has been more conspicuously displayed in the Railway and Geological Surveys. We saw the representatives of the Federal Government waiting impatiently at the door, and even entering upon the gigantic work ere yet union had reached its full consummation; and we have since seen the several surveying parties organized and hurried off to their various points of destination in the interior with an earnestness and business-like despatch which has excited feelings of admiration and confidence in every class of the community and gained for the Canadian Government on this coast a most favorable prestige—enabled our people to contrast with no little pride the enterprise and energy of grasp of that Government with the proverbial go-a-head-activeness of a neighboring people. These circumstances have not only created a most favorable impression amongst our people, but they are accepted as an augury of good for the future.

DOMINION NOTES.

A horrible affair took place in a low house at Dunville on Tuesday last, which nearly resulted in the murder of two young men named James Shirton and Joseph Miller, by a ruffian named Moblo just from California. It appears that Moblo was within the house when the boys rapped at the door to gain admittance, and it was directly opened by Moblo, who came out and deliberately stabbed both of them with a large bowie knife which he carried. The knife took effect near the spine in both of them, and they are in a dangerous condition. They were at once conveyed to Dr. Fry's office, where their wounds were dressed. Great excitement prevails, as the boys are well known. Moblo has not been arrested yet.

The St. Catharines *Journal* says the bark Andrew Stephens, cut down by the Miama, off the Devil's Nose, Lake Ontario, Friday morning, it is to be feared, will prove a total loss, as assistance would reach her too late to be beneficial. One of the V. C. C.'s propellers reported yesterday morning passing her drifting toward shore and apparently going to pieces.

The season at Niagara is dull enough. The cold weather, constant showers and rain, have thrown a wet blanket over the fashionables, cutting the season so short that it is doubtful if any of the hotels will be able to pay expenses.

The "Abyssinian stretch" has superseded the Grecian bend among the fashionable belles of London the Less.

The fruit crop of Nova Scotia is abundant this season. Plums are now arriving in the schooners at the Slip. Apples are plenty.

On Tuesday evening last the fog on Lake Muskoka was so dense that Captain Scott, of the Nipissing, thought discretion to be the best part of valor, and anchored near Big Island until the next morning. Under the circumstances all that could be done was done to make those on board as comfortable as possible, and excepting the delay no serious inconvenience was felt. The ladies retired to Capt. Cockburn's room, while the gentlemen (including several ministers) occupied the cabin. Fortunately Mr. Davenport had a bountiful supply of provisions on board, and the quality of Muskoka beef, mutton and cheese, was much praised by the visitors present.—*Northern Advocate.*

IMMIGRATION AID SOCIETY.

At a meeting of the above excellent society held last evening Sir Francis Hinks occupied the Chair, beside whom we noticed on the platform the Hon. Mr. Dunkin, Hon. Attorney General Clarke, Dr. Grant, M.P., Rev. H. Cocks, Standish Haly, Esq., Mr. Connolly, Ald. Rowe, and others.

Sir Francis in opening the meeting referred to the Immigration Conference which had been called by the Minister of Agriculture. The subject of Immigration occupied the attention of the people of Canada at present more than any other. In every part of the Dominion emigrants were wanting, and where ever they settled within the limits of this country they invariably prospered if industrious. The people of Canada should co-operate more strenuously with the Emigration Societies of the Old Country. It was not to be supposed that those societies could support the movement without assistance or encouragement from Canada. The main cause of the insufficient immigration was the apathy of the people of this country. The people of England do all in their power to send out emigrants, and yet what do we do who benefit by them. The Immigration movement cannot be supported by one Society, but a series of Societies throughout the country must co-operate, and then the assistance of the Government would also be extended more liberally.

The Government cannot do all the work either, every person must put his sholder to the wheel.

The Rev. Mr. Cocks was then called upon who said he had great pleasure in addressing a meeting in Ottawa on the subject of Immigration:

The speaker then stated his impressions of Canada. He said he was astonished at the hundreds of miles of forest land, and of cleared land through which he had passed, and also the number of streams, rivers, and lakes in the Dominion. He saw every where villages and towns arising, indicating the growth of the population. The dwellings, roads and pathways were not so perfect as in the older land, but improvements on every hand were visible. The school system was admirable, but not perfect, as all the children were not as yet compelled to attend school for instruction. He was delighted with the loyalty of the people, the approachability and affability of the Ministers of State, the courtesy of all the officials, the absence of feeism and flunkeyism, the energy of the wokers, the enterprise of the traders and merchants, the high rate of wages and other indications of a progressive and prosperous community. He had not seen much of the towns, but he saw that Ottawa had a great future before her, in proportion as the railway and canal systems were extended, and the vast forest lands around and beyond were subdued, cultivated and peopled, and the mineral products utilized. Every Province in the Dominion within the next ten years would shew to the world a progress in numerous public works, in population, cultivated land, wealth, culture, literature, and in the manufacture of useful and fancy articles which would astonish the world. The Parliament Buildings he regarded as massive structures, and when completed and walled in, and the grounds laid out, would more than repay inspection. England was deeply interested in the development and consolidation of the Dominion and the objects of the National and Colonial Emigration League, which he represented was to bind together the Colonies to the Mother Country—to collect, tabulate and publish accurate information on all Colonial questions; to organize emigration clubs and to assist steady working industrious families to find a home in the Colonial possessions of the Empire. He hoped nothing would occur to sever for a moment the bond which united the Dominion to the old Father or Motherland and he maintained that a well directed emigration was one of the best means to secure this desirable result. He had sent out 1,500 good men and true, this year to the Dominion alone. The speaker then described the classes wishing to emigrate and entered into details as to the course which he thought the Dominion and the Provinces should adopt to assist at this juncture, to a great extent, a self sustain emigration. He had much more to see and much more to say, but he would not enter upon it. The speaker then said that he should return in a few weeks to England and would do his utmost in private circles, by lectures, on the platform and through the press to describe to the people of England the greatness and the vastness of the New Dominion.

Mr. Haly was than called upon. The Society he represented was instrumental in sending a great many immigrants to Canada. They had raised about £30,000 and had sent out over 15,000 immigrants. They had sent about 5,000 last year, all of whom promised to repay their expenses. A little assistance from the people of Canada would afford great encouragement to the Societies in the old country.

Sir Francis in calling upon Mr. Connolly thought there was not a man in Canada better qualified to address a meeting on Immigration than he (Mr. C.) was.

Mr. Connolly in coming forward said that the result of his experience in Canada was that the person who could not live in this country could live nowhere. He heard that people used to work hard in Canada but he never saw a man yet who was obliged to labor very hard for a living. He thought men were better paid in Canada than in the United States. He was told by Immigrants in Canada that they could save more money in this country than they could make in the Old Country.

Immigrants are all kindly and cordially received. It was necessary they should all put their shoulder to the wheel to get over the millions required to people the vast territory of the Dominion.

The Hon. Attorney-Gen. Clarke and Dr. Grant, M. P., then delivered very eloquent and instructive speeches, after whom Hon. Mr. Duncan afforded the meeting the benefit of a very substantial address. A vote of thanks was then tendered to the gentlemen from England, likewise a vote of thanks to Sir Francis Hincks for his kindness in presiding, after which the meeting broke up.

SERIOUS STABBING AFFRAY.

A serious case of stabbing occurred in Patrick street, yesterday. It appears that a man named St. Louis on Thursday night, broke into the house of an old man named Barbeau, and after maltreating him and his wife, turned them out of doors remaining in the house with the daughter of the aged couple, a Mrs. Pombert, who it appears is a notorious dissolute character. Yesterday morning St. Louis was brought before the Police Magistrate and fined $20, the woman appearing to give evidence in his favour. As may naturally be expected this led to a serious family quarrel, and Barbeau and his wife soundly berrated their daughter for her unnatural conduct. From words they proceeded to blows and finally Barbeau assaulted her with a razor, while his wife proceeded to chastise her with a knife and fork. Between them, some dangerous wounds were inflicted, and Mrs. Pombert now lies in a somewhat precarious condition. Barbeau and his wife have been arrested.

Great Bargains in Lace Shawls. Price reduced one-third, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks street.

A large lot of New Carpets just received at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20 Sparks street.

THE RACES.

SECOND DAY.

The morning broke fine and sunny yesterday and sportingmen rejoiced at the prospects of fine weather for the 2nd day of the meeting of the Ottawa Turf Club. The programme for the day's races was much better than the previous day and consequently there was great interest manifested in them, and excitement in the betting line ran high. Not contented with buying pools considerable betting was made between parties rather flush with money.

The races were announced to commence at 2 p. m., but for an hour previous to that time people were wending their way to the course in carriage and on foot. Every one anticipated a good day's sport, and every person who could afford to spend the afternoon in witnessing the races went to the course. At 2 p. m. the hurdle race was to commence, but for fully an hour previously there was a large crowd assembled on the course. Pools commenced to sell about one o'clock and sold rapidly though no very extensive investments in that line were made. At 2 p.m. there were, we presume, about 4,000 people on the grounds. The stands were better patronised than on the first day, and the field inside the course was dotted here and there with splendid carriages, such as only Ottawa can boast of, while the fences around were lined with privileged spectators whom daubs of tar and occasional placards could not deter from seeing the fun gratis. So shabby a fence around a race course is simply ridiculous. Yankee sharpers who had plied their profession very successfully on the Exhibition grounds on Thursday, considering that there would be a more gullable crowd on the Course, yesterday changed their base of action thither, and, the race of fools being immortal, disposed of innumerable brass chains and empty envelopes at $2 each, the green ones thus miserably sold going off with their lips hanging down the pictures of swindled wretchedness.

The weather in the afternoon was really beautiful and every person seemed comfortable, jolly, and disposed to enjoy the proceedings. The ladies stand was filled with charming members of the fair sex who manifested enthusiastic interest in the races. Compared with the first day, the races of yesterday were exceedingly the more interesting. Nothing about the course that came under our view bore an uncheerful appearance if we except the 25 cent stand, which, being uncontaminated by a ¾ inch coat of whitewash, presented a rather solemn front. Its architectural excellence, however, showed to advantage and its pillars of unpolished scantlings were admirable for their originality of design. Sutherland and Marrier's Brass Band was again stowed away in the triangular piece of ground from whence they lavished precious harmony on a dumb audience. Considerable liquor was sold on the ground, but we saw no person suffering badly under the influence of alcohol. No serious accident occurred during the day, and in fact about the only occurrence in the shape of an accident we saw or heard of was the rather unpleasant knock down which Mr. Gordon, of Osgoode, received from "Lightning."

1ST RACE.

HURDLE RACE FOR $300.

Open to all horses, 2 miles, over 8 hurdles, 3 feet 8 inches, stiff timber; $250 to first horse, $50 to 2nd.

ENTRIES.

Mr. James White's b g "Jack on the Green" aged by "Jack the Barber," scarlet jacket, white cap.

F. Owen's ch g "N P," aged by Wagram. All blue.

A O F Coleman's, bl h "Raven," 6 years by Falcon. All blue.

This seemed to be the race of the meeting in point of general interest, and as the horses started, a scrambling rush was made for prominences from which a good view could be had.

The three horses started very well but "Raven" baulked at the 4th hurdle and stubbornly repeated the conduct at the four subsequent hurdles. On passing the Judge's stand, first mile, "Jack on the Green" was slightly ahead and kept the lead around the next mile, coming in about two lengths ahead of "N. P."

2ND RACE.

CARLETON PLATE, $500.

Open to all horses, two mile heats; $400 to 1st horse, $100 to 2nd.

ENTRIES.

Jas White's br h "Terror," 5 yrs, by "Rurio," out of Maritana; scarlet jacket white cap.

W H Chapple's br h "Gen, Custor," 4 yrs, by Donerail, out of Day; all blue.

C J Alloway's ch c, 3 yrs, by Lightning, dam by Reverence; black jacket, crimson hoop.

This was probably the best contested race of the whole meeting. "Lightning" as is his wont dashed ahead at the start and kept the lead for about 1½ mile. "Gen Custor," however closed up in the last half mile and came in 1st, "Lightning" 2nd, "Terror" 3rd.

2ND HEAT.

In this heat, what was considered a false start was made, but the bugle sounded to late for the jockeys to hear it. They rode around the course and learned only on coming in that they had exerted their horses in vain. This extra round proved fatal to "Lightning's" chances and the majority of the people with whom "Lightning" seemed to be a favorite were much irritated at the conduct of the officers in the matter. The horses were started anew, "Gen Custor" again coming in 1st, "Terror" 2nd, "Lightning" 3rd.

LADIES' CUP.

Several horses had been entered for this race but only four ran, "Prescott Boy" being 1st, "Knight of St. Patrick" 2nd, and "Cataract" 3rd.

An amateur race then took place between Messrs. Clarke and McNab, the former gentleman riding "Prince Arthur" and the latter "Sleepy Johnny." The distance was 1½ mile. "Sleepy Johnny" kept the front up to the last one quarter mile between which and the judges' stand he was very handsomely passed by "Prince Arthur."

THE CONSOLATION

Race was won by "Viley" 1st; "Terror" 2nd; "Rover" 3rd.

It would have afforded us great pleasure to have given our readers detailed accounts of the races which we would most undoubtedly have done, had the city Press been admitted to the same privileges as were the representatives of the foreign press. In common with the representatives of the other city papers, however, our reporter laboured under disadvantages in taking notes of the proceedings. We do not pretend to claim a right to admission to the Judges' stand, but certainly when we see favours extended to the representatives of a New York or Toronto paper which are denied to the press of Ottawa, we cannot help remarking that the gentlemen of the club, or those who assume to officiate during the meeting have shown a very bad taste and displayed a very uncorteous spirits, but they are probably afflicted with that weakness which bows to a name, though it may be a specious shadow in the distance. If our truthful remarks about the stands in our issues of last week have been taken as cause for offence, we can only express pity for the offended. We believe that Mr. Barber, the worthy Secretary of the Club, is a very efficient officer, and morever, we feel certain that if uninfluenced by other members he would carry out everything in connection with the races in a most satisfactory manner. The conduct of the Club towards the city press at all events, was anything but creditable to those members more directly responsible for it, and no good can result from it in any way.

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

THIRD ANNUAL EXHIBITION—THIRD DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

Naturally enough the exhibition was not so attractive yesterday as on the previous days; nevertheless a pretty large number of people were on the grounds during the greater part of the day. The weather was very favourable and pleasant. The owners of articles on exhibition commenced to remove them in the morning and by night there was little of anything left. We continue the prize list below.

Dairy.

Butter, in Firkin; 1st Mr E Watson $6; 2nd Mrs A Campbell 4; 3rd L Naismith 2; 4th Geo Heron 1.

Butter, in Prints; 1st Mrs A McKellar $5; 2nd Mrs W Evans 3; 3rd Mrs A Campbell 2; 4th Mrs J Johnston 1.

Cheese, Factory; 1st Thos Murdock $5; 2nd A Dodd 2; extra Thos Murdock.

Cheese, Home made; 1st J Severight $5; 2nd W Fenton 3; 3rd A McKellar 3; 4th A Hagar 1.

Sample Home made Bread; 1st Mrs A Wilson 3; 2nd Mrs Jane Osgoode 2; 3rd Mrs Mondelet 1.

Honey, in Jars; 1st Jas Kennedy $3; 2nd Ed Watson 2; 3rd Peter Fairbairn 1;

Honey in comb; 1st John Clarke $3; 2nd A Kennedy 2; 3rd J C Blyth 1.

R Preserves.—1st Mrs R Lees $3; 2nd Mrs Allen 2; 3rd Miss B Scott 1.

Home made Cakes—1st Mrs Woodburn $6; 2nd Mrs R Hare 4.

Cakes by a Confectioner; 1st H Cussans.

Roots.

Collection of Vegetables; 1st C Billings $5; 2nd J & A Hickey 3; 3rd James Greaves 1.

Red Tomatoes; 1st J H Dwyre $1; 2nd R Surtees 50cts.

Yellow Tomatoes; Chas Billings $1.

Best three head Cauliflowers; 1st Robt Billings $1; 2nd J Billings 50; 3rd J Greaves.

Best three heads Brocoli, 1st S Greenfield $1; 2nd A Hagar M P 50.

Summer Cabbage; 1st J Billings $1; 2nd C Billings 50.

Winter Cabbage; 1st Thos McKay $1.

Red Cabbage; 1st J & A Hickey $1.

Egg Plants—1st S Greenfield $1.

Winter Pumpkins—1st T McKay $1; 2nd Jas Greaves 50 cts.

Squashes—1st T McKay $1; 2nd M T DeRinzy 50.

Vegetable Marrows, 1st J & A Hickey $1.

Cucumbers, 1st J H Dwyre $1; 2nd S Greenfield 50.

Parsnips, 1st S Greenfield, $1; 2nd J H Dwyre 50.

Citron Melons, 1st C Billings $1; 2nd R Surtees 50.

Greatest and best variety Potatoes, 1st P Fairbairn $3; 2nd C Billings 2.

Garnet Chili do, 1st Hon J Skead $2; 2nd H Parker 2.

Harrison do, 1st H Rrownlee $2; 2nd J Jamieson 1.

Early Rose do, 1st Fairbairn $2; 2nd J Johnston 1.

Early Goderich do, 1st W Fenton $2; 2nd H Brownlee 1.

Cup do, 1st H Brownlee $2; 2nd P Fairbairn 1.

Peach Blows do, 1st D Cowan $2; 2nd T McKinnon 1.

Breeze's King of the Earlies do, Prize Sheriff Coutlee $2.

Thomsonian do, 1st J Jamieson $2; 2nd H Brownlee 1.

Blood Beets, 1st J & H Hickey $1; 2nd Hon J Skead 1.

Swedish Turnips, 1st W Harmer $1 50; 2nd J Clark 1.

Fruits, Flowers &c.

Floral Design, 1st W McKay Wright $4.

Hanging Basket, 1st J M Currier M P $1.

Cut Flowers, Perennials and Annuals, 1st J M Currier M P. Young & Radford's Gold Medal.

Pressed Native Flowers; prize, A H Moore $2.

Green House Plants; 1st J M Currier, MP, Mr Leslie's Medal; 2nd J M Currier, M P, $3.

Marigolds; prize, R Curry $1.

Fuschias; prize, J M Currier M P, $2.

Seedling Verbenas; prize, R Curry $1.

Gladioli; prize, R Curry $1.

Lantanas; prize, M T DeRinzy $1.

Heliotrope: prize, M T DeRinzy $1.

FRUITS.

Apples; 1st H Parker $4; 2nd C W Lent 2.

Pomme Gris; prize, H Parker $1.

Fameuse; prize, H Parker $1.

Montreal Beauties (Crabs) 1st H Parker $1; 2nd Hon J Skead 50cts.

Transcendental; 1st Robt Lees $1; 2nd Hon J Skead 50cts.

Other Varieties, 1st S Greenfield $1; 2nd Robt Lees 50cts

Mangolds; 1st Thos Clark $1.50; 2nd W Harmer 1.

Aberdeen Turnips; 1st Hon J Skead $1.50; 2nd E Watson 1.

Grey Stone Turnips; Prize E Watson 1.50.

White Turnips; 1st T McKinnon $1.50; 2nd J Greaves 1.

Kohl Rabi; 1st W McKay Wright $1.50; 2nd M T DeRinzy 1.

Red Carrots; 1st Hon J Skead $1.50; 2nd S Greenfield 1.

White Carrots; 1st T McKinnon $1.50; 2nd Hon J Skead 1.

White Onions; 1st J H Dwyre $1.50; 2nd J Mather 1.

Yellow Onions; 1st J H Dwyre $1.50; 2nd J Mather 1.

Red Onions; 1st M T DeRinzy 1.50; 2nd Sheriff Coutlee 1.

Top Onions; 1st J H Dwyre 1.50; 2nd H S Watkins 1.

Potato Onions; 1st J H Dwyre $1.50; 2nd N Clark 1.

FARM IMPLEMENTS.

Mowing Machine; Prize Charles Smith $5.

Best Combined Reaper and Mower; Prize Frost & Wood $8.

Best Thresher and Separator; Prize W McAmmond $8.

Best Potato Digger; W Abbott $2.

Best Iron Plough; 1st H McArthur $6; 2nd H Masson 3.

Best Double Mould Board Plough; 1st J Spratt $6; 2nd T Clarke 3.

Best Fanning Mill; 1st G Welton $5; 2nd W Abbott 2.

Best Pump for Farm use; 1st J J Smyth $5; 2nd G Welton 2.

Farm Gate, W M Somerville $2.

Best Set of Horseshoes; 1st W Kehoe $2; 2nd H Evans 1.

Best Dog Churn; 1st W Wilson $3; 2nd G Kennedy 2.

Best Root Cutter 1st T Clark $3; 2nd Hon J Skead 2.

Straw Cutter; H Gough $3.

Best Pair of Harrows (Iron); 1st W Evans $3; J J Symth 2; honorable mention A Bradley.

Pair of Harrows (wooden); W Evans $3.

Best Cultivator; 1st W Abbott $3; 2nd T Clark 2.

Parlor Grate; W M Somerville 2.

Extra Entries.

Two Horse Drag Sawing Machine; Frost & Wood.

Horse Hoe; J J Smyth.

Onion Weeder and Cultivator; Sheriff Coutlee.

Horse Hay Fork; W Abbott.

Vehicles.

Best two or three seated carriage; 1st W Stockdale 10; 2nd N Sparks 5.

Best Double Top Buggy; 1st W Stockdale $5; 2nd W Angus 2.

Best Single Open Buggy; 1st W Angus $4.

Best Covered Dog Waggon; 1st W Stockdale $6; 2nd W Angus 4.

Best Double Farm Waggon, 1st W Angus $5; 2nd Thos Clarke 2.

Best Lumber Waggon; 1st J Joyce & Son $5.

Best Single Market Waggon; 1st W Angus 4; 2nd J Joyce & Son 2.

Double Farm Sleigh; 1st Joyce & Son $4.

Best Single Pleasure Sleigh; 1st W Angus $4.

Open Phaeton, extra recommended; M Bishoprick.

Extra Entries

Pair Timber Wheels; J Joyce & Son.

Best Pair Small Timber Wheels; J Joyce & Son.

Mill Cart; J Joyce & Son.

Best Pair Twin Sleighs; J Joyce & Son.

Waggonette; W Stockdale.

Sewing Machines.

1st for manufacturing purposes, Singer, G Dawson $5; 2nd do the Osborne 3; Extra prize the Lockman, T W Bush 2.

1st for family use, the Singer-Williams, Geo Dawson $5; 2nd do, Lockman-Singer, T W Bush 3.

Leather and Harness.

Display of Leather, including Samples of Harness, Saddle, Trunk and other kinds, manufactured in the city; Diploma and Society's money prize of $6.

Display of Leather (open to all); Geo May, Diploma.

Display of Trunks and Valises; Geo May, Diploma.

Farm Harness (double); 1st Thomas Lee $5; 2nd A Wilson 3.

Cart Harness; Prize A Wilson.

Single Carriage Harness; Prize Thomas Lee $6.

Double Carriage Harness; 1st L & H Borbridge; 2nd Thos Lee

Lumber Harness; Prize L & H Borbridge.

Single Trunk; Extra prize recommended.

Scotch Harness; Prize S & H Borbridge.

Calf-skins, grained and ungrained; Kip Skins, Pebble, Buff, Skeepkins, Sole Leather, Upper Leather, all shown by Geo May, and for which he was awarded the Society's prizes.

Best Saddle and Briddle; S & H Borbidge; 2nd do Thos Lee.

Miscellaneous.

E. B. Eddy, M. P. P., diploma for display of wooden ware, such as doors, window frames and sash, mouldings, tubs, pails, &c.

George Newell, for sample of turning; diploma.

W. C. Somerville, for marble mantle, Patent Lubricator, &c.; diploma.

Thomas Birkett, for edge tools; diploma.

E. Miles, display of wigs and other hair work; diploma.

C. W. Bangs & Co., disp'ay of furs and robes; diploma.

SPECIAL PRIZES

By T W Bush Esq (for the neatest dress for a child), a "Lockman" Sewing Machine value $32 00, to Mrs E C Palmer.

By W Notman Esq (per Mr Topley) (photo relievo picture), for the best specimens of free hand drawing in pencil, value 12 00, to Miss Gertrude Sewell.

By Messrs Shanley & Gallagher (for the best collection of fruit, open to Carleton, Russell and Ottawa counties), 50 choice apple trees, to H Parker, Aylmer.

By Messrs Shanley & Gallagher (for best collection of dahlias) 12 H P or Moss Roses, to M T De Rinzy.

By J Leslie Esq (for best display of green house plants), a silver medal, to J M Currier M P.

By Messrs Young & Radford (for best display of cut flowers annuals and perennials) a gold medal to J M Currier M P.

By R Curry Esq, (for best display of roses cut bloom), cash 5 00, to M T De Rinzy.

The Lord Bishop of Ontario will preach in the morning and the Rev. J. Geddes, Rector of Hamilton, in the evening, at the Service in the Rink Music Hall to-morrow.

The Rev. W. W. Andrews preaches in the Catholic Apostolic Church, Albert-st., at 7.30 p.m. to-morrow.

CURRENT TOPICS.

Our English exchanges contain some particulars of the fearful colliery explosion near Wigan, on the 6th instant, by which sixty-nine lives were sacrificed. As to the cause of the explosion there is not even a conjecture. Two seams are worked at the colliery, which is comparatively a new one, and some of the best machinery in the district has been laid down for getting at the deep mines. The Wigan 9-ft. and the Cannel seams are worked by the down-cast shaft, the latter at a distance of 580 yards from the surface, and the up-cast shaft is being sunk still deeper to the Arley Mine. Three sinkers were descending to join three of their fellow-workmen below, when a blast as from the mouth of a cannon shot from the down-cast, followed immediately by a cloud of smoke and steam from the up-cast, which lasted several minutes, and scattered the head gear in all directions. Of the fate of the sinkers there could be no doubt, as those descending were thrown from the hoppitt, and those below must have been crushed to death by the falling debris. Great exertions were made to repair the winding apparatus, and when a party descended to the Cannel it was found that all the men there were safe, and that the explosion had occurred in the 9-ft seam, which could be reached only by the downcast shaft. A hour afterwards a descent was possible, and three men were found alive below, as well as three others at the furnace, which is placed in a small upper seam. The explorations was attended with much danger as second and third explosions took place while the searchers were in the pit, and the coal was found to be on fire. Amidst great excitement the explorers were drawn to the surface in safety. A consultation was then held, and it was decided to brick up the shafts. There are sixty-two dead bodies in the 9 ft, six sinkers in the up-cast, and one of the injured brought out alive has since died; making sixty-nine deaths in all.

The pits have been visited by thousands of persons from Wigan, and the scenes on and around the pit bank have been most affecting.

Letters patent have been taken out for a new rail for railroads, which promises to do away with the continual rattle and jar of railroad travel. It is a continuous elastic T-rail, and the inventor and those who have examined the principle of its construction claim important advantages over any rail now in use. The rail is in two sections, the upper section lapping over the lower, and they are fastened together by horizontal bolts. Between the sections is India rubber packing, five-eighths of an inch in thickness. It is thought the use of this rail will prove important in many respects, and be much cheaper in the end than those now in use. The upper section may be made either of iron or steel, and when worn out can be relaid without disturbing the under section. A great expense will therefore be saved in relaying the track. The India rubber packing, it is contended, will give the car an easy and almost noiseless motion, and prevent the sharp concussions which so frequently result in the breaking of the axles. The saving every year to the rolling stock, it is claimed, will be an item of very great importance, and will commend the use of this improvement to all companies that study economy as well as safety. If the friction is lessened as much as engineers claim it will be by the adoption of this improvement, the duration of the rails will be greatly prolonged.

During the year ending May 31st, 1870, there were in the United States 1952 homicides,—being four times the homicides ten years ago. Human life is fearfully cheap in the country. The total does not, of course, include the lives sacrificed in such disasters as the Westfield explosion, and the horrible railway accidents which are of such frequent occurrence. Nor does it include the cruel massacre of Indians in the border States.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

Husband:—You have great faith, Mary in the PAIN-KILLER. The Parson's wife and Mrs Judge Jones are very positive in favor of it, but I am inclined to think that if it did all it professes to do sickness and death would soon be out of fashion, for it cures everything.

Wife:—The Parson's wife and Mrs. Judge Jones are not the only ones that I have heard strongly recommend the PAIN-KILLER, every where I go they have it and everybody praises it, all the Liniments, Cholera mixtures and Pain Medicines have disappeared since Perry Davis' agent came round. (To little boy) George, does your tooth still aches, my dear!

George:— No, Mother, PAIN KILLER stopped it.

Wife to husband:— The Pain Killer does not profess to cure everything either in the Directions about the bottle or in the "Annual." I have read them carefully. It claims to be the best family medicine in existence. Perry Davis & Son do not say what it can do but prove what it has done by giving certificates from reliable persons whose testimony cannot be doubted.

Husband:—Do you think these certificates are *Bona fide*, I believe they are made up to sell the goods.

Wife:—Judge Jones was as incredulous as you till he wrote to Perry Davis & Son and was satisfied, they sent him a quire of certificates received from parties within five miles of his own house.

(*To be Continued*)

Sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cts. per bottle.

A SERMON

Will be preached on SUNDAY EVENING NEXT in the Catholic Apostolic Church, Albert Street, by the Rev. W. W. ANDREWS, at 7:30 p.m. The public are invited to attend.

Ottawa, Sept. 23, 1871. 1775td

LOST OR STOLEN.

A BROWN HORSE. Has a cut on the off hind leg, and a little stiff on the near fore foot; has a grey nose.

Any person returning him to E. SIMON, Hall, will be rewarded.

Ottawa, September 22, 1871. 1776 6

LOST,

On FRIDAY, 15th instant, a Gentleman's heavy GOLD RING, with Carbuncle Stone, chased in the sides. Any one leaving it at this Office will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Sept 20. 1773tf

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS

Will be received for the several works required in the erection and completion of a

BUILDING

On the corner of

Wellington and O'Connor Streets,

For the

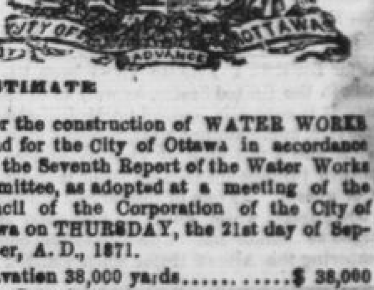
"BANK OF MONTREAL,"

According to plans and specifications prepared by MESSRS. HOPKINS & WILY, Architects, and which may be seen at the office of Mr. Walter Chesterton, Architect, Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

The Directors do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

The time for giving in the tenders to be announced in a few days.

Ottawa, Sept. 22, 1871. 1776



ESTIMATE

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D., 1871.

Excavation 38,000 yards	$ 38,000
Arch Covering	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps	16,000
Pumping Mains extra	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
September 23, 1871. 1776 1m

MUSIC HALL.

FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY.

MONDAY & TUESDAY.

SEPTEMBER 25th & 26th.

PROFESSOR ASHLEY,

the great London

ILLUSIONIST & VENTRILOQUIST

And Originator of the Celebrated Entertainment known as

DIABOLORIUM,
OR NIGHTS IN DREAMLAND.

Prof. Ashley will be assisted by Miss MATTIE ALLSTON, the pleasing and popular Balladist.

Admission, 25cts; Reserved seats, 50cts.

Tickets can be procured at Orme & Son's, Sparks street, and at the door.

Doors open at 7; to commence at 8 o'clock.

Ottawa, Sept. 21, 1871. 1775 4

NOTICE.

FOR SALE,

A well established BUSINESS in one of the most flourishing villages in the Ottawa Valley on the line of the Brockville & Ottawa Railroad. The stock now on hand consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, and Boots and Shoes, to the amount of about $4,000. The Business is well established, and an excellent trade has been done amounting to about $2,000 a year. The Shop and Dwelling can be leased or purchased.

Further particulars can be learned by applying to

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 19, 1871 1773td

AUCTION SALE

OF A

SPLENDID STONE HOUSE.

The Subscriber has received instructions from Mr. David Moore to sell at his rooms, Rideau Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th SEPTEMBER, 1871, that desirable property situated on York Street, recently occupied by him. The house is of stone, 2½ storeys high, well built, and neatly finished with good yard and stabling.

Sale at Twelve o'clock, noon.

For further particulars apply to the Auctioneer,

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer & Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871. 1768td

TAKE NOTICE.

Get your

BUFFALO ROBES

in to be

DYED,

and made like

BEAR ROBES,

for the cold weather is fast approaching.

G. A. SHELDON,
Sussex street,
Next door to the DOMINION HOUSE,
Ottawa, Sept. 21, 1871. 1774 6

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 22.

At a meeting of the Harbor Commissioners yesterday it was decided to proceed forthwith with the improvement of the St. Lawrence Canal, and make the new survey and take such steps as will permit vessels of the largest tonnage to come up to Montreal.

Alex. Rae, trader, Toronto, who was arrested yesterday for stealing from Messrs. McBairney & McNiece was to-day acquitted by the Police Magistrate, but was held for previously robbing a Mr. Chaput of 40 dollars. Mr. Rae has latterly been living in Napanee.

Galarneau and Bastien, two policemen, were to-day fined 15 dollars and costs for ill treating one Colquhoun while arresting the latter for being drunk. It was proved that the defendants used undue roughness in the performance of their duty. The decision causes much sensation among the force, and the act cannot fail to weaken the moral authority of the police as a body.

A special meeting of the City Council is called for to-night, and the vexed salary question again comes up.

The Merchants Bank have opened a branch at Renfrew, Ont. Mr. Henderson is acting agent.

F. X. Roberge was crushed to death yesterday, while working in the corporation quarry, Cote street, Catherine. A 500 pound boulder rolled from its bed, carrying the man with it, and burying him. When dug out his head and limbs were completely crushed.

The pickpockets again are becoming numerous in the city, several robberies having taken place this evening.

The *Witness's* commercial article to-day speaks strongly on the injury done to the city by the imperfect state of the channel, as evidenced in the inability of the *Sarmatain* to come through Lake St. Peter, and says the reconstruction of the channel can no longer be delayed.

Heavy frosts and continued severe cold.

Fall trade very good.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, September 22.—The mine at Wigan, is still burning. A great quantity of water has been pumped into the shafts, but it has had little effect on the flames. The flooding of the mine continues night and day.

The appointment of Mr. Stacmphfhi by the Swiss Government as a member of the Board of Arbitration under the Treaty of Washington is confirmed.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 22.—The bullion in the Bank of France increased 875,000 francs during the past week. The Bourse rentes closed at 56f 25c.

The appointment of Lunfrey as Minister to Berne, and Duc de Choiseuil, as Ambassador to Berlin, is probable.

Rumor again asserts that Jules Ferry will go to Washington and Guizot to Athens, but the report is considered doubtful.

All arms taken from the National Guard are to be deposited in the Arsenal at Bourges.

Favorable news has been received from Algeria indicating progress towards the restoration of French supremacy everywhere.

Thiers is indisposed.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Sept. 21.—Reinforcements to the Spanish forces in Cuba continues to be sent forward. 12,000 soldiers have just embarked from Cadiz for Havana.

An insurrection has broken out in Morocco, and the Moors are making vigorous attacks upon the citadel of Melilla, a seaport belonging to Spain. The Spanish Government has despatchd a large number of troops to the relief of the garrison of the place.

MADRID, Sept. 22.—King Amedeus continues his progress through the Provinces. His Majesty arrived at Lerida where he was received with every manifestation of rejoicing. He is accompanied by his brother the Crown Prince of Italy.

ITALY.

ROME, Sept. 22.—The Jesuits and Republican agents have been expelled from Rome.

The Pope has postponed the appointment of bishops to vacant sees till November next.

FLORENCE, Sept. 22.—A review of the army, with field manœuvres on a large scale, will take place at Verona on Sunday in presence of the King.

The French *chargé d'affaires* at this capital is dead.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, Sept. 22.—Rumors are current that the Emperor Francis Joseph is about to abdicate the throne of Austria.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 22.—A strike has been commenced by the journeymen tanners and locksmiths of this city.

WEST INDIES.

ST. THOMAS, Sept. 16, *via* HAVANA, Sept. 22.—The West India mail company has started branch lines to Porto Rica, and St. Domingo.

The town is slowly recovering from the effects of the late hurricane.

CARACAS, VENEZUELA, Sept. 8th.—The Government troops recaptured several seaports from the revolutionists who retired and united their forces, and then attacked and took Bolivar, and seized the American merchant steamer *Hero*.

PORT AU PRINCE, HAYTI, Sept. 8.—The Spanish war steamer *Churrean* fired into a British sloop bound thence from Nassau with the crew of the Haytien war steamer *Montonganiz*, which is repairing at Nassau. Twenty five Spaniards boarded the sloop. The British Consul and Haytien Government are trying to arrange matters.

Latest American Telegrams.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—Three of the Chinese, who have been staying at the diplomats Westminster Hotel, left for San Francisco this p.m., on their way to China. Chungtow, the first minister of the Embassy, with the other Chinese officials, and English and French Secretaries, will sail from Europe to-morrow in the steamship *St. Laurent*.

The Embassy were unsuccessful in their previous mission to France, and were to have departed for home yesterday, but were notified by the French Government that they would be received if they changed their intentions. The object of their mission as stated heretofore is to make reparation for the massacre of the French citizens at Tientsin.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—Deputy Comptroller Green has been promised the moral and financial support of many of the wealthy corporations of the city.

A meeting of the bank offices was held this p.m., when some $550,000, was offered him to meet the pressing needs of the Finance Department.

A *World's* special, dated London, Sept. 22, says;—The Congress of the International Society has formed an elaborate scheme for a centralised organization preparatory to a general movement.

HAVERSTRAW, N. Y., Sept. 22.—The body of Prof. Mahan, of West Point, was found this afternoon in the river at this place.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—The Convention relative to emigration has been arranged between the United States and Great Britain. The British Commission of emigration have approved of the details of the scheme, and its been transmitted to Washington by the Foreign Office.

Queen Victoria is suffering from rheumatism.

Fresh strikes of a minor character have occurred among workmen.

The German workmen recently imported to Newcastle are returning to their homes.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—For about two years work on the Court House, it appears Ingersoll & Co., received 3,764,747 dollars and 64 cents, but the vouchers are gone. Vouchers for 68 and 9 of Kerper & Co also gone; but according to an official statement, now put forward by the Central, these vouchers represent the total sum of 1,142,729,56 dollars for about three years work, and so on through the list. The missing vouchers representing payments on City account, amounts to 1,057,862 dollars.

The Ring has already confessed to an expenditure on the County account of nearly seven millions. Vouchers for the greater part of which are said to be among these lately stolen. Here then is an expenditure of almost sixteen million dollars in two years.

It will be remembered that Peter B. Sweeney and Hugh Smith purchased a block of buildings between 33rd and 34th streets, in Broadway, for over 75,000 dollars, and that they immediately leased the hall and building to the Board of Supervisors, for a rent of thirty thousand dollars a year, when in reality the room was not worth three thousand dollars, also that Sweeney and Smith for a lease of eighteen months received five thousand dollars for the use and occupation of a hall which they did not own, and which during the eighteen months was not used or occupied by the city. A few days ago both Sweeney and Smith conveyed the whole property to Bernard Smith, and Bernard Smith has conveyed it to another Smith, or Smythe, and so on through along the list of Smith's.

Several large bundles of partially destroyed vouchers, have been dug out of the ashes on the flooring in the County Court House, and taken in charge by the Committee of 1870, and Warren, the expert, who is assisting the Committee of Citizens to examine the Comptrollers accounts, has secured sufficient documentary evidence to warrant the arrest and conviction of Mayor Hall.

The assertion that Haggerty went to Saratoga after the robbery, in the company of a Police Commissioner, as shown by the affidavits, indicates that the robbery was committed with the knowledge of the officials, and that they have made and are making every effort to shield the robbers.

Berlin's Hats that "Hats."

SEALED TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for a Bridge," will be received at this Office until FRIDAY, the 29th day of SEPTEMBER, instant, at noon, for the construction of two Swing Bridges for the enlarged portion of the Grenville Canal.

Plans and specifications can be seen on application at this office, or at the Lachine Canal Office, Montreal, or at the Engineer's Office, on the work at Grenville, where printed forms of Tender may also be obtained.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th September, 1871.

The time for receiving the above Tenders has been extended to TUESDAY, the 10th day of OCTOBER next, at noon.

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 21st September, 1871. 1776 3

BY-LAW

To raise by way of loan the sum of fifty thousand dollars for the purpose of building bridges across the Rideau Canal, repairing the Sappers' Bridge, and building a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats, in the City of Ottawa.

Whereas the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa have resolved to build bridges across the Rideau Canal, at Wellington and Maria Streets, in the City of Ottawa, to repair the Sappers' Bridge already erected across the said Canal, connecting Sparks and Rideau Streets, and also to build a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats; and it is estimated that the sum of fifty thousand dollars will be required for that purpose.

And whereas in order to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such works, it is necessary to issue debentures of the Corporation of the said City, to the amount of fifty thousand dollars, aforesaid, as hereinafter provided.

And whereas it will require the sum of five thousand five hundred dollars to be raised annually for the payment of the said debentures and the interest thereon, as hereinafter also provided.

And whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is five million seven hundred and sixty-eight thousand three hundred and nine dollars.

And whereas the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:

Principal, the sum of three hundred and two thousand eight hundred and eight dollars and fifty-one cents; and interest, the sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents, making in the aggregate the sum of three hundred and fifty-eight thousand four hundred and sixty-two dollars and sixty-seven cents, of which interest the said sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts is in arrear.

And whereas for paying the interest on the said debentures and creating an equal yearly sinking fund, for paying the principal money of the said debentures, according to the statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

Be it therefore enacted and ordained by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:—

1. That for the purpose of constructing the said works, it shall be lawful for the Mayor, for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan, from any person or persons, body or bodies coporate who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of fifty thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain, for the time being of the said City, and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

2. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa, for the time being, shall cause debentures to be made out, in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of fifty thousand dollars; which said debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

3. The said debentures shall be made payable on the first day of January, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa, and shall have coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum, from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, on the first day of the months of January and July in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

For the purpose of providing a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar shall, in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected, in each year upon all the rateable property in the city of Ottawa, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the first day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one.

And Whereas this By-law requires the assent of the electors of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said electors thereon, the Council of the Corporation of the said city, do hereby fix Tuesday the seventeenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned, in the said City, being the places at which the last elections of the members of the Council therein were held: namely, in Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke, therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward, at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine o'clock of the same day.

And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers, to take such votes at and for the several places, within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

TAKE NOTICE.

That the above is a true copy of a proposed By-law, which will be taken into consideration by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, after one month from the first publication thereof in the OTTAWA TIMES newspaper, the date of which first publication was the twenty second day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy; one, and that the votes of the electors of the said Municipality will be taken thereon, at the following places within the City of Ottawa, namely: In and for Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street, in Victoria Ward. In and for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street; and for that part of the said last mentioned Ward, lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In and for St. George's Ward, at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In and for By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street; and in and for Ottawa Ward, at Lot No. eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street, on Tuesday the seventeenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, at the hour of nine of the clock, in the forenoon of the same day.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, Sept. 23, 1871. 1776 1m

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, } To Wit.

Public Notice is hereby given that the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, and of Assize and Nisi Prius, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the NINTH day of OCTOBER, at the hour of Ten o'clock a.m., of which all Coroners, Magistrates, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned, are required to take notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. F. FOWELL
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa,
Sept. 15, 1871. 1770-tf.

AUCTION SALE
OF A
TIMBER LIMIT
SITUATED ON DEEP RIVER.

The Subscriber has received instructions to sell at the Union House, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, 4th October, a Timber Berth, being License No. 267 of 1870-71, of about 5¼ square miles on the South side of Deep River.

Terms and conditions made known at time of sale.

Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 8, 1871. 1761-td

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS,
ON BLACK RIVER,

For Sale by Auction, at the Union House, *ON WEDNESDAY, 4th OCTOBER* next, at one o'clock, p. m., being License No. 265, of 1870-71.....50 miles.
And No. 367, of 1870-71.....50 miles.

Total one hundred square miles of richly timbered limits.

By order of
ALEXANDER FRASER, Esq.

Ottawa, 1st Sept. 1871. 1759-td

ENGLISH WEEKLY NEWS PAPERS AND MONTHLY MAGAZINES.

LLOYD'S WEEKLY LONDON NEWS, Weekly Times, Reynolds', Weekly Dispatch,—the latest editions,—5 cents. Subscription (post free to any part of the Dominion)—yearly, $2.50; six months, 1.25.

Illustrated London News, Graphic, Bell's Life, News of the World, Punch, Fun, Judy, &c., &c.

THE TORONTO GLOBE delivered at 10 cents per week.

C. E. HUCKETT & CO.
69, Sparks Street.
August 29. 1755 1m

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA,
Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's.
E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.
1737tf

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for Supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY

FOR SUNDAY USE.

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season..		$5 00
20lbs " "	..	9 00
10lbs	month	1 50
20lbs " "		2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

Terms strictly Cash in advance

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N. B.—Ice sup[illegible] r ton or cwt.
Ottawa April [illegible] 871

BUSINESS CHANGE.

We, the undersigned, in relinquishing the Retail branch of our business, beg to return thanks to the public of Ottawa and vicinity for the very liberal support accorded to us during the past eight years, and to announce that we have

DISPOSED OF OUR STOCK,

And leased the premises,

29 Sparks Street,

TO

MESSRS.

ALEXANDER RUSSELL,

(Late of Blyth & Russell, Ottawa,)

AND

ROBERT WATSON,

(Of Watson & Hayes, Almonte,)

Who will continue the business under the name and style of

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Both of these gentlemen were formerly in our employ, and being possessed of ample means and long experience we have great pleasure in recommending them to the confidence and patronage of all our friends and customers.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, August, 1871.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE

RUSSELL & WATSON

Have pleasure in announcing that they have procured the

Entire Stock in Trade,

AND

GOOD WILL

OF THE

RETAIL BUSINESS

Lately conducted by Messrs.

Magee & Russell,

And leased their premises, 29 Sparks Street, for a term of years.

And hope by keeping only the best qualities of goods, and adopting a uniform and

Moderate Scale of Profits,

By anticipating the wants of the public and a strict attention to business to merit and retain the patronage so liberally bestowed upon their predecessors.

And we beg to assure the old patrons of the establishment that no efforts will be spared in maintaining the leading position to which it had attained.

ALEX. RUSSELL. ROB'T. WATSON.

Ottawa, August 1871.

Peaches!

Peaches!

Peaches!

Pears!

Pears!

Pears!

Apples!

Apples!

Apples!

And all other Kinds of Fruit

at the Fruit Depots of

G. LORENZ,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET

NO. 88 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

GREAT

DRY GOODS SALE.

Allan, McKinnon's & McMoran,

Have determined to clear out the FALL and WINTER GOODS purchased at a heavy discount from Messrs GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO, and with that view will bring forward the whole stock, including several large lots of

NEW GOODS

purchased far below Market value, and offer the whole at prices that must induce good judges of goods to buy largely.

The sale will commence on

Monday, 4th Sept'r.,

And continue one month.

As many of the cheapest lines will be sold quickly, intending purchasers will do well to call early and secure a choice.

1,000 YDS. JAPANESE SILKS,

At 50 cents per yard.

ONE CASE OF VELVET RIBBONS, damaged by fresh water, will be offered at less than half price.

2 Bales of GREY COTTONS, in short pieces, at from one to two cents below usual prices.

To be reduced one third in prices—a large quantity of

MILLINERY, MANTLES and MANTLE CLOTHS,

A line of Velveteen Jackets, reduced to $1.50 each, Waterproof Mantles at from $2.50 to 5.

DRESS GOODS, in a variety of fabrics, reduced below cost.

PRINTS—A line formerly sold at 12½ cents will be cleared out at 9 cents per yard.

A large lot of Gloves and Hosiery will be marked down far below cost.

A lot of best Brussels Carpets will be sold at $1.25 per yard.

ALLAN, McKINNON'S & McMORRAN,
Successors to Garland, Mutchmor & Co
No. 20, Sparks Street.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, that you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and a Low Price

GIN—

J DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALE—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Cross & Blackwell's—Sellin Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES.....$ 80
THRESHING and SAWING COMBINED..... 130
FANNING MILLS..... 22

WM. ABBOTT.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 36w

Grand Show Day!

AT

Russell & Watson's

Having now the greater portion of our STOCK forward, we will on

THURSDAY, 28TH SEPTEMBER,

Open our SHOW ROOMS, and DISPLAY the

LATEST NOVELTIES

—IN—

MILLINERY,

MANTLES,

and COSTUMES,

Besides a well assorted Stock of Goods usually shown in the Room.

In addition to Goods now forward for those Departments will be found a full and well selected STOCK of

Dress Goods, Silks, Laces and Lace Goods, Hosiery, and Gloves., &c.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, September 22, 1871

IF YOU WANT

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

SEND TO THE

Noted Tea House

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!
HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 Rideau street.

All ground ready for use.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.
Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Meley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent,
Scythe Stones, &c. &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries. Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked hardware store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c. &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 [illegible]

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

BOARD WANTED

In a Private Family, by a Gentleman Six o'clock dinner preferred. Address X. Y. Z. P. O. Box, 285. 1754

WANTED

By a young married couple, Board, Bedroom, and Sitting Room, furnished

OR

a Small House or Cottage, furnished or unfurnished All within easy distance of the Post Office. Possession required 1st October, or soon after

Apply by letter, stating terms, to

D. C. L., Box 2 5 Ottawa P. O

Ottawa, Sept. 13th, 1871. 1767-

PRIVATE BOARD WANTED

In Upper Town by a Gentleman and his Wife. Apply by letter addressed

1761- U., TIMES Office.

NOTICE.

An excellent CELLAR to let. Large, and entrance on level with the street. Apply to

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 12, 1871. 1767-tf

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON,
Proprietor

1760-6m

FRED. T. PALMER,

Commission and Lumbermen's Agent, Rideau Street, (entrance O'Meara's Gateway.)

Particular attention will be given to hiring men, teams, &c., and all transactions with the Crown Land and Timber Office.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:

R Nagle, Esq, | Wm Mackey, Esq
Allan Grant, Esq, | E McGillivray, Esq

Ottawa, Sept 1, 1871. 1746t

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1753 1y

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE.

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested to settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown, now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY.

553, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand), London, W. C., Sept. 1, 1871 39 6m

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa P.O., August 31, 1871.

Adcock J C	Martin Wm
Anderson Elizabeth	Maddin Thos
Anderson Samuel	Malsbury Wm
Armstrong Wm	Minea Benj
Arnold Wm	Meade M J
Arthur Geo A	Mercer John
Armstrong Mrs A C	Mitchell W H
Aspdin Thos W	Milne G B
Barnes Sydney	Motherwell Thos
Barber G	Moore & Coburn
Beveridge Thos	Moore F H
Benfield Wm	Muir Wm
Bell H H	Murphy Mathew
Blais Miss Lydia	Neill John
Blakely Mrs	Nelson Mrs Alex
Boyd Dr R H	Nesbitt John
Brayer Wm	Nicholson John
Brennan Wm	Nichols John
Brewer Mrs Emily	Nolan Miss B
Bullock L	O'Brien Wm
Bowns Wm	O'Donnell D
Buchanan Mrs John	O'Donnell, G
Burns Mrs S	O'Connor W P P
Burns Miss	O'Connor Jno A
Byrne Hy	O'Connor Mrs
Campbell Mrs John	O'Dwyer John
Cain Miss Sarah J	Oliver A
Campbell Mrs Mary	O'Meill J
Callaghan Alex	Ormand Jno T
Cantwell John	Patterson Miss Anna
Cahal Miss Mary	Pearsons Albert
Church Jos	Perry Mrs M C
Clarke Miss Emma	Pearson F M
Conway Miss B	Perwitt J H
Corrigan Ed	Pickens John
Connor John	Powers Jesse
Cross W L	Pringle Miss Sarah
Crozier Jos	Pritchard Wm
Cunningham Thos	Quinlan Mrs P
Daly Carol	Rathwell Miss A
Davis J	Rice Alex
Davidson C P	Roberts Miss Kate
Davis Jas	Robertson Geo
Daly J J	Rose Rodger
Davis Mrs R	Roberts Mrs
Dempsey Miss E	Robertson David
Dendmore Miss Mary	Ryan Miss Julia
Dicare Miss M	Russell Mrs
Dickson Dr Geo	Russell A D
Doyle Mrs Peter	Saunders Miss Julia
Duncan Jas	Scobie Mary
Fenton Miss J	Servo Walter
Fisher John	Sheaver Jno
Forson Jas	Sheban Thomas
Forbes John	Smith John
Foster Jas	Smith Mrs W
Furlong Jas	Smith H D
Gan John	Smith Heber
Gibbons B	Smith Wm
Gillis J S	Sparks Miss Jane
Glenn Alex	Somerville Hugh
Gormly P	Sparks Noel
Gilchrist John	Sternbug J W
Grimes Thos	Sullivan John
Harris Lizza Ann	Tobin Jas
Hamilton Mrs S	Turner RW
Hewlett Thos	Watson & Hill
Hicks Jas	Ward Jas
Holland W H	Wable A
Hogan Miss B	Wallace M
Hogan Wm	Wagner H
Hunt Wm	Wilsman G & T
Hutchinson G W	Webb Jas T
Hutchinson John	Weir John
Huchley Mrs	Wells J F
Hubert J	Webster Miss E H
Janet Rev Mr	Welch Mrs Geo
Jamieson D J	Whalen Miss Eliza
Johnston Miss Ellen	Wilson R
Jones Mrs J E	Wood H O
Kennedy Jno	Wright J
Kealy Mrs Julia A	McBrayen A
Kennedy M	McBryde Jas
King Geo	McClanish T
Kingsmill M	McDonald And
King Jas	McClory John
Knapp H A	McDonald Miss F
Lamprey B H	McDonald D
Lane Miss Caroline	McDonald Mrs Geo
Leitch Miss A	McGuire Mrs Jno
Leroy W H C	McIntire Miss N
Lewis Mr	McInnis Miss C
Little Irvine	McGuire Philip
Lothion Miss Ellen	McKenzie A
Moher Wm	McKay Jas H
Martin C R	McMillan Miss Jane
May Jno	McMillan J H
Martin Edwin	McPhee A
Marshall David	McMahon Geo

G P BAKER, Postmaster.

TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

The Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy will, at a Session to be held in the Hall of the said Township on SATURDAY, the 3 th day of SEPTEMBER next, pass a By law to establish the road as now laid out, between Lots Nos. 5 and 6, in the Third Concession of the said Township.

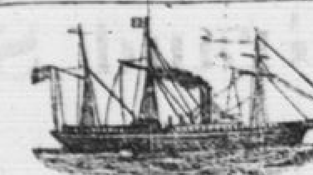
W. P. TAYLOR,
Township Clerk.

Fitzroy, 28th August, 1871. 36 4

EMIGRATION TO THE UNITED STATES.

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or sixpence. Correspondence solicited Address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1774 2

Steamers.



THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," Capt. Davison.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," Capt. Connell.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," Capt. Baquet.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," Capt. McKenzie.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m, and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

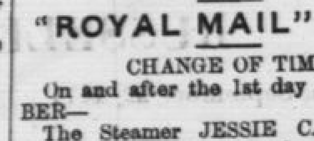
The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE.
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2670tf



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the 1st day of SEPTEMBER—

The Steamer JESSIE CASSELS will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 7.30 a.m., connecting with Steamers of the Line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

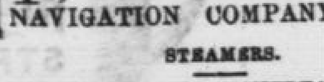
The Steamer PONTIAC leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted), at 1 p.m., for Des Joachim; returning—leaving at 6 a.m., connecting with Steamer JASON GOULD, which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 p.m., passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The Steamer PRINCE ARTHUR leaves Portage du Fort at 7 a.m., connecting with Steamer JESSIE CASSELS for Aylmer.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip, at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 9 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, August 28th, 1871.

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY, (Sundays Excepted.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
Capt. Bowie

PRINCE OF WALES,
Capt. R. W. Shepherd.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"
CAPT. NICHOL,

Leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B.—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1736tf

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN, IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

NOTICE.

Wanted immediately, for School Section No. 3 and 10, of North and South Plantagenet, A MALE TEACHER, holding a second class certificate. Application may be made to the undersigned Trustees, stating amount of salary per annum.

CHARLES FARRELL,
MAURICE SHANE,
THOMAS BROWNRIGG.

Pendleton 11th, September, 1871. 36 4

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonising pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. Pulvermacher's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D, F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician Michael Faraday.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies.

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantrl, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Raphey, M. B. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 lawky

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

The undersigned being about to visit England, offers the following properties for sale: A large Brick Dwelling situate on Besserer and Chapel Streets, with Coach House, Stables, &c.

12 Cottages on Augusta street, producing a clear rental of $700 per annum.

ALSO,

100 Acres of Land at L'Orignal, being south half of Lot No. 15, fourth Concession of Caledonia.

Terms to suit the purchaser.

1810d JAS G ROBINSON.

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

Rideau-St., Ottawa.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

READING, ELOCUTION, WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to

MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18. 1871 1669tf

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.,
Omaha, Neb.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

Close A.M.	Close A.M.	Close P.M.	MAILS.	Due for Delivery A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
......	11.45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	......	4.20
......	11 45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	......	4.20
......	......	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U. S.	8.00	......	7.30
......	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	......	7.30
10.15	11.45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	11.45	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	......	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c	......	......	4.20
9.20		4.30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	1.30
9.20			The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	......	......	1 30
10.30 / 5.30	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage. Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	8.00	11.00	7.00
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c.	......	......	700
7.30	......	......	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	......	......
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	......	......	6.00
11.30	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	......	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.00 noon, in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Pos Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

Post Office, Ottawa, Sept. 14 1871. } G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S NEWLY-DISCOVERED VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

Manufactory—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Herman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials. *Agents for Ottawa*—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot. Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until Noon of WEDNESDAY, the Sixth day of September next, for the widening of Sappers' Bridge and the construction of a new Bridge over the Rideau Canal to connect Wellington and Rideau Streets, according to the Engineer's plans and specifications, which may be seen at this office after the twentieth instant.

The bridges are to be constructed of iron and stone in a permanent manner, and may be let in one or more contracts as the City Council may decide after receiving the Tenders. The work is to be proceeded with at once, and good security will be required for the due performance of the contracts.

No tenders will be entertained unless made in the prescribed form. They are to be addressed to the undersigned, endorsed, "Tender for Bridges," and contain the names and addresses of two persons who are willing to become security for the contractor.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa 19th July, 1871. 1721td

THE "RURAL" SALOON, ELGIN STREET.

Having new changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON will be called

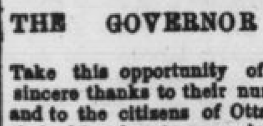
THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel. Strict attention to business. Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS



BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst,

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1683y

GARDEN —AND— FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,
CHEMIST, &c.,
Sparks St.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

SEEDS! SEEDS

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN —AND— FLOWER SEEDS.

A. CHRISTIE & CO.
(Late Alex. Christie.)
Druggists,
40, Sparks-st

Ottawa April 28, 1871

FOR SALE.

BRAE SIDE STEAM SAW MILL,

Situated near Arnprior, Province of Ontario, and extensive Timber Limits on the River Coulonge, Province of Quebec.

The Mill has just been completed, and is most substantially built and fitted with the most improved Machinery, and can manufacture 140,000 feet of lumber per day. It has an extensive piling ground attached to it. Being placed where the Brockville Railway runs beside the Ottawa River, the lumber manufactured by it may be sent direct to the United States market. The limits comprise about 280 square miles of valuable Pine Timber country, with two extensive and productive Farms, and having commodious Dwelling Houses, Storehouses and Stables erected on them. They are also supplied with a large stock of provisions, horse feed and shanty plant for next season's operations

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be had by applying to J. B. Lewis, Esq., Barrister, Ottawa, or from Mr. George Pubb's, at the offices of the Mill.

Ottawa, July 28, 1871. 1729 d&w4 lawk

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

Madoc, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., Ottawa.

Dear Sirs,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain.
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H MEADOWS &Co.

Medical:

MESSRS GABRIELS' CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE TEETH & GUMS AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE ARE SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD PREPARED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. DENTISTS LUDGATE HILL, LONDON E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S — ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweatens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 1 1871

DARLEY'S ARABIAN OIL FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1532tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET,

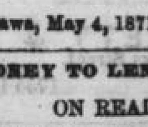
That COTTAGE, the property of N. Tetrau, Esq., Notary, in the Lower Village of Hull, with a handsome flower garden, stable, wood shed, ice house, &c., with or without the necessary firewood for next winter on the place. Mr. Tetrau having arranged for his residence in the dwelling adjoining his office, consented to the leasing of the property. For further information apply to N. TETREAU, N. P., Hull, P. Q. 1746 8

NOTICE.

TO LET, a Large OFFICE and THREE BEDROOMS well situated in the Aumond Block, west, end Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, July 11th, 1871. 1813 tf



HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chandiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

MONEY TO LEND ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,
Agent,

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers. &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 45utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 386tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treament of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces · Ontario and Quebec.
Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. 12 F C CLEMOW

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House. Ottawa.

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT,
NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MARCIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetrau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.
Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS OF TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

G. C. RAINBOTH,
Provincial Land Surveyor and Draughtsman, commissioned for the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.
Office: Aylmer, P. Q. 1722 tf

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740;

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS, —AND— DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,
ESTABLISHED 1866.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

T G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

1871. ICE! 1871.

ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street;

Ottawa, May 1649d

F. WILLIAMS,

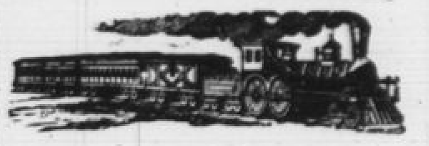
PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office,

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed.

Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

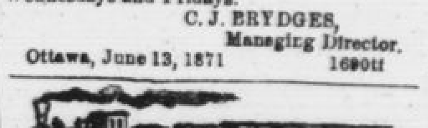
On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at .... 6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at....... 9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at..... 9.00 p.m
Mixed Train or Brockville, at.....11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at.................... 5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at 7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at.................... 8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at........... 2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston..........10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz.:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

Sussex-St., Ottawa.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

DOMINION HOUSE

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS, OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors at prices that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 6m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725,

Montreal, March 11, 1871 161 3y

CANADA AND U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

MORRISON'S

STEAM BISCUIT BAKERY

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your Orders are solicited, and will be PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO by

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,

Nos. 36 and 38 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

TANNERY,

PARK STREET, OTTAWA.

EDMOND GERMAIN, Proprietor.

All kinds of LEATHER for Sale, Wholesale, at reasonable prices.

ALSO,

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS WHOLESALE.

Of his own manufacture, at REDUCED PRICES.

19th August, 1871. 1746tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by The Ottawa Times Printing and Publishing Company, at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre), Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO 1777. OTTAWA, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Offers to the trade Gooderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Destillery under five barrels

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc.

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal

1685 3m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Receiv

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily)
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills.

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

☞ The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED ☜

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

☞ Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street

☞ OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND ☜

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL, Solicitor,

1746b Post Office Block.

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,

1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

100 CASES

HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT

"THE RED BOOT,"

OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overs,

MOCCASINS,

Laces & Boot Dressing

Which will be sold at the very lowest price possible,

Wholesale and Retail.

City and country dealers will find (on giving us a call) that they can be supplied at

Montreal Prices—Freight Added.

Having received a good part of our

Fall and Winter Goods

We are prepared to EXECUTE PROMPTLY all orders.

All summer goods selling at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Orders for Hand Made Custom Work attended to promptly.

A full sett of

Messrs. Ames, Millard & Co's Samples

of BOOTS and SHOES, always on view, and orders taken at lowest prices. One of our firm will wait on the merchants of Ottawa City and District soliciting orders.

Agents for wholesaling of Wm. Clendinneng's manufacture of *Stoves, Iron-furniture, Railings, Builders* and all kinds of *Plain and Fancy Castings.*

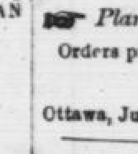
Agents for the celebrated

☞ *Plantagenet Mineral Water.* ☜

Orders promptly attended to.

LAMB & RODDEN,
No 28, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, July 20, 1871.



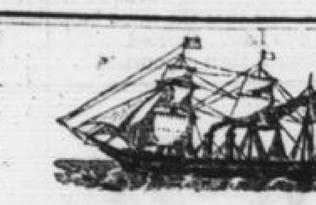
BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE, at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 88 Sussex Street, Ottawa.

1738 tNY SIMEON LEBEAU, Agent,



LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871. 1871.

The following first-class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES....J. James "
NIGER......W. Nisbett "
SEVERN....G. Butchart "

Are intended to Sail, as under, during the Season of 1871, between

LONDON,

QUEBEC and MONTREAL.

FROM LONDON.

MEDWAY ...Thursday, 10th August.
THAMES...... " 24th "
NIGER....... " 7th Sept.
SEVERN..... " 21st "
MEDWAY.... " 5th Oct.
THAMES..... " 19th "

AND FROM QUEBEC.

NIGER .....Thursday, 10th August.
SEVERN.... " 24th "
MEDWAY.... " 7th Sept.
THAMES.... " 21st "
NIGER...... " 5th Oct.
SEVERN.... " 19th "
MEDWAY... " 2nd Nov.
THAMES.... " 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $5 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW, Montreal.

or

T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co.'s Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, June 13th. 17e0y

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

All descriptions of property insured at moderate rates.

Tables of rates for Life Assurance and all information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

T. M. CLARKE, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 17e0y

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING

1871. SUMMER SERVICE. 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

NESTORIAN ....26th August.
SCANDINAVIAN ......2nd September
HIBERNIAN..............9th "
MORAVIAN..............15th "
SARMATIAN ....23rd "
PRUSSIAN...............30th "

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin ....$70 to $80
Steerage $25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN, on or about...31st Aug.
OTTAWA " ......7th Sept.
ST. DAVID " ......14th "
ST. ANDREW " ......21st "
ST. PATRICK " ......28th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin..............$67 25
Intermediate..............$47 or 44 00
Steerage..........................28 00

☞ An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths, Doeskins, Casimeres, English and Canadian Tweeds, Linens, Prints, Cottons, Dress Goods, &c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats, Pants, Vests, Shirts, Drawers, Under Shirts, &c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition,

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery, Neckties, Scarfs, Handkerchiefs, Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞ Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Third Annual Exhibition under the auspices of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society will take place on

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY,

SEPTEMBER 20TH, 21ST AND 22ND, 1871.

On the Society's Grounds adjoining the city limits

COMPETITION OPEN TO THE WORLD!

Nearly $3.000 is offered in Premiums

For Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, Agricultural and Horticultural Productions, Manufactures, Domestic Products, &c.

All parties may compete for prizes on payment of Two Dollars; Ladies on payment of One Dollar.

ENTRIES.

All entries must be made on printed forms, which may be had from the Secretary. These forms are to be filled up and signed by the Exhibitor, enclosing Two Dollars, which amount will entitle the Exhibitor to compete in all the departments.

The entries in each department must be made as follows:—

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before the 10th of SEPTEMBER.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery, and Manufactures generally SEPTEMBER 15th.

Horticultural Products, Flowers, Ladies' Work, &c., SEPTEMBER 18th.

The Society will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railroad Proprietors for carrying articles and passengers at reduced rates.

Arrangements will be made with the Customs Department for the free entry of articles for competition.

J B LEWIS, President.

A S WOODBURN, Sec. Treas.

Ottawa August 22. 1749t

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

OF THE

AGRICULTURAL & ARTS ASSOCIATION OF ONTARIO,

To be held at Kingston,

On the 25th to 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Persons intending to exhibit will please take notice that the Entries of articles in the respective classes must be made with the Secretary, at Toronto, on or before the undermentioned dates, viz:

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before Saturday, August 26th.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery and Manufactures generally, on or before Saturday, September 2nd.

Horticultural Products, Ladies' Work, the Fine Arts, &c., on or before Saturday, September 16th.

Prize Lists and Blank Forms ... obtained of the Secretaries of all Agricultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes throughout the Province.

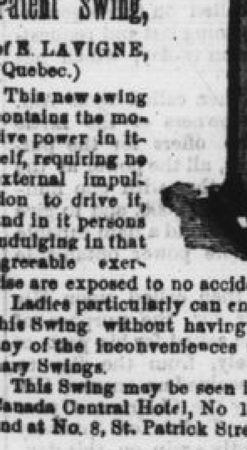
HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec'y Agricultural and Arts Association

Toronto, August 15, 1871. 1745-dn&w

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)



This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex Street, and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

RARE CHANCE.

The advertiser has received instructions to offer for SALE, by TENDER, at so much in the Dollar, as per Inventory Valuation,

A WELL ASSORTED TAILOR'S STOCK

Consisting of English Cloths, Canada Tweeds, Trimmings, &c., &c., amounting to over $4,000.

The Goods are all in first-class order, and have been well selected.

The above offers an excellent opportunity to any one about to commence business, as the goodwill can be secured.

Every information may be had by addressing Box 468, Montreal, and Stock Sheets can be seen on application to the undersigned.

Tenders will be received until the 26th instant. Parties making other than a CASH offer, will please name security.

C. BAILLIE,
181 St. James' Street,

Montreal, August 5th, 1871 1715: A

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD, Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

WANTED,

A good Carriage and Sleigh Maker, and Blacksmith, at Kinburn, Township of Fitzroy. A good business chance for both, with shop accommodations. Steady and good workmen only need apply.

ALLAN FRASER.

Kinburn, 2nd August 1871. 1733tf

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

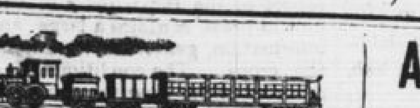
No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

☞ Terms, 40cts. per month.

Books bought, sold and exchanged.

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.



The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL!

On and from WEDNESDAY, 15th SEPT. Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 12:30 P.M
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East,

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1 15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 4:00 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6 45 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4 40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 6:30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10 25 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,

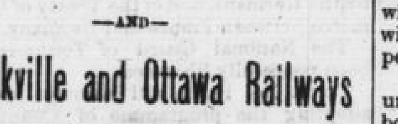
Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa Sept 9th, 1871



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.

Mail Train at 2:30 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 4:10 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 8:10 p.m., and at Sand Point at 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 5:20 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m. 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE SAND POINT—9:10 a.m.; 4:30 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT, Manager.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1761-y

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the BROCKVILLE and OTTAWA RAILWAY will be held at BROCKVILLE on the 10th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon a lease of the section of the said Railway lying between CARLETON PLACE and SAND POINT to the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun., Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY will be held at OTTAWA on the 11th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon the accepting of a lease from the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company of that section of their Railway lying between Carleton Place and Sand Point, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun., Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758

COUNTY OF CARLETON

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Annual Exhibition will take place on

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,

5th and 6th October,

at Bell's Corners, Nepean.

All SUBSCRIPTIONS should be paid before 1st September.

ENTRIES to be made before 3rd October.

PRIZE LISTS now ready and may be had from the Secretary at Ottawa, or at the different hotels, Bell's Corners.

A S WOODBURN, Secy.-Treas.

35 3

SALE OF PROPERTY.

In virtue of the Power of a Bond or Deed, DUNCAN McGREGOR, the elder, held from DUNCAN McGREGOR, the younger, both inhabitants of Huntley, do hereby offer for sale, by Public Auction, on the ground, the East Half of the West part of Lot No. 1, in the Twelfth Concession of Huntley, containing 50 acres, more or less. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, on MONDAY, 16th OCTOBER 1871.

D McGREGOR.

Sept 14, 1871.

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XLII.

THE PRIOR CLAIMANT.

(CONTINUED.)

There are wet days in May. It is the popular and poetical belief, I am aware, that May only exists to bring forth flowers on which the sun shines brightly.

"The sweetest month in all the year," say her admirers; possibly, but the most treacherous also. A bright day now—a rainy one to-morrow—a cutting east wind the next—a little frost the morning following.

Clearly May is young, and does not know her own mind, which may account, perhaps, for people being so fond of her, and writing such absurd verses in her praise.

Anyhow, then, let the month be what it will usually, there was one especial day in a particular month of May when the heavens were opened at Eclin, when it rained a straight-down even pour that swelled the hawthorn and soiled the June roses, and was good for the grass and the corn—so those learned in such matters declared.

At all events, it rained in torrents. So Mr. Hardell, standing in Mrs. Pryce's shop, remarked to that worthy lady; while she, politely giving him thirty penny stamps in exchange for half a crown, observed that the weather was very changeable.

"But you are looking a deal better than you did a couple of months back; indeed, I said that on Sunday to Jemima May, when I came in from church, 'Mr. Hardell looks awful, and I don't think he will be long among us.'"

"But you see I am here still," remarked Andrew, never inquiring *which* Sunday; an omission Mrs. Pryce was shrewd enough to notice at the time and remember afterwards.

"And I am sure, sir, I, for one, am most thankful. Eclin does not seem Eclin when you are away from it. Now, sir, are you quite positive there is nothing I can put up for Mrs. Hardell. I have just got in some beautiful Berlin wools—all new shades, sir;" and before he could suspect her design, she had the box down on the counter before him, and was exhibiting her wares.

Just at this juncture, with a rattle and a clatter, a fly from the railway station at St. Mark's drove up the one principal street Eclin boasted, and stopped at the post-office.

"Don't get down," shouted the fare to his coachman. "I'll inquire;" and forth with a man, muffled up to the chin in furs, with a fur cap pulled over his brows, stepped into the post office.

"Can you tell me, ma'am"—and with unusual politeness for an Englishman, he bowed his head while addressing Mrs. Pryce—"can you tell me, ma'am, the nearest way to the Hall?"

"Lord a mercy, yes, sir," she answered, looking involuntarily towards Mr. Hardell, who in his turn looked, as if compulsorily, to the stranger.

"Whom do you wish to see at the Hall, sir?" he asked, slowly and painfully.

"God bless me, Andrew—how changed you are!" exclaimed the stranger; and, moved by a sudden impulse, he held forth his hand.

"You mistake," was the answer, spoken in cold and measured terms; but Mrs. Pryce, looking at the speaker, could see an ashen gray overspread his face. "My name is Anthony, not Andrew. Surely you have not forgotten?"

"I had," the other replied; "pardon me."

... noticed the ... two, and formed her conclusions accordingly.

"Are you returning to the Hall?" the new-comer asked.

"No; I am going on to St. Mark's."

"And I have just come from it. Then we can return there together?"

"If you will give me a seat."

"And so," to quote Mr. Pryce's subsequent account of the transaction, "without any more to do Mr. Hardell walked out into the rain with the strange gentleman, who motioned Andrew to get in first."

"One moment," the latter exclaimed, and re-entering Mrs. Pryce's shop, he asked her to give him a sheet of paper and an envelope.

"Will you walk into the parlor, sir?" she suggested.

"No, thank you. I only want to write a line to my wife, and I must ask you to send it up as soon as possible." Having stated which fact, he scribbled in pencil the following note:

"DEAREST,—I am obliged to go to St. Mark's on business—possibly thence to London. Tell your father it concerns the succession. Most probably the matter will be settled one way or the other before I see you again.

"Yours, love, ever,

"A. H."

And then he hastily closed the envelope and handed the missive to Mrs. Pryce, and crossed the side-path and jumped into the fly; and drove off in the beating rain, as many a man in the old times drove off in the conveyance which was to bear him to Tyburn.

With the bells of St. Sepulchre tolling all the while—and there were other bells sad as those of St. Sepulchre's sounding in Andrew Hardell's ears as he looked in the face of that false, weak friend who had cursed his life all through.

Urged thereto by the laudable curiosity, Mrs. Pryce, so soon as Mr. Hardell's back was turned, retreated with his note into her private sanctum, held the adhesive seal over the spout of a kettle already boiling in anticipation of the afternoon dish of tea, opened the paper and read the words it contained, commenting upon them as follows:

"'Dearest'—couple of babies; old enough, I am sure, to know better. So he had not intended to go to St. Mark's till that foreign-looking gentleman came; 'possibly thence to London'—it is a strange thing for him to set off for London without even a change of linen. What can he mean—what succession? 'Yours, love, ever'—pack of rubbish; 'A. H.'—A stands for Anthony; yes, 'A. H.,' and the man who came here to-day called him Andrew. Well, there is some mystery in it all, and I should like to be at the bottom of it, 'dearest, that I should.'"

Having summed up her desires in which fashion, Mrs. Pryce re-sealed the note and sent it duly on to the Hall.

Meantime Andrew and his companion driving to St. Mark's mutually seemed to have agreed to defer all mention of the property, which had brought Anthony back to England until some more convenient opportunity. By the same mail which took out his advertisements to Australia, Andrew had despatched a letter to Anthony, informing him of the difficulty of his position—of the dilemma in which he was placed. This epistle he forwarded to an agent in Melbourne, requesting him to give it into Mr. Hardell's hands should he apply for it.

"You got my letter?" was, therefore, all Andrew asked.

"Yes," Anthony answered; and by the reply Andrew knew the other had considered the question, and that whatever decision he might have arrived at had been come to long before.

"Have you prospered in Australia?" Andrew asked, while the vehicle jolted over the country roads and the mud splashed upon the window glass.

Anthony laughed, but his laugh seemed forced and unreal. "Had I been prosperous, should I have not written to you?" he asked in return.

Hearing this, Andrew surveyed him more attentively. He did not look like a man with whom the world had gone badly; rather it seemed to him that his old friend must have made money and kept it, and spent it on himself. Well, time can not work miracles; and with a heavy singing at his heart, Andrew acknowledged mentally that Anthony Hardell who had gone out to Australia was returned unchanged—just the same selfish, self-indulgent, self-deluding Anthony who had sat on the green hill-side amidst the Southern Highlands and tempted Andrew to his fate,

But spite of all, after the long, long years of martyrdom he could never mean to make him pass through a worse ordeal even than that endured in Dumfries. He must remember the suffering his sin had wrought, and, now it lay in his power to make some amends, he would gladly do so.

Leaning back in his carriage, he was pursuing some such train of thought, when suddenly Anthony, who had exhausted all ordinary topics of conversation, and had wearied even of piling up evil epithets concerning the weather, suddenly woke him from his reverie by inquiring, "Why did you not take me to your house?"

If he had discharged a pistol at his ear Anthony could not have been more startled. This cool ignoring of the contents of his letter filled him with an inexpressible dismay, but he forced himself to answer calmly,

"Because my wife does not know there is such a person in existence—I mean, she is aware there is a nearer claimant than myself; but not that he is Anthony Hardell."

"Good heavens! You do not mean to say you have not told her yet?" the other exclaimed in a gradual crescendo.

"Did you expect I should tell her?" Andrew inquired: in reply to which his companion, looking out of the window, only muttered, "Here is a pretty mess."

Then ensued an awkward silence, that was at length broken by Anthony, who began to speak of his voyage and of his life in Australia with more of the manner of old times than had yet been the case. There might be a difficulty ahead, but he for one had no intention of meeting it half-way. No doubt it could be got over somehow, and in the mean time he made himself so pleasant that Andrew's hopes sunk to zero,

Well enough he understood that Anthony meant to keep his own. His misery—his wretched position—the weary years of duplicity—the genius wasted—the life wrecked—what did all these things matter to Anthony, who had suffered none of them himself?

Aye, what indeed?" and yet, though Andrew Hardell knew all hope was over, he still, scarcely hearing his companion's easy flow of words, went clinging to straws—pitching out ropes attached to nothing for his own despairing hands to grasp.

Arrived at St. Mark's, they repaired to the principal hotel, which was called the "Antelope," and there Anthony ordered dinner at once to be prepared and served in a private room.

Here, however, Andrew interposed—

"The private room, if you please, for I want to speak to you, but no dinner for me, thank you."

"Why, do you mean to say you will not eat with me?" the other demanded; unmindful of the presence of a waiter who stood listening to the discussion.

"I think it extremely probable I never shall," Andrew answered; "but suppose we finish our business first, and then talk about dinner after."

"Oh, confound business!" exclaimed Anthony; "why need we speak of it at all?"

"We *must* speak of it, so let there be an end to this," said the other, almost fiercely; whereat Anthony shrugged his shoulders, ... pleasant welcome back ... land," followed Andrew into a large bare drawing-room, the windows of which overlooked the sea.

"I want to make one remark before you say a word," began Anthony, after he had closed the door, coming up to where Andrew stood contemplating the dreary shore which had been left bare by the retreating tide, "I hope you are not going to quarrel with me. Remember, it is not my fault that I am heir to this property."

"You received my letter?" Andrew said.

"Yes, and read it carefully. It was written evidently under the influence of strong excitement. You must know I can not do what you want."

"Why not?"

"Why?" repeated Anthony, "only reflect, my dear fellow, how can I give you my inheritance? How can I make you myself, or myself you? I am quite willing, nay, wishful to meet you in any money question."

"It is not money I want," interrupted Andrew.

"But," went on the other desperately, "as for any different arrangement, I tell you at once it is impossible. Even were I willing, and could do all you wish, my wife would never hear of it."

To be continued.

A GOOD SENSATION STORY.

One of the most touching incidents of the late war has yet to be recorded. When the Prince de Salm-Salm returned to Europe after the death of the Emperor Maximilian at Queretero, the Archduchess Sophia appointed the Princess to an official post at Schoenbrunn. The Princess soon became the bosom friend and companion of the Archduchess, who still refused to be comforted for the loss of her favorite son. The Prince meanwhile had joined the army and fell at Gravelotte. The Princess, although entirely deprived of all fortune by the deplorable event of Mexico, and wholly dependent on the bounty of the Archduchess, hesitated not to sacrifice the sum of 5,000 francs—all she possessed—to recover her husband's remains. The watch the signal of recognition of the body, besides the usual token of uniform and accoutrements, was of peculiar make, a present from the Emperor Maximilian, and of pure gold—to which was attached a chain of the same material, with a locket containing a small photographic portrait of the Princess, with the initials of husband and wife, and the motto, four times repeated, "For ever mine," in German, English, French and Spanish. For a considerable time no hope was entertained of the recovery of the body, when at last the 5 000f. reward was claimed by a certain peasant of Gravelotte who had discovered the body of an officer in uniform, too much decomposed, however, to be recognisable but in whose pocket the watch was found, with a portion of the chain still attached. The printed description distributed all over the country made it familiar enough to the inhabitants. The reward was cheerfully paid, although the chain was broken and the locket containing the Princess' likeness was gone. The body was brought to Vienna, and then interred with all due reverence, and the Princess de Salm went to pray each day beside the tomb. Last week intelligence arrived from the Mayor of Gravelotte, declaring that the real body of the Prince de Salm had been found in a little wood on the hill beside the battle field, and as a proof of the identity, in spite of the utter impossibility of recognition, the pocket book, marked with the Prince's cypher, containing several letters addressed to him by the Princess, were discovered beside him, and the remnants of a gold chain, to which was attached the locket containing the portrait of the Princess, were found still clutched in the grasp of the skeleton fingers of the corpse! The announcement has produced the greatest sensation in Vienna, and the supposition is that the watch must have been found in the possession of a robber, and that the Prince had succeeded in tearing the portrait from his grasp!

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

VARIETIES.

The Queen of Denmark is on a visit to her son, the King of Greece.

Cruikshank has illustrated the Paris Commune:

A new style of fan has just appeared, made of satin and lace, which, when opened, is in the shape of a butterfly

The New York *Mail* says a young lady of sixteen last week married a widower aged sixty years, and blessed with six young children.

At the burial of Walter Montgomery, his wife knelt over his grave and dropped therein the orange flowers worn at her wedding two days before.

A lilliputian bride, only twenty-seven inches in height, was recently married in Rochester to a gentleman of medium height.

A California paper reports that the big tree known as "Andy Johnston," in the Mariposa Grove fell with a great crash not long since.

The Hartford *Times* says that the Connecticut tobacco crop is so large that the farmers are actually bothered to find room to stow in; and this curious fact has in many places delayed the cutting.

After long scientific researches, eminent French *savants* declare that the excessive use of brandy and of absinthe differ in results, brandy producing tremors and delirium, while absinthe superinduces epilepsy.

An East Indian policeman has got into trouble through his ingenuity in giving a native woman a galvanic shock for the purpose of inducing a confession. The woman went immediately and committed suicide, on the supposition that the evil one had hold of her.

Frolicking young men of Bath, England, having revived the ancient amusement of wrenching the knockers from the houses of peaceful citizens, the watch committee of that city effectually stopped the practice by imposing a fine of five shillings upon every policeman on whose beat an offence of this kind was committed.

The actual sale of "The Battle of Dorking," in pamphlet form, and exclusive of the seven editions of *Blackwood's Magazine* containing it, has been up to the present time just over 110,000.

Private advices from the most trustworthy and best informed sources in Massachusetts confirm the indications gathered from the lists of delegates elected, that General Butler has no longer any considerable prospect of nomination by the Republican Convention.

It is reported that King Charles of Sweden is about to marry a daughter of the King of Denmark. If so, there will be a new geneological puzzle—for the King of Sweden's daughter is already married to the King of Denmark's son; the new bridegroom will therefore become his own daughter's brother-in-law, and the Danish Crown Prince will be son of his own sister.

The *Shaker* gleefully remarks than an English journal, descanting on the various degrees of connubial bliss, states that the official record for the city of London for one year, stands thus: Runaway husbands, 2,348; runaway wives, 1,132; married parties legally divorced, 4,175; married parties living in open warfare, 17,345; married parties living in private misunderstanding, 13,210; married parties regarded as comfortable, 3,185; married parties nearly happy, 127; married parties perfectly happy, 13.

When Mr. Greeley undertook to sign his name in the hotel register at Chicago, the clerk, following the pen, got excited over the inky mystery, and, forgetting his politeness in his astonishment, burst forth with the exclamation; "Mr. Greeley! do you call that a signature? Why, it looks like a field of Norwegian oats after a cyclone!" The veteran made no reply, but, crushing down a sickly smile and abstractedly depositing his carpet bag on the back of the clerks head as he bent over to examine the strange legend noiselessly vanished.

A Luxemburg paper relates that the King of Holland has just had a narrow escape from a terrible death. The King was approaching a level crossing on the Utrecht Railway at the very moment when an express train was about to pass at great speed. The coachman, unaware of the danger, was driving up to the crossing, and inevitably both he and the King would have been smashed to pieces had not a bystander rushed forward and, at the peril of his life, pushed back the horses of the carriage. Scarcely had this been done when the train whirled past, and the King fell back almost unconscious at the sight of the peril he had escaped. A few moments after the King asked to see the man to whom he owed his life, but the unknown benefactor had departed, leaving no trace behind, and not all the efforts of the grateful monarch have been yet able to bring him to light.

Mr. Gladstone has made a singular exhibition of loss of temper on the hustings on account of the success of "The Battle of Dorking." In a recent speech at Whitby he referred to that remarkable squib as part of a system of "alarmism" by which the people of England were to be prejudiced, if possible, against the Liberal Government. This was not only a lamentable want of tact, but a discovery of extreme sensitiveness—but which a member of the cabinet should never have been guilty. "The Battle of Dorking" has meanwhile been published in the *Swiss Review* (formerly of Geneva.) In a German translation, for the benefit of the Continental public.

There can scarcely be a more pleasing diversion to ladies of artistic taste than in the arrangement of the richly tinted leaves and grasses of autumn into bouquets and fanciful ornaments for the mantle or centre table, and nothing can be more beautiful than some of these specimens of this domestic art. The season for procuring those beautiful specimens is fast approaching, when the attraction will be largely engaged in. Home can be made more attractive by a little care and painstaking in making every thing tell in its own peculiar way, and the effects are not soon lost. Autumn leaves can be preserved through the entire winter with proper care.

LOSSES OF THE FRENCH.

The losses of the French in every way, have been enormous. About 2,000 cannon were surrendered to the Germans at the capitulation of Paris. In the various battles of the war, as many more were captured and small arms to the number of many hundred thousand. As to the losses in men, the *Army and Navy Journal* says: "More than 903,000 have been captured, and more than a million living men placed *hors de combat* by capture and flight to neutral ground. This gives an average of 5,000 captures a day; and, with the dead of battle and sickness, the French have lost probably six or seven thousand men a day, incredible as it may seem." By the cession of territory, France loses 7,400 square miles and something more than 2,000,000 people. The debt of France last year was some $2,750,000,000. Add $250,000,000 for the balance of the war indemnity, after $750,000,000 of requisitions and fines already made are deducted, and the amount is $3,000,000,000. But France must yet pay these $750,000,000 of fines, &c. The Prussian exactions are not merely private losses,—they are sacrifices for which the losers may look to the French Government for indemnity. So that in reality the $3,000,000,000 is swollen to $3,750,000,000. To this add $750,000,000 as the cost of the war to France, and we have a grand aggregate debt of $4,500,000,000. This will leave France with the largest debt in the world.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety

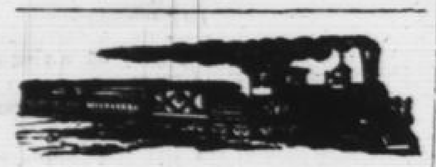
DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa

Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y



THE

St. Lawrence & Ottawa

RAILWAY Co.

OTTAWA, 21st Sept., 1871.

VOLUNTEER REVIEW

at Prescott on

TUESDAY, 26th SEPTEMBER.

Upwards of 4,000 men on the Field.

This Company will give

RETURN TICKETS

to Prescott and back at a

SINGLE FARE

on TUESDAY, the 26th inst.

to enable the Public to attend the Grand Volunteer Review and Sham Fight to take place at Prescott on that day in presence of

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL

the Hon. the Minister of Militia and Defence, the Adjutant General, and a large and brilliant staff.

Trains will leave Ottawa at 7 and 11 a.m., by either of which passengers will reach Prescott in time to witness the Review.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director.
R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent.

1775 4

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Satsuma's Royal Japanese—J. E. Noble.
Notice to lumbermen and others—W. Reid & Co.
By-law—Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1871.

The Ottawa Times.

On our FIRST PAGE will be found:
A Life's Assize (continued).
A Good Sensation Story.
Varieties.
Losses of the French.

The Intercolonial Railway Commissioners meet here to-day.

THE IMMIGRATION CONFERENCE.

It is gratifying to know that the labors of the late Immigration Conference have had a good practical result, and that a line of policy likely to be acceptable to the Governments and people of each and all of the provinces has been decided upon. When the scheme thus agreed upon by the Conference shall have been accepted by the various Provincial Governments it will be made public. Of course it is not to be expected or desired that it should be publicly announced before. We are glad to find that the gentlemen representing the English Immigration Societies who, from the very nature of their position would most as assuredly not have been contented had anything like apathy or a want of earnestness of purpose been displayed by the Dominion Government, express themselves as being well satisfied with the result of the conference and look forward to the best results from it. We may here mention that a paragraph which appeared in the Ottawa correspondence of the Toronto *Globe* of Friday last in relation to the proceedings at the Immigration Conference is as usual incorrect in every particular.

Should the late Conference result, as there is good reason to hope that it will do in a largely increased emigration from Great Britain and Europe to this country, we shall have good reason to regard it as an event fraught with the most important results to us and our future. That Canada should attract a larger share of the annual emigration from the Old World than she does at present, a share more fairly proportionate to the attractions which she offers to the honest and industrious of all nations, is absolutely essential to our future progress. We have in our possession an immense territory which it is our mission to bring as speedily as may be within the realm of civilization. Gradually we must make our way across the prairies, push our outposts up the beautiful valleys of the Saskatchewan and Assiniboine, conquering by the arms of peaceful industry more and more of this broad continent from the domain of solitude and silence. But to do this we must have plenty of strong arms and stout hearts. Only let the truth be known about Canada, only let her attractions and resources be fully understood and there are thousands of young men in the old country who would gladly come and help to carry on this noble work, instead of

"Living dully sluggardized at home
Wearing out the time in shapeless idleness".

NEW YORK CORPORATION FRAUDS.

We have not cared to follow through all its tortuous windings the miserable history of the New York Corporation swindles. We have read and seen enough, however, to convince us that nowhere in history can be found instances of more gross official corruption than those of which the members of the Ring have been guilty. The people of New York owe a deep debt of gratitude to the *N. Y. Times* for having brought these swindles to light. Nor has the whole, or nearly the whole been told of the villainy which has been perpetrated by the "City Fathers" of Gotham. Not a day passes without some fresh instance of downright deliberate thieving being brought to light. We only hope that the influence of the respectable classes in New York will be sufficiently powerful to wrest the power out of the hands of those who have so long been living on the public treasury, and to vest the government of the city in men who have some claim to a decent character and an honest name, which is certainly more than members of the "Tammany Ring" possess.

WEST TORONTO.

The enquiry into the West Toronto election proves that the grossest bribery was practised by the Grits, and that Mr. Crooks will be unseated seems certain, in fact the *Globe* almost acknowledges that such will be the result. It appears that Mr. Crooks contributed $1,200, and the immaculate Mr. Brown himself $100 towards the corruption fund. The Grit organ admits that there was more money spent than there ought to have been, but then it says, Mr. Crooks published a number of copies of the law against bribery which he distributed among the electors, and if he and his friends had intended to bribe them he would not have done this! The truth is that it only serves to illustrate a fact which has long been patent to us, viz: that of all the unblushing political humbugs on the face of the earth there is nothing to exceed an Ontario Grit. Always prating about political purity, incessantly charging their opponents with being guilty of corruption, there are no men more ready to wallow through the mire of dishonesty in order to obtain their ends than these self asserting Grits. The only claims they possess to the name of "Liberal" are the liberal manner in which they make use of bribes and undue influences to gain their purposes, and the liberality with which they heap abusive epithets upon their political foes.

THE GRAND TRUNK CROP REPORT.

Want of space has prevented us from publishing the whole of the Grand Trunk crop report, a copy of which we received some days since. These annual reports published by the direction of Mr. Brydges, are exceedingly valuable, affording as they do, an idea of the actual result of the harvest in a most concise and intelligible form. A perusal of the report justifies us in asserting that never has Canada been blessed with a more splendid harvest than that of 1871, and more especially is this the case, in Ontario. It seems that the yield of fall wheat will average thirty five bushels per acre, and the area sown being considerably larger than usual, the total quantity of fall wheat will be very large. Spring wheat is also a good crop though the breadth sown is comparatively small. Barley will average about 28 bushels to the acre and the quality is excellent. Other crops are fully up to the average.

"AN EYE FOR AN EYE, &c."

A school mistress was lately brought before a Police Magistrate in London, charged with biting one of her pupils. Upon being asked what she had to say in defence, she stated that it was quite true that she had bitten him but he had first bitten another scholar younger than himself, and acting upon the old principle of "an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth," she had thought it only right and proper to inflict the same torture upon him which he had inflicted upon his companion. Perhaps there may at first sight seem to be a certain amount of rude old fashioned justice in the theory thus put into practice by this interesting female, but if brought into general use, it would certainly be attended with some very inconvenient and disagreeable results. In her case for instance, it would have been the duty of the magistrate, instead of fining her forty shillings and costs as he did, to have bared her right arm and bitten a piece out of it in open court. So in cases of gouging our worthy Police magistrate would be compelled to insert his thumb and finger beneath the prisoner's eye ball and dexterously eject that organ from its socket, while a culprit convicted of assaulting another and knocking some of his teeth down his throat, would be compelled to stand before the magistrate, while that official administered a rousing blow upon what the late Mr. Langham would have called the "domino box" of the unhappy prisoner. The London magistrate in the case referred to evidently saw what a vast amount of inconvenience would follow if this theory of *lex talionis* were brought into general practice. So not content with fining her, he delivered a long oration for the benefit of the public, on the impropriety of attempting to revive the old doctrine of "an eye for an eye, and a tooth for a tooth."

THE LATE MR. PAPINEAU.

It is our painful duty this morning to announce the death of the Hon. Louis Joseph Papineau, which took place at Montebello, on the Ottawa, on Saturday last. Mr. Papineau had been ill for some weeks, and his recovery was, we believe, considered doubtful from the first. Everyone who is familiar with Canadian history is acquainted with the career of the remarkable man who has just passed away. The son of a statesman, Louis Joseph Papineau, was trained in the same political arena as his talented sire, and derived from him many of the views and sentiments, which afterwards guided him in public life. We are not going to applaud or defend his political course; but looking back from the standpoint of Responsible Government to the period when Papineau led the Opposition van in Lower Canada, we cannot help thinking that the political system which then prevailed, was rotten and corrupt and full of abuses. At the late hour at which we write, we cannot find room for an extended notice of the departed statesman, and must therefore refer our readers to a well written sketch of him which appears in Mr. Morgan's *Celebrated Canadians*. Mr. Papineau, like Lord Brougham, had long outlived his day and generation; but there are still living some Canadians who remember his almost matchless eloquence and the skill with which he endeavoured to remove the disabilities under which his countrymen laboured.

According to the London *Times* the Hampshire Campaign has shown, in the opinion of all competent military critics, that the English artillery is the equal of any in the world, if not the best. There were ninety guns present on the field, and ninety more are ready at any moment. The only fault about them was that they had too much polish for actual use. Wellington, we are told, had one hundred and eighty guns at Waterloo, and the present one hundred and eighty of the British army at home will speedily be increased to three hundred and sixty, which are amply sufficient for the purposes of defence. On the other hand the transport service is pronounced to be greatly deficient. If all the strength of the army had without respect for the demands for the service elsewhere, there might have been sufficient transport for the service of a column of 15,000 men. What, asks the *Times*, would be the condition of things, therefore, if a regular army of 100,000 required transport.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 23.

The $500 meat market tax is making great commotion, the citizens being determined to have markets where they like, and at such points in the city as suits their convenience, irrespective of the old market monopoly. They insist on the removal of the present oppressive impost.

The report of the Special Committee on Salaries got its quietus last evening. There was some discussion as to whether the committee was legally dead or alive; had their report been finally disposed of or did it still exist with the same vitality as when first presented. The Mayor ruled that it did, where upon Councillor Nelson moved that it be rejected, and that no further action be taken in the matter. A number of amendments were proposed, but the Council could not agree to any, and Councillor Nelson's main motion was finally carried; thus ends their abortive business.

The lacrosse match to day terminated in favor of the Montreal Shamrocks, with no absolute struggle, with the Toronto Club, which gives additional *eclat* to the former already famous association of players.

Daniel Manniage was killed this evening by a wall falling on him, against which was leaning several tons of iron. The inquest is now sitting.

A house in Chenneville St. fell last evening burrying a man, name unknown, in the ruins.

The Weather is still cold.

ST. OCTAVE, P. Q.

ST. OCTAVE, P. Q., Sept. 23.

The following testimonial was presented to Capt. Bacquet, of the steamship *Gaspe*, off Metis, on the 22nd instant:

We, the passengers on board the steamer *Gaspe*, from Newcastle to Quebec, have experienced heavy gales during the equinox on the 21st and 22nd and feel it our duty before parting first to tender our thanks to the Almighty for his care in preserving us, also to Capt. Bacquet, his officers and crew for the energy and skill displayed by them during our perilous voyage; also to the stewardess for her unremitting attention to the lady passengers.

(Signed,)
REVD. ROBERT SEDGWICK,
JAMES COTTON, Ottawa,
W. S. McFARLANE,
WM. HARTLY,
DUNCAN McDONALD,
H. J. BAIRD,
W. J. FRASER,
J. C. CHARLEBOIS,
MRS. A. DELISLE & Daughter, Montreal.
D. McKENZIE,
J. M. LEMOINE, Quebec,
And forty-five others.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—Rev. Geo. H. Vibbert, Massachussetts, delivered an address in favour of the temperance cause last evening, before a crowded audience in the Town Hall, Bermingham.

The [illegible] still burning and there are frequent explosions.

A heavy gale prevails in the channel. No disasters are reported.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 24.—The Minister of Foreign Affairs, has despatched a courier to Berlin, with the amended Custom's treaty. The French statesmen are sanguine in its ratification.

The *Journal des Debats* attacks Thiers for his protection policy, and predicts unfriendly relations with England and Belguim if persevered in.

The *La France* announces that the meeting of Republican Deputies of the Left in the Assembly will be held at Versailles on the 2nd of October.

VERSAILLES, Sept. 23.—Herr Von Arnim, the German representative of the Government of France, has filed with the Minister of Foreign Affairs a protest against the excesses committed by the French people of Lyons and its vicinity upon the Germans resident in that city and its neighborhood which it is alleged have been shamefully abused and maltreated. The protest is couched in most energetic though temperate language and calls on behalf of the Emperor and people of Germany for redress.

The subject of the renewal of the Anglo-French Commercial Treaty of 1860 is under discussion by President Thiers and the British Ambassador Lord Lyons.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Sept. 24.—Senor Montero Rios will probably be chosen President of the Cortes.

The King of Spain, accompanied by Prince Humbert, of Italy, has arrived at Manreta.

PORTUGAL.

LISBON, Sept. 24.—The King has prorogued the session of the Cortes until the 2nd of January, 1872. A decree for its final dissolution, and for the election of new members is expected to follow.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, Sept. 24.—King Victor Emmanuel is in Milan to day. He will go to Verona to-morrow.

The review and manœuvres of the army have been postponed until Tuesday when they will take place at Caldiero.

From Verona the King will proceed to Venice, where he is expected to arrive on the 27th inst.

Latest American Telegrams,

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—In the Criminal Branch of the City Court of Brooklyn today, Dr. Perry, convicted of manslaughter in the fourth degree in having caused the death of Emily A. Post by procuring abortion. The prisoner was sentenced to the State prison for two years.

CHARLESTON, S.C., Sept. 24.—Nine deaths have occurred from yellow fever within the past 48 hours.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Sept., 24.—Private despatches from Vicksburg and Jackson, Miss., state that there were 12 new cases of yellow fever yesterday.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—The imports in this port last week were $8,508,299, nearly one million more than for the corresponding week last year.

At a meeting of the workingmen last evening to decide on a general strike in most of the trades throughout the United States and Canada early next spring, measures were adopted for a permanent organization to sustain and render it successful.

Captain Geo. Leach having returned from Liverpool yesterday, voluntarily surrendered himself to await his trial for scuttling his ship *Enterpe*, off the coast of Brazil last summer. The owners of the ship assert Leach's innocence.

Ashbury's yacht Lavonia had her bow stove in by her anchor on the 5th inst., was three days out from the coast and returned to Portland, England, for repairs.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept 24.—A three story brick iron front block, on the south side of Market street, opposite Sansome street, were totally destroyed by fire. It contained 8 stores, seven of which were occupied as wholesale establishments. The loss will be about one million dollars.

A *World's* special, dated London, Sept. 24th, says:—The Congress of the International Society has adjourned after making arrangement for the movements in Germany and Spain.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—The monthly report of the Department of Agriculture, now in press, contains a large amount of information, general and local, concerning the crops. The condition of corn, as reported in the August returns, was high, except in the Southern States, and the reports for September are equally favorable in the Eastern and Middle States, and still more encouraging in the States of Mississippi and Missouri, and somewhat less in Ohio Valley. The wheat report is far less than the returns of spring and early summer, except as far as relates to the Eastern and Middle States. The amount grown in the South is small, but the low condition there will affect the supply but little. The depreciation is about 10 per cent. in the west, which will be partially off set by the increase of area. Barley—below the average. Buckwheat—less in quantity than usual. Rye—nearly average crop. Hay greatly reduced in quantity but of excellent quality. Potatoes nearly average. Sweet potatoes crop a full one. The sugar will probably increase 30 per cent.

NATCHEZ, Miss., 24.—Twenty cases and eleven deaths from yellow fever have been reported to the Board of Health since its organization. One death and two new cases are reported to day and eight cases were reported this afternoon at Vandalia, La.

SATURDAY'S MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept 23:—The General Trans atlantic steamship *Lafayette*, which had just arrived at Havre from New York, has been burned with her cargo at former port.

Commodore Ashbury sailed from Liverpool to-day, in the steamship *Java* for New York.

The steamships *West Phalia* and *Cuba* from New York, arrived out.

LONDON, Sept, 23.—The Government, at at the request of Moran, have permitted General Barnard and Captain Summer to attend the army manœuvres at Aldershot.

The American officers dined to-day with the officers of the British army at Woolwich.

General Blumenthæ will also witness the field operations.

A correspondence of the *Independence Belge* positively asserts that Napoleon has advanced money to bribe a French regiment to arrest the leading members of the present Government of France.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 23.—An interview was held yesterday by Herr Von Arnim and Count De Chambord.

President Thiers will remain at Versailles until after the settlement of the question of the evacuation of French territory by the Germans, and of the Treaty of Commerce between France and Germany.

The National Guard of Toulouse has been peacefully disarmed.

Count De Paris will shortly appear, adopting the programme of Count de Chambord. The Count D'Aumale opposes the movement of his nephew.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Sept. 23.—Additional reinforcements to the Spanish garrison at Melilli have been forwarded from Matags.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—The steamer *Abyssinian*, from Liverpool, has arrived.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 23.—A despatch from San Diego says that the English ship *Lalanera*, from Newcastle for San Francisco, went ashore in San Ramon Bay, Lower California, and was lost.

The captain of the ship *Carrie Reed*, from Liverpool, reports seeing the wreck of an iron ship in Good Success Bay, Terra Del Fuego. There were a tent and boat on shore which had been recently abandoned.

SALT CITY, Sept. 22.—Subpœnas were issued to bring before the grand jury Brigham Young and some fourteen of his wives, and George A. Smith, who ranks next to Brigham Young in the Mormon Church, but they have not yet been found. There is considerable excitement among both the Mormons and the Gentiles.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Sept. 22.—Eight deaths from Yellow fever has occured during the last twenty-four hours.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—The Tweed demonstration last night was very large in point of numbers. Tweed's piaza was filled with a great crowd, and was brilliantly illuminated.

DOMINION NOTES.

Wild duck have been plentiful at Long Point this season.

Fifty geese were captured in Port Hope streets in one day.

Mr. Tooley, M.P.P. for East Middlesex, has returned after a three months' absence in England.

The Rev. Mr. Punshon is expected back from England this week.

It is said at Montreal that a company of Canadian capitalists, with Sir Hugh Allan at their head, are reported as ready to undertake the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

A citizen of Montreal has been sentenced to pay six dollars and costs, or to go to jail for thirty days, for refusing to tell the census enumerator the ages of his unmarried daughters. The girls advised the old gentleman to go to jail.

The Quebec *Mercury* says a firm in Kamouraska have inaugurated a new business. They pack, in hermetically sealed boxes, sardines which are caught in vast numbers in the St. Lawrence, and which equal in flavor those imported from Europe. The resources of the fisheries are only now being developed and new branches of industry opened up, and the sardine trade, if properly conducted, should be equal in success to any local enterprise yet undertaken.

Mr. Johnstone, ex-reeve of Huron, met with an accident, which, says the Kincardine *Review*, will be a great injury to him for some time to come. It appears that as he was getting out of his waggon after night, his horses started forward, throwing him out on his left shoulder, breaking his collar bone and causing considerable injuries. The fractured bone was set by Dr. Johnstone, and we learn that he is now doing as well as can be expected.

The *Manitobian* publishes a detailed statement of the imports of Manitoba for the seven months ending with July last, which shows that the new Province is likely to be a large importer from the older sections of the Domion and from Great Britain. A great deal is, by reason of their close proximity, imported from the United States, bot by far the greater portion is from Canadian and English markets.

Information has been received from Palatka, Fla., to the effect that a large portion of the Orange country has been changed into a lake, and that houses and people have been engulfed. The gentleman who furnishes this information states that while on his way from Orlando to Miltonville, on horseback, he noticed that his horse commenced bogging and as he proceeded, from the sounds in the rear, he became alarmed. The bogging grew worse as he progressed, until he had to dismount. The sounds in his rear increased more and more, and became more and more alarming and the route in front more boggy. At last, after great exertions, both he and his horse reached solid ground. Turning to examine into the cause of those fearful sounds in his rear he saw the most terrific and appalling sights. The first thing that attracted attention was that the trees were moving, first a giratory motion of the top, then some sinking gradually out of sight, the tops revolving more and more rapidly as it sunk and disappeared, others following, and as they fell revolving and describing arcs of a circle against the sky. Then the whole earth, as far as eye could reach, sinking and its place supplied by a sea of waters, rushing, seething, boiling, with a noise of mighty cataracts casting to the surface the roots, tops or bodies of pines and oak. It is well known that a large portion of Florida is of comparatively recent formation; that it has for a basis coral and rotten rock; that many of the rivers and lakes have subterranean channels and outlets, and that there are many what are called "lime sinks." The late heavy and long continued rains, by which the earth has been thoroughly saturated and the subterranean channels swollen, are calculated to produce subterranean changes. It is not impossible nor improbable that there is truth in the story.

ANOTHER "STAMPEDE" AT ALDERSHOT.

From the London Standard, Sept. 4.

A report says: On Friday and Saturday the Second Dragoon Guards (Queen Bays) arrived from Colchester and took up their quarters on Cove Common. The strength of the corps, which is commanded by Col. Seymour, is twenty-three officers, 468 men, and on Saturday, 370 horses. The horses were picketed according to the new system. A few minutes after nine o'clock, 76 horses suddenly broke loose from the right wing of the regiment and galloped madly in all directions. The vast expanse of common ground in the locality is intersected by the Basingstroke Canal and numerous ditches, into which many of the animals plunged, and were rescued with difficulty from drowning or suffocation. The lives of some of the pursuers were placed in great danger, owing to their ignorance of the locality, and one man narrowly escaped drowning in a large reservoir in which three horses were found swimming about. About a dozen soldiers entered the water breast high, and just as the man referred to was about to seize a horse the animal plunged away, and the poor fellow sank beyond his depth. He was rescued with difficulty by two comrades, and remained some time in an exhausted condition. Of the number of horses that broke loose no less than twenty-four were officers' chargers. A horse belonging to Captain Greatorex had an eye cut out, while another broke its leg so severely that the bone protruded a considerable distance through the skin, and it was obliged to be shot. At five o'clock yesterday the number dead did not exceed three, but four were so seriously injured that it was feared they would have to be shot; and others were badly lacerated in various places, while seventeen were still at large, and scouts were searching the country for miles in every direction.

A meeting of the officers was held yestesday to inquire into the circumstances, and shortly afterwards directions were issued to the men to tether their horses according to the system formely used. The First Life Guards have also resumed the old system. The cause of the stampede on Saturday night is attributed to a runaway horse from an adjacent camp.

CITY COUNCIL.

CITY HALL,
Ottawa, Sept. 19, 1871.

Special meeting called for the purpose of considering the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee.

Present—His Worship the Mayor and Aldermen Baldwin, O'Connor, Bangs, Woodburn, Rowe, Mosgrove, Featherston, Cunningham, McDougall, Taillon, Martineau, Lapierre, Kehoe, Heney.

The Secretary of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society presented Exhibition Badges to the members of the Council.

1. Moved by Ald. Featherston seconded by Ald. Cunningham that the thanks of this Council be rendered to the President and Directors of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society for the favours presented its members; and that the City Clerk be requested to convey the same. Carried.

Ald. Mosgrove presented Report No. 7 of the Water Works Committee.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

The Water Works Committee in this their Seventh Report beg leave to submit that in accordance with the resolution of the Corporation they called upon the following owners of sites proposed for Water Works, viz: Messrs. Bronson & Young who own the gully from Broad Street to the slide channel, and asked them for the necessary information, which they promised to give at an early day. Owing to the interest felt in the matter, the Chairman of your Committee accompanied by Alderman Taillon called on those gentlemen on Saturday evening last and requested an answer by noon to-day, which has not been received.

Your Committee then called upon Ald. Baldwin, one of the owners of the Little Chaudiere Site, who offers for the purpose of Water Works, all the power at the Little Chaudiere, together with one hundred ocres of land, for $25,000, and to give the said property and build a dam capable of utilizing the whole power obtainable there, for $35,000.

Your Committee then called upon His Worship the Mayor for the purpose of learning the sum he asked for his part of the "Gully," namely, from the Bay to Broad Sheet, and received no answer. His Worship was seen by the Chairman of your Committee and Ald. Taillon on Saturday last, and subsequently again on this day, when he replied that he had no property to sell. His Worship was then asked if he had any property to give? when he stated he had given his answer.

Your Committee, after carefully considering the Report of D. M. Greene, and finding the same not conclusive, requested Mr. Louis Lesage, of the City of Montreal, to visit our city for the purpose of advising on the most eligible site for the construction of Water Works; and after a thorough examination of the various sites, in company with the City Engineer, gives his opinion in a report which we have the honor to lay before your honorable body, in which he gives a preference to the Oregon Street route, over the Queen Street and the Gully. As to the Victoria and Amelia Island routes he disapproves of them for the reasons contained in Mr. Greene's Report, and the Little Chaudiere he does not approve of for the reasons given by Messrs. Keefer and Greene.

He estimates the amount for the construction of Water Works at for the Gully $520,000. At Queen street $486,000, and at Oregon street $450,000.

Your Committee have come to the conclusion to advise the adoption of the Oregon street route as being under all the circumstances the cheapest and most advantageous; and now bring in and lay before you estimate and By-law for their construction as above suggested.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

WM. MOSGROVE,
Chairman.
G. TAILLON,
J. F. LAPIERRE.

Ottawa, Sept. 16, 1871.

2. Moved by Ald. Mosgrove, seconded by Ald. Taillon, that the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee be received and adopted; and that the estimates under the said report be received and published according to law. Carried.

3. Moved by Ald. O'Connor, seconded by Ald. Bangs, that Report No. 7, of the Water Works Committee be so amended, that the Report of D. Greene, C. E., be adopted to form a basis to enable this Council to adopt a just and proper estimate to place in the By-law for publication. Ruled out of order.

4. Moved by Ald. Woodburn, seconded by Ald. Heney, that Report No. 7, of the Water Works Committee, be referred back to the Committee; and that this Council do hereby authorize the employment of T. C. Keefer, Esq., C. E., to report upon the question of site and the cost thereof, for proposed City Water Works; and that in the meantime the By-law and Estimates of four hundred and fifty thousand dollars as contained in said Report, authorizing the construction of said works be advertised according to Law. Lost.

Yeas—O'Connor, Bangs, Woodburn, Kehoe and Heney.

Nays—Baldwin, Rowe, Mosgrove, Featherston, Cunninghan, McDougal, Taillon, Lapierre and Martineau.

The original motion was then put and carried.

Yeas—Rowe, Mosgrove, Featherston, Cunningham, McDougall, Taillon, Lapierre and Martineau.

Nays—Baldwin, O'Connor, Bings, Woodburn, Kehoe and Heney.

4. Moved by Ald. Mosgrove, seconded by Ald. Lapierre, that the By-law for the construction of Water Works be now read a first time, and that the same be published according to Law. Carried.

The Council then adjourned.

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollasr.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By-Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of good and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes, or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands, grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts: and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the Thirtieth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar shall, in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the thirtieth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the twenty eighth day of December, A. D. 1871, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
September 22nd, 1871. 1777 1m

RINK MUSIC HALL.

WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27 and 28

Satsuma's Royal Japanese,

The best Performers ever in this country.

Men, Women, and Children in Native Costumes.

Giving a performance

NEVER ATTEMPTED BY AMERICANS!

Crowded Houses Everywhere!

Thousands turned away at Boston, New Orleans, St. Louis, and New York. Patronized by the ELITE of those cities.

THE ORIGINAL "ALL RIGHT"

with this Troupe.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 8 o'clock. Admission, 25 cents; Reserved Seats, 50 cents.

Reserved Seats for sale at Orme & Son's.

H. SCHUHMAN, Manager.
J. E. NOBLE, Agent.

Ottawa, Sept. 23. 1777 td

NOTICE

TO LUMBERMEN AND OTHERS

1,000 pair Government SNOW SHOES, a superior article, almost new, for sale at half price by

W REID & CO.,
84 McGill Street,
Montreal.

Ottawa, September 26. 1777 12

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS

Will be received for the several works required in the erection and completion of a

BUILDING

On the corner of

Wellington and O'Connor Streets,

For the

"BANK OF MONTREAL,"

According to plans and specifications prepared by MESSRS. HOPKINS & WILY, Architects, and which may be seen at the office of Mr. Walter Chesterton, Architect, Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

The Directors do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

The time for giving in the tenders to be announced in a few days.

Ottawa, Sept. 22, 1871. 1776

ESTIMATE

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D., 1871.

Excavation 38,000 yards	$ 38,000
Arch Covering	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps	16,000
Pumping Mains extra	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
September 22, 1871. 1776 1m

MUSIC HALL.

FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY.

MONDAY & TUESDAY,

SEPTEMBER 25th & 26th.

PROFESSOR ASHLEY,

the great London

ILLUSIONIST & VENTRILOQUIST

And Originator of the Celebrated Entertainment known as

DIABOLORIUM,
OR NIGHTS IN DREAMLAND.

Prof. Ashley will be assisted by Miss MATTIE ALLSTON, the pleasing and popular Balladist.

Admission, 25cts; Reserved seats, 50cts.

Tickets can be procured at Orme & Son's, Sparks street, and Gowan's Music Store, Sparks street, or at the door.

Gowan's Orchestra will be in attendance.

Doors open at 7; to commence at 8 o'clock.

Ottawa, Sept. 21, 1871. 1775 4

NOTICE.

FOR SALE,

A well established BUSINESS in one of the most flourishing villages in the Ottawa Valley on the line of the Brockville & Ottawa Railroad. The stock now on hand consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, and Boots and Shoes, to the amount of about $4,000. The Business is well established, and an excellent trade has been done amounting to about $2,000 a year. The Shop and Dwelling can be leased or purchased.

Further particulars can be learned by applying to

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 19, 1871 1773.td

AUCTION SALE

OF A

SPLENDID STONE HOUSE.

The Subscriber has received instructions from Mr. David Moore to sell at his rooms, Rideau Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th SEPTEMBER, 1871, the desirable property situated on York Street, recently occupied by him The house is of stone, 2½ storeys high, well built, and neatly finished with good yard and stabling.

Sale at Twelve o'clock, noon.

For further particulars apply to the Auctioneer,

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer & Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871. 1768td

TAKE NOTICE.

Get your

BUFFALO ROBES

in to be

DYED,

and made like

BEAR ROBES,

for the cold weather is fast approaching.

G. A. SHELDON,
Sussex street,
Next door to the DOMINION HOUSE,

Ottawa, Sept. 21, 1871. 1774 a

LOST.

On FRIDAY, 15th instant, a Gentleman's heavy GOLD RING, with Carbuncle Stone, chased in the sides. Any one leaving it at this Office will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Sept 20. 1773tf

GREAT

DRY GOODS SALE.

Allan, McKinnon's & McMorran,

Have determined to clear out the FALL and WINTER GOODS purchased at a heavy discount from Messrs GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO, and with that view will bring forward the whole stock, including several large lots of

NEW GOODS

purchased far below Market value, and offer the whole at prices that must induce good judges of goods to buy largely.

The sale will commence on

Monday, 4th Sept'r.,

and continue one month.

As many of the cheapest lines will be sold quickly, intending purchasers will do well to call early and secure a choice.

1,000 YDS. JAPANESE SILKS,

At 50 cents per yard.

ONE CASE OF VELVET RIBBONS, damaged by fresh water, will be offered at less than half price.

2 Bales of GREY COTTONS, in short pieces, at from one to two cents below usual prices.

To be reduced one third in prices—a large quantity of

MILLINERY, MANTLES and MANTLE CLOTHS,

A line of Velveteen Jackets, reduced to $1.50 each, Waterproof Mantles at from $2.50 to 5.

DRESS GOODS, in a variety of fabrics, reduced below cost.

PRINTS—A line formerly sold at 12½ cents will be cleared out at 9 cents per yard.

A large lot of Gloves and Hosiery will be marked down far below cost.

A lot of best Brussels Carpets will be sold at $1.25 per yard.

ALLAN, McKINNON'S & McMORRAN,
Successors to Garland, Mutchmor & Co
No. 20, Sparks Street.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities and a Low Prices

GIN—

J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Islay Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALE—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, Mar 2, 1871

LOST OR STOLEN.

A BROWN HORSE. Has a cut on the off hind leg, and a little stiff on the near fore foot; has a grey nose.

Any person returning him to E. SIMON Hull, will be rewarded.

Ottawa, September 23, 1871. 1776 6

LOCAL NEWS.

A slight shower of rain fell yesterday morning.

The frost of last week has made the leaves of the forest trees assume the sear and yellow hue.

RUSSELL EXHIBITION.—The annual exhibition of the county of Russell, will be held at Metcalfe, on the 4th of October.

ON FURLOUGH.—Some volunteers returned from camp to see the races and their sweethearts.

Swindlers of various denominations were in Ottawa during the last week, and plied their profession very successfully.

Government snow shoes, almost new, can be bought at half price at W. Reed & Co.'s, 84 McGill street, Montreal.

SNOW.—Snow to the depth of about 2 inches fell on Wednesday last some miles up the Nation River.

LOW WATER.—The steamer *Queen Victoria* arrived, on her Saturday's trip at seven o'clock on Sunday morning. The low water of the Ottawa being the cause.

LUMBER TEAMS.—Mr. Copps has imported some seven teams of first class value for his winter lumber operations. The teams were stabled at the Union House, yesterday, and were visited by many citizens.

The St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway Company will grant return tickets to Prescott and back at a single fare to enable the public to attend the grand Volunteer Review, &c., at Prescott, on Tuesday, the 26th instant.

INCREASED TRAVEL.—It gives us much pleasure to notice that the Russell House has been, during the past week, crowded with travellers and visitors, many of whom have been attracted by the Agricultural Exhibition the Immigration Conference and the races. Mr. Gouin's popularity is now known throughout the Dominion and it is gratifying to find his excellent management in the hotel line so well appreciated.

POLICE COURT, Saturday.—A case of leaving employment was disposed of by the defendant going back to his work.

Marie Die was charged with selling liquor without license. The case was dismissed.

The prisoners, Joseph Barabault and his wife were in the dock but the daughter being unable to attend, the case was adjourned.

THE JAPANESE JUGGLERS.—Of this Troupe the New York *Herald* speaks as follows:

"Satsuma's Royal Japanese continue nightly to attract large and fashionable audiences, and are nightly visited by the admirers of the juggler's art and feats of marvellous dexterity. The trick of Yadsunochi in swallowing a pipe and taking it out of his sleeve, throwing it up his sleeve to find the bowl red hot in his mouth again, whirling smoke out of a flute with the pipe mysteriously hidden away, immersing the pipe in tumblers full of water only to make it still more red hot, was only excelled by the swallowing of rows of pins stuck into his mouth by members of the audience, [illegible] on a string with the thread in the eye of each needle."

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—H L Redhead, Brockville; Wm Margoch Lindsay; P M Grover and wife, Norwood; F White, jun, Pembroke; J E Noble, Agent for Satsumas Royal Japanese; J W Bradly, Rockpoon, Mass; Alex Kent, Montreal; Mrs John Urquhart, L'Orignal; James Bethume, Toronto; Mrs D Starkcity; Capt A Fraser, Kinburn; John C Quin, New York; Lt. Col. French, Ottawa; Hon Vice Chancellor Strong, Toronto; John Blockie, Montreal; J Levesay, Nova Scotia; C H Baldwin, Montreal; Ed Fitzgerald, Toronto; Wm Almow and wife, Montreal; Mr. and Mrs E Griffin, city.

MUSIC HALL TO-NIGHT.—Prof. Ashley the celebrated Ventriloquist and Necromancer, gives an entertainment in the Music Hall to-night. Professor Ashley is, if we judge from notices in the press of other places, without doubt the most accomplished and dexterous in his profession. The following is an extract from the Boston Sunday *Gazette*:—"This most wonderful of all necromancers gave one of his peculiar entertainments at Lyceum Hall, last night. Professor Ashley's soirees are indeed of the most attractive, varied and wonderful character, and it must be admitted that this artiste eclipses all his competitors in the magic art, in the ease, grace and matchless dexterity, with which his matchless feats are accomplished. His scenes in Ventriloquism are truly mirth-provoking in the extreme and his imitations are really wonderful."

GENTLEMEN.—Have your Shirts made to fit and as you want them at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans.

Great Bargains in Lace Shawls. Price reduced one-third, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks street.

LOST.—A black silk umbrella left in the ladies' stand after the races on Wednesday will be thankfully received at the TIMES office.

FIRE.—The alarm of fire was sounded about 7 o'clock on Saturday morning, by the Upper Town bell. The Fire engine's turned out and hastened to the scene. A frame house on the Richmond road was on fire though not to a very serious extent. Had a supply of water been obtainable without delay the fire would have been extinguished before very much damage was done. The house had been unoccupied for some time, but was rented lately to Mr. D. Robinson, who commenced to move into it on Friday. The origin of the fire is unknown. The flames gained pretty good headway before the engines were got to work, and the damage is considerable.

THE RACES.

Trotting races at any time are not interesting to witness but having them take place on the third day of the meeting after the splendid flat and hurdle races, is presenting the fastidious public with bad bread after having fed them with sweet meats. But such is the nature of man that he will have the best things first regardless of the consequence. Yet, after all, this instinct which would have us devour our *bons bons en masse* to-day and leave us to eat dry crust to-morrow should not be obeyed in all cases. A lesson should be learned from experience, an almost infallible manner of acquiring knowledge. Experience teaches us that we are seldom or never satisfied with the actual state of things and though we may be witnessing extraordinary feats yet the mind craves constantly for something more marvellous than that which it enjoys. Who could or would like to read a novel the 1st volume of which is absorbingly interesting and the second wretchedly insipid. No person could have so depraved a taste as to accomplish such a feat and derive pleasure from it.

Who can any more properly enjoy tedious trotting races after having witnessed the really excellent flat races of Wednesday and Friday.

The following is a list of the races on Saturday:—

1ST RACE.

Trotting race, open only to horses in the Counties of Carleton and Ottawa, $175. Best three in five in harness; $100 to 1st horse, 25 to second.

The following horses were entered:—W. Champness' ch. h. "Baldy"; T. Russell's b, h. "Bob Walsh."

2ND RACE.

Trotting Race, open to all horses. $250.

There were four entries: "Ed. White," "Jack Draper," "Young Peerless," and "Old Cock."

Four heats were run, "Ed. White, 1st; "Jack Draper," 2nd; "Young Peerless," 3rd.

CRICKET.

The following is the score of the match played on Saturday last, between the members of the Ottawa Cricket Club, East and West of the "Sappers" bridge. Scott for the West made the largest score of the match, carrying his bat through for 51:

WEST.

C S Scott, not out	51
E Miall, b Phillipps	2
J Smith, run out	7
C B Brodie, b Phillipps	5
F Evans, b Phillipps	0
A G Peden, c Grayburn, b Phillipps	2
C E Laumann, b Carter	0
W Harrington, b Benjamin	2
G H Herrick, c Paterson, b Phillipps	0
W Sutherland, b Phillipps	2
T Drinkwater, handled ball	1
Byes	7
Leg byes	1
Wides	1
	81

EAST.

Rev T D Phillipps, c Laumann, b Peden	0
H A Ford, b Peden	1
W Pain, b Brodie	1
A W Powell, c Scott, b Brodie	1
J D Paterson, b Brodie	1
G R Grant, b Brodie	0
E H Benjamin, b Brodie	6
W Carter, b Brodie	0
C Grayburn, b Brodie	0
A Bell, not out	0
Byes	21
Leg byes	3
Wides	1
	35

For the information of those who may require a real good cricket bat, we would state that Mr. Peacock, of Montreal, the manufacturer, will visit Ottawa, on his return from Kingston, when he will exhibit at the exhibition this week some of his bats, wickets, &c. He has imported a large quantity of English willow, and now makes bats as good as any English manufacturer, and to suit the purchaser as to weight, size of handle, &c.

THE EXHIBITION.

Below we give the remainder of the prize list. Every person admits that the Ottawa City Agricultural Exhibition was a success in every sense of the word. We are sure the society itself will agree with us when we say that great credit is due to Mr. Woodburn, the hard working and obliging Secretary. A more efficient and indefatigable officer could not be found. Mr. Woodburn seems to have a deep interest in the welfare of the County, and his zealous labors in connection with the exhibition entitle him to the thanks of the community. Certainly we should like to see him rewarded in a more suitable manner. He saved no pains in performing the duties of his office, and his kind and obliging manner is testified to by every exhibitor, to accommodate whom as best he could was his especial object. We hope the society may have the benefit of Mr. Woodburn's excellent services for many years. His Excellency the Governor General visited the Grounds twice during the exhibition.

CEREALS.

Fall wheat, 1st, Geo Heron; 2nd, W Evans.

Spring wheat, 1st prize, R Hare; 2nd, G Heron; 3rd, A Pritchard.

White oats, 1st prize, D McIntyre; 2nd, E Watson; 3rd, T Clarke.

Black oats, 1st prize, D McIntyre; 2nd, J Spratt; 3rd, R Hara.

Field peas (small), 1st prize, E Watson; 2nd, Geo Heron; 3rd, R Hare.

Field peas (large), 1st prize, G Heron; 2nd, W Evans.

Large beans, 1st prize, H Parker; 2nd, D McLaughlin.

Timothy seed, 1st, J Spratt; 2nd, D McLaughlin.

HOME MANUFACTURED GOODS.

Home-made cloth, prize, W Fenton.

Home-made cloth, 1st, Jas Severight; 2nd, T S Hare.

White flannel (all wool), 1st prize, Mrs. Watson.

Flannel (cotton and wool), 1st, Mrs E Watson; 2nd, Mrs A Campbell.

Woollen plaid, 1st prize, Mrs E Watson.

Home-made shawl, 1st, Miss Fenton; 2nd, Mrs Watson.

Woollen stockings, 1st, Mrs Watson; 2nd, Mrs Osgood.

Woollen socks, 1st, Mrs Watson; 2nd, Mrs A Wilson.

Cotton stockings, 1st prize, Mrs. Osgoode.

Cotton socks, 1st prize, Mrs R Hare.

Woollen mittens, 1st, Mrs Watson; 2nd, Mrs T Symes.

Plain shirt, 1st prize, Mrs Osgoode.

Pair counterpaines, extra, 1st, Mrs T S Hare; 2nd, Mrs Watson.

LADIES WORK.

Braiding, 1st, Mrs J Osgood; 2nd, Mrs Geo May.

Crochet work, 1st, Miss Hutchinson; 2nd, Mrs Bysche.

Embroidery, 1st, Mrs Osgoode; 2nd, Mrs Zollikofer.

Machine sewing, 1st, Alfred Brown.

Patchwork quilt, 1st, Miss McCarthy; 2nd, Mrs A Andrews.

Silk quilt, 1st, Mrs Osgood; 2nd, Mrs Geo May.

Fancy quilt, 1st, Miss Ellen Smith; 2nd, Miss Cowan; extra prize, Mrs Bourgeois.

Bead work prize, Mrs Woodburn.

Tatting, 1st, Miss Stewart, Richmond Road; 2nd, Miss Hutchinson.

Wool work, flat, 1st, Miss Hutchinson; 2nd, Miss McCarthy.

Wool work, raised, 1st, Miss Klock, Aylmer.

Wax flowers, 1st, Miss Lees; 2nd, Miss Susie Rochester.

Water colors, prize, Mrs Chesley.

Linen pillow cover, extra entry, recommended, Miss Hutchinson.

Velvet dahlias (extra), prize, Miss McCarthy.

Knitting and darning, prize, Miss Bysche.

Button wreath in frame, 1st, Miss Norton, Gloucester; 2nd, Mrs Andrews, Nepean.

Machine binding, extra prize, Alfred Browne.

Wool wreath, 1st, A C Latimer, Kemptville.

Shell flowers, extra prize, Mrs Mondelet.

Rag rug, 2nd extra prize, Miss Kennedy, Nepean.

Colored door mats, prize, W H Shaver.

Mr Greaves exhibited an oil painting (old style) which attracted considerable attention.

In the list of prizes published on Friday morning last, we omitted the name of Mr. James McCullough, corner of Park and Gloucester streets, who received the diploma and Society's money prize of $6.00 for his display of Leather, including samples of Harness, Saddle, Trunk, and other kinds, manufactured in the city.

MONEY TO LEND.—Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks & Elgin streets, Ottawa.

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of J's preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills.' Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinlined packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London d1569 1y

CARELESSNESS.

Many persons neglect their horse's health and condition until it is too late, when at a trifling expense and no trouble, the horse might have been saved if attended to in time. To all who may have occasion to use an article of the kind, we would confidently recommend "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy;" it is without doubt the best preparation in use, as thousands who have used it testify. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers everywhere.

☞ Coughs and colds, when left to themselves, frequently bring on pulmonary complaints, which lead to that distressing and fatal disease, consumption; but if attended to in time, "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers" are a certain remedy. They stop the irritating cough, and soothe and strengthen the bronchial tubes, allaying all irritations and inflammation. They are also particularly adapted for the use of singers and public speakers. Sold by all druggists and country dealers Price 25 cents per box.

A large lot of New Carpets just received at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20 Sparks street.

PAIN KILLER

Husband:—You have great faith, Mary in the PAIN-KILLER. The Parson's wife and Mrs Judge Jones are very positive in favor of it, but I am inclined to think that if it did all it professes to do sickness and death would soon be out of fashion, for it cures everything.

Wife:—The Parson's wife and Mrs. Judge Jones are not the only ones that I have heard strongly recommend the PAIN-KILLER, every where I go they have it and everybody praises it, all the Liniments, Cholera mixtures and Pain Medicines have disappeared since Perry Davis' agent came round. (To little boy) George, does your tooth still ache, my dear!

George:— No, Mother, PAIN KILLER stopped it.

Wife to husband:— The Pain Killer does not profess to cure everything either in the Directions about the bottle or in the "Annual." I have read them carefully. It claims to be the best family medicine in existence. Perry Davis & Son do not say what it can do but prove what it has done by giving certificates from reliable persons whose testimony cannot be doubted.

Husband:—Do you think these certificates are *Bona fide*, I believe they are made up to sell the goods.

Wife:—Judge Jones was as incredulous as you till he wrote to Perry Davis & Son and was satisfied, they sent him a quire of certificates received from parties within five miles of his own house.

(*To be Continued*)

Sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cts. per bottle.

SEALED TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Swing Bridges," will be received at this Office until FRIDAY, the 29th day of SEPTEMBER, instant, at noon, for the construction of two Swing Bridges for the enlarged portion of the Grenville Canal.

Plans and specifications can be seen on application at this office, or at the Lachine Canal Office, Montreal, or at the Engineer's Office, on the work at Grenville, where printed forms of Tender may also be obtained.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th September, 1871.

The time for receiving the above Tenders has been extended to TUESDAY, the 10th day of OCTOBER next, at noon.

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 21st September 1871. 1776

BY-LAW

To raise by way of loan the sum of fifty thousand dollars for the purpose of building bridges across the Rideau Canal, repairing the Sappers' Bridge, and building a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats, in the City of Ottawa.

Whereas the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa have resolved to build bridges across the Rideau Canal, at Wellington and Maria Streets, in the City of Ottawa, to repair the Sappers' Bridge already erected across the said Canal, connecting Sparks and Rideau Streets, and also to build a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats; and it is estimated that the sum of fifty thousand dollars will be required for that purpose.

And whereas in order to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such works, it is necessary to issue debentures of the Corporation of the said City, to the amount of fifty thousand dollars, aforesaid, as hereinafter provided.

And whereas it will require the sum of five thousand five hundred dollars to be raised annually for the payment of the said debentures and the interest thereon, as hereinafter also provided.

And whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is five million seven hundred and sixty-eight thousand three hundred and nine dollars.

And whereas the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:

Principal, the sum of three hundred and two thousand eight hundred and eight dollars and fifty-one cents; and interest, the sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents, making in the aggregate the sum of three hundred and fifty-eight thousand four hundred and sixty-two dollars and sixty-seven cents, of which interest the said sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts is in arrear.

And whereas for paying the interest on the said debentures and creating an equal yearly sinking fund, for paying the principal money of the said debentures, according to the statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

Be it therefore enacted and ordained by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:—

1. That for the purpose of constructing the said works, it shall be lawful for the Mayor, for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan, from any person or persons, body or bodies coporate who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of fifty thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain, for the time being of the said City, and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

2. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa, for the time being, shall cause debentures to be made out, in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of fifty thousand dollars; which said debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

3. The said debentures shall be made payable on the first day of January, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa, and shall have coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum, from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, on the first day of the months of January and July in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

For the purpose of providing a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar shall, in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected, in each year upon all the rateable property in the city of Ottawa, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the first day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one.

And Whereas this By-law requires the assent of the electors of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said electors thereon, the Council of the Corporation of the said city, do hereby fix Tuesday the seventeenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned, in the said City, being the places at which the last elections of the members of the Council therein were held: namely, in Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke, therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward, at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine o'clock of the same day.

And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers, to take such votes as aforesaid for the several places, within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joyne, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

TAKE NOTICE.

That the above is a true copy of a proposed By-law, which will be taken into consideration by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, after one month from the first publication thereof in the OTTAWA TIMES newspaper, the date of which first publication was the twenty second day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, and that the votes of the electors of the said Municipality will be taken thereon, at the following places within the City of Ottawa, namely: In and for Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street; Wellington Ward, for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street; and for that part of the said last mentioned Ward, lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In and for St. George's Ward, at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In and for By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street; and in and for Ottawa Ward, at Lot No. eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street, on Tuesday the seventeenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the hour of the nine of the clock, in the forenoon of the same day.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, Sept. 23, 1871. 1776 1m

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, } To Wit.

Public Notice is hereby given that the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, and of Assize and Nisi Prius, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the NINTH day of OCTOBER, at the hour of Ten o'clock a.m., of which all Coroners, Magistrates, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned, are required to take notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. F FOWELL,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa,
Sept. 15, 1871. 1770-tf.

AUCTION SALE
OF A
TIMBER LIMIT
SITUATED ON DEEP RIVER.

The Subscriber has received instructions to sell at the Union House, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, 4th October, a Timber Berth, being License No. 267 of 1870-71, of about 5½ square miles on the South side of Deep River.

Terms and conditions made known at time of sale.

Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 8, 1871. 1761-td

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS,
ON BLACK RIVER,

For Sale by Auction, at the Union House, *ON WEDNESDAY, 4th OCTOBER* next, at one o'clock, p. m., being License No. 265, of 1870-71.....50 miles.
And No. 367, of 1870-71 .....50 miles.

Total one hundred square miles of richly timbered limits.

By order of
ALEXANDER FRASER, Esq.

Ottawa, 1st Sept. 1871. 1759-td

ENGLISH WEEKLY NEWS PAPERS AND MONTHLY MAGAZINES.

LLOYD'S WEEKLY LONDON NEWS, Weekly Times, Reynolds', Weekly Dispatch,—the latest editions,—5 cents. Subscription (post free to any part of the Dominion)—yearly, $2.50; six months, 1.25.

Illustrated London News, Graphic, Bell's Life, News of the World, Punch, Fun, Judy, &c., &c.

THE TORONTO GLOBE delivered at 10 cents per week.

C. E. HUCKETT & CO.
69, Sparks Street.

August 29. 1755 1m

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA,
Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's.
E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.
1737tf

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Term for Supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY

FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season	..	$5 00
20lbs " "	..	9 00
10lbs month		1 50
20lbs " "		2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance ☜

All order left at—S Skinner's, P McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention

H. PALMER

N.B.—Ice supplied per ton or cwt.

Ottawa April 4'1.

BUSINESS CHANGE.

We, the undersigned, in relinquishing the Retail branch of our business, beg to return thanks to the public of Ottawa and vicinity for the very liberal support accorded to us during the past eight years, and to announce that we have

DISPOSED OF OUR STOCK,

And leased the premises,

29 Sparks Street,

TO

MESSRS.

ALEXANDER RUSSELL,

(Late of Blyth & Russell, Ottawa,)

AND

ROBERT WATSON,

(Of Watson & Hayes, Almonte,)

Who will continue the business under the name and style of

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Both of these gentlemen were formerly in our employ, and being possessed of ample means and long experience we have great pleasure in recommending them to the confidence and patronage of all our friends and customers.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, August, 1871.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE

RUSSELL & WATSON

Have pleasure in announcing that they have purchased the

Entire Stock in Trade,

AND

GOOD WILL

OF THE

RETAIL BUSINESS

Lately conducted by Messrs.

Magee & Russell,

And leased their premises, 29 Sparks Street, for a term of years.

And hope by keeping only the best qualities of goods, and adopting a uniform and

Moderate Scale of Profits,

By anticipating the wants of the public and a strict attention to business to merit and retain the patronage so liberally bestowed upon their predecessors.

And we beg to assure the old patrons of the establishment that no efforts will be spared in maintaining the leading position to which it had attained.

ALEX. RUSSELL. ROB'T. WATSON.

Ottawa, August 1871.

Peaches!

Peaches!

Peaches!

Pears!

Pears!

Pears!

Apples!

Apples!

Apples!

And all other Kinds of Fruit

at the Fruit Depots of

G. LORENZ,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET

—AND—

NO. 56 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

All around ready for use.

Grand Show Day!

AT

Russell & Watson's

Having now the greater portion of our STOCK forward, we will on

Thursday, 28th Sept'r.

Open our SHOW ROOMS, and DISPLAY the

LATEST NOVELTIES

—IN—

Millinery, Mantles and Costumes!

Besides a well assorted Stock of Goods usually shown in the Room.

In addition to Goods now forward for those Departments will be found a full and well selected STOCK of

Dress Goods, Silks,

Laces and Lace Goods,

Hosiery and Gloves, &c.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, September 22, 1871

IF YOU WANT

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

SEND TO THE

Noted Tea House

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor

HARDWARE! HARDWARE
HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 Rideau street.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel,
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel,
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.
Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent,
Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

GENUINE
HENNESSY'S BRANDY.
FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.
CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,
Metcalfe Street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

BOARD WANTED

In a Private Family, by a Gentleman Six o'clock dinner preferred Address X. Y. Z. P. O. Box, 285. 1754

WANTED

By a young married couple, Board, Bedroom, and Sitting Room, furnished

OR

a Small House or Cottage, furnished or unfurnished All within easy distance of the Post Office. Possession required 1st October, or soon after

Apply by letter, stating terms, to

D. C. L., Box 5 Ottawa P. O

Ottawa, Sept. 13th, 1871, 1767-

PRIVATE BOARD WANTED

In Upper Town by a Gentleman and his Wife. Apply by letter addressed

1761- U., Times Office.

NOTICE,

An excellent CELLAR to let. Large, and entrance on level with the street. Apply to

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 12, 1871. 1767-tf

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON,
Proprietor

1760-3m

FRED. T. PALMER,

Commission and Lumbermen's Agent, Rideau Street, (entrance O'Hearn's Gateway.)

Particular attention will be given to hiring men, teams, &c., and all transactions with the Crown Land and Timber Office.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:

R Nagle, Esq. Wm Mackey, Esq
Allan Grant, Esq, E McGillivray, Esq

Ottawa, Sept 1, 1871. 1746

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 8 to 11 a.m., and 3 to 4 p.m.

☞ Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested to settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown, now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY.

553, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand), London, W. C., Sept. 1, 1871 39 6m

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa P.O., August 31, 1871.

Adcock J C	Martin Wm
Anderson Elizabeth	Maddin Thos
Anderson Samuel	Malsbury Wm
Armstrong Wm	Minea Benj
Arnold Wm	Meade M J
Arthur Geo A	Mercer John
Armstrong Mrs A C	Mitchell W H
Aspdin Thos W	Milne G B
Barnes Sydney	Motherwell Thos
Barber G	Moore & Coburn
Beveridge Thos	Moore F H
Benfield Wm	Muir Wm
Bell H H	Murphy Mathew
Blais Miss Lydia	Neill John
Blakely Mrs	Nelson Mrs Alex
Boyd Dr R H	Nesbitt John
Brayer Wm	Nicholson John
Brennan Wm	Nichols John
Brewer Mrs Emily	Nolan Miss B
Bullock L	O'Brien Wm
Bowns Wm	O'Donnell D
Buchanan Mrs John	O'Donnell, G
Burns Mrs S	O'Connor W P P
Burns Miss	O'Connor Jno A
Byrns Hy	O'Connor Mrs
Campbell Mrs John	O'Dwyer John
Cain Miss Sarah J	Oliver A
Campbell Mrs Mary	O'Neill J
Callaghan Alex	Ormand Jno T
Cantwell John	Patterson Miss Anna
Cabal Miss Mary	Pearsons Albert
Church Jos	Perry Mrs M C
Clarke Miss Emma	Pearson F M
Conway Miss B	Perwitt J B
Corrigan Ed	Pickens John
Connor John	Powers Jesse
Cross W L	Pringle Miss Sarah
Crozier Joe	Pritchard Wm
Cunningham Thos	Quinlan Mrs P
Daly Carol	Rathwell Miss A
Davis J	Rice Alex
Davidson C P	Roberts Miss Kate
Davis Jas	Robertson Geo
Daly J J	Rose Rodger
Davis Mrs R	Roberts Mrs
Dempsey Miss E	Robertson David
Dendmore Miss Mary	Ryan Miss Julia
Dicare Miss M	Russell Mrs
Dickson Dr Geo	Russell A D
Doyle Mrs Peter	Saunders Miss Julia
Duncan Jas	Scobie Mary
Fenton Miss J	Servo Walter
Fisher John	Sheaver Jno
Forson Jas	Shehan Thomas
Forbes John	Smith John
Foster Jas	Smith Mrs W
Furlong Jas	Smith H D
Gan John	Smith Heber
Gibbons B	Smith Wm
Gillis J S	Sparks Miss Jane
Glenn Alex	Somerville Hugh
Gormly P	Sparks Noel
Gilchrist John	Sternbug J W
Grimes Thos	Sullivan John
Harris Lizza Ann	Tobin Jas
Hamilton Mrs S	Turner R W
Hewlett Thos	Watson & Hill
Hicks Jas	Ward Jas
Holland W H	Wable A
Hogan Miss B	Wallace M
Hogan Wm	Wagner H
Hunt Wm	Wilsman G & T
Hutchinson G W	Webb Jas T
Hutchison John	Weir John
Huchley Mrs	Wells J P
Hubert J	Webster Miss E H
Janet Rev Mr	Welch Mrs Geo
Jamieson D J	Whalen Miss Eliza
Johnston Miss Ellen	Wilson R
Jones Mrs J E	Wood H O
Kennedy Jno	Wright J
Kealy Mrs Julia A	McBrayen A
Kennedy M	McBryde Jas
King Geo	McClanlish T
Kingsmill M	McDonald And
King Jas	McClory John
Knapp H A	McDonald Miss F
Lamprey B H	McDonald D
Lane Miss Caroline	McDonald Mrs Geo
Leitch Miss A	McGuire Mrs Jno
Leroy W H C	McIntire Miss N
Lewis Mr	McInnis Miss C
Little Irvine	McGuire Philip
Lothion Miss Ellen	McKenzie A
Moher Wm	McKay Jas H
Martin C R	McMillan Miss Jane
May Jno	McMillan J H
Martin Edwin	McPhee A
Marshall David	McMahon Geo

G P BAKER, Postmaster.

TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

The Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy will, at a Session to be held in the Hall of the said Township on SATURDAY, the 3 th day of SEPTEMBER next, pass a By-law to establish the road as now laid out, between Lots Nos. 5 and 6, in the Third Concession of the said Township.

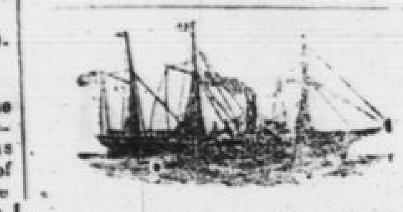
W. P. TAYLOR,
Township Clerk.

Fitzroy, 28th August, 1871. 36 4

EMIGRATION TO THE UNITED STATES.

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or sixpence. Correspondence solicited Address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1774 2

Steamers.



THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship 'Secret,' CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

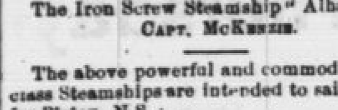
S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE.
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.
May 20, 1871 2670tf



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the 1st day of SEPTEMBER—

The Steamer JESSIE CASSELS will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 7.30 a.m., connecting with Steamers of the Line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

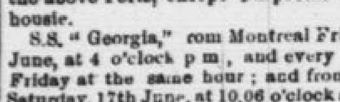
The Steamer PONTIAC leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted), at 1 p.m., for Des Joachim; returning—leaving at 6 a.m., connecting with Steamer JASON GOULD, which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 p.m., passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The Steamer PRINCE ARTHUR leaves Portage du Fort at 7 a.m., connecting with Steamer JESSIE CASSELS for Aylmer.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip, at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 9 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, August 28th, 1871.

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,

CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,

CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"

CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1736tf

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

NOTICE.

Wanted immediately, for School Section No. 3 and 10, of North and South Plantagenet, A MALE TEACHER, holding a second class certificate. Application may be made to the undersigned Trustees, stating amount of salary per annum.

CHARLES FARRELL,
MAURICE SHANE,
THOMAS BROWNRIGG.

Pendleton 11th, September, 1871. 38 4

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause, Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.
"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M. R. C. S.
"SIR J RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies.

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantal, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malius in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Rapney, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awky

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

The undersigned being about to visit England, offers the following properties for sale:

A large Brick Dwelling situate on Besserer and Chapel Streets, with Coach House, Stables, &c.

12 Cottages on Augusta street, producing a clear rental of $700 per annum.

ALSO,

100 Acres of Land at L'Orignal, being south half of Lot No. 15, fourth Concession of Caledonia.

Terms to suit the purchaser.

1810d JAS G ROBINSON.

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gassfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18. 1871 1669tf

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.
Omaha, Neb.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
—	11 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	......	4.20
—	11 45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	......	4.20
—	—	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8.00	......	7.30
......	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	......	7.30
10.15	11.45	9.00	United States, *via* Ogdensburg	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	11.45	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	North Gower, *Kars*, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	......	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c	......	......	4.20
9 20		4:30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	1.30
9 20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	......	......	1 30
10.30 5.30	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c	8.00	11.00	7.00
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	......	......	700
7.30	......	......	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	......	......
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and Intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and Intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	......	......	6.00
11.50	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	......	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.00 noon, in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Pos Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, Sept. 1 1871

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes. Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials. *Agents for Ottawa*—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until Noon of WEDNESDAY, the Sixth day of September next, for the widening of Sappers' Bridge and the construction of a new Bridge over the Rideau Canal to connect Wellington and Rideau Streets, according to the Engineer's plans and specifications, which may be seen at this office after the twentieth instant.

The bridges are to be constructed of iron and stone in a permanent manner, and may be let in one or more contracts as the City Council may decide after receiving the Tenders. The work is to be proceeded with at once, and good security will be required for the due performance of the contracts.

No tenders will be entertained unless made in the prescribed form. They are to be addressed to the undersigned, endorsed, "Tender for Bridges," and contain the names and addresses of two persons who are willing to become security for the contractor.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa 19th July, 1871. 1721td

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET,

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

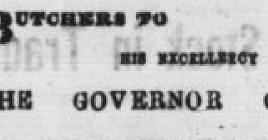
and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the ST. JAMES HOTEL.

Strict attention to business.
Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS



BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their, sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

GARDEN —AND— FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN.

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c. &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

SEEDS! SEEDS

The Subscribers have received a full Stock o

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

☞ FLOWER SEEDS.

A. CHRISTIE & CO.

(Late Alex. Christie.)

Druggists,
49, Sparks-s

Ottawa April 28, 1871

FOR SALE.

BRAE SIDE STEAM SAW MILL,

Situated near Arnprior, Province of Ontario, and extensive Timber Limits on the River Coulonge, Province of Quebec.

The Mill has just been completed, and is most substantially built and fitted with the most improved Machinery, and can manufacture 140,000 feet of lumber per day. It has an extensive piling ground attached to it. Being placed where the Brockville Railway runs beside the Ottawa River, the lumber manufactured by it may be sent direct to the United States market. The limits comprise about 280 square miles of valuable Pine Timber country, with two extensive and productive Farms, and having commodious Dwelling Houses, Storehouses and Stables erected on them. They are also supplied with a large stock of provisions, horse feed and shanty plant for next season's operations

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be had by applying to J. B. Lewis, Esq., Barrister, Ottawa, or from Mr. George Purvis, at the offices of the Mill.

Ottawa, July 28, 1871. 1729 d&w4 1awk

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain.
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS &Co.

Medical.

MESSRS GABRIELS'
CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE
TEETH & GUMS
AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE
ARE SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL
PARTS OF THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY
MESSRS GABRIEL.
DENTISTS
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S — ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweatens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 1 1871

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1532tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c. &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1537y

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET,

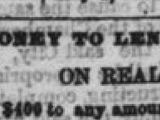
That COTTAGE, the property of N. Tetrau, Esq., Notary, in the Lower Village of Hull, with a handsome flower garden, stable, wood shed, ice house, &c., with or without the necessary firewood for next winter on the place. Mr. Tetrau having arranged for his residence in the dwelling adjoining his office, consented to the leasing of the property. For further information apply to N. TETREAU, N. P., Hull, P. Q. 1746 8

NOTICE.

TO LET, a Large OFFICE and THREE BEDROOMS well situated in the Aumond Block, west, end Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, July 11th, 1871. 1813 tf



HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, Agent,

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43tf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 4stf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Fetherston's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul s

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT 12y F C CLEMOW

J. W. WARD, Barrister at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House. Ottawa

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT,

NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MARCIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetrau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.

Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into is practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as i were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The Proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

G. C. RAINBOTH,

Provincial Land Surveyor and Draughtsman, commissioned for the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.

Office: Aylmer, P. Q. 1722 tf

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. J. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 746;

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1860.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelised Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

T G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

1871. ICE! 1871.

ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G, Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street.

Ottawa, May 1649d

F. WILLIAMS,

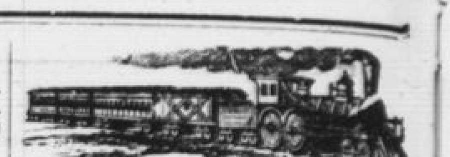
PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed.

Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at	6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at	9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at	9.00 p.m
Mixed Train or Brockville, at	11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at	5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at	7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at	8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at	2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston	10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST, OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

DOMINION HOUSE

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel

Ottawa, May 18, 1871. 1685 6m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.

Montreal, March 11, 1871 161 8y

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES.

November 26, 1870 1524tf

MORRISON'S

STEAM BISCUIT BAKERY

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your Orders are solicited, and will be PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO by

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,

Nos. 36 and 38 Rideau Street, Ottawa

TANNERY,

PARK STREET, OTTAWA.

EDMOND GERMAIN, Proprietor.

All kinds of LEATHER for Sale, Wholesale, at reasonable prices.

ALSO,

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE.

Of his own manufacture, at REDUCED PRICES.

19th August, 1871. 1746tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre), Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO 1778. OTTAWA TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Destillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc. Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

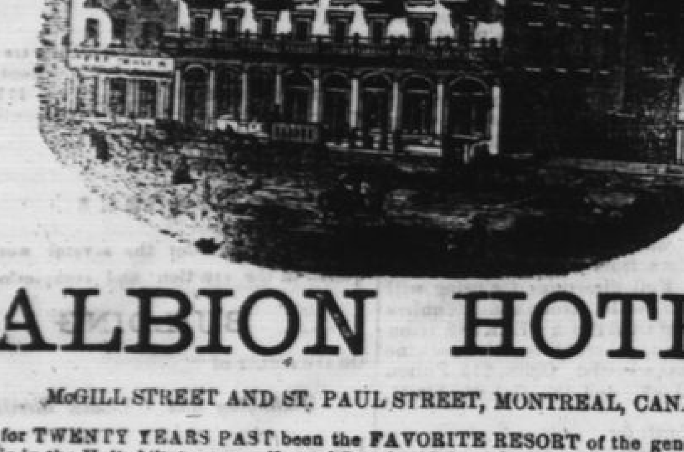
AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.



ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 3m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

SIX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
3 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily)
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
10 Bales Batting,
10 " Wadding,
50 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

HATS HATS! HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL, Solicitor, Post O Block. 1746b

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON, 8, Sparks Street. 1812 tf

100 CASES

HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT

"THE RED BOOT,"

OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overs,

MOCCASINS,

Laces & Boot Dressing

Which will be sold at the very lowest price possible,

Wholesale and Retail.

City and country dealers will find (on giving us a call) that they can be supplied at

Montreal Prices—Freight Added.

Having received a good part of our

Fall and Winter Goods

We are prepared to EXECUTE PROMPTLY all orders.

All summer goods selling at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Orders for Hand Made Custom Work attended to promptly.

A full sett of

Messrs. Ames, Millard & Co's Samples

of BOOTS and SHOES, always on view, and orders taken at lowest prices. One of our firm will wait on the merchants of Ottawa City and District soliciting orders.

Agents for wholesaling of Wm. Clendinneng's manufacture of *Stoves, Iron-furniture, Railings, Builders* and all kinds of *Plain and Fancy Castings.*

Agents for the celebrated

Plantagenet Mineral Water.

Orders promptly attended to.

LAMB & RODDEN, No 28, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, July 20, 1871.

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE, at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 38 Sussex Street, Ottawa. 1738 tNY SIMEON LEBEAU, Agent.

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871. 1871.

The following first-class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES.....J. James "
NIGER.......W. Nisbett "
SEVERN.....G. Butchart "

Are intended to Sail, as under, during the Season of 1871, between

LONDON,

QUEBEC and MONTREAL.

FROM LONDON.

MEDWAY	Thursday,	10th August.
THAMES	"	24th "
NIGER	"	7th Sept.
SEVERN	"	21st "
MEDWAY	"	5th Oct.
THAMES	"	19th "

AND FROM QUEBEC.

NIGER	Thursday,	10th August.
SEVERN	"	24th "
MEDWAY	"	7th Sept,
THAMES	"	21st "
NIGER	"	5th Oct.
SEVERN	"	19th "
MEDWAY	"	2nd Nov.
THAMES	"	16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $5 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to DAVID SHAW, Montreal.

or T. M. CLARKE, Royal Insurance Co.'s Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, June 13th. 17.0y

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

All descriptions of property insured at moderate rates.

Tables of rates for Life Assurance and all information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

T. M. CLARKE, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 17

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

NESTORIAN	26th August.
SCANDINAVIAN	2nd September
HIBERNIAN	9th "
MORAVIAN	15th "
SARMATIAN	23rd "
PRUSSIAN	30th "

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin	$70 to $80
Steerage	$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN, on or about	31st Aug.
OTTAWA "	7th Sept.
ST. DAVID "	14th "
ST. ANDREW "	21st "
ST. PATRICK "	28th "
Fares from Ottawa, cabin	$67 25
Intermediate	$47 or 44 00
Steerage	28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to D W COWARD & CO., Agents, 17 Sparks-

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths, Doeskins, Casimeres, English and Canadian Tweeds

Linens, Prints, Cottons Dress Goods, &c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats, Pants, Vests, Shirts, Drawers, Under Shirts &c., &c.

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery, Neckties, Scarfs, Handkerchiefs, Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

CHANCERY SALE.

SPAIN V. WATT.

Pursuant to the Decree and final Order for Sale made in this cause, and respectively bearing date 28th February, 1871, and 25th August, 1871, there will be sold by Public Auction, with the approbation of W. M. MATHESON, Esquire, Master in Chancery, at Ottawa, by AMOS ROWE, Auctioneer, at his Sale Rooms, near Sapper's Bridge, Rideau Street, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of SEPTEMBER, A.D. 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following valuable farm property, that is to say, all and singular, the rear or west half of Lot No. Fourteen, in the Second Concession, Rideau Front, of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton.

The property, well known as the Spain Farm, is of good farming land, and contains about one hundred and ten acres, all cleared, excepting about twenty acres of hardwood bush, and is situated on the main road, about two miles from the village of Manotic, and about fourteen miles from the City of Ottawa. There are upon the property a good farm dwelling-house, two barns, sheds, two orchards of plum and apple trees, and a good well and pump.

The purchaser must pay at the time of sale ten per cent. of the purchase money, and the balance in one month from the time of sale.

The property will be put up at an upset price of $1,300 dollars, and will be sold subject to an annuity of $50 during the lifetime of one Maria Spain. In other respects the conditions of sale are the standing conditions of sale of the Court of Chancery.

For further particulars, apply to Messrs. Kennedy and Christie, Messrs Scott, Ross and Stewart, or Martin O'Gara, Esq., Solicitors, Ottawa.

Dated this 1st day of September, A.D., 1871.

W. M. MATHESON, Master at Ottawa.

KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Solicitors for Vendor. 1758td

OAKEY'S SILVERSMITHS SOAP NON-MERCURIAL

For cleaning and polishing Silver, Electro-Plate, Plate Glass, &c. Tablets, 6d. each.

OAKEY'S WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

prepared expressly for the Patent Knife Cleaning machines, India Rubber and Buff Leather Knife Boards. Knives constantly cleaned with it have a brilliant polish equal to new cutlery. Packets, 3d. each; and tins, 6d., 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s. each.

OAKEY'S INDIA RUBBER KNIFE BOARDS.

Prevent friction in cleaning and injury to the knife. Oakey's Wellington Knife Polish should be used with the Boards.

OAKEY'S WELLINGTON BLACK LEAD

In solid blocks—1d., 2d., 4d., and 1s. each.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS MANUFACTURERS OF EMERY EMERY CLOTH BLACK LEAD CABINET GLASS-PAPER &c WELLINGTON EMERY & BLACK LEAD MILLS 172. BLACKFRIARS ROAD LONDON.

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION OF THE AGRICULTURAL & ARTS ASSOCIATION OF ONTARIO,

To be held at Kingston,

On the 25th to 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Persons intending to exhibit will please take notice that the Entries of articles in the respective classes must be made with the Secretary, at Toronto, on or before the undermentioned dates, viz:

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before Saturday, August 26th.

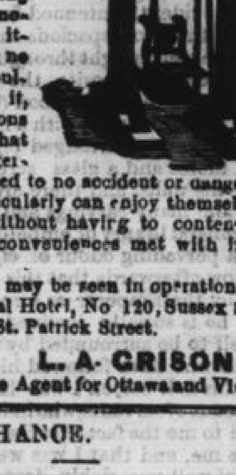
Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery and Manufactures generally, on or before Saturday, September 2nd.

Horticultural Products, Ladies' Work, the Fine Arts, &c., on or before Saturday, September 16th.

Prize Lists and Blank Forms for making the entries upon, can be obtained of the Secretaries of all Agricultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes throughout the Province.

HUGH C. THOMSON, Sec'y Agricultural and Arts Association

Toronto, August 15, 1871. 1745-dn&w



THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of B. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex street, and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

RARE CHANCE.

The advertiser has received instructions to offer for SALE, by TENDER, at so much in the Dollar, as per Inventory Valuation,

A WELL ASSORTED TAILOR'S STOCK.

Consisting of English Cloths, Canada Tweeds, Trimmings, &c., &c., amounting to over $4,000.

The Goods are all in first-class order, and have been well selected.

The above offers an excellent opportunity to any one about to commence business, as the goodwill can be secured.

Every information may be had by addressing Box 468, Montreal, and Stock Sheets can be seen on application to the undersigned.

Tenders will be received until the 26th instant. Parties making other than a CASH offer, will please name security.

C. BAILLIE, 181 St. James' Street.

Montreal, August 5th, 1871 1713t A

WANTED,

A good Carriage and Sleigh Maker, and Blacksmith, at Kinburn, Township of Fitzroy. A good business chance for both, with shop accommodations. Steady and good workmen only need apply.

ALLAN FRASER.

Kinburn 2nd August 1871. 1733tf

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from WEDNESDAY, 15th SEPT. Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 12:30 P.M
8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East,

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 4:00 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6.45 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4 40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 P.M

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 6:30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.25 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, Ottawa

R. LUTTRELL, Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa Sept 9th, 1871

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.

Mail Train at 2:20 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 4:10 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 8:10 p.m., and at Sand Point at 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 1:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 5:20 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m. 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE SAND POINT—9:10 a.m.; 4:30 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT, Manager.

Brockville, 1st Sept, 1871. 1761-v

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the BROCKVILLE and OTTAWA RAILWAY will be held at BROCKVILLE on the 10th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon a lease of the section of the said Railway lying between CARLETON PLACE and SAND POINT to the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun., Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY will be held at OTTAWA on the 11th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon the accepting of a lease from the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company of that section of their Railway lying between Carleton Place and Sand Point, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun., Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758

COUNTY OF CARLETON AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Annual Exhibition will take place on

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,

5th and 6th October,

at Bell's Corners, Nepean.

All SUBSCRIPTIONS should be paid before 1st September.

ENTRIES to be made before 3rd October.

PRIZE LISTS now ready and may be had from the Secretary at Ottawa, or at the different hotels, Bell's Corners.

A S WOODBURN, Secy -Treas.

35 3

SALE OF PROPERTY.

In virtue of the Power of a Bond or Deed, DUNCAN McGREGOR, the older, held from DUNCAN McGREGOR, the younger, both inhabitants of Huntley, do hereby offer for sale, by Public Auction, on the ground, the East Half of the West part of Lot No. 1, in the Twelfth Concession of Huntley, containing 50 acres, more or less. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, on MONDAY, 16th OCTOBER 1871.

D McGREGOR.

Sept 14, 1871.

BY-LAW

To raise by way of loan the sum of fifty thousand dollars for the purpose of building bridges across the Rideau Canal, repairing the Sappers' Bridge, and building a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats, in the City of Ottawa.

Whereas the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa have resolved to build bridges across the Rideau Canal, at Wellington and Maria Streets, in the City of Ottawa, to repair the Sappers' Bridge already erected across the said Canal, connecting Sparks and Rideau Streets, and also to build a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats; and it is estimated that the sum of fifty thousand dollars will be required for that purpose.

And whereas in order to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such works, it is necessary to issue debentures of the Corporation of the said City, to the amount of fifty thousand dollars, aforesaid, as hereinafter provided.

And whereas it will require the sum of five thousand five hundred dollars to be raised annually for the payment of the said debentures and the interest thereon, as hereinafter also provided.

And whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is five million seven hundred and sixty-eight thousand three hundred and nine dollars.

And whereas the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows: Principal, the sum of three hundred and two thousand eight hundred and eight dollars and fifty-one cents; and interest, the sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents, making in the aggregate the sum of three hundred and fifty-eight thousand four hundred and sixty-two dollars and sixty-seven cents, of which interest the said sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts is in arrear.

And whereas for paying the interest on the said debentures and creating an equal yearly sinking fund, for paying the principal money of the said debentures, according to the statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

Be it therefore enacted and ordained by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:—

1. That for the purpose of constructing the said works, it shall be lawful for the Mayor, for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan, from any person or persons, body or bodies coporate who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of fifty thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain, for the time being of the said City, and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

2. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa, for the time being, shall cause debentures to be made out, in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of fifty thousand dollars; which said debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

3. The said debentures shall be made payable on the first day of January, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa, and shall have coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum, from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, on the first day of the months of January and July in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

For the purpose of providing a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar shall, in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected, in each year upon all the rateable property in the city of Ottawa, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the first day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one.

And Whereas this By-law requires the assent of the electors of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said electors thereon, the Council of the Corporation of the said city, do hereby fix Tuesday the seventeenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned, in the said City, being the places at which the last elections of the members of the Council therein were held; namely, in Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke, therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward, at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine o'clock of the same day.

And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers, to take such votes at and for the several places, within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

TAKE NOTICE.

That the above is a true copy of a proposed By-law, which will be taken into consideration by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, after one month from the first publication thereof in the OTTAWA TIMES newspaper, the date of which first publication was the twenty second day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, and that the votes of the electors of the said Municipality will be taken thereon, at the following places within the City of Ottawa, namely: In and for Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street, in Victoria Ward. In and for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street; and for that part of the said last mentioned Ward, lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In and for St. George's Ward, at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In and for By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street; and in and for Ottawa Ward, at Lot No. eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street, on Tuesday the seventeenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the hour of nine of the clock, in the forenoon of the same day.

W. P. LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, Sept. 23, 1871. 1776 1m

CORPORATION OF TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

MINUTES OF COUNCIL.

August 19th, 1871.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment.

Present—The Reeve, and Messrs. Mohr, Elliott, Maclaren and Featherston.

The Minutes of last session were read.

The Reeve introduced a deputation from the Directors of the County of Carleton Agricultural Society, and G. W. Eaton, Esq., addressed the Corporation on behalf of the Society, soliciting aid in the erection of an Agricultural Hall, at Bell's Corners.

Moved by Mr. Maclaren and seconded by Mr. Mohr, that this Council do grant the sum of fifty dollars, to assist to re-build the County show buildings, which were burnt during the great fire last year. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. Elliott, that this Council do now adjourn for one hour. Carried.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment, all the members present.

Tenders for the erection of a Drill Shed were submitted as follows:

A. Coburn	$700
R. R. Serson	785
John Pelot	800

Moved by Mr. Fetherston, second by Mr. Elliott, that the following cheques be given, namely: to J. H. Nicholson, for $1.75 for printing, and to R. Cars, Esq., for $3.65, for costs in prosecuting a defaulter in statute labor, with whom the overseer settled after information had been laid. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Featherston, and seconded by Mr. Elliott, that the By-law to levy rate for Township purposes for the current year, be now read a first, second and third time, and passed any rate to the contrary notwithstanding, Carried.

By law No. 208 read first, second and third time and passed accordingly.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Maclaren, that the By Law to levy rates for school purposes for the current year, be now read a first, second and third time and passed, any rule to the contrary notwithstanding. Carried.

By Law No. 209, read first, second and third time and passed accordingly.

Moved by Mr. Maclaren and seconded by Mr. Elliott, that A. Coburn's tender for erecting a Drill Shed and Armoury be accepted, being the lowest tender, his sureties being Archibald Riddell and Thomas G. Somerville. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Maclaren and seconded by Mr. Elliott, that the Clerk be directed to notify the Minister of Militia that the Corporation have this day accepted a tender for the erection of a Drill Shed, be as recommended in advice of J. B. Lewis, Esq., and to request an acknowledgment of the manner in which the subject is entertained by his department Carried.

Moved by Mr. MacLaren, and seconded by Mr. Elliott, that the Clerk be directed to send a description of lot for erection of Drill Shed, to J. B. Lewis, Esq., and request him to prepare a transfer from James Riddell to the Corporation. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott, and seconded by Mr. Fetherston, that this Council grant the sum of fifteen dollars to repair the seventh line, in front of Lots Nos. eight and nine, and that James Mills superintend the expenditure of the same. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott, and seconded by Mr. Fetherston, that this Council do now adjourn until the thirtieth day of September next. Carried.

BY-LAW No. 208.

By-Law to levy rate for Township purposes, within the Township of Fitzroy, for the year 1871.

Whereas, it is necessary to provide for the payment of the current expenses of the Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy for the year 1871, and whereas the Corporation of the said Township have estimated and do estimate that a rate equal to four mills in the dollar will be required for the payment of the same.

The Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy enacts as follows:—

That there be rated, levied, and collected, on all the rateable property within the same Township, for the year 1871 four mills in the dollar for Township purposes; that the said rate be placed on the Collector's roll for the said Township for the present year and collected in the same manner as other taxes.

Given under the hand of the Reeve and the seal of the Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy, this nineteenth day of August A. D. 1871.

(Signed,) ALLAN FRASER, Reeve.

W. P. TAYLOR, Township Clerk.

BY-LAW No. 209.

By-Law to levy rates for school purposes within the Township of Fitzroy for the year 1871.

Whereas the Trustees of certain School Sections of the Township of Fitzroy, have by their petitions prayed for the levy and collection of certain sums, within their respective School Sections for the year 1871, for the payment of teachers' salaries and other school purposes within the said sections.

The Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy enacts as follows:

That there be ruled, levied and collected within the several School Sections, the sums hereinafter mentioned; the same to be levied equally on all the rateable property within the said sections. That the said several sums be placed on the Collector's Roll for the current year, and collected in the same manner as other taxes; that the same be paid to the Township Treasurer, and the Treasurer pay the same to the orders of the Trustees of the said School Sections respectively. on or before the 24th day of December next.

School Section No. 1, Two Hundred and ten dollars.

No. 2. One hundred and sixty dollars.
No. 3. Three Hundred dollars.
No. 4. Four Hundred and sixty dollars.
No. 5. Two Hundred and thirty dollars.
No. 6. Two Hundred and fifty dollars.
No. 7. Two Hundd and fifty dollars.
No. 8. One Hunded and eighty-five dollars.
No. 9. One Hundred and thirty-two dollars.
No. 10. One Hundred and sixty dollars.
No. 11. One Hundred and forty-five dollars.

Given under the hand of the Reeve and the seal of the Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy, this nineteenth day of August A. D. 1871.

(Signed,) ALLAN FRASER, Reeve.

W. P. TAYLOR, Township Clerk.

Coughs and colds, when left to themselves, frequently bring on pulmonary complaints, which lead to that distressing and fatal disease, consumption; but if attended to in time, "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers" are a certain remedy. They stop the irritating cough, and soothe and strengthen the bronchial tubes, allaying all irritations and inflammation. They are also particularly adapted for the use of singers and public speakers. Sold by all druggists and country dealers. Price 25 cents per box.

A DAY AT ALDERSHOT CAMP.

An English correspondent writes:

"About five in the morning, in a warm air, with every promise of a long bright day, the regiments marched out of camp; the Control Department having charged itself with the carriage of the dinners and camp equipage, while breakfast rations had been served out before their departure. The breakdown of the weather, happily did not begin to affect the troops until lateish in the afternoon, when the midday meal had been served, and that fact may account for the brisk and business like style in which the various corps returned to their quarters, many of them considerably after nightfall. Some anxiety was felt in camp as to the capacity of the Militia to stand a long march, preceded by the unpitching of their tents, and destined, under whatever conditions of weather, to be followed by the re-establishment of the same *impedimenta*. And the anxiety naturally was not diminished when shortly after midday, a broad, lowering cloud settled over the sky all around the camps. It was a quite intelligible consequence that officers of the permanent department should look with some anxiety to the fashion in which the troops turned the camp. I could not, of course, be at the same time on more than one of the three routes by which to-day's flying column returned to camp. But this I am bound to say, that for men who had marched at an early hour, and tramped from fifteen to twenty miles, according to the distance of their encampments, over a sandy soil that looks light, but tells heavily, and under a rain that did not fall all at once, but fell with a cruel determination, the return to camp was achieved with a cheerfulness, a precision of movement, and a general sense of pluck that gave practised observers, the most hopeful impression of the men's powers. On the centre route I saw a couple of battalion of Guards marching, one intoning a merry and martial air: the other tramping along in a dull, rather tired fashion, which might be partly explained by the comparative inferiority of individual *physique* noticeable in the corps. One thing, however, may fairly be said for both battalions. The sick and stragglers after the day's rather trying work could have been counted on the fingers of two hands. An officer, who had apparently been thrown, and who limped the last mile or so, more than any of the men suggested the real fatigues and troubles of the day. But when the Guards had passed—and when a little body of Engineers, covering the ground with a steady, swift, regular stride, suggesting intelligence and resolution, had prepared the watcher for a difference of discipline and movement—an advance guard came down the long, yellow, sandy road, which glittered in the late sunshine, lighting its frequent shallow pools. By and by came the main body of the regiment—a line regiment—bearing a somewhat high number on the list of her Majesty's corps. It could not be said that the men marched well, but their deficiency—to some extent pardonable under the elementary conditions of the day—would not have been nearly so much noticed but for the singularly excellent behaviour of the corps that next followed. It was a militia regiment—the 2nd Tower Hamlets—and its manner of marching was such as to draw from experienced military observers belonging to the "regular force" a kind of chagrined confession that, after all, the civic troops could make a decent display under no trivial test of physical condition, of pluck, and persistence. The twenty miles seemed scarcely to have told upon one of the men. They went by with a springy step and with light incidental carols of popular songs, which I will, in this present connection, neither quote nor condemn; their sick and wearied men filled only one of the ambulance waggons that followed in rear of the regiment; and stragglers they had none. If all the ten militia corps which marched out brought themselves home in the same creditable fashion, there would be one reason the less for the contempt which even now, after all that has been done to bring the various elements of our national force into *rapport*, the Line is unfortunately apt to feel for what may be called, under the system hitherto practised, the accidental branches of the national service.

At Aldershot it is somewhat difficult to realise the fact that so many thousand disciplined and armed men are at any moment within the sound of a bugle or echo of a gunshot. You walk for furlongs, perhaps for miles, along roads bordered by trees and suggesting no human habitation. Suddenly a light—a soft, transparent glow—strikes upon you from between two masses of foliage, and the slender glow shows between yourself and the source of that illumination rows of monotonous white tents that they may be empty, waiting the return of their habitants from a long day's tramp, or may be full of those same habitants sleeping the sleep of the weary after their twenty mile in the wind and the wet. Sometimes the sandy and feathery bank above the road, perhaps, may bristle against the twilight sky with many moving forms, the faces turned all one way, watching for the home coming of the corps that have been out doing the day's work. You think you will wait also for the return of the troops. Faintly the roll of drums and the sound of brass instruments comes up on one hand; you turn in hope of seeing another defile of a regiment or battalion, but soon discover that the attempt is in vain; for on some of the innumerable sideways or short cuts the coming force has turned aside, and you hear of it nothing more until the sharp, hilarious sound of the soldiers' voices rings in the ear as they had and follow with cheers the "break off" which crowns the day's work. Or you turn into a shady road, and all at once a clatter of hoofs and a clinking of metal are carried by the wind across half a mile of upland to your very ear. It may be cavalry, it may be guns; a more experienced listener will tell you it is only "transport." By and by the cause of the doubt wheels round the corner—some 60 or 70 strong serviceable horses, each pair ridden by a trooper with a smart little shako. Those men are perpetually turning up around and about Aldershot when anything is going on. They strangely fit themselves into the interstices of columns; they settle themselves behind regimental encampments, prepared, with their eight or ten teams of rough looking but useful beasts, to carry off at more than a canter the whole camp equipage of the corps.

Until to-morrow the army will not have assumed its full numerical proportions or its complete organic arrangement. At present Sir Hope Grant is the Commander-in-Chief, but from to-morrow the division into three distinct commands will take effect. The first few days, as your readers know, are to be spent in divisional manœuvres. General Carey will take out one-third of the force to Hartford Bridge Flats, under the title of the 2nd division. The 3rd division, also comprising one-third of the force, or 13,000 men, under the command of General Sir Charles Staveley, will assemble at Woolmer, and both will march out at daylight on Saturday next. A 1st division will be formed at Aldershot itself, under the command of General Sir J. Hope Grant, and will remain in camp until the 16th.

CARELESSNESS.

Many persons neglect their horse's health and condition until it is too late, when at a trifling expense and no trouble, the horse might have been saved if attended to in time. To all who may have occasion to use an article of the kind, we would confidently recommend "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy;" it is without doubt the best preparation in use, as thousands who have used it testify. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers everywhere.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

SHOW ROOM

OPENING!

Allan, McKinnon's & McMoran,

Will exhibit on

THURSDAY NEXT,

THE

28th September,

A Grand Display of

FALL STYLES

AND

LATEST NOVELTIES

IN

MILLINERY,

Comprising

Trimmed Hats

AND

BONNETS,

Which will be found unequl'ed in Style.

ALSO

A large and beautiful assortment

OF NEW

FLOWERS & FEATHERS.

There will also be shown a large variety of imported

MANTLES and JACKETS

Which will embrace everything new in Style and Material for the opening season.

Some very handsome

SEAL JACKETS

will be offered at unusually LOW PRICES.

N. B.—A full assortment of

NEW GOODS

in all Departments.

ALLAN M'KINNONS & M'MORAN,

Successors to

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20, Sparks street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Dancing and Maintien—Mr Andrews.
Notice—John D. Wilson.
Show Room Opening—Allan, McKinnon & McMoran.
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
Brown's Bronchial Troches.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1871.

The Ottawa Times.

Hon. Mr. Mitchell returned last evening.

Hon. Dr. Tupper will be here about th end of the week.

Hon. Mr. Tilley leaves New Brunswick for Ottawa next Friday.

Sir John Macdonald left yesterday for Kingston, where he will remain a few days.

Mrs. John Costigan, M. P. for Victoria N. B. was in town yesterday and leaves for home this morning.

THE TREATY OF WASHINGTON.

Some American newspapers appear remarkably obtuse concerning the provisions of the Treaty of Washington. We notice that one Boston journal, which will serve as a specimen of the rest, thinks it most extraordinary that the Dominion Government should allow its cruisers to seize American fishing vessels which are found trespassing in Canadian waters, when the Treaty of Washington, or rather certain clauses in it which have yet to be ratified by the Dominion Parliament, provides for the free admission of American vessels to the waters of Canada. Our American contemporaries appear to forget or to be unable to understand that, until the necessary legislation has taken place, the laws which regulate the relations between Canada and the United States stand as they did before the Treaty of Washington was ever heard of. Supposing a Canadian fisherman were to attempt to run a cargo of fish into an American port without paying the United States duty, would the U. S. Custom Officers be satisfied by his plea that the Treaty contained provisions which, although as yet unratified, contemplated the free admission of Canadian fish into American markets? Would they not laugh in the face of the Canadian fisherman who attempted to evade the payment of U. S. duties upon such a plea? Undoubtedly they would, and no less certainly would they be fully justified in doing so. We see no reason then why the American fishermen should expect to be allowed the enjoyment of privileges which cannot be legally enjoyed until certain clauses of the Treaty are ratified? It would be just as fair and sensible to say that the U. S. Government in continuing to exclude Canadian fishermen from the American market are inspired by "hostile motives," as that the Dominion Government are thus actuated because they do not permit American fishermen to fish in Canadian waters. To suppose as some of our American contemporaries do that the Government and people of Canada have any desire to annoy them is certainly incorrect. We do not charge the Americans with a deliberate attempt to worry and irritate us because they enforce their Customs laws; nor is there any reason why they should accuse us of any desire to annoy them simply because we, in the most liberal and friendly spirit, carry into effect the laws provided for the protection of our Fisheries.

THE INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

We have received a copy of the report of the Intercolonial Railway Commissioners dated March 9th, 1871. On the 25th of May, 1870, tenders were received for the construction of sections No. 5, 6, 7, 17, 18, 19 and 20. They were awarded as follows: No. 5, to Alexander McDonell & Co, at $533,000; No. 6, to F. X. Berlinquet & Co., at $456,946; No. 7, to James Simpson & Co., at $557,750; No. 17, to S. P. Tuck, at $440,000; No. 18, to R. H. McGreevy, at $648,600; No. 19, S. P. Tuck, at $395,733; No. 20, to Brown, Brooks & Ryan, at $642,854.

On October 5th, tenders were received for sections 10, (for which the previous contracts had been annulled) 21, 22 and 23. They were awarded as follows: No. 10, to D. Macdonald, $400,000, less work done, balance, $365,920; No. 21, to P. Purcell, $483,195; No. 22, to C. Cummings & Co., $331,000; No. 22, to Sutherland, Grant & Co., $276,750.

This completed the letting of the entire line and placed the whole under contract. In every case the tenders were called for at the earliest day on which the Chief Engineer was able to furnish the necessary plans and details of the work to be done. The total amount of the twenty-three existing contracts including payments to original contractors is $9,619,791. This is exclusive of the cost of the Eastern Extension Railway $921,020. On the 1st of January last, tenders for steel rails were accepted, 32,000 tons from the Barrow Iron and Steel Company, England, 10,000 tons in 1871, at £12 per ton delivered at Halifax, Quebec, and St. John, and the balance in 1872, at £11 18s. 0d.; also 8,000 tons from the Ebba Vale Company, England, in 1871, at £11 per ton. Forty locomotive engines, 250 box freight cars, and 150 platform cars have been contracted for and are now being constructed. The contractors for this rolling stock are as follows: 1. Dubs & Co., Glasgow, 15 locomotive engines, at $11,000 each, in bond. 2. Canadian Engine & Machinery Co., Kingston, 15 locomotive engines, at $12,500 each. 3. Wm. Montgomery & Co., Halifax, 10 locomotive engines, at $12,500 each. 4. W. Hamilton & Son, Toronto, 150 box freight cars, at $719 per car. 5. Gough & Hunter, St. John, 50 box freight cars, $735 per car. 6. John F. Teed, Dorchester, 50 box freight cars, $765 per car. 7. W. Clendinning, Montreal, 90 platform cars, at $570 per car. 8. Intercolonial Iron & Steel Co., Londonderry, 60 platform cars, at $580 per car. The Commissioners have also purchased from the contractors for the Eastern Extension Railway, two locomotive engines, at a cost of $17,000, and 25 platform cars, at a cost of $10,000, for the use of that part of the line now open from Painsec Junction to Amherst; also, two first class passenger cars, and one second class car, for the same part of the railway, at a cost of $8,150.

The Eastern Extension Railway from Painsec Junction, on the E. & N. A. Railway to the Missiquash River has been completed, and now forms part of the Intercolonial Railway. That part of the Intercolonial extending from the Missiquash River to Amherst, N. S., has also been completed, and is being worked by the Department of Public Works.

At the end of the report comes the report of the Select Standing Committee on Public Accounts, in reference to the Intercolonial Railway expenditure. Messrs. Sandford Fleming, Shanly, Walsh and others were examined before the Committee, whose sittings extended from March 21st to April 8th.

DOMINION NOTES IN CIRCULATION.

We publish below the statement of the Dominion Notes in circulation which appeared in the last *Gazette*. It is, we are glad to notice, in a much improved form from the last, and shows clearly the amount of specie actually in hand, as well as that required by the law. The actual circulation exceeds by 1,437,570 dollars that authorized by order in Council, and all that excess must be held in gold, in addition to the 1,600,000 required to be held against the authorized circulation of 8,000,000 dollars. When the specie is deficient, as it was by the last return, we understand that immediate steps are taken to reduce the circulation. On comparing the last return with the one of the week preceding we find an increase of circulation to the extent of 186,955 dollars and reduction in specie of 3,723 dollars. By the former return the specie was 127,568 dollars, in excess of that required while by the latest it was 73,110 dollars deficient. As a large portion of the circulation is held by chartered Banks no difficulty will be found in reducing it whenever it is found to exceed the amount of the Government debentures and gold.

Dominion Notes in circulation in Ontario and Quebec		$8,066,596 00
Nova Scotia		587,730 00
New Brunswick		783,244 00
Total circulation		$9,437,570 00
Debentures held against circulation		6,400,000 00
Balance to be held in specie		$3,037,570 00
Specie held at		
Montreal	$1,328,030 00	
Toronto	1,236,430 00	
St. John	250,000 00	
Halifax	150,000 00	
		2,964,460 00
Deficiency of Specie		$ 73,110 00

JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, Sept. 22, 1871.

UNDESERVED ABUSE.

The Toronto *Telegraph* having abused Mr. Woodruff and Mr. Page to its heart's content, falls foul of the OTTAWA TIMES, and takes upon itself to give us a lecture on "true journalism," in the course of which it indulges in any number of old worn out platitudes, but very few original remarks. It is one of the misfortunes of the *Telegraph's* editorial management that it mistakes abuse for argument. It calls the TIMES "a sycophantic sheet," "a grabber after crumbs," "a servile organ" without "manliness or spunk," &c., but fails to show in what manner we have proved our claim to all these opprobrious epithets, the only real charge brought against us being that we did not agree with the *Telegraph* in considering that the Dominion Government deserved all the abuse which our contemporary heaped upon them in connection with the Welland Canal. We certainly think that the Government have done well in promptly sending Mr. Page to make an official inspection of the works, but we did not by any means say that this ought to end the affair. Feeling convinced as we do that the Government have everything to gain and nothing to lose by the most searching investigation into all matters connected with the Welland Canal, it is not likely that they will for a moment hesitate to institute a thorough enquiry as soon as practicable. Because we have held to this opinion and have ventured to defend the Government against those charges of negligence &c, which the *Telegraph* brought against them, we are subjected to the very coarse abuse of that journal.

A COMPARISON.

We notice that the Detroit *Commercail Bulletin* publishes some official correspondence between Dr. Taché the Deputy Minister of Agriculture, and a party who applies to him for a trade mark, in a case that requires a reference to the Minister of Justice. There is nothing particular in the case to make it worth while to repeat the circumstances, it being one like a thousand of others. Our object in referring to the matter is to notice a comparison which our Detroit contemporary makes between the different modes of doing business at Washington and Ottawa. Referring to the protection afforded by a trade mark it states: "A simple trade mark, then, "were the cumberous machinery at Washington abolished, would be sufficient to "protect him. *We hope the day will come "when decisions in matters of this kind will "be rendered as expeditiously and cheaply "from Washington, as they have been in this "instance from Ottawa.* Such a state of "things would save a great deal of money "to the public and abolish the present infamous brokerage system, through the "medium of which rich capitalists fatten "upon the intellectual labour of the poor "man of genius." This is disinterested, and moreover, perfectly true testimony; and the country cannot too highly appreciate the inexpensive and rapid administration of the patent and trade marks department in this country. The system of corruption which unhappily infests the departments at Washington and Albany, are unknown here.

The Governor General, Sir George Cartier, and others, will leave this morning by special train to be present at the Prescott review. The Governor General will leave Prescott for Kingston, at 2:30 p.m. His Excellency will be received at the Kingston station, by the Mayor and Corporation of that city.

DOMINION NOTES.

The Lord Bishop of Huron, Right Rev. Benjamin Cronyn, D. D., who has for some time been in failing health, died on Friday at London. The right reverend prelate was aged 69 years, and was a native of Kilkenny, Ireland. He entered Trinity College, Dublin, when only fifteen years of age, and studied for the Church.

A large fire occurred at St. John's N. B. last Friday by which five hotels and a large number of stores were destroyed.

It is understood that measures will soon be adopted for altering the gauge of the Grand Trunk from Buffalo to Sarnia, reducing it from five feet and a-half.

An exploring party from Chilliwack B. C., have discovered 4,000 acres of very superior land about six miles east of Chilliwack.

Guelph is to have a Field Battery established there in lieu of the present Garrison Battery.

Preparations for the Manitoba Provincial Agricultural Exhibition, next month, engrosses a good deal of attention.

The Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway Company have voted $12,500 to Mr. Laidlaw.

The sum collected towards the proposed testimonial to Sir John A. Macdonald, amounts to sixty-four thousand dollars, which is placed on deposit in two building societies. This does not represent all the subscriptions, several sums throughout the country having yet to be collected.

A large number of steel rails are at present being landed at Montreal.

A case of forcible abduction of a little girl at present excites Belleville.

The London *Free Press* says:—"It is understood that a legal firm in this city has received instructions from Mr. Baxter, late of this city, and elsewhere, but now of Chicago, to commence proceedings against the publishers of the *Monetary Times*, for alleged libel. In a recent issue of that paper a synopsis was given of accidents occasioned by fire, with which Mr. Baxter's name was, as he says, improperly connected, and hence the action. It is thought that the action will be defended, in which case a more than usually interesting trial may be expected."

A second hand boiler exploded at Petrolia a few days ago. By a fortunate accident no one was injured, the man in charge having left the building a few minutes previously. He states that there was plenty of water in the boiler, and no undue pressure of steam.

A portion of Belleville, says the *Intelligencer*, is afflicted with the presence of the black fly. The necks of most of the children in that quarter are covered with sores from the bites of those venomous little creatures, and it is not uncommon to see the faces of the younger ones running with blood from the same cause. This is a most unusual occurrence, as the fly has not been seen there for several years.

The Victoria *Colonist* (B.C.) of the 6th inst. says:—The Hon. Mr. Langevin and party went up from Yale en route for Cariboo on Saturday last. On their reaching St. Mary's Mission there was a perfect ovation prepared for Monseigneur, the Bishop D'Herbomes. A number of the Fathers and Brothers of the Order present and about 1,000 Indians in their holiday attire were so placed as to produce a fine effect. They fired a salute from their guns in honor of Mr. Langevin's visit, on his arrival, and gave three hearty cheers on the departure of the boat. In passing the Sisters rocks the dangerous character of those obstructions was pointed out to Mr. Langevin, who took a note of the fact. The steamer made an excellent trip and arrived at Yale at 3 o'clock on Sunday afternoon.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE RUSSELL GURNEY, M. P.,

who gets his style of right honorable from his appointments as a privy counsellor, and who has now been appointed English arbitrator under the treaty of Washington, is a son of the late Sir John Gurney, an eminent lawyer and a Baron of the Exchequer. He was born Sept. 2, 1804, educated at Trinity College, Cambridge, called to the bar at the Middle Temple in November, 1828, and got his silk robe as a Queen's counsel in 1845. He was elected Recorder of London in 1856, and still holds that place. Mr. Gurney's Parliamentary career began late in life. He was returned from Southampton in 1865 on Conservative principles, and has been a steady opponent of Mr. Gladstone and the party now in power in England. His nomination as arbitrator, under the second treaty of Washington, therefore, is not only a high personal compliment, but a proof that the Gladstone Government, adhering to the policy adopted by them in sending the Tory Sir Stafford Northcote to negotiate the treaty, intend to make the Opposition share the responsibility throughout this important diplomatic work.

It is a curious fact and worth mentioning that the Gurney family, to which the English arbitrator belongs, and which is one of the oldest in Great Britain, after sinking out of its original position as one of the proudest Norman houses of the realm into obscurity disappeared again above the surface some two centuries ago in the person of an industrious Quaker, and has ever since been rising into distinction in the pursuits of peace and industry.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 25.

The Court of Queen's Bench opened this morning. The Criminal Calender is very heavy. There are three cases of murder. Messrs. Piche & Ritchie conduct the Crown business. Judge Badgley's charge was brief. The boy Vean, implicated in the Gault outrage, was arraigned this afternoon and plead guilty to firing at Mr. Gault with intent to murder. He also plead guilty to two indictments of housebreaking.

Hon. P. Mitchell, Goldwin Smith, and Judge Johnson are in the city.

The death of Hon. Mr. Papineau is a subject of general sorrow, but especially among his colleagues of the liberal party. He studied law in 1811, after being educated in the Quebec Seminary. While a student he was elected to Parliament, first for the County of Kent, now Chambly. In 1815, when only 28 years of age, he was elected Speaker, and was re-elected to that office till the Parliament in Lower Canada came to an end. He went to England on a public mission in 1822. Being involved in the troubles of 1837 and 1838, and 1,000 pounds offered for his apprehension, he left for the States in November 1837, afterwards going to Paris, and returned to Canada in 1847. He was re-elected to Parliament in 1851, after which he retired into private life. The city press generally, to-day, have lengthy obituaries.

The Jury on the body of Madigan, crushed by the falling house in Chenneville street, on Saturday, is still sitting. Great excitement exists as to the result, as certain parties may be amenable to censure in the premises.

A printer named Quinn, for leading a gang of young thieves and committing extensive depredations lately, was captured on Saturday morning, and by three in the afternoon he was en route for the Reformatory for four years.

Robert Wilson, for altering a cheque on the Quebec Bank for 25 to 525 dollars on Saturday, was remanded to-day for hearing. He admits the altering of the cheque, but as he had the amount in the bank he saw no harm in the tampering.

A considerable quantity of manufactures were sent forward last week to the Kingston Exhibition, and Montreal is said to be well represented.

The city carters have just issued a most impudent manifesto, announcing to the merchants that after October 1st all rates will be raised as per a schedule accompanying. Of course the entire matter is illegal, and much merriment is the consequence.

The weather is warm and cloudy.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—It is probable there will be a favorable settlement of the Newcastle Gateshead strike before the close of the present week.

A banquet is to be given to Mr. Butt, the newly elected member of Parliament from Limerick, on the 13th proximo.

It is expected that Commodore Ashbury's yatch *Livonia* will reach New-York during the first week in October.

Queen Victoria suffers from rheumatism in the foot.

The Princess of Wales will soon return from the continent.

Newcastle is inundated with foreign workmen.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 25.—The question relative to the statue to be placed on the Vendome column, has been definately solved. Thiers has decided that Napoleon the First, in his little cocked hat and grey coat shall be replaced there.

Courbet, the artist, has been transferred from the military hospital to the prison at St. Pierre, at Versailles, where he will remain at present.

The Emperor Alexander on his return to St. Petersburg from his visit to Warsaw issued a Ukais ordering that in authorized private schools and establishments of public instruction in Poland, the German language should take precedence of French.

VERSAILLES, Sept. 25.—The report that a conference was held on Friday by Thiers and the Prussian diplomatists is contradicted.

It is announced that the Government has has no intention of raising the state of seige of Paris during the prorogation of the Assembly.

The *Official Journal* denies the truth of the report that the Duc de Choiseul goes to Rome as French Ambassador.

PARIS, Sept, 25.—The journals of to-day report the discovery of a conspiracy in Paris for the restoration of Napoleon. It is stated that Napoleon's Prefect of Police Pietre was at the head of the conspiracy here, and that he was acting under direct instructions from the Emperor.

The Minister of Foreign Affairs has assured Herr Von Arnim, the German Plenipotentiary, that the French Government will accord protection to the German residents of Lyons.

The disarmament of the rebels in Algeria has met with an obstacle. The tribes surrender all their bad arms, but keep their good ones.

The French soldiers have burned several more villages belonging to the tribes which still hold out.

Chevalier Nigra, Italian Ambassador, has returned to Paris. The Duke de Broglie will return to London as soon as he has witnessed the marriage of his son.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 25.—A banquet is to be held at Brussels on the 24th inst., to celebrate the anniversary of the formation of the International Society.

Some attention has been excited by a pamphlet just published at Brussels with the title of "The Plebeian Revolution, or Letters to Junius." The subject is the position of France since the Communist defeat.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 25.—The Bank of Belgium raised its rate of discount to five per cent.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Sept. 25.—King Amadeus has gone to Saragossa.

The opening of the Spanish Cortes is postponed until the 10th of October.

The leading Republicans held a meeting here yesterday. They took no definite action, but they resolved to maintain an expectant attitude.

Figuerola will probably enter the ministry again

King Amadeus has arrived at Saragossa.

DENMARK.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 25.—The Minister of Finance proposes to meet the deficit by raising a loan and increasing the income tax.

SWITZERLAND.

LAUSANNE, Sept. 25.—Annual Session of Congress of the Universal Peace League opened in this city this morning.

Herr Sonnemanna, a member of the Reichstadt, said he brought the greeting of those Democrats in Germany who were opposed to annexation. France has again shaken hands with Germany, and they could rely on sincerity of both nations in spite of Bonaparte and Bismarck.

The reestablishment of an American journal at Frankfort was advocated. It was resolved to raise funds for subsidizing such journal.

ROUMANIA.

BUCHAREST, Sept. 25.—The Roumanian Government has ordered that strict qurantine be imposed on all vessels from Turkish ports.

Latest American Telegrams,

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The Claims Commission under the Treaty of Washington have postponed the first meeting until tomorrow, owing to the absence of Mr Hale, the United States Agent and Commissioner.

Assistant Secretary of State Davis, the United States Agent before the Geneva Arbitration, was in consultation for several hours to-day with Messrs. Cushing and Meredith, the counsellors recently appointed on the subject of the claims to be presented to that tribunal, which will meet on the 15th of December.

Sir Edward Thornton is expected to return from England before the close of October.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Sept. 25.—There were five deaths from Yellow Fever to-day.

SALT LAKE CITY, Sept. 25.—Brigham Young returned to this city yesterday. The Mormon denies indignantly that he has sought to evade the process of the Court of Grand Jury, and they say he will obey the process of the Court of Grand Jury, and will obey a summons as witness or submit even to a warrant of arrest, but will not yield to imprisonment.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

FRANCE.

VERSAILLES, Sept. 25.—Special from Versailles to the *Standard* says that President Thiers is disturbed by fears as to the safety of his life. His bed chamber is guarded by patrols.

The *Standard's* despatch also says that Thiers is ready to pay immediately the fourth half milliard of the German indemnity.

INDIA.

A despatch from Calcutta announces the wreck of a steamer on the coast of India, and that 138 natives lost their lives.

SPAIN.

It is announced from Madrid that 4,000 additional Spanish troops will be sent to Cuba before the end of the present month.

UNITED STATES.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 24.—Later returns shown that the number of delegates elected to the Republican State Convention is 897, of whom 514 are against and 358 for Butler.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The Joint Commission for the adjustment of claims other than the Alabama, provided for by article 12th of the Treaty of Washington, will meet for organization in this city, at the State Department, on Tuesday.

Mr. Russell Gurney, British Commissioner, with Mrs. Gurney, has arrived here. Mr. Gurney is accompanied by Archer A. Cline, a young English Barrister, and Mr. Northcote, a son of Sir Stafford Northcote, of the recent Joint High Commission, as his associate. James M. Carlisle counsel for the British Government is here, and Hon. Robt. S. Hale, counsel for the United States Government will be here to-day. Count Corti, Italian Minister, the third Commissioner jointly chosen by the two Governments is also here. The organization of this Commission will make three mixed claim commissions in session in this city, viz: Mexican, Spanish and British. The adjustment of the matters over which these Commissioners have jurisdiction together with the Geneva Tribunal, will substantially clear the docket of the United States Government so far as other nations of the world are concerned.

NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—Among the most remarkable westward passages across the Atlantic are to be recorded those of the *Baltic*, *City of Brooklyn* and *Wyoming*, all of which arrived yesterday ahead of the usual time. The *Baltic* a new steamer of the White Star Line, although on her first voyage, eclipsed her rivals by about four hours, making the passage from Queenstown in 8 days and 19 hours. This time for new machinery, is unprecedented.

CUBA.

HAVANA, Sept. 24.—Letters from Puerto Principe announce that the eastern part of the Island, in which is included the whole seat of the insurrection, has been completely pacified and that the Captain-General will shortly return to Havana. All the principal leaders of the insurrection, with their forces have either surrendered or been captured.

AN HOUR AT CHISLEHURST.

I had had a gracious note, written on ostentatiously common paper, saying "that the Emperor and the Empress, being profoundly touched by the sympathy shown them in England, and specially by the sympathy shown them by Lady ——, would receive her on Friday at Camden House." I was to be at Camden House at one, and at half-past twelve I arrived at Chislehurst station. A fly awaited me, a regal chariot, rather, for it is used by the Empress Eugenie, who has no carriage, when she takes the rail. A servant in a dark blue livery opened the door with a sort of welcome hilarity. A card was handed, "Pour Sa Majeste," "Oui, pour Sa Majeste." Madame se donnera la peine de descendre." Madame did, and through an ante-hall passed into a gallery evidently intended for the grand effect of this not spacious mansion. The gallery extends right through the building. In the centre, opposite the ante-hall by which I entered, is a saloon (a recess, as it were) without doors, with a large fire-place round which are arranged big arm chairs, small tables and a glass screen. Pictures cover the walls, and there are choice cabinets, and many carvings and much gilding and general luxury of embellishment, along with a pervading odour of cigars. I came to know afterwards that this hall-saloon is used by the Emperor as a reception room, when he is socially inclined and permits himself to be surrounded by those devoted friends who have followed him into exile. Into this hall-saloon I was led by the most courteous of servants, who indescribably conveyed to me the fact that Her Majesty liked to see me, and that I was welcome. Every inch of wall was richly decorated, and at one end large glass doors gave to a secluded lawn, darkened by two grand cedars. After I had sat some some five minutes, a young lady very quietly dressed in black appeared, and deeply curtseying bade me in French pass into the boudoir, a plain room, small for the size of the hall; no ornaments, no decorations to mark it as the shrine of the Imperial lady. The lady in waiting bade me sit down, and some ordinary phrases passed. As we spoke, from round the corner of the open door, without the sound of a footfall, or the rustling of drapery, the Empress stood before me. There was a worn, weary look, inexpressibly pathetic in her eyes, just touched under the lower lids with black; her cheeks were thin and very pale, her fair hair simply arranged low on the neck behind, drawn back at the sides and with curls on the forehead, and it was her own hair—distinctly and probably her own. Her dress was of black paramatta, self-trimmed, with a small tunic, and a general look of scantiness about it. She wore a little white shirt-collar and cuffs, and not a single jewel, save one diamond star that held the little collar. Her manner suits her imperial presence—simple, courteous, earnest. For a while the Empress "kept her state," as the old chronicles have it, in the arm-chair (perhaps she forgot no royal canopy hung over her head). Then she ose and moved nearer to me, seating herself on a light chair, and straightway lapsed into the easy flow of talk of the high-bred lady. This quality, the Empress and the woman, is one of her great charms. Both moods are perfectly natural. She began in English (which she speaks readily, and with a good accent, only now and then wanting a word, which she asks you with her eyes to supply) by regretting that the Emperor was too ill to see me. "Not seriously ill, far from it," she said, "thank God, but suffering greatly from rheumatic pains, in consequence of a chill when he first arrived at Chislehurst. The weather had been warm and fine, and he had been tempted out, too much wrapped up (for it was so cold at Wilhelmshohe), and he had incautiously taken off his paletot, and so caught cold, which had produced an attack of rheumatism. The Emperor is ill. I cannot leave him, and I go nowhere. I think of nothing, day and night, but of poor France. Ah, what horrors will be passed through ere France can be at peace! Those dreadful scenes always before me; the end is not yet." Her eyes filled with tears, and rested on her shabby black dress—and this was the late queen of fashion—and her look seemed to say, "See how I mourn!" And it was true. "Madame," said I, "there is but one consolation—the worse things go in France, the more the Emperor is sure to be recalled. It is the Emperor alone who can govern France. They are like bad children, and require the master-hand of wholesome restraint and discipline." "I do not wish to return—I suffered too much; but trust that events will justify the Emperor. Surely the world must come to see what kind of people he had to govern. The Emperor knew that these people were in Paris—*for twenty years he knew it*, and he did not shoot them. He was too merciful. The Emperor is blamed for everything," said she; "yet how rich and prosperous France has been for so many years! The wages of the laborers and the *ouvriers* were high, and work was plentiful. To Paris came all the world, and money was spent. Now the taxes have not been paid for three whole months. The taxes not paid, and no money at the Bourse! The Emperor is blamed, too, for the war. He was against it. Such blame is most unjust. But"—and she drew herself up—"we do not desire justification. Time will do that. Let events speak. Bye-and-bye Europe shall judge the Emperor fairly."

SCOTTISH NOTES.

THE Inspector-General, Lieutenant-General James Lindsay, has been recalled from Scotland.

THE Queen's intended visit to Inverary has been abandoned this year, as Her Majesty is not equal to the exertion.

Fifty thousand pounds of the 1871 coinage has come to the Edinburgh bank; so that the resolution of the Master of the Mint to withdraw the half crown from circulation will immediately take effect in this locality.

A CARGO of 303 ponies arrived at Granton in the screw steamer Yarrow on Tuesday from Iceland. Nearly a thousand ponies have now been imported from Iceland to Granton by Messrs. Gunn & Slimon, of Leith, during the present season.

THE harvest moon always recalls to tourists the reference of Scott to Melrose Abby by moonlight; and the hotels are full with visitors anxious to prove the truthfulness of the poetic description.

HARVEST operations are now general over the whole county. Except in the Dunfermline district, which is a late one, from a third to a half of the crop has been cut down. Reports vary considerably as to the yield and quality of grain. Wheat is reported from every district to be under an average, both as regards straw and grain. The yield of barley, except on early sown fields, will be a full average. Oats, generally speaking, are a good crop, and will be better, both as to yield and quality, than they have been in the last two seasons. Beans are every where a splendid crop. Over most of the country the hay crop is the heaviest for some years.

In the turn at the roadside near Bensdrum, there is a trout regularly fed by Mr. Cameron, who resides at the place, and for whom it seems to have a special attachment, obeying his call to food with the greatest alacrity.

THE number of tourists passing through the Inverness-shire district of the Highlands this season has greatly exceeded the number in any previous year, and night after night all the hotels in Inverness are crowded to excess. The new Dingwall and Skye Railway seems to be a great attraction, and it is computed that about one-half of the tourists who reach Inverness by boat or rail proceed over this route, either on a visit to the far famed Loch Maree, or to view the unrivalled scenery of the line itself, with the charming sail down Lochcarron to Portree. In Skye and along the route at the principal halting stations all the accommodation for tourists is engaged some days before being required. At Achnasheen, where two years ago the already existing hotel was found ample enough for all purposes, a large new one is now in course of erection.

ENORMOUS SMOKING.

Brussels, in proportion to its population, smokes more cigars than any city in Europe, which may not be generally believed, but which is strictly true. Six excellent cigars of Belgian and Havana tobacco mixed can be bought for ten cents in silver, and first class brands of Cuban leaf can be purchased for three and four sous apiece. The smoking tobacco manufactured at Bruges, Ghent and Antwerp is strong, rank, and heady, and greatly inferior to the French caporal, but which, however, seems to be refreshing to Flemish palates, for as well as cigars enormous quantities are sold daily. It is easy to form an idea how much the Belgians smoke, when on any block of the city, in a well frequented district, the visitor can count as many as eight tobacco shops. The blocks are short also, and the stores well frequented; they must be, in fact, for such competition would ruin everybody in the trade, if customers could not be found for one and all.

HOSTILITY TO PRUSSIA.

A French paper called the *Anti-Prussien* devotes itself to the task of exciting feelings of animosity toward those Prussians who are domiciled in France at the present time, and indulges in the most extravagant vituperation of all who belong to the German race. A Mr. WEISS, having subscribed 1,000 francs as his contribution toward the payment of the war indemnity, is pounced upon with remorseless fury. "This WEISS," it says, "supposes his subscription will secure for him a moral right to remain on French soil. But what can 1,000 francs do to legalize the presence of a German, who, beyond all doubt, got more than 1,000 francs at the division of the milliards? A scamp remains a scamp." The *Anti-Prussien* calls upon Frenchmen to attack "the accursed race of traitors, thieves and murderers," to injure them in private matters, and to treat them as our ancestors treated the Jews, while it ridicules the German Government as being unable to protect the backs of its subjects from French dog whips in spite of all its boasted victories. Such exhibitions of impotant rage can only excite derision, and the German papers quote these puerile utterances with evident satisfaction.

A FORTUNATE NURSEMAID.

A nurse girl serving in the family of a wealthy squatter in Australia has suddenly stepped into a title and a property of £40,000 under the name of Lady ELIZABETH MORTON. The *Pall Mall Gazette* says that this romance in real life should make people more considerate in their conduct toward their servants. Several members of the House of Lords have, it is well known, disappeared under a cloud of bankruptcy during the past two years, and nobody knows what has become of the illustrious paupers. It is possible that the drunken footman of to day, clothed in livery and threatened with delirium tremens, may have been the proud peer of yesterday. Therefore those Englishmen who have a true respect for noble blood should treat their flunkies kindly.

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks, —"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa. Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills.' Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinlined packets, labelled—James Epps & Co, Homœopathic Chemists, London 1509 ly

CITY COUNCIL.

September, 21st, 1871.

Special meeting called by His Worship the Mayor for the purpose of amending the estimates of the Water Works Committee.

Present: His Worship the Mayor; and Aldermen Baldwin, O'Connor, Bangs, Rowe, Featherston, McDougal, Lapierre, and Martineau.

1. Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Martineau, that the word "sixty" in the first and second clauses of the preamble, and in the first and second section of the By-law to raise money for the construction of Bridges be expunged and the word "fifty" inserted instead thereof Carried.

2. Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Martineau, that the word "six thousand and six hundred" in the third clause of the preamble of the By-law to construct bridges be changed to five thousand and five hundred. Carried.

3. Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Martineau, that the words "Friday, the 13th," be changed to "Tuesday, the sevententh," in the By-law to construct bridges, as the time for taking the votes of the electors. Carried.

4. Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Lapierre, that the By-law to raise by way of loan money to construct bridges be read a first time, and published according to law. Carried.

5. Moved by Ald. Mosgrove, seconded by Ald. Lapierre, that the words "three-fourths" be struck out of the sixth clause of the preamble of the By-law, for the construction of Water Works, and that the words "two-thirds" be inserted in lieu thereof; and the word fifty in the first and second clauses of the said preamble, and in the fourth and fifth sections of the said By-law, and also that the words "thirty-six" in the third clause of the preamble be struck out and the words thirty-eight inserted in lieu of the same. Carried.

6. Moved by Ald. Mosgrove, seconded by Ald. Rowe, that the estimates for the construction of Water Works, be amended, by striking out the following words and figures:—"Pumping machinery, $25,000," "Wheel house, $20,000," and that there be inserted in lieu thereof, the following words and figures: Pumping machinery and wheel house, $34,000, and that the figures "411" be struck out and the figures 400 be inserted instead of the same, and that the remainder of the said estimate be struck out. Carried.

7. Moved by Ald. Mosgrove, seconded by Ald. Lapierre, that the By-law for the construction of Water Works, as amended, be read a first time. Carried.

The Council then adjourned.

Devlin's Hats that R Dats.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers, 25 cents a bottle. Office, 215 Fulton Street, New York, and 493 Oxford Street, London.

Be sure and call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa

Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

THIS EVENING.

Dancing and Maintien.

Mr. Andrews classes are now open in Gowan's Hall, and meet every Tuesday and Friday.

JUVENILES at 5 p.m.; ADULTS at 8 p.m.

P. O. Pox 15,
or HOUSE, New Edinburgh.

Ottawa, Sept. 8, 1871.

NOTICE.

The Township of Cumberland AGRICULTURAL SHOW and FAIR will be held at the Village of Osborne, SEPTEMBER 29th inst.

JOHN D. WILSON;

Cumberland, 23rd Sept. 1778 2

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways,

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 25th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.

Local Train at 1:40 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 4:10 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 8:10 p.m., and at Sand Point at 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 1:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 5:20 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m., 7:18 p.m., 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE SAND POINT—5:30 a.m., 9:10 a.m., 4:30 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, Sept. 26, 1871. 1761-y

THE

St. Lawrence & Ottawa

RAILWAY Co

OTTAWA, 21st Sept., 1871.

VOLUNTEER REVIEW

at Prescott on

TUESDAY, 26th SEPTEMBER

Upwards of 4,000 men on the Field.

This Company will give

RETURN TICKETS

to Prescott and back at a

SINGLE FARE

on TUESDAY, the 26th inst.

to enable the Public to attend the Grand Volunteer Review and Sham Fight to take place at Prescott on that day in presence of

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL

the Hon. the Minister of Militia and Defence, the Adjutant General, and a large and brilliant staff.

A train will leave Ottawa at 7 a.m., by which passengers will reach Prescott in time to witness the Review.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent.

1775 4

GOWANS MUSIC HALL.

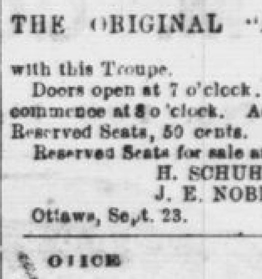
WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27 and 28

Satsuma's Royal Japanese,

The best Performers ever in this country.

Men, Women, and Child in Native Costumes

Giving a performance



NEVER ATTEMPTED BY AMERICANS!

Crowded Houses Everywhere!

Thousands turned away at Boston, New Orleans, St. Louis, and New York. Patronized by the ELITE of those cities.

THE ORIGINAL "ALL RIGHT"

with this Troupe.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 8 o'clock. Admission, 25 cents; Reserved Seats, 50 cents.

Reserved Seats for sale at Orme & Son's.

H. SCHUHMAN, Manager.
J. E. NOBLE, Agent.

Ottawa, Sept. 23. 1777 td

NOTICE

TO LUMBERMEN AND OTHERS

1,000 pair Government SNOW SHOES, a superior article, almost new, for sale at half price by

W REID & CO,
84 McGill Street,
Montreal.

Ottawa, September 26. 1777 12

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS

Will be received for the several works required in the erection and completion of a

BUILDING

On the corner of

Wellington and O'Connor Streets,

For the

"BANK OF MONTREAL,"

According to plans and specifications prepared by MESSRS. HOPKINS & WILY, Architects, and which may be seen at the office of Mr. Walter Chesterton, Architect, Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

The Directors do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

The time for giving in the tenders to be announced in a few days.

Ottawa, Sept. 22, 1871. 1776

ESTIMATE

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D., 1871.

Excavation 38,000 yards	$ 38,000
Arch Covering	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps	16,000
Pumping Mains extra	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
September 23, 1871. 1779 1m

MUSIC HALL.

FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY.

MONDAY & TUESDAY,

SEPTEMBER 25th & 26th.

PROFESSOR ASHLEY,

the great London

ILLUSIONIST & VENTRILOQUIST

And Originator of the Celebrated Entertainment known as

DIABOLORIUM,
OR NIGHTS IN DREAMLAND.

Prof. Ashley will be assisted by Miss MATTIE ALLSTON, the pleasing and popular Balladist.

Admission, 25cts; Reserved seats, 50cts.

Tickets can be procured at Orme & Son's, Sparks street, and Gowan's Music Store, Sparks street, or at the door.

Gowan's Orchestra will be in attendance.

Doors open at 7; to commence at 8 o'clock.

Ottawa, Sept. 21, 1871. 1775 4

NOTICE.

FOR SALE.

A well established BUSINESS in one of the most flourishing villages in the Ottawa Valley on the line of the Brockville & Ottawa Railroad. The stock now on hand consisting of Dy Goods, Groceries, and Boots and Shoes, to the amount of about $4,000. The Business is well established, and an excellent trade has been done amounting to about $21,000 a year The Shop and Dwelling can be leased or purchased.

Further particulars can be learned by applying to

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 19, 1871 1773 td

AUCTION SALE

OF A

SPLENDID STONE HOUSE.

The Subscriber has received instructions from Mr. David Moore to sell at his rooms, Rideau Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th SEPTEMBER, 1871, that desirable property situated on York Street, recently occupied by him The house is of stone, 2½ storeys high, well built, and neatly finished with good yard and stabling.

Sale at Twelve o'clock, noon.

For further particulars apply to the Auctioneer,

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer & Real Estate Agent

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871. 1765 td

LOCAL NEWS.

Don't forget the opening day at Allan, McKinnon & McMorrans', on Thursday.

THE PRESCOTT REVIEW.—The special train for Prescott leaves at o'clock this morning.

PERSONAL.—We observe that Mr. Edward Griffin has returned to town, after a short visit to Montreal.

The Bank of British North America has opened an agency in Renfrew. Mr. Watson from the Ottawa Branch will take charge.

DANGEROUS.—The careless manner in which the drain at the corner of Little Sussex and Rideau streets is covered is very dangerous to pedestrians particularly at night.

MONEY TO LEND.—Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., corner Sparks & Elgin streets, Ottawa.

SPORTING.—A match race came off yesterday afternoon, on the race course, between Mr. McNab's "Sleepy Johnny" and James Connolly's "Gimcrack." The race was the 2 best out of 3, mile heats. "Gimcrack" came off victorious in two straight heats.

MAN DROWNED.—A man employed by Mr. Perley, as gardener, and living at the Little Chaudiere, was missed from home on Saturday week and his body being found in the Ottawa River in the vicinity of the above named place on Saturday last, it is concluded that he was accidentally drowned or committed suicide.

A large and complete assortment of new goods now on hand in every department, at Allan, McKinnon & McMorrans', No. 29 Sparks street.

A PIGEON FEAT.—On the second day of the exhibition last week, Mr. William Beatty, of Sandy Hill, who received a prize and diploma for his pidgeons took an untrained Antwerp pidgeon from a cage on the show grounds, and fastening a message to it let it go. It went directly home in less than a minute announcing Mr. Beatty's presence at the exhibition.

FIRE.—A fire occurred yesterday afternoon in a large frame house belonging to Mr. Warwicker, saddler, on Ashburnham Hill. The fire was the result of a defective chimney, and was extinguished without the services of the fire engines. A few boards were charred and a portion of the roof torn off the kitchen, but no further damage was done.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—Chas R Jones, Montreal; H H Bight, Halifax, N S; J G Burrows, Montreal; Thos Macduff, do; S E Burke, Toronto; E A Jones, Londonderry; J M Pitblodo, Amherst, N S; Mr & Mrs A W M'Lellon, Nova Scotia; Herbert F Coones, Chicago; Wm MacKay & wife, Halifax, N S; Miss Mackay, Mrs Hutchins, do; B Doe, Boston; P McPhee, Montreal; L Munroe, do; R S Macdonald, Lancaster; Alex Flockhart, Onslow; R Luttrell, City of Prescott; A McKay, Chatham; James H Rowan, iCty; T M Daly, Toronto; A H Chappell, Connecticut; Yates & Wife, Montreal.

Call and see the new styles in Millinery and Mantles, at Allan, McKinnons' & McMorrans', on Thursday.

County of Carleton Agricultural Society Exhibition, at Bell's Corners, on 5th and 6th of October:

EXTRA PRIZES.

By Robert Lyon, Esq., Ladies Papier Machie Writing Desk, value ten dollars, for best 6lbs. Fresh Butter, made by a young lady.

By Russell & Watson, Silk Dress, value thirty dollars, for the best display of Flannels, (union and all wool), the product of the year.

By Messrs. Shanly & Gallagher, (Agents Rochester Nurseries), 25 Choice Apple Trees, for the best collection of Fruit grown by exhibitor in County.

POLICE COURT—MONDAY.—Three cases of drunkenness were disposed of.

In a case of assault, the offender was fined ten dollars and costs.

John Donoghue, charged with the larceny of a watch from Phillip Kenny, pleaded guilty and was committed to gaol for two weeks at hard labor.

Ellen Paquet and Amelia La Hays, two infamous characters, were charged with the larceny of one silver watch and thirteen dollars in money. The evidence went to show that plaintiff was drunk, that he hired a cab and drove out to Laport's Ale Tavern, on the Montreal road, with the prisoners, where they remained for about two hours. On returning to town plaintiff missed his watch and money, but he had been so much under the influence of liquor that he remembered nothing that took place during the night.

The case was adjourned until Saturday.

BRUTAL ASSAULT.—A man named Paul Brisebois received a most brutal beating in Desjardins' Hotel, yesterday morning from a carter named Edouard Labelle. It appears that while under the influence of liquor Brisebois engaged Labelle to drive him round town in his cab and that on returning to the above named hotel, Labelle demanded $2 for his services. Having received that sum he shortly afterwards asked and obtained $3 more, but not content with that amount he again returned to Brisebois and insisted on his paying over two dollars more. The latter refused positively to do so, when Labelle sprang upon him and assaulted him in a fearful manner, using his fists and feet in a barbarous attack. We have seldom heard of so cowardly, outrageous and savage an assault. Brisebois' head and face are bruised in a horrible manner and it is hoped the cowardly villain will receive the full benefit of the law.

Ladies remember the Grand Show Room Opening at Allan, McKinnons' & McMorrans, on Thursday, 28th inst.

MUSIC HALL.—PROF. ASHLEY.—A crowded Hall of ladies and gentlemen were entertained with amusement and wonder by the celebrated Prof. Ashley last evening. The press throughout the country have spoken so highly of Mr. Ashley's performances that it is almost needless for us to repeat their very flattering but well deserved encomiums. He has everywhere been pronounced perfect in his profession. We will not particularize any of his feats accomplished in the Music Hall last evening, but will assure our readers that a very pleasant evening can be enjoyed by attending his entertainment. Some of his transpositions of articles appear really amazing to the uninitiated, while his manner of carrying out the entire programme of the evening is ingenicously amusing. He has a very good way of entertaining his audience. Miss Alliston has a sweet voice and sang some ballads prettily. Prof. Ashley gives another entertainment this evening.

COURT OF CHANCERY.

Monday, September 25.

The fall sittings of the Court commenced this morning, Vice Chancellor Strong presiding.

BROWN vs. BALDWIN.—This was a case in which Mrs. D. T. Browne sought to set aside a mortgage made to C. H. Baldwin of Montreal on the ground of fraud. After considerable evidence had been taken it was found that it did not agree with the case made by the Bill: and an application was made by Mr. Fitzgerald, as counsel for the Plaintiff, to amend the Bill. His Lordship was prepared to allow an amendment, but if so defendant would be allowed to answer. An order was then made that Plaintiff, be allowed to amend as she might be advised. Costs reserved, and case to be reheard at the next spring sittings.

MOHR vs. MARSHALL.—This was a case to set aside a Deed as a cloud on title.

Judgement reserved.

PRINCESS LOUISE AMONG THE SCOTS.

The Inverary correspondent of the London *Daily Telegraph*, speaking of the ball, says:—"There was no *mauvaise honte* about the tenantry and no condescension about the landowners; for at last all were on a footing of perfect equality. As if to give the very note to the evening's music, the Princess danced in the first set of quadrilles with the Provost; while Lord Lorne handed Mrs. M'Arthur to the floor. Later the Princess descended still lower in the social scale, and with even happier effect, for in a reel she took the hand of the old man—a small farmer and the oldest tenant on the estate. With him she turned and twisted, and jerked and trotted and hopped and went through the wonderful eccentricities of activity that make up this frenzied Highland dance. It was right pleasant to watch her genial manner, and very amusing to see how the tenant, who throughout the dance had been as self-posed as Lord Chesterfield could have desired, made at its conclusion his salaam, and pulled at an imaginary lock on his bald brow. The Princess' next partner was the Duke's agent or steward, who was taken up to the Princess by her husband. The damsels whom Lord Lorne danced with need not be particularised, for I do not know that a man deserves much special credit for flirting with a number of pretty girls, and the young bridegroom certainly did not throw his handkerchief to the ugliest. The greatest delight to the people was when the Princess joined in a country dance, for then everybody in the room had an opportunity of holding for a moment the tips of her fingers; and what country dances they were! At least a hundred couples stood close packed in a single line of the run from top to bottom. It would have knocked all the life out of a London exquisite to have seen the Highlanders reveling in activity; and when the mere exercise of their legs was insufficient to express their delight, they shouted with all the power of their healthy lungs. The tramping, shrieking couples made the flooring rebound again; and when the quick step began in the Reel of Tulloch, the rafters rang again with the echoes of weighty footsteps and emphatic shouts. At this moment the aspect of the ball-room, if by no means so splendidly dazzling as last week, was even more characteristic. Kilts there were enough. Besides those of the Inverary Volunteers, whose brilliant martial appearance I have several times alluded to, there were a good many military uniforms; and at the last moment the Duke sent invitations to the crews of the "Columba" and "Northumbria."

A TERRIBLE PROPHET.

A formidable rival to Dr. Cumming has arisen in Australia, and has published a book containing the most dreadful prophecies, supported by incontrovertible passages of scripture. His readers are informed that, contrary to common belief, the earth, instead of being orange shaped, has the shape of a pineapple, and is elongated instead of being flattened at the poles; that this elongation has got to such a pitch that the earth has got to change its centre of gravity. Rome is to be suddenly overwhelmed, and seen no more for ever; and the whole northern hemisphere will share more or less in the tremendous disturbance. The dwellers on the north side of the equator are informed, however, that by emigrating immediately to Australia they may escape the threatened cataclysm, and after it is over return to enjoy the new earth, which is to be pervaded with currents of magnetism and electricity, that the soil will be fruitful beyond the power of the liveliest imagination to conceive, and man is to live as long as the oak of the forest. The expounder of this theory threatens to come out with another and a bigger book next year, supported by more scripture from which we infer that the northern hemisphere is in no immediate danger.

PAIN KILLER

Husband:—You have great faith, Mary in the PAIN-KILLER. The Patsons wife and Mrs Judge Jones are very positive in favor of it, but I am inclined to think that if it did all it professes to do sickness and death would soon be out of fashion, for it cures everything.

Wife:—The Parson's wife and Mrs. Judge Jones are not the only ones that I have heard strongly recommend the PAIN-KILLER, every where I go they have it and everybody praises it. all the Liniments, Cholera mixtures and Pain Medicines have disappeared since Perry Davis' agent came round. (To little boy) George, does your tooth still ache, my dear?

George:—No, Mother, PAIN KILLER stopped it.

Wife to husband:—The Pain Killer does not profess to cure everything either in the Directions about the bottle or in the "Annual." I have read them carefully. It claims to be the best family medicine in existence. Perry Davis & Son do not say what it can do but prove what it has done by giving certificates from reliable persons whose testimony cannot be doubted.

Husband:—Do you think these certificates are *Bona fide*, I believe they are made up to sell the goods.

Wife:—Judge Jones was as incredulous as you till he wrote to Ferry Davis & Son and was satisfied, they sent him a quire of certificates received from parties within five miles of his own house.

(*To be Continued*)

Sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cts. per bottle.

TAKE NOTICE.

Get your

BUFFALO ROBES

in to be

DYED,

and made like

BEAR ROBES,

for the cold weather is fast approaching.

G. A. SHELDON,
Sussex street,
Next door to the DOMINION HOUSE,
Ottawa, Sept. 21, 1871. 1774 a

LOST,

On FRIDAY, 15th instant, a Gentleman's heavy GOLD RING, with Carbuncle Stone, chased in the sides. Any one leaving it at this Office will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa Sept 20. 1773tf

LOST OR STOLEN,

A BROWN HORSE. Has a cut on the off hind leg, and a little stiff on the near fore foot; has a grey nose.

Any person returning him to E. SIMON, Hull, will be rewarded.

Ottawa, September 23, 1871. 1776 c

CITY OF OTTAWA ADVANCE

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By-Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands, grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts: and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the Thirtieth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar shall, in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the thirtieth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the twenty eighth day of December, A. D. 1871, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
September 22nd, 1871. 1777 1m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first class BRANDIES or WINES and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street

BRANDIES—

The best old brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

GIN—

J. DeKuyper & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Pure Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

AT

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

SEALED TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for a Bridge," will be received at this Office until FRIDAY, the 29th day of SEPTEMBER, instant, at noon, for the construction of two Swing Bridges for the enlarged portion of the Grenville Canal.

Plans and specifications can be seen on application at this office, or at the Lachine Canal Office, Montreal, or at the Engineer's Office, on the work at Grenville, where printed forms of Tender may also be obtained.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th September, 1871.

The time for receiving the above Tenders has been extended to TUESDAY, the 10th day of OCTOBER next, at noon.

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 21st September, 1871. 1777 3

AUCTION SALE

OF A

TIMBER LIMIT

SITUATED ON DEEP RIVER.

The Subscriber has received instructions to sell at the Union House, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, 4th October, a Timber Berth, being License No. 287 of 1870-71, of about 5½ square miles on the South side of Deep River.

Terms and conditions made known at time of sale.

Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 8, 1871. 1761-1d

VALUABLE SUGAR LIMITS,

ON BLACK RIVER,

For Sale by Auction, at the Union House,

ON WEDNESDAY, 4th OCTOBER

next, at one o'clock, p. m., being
License No. 265, of 1870-71.....50 miles.
And No. 367, of 1870-71.....50 miles.

Total one hundred square miles of richly timbered limits.

By order of
ALEXANDER FRASER, Esq.

Ottawa, 1st Sept. 1871. 1759-1d

ENGLISH WEEKLY NEWS PAPERS AND MONTHLY MAGAZINES.

LLOYD'S WEEKLY LONDON NEWS, Weekly Times, Reynolds', Weekly Dispatch,—the latest editions,—5 cents. Subscription (post free to any part of the Dominion)—yearly, $2.50; six months, 1.25.

Illustrated London News, Graphic, Bell's Life, News of the World, Punch, Fun, Judy, &c., &c.

THE TORONTO GLOBE delivered at 10 cents per week.

C. E. HUCKETT & CO.
69, Sparks Street.

August 29. 1755 1m

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.

Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's.

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.

1737tf

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for Supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY

FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed, until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season	..	$5 00
20lb. " " "	..	9 00
10lbs " month		1 50
20lbs " "	..	2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

Terms strictly Cash in advance.

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention

H. PALMER

N. B.—Ice supplied by ton or cwt.

Ottawa April 1871

BUSINESS CHANGE.

We, the undersigned, in relinquishing the Retail branch of our business, beg to return thanks to the public of Ottawa and vicinity for the very liberal support accorded to us during the past eight years, and to announce that we have

DISPOSED OF OUR STOCK,

And leased the premises,

29 Sparks Street,

TO

MESSRS.

ALEXANDER RUSSELL,

(Late of Blyth & Russell, Ottawa,)

AND

ROBERT WATSON,

(Of Watson & Hayes, Almonte,)

Who will continue the business under the name and style of

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Both of these gentlemen were formerly in our employ, and being possessed of ample means and long experience we have great pleasure in recommending them to the confidence and patronage of all our friends and customers.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, August, 1871.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE

RUSSELL & WATSON

Have pleasure in announcing that they have ure he

Entire Stock in Trade,

AND

GOOD WILL

OF THE

RETAIL BUSINESS

Lately conducted by Messrs.

Magee & Russell,

And leased their premises, 29 Sparks Street, for a term of years.

And hope by keeping only the best qualities of goods, and adopting a uniform and

Moderate Scale of Profits,

By anticipating the wants of the public and a strict attention to business to merit and retain the patronage so liberally bestowed upon their predecessors.

And we beg to assure the old patrons of the establishment that no efforts will be spared in maintaining the leading position to which it had attained.

ALEX. RUSSELL. ROBT. WATSON.

Ottawa, August 1871.

Peaches!

Peaches!

Peaches!

Pears!

Pears!

Pears!

Apples!

Apples!

Apples!

And all other Kinds of Fruit

at the Fruit Depots of

G. LORENZ,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET,

—AND—

NO. 56 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Grand Show Day!

AT

Russell & Watson's

Having now the greater portion of our STOCK forward, we will on

Thursday, 28th Sept'r.

Open our SHOW ROOMS, and DISPLAY the

LATEST NOVELTIES

—IN—

Millinery, Mantles and Costumes!

Besides a well assorted Stock of Goods usually shown in the Room

In addition to Goods now forward for those Departments will be found a full and well selected STOCK of

Dress Goods, Silks,

Laces and Lace Goods,

Hosiery and Gloves, &c.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, September 22, 1871

IF YOU WANT

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

SEND TO THE

Noted Tea House

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprieto

HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 Rideau street.

All account ready for use.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Bed Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.
Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Maley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Scythe Stones, &c. &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grindling Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

AT ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

BOARD WANTED

In a Private Family, by a Gentleman Six o'clock dinner preferred Address X. Y. Z. P. O. Box, 285. 1754

WANTED

By a young married couple, Board, Bedroom, and Sitting Room, furnished

OR

a Small House or Cottage, furnished or unfurnished All within easy distance of the Post Office. Possession required 1st October, or soon after

Apply by letter, stating terms, to

D. C. L., Box 5 Ottawa P. O

Ottawa, Sept. 13th, 1871. 1767-

PRIVATE BOARD WANTED

In Upper Town by a Gentleman and his Wife. Apply by letter addressed

1761- B., Times Office.

NOTICE.

An excellent CELLAR to let. Large, and entrance on level with the street. Apply to

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 13, 1871. 1767-tf

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON,
Proprietor

1766-6m

FRED. T. PALMER,

Commission and Lumbermen's Agent, Rideau Street, (entrance O'Meara's Gateway.)

Particular attention will be given to hiring men, teams, &c., and all transactions with the Crown Land and Timber Office.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:

R Nagle, Esq. | Wm Mackey, Esq
Allan Grant, Esq. | E McGillivray, Esq

Ottawa, Sept 1, 1871. 1746t

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1753 1y

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested to settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown, now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

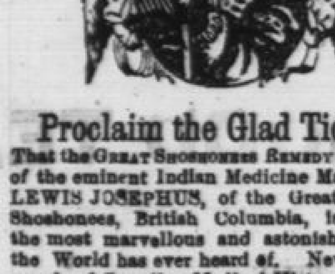
I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that be has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY.

553, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand), London, W. C., Sept. 1, 1871. 39 6m



Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the GREAT SHOSHONEES REMEDY AND PILLS, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY?

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophylium, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Socotrine Aloes, Capsicum, &c., &c.,) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching curative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Pint Bottles ..$1 00
Pills per Box......................... 25

TWO VALUABLE FARMS

FOR SALE!

The following Valuable Farm situated on the banks of the Rideau about one mile and a half from Ottawa, the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq, and known as the South West half of Lot 14 on the Rideau River in the Gore of Gloucester. It is all cleared and in the highest state of cultivation; well watered; first-class brick building with seven rooms, and substantial barns, sheds, &c., thereon; also, an excellent orchard and garden. Beautifully situated and commanding a fine view of the City, Parliament Buildings, and surrounding country; contains about 100 acres.

ALSO

Lot No 16, in the Seventh Concession of Gloucester, Ottawa Front (the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq.), 8 miles from Ottawa and 2 miles from Taylorsville. Contains 200 acres, principally covered with timber.

For particulars and terms apply to DANIEL McLAURIN, Esq, of Osgoode, JAMES SEVERIGHT, Esq., of Gloucester, Trustees, or to

HAMNETT P. HILL.
Solicitor, &c.,
34-tf Post Office Block, Ottawa.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

8 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

EMIGRATION

TO THE

UNITED STATES,

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or sixpence. Correspondence solicited, Address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1774 2

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Picton, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Picton, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Picton, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

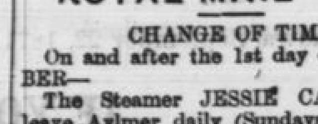
S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Picton, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Picton with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Picton, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE.
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.
May 20, 1871 2670tf



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the 1st day of SEPTEMBER—

The Steamer JESSIE CASSELS will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 7.30 a.m., connecting with Steamers of the Line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The Steamer PONTIAC leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted), at 1 p.m., for Des Joachim; returning—leaving at 6 a.m., connecting with Steamer JASON GOULD, which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 p.m., passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The Steamer PRINCE ARTHUR leaves Portage du Fort at 7 a.m., connecting with Steamer JESSIE CASSELS for Aylmer.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip, at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 9 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, August 28th, 1871.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER

NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL

STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,

CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,

CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"

CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B – Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1736tf

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

NOTICE.

Wanted immediately, for School Section No. 3 and 10, of North and South Plantagenet, A MALE TEACHER, holding a second class certificate. Application may be made to the undersigned Trustees, stating amount of salary per annum.

CHARLES FARRELL,
MAURICE SHANE,
THOMAS BROWNRIGG.

Pendleton 11th, September, 1871. 38 4

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic "Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for "Medical Purposes are of great importance to "Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled "to the consideration and support of every "one disposed to further the advancement of "real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J. RANALD MARTIN. F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, a an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies,

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgic, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantrl, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c. &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awky

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gassfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to

MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18. 1871 1669tf

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.
Omaha, Neb.

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY P.M.
....	11 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	....	4.30
....	11 45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	....	4.30
....	....	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U. S.	8.00	....	7.30
....	....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	....	7.30
10 15	11.45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00	....	4.20
10-15	11.45	....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	....	4.20
10.15	....	....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	....	....	4.20
10.15	....	....	Osgoode, Russell, &c.	....	....	4.20
9 20	....	4.30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	....	1.30
9 20	....	....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	....	....	1 30
10.30	....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	....
5.30	....	....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	....	....	7.00
6.15	....	....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	....	....	7 00
7 30	....	....	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	....	....
6.00	....	....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and Intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	....	....	6.00
11.50	....	....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	....	....

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.00 noon, in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

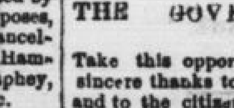
For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a.m to 4 p.m.

Post Office,
Ottawa, Sept. 14 1871

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS



BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

FOR SALE.

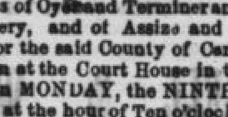
BRAE SIDE STEAM SAW MILL,

Situated near Arnprior, Province of Ontario, and extensive Timber Limits on the River Coulonge, Province of Quebec.

The Mill has just been completed, and is most substantially built and fitted with the most improved Machinery, and can manufacture 140,000 feet of lumber per day. It has an extensive piling ground attached to it. Being placed where the Brockville Railway runs beside the Ottawa River, the lumber manufactured by it may be sent direct to the United States market. The limits comprise about 280 square miles of valuable Pine Timber country, with two extensive and productive Farms, and having commodious Dwelling Houses, Storehouses and Stables erected on them. They are also supplied with a large stock of provisions, horse feed and shanty plant for next season's operations

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be had by applying to J. B. Lewis, Esq, Barrister, Ottawa, or from Mr. George Purvis, at the offices of the Mill.

Ottawa, July 28, 1871. 1729 d&w4 1awk



NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, } To Wit.

Public Notice is hereby given that the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, and of Assize and Nisi Prius, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the NINTH day of OCTOBER, at the hour of Ten o'clock a.m., of which all Coroners, Magistrates, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned, are required to take notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. F. POWELL
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa,
Sept. 15, 1871. 1770-tf.

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

No. 33 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged.
Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

For Sale or to Let.

NOTICE.

TO LET, a Large OFFICE and THREE BEDROOMS well situated in the Aumond Block, west, end Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, July 11th, 1871. 1813 tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

Madoc, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain.
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOOKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
33 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS &Co.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot. Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, Agent,
Times Office, Ottawa.

Medical.

SEEDS! SEEDS

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

A. CHRISTIE & CO,
(Late Alex. Christie.)
Druggists,
40, Sparks-st

Ottawa April 28, 1871

MESS GABRIEL'S
CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING
TEETH & GUMS
PREVENTING AND ARRESTING TOOTHACHE
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS
IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY
MESS GABRIEL
DENTISTS
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	"SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa

May 1 1871

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. MAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 962y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 296tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1888y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Fetherton & Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law. Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. 12y F C CLEMOW

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law, Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House. Ottawa.

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT,

NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MARCIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetrau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.

Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into is practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA.

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
869y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

A. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET.

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel.

Strict attention to business.
Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

Miscellaneous.

G. C. RAINBOTH,

Provincial Land Surveyor and Draughtsman, commissioned for the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.

Office. Aylmer, P. Q. 1722 tf

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 749t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1860.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

I G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

1871. ICE 1871.

ICE! ICE!

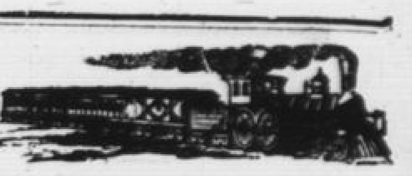
The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G, Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street.

Ottawa, May 1649d



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS:

Great Acceleration of Speed.

Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

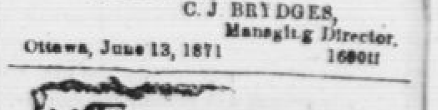
On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at .... 6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at....... 9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at..... 8.00 p.m
Mixed Train for Brockville, at.....11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at.......................... 5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at 7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at.......................... 8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at.......... 2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston.........10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, via:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1680tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1681 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

DOMINION HOUSE

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel

Ottawa, May 15, 1871. 1665 6m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.

Montreal, March 11, 1871 1618y

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES.

November 26, 1870 1524tf

MORRISON'S

STEAM BISCUIT BAKERY

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your Orders are solicited, and will be PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO by

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,

Nos. 36 and 38 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

TANNERY,

PARK STREET, OTTAWA.

EDMOND GERMAIN, Proprietor.

All kinds of LEATHER for Sale, Wholesale, at reasonable prices.

ALSO,

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE.

Of his own manufacture, at REDUCED PRICES.

19th August, 1871. 1746tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre), Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

1746b

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1779. OTTAWA WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof whi h will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Destillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constontly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal. 1685 3m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Receiv

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily)
1 Case Laces.
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills.

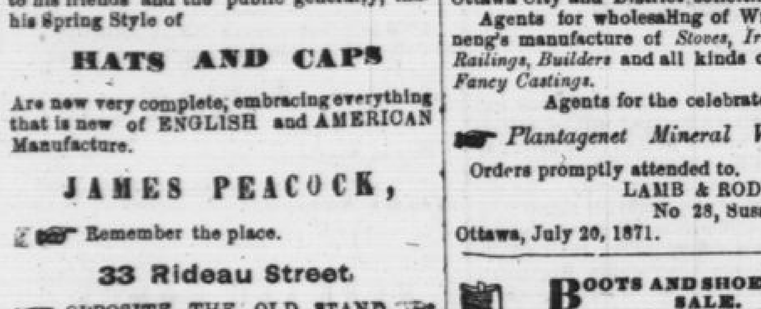
CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 10, 1871



SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL, Solicitor, Post O Block.

1746b

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON, 8, Sparks Street.

1812 tf

100 CASES

HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT

"THE RED BOOT,"

OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overs,

MOCCASINS,

Laces & Boot Dressing

Which will be sold at the very lowest price possible,

Wholesale and Retail.

City and country dealers will find (on giving us a call) that they can be supplied at

Montreal Prices—Freight Added.

Having received a good part of our

Fall and Winter Goods

We are prepared to EXECUTE PROMPTLY all orders.

All summer goods selling at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Orders for Hand Made Custom Work attended to promptly.

A full sett of

Messrs. Ames, Millard & Co's Samples

of BOOTS and SHOES, always on view, and orders taken at lowest prices. One of our firm will wait on the merchants of Ottawa City and District soliciting orders.

Agents for wholesaling of Wm. Clendinneng's manufacture of *Stoves, Iron-furniture, Railings, Builders* and all kinds of *Plain and Fancy Castings.*

Agents for the celebrated

Plantagenet Mineral Water.

Orders promptly attended to.

LAMB & RODDEN, No 28, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, July 20, 1871.

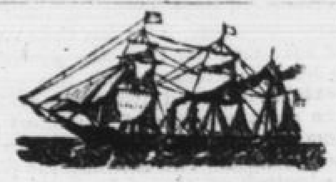
BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE, at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 88 Sussex Street, Ottawa.

1738 tNY SIMEON LEBEAU, Agent.



LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871. 1871.

The following first-class powerful Iron steamships:

EDWAY....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES....J. James "
NIGER......W. Nisbett "
SEVERN.....G.Butchart "

Are intended to Sail, as under, during the Season of 1871, between

LONDON,

QUEBEC and MONTREAL.

FROM LONDON.

MEDWAY ...Thursday, 10th August.
THAMES...... " 24th "
NIGER....... " 7th Sept.
SEVERN...... " 21st "
MEDWAY.... " 5th Oct.
THAMES..... " 19th "

AND FROM QUEBEC.

NIGER .....Thursday, 10th August.
SEVERN.... " 24th "
MEDWAY... " 7th Sept,
THAMES.... " 21st "
NIGER..... " 5th Oct.
SEVERN.... " 19th "
MEDWAY... " 2nd Nov.
THAMES.... " 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $5 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW, Montreal.

or

T. M. CLARKE, Royal Insurance Co.'s Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, June 13th. 17a0y

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL..........................$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over..... 4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over...... 9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND.................. 6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

All descriptions of property insured at moderate rates.

Tables of rates for Life Assurance and all information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

T. M. CLARKE, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 17a0y

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

NESTORIAN ....26th August.
SCANDINAVIAN ......2nd September
HIBERNIAN............9th "
MORAVIAN.............15th "
SARMATIAN ....23rd "
PRUSSIAN..............30th "

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin ....$70 to $80
Steerage.........................$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN, on or about...31st Aug.
OTTAWA " ......7th Sept.
ST. DAVID " ......14th "
ST. ANDREW " ......21st "
ST. PATRICK " ......28th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin..............$67 25
Intermediate...........................$47 or 44 00
Steerage..................................28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO., Agents, 17 Sparks.

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods, &c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Undershirts
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

CHANCERY SALE.

SPAIN v. WATT.

Pursuant to the Decree and final Order for Sale made in this cause, and respectively bearing dates 28th February, 1871, and 25th August, 1871, there will be sold by Public Auction, with the approbation of W. M. MATHESON, Esquire, Master in Chancery, at Ottawa, by AMOS ROWE, Auctioneer, at his Sale Rooms, near Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of SEPTEMBER, A.D. 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following valuable farm property, that is to say, all and singular, the rear or west half of Lot No. Fourteen, in the Second Concession, Rideau Front, of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton.

The property, well known as the Spain Farm, is of good farming land, and contains about one hundred and ten acres, all cleared, excepting about twenty acres of hardwood bush, and is situated on the main road, about two miles from the village of Manotic, and about fourteen miles from the City of Ottawa. There are upon the property a good farm dwelling-house, two barns, sheds, two orchards of plum and apple trees, and a good well and pump.

The purchaser must pay at the time of sale ten per cent. of the purchase money, and the balance in one month from the time of sale.

The property will be put up at an upset price of $1,300 dollars, and will be sold subject to an annuity of $50 during the lifetime of one Maria Spain. In other respects the conditions of sale are the standing conditions of sale of the Court of Chancery.

For further particulars, apply to Messrs. Kennedy and Christie, Messrs Scott, Ross and Stewart, or Martin O'Gara, Esq., Solicitors, Ottawa.

Dated this 1st day of September, A.D., 1871.

W. M. MATHESON, Master at Ottawa.

KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Solicitors for Vendor. 1758td

OAKEY'S
SILVERSMITHS SOAP
NON-MERCURIAL

For cleaning and polishing Silver, Electro-Plate, Plate Glass, &c. Tablets, 6d. each.

OAKEY'S
WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

prepared expressly for the Patent Knife Cleaning machines, India Rubber and Buff Leather Knife Boards. Knives constantly cleaned with it have a brilliant polish equal to new cutlery. Packets, 3d. each; and tins, 6d., 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s. each.

OAKEY'S
INDIA RUBBER KNIFE BOARDS

Prevent friction in cleaning and injury to the knife. Oakey's Wellington Knife Polish should be used with the Boards.

OAKEY'S
WELLINGTON BLACK LEAD

In solid blocks—1d., 2d., 4d., and 1s. each.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS
MANUFACTURERS OF
EMERY EMERY CLOTH BLACK LEAD CABINET GLASS-PAPER &c
WELLINGTON EMERY & BLACK LEAD MILLS
172. BLACKFRIARS ROAD LONDON.

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

OF THE

AGRICULTURAL & ARTS ASSOCIATION OF ONTARIO,

To be held at Kingston,

On the 25th to 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Persons intending to exhibit will please take notice that the Entries of articles in the respective classes must be made with the Secretary, at Toronto, on or before the undermentioned dates, viz:

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before Saturday, August 26th.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery and Manufactures generally, on or before Saturday, September 2nd.

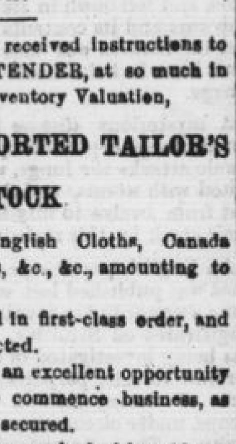
Horticultural Products, Ladies' Work, the Fine Arts, &c., on or before Saturday, September 16th.

Prize Lists and Blank Forms for making the entries upon, can be obtained of the Secretaries of all Agricultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes throughout the Province.

HUGH C. THOMSON, Sec'y Agricultural and Arts Associatio

Toonto, August 15, 1871. 1745-dn&w

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new



Patent Swing,

of B LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or uanger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex Street, and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

RARE CHANCE.

The advertiser has received instructions to offer for SALE, by TENDER, at so much in the Dollar, as per Inventory Valuation,

A WELL ASSORTED TAILOR'S STOCK

Consisting of English Cloths, Canada Tweeds, Trimmings, &c., &c., amounting to over $4,000.

The Goods are all in first-class order, and have been well selected.

The above offers an excellent opportunity to any one about to commence business, as the goodwill can be secured.

Every information may be had by addressing Box 468, Montreal, and Stock Sheets can be seen on application to the undersigned.

Tenders will be received until the 26th instant. Parties making other than a CASH OFFER, will please name security.

C. BAILLIE, 181 St. James' Street.

Montreal, August 5th, 1871 1713t A

WANTED,

A good Carriage and Sleigh Maker, and Blacksmith, at Kinburn, Township of Fitzroy. A good business chance for both, with shop accommodations. Steady and good workmen only need apply.

ALLAN FRASER.

Kinburn 2nd August 1871. 1733tf

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from WEDNESDAY, 15th SEPT. Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 12:30 P.M
8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 16:30 do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East,

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 4:00 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6 45 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4 40 P.M, arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 6:30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.25 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,

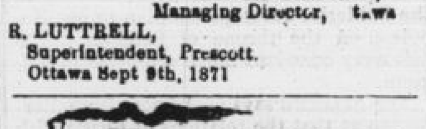
Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, Ottawa

R. LUTTRELL, Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa Sept 9th, 1871



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 25th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m, connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.

Local Train at 1:40 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 4:10 p.m, connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 8:10 p.m., and at Sand Point at 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 5:20 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m., 7:18 p.m., 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE SAND POINT—5:30 a.m., 9:10 a.m., 4:30 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT, Manager.

Brockville, Sept. 26, 1871. 1761-y

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the BROCKVILLE and OTTAWA RAILWAY will be held at BROCKVILLE on the 10th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon a lease of the section of the said Railway lying between CARLETON PLACE and SAND POINT to the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun., Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY will be held at OTTAWA on the 11th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon the accepting of a lease from the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company of that section of their Railway lying between Carleton Place and Sand Point, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun., Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758

COUNTY OF CARLETON

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Annual Exhibition will take place on

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,

5th and 6th October,

at Bell's Corners, Nepean.

All SUBSCRIPTIONS should be paid before 1st September.

ENTRIES to be made before 3rd October.

PRIZE LISTS now ready and may be had from the Secretary at Ottawa, or at the different hotels, Bell's Corners.

A S WOODBURN, Secy.-Treas.

35 3

SALE OF PROPERTY.

In virtue of the Power of a Bond or Deed, DUNCAN McGREGOR, the older, held from DUNCAN McGREGOR, the younger, both inhabitants of Huntley, do hereby offer for sale, by Public Auction, on the ground, the East Half of the West part of Lot No. 1, in the Twelfth Concession of Huntley, containing 50 acres, more or less. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, on MONDAY, 16th OCTOBER 1871.

D McGREGOR.

Sept 14, 1871.

BY-LAW

To raise by way of loan the sum of fifty thousand dollars for the purpose of building bridges across the Rideau Canal, repairing the Sappers' Bridge, and building a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats, in the City of Ottawa.

Whereas the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa have resolved to build bridges across the Rideau Canal, at Wellington and Maria Streets, in the City of Ottawa, to repair the Sappers' Bridge already erected across the said Canal, connecting Sparks and Rideau Streets, and also to build a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats; and it is estimated that the sum of fifty thousand dollars will be required for that purpose.

And whereas in order to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such works, it is necessary to issue debentures of the Corporation of the said City, to the amount of fifty thousand dollars, aforesaid, as hereinafter provided.

And whereas it will require the sum of five thousand five hundred dollars to be raised annually for the payment of the said debentures and the interest thereon, as hereinafter also provided.

And whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is five million seven hundred and sixty-eight thousand three hundred and nine dollars.

And whereas the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:

Principal, the sum of three hundred and two thousand eight hundred and eight dollars and fifty-one cents; and interest, the sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents, making in the aggregate the sum of three hundred and fifty-eight thousand four hundred and sixty-two dollars and sixty-seven cents, of which interest the said sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts is in arrear.

And whereas for paying the interest on the said debentures and creating an equal yearly sinking fund, for paying the principal money of the said debentures, according to the statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

Be it therefore enacted and ordained by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:—

1. That for the purpose of constructing the said works, it shall be lawful for the Mayor, for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan, from any person or persons, body or bodies coporate who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of fifty thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain, for the time being of the said City, and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

2. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa, for the time being, shall cause debentures to be made out, in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of fifty thousand dollars; which said debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

3. The said debentures shall be made payable on the first day of January, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa, and shall have coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum, from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, on the first day of the months of January and July in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

For the purpose of providing a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar shall, in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected, in each year upon all the rateable property in the city of Ottawa, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the first day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one.

And Whereas this By-law requires the assent of the electors of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said electors thereon, the Council of the Corporation of the said city, do hereby fix Tuesday the seventeenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned, in the said City, being the places at which the last elections of the members of the Council therein were held: namely, in Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke, therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward, at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine o'clock of the same day.

And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers, to take such votes at and for the several places, within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

TAKE NOTICE.

That the above is a true copy of a proposed By-law, which will be taken into consideration by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, after one month from the first publication thereof in the OTTAWA TIMES newspaper, the date of which first publication was the twenty second day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, and that the votes of the electors of the said Municipality will be taken thereon, at the following places within the City of Ottawa, namely: In and for Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street, in Victoria Ward. In and for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street; and for that part of the said last mentioned Ward, lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In and for St. George's Ward, a the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In and for By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street; and in and for Ottawa Ward, at Lot No. eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street, on Tuesday the seventeenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, at the hour of nine of the clock, in the forenoon of the same day.

W. P. LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, Sept. 23, 1871. 1776 1m

THE GLOVE.

From morning time to night time,
Dark time and bright time,
I haunt the pleasant places
My love hath rendered sweet.
Down by wood and meadow,
In the sun and shadow,
I follow the sweet traces
Of fairy hands and feet.

Though I love her dearly
We are neighbors merely,
She boweth to me daily,
In a distant way;
Then while I am staring,
Dead to my despairing,
Trippeth past me gaily,
Smiling on her way.

In the woodland shady
Walks my little lady,
And botanises under
The pines that sigh above.
There in sweet green places
I follow in her traces,
And one glad morn, O wonder!
I found a little glove.

So tiny, so tender,
So silken, so slender,
Still moist and warm and scented,
From fingers warm and white,
I found it softly blowing,
Where ferns and flowers were growing,
And like a man demented
I seized it in delight.

And while the warmth within it
Grew fainter every minute,
"I love her! how I love her!"
I cried with burning eyes.
"O sweet as rose-scent fingers,
The touch of rosebud fingers!"
I sighed, and ten times over
I kiss my little prize.

Then thought I with glad laughter,
"Shall I now follow after,
And find my love and give her
Her own, and look my love?"
But as I questioned duly,
My heart leapt up unruly,
My lips began to quiver,
I could not lose the glove.

No! let me keep and kiss it,
Her white hand will not miss it,
And fears of gladness wet it,
And still I stooped to kiss.
And all my bosom yearning
To touch it, on my burning
Heart of hearts I set it,
And thrilled with sudden bliss.

From morning time to night time,
Dark time and bright time,
I kept it thrilling through me,
In guilty sweet delight.
All day its sweet touch fired me,
All day the joy inspired me,
Sleeping I held it to me,
And dreamed of it all night.

Three days my bliss possessed me,
Three days and nights it blessed me,
And on the fourth mad morning
I wandered o'er the grass.
And as I viewed with rapture
The sweet spot of the capture,
Suddenly with no warning
I saw my true love pass.

With distant bow and stately,
She would have passed sedately,
When red as fire advancing
I held the prize of love;
And while my low voice muttered
Wild wandering words, she fluttered,
Blushing and brightly glancing,
And took the little glove.

Then she with self-possession,
Blind to my eyes' confession,
Said, "Thank you, sir," and pondered,
A moment, adding low,
"My aunt, who lost it lately,
Will also thank you greatly,
She missed it while we wandered
A day or two ago."

Her aunt? That maiden lady,
So prim, and stiff, and shady!
I gasped, by fate perfidious,
Cast out of fairy-land.
While from my side repairing,
My little love tript, bearing
The worthless, wretched, hideous
Old glove in her white hand.

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XLII.

THE PRIOR CLAIMANT.

(CONTINUED.)

"That woman!" exclaimed the curate, with a sudden fury in his voice.

"Remember she is my wife."

"Am I ever likely to forget it?" retorted Andrew. "Can I ever forget? can I ever forgive the wreck my whole life has been made by you both? You took my money; you distinguished yourself in my clothes; you turned Challerson's suspicions from your own evil designs on to me, who never wanted to look at her face a second time; it was through your senseless, wicked, shameless folly and sin that I had to lie in jail—that I had to stand my trial—that I had only just escaped with life—everything else being gone which could make life valuable; it was through you I was compelled to stay in England, and rot my heart out through desolate years in Essex Marsh; it is through you I have been forced to remain a curate, when otherwise I might have risen and made a name for myself. It was through you I had to marry my wife under a feigned name, and now when I ask for only one boon in return, when I pray you for the sake of myself, and her, and our boy, when I entreat you, even in the name of the Lord God Almighty, to have mercy on the wretchedest man I verily believe He ever created, you tell me, she wi'l not hear of it."

"Andrew, for Heaven's sake, let us have no more of this; you torture me, I cannot bear it."

"You cannot bear it!" the other answered, and he went on without a break, though his voice was thick by reason of the despair which was mastering and the emotion that was suffocating him. "You cannot bear it! I torture you! And what have I had to bear? what torture have I not had to endure? I tell you, Anthony Hardell, that I have gone through the torments of hell; that I have suffered such agony as no man could conceive unless he had endured it himself. I have been wretched, sleeping and waking, alone and among my fellows: every day I have been bound afresh on the rack; and when I have looked sometimes in my young wife's face, and thought of the villain I was to have married her, I felt as though I must shriek aloud, as if the pain were greater than I could endure in silence, and I have wished often and often that she and I and the boy were all lying under the church yard sod. I wish it now;" and then with a passionate sob he stopped suddenly, and covering his face with his hand, wept as only a man can weep in his bitter extremity.

"Oh! Andrew, old friend," cried Anthony, really touched, "do try to calm yourself; I will see what can be done. We will talk the matter over when you are not so excited. We will strive to devise some plan."

"No," Andrew returned, dashing the tears from his eyes, and looking Anthony in the face; "no, you will devise no plan; you are lying to me now as you lied to me in the past; you will go and take possession of your property; you will enjoy your newly-acquired wealth; you will hope the riches may make the world forget what your wife was once—what she still is, for that matter, in the sight of God, and there will never a thought of me and my misery disturb your contentment; you will never have before your eyes my broken-hearted wife; my son, to whom I can only leave the heritage of a felon's name."

"But how can I alter facts now?" asked Anthony, deprecatingly; "how can I undo your past, or really better your future? I will go to your wife, and tell her the whole story from beginning to end, if you like, excusing nothing, concealing nothing. I will show her how the trouble began; I will not spare myself. You may depend upon it," he continued, warming with his subject, "this is the best, and indeed the only course to pursue. She must know it all some time, and really the 'all' is nothing so dreadful when the question comes to be exhausted. You killed a man in self-defense, that is the whole case, and you have tried to keep the accident secret ever since, and been miserable because you tried to do so, and succeeded. Come, old fellow, cheer up; you will be happier than ever you were, you will, indeed.

"Shall I?" said Andrew, with a bitter smile; "perhaps so, for I shall not be long here to feel much more pain. You have killed me to day just as certainly as if you had stabbed me to the heart;" and the man took his hat and walked across the room, and was just going out out of the door, when Anthony stopped him.

"You will not do any thing rash?" he exclaimed hurriedly. "You are not going to make away with yourself?" and laid a detaining hand on his arm, which Andrew flung off contemptuously.

"Fool!" he said, "do you suppose it is not enough to have taken one life?" and he strode along the broad lobby, and down the wide staircase, and passed out into the rain, and wended his way straight to the railway station.

He could not return home that night, he said to himself; he could never return home any more; and so, as Mrs. Pryce said, without even a change of linen, he started for London, and reached the hotel where he generally put up, chilled, wet, fasting, and despairing.

While Anthony?

Oh, he thought it was a disagreeable interview well over, congratulated himself on having made no promise of any sort—not, indeed, that he would have considered such promise binding—assured his own conscience it was the very best thing that could have happened to Andrew, since now he must tell his wife and friends all about the matter; and finally ate a good dinner and drank his wine, and when late in the evening the rain moderated, strolled out and smoked a cigar on Esplanade. After which he went to bed and slept soundly.

A ready every thing was as Andrew had prophesied. No thought of his trouble clouded the sky of his friends happiness. On the contrary, when he came carefully to consider the position, he arrived at the conclusion that the curate had, on the whole, made rather a good thing of life, and owed his having done so to him, Anthony.

"He might have frittered away his best years at Langmore if I had not let him have my berth at Essex Marsh," thought Anthony, with that happy adaptability to circumstances which had distinguished him through his whole career.

Andrew Hardell had never taken this view of the subject, but there was a certain speciousness and plausibility about it nevertheless, though possibly the victim could not have been made to see it.

As he tossed restlessly through the watches of the weary night, he thought of nothing save Joy—his misery—Anthony's selfishness. He understood a good deal about human nature; but the very last thing a man ever fully grasps concerning that mystery is a perfect comprehension of how very much more sorry his friends feel for their own troubles than they can ever feel for his.

Sympathy is all very well, but perhaps the only perfect sympathy on earth is that a person has for himself.

CHAPTER XLIII.

LAWYER AND CLIENT.

The next morning, before Mr. Anthony Hardell had opened his eyes, or Mr. St. John finished reading his letters, Andrew walked into the latter gentleman's office.

"When you are quite at leisure," he said, pointing to the pile of letters, "I want to speak to you particularly, and I would rather wait till you are disengaged."

"Any thing fresh about the Australian? The mail came in on Tuesday."

"Yes; he has come also."

"You do not mean it?" exclaimed the lawyer, pushing aside his correspondence, and looking at his client with an expression of eager curiosity.

"Indeed I do; and it is all settled. He intends to keep the property."

"And you—"

"Ah! that is quite another matter."

"But has he any real claim—I mean any tangible legal right to the estate?"

"He has the best of all rights," was the reply. "He is Anthony Hardell."

"Then, if that be the case, who are you?"

"I think you can guess. I am Andrew Hardell. I am the man who killed Kenneth Challerson by misadventure. I was put on my trial for it at Dumfries. The jury could not make up their minds either to hang or to acquit me, so they brought the verdict in 'Not Proven.' Almost from that hour till this my life has been one long lie."

"What an awful thing?" said Mr. St. John, pityingly; "but why did you elect to live it?"

"I will tell you presently," Andrew answered; and he rose and took a turn or two up and down the office to recover his composure, while the lawyer, looking on, inquired,

"What became of Mrs. Challerson?"

"Anthony married her."

"Then in that you were blameless?"

"Yes; I have been but the scape goat who had to suffer for another's sins."

"And is that woman still living?"

"Yes; that is the woman who will be mistress of Lovell's Court."

"But what could have induced you to take his name, seeing it was an act of utter insanity?"

"You are right; and yet it did not seem so then. If you let me begin at the beginning, and tell you the story right through, you will better understand my position then—my position now;" and without any further preamble Andrew recited the facts I have narrated, concealing nothing, glossing nothing, speaking freely to this man as he had spoken freely to any man since that night when, standing on Dervorgilla's Bridge, he beheld the moonlight dancing on the Nith, and heard the regular splash of the water as it fell over the weir on its way to the sea.

When he had quite finished, Mr. St. John remarked simply.

"It is an awful mess! I wish you had taken me into your confidence at first; it would have been easier to lull suspicion then than now."

"It must all come out now," Andrew said gloomily.

To be continued.

Coughs and colds, when left to themselves, frequently bring on pulmonary complaints, which lead to that distressing and fatal disease, consumption; but if attended to in time, "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers" are a certain remedy. They stop the irritating cough, and soothe and strengthen the bronchial tubes, allaying all irritations and inflammation. They are also particularly adapted for the use of singers and public speakers. Sold by all druggists and country dealers. Price 25 cents per box.

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Horse Lost—J. Bte. Menard.
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WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1871.

The Ottawa Times.

For interesting reading matter see First Page.

THE OWNERSHIP OF LAND IN GREAT BRITAIN.

Within the last few days, at an agricultural dinner in Lancashire, the Earl of Derby has started a proposition with regard to the number of the owners of land in England, quite at variance with the theories which have hitherto prevailed on the subject. For some time past the advanced politicians who have asserted the necessity of change in the tenure, have declared with great positiveness that the whole soil of Great Britain and Ireland was in the hands of less than 30,000 persons, and assuming the population at thirty millions, it was argued that throughout the whole mass of the people of all ranks, one in the thousand only had the least interest in land—and that the burden of taxes, being thrown as little as possible on land, a very small minority were benefitted at the expense of the general community. Lord Derby controverts this opinion, and contends that it is based on a misreading of the census of 1861. In the enumeration of that date, although only that number was returned under the head of land owners, a great majority of individuals holding land, believing that the title was to be read as a professional characteristic of the individual, adopted other designation as a mark of their position in life, and considering the circumstance of their holding land an incidental, and not a main feature in their lives took no notice of it at all. As a proof of this view one half of the number so returned, viz 15,000, are women, and it is certainly an extraordinary condition which no one pretends does exist, if half of the owners of land in the Home Isles are indeed women. Lord Derby with his usual caution, although he has evidently studied the question carefully, hesitates to speak with any positiveness of what the true number may be, but adds that if he did give any opinion at all he would multiply the number by ten. In that case, we shall have one man in one hundred having an interest in the land of the Mother Country. We have no means of knowing the number of people in Canada who are so situated, but we question very much indeed if more than one person in the hundred is a land owner with us, where land is as plentiful as the trees which grow upon it, and where annually hundreds of acres are sold, in many cases for the non-payment of a few dollars of taxes. In connection with this matter, Lord Derby speaking from his own experience also denies that it is a difficult matter to buy a landed estate. On the contrary he asserts from his own experience that there is not a county in England, where a man looking for a landed investment cannot find what he wants, and that he believes in reality that there are more sellers than buyers of land. The fact is, it is not every man who wishes to be troubled with land. If in comfortable circumstances, many may desire to purchase a place for a residence of moderate size which they may cultivate and adorn. But for investments such people prefer stocks, and ventures, as of more profit, and less trouble.

So far as large estates go, Lord Derby speaks sufficiently positive, and he adds that if there were great demand for small holdings of a few acres, speculators would at once come forward to supply the demand. Any estate favourably situated for such, and being in the market, would at once be purchased and sold in small lots. But it is not done, and the inference accordingly is, that it will not pay to do so.

Such a statement challenging inquiry and even suggesting that a modern Doomsday Book should be drawn up, it seems to us will have no inconsiderable influence on modern politics. The owner of land has ever been held in every state from the earliest days of civilization, of great account, and his position has been more considered in general legislation than almost any other condition. Of late years the cry has become an accepted truth, that numerically they constituted but a small body, and that the possession of land was fenced by barriers which very few could pass. But if all this cry be a fallacy, and if in reality the ratio of such ownership is in no extraordinary disparity to that of the United States and a country new like our own, much of what has been said entirely disappears. If we have property at all, that is if we admit the individual's right to have anything at all as his own, we must extend the privilege to land, and we will find the same results in this quarter as in any other walk in life. No one who has noted the influence which circumstance conduct, talents, industry, and we must add the word for experience, to our minds at all events, has plainly established the influence of good or bad "luck," we say, if these be noted, we can see how different is the fate of men for whom at the threshold of life the condition of being promised to be the same But at a certain point the path of many have diverged never again to cross each other Thus, if it were possible to take any district for instance around Ottawa, and if practicable equally divide all the real and personal property, and start every one fair, equal in wealth; in less than two years the greatest inequality would prevail. Some men would have doubled and trebled their property, while some would be beggars. Land is much the same, even in the non fanciful way, it is at present possessed. Some minds cling to it as a source of wealth, and others are indifferent to its acquisition. Some men farm a bad piece of ground well, while others with every advantage in their grasp fail. So there is a constant shifting of ownership. In Canada however we run no risk of any unpleasant political combinations on this subject. In the Mother Country such is not the case and much jealousy has been shewn regarding it. Unfortunately most of the human family are very easily satisfied with the information on which they base their action, and the narrow limit of land ownership has been assumed as a matter of course, when the true point is to obtain correct information on the subject. The light Lord Derby throws on the question is of the first importance, and the practical mind of English Statesmen will not fail to see how essential it is that these numbers should be faithfully determined. If they are as Lord Derby represents them, there would be an inmense decrease of ill feeling on the subject, for we presume that so long as there be an institution at all, property will be so held, and that if land cease to be a theoretic cause of jealousy and dissatisfaction, it will be easy to hit upon legislation to satisfy the great middle class, who rarely leave far behind the domain of right and honesty, and who hold that the key note of Government is that enterprise and industry be assured of their reward.

THE IMMIGRATION CONFERENCE

We are enabled to state that there is no foundation whatever for the assertion made in the *Globe* that it was suggested by the Government that a Parliamentary Commission should be appointed next session to report upon immigration. Not only is there no truth in the statement, but there is not even a shadow of reason for making it, as nothing of the kind was thought of. The *Globe* no doubt is so thoroughly conversant with the mode of conducting business, as to hold the opinion that Mr. Dunkin or Sir John Macdonald should have pledged the Government off hand to propositions inviting the expenditure of public money to be voted by Parliament without even consulting the cabinet of the Dominion! Fortunately the delegates are not of opinion that there was any indisposition on the part of the Dominion Government to consider their suggestions. However mortifying it may be to the *Globe*, the Conference was a success.

MONTREAL.

The Montreal papers inform us that steps are being taken for the enlargement of the well-known St. Lawrence Hall, and that Mr. Washburn of Boston, who it seems has some reputation in this department of architecture, has been engaged by Mr. Hogan, the proprietor of this celebrated establishment, immediately to prepare plans for a new building. During the last week that gentleman has been engaged in the examination of the present premises, and on Friday last we are informed he returned to Boston at once to commence the drawings. The business men of Ottawa, are not without interest in this matter, for it seems to us that the proposition of placing an hotel without the limits of the locality where business is transacted, is by no means advisable. This city has numerous and important commercial relations with the commercial capital, and it is matter of considerable importance to the Ottawa traveller where he will be domiciled during his stay in that city. What he essentially requires is a central business position, a place where he will meet men of his own rank in life, with whom he has more or less of relation, and where he is so near to the operations of business that it will be no great exaction for a friend to call upon him. In this respect Montreal is so clearly defined, that for the next century be the changes of the city what they may, Saint James street will preserve its supremacy, and be the main street, the lounge of fashion, and the resort of the wealthy strangers who so readily purchase expensive and costly goods. In a few years it is possible that the wholesale establishments will penetrate to Notre-Dame street, from the Market to Saint Joseph street, but our theory is that when they have reached thus far, they will extend to the west of Magill street, and onwards to the river. At present there is in this direction a large site of unoccupied ground, that is to say it is used as coal yards, and is quite open. To the east of this street, a large area is likewise occupied by the Grey Nunnery. All this ground is available for the use we speak of, and the Roman Catholic authorities have shown that they are perfectly willing to remove the site of such institutions, when the advance in the value of the ground, and the crowded and active character of the neighbourhood, have made the situation less and less adapted to its uses, and have rendered it advisable to abandon it, from the price which the land will readily fetch. To our mind there is little doubt that the character of Saint James' Street will be unchanged for very many years, and the retention of the present site on that street for the principal hotel of Montreal seems to us the only wise policy to be followed by those interested in the results, in the view of commanding the trade of Canadian cities.

So far as the *personnel* is concerned, no name can be brought forward more to command respect, and as a guarantee that the St. Lawrence Hall will continue to keep its renown than that of Mr Henry Hogan. His ability, his powers of organization, and his liberality of management, leave nothing to be desired, and he contains within himself the first ingredient of success in whatever he may embark, viz—that he deserves success. So far then as an hotel in Montreal can be considered from an Ottawa standing point undoubtedly St. James Street is the right place for it, and certainly Mr. Hogan at its head is the right man.

FROM THE FRONT.

CAMP LISGAR,
Prescott, Sept. 24, 1871.

Since our arrival in camp, what with marching and counter marching, parades, field days, and sham fights, we have had enough to do and found no time to loiter. The Ottawa Field Battery, as you know, made most excellent practice on Wednesday, smashing the barrel floating target and *sinking it* at the tenth round. Friday, field day and sham fight, when the whole force was photographed for the *Canadian Illustrated News*, previous to which, the battery smashed a couple of other targets on the river at a thousand yards. Yesterday we had a sham fight on a magnified scale which was attended by a large concourse of people. The ground selected was most appropriate, hill and valley. To day all the tents are cleaned up and the *quasi* streets leading through them planted with evergreens, and everything assumes a clean and cheerful appearance preparatory to the arrival of the Adj.-General, who visits us to day. Tuesday is to constitute the day of days, when we expect to be honored by the presence of the Governor-General to Camp Lisgar. The entire force seems happy and contented The fare, excepting the want of butter, is most excellent and substantial.

One agreeable surprise at the sham fight yesterday was the sudden and unexpected appearance of an ambulance, which called forth numberless commendatory remarks and served to convince the men that the Militia Department had not been sleeping, and that their entire wants were being attended to, with all despatch. Nearly the entire of the force have just been marched to church, and the camp presents a lone and melancholy appearance. Judging from the large number of geese feathers which bestrew the ground in the vicinity of the cookeries we are to have a *ban yan* day to-day, in addition to which plum pudding is to be in the ascendant. The weather since our start from Ottawa to the present hour has been astonishingly fine, open and exhilarating, and I believe there is not a single case of sickness in camp. I will write to you again, previous to our breaking up.

Yous,
RED CROSS.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 26.

The distinguished American Battalion known as the Putnam Phalanx, arrived this morning at 9 o'clock. Mayor Coursol, and all the chief members of the Corporation, with the volunteer corps, under the command of Adjutant General Osborne Smith, Col. Bethune, and other leaders of the volunteer force, received them at the station. The volunteer corps, consisting of two batteries, under Capt. Hardie, of the Grand Trunk Artillery, full uniform, paraded with the band on the platform, after the Phalanx company had got out of the cars, and attended to the ladies, They formed into line on the platform, under Major Kennedy, with fife and drum band, composed of the old men, in scarlet tunics. The Phalanx paraded 115 men. The companies then received an address of welcome from the Mayor, and subsequently paraded the principal streets, preceded by a band, the proceedings being much dampened by the continued fall of rain.

The annual Baptist Convention takes place to-night in the Russell Hall, at which important measures affecting the whole body in Canada are to be discussed.

Two beacons have been erected by the Trinity House. One on a point on the long wharf, and the other against the wall at the Commissariat stores, Commissioner's street, to serve as a guide to steamers coming down under the Victoria Bridge. When the beacons are in line it indicates the point to turn towards the harbor to clear the shoal, near St. Lambert's wharf, it having been found impossible to keep the buoy on the shoal owing to the rapidity of the current at that place.

At the meeting yesterday of the French Canadian Institute, a series of resolutions were passed on the death of the Hon. L. J. Papineau, referring to the loss Canada and the civilized world had sustained thereby, and making allusion to his success in obtaining for the Jews in Canada those rights in common with others, denied them at the time in the Mother Country. Also to his brilliant and successful services in behalf of freedom and equal rights generally. It was also resolved that with the view of testifying to the esteem and affection in which the Hon. Mr. Papineau was held by members of the institute a delegation consisting of the Hon. L. A. Dessaulles, R. Laflamme, D. C.; D. E. Papineau, Ex.M, P.; J. Dutre, D. C.; F. Papineau,; A. Dufresne, Ex.M. P.; Augustin Larose and such other members as may accompany them, be authorized to represent the institute at his funeral.

The house of Mayor Dawker, on Bleury street, was entered by burglars yesterday, and stripped even to the parlor carpets.

Harbour improvements are being rapidly effected, and the Public Works Department will proceed immediately to deepen the river channel.

The inquest on the Chenneville street accident is still sitting.

The Victoria Square Hotel Company are progressing favourably, and the stock is nearly all taken up.

It has been raining all day and the weather is quite cold.

There were large arrivals of Western buyers yesterday, principally in the dry goods line.

The Harbour is preparing for a fall lay up.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—A despatch from Vienna says Count Hohenwart will shortly resign the Presidency of the Austrian Council of Ministers.

The British citizens of Hong Kong have forwarded a memorial to the Government complaining of the increasing insecurity of life and property, and asking the adoption of measures to remedy such.

The Russian squadron escorting Grand Duke Alexis sailed from Falmouth for New York at 2:30 p.m. to-day.

Julius Reuter, the head of the Reuter Telegram Company, and originator of the European system of gathering and distributing news, has been made Baronet by the Duke of Saxa Cobourg.

Gladstone arrived in Arbendeen to day and was presented with the freedom of the city at the Music Hall, in the presence of 3,000 citizens. In response he thanked the people for the welcome given him and declared that he still looked onward and upwards and spurned all base motives. The Government found the Irish question difficult, but hoped to solve it.

Disraeli, at a banquet at Hughenden, proposed the toast of the Queen and accompanied it with a fervent eulogy of Her Majesty. Her duties, he said, were excessive and no Englishman had such complete control of political traditions of the country as its sovereign.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 26.—The evacuation by the German troops of the four Departments contiguous to Paris is completed. The German soldiers returning to their homes have halted beyond the borders of those Departments, and are awaiting the announcement that the signatures have been fixed to the Alsace Treaty.

An interview upon the subject of the Alsatian Commercial Treaty was held yesterday, by Herr Von Arnim and President Thiers, at the request of the former.

Rochefort has petitioned the Government for a commutation of his sentence.

PARIS, Sept. 26.—It is announced that General Douse will prosecute the *Independence Belge* for publishing false charges against him.

Rochefort is quite ill from nervous complaint.

Queen Isabella has summoned a number of Spanish Grandees to a conference for the purpose of effecting a recognition between the elder and junior branches of her house.

The *Figaro* states the Duke of Suhalt will soon abdicate in favour of Emperor William.

Latest American Telegrams,

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Sept. 26.—The boiler in Hardeman's Mill, 20 miles north of Montgomery, exploded yesterday afternoon. Of the eight persons employed in the mill, five were killed and one fatally injured.

ROCHESTER, Sept. 26.—This is the opening day of the western New York fair. Up to noon the entries numbered nearly 4,000, and everything promises the most successful fair ever held in the States. The exhibition of horses, live stock, machinery and implements, fruit, stoves, dairy produce, &c., is large and fine—far beyond preceding ones. The attendance promises to be immense.

SALT LAKE CITY, Sept. 26.—A number of Gentiles have sent away their families in anticipation of serious difficulties between the Mormons and the United States authorities.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—A commission under the Treaty of Washington, with Agents and Counsellors on both sides had an informal meeting at the Department of State to-day. They will not transact any business until they secure rooms elsewhere, which they will do in a few days.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—The *Herald* special from London on the 26th, says that Disraeli in a speech at Hughenden to day, declared that the Queen was physically and morally incapacitated for reigning any longer. The consternation is so great that some journals will suppress this portion of the speech, and there are others, however, who will publish it.

JAMAICA.

KINGSTON, Sept. 26.—A steamer from Aspinwall brings Lima advices of the 2nd inst. President Balta had proposed the retiring of candidates for the presidency having the least chance of election. All candidates agreed to it except Prado, who demands that the President's brother be made the umpire. The Opposition press claim that Prado's election is certain.

Fears of a revolution were entertained and several suspected individuals had been arrested.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—It is reported that correspondence has been discovered in the Tuilleries developing a plan to put Napoleon on the throne of Belgium. The discovery occasions much sensation in Belgium.

The *Standard* says:—Advices from Berlin report that the relations of Russia with France and Turkey become more intimate.

American Minister Schenick has returned to London.

Mr. Gladstone will visit and address his Greenwich constituents during the Autumn.

A steamer has foundered in Lake Lincol Lucerne, and five persons perished.

The steamships *City of Brussels* and *City of Baltimore*, from New York, arrived, at Queenstown last evening.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—The steamer *Ville de Paris* has arrived from Havre.

SALT LAKE CITY, Sept. 25.—Judge Hawley, of the Supreme Court, has caused to be issued a writ of prohibition against a Mormon, Bishop John A. Murdock, Probate Judge of Beaver County, restraining him from taking or exercising either Chancery or Common Law jurisdiction confining him to simple probate business. Disregarding the decision of the Supreme Court Brigham Young has directed his Bishops, who are the probate judges, to continue Chancery and Common Law jurisdiction. The argument of Judge Hawley in issuing this writ was most exhaustive and able. After its delivery it is said several mormons in person thanked him for this highly important decision.

VARIETIES.

Utah has found a fossilized oyster.

A thirteen year old Iowa girl weighs 230 pounds.

The war damaged the French railways $16,000,000.

Morrissey is to build a hotel of 600 lodger power at Saratoga.

A sun flower five feet in circumference lights up an Illinois farm.

In two years the Union Pacific Railway has sold 449,000 acres of farming lands for the sum of $1,900,000.

Brattleboro, Vt., is excited over a "wild man," who abides on a neighboring mountain and forages near the village.

A negro preacher at a Georgia camp meeting told his hearers they could never enter heaven with whisky bottles in their pockets, and urged them to "bring 'em right up to de pulpit," and he would "offer 'em a sacrifice to de Lord." It was done; but the preacher was found incapable when the hour for evening service arrived.

One J. L. Smith, arrested the other day in New Orleans on a charge of having committed a murder at Carrollton, Ga., fifteen years ago, said he had a number of unpleasant difficulties in his life, but that he could not remember whether he had killed a man at that place at that time. If the police would give him a few days for reflection, he added that he would try to refresh his memory, and report accordingly.

Springfield, Missouri, has an extraordinary case of hydrocephalus, or congenital dropsy of the brain. The subject is a boy, ten years old, the proportion of his body being about equal to a child of two years, while his head measures 28½ inches in circumference. The average head of a man is from 20 to 21½ inches. The boy, though without the power of locomotion, has perfect possession of his faculties.

San Francisco hopes for a great trade in ivory, a late vessel from Alaska having brought a cargo of fossil ivory from that icy domain. So far as explored, the banks of the streams of Alaska abound in fossil ivory. The marshes adjacent are full of bones and tusks of ancient elephants, many sticking out of the mud like stumps. A member of the Alaska Fur Company affirms that there is ivory enough on the Yukon River to supply the commerce of the world for one hundred years.

The many deaths from drowning record ed this season naturally direct attention to the dangers to which bathers are liable. A resident of one of the most frequented of English watering places, who has had great experience in such matters, is of opinion that the principal cause of accidents while bathing is loss of nerve from excited apprehension. A swimmer on his return towards the shore is apt to be startled by the slow progress which he seems to make. He sees the waves rolling past him, and is often led to fear that he is making no advance at all, or that he is actually being carried out seaward. He begins to take his stroke too quickly, gets tired out of breath, and, to his excited apprehension, the shore appears to recede. Bathers should know, however, that there is an easy way for a bather to assure himself of the progress he is making. An object close to the shore toward the right of the point he is aiming at will seem to shift to the right, as compared with a more distant object seen in the same direction, and an object seen to the left will appear to shift to the left. Half a dozen steady strokes will thus satisfy the swimmer that he is approaching the shore, and effectually quiet his apprehensions. He can then urge his course shoreward without haste or excitement.

CARELESSNESS.

Many persons neglect their horse's health and condition until it is too late, when at a trifling expense and no trouble, the horse might have been saved if attended to in time. To all who may have occasion to use an article of the kind, we would confidently recommend "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy;" it is without doubt the best preparation in use, as thousands who have used it testify. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers everywhere.

DOMINION NOTES.

The body of a new born infant has been found at the bottom of a well in London.

The Sault Canal will be closed on the 25th of November.

Snow in small quantity was found on the line of the Kennebec road on Monday last.

Large flocks of sheep continue to pass through Mitchell for the American market.

John Robertson's barn, Normanby, was struck by lightning and burned on Wednesday. Loss, $3,000.

Building is going on briskly in Winnipeg.

The St. Paul stages now run three times a week between the railway station at Morris and Winnipeg. The time to St. Paul is five days.

Mr. Donald A. Smith, M. P., having arrived, the annual Hudson Bay's Council takes place at the Lower Fort at once. The Company are opening a very handsome new general goods store at Fort Garry.

A scheme has been set on foot in the interest of Strathroy to form a new county by dividing the county of Middlesex into two, and unting West Middlesex with the townships of Warwick and Brooke, from the County of Lambton, with Strathroy for the County Town.

According to the Western papers the Grand Trunk Railway authorities are making timely and ample arrangements for moving promptly the abundant grain crop of the present season. The St Mary's *Argus* says that notwithstanding the increased demand for railway facilities at that station the grain buyers express the greatest satisfaction at the promptitude exhibited in supplying cars as rapidly as required.

OLD COUNTRY ITEMS.

The post offices of England delivered about $62,722,000 letters last year.

Hon. Wm. H. Seward will leave England this week for home.

Thirty Hindoos are studying law in London.

Sir Michael Costa has declined the offer to be joint conductor at the Boston musical festival, which is to number 20,000 executants.

Her Majesty's health is so bad that the proposed visit to Inverary Castle has been definitely abandoned.

An engineering firm of Chatham is now making 500 torpedo cases for the War Department, smaller than those formerly supplied, intended to be charged with 1 cwt. of gun cotton.

In England on October 5th, new postal rates go into effect, by which a letter weighing one ounce will go for a penny.

A Kidderminster volunteer on Saturday wagered to fire 100 shots consecutively at 500 yards' range and to average centres for every shut, to do which he would have to make 300 points. He made 45 bull's eyes, 43 centres, 8 outers, and the other four shots were accounted for by one miss and three ricochets. His scores thus amounted to 325.

The new City of London Library is rapidly approaching completion. It is a fine stone Gothic building, and is a handsome addition to the Guildhall. The best view of it is on the western side of Basinghall street. When open, it will be a most useful addition to the educational institutions of the metropolis, as the public will be liberally admitted to study there under suitable restrictions.

A petition to the Home Secretary against the severity of the sentence passed upon Flora Newington, otherwise Davey, for killing Mr. F. Moon, and praying the right hon. gentleman to mitigate the same, is now in course of signature at Herne Bay.

In consequence of a bequest made in a will dated March 11, 1615, a sermon is preached in one of the churches of London every year at the beginning of August to commemorate the defeat of the Spanish Armada.

"F. W. F.," writing to a London paper, says; "A young lady engaged herself for £10 to be a nursery governess, and 'to make herself generally useful,' in a family near Chepstow (Monmouth.) Upon her arrival she found that she had to be up at five a. m.—because the servants would not get up to do it—to get breakfast ready, and to wait with it upon the master of the house, who usually went out at six o'clock. The next thing she had to do was to get the nursery ready, and then to rouse, wash, and dress the children, and take them to their breakfast. After this was over she had to make, or help to make, all the beds, and clean some of the rooms, and then to go to the school room; and so it went on all through the day. This lady, at last, could put up with it no longer, and in sheer despair ran away. Another instance of a like kind also occurred elsewhere, where the lady of the house definitely dispensed with a housemaid at higher wages, because as the children were growing older she could have a 'nursery governess.'"

The taking by photograph of the features of criminals in jails and penitentiaries, which for many years has been one of the most effective agencies in the detection of crime, has, strange to say, just been adopted in Great Britain by an Act of Parliament, which will go into effect in November next.

The death is announced of the surviving partner in a firm whose business it was to issue a publication which specially marked one of the momentous eras in the history of mankind—"Bradshaw's Railway Guide." When it first made its appearance in England, thirty-three years ago, it was a little flimsy thing, which would travel comfortably in a breast pocket, without spoiling the set of a dandy's coat. Now it is a big, bulky affair which even paterfamilias would hesitate to cram into his poncho.

A somewhat extraordinary affair occurred in the harvest field at Sheering, a quiet village in Essex, on Friday, the 8th, which has given rise to considerable gossip in the locality. A farmer named Drayton was engaged superintending his harvest operations, when one of his horses, which was eating corn, refused its load. The animal is stated to have been of a vicious disposition, and in spite of a tolerably free application of the whip, it refused to budge an inch, but kicked and plunged about very violently, and presently, like a piece of magic, sparks flew from its hoof, and the cart and its load were instantaneously in a blaze. Mr. Drayton and his laborers tried in vain to save the horse, which seemed to be suffocated in a very short time, and fell down in its death struggles. The cart and its contents were burnt up, and the harness was also damaged. He must have had the hoofs of a certain personage.

A mysterious disease has broken out among the sheep in Shropshire. The epidemic attacks the lungs, which become infested with worms, and flock masters have lost from twelve to fifty-five per cent. of their stock by this malady.

An English paper says: In addition to what was published last week there were some extraordinary revelations before the magistrates on Saturday, when a charge was being investigated of attempted murder and suicide, perpetrated in the wild part of Surrey known as the Devil's Jumps, under circumstances of great peculiarity. The attempt was to murder a lady, the wife of wealthy gentleman named Carrington. The intended victim was on Saturday still in a very weak condition. The prisoner was charged as William Rodway, and the description given of him as having been a cavalry soldier, and as lately connected with circus performances, was fully borne out by his appearance. He is a tall, soldierly-looking fellow of about 40, slightly built, and his actions in the court were theatrical in the extreme. Mrs. Carrington's appearance in court occasioned much excitement. She is a handsome woman, younger than the prisoner, but certainly much more than 25, the age given. She no sooner caught sight of the prisoner than she became hysterical, and the prisoner also became much excited, raising his hands above his head, and weeping aloud, exclaiming theatrically, "God bless her." He also made a show of bitterly weeping.

THE PROVINCIAL SHOW.

The Kingston *Whig* says: The twenty-sixth annual Exhibition of the Agricultural and Arts Association opened here today under the most promising auspices There was up to the break of to day only one element of success wanting—and that was good weather. This has been vouchsafed, for a finer day than the present we have not been blessed with this season. The exhibition ground gives ample evidence of the great number of exhibitors and visitors, something unprecedented in Eastern Canada. This morning the public are admitted on payment of the usual admission price, and the grounds are open to all visitors. In bustle and excitement and the incomplete state of the different classes, there is not the full attraction and interest which attended the great days of the Fair. But the cattle are objects of great interest, and a stroll at leizure around the stalls is a pleasure which cannot be indulged in on the days of the great crowd. The officers of the Association are working assiduously and industriously in the herculenean work of reducing the chaos to order in the different departments. The superintendent, Mr. Keys, is assisted by ten overseers and thirty five care takers, who are ample for the work. The judges will find nearly all the departments ready for their inspection at the appointed hour to-morrow morning.

It will give the people of Kingston the greatest delight to learn of the success of this Fair. Kingston is not too far eastward to attract an increased number of exhibitors, and the arrivals already bespeak a remarkable influx. That the Governor General with Lieutenant Governors Howland and Wilmot, Sir J. A. Macdonald, Sir Geo. Cartier, Hon. Alex. Campbell, Hon. J. S. Macdonald, and other men of note are induced to visit is an evidence of its expected great merits. To abolish the annual Provincial Exhibition, as some envious localities would wish, would be to remove one of our greatest institutions.

On Wednesday the rush of people to the Fair is expected to be the greatest, as the show is then at its height, and as the distinguished visitors make their visit to it on that day. Our American cousins will be attracted hither in crowds through that feature alone.

THE ANNIVERSARY OF SEDAN.

(From the London Echo.)

It is impossible to pass by the anniversary of Sedan without one or two reflections. It is now a year since Napoleon the Third saw the final collapse of that military power which it had been the purpose of his Empire to found and maintain. Having ever held that the system of Personal Government, according to *les idees Napoleoniennes*, was one which was fatal to the body and soul of the nation, we cannot regret the disaster which then took place, and which to France may yet prove to have been a blessing in disguise. Napoleon sought to secure for France the hegemony of Europe, and his failure shows how strong is that tendency towards union among the scattered nations of Europe, which is the one great political feature of the latter half of this century. The unity of Italy followed by the unity of Germany was the cause of the collapse of France. It was the interest of Napoleon to prevent both. He was powerful to delay, but powerless to prevent, and on the failure of his attempt, the hegemony of Europe passed into the hands of Germany. Against Napoleon himself there is no need to cherish dislike. Personally brave, and not without a certain gentleness, he is sure to win the effections of generous people. It would be hard to acquit him of political duplicity and unscrupulousness; and the fact that at the time of the *coup d'etat* he did not turn to his own advantage a stroke of violence which was inevitable, does not prevent it from being a foul blot on his name. But, now that he has retired from the country he ruled—and to which, if he be truly wise, he will never care to return—he is welcome here as a man against whom England certainly has no grudge, and to whom our country is happy to afford a safe shelter and a quiet home.

MONTGOMERY'S SUICIDE.

The Boston *Times* gives the following singular account of the supposed cause of the suicide of the English actor, Walter Montgomery; a correspondent requests us to inform the public of the name of the Boston lady who was lately married to Mr. Walter Mongomery, and the discovery of whose deceit, she being previously married in this country, was the probable cause of his suicide. The New York *Times* gave her name as Bigelow. We understand that this was the maiden name of the person suspected, or rumored to be the guilty person. It is understood that she is the wife of a wealthy and well known citizen of Boston, whose name we had rather not mention until we receive further confirmation of the facts in the case. The lady in question is remarkably handsome, a good deal younger than her American husband, and it is said became enamored of Mr. Montgomery while he was in this city, made his acquaintance, and persistently followed him. She went to England in the same steamer—on the books of which she registered her maiden name—with the actor, accompanied by her sister, who it is said was a party to the wicked imposition practised upon him in England. The story goes, that with a strange disregard to her reputation, and recklessness little short of madness, after entangling the affections of Mr. Montgomery, instead of telling him of her previous marriage, she played the part of the coy and virtuous maiden, and herself insisted upon marriage.

THE WEATHER IN MARS.

The planet Mars has recently been the object of unusually careful inspection by English astronomers, and some curious results have been reached. The oceans are easily distinguished from the continents, the former generally wearing a green-blue tint and the land a well-marked hue. Over these pass clouds at times, or what the observers consider to be such whenever they see a whittish light gradually replacing these ordinary colors. On a recent occasion comparing the observations of two astronomers, it was found that a certain well known sea was partially concealed from view by a great cloudy mass spreading over many thousand square miles of the surface. As the hours passed the cloud seemed to be melting away, whether by the sun's heat or because they had fallen in rains was, of course, not determinable, until the shore that had been concealed was wholly restored to view. Referring these phenomena to the day of the planet, it was ascertained that the clouds had come up in the early forenoon and passed off about noon. It would seem that, as a rule, the mornings and evenings are misty, and that, as with us, winter is more cloudy than summer.

ROCHEFORT'S TRIAL.

The charges upon which the celebrated M. Rochefort was found guilty, and sentenced to penal servitude for life, was:—

First—Having continued the publication of a newspaper after an order of suspension.

Second—The propagation of false news, with evil intent, and of a nature to disturb the public peace.

Third—Incitement, followed by execution, to an act having for its object to provoke civil war by arming or urging citizens to arm against each other, to spread devastation, massacre and pillage through the city of Paris.

Fourth—Complicity by provocation, followed by execution, in attempts at destruction of private property.

Fifth—Complicity by provocation, followed by execution, in the pillage of churches by bands or organized forces.

Sixth—Complicity by provocation, followed by execution, in assassination.

Dr. Dasent, the author of "Annals of an Eventful Life," has just completed a novel which will appear in the *Belgravia* magazine.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

It never seems too late for an American to change his place of residence. Samuel S. Marshall stayed in Vermont until he was one hundred, and believing the climate did not agree with him he removed to Detroit, Mich., where with care and prudence he hopes to live to a ripe old age.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers, 25 cents a bottle. Office, 215 Fulton Street, New York, and 493 Oxford Street, London.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

SORE THROAT, COUGH, COLD,

and similar troubles, if suffered to progress result in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial, and Asthmatic affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost instant relief.

The TROCHES are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers, and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.

Obtain only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered.

"TROCHES," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which are sold only in boxes with *fac-simile* of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON

on outside wrapper of box, and private Government stamp attached to each box.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a securitty to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

HORSE LOST.

Lost for the last fifteen days from Hull, a RED HORSE—white nose, three white legs, and a pretty good mane.

Any person returning the horse to the owner, J. Bte. Menard, Hull, will be rewarded
HULL, Sept. 26, 1871. 1779 3

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership heretofore existing between Messrs. OLIVER & ANNABLE has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM A. ANNABLE.

The business will in future be carried on by OLIVER & SON.
Ottawa, Sept. 26, 1871. 1779 3

IMPORTANT

TO

CAPITALISTS,
LUMBER MERCHANTS,
MILL OWNERS,
and OTHERS.

The Subscriber has received instructions to offer at Public Auction at the Union House in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th OCTOBER, 1871, at 2 o'clock, p m., the undermentioned Property, Real Estate, Timber Limits, &c. &c., the Quyon Saw Mill Water Privilege. This Property consists of about 13 acres, upon which is erected a frame Saw Mill, 40 x 80 nearly finished, with one circular saw and shingle machine now in working order, with room for other saws and machinery.

ALSO,

the stone foundation of another building suitable either for a flouring mill or the manufacturing of wool, a Blacksmith's Shop, Store, two comfortable Dwelling Houses, and other buildings; also, the Slides and the Railroad from the mills to the Ottawa River, together with the Rafting Grounds, Wharf, Booms, Chains, Piers, and all other apurtenances and improvements there and to belonging.

Saw logs can be taken to the mills from the Ottawa river, as well as from the river Quyon, at a very small cost.

Also; three valuable Timber Limits on the Quyon river, being License No. 71, 72, and 73 of 1871-2, containing an area of 60½ square miles, which cover all the Crown Lands on both sides of the Quyon river to its source. Operations have already been commenced in the woods to get out about 25,000 pine logs on these limits during the ensuing winter which the purchaser will have to assume at cost incurred.

Also License No. 329 of '70 and '71, containing about 16 square miles, Operations on this license have been commenced which the purchaser will have also to assume Timber from parts of this limit can be hauled to the Quyon and to the Dechene Lake, Ottawa river, but the greater part will have to be hauled into the Peche and go out by the Gatineau river.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, Mr. WALTON SMITH at the Quyon, Onslow, P. Q., or to the undersigned at his office, Ottawa City.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.
QUYON, Onslow, P. Q, Sept. 23. 1778td

NOTICE.

The Township of Cumberland AGRICULTURAL SHOW and FAIR will be held at the Village of Osborne, SEPTEMBER 29th inst.
JOHN D. WILSON.
Cumberland, 23rd Sept. 1778 2

LOST,

On FRIDAY, 15th instant, a Gentleman's heavy GOLD RING, with Carbuncle Stone, chased in the sides. Any one leaving it at this Office will be suitably rewarded.
Ottawa Sept 20. 1773tf

LOST OR STOLEN.

A BROWN HORSE. Has a cut on the off hind leg, and a little stiff on the near fore foot; has a grey nose.

Any person returning him to E. SIMON, Hull, will be rewarded.
Ottawa, September 28, 1871. 1776 6

SEALED TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for a Bridge," will be received at this Office until FRIDAY, the 29th day of SEPTEMBER, instant, at noon, for the construction of two Swing Bridges for the enlarged portion of the Grenville Canal.

Plans and specifications can be seen on application at this office, or at the Lachine Canal Office, Montreal, or at the Engineer's Office, on the work at Grenville, where printed forms of Tender may also be obtained.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th September, 1871.

The time for receiving the above Tenders has been extended to TUESDAY, the 10th day of OCTOBER next, at noon.
F BRAUN,
Secretary.
Ottawa, 21st September, 1871. 1777 3

SHOW ROOM

OPENING!

Allan, McKinnon's & McMoran,

Will exhibit on

THURSDAY NEXT,

THE

28th September,

A Grand Display of

FALL STYLES

AND

LATEST NOVELTIES

IN

MILLINERY,

Comprising

Trimmed Hats

AND

BONNETS,

Which will be found unequalled in Style.

ALSO

A large and beautiful assortment

OF NEW

FLOWERS & FEATHERS.

There will also be shown a large variety of imported

MANTLES and JACKETS

Which will embrace everything new in Style and Material for the opening season.

Some very handsome

SEAL JACKETS

will be offered at unusually LOW PRICES.

N. B.—A full assortment of

NEW GOODS

in all Departments.

ALLAN M'KINNONS & M'MORAN,

Successors to

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20, Sparks street.

RINK MUSIC HALL.

FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY.

In consequence of the Troupe performing three nights more in Montreal the performance will take place on

THURSDAY, FRIDAY, & SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 29, and 30.

Satsuma's Royal Japanese

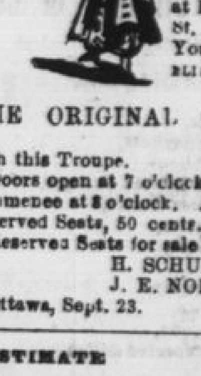
The best Performers ever in this country.

Men, Women, and Children in Native Costumes

Giving a performance

NEVER ATTEMPTED BY AMERICANS!

Crowded Houses Everywhere!



Thousands turned away at Boston, New Orleans, St. Louis, and New York. Patronized by the elite of those cities.

THE ORIGINAL "ALL RIGHT"

with this Troupe.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 8 o'clock. Admission, 25 cents; Reserved Seats, 50 cents.

Reserved Seats for sale at Orme & Son's.

H. SCHUHMAN, Manager,
J. E. NOBLE, Agent.
Ottawa, Sept. 23. 1777 td

ESTIMATE

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D., 1871.

Excavation 38,000 yards	$ 38,000
Arch Covering	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps	16,000
Pumping Mains extra	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order
WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa,
September 23, 1871. 1776 1m

NOTICE.

FOR SALE.

A well established BUSINESS in one of the most flourishing villages in the Ottawa Valley on the line of the Brockville & Ottawa Railroad. The stock now on hand consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, and Boots and Shoes, to the amount of about $4,000. The Business is well established, and an excellent trade has been done amounting to about $22,000 a year. The Shop and Dwelling can be leased or purchased.

Further particulars can be learned by applying to

A ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Sept. 19, 1871 1773 td

NOTICE

TO LUMBERMEN AND OTHERS.

1,000 pair Government SNOW SHOES, a superior article, almost new, for sale at half price by

W REID & CO.,
84 McGill Street,
Montreal.
Ottawa, September 26. 1777 12

TAKE NOTICE.

Get your

BUFFALO ROBES

in to be

DYED,

and made like

BEAR ROBES,

for the cold weather is fast approaching.

G. A. SHELDON.
Sussex street,
Next door to the DOMINION HOUSE,
Ottawa, Sept. 21, 1871. 1771 a

LOCAL NEWS.

Don't forget the opening day at Allan, McKinnon & McMorrans', on Thursday.

THE QUEEN.—Mr. Kavanagh with usual enterprise, has furnished the earliest bear meat of the season. His saloon was actually invaded yesterday.

A NUISANCE.—Our Corporation officials in draining Gloucester street seem to have taken pains to keep the hollow in the centre, and to give the drains the full privilege of collapse. Who is the Alderman to see to this?

THE JAPANESE TROUPE.—At the request of the citizens of Montreal, this troupe performs three days longer in Montreal than was at first intended, hence the change of the date of the performance here, which will now begin on Thursday, September 28th, instead of Wednesday as previously announced.

MONEY TO LEND.—Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks & Elgin streets, Ottawa.

CENTRAL QUADRILLE CLUB.—The first Quadrille night of the above club, takes place this evening, in Gowan's Hall. Their quadrille parties took place once a week last winter, and were well attended and conducted in a thoroughly respectable manner. The office bearers are much the same as they were last season, and we have no doubt that their arrangements will meet with the same success.

ATHLETIC SPORTS.—The members of the Ottawa Cricket Club met last night, at the Commercial Hotel, for the purpose of arranging an Athletic Sport Gathering, on Saturday, October 14th. The General Committee was divided up into several sub-committees who will report progress at an early day, when a full announcement of the proposed sports will be published. We trust the endeavours of the club to afford our citizens healthful recreation and amusement will meet with complete success.

GRAND REVIEW AT PRESCOTT.

LORD LISGAR AND PARTY PRESENT.

The Grand Review of the Volunteers encamped at Prescott took place yesterday. Of course it was very desirable that the weather should be fine and favourable, and that this annual event, corresponding to the Aldershot Campaign of Old England, should come off with as much eclat and military grandeur as possible. Nothing can tend so much to popularize the excellent volunteer system of Canada, and to render it actively efficient than this annual campaign and the final practical military exercise such as that witnessed at Prescott yesterday. It is to be regretted that the weather was so disagreeable. The day was cloudy and chill, a misty rain falling at times, and a bleak wind blowing from morning until evening.

So far as the military manœuvres are concerned we have no doubt they cannot be affected by wind or weather, and in fact we are inclined to believe that the grum dark sky of yesterday tended to render the scene more warlike and afforded a person a better opportunity of forming a conception of what the reality would be. But though it may be considered favorable in one respect it was by no means conducive to a large attendance of spectators nor yet to the comfortable enjoyment of the proceedings by those who were present. A large number of persons principally ladies who intended to have been present at the Review from Ottawa were deterred from enjoying the pleasure that such a sight would have been likely to afford them, by the very disagreeable weather. The consequence was that there was but a small number of people from Ottawa present.

The special train which conveyed His Excellency, Lord Lisgar, and party, to Prescott left Ottawa at 9 a.m.

Besides His Excellency, there were on board: Col McNeil, M S; Mr. Ponsonby, A D C; Sir Geo E Cartier; His Lordship Bishop Guiges; Mrs Col. Robertson Ross, Hon Mr Aikins; Hon Mr and Mrs Dunkin; His Worship Mayor Rochester; Alonzo Wright, Esq, M P; E B Eddy, Esq, M P P; J M Currier, Esq. M P; Dr Grant, M P; Col Chamberlin, C B; Lieut Col McPherson Lieut Col Wily, Dr. O'Connor, Mr Luttrell, Judge Armstrong; the Misses Fox; Lt. Col. Brunel. Col. Aumond; Capt. Perry; Standish Haley, Esq.; Wm. Kingsford, Esq.; Mr. Carroll Ryan of the *Citizen* and Mr. Nagle of the *Times*.

The trip out was very pleasant. The train arrived at Prescott at about 11.30. A guard of honor was drawn up on the platform and performed the usual salute as His Excellency left the car. His Excellency and party drove immediately to the camp which was very regularly and handsomely laid out. Everything of course had been prepared for the inspection of His Excellency, and everything seemed to be in excellent order. The party then returned to the Staff Officers' Tent, when the troops assembled and formed in line of half column flanked by the Ottawa Field Battery. The total force on parade numbered 2,100 men: Ottawa Field Battery. 18th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 56th, and 59th Battalions.

Owing to the state of the weather the infantry paraded in great coats, notwithstanding which disadvantage they presented a truly soldierly appearance.

The Governor General and party took up position about the centre of the line when the full force marched past, the Infantry in quarter column, trailing arms. The Artillery went past twice, the first time at a walk and then at a smart trot. The movement was exceedingly well accomplished, considering the fact that the ground is very stony and uneven.

The brigade then formed on the original alignment and with the artillery formed three sides of a square, when the destribution of prizes to the prize winners of this year took place. This ceremony was a very pleasing feature of the days doings and was witnessed with much interest by the increasing volume of spectators. The several prize winners were called to the front and each one in turn as his name was called out, advanced and received the reward of his skill and industry from the hands of His Excellency, the name of each winner being called out by Col. Robertson Ross, D. A. G.

Immediately after the presentation of prizes, arrangements were made for the review, which was intended to illustrate the mode of attack and defence of Fort Wellington. Col. Jessup with the 56th battalion and 2 guns was despatched to garrison the Fort. The Col. with his force quickly appeared on the ground about the Fort, in which he stationed a company and disposed the remainder of his force along the ramparts under cover.

The attacking force was then brought out: two guns of the Ottawa Field Battery were placed at a distance from the Fort so as to represent a battery cross fire on the proposed front of attack; the 41st battalion was extended in skirmishing order in front and to the west of the Fort as the covering party. The 18th battalion was extended closely in the rear of the covering party as the stormers, while again in rear the remainder of the troops were deployed, the whole being supposed to be under cover of seige entrenchments. The artillery on both sides opened fire and after the fire from the Fort was silenced the attack was ordered.

The 41st as covering party doubled up to the edge of the counterscarp where they laid down and opened fire on the crest of the parapets. The fire was returned by the besieged. Soon after the 18th Battalion, storming party, doubled up and passing through the ranks of the covering party crossed the ditch and pallisades with much difficulty and mounted the parapet where they formed a lodgement but were driven back soon by the hot fire from the garrison of the Fort. Having suffered a repulse the whole attacking force returned to the trenches their retreat being covered by the Battalion in the advanced trench. The Brigade then formed in quarter column line when His Excellency delivered the following address to the Officers:

GOVERNOR GENERAL'S SPEECH.

"GENTLEMEN.—It is with very great pleasure I meet you to-day and am happy to congratulate you on the creditable military display made on this occasion. It affords me sincere satisfaction to be able to tell you that your organisation has had the most beneficial effects in the interests of your country—the alacrity with which your commands have turned out to acquire a knowledge of their duty speaks highly for your patriotism, and is an evidence of your loyalty to your Sovereign as well as an assurance for the future of the great country to which you belong. You will please convey to the officers and men under your command, my expression of entire satisfaction with their zeal and the proficiency they have acquired in their military duties. I thank yourselves on behalf of the country for your exertion and for the attentions showed to me. You will now return to your several battalions, and close this day's proceedings by three cheers for the Queen." The words of command followed rapidly; the troops lay in column; the Adjutant General, acting as Brigadier, gave the time, and *three hearty cheers* with a *tiger*, such as Canadians know how to give, testified to our neighbors across the line that monarchy did exist on the North American continent. The troops were marched off the ground. His Excellency and suite were conducted to a large tent, where a splendid collation was provided by the officers of the District Staff. After luncheon His Excellency held a *levee* at which the officers of the various battalions were presented by the Adjutant General and again addressed them as follows: *Colonel Robertson Ross and Officers of the 4th Military District*: It affords me great pleasure to meet you to day under such very interesting circumstances. It would be impossible to witness the efficiency of the force to which you belong without feeling respect for the patriotism and zeal which animates you in sacrificing so much of your time for the public good. The organisation under which you serve has attracted a large share of interest amongt military men, and I have received very flattering letters, indeed, in connection therewith. Those camps of instruction have been a great success, and the zeal which animates you is deserving of all praise. Your profession involving as it does a simple defensive movement is most praiseworthy, and in this connection I may say that the question of mere defence is not that alone which is involved, as it covers every bit of territory, even to the smallest nook, on every height over which your flag waves, and it becomes a sacred duty to preserve them from violation and their altars from insult. Thank God no immediate danger threatens Canada but it is just as necessary to guard against its occurrence as if it was imminent, therefore your exertions should be directed to make yourselves thoroughly acquainted with your duty and to be able at all times to support the honour and dignity of the Great Empire to which you belong. I am well pleased to have made your acquaintance and hope in future to be able to see more of you."

At the close of this speech, which was loudly applauded throughout, three cheers were called for the Governor General and right heartily responded to.

SIR GEO. E. CARTIER'S SPEECH.

An immediate call was made for Sir George E. Cartier, most of the officers present being anxious to see the Statesman to whom Canada owes her army. The Minister of Militia stepped to the front and said: "Your Excellency, Colonel Robertson Ross, officers of the District Staff, and Gentlemen—Iam well pleased to meet you here to-day: a mere private in the Canadian Militia, I can claim no rank amongst you except being the political head of an organization of which any country might well be proud. The parallel between your case and mine is just this, whereas you have to spend a portion of your time in acquiring a knowledge of your duty as soldiers in order to meet the enemies of your country if it should be necessary, I have to spend the whole of my time in preparing to meet the political economists, who would make your organization useless. You may think that mine is far the easier task, but those gentlemen who have hold of the purse strings, and are determined to draw them tight are a particularly hard hearted race to deal with.

The great success which has attended those camps of instruction, owing to your zeal and eagerness to acquire military knowledge will give me encouragement to apply to the House of Commons for further grants, and a decisive argument on which to found such application. It is no illiberality on my part which has cramped or withheld from you any proper requisites, but economists in Parliament compel the Minister of Militia to reduce his estimates, and as a consequence the interests of the Volunteers suffer. Leaving this subject however as an incident to the position, I have to congratulate you on the great proficiency you have attained to in drill and discipline. I have attended all the camps and you are inferior to none. It is hardly necessary to speak of the zeal and patriotism which brings you out at this season of the year with all its discomforts to put in your sixteen day's drill under canvass, and it reflects great credit on your organization to find that there has been no failure in a single particular. In England the Military authorities would not allow their troops to go under canvass for fear of the equinoctial gales—you have encountered those gales and don't seem to be particularly the worse therefor; to be sure your tents are a trifle leaky, but you are not the men to shrink from the discharge of your duty on that account; Canadian soldiers before now have fought through glorious campaigns and never allowed any considerations to interfere with the discharge of their duty to the country. You, the soldiers of the present day are their worthy successors and those charged with the administration of the political affairs of Canada have no reason to fear for its future while they have such soldiers to answer their call.

I am happy to meet you and have to thank the officers of the District Staff and yourselves for the magnified display you have offered us. Sir George was loudly applauded. This may be said to have closed the day's proceedings. Cheers were given for the Adjutant General, Lieut.-Colonel Jackson, Brigade Major and the Ladies. His Excellency and suite left for Kingston, the remainder of the company returned to Ottawa by the evening train.

Ladies remember the Grand Show Room Opening at Allan, McKinnons' & McMorrans, on Thursday, 28th inst.

A large and complete assortment of new goods now on hand in every department, at Allan, McKinnon & McMorrans', No. 28 Sparks street.

Call and see the new styles in Millinery and Mantles, at Allan, McKinnons' & McMorrans', on Thursday.

PAIN KILLER

Husband (Returned from a call on Judge Jones). Well, Mary, I have examined those certificates and found them straight as a string, there are so many imitations and counterfeits sticking like barnacles to every good medicine that I have learned to look upon the good and bad as one and alike. It is very wrong however, this PAIN-KILLER of Perry Davis has stood the test of time. Doctors and Druggists have not been able to hush it up, it's as you say, Mary, in everybodys house and I am astonished to find it has been doing such a world of good about here and we have known nothing about it.

Wife!—It must have cured somebodys Rheumatism or you would'nt have been converted so easily.

Husband:—Converted, why it has cured a dozen of cases about here within a year. Simon Tinkler who you know used to be such an awful sufferer with it and was laid up half the time, why it was this same Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER that cured him. George Trotter who Doctor Squills used to pity so much and call such a great sufferer, he too was cured with the PAIN-KILLER and what's more he writes that he paid Doctor Squills over one hundred Dollars for attending him and was growing worse all the while, here my dear rub some of it on my shoulder at once. I am through with Doctor Squills, if PAIN-KILLER can'nt cure me nothing will I am convinced of that.

(*To be Continued*)

Sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cts. per bottle.

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS

Will be received for the several works required in the erection and completion of a

BUILDING

On the corner of

Wellington and O'Connor Streets,

For the

"BANK OF MONTREAL,"

According to plans and specifications prepared by MESSRS. HOPKINS & WILY, Architects, and which may be seen at the office of Mr. Walter Chesterton, Architect, Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

The Directors do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

The time for giving in the tenders to be announced in a few days.

Ottawa, Sept. 22, 1871. 1776

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By-Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforessid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands, grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts: and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the Thirtieth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar shall, in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the thirtieth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the twenty eighth day of December, A. D. 1871, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
September 22nd, 1871. } 1777 1m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street

BRANDIES—

The best old Brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and a Low Price.

GIN—

J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALE—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

☞ Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

AUCTION SALE

OF A

TIMBER LIMIT

SITUATED ON DEEP RIVER.

The Subscriber has received instructions to sell at the Union House, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, 4th October, a Timber Berth, being License No. 267 of 1870-71, of about 5½ square miles on the South side of Deep River.

Terms and conditions made known at time of sale.

Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept 8, 1871. 1761-td

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS,

ON BLACK RIVER,

For Sale by Auction, at the Union House,

ON WEDNESDAY, 4th OCTOBER

next, at one o'clock, p. m., being
License No. 265, of 1870-71.....50 miles.
And No. 367, of 1870-71.....50 miles.

Total one hundred square miles of richly timbered limits.

By order of
ALEXANDER FRASER, Esq.

Ottawa, 1st Sept. 1871. 1759-td

ENGLISH WEEKLY NEWS PAPERS AND MONTHLY MAGAZINES.

LLOYD'S WEEKLY LONDON NEWS, Weekly Times, Reynolds', Weekly Dispatch,—the latest editions,—5 cents. Subscription (post free to any part of the Dominion)—yearly, $2.50; six months, 1.25.

Illustrated London News, Graphic, Bell's Life, News of the World, Punch, Fun, Judy, &c., &c.

THE TORONTO GLOBE delivered at 10 cents per week.

C. E. HUCKETT & CO.
69, Sparks Street.

August 29. 1755 1m

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.

Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's.

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.

1737tf

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Term for supplying during the

Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY

FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season..		$5 00
20lbs " " ..		9 00
10lbs	month	1 50
20lbs " "		2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance ☜

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N. B.—Ice supplied by ton or cwt.

Ottawa April 1871

BUSINESS CHANGE.

We, the undersigned, in relinquishing the Retail branch of our business, beg to return thanks to the public of Ottawa and vicinity for the very liberal support accorded to us during the past eight years, and to announce that we have

DISPOSED OF OUR STOCK,

And leased the premises,

29 Sparks Street,

TO

MESSRS.

ALEXANDER RUSSELL,

(Late of Blyth & Russell, Ottawa,)

AND

ROBERT WATSON,

(Of Watson & Hayes, Almonte,)

Who will continue the business under the name and style of

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Both of these gentlemen were formerly in our employ, and being possessed of ample means and long experience we have great pleasure in recommending them to the confidence and patronage of all our friends and customers.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, August, 1871.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE

RUSSELL & WATSON

Have pleasure in announcing that they have now on hand a

Entire Stock in Trade,

AND

GOOD WILL

OF THE

RETAIL BUSINESS

Lately conducted by Messrs.

Magee & Russell,

And leased their premises, 29 Sparks Street, for a term of years

And hope by keeping only the best qualities of goods, and adopting a uniform and

Moderate Scale of Profits,

By anticipating the wants of the public and a strict attention to business to merit and retain the patronage so liberally bestowed upon their predecessors.

And we beg to assure the old patrons of the establishment that no efforts will be spared in maintaining the leading position to which it had attained.

ALEX. RUSSELL. ROB'T. WATSON.

Ottawa, August 1871.

Peaches!

Peaches!

Peaches!

Pears!

Pears!

Pears!

Apples!

Apples!

Apples!

And all other Kinds of Fruit

at the Fruit Depots of

G. LORENZ,

No. 7 SUSSEX STREET.

AND

NO. 56 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Grand Show Day!

AT

Russell & Watson's

Having now the greater portion of our STOCK forward, we will on

Thursday, 28th Sept'r.

Open our SHOW ROOMS, and DISPLAY the

LATEST NOVELTIES

—IN—

Millinery, Mantles and Costumes!

Besides a well assorted Stock of Goods usually shown in the Room

In addition to Goods now forward for those Departments will be found a full and well selected STOCK of

Dress Goods, Silks,

Laces and Lace Goods,

Hosiery and Gloves, &c.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, September 22, 1871

IF YOU WANT

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

SEND TO THE

Noted Tea House

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprieto

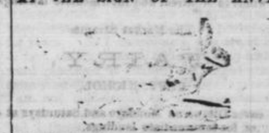
HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,



No. 24 Rideau street.

All persons keep off the premises.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.
Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs. Hay Rakes, straight and bent, Scythe Stones, &c. &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarrie:

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

BOARD WANTED

In a Private Family, by a Gentleman Six o'clock dinner preferred Address X Y.Z. P. O. Box, 285. 1754

WANTED

By a young married couple, Board, Bedroom and Sitting Room, furnished

OR

a Small House or Cottage, furnished or unfurnished All within easy distance of the Post Office. Possession required 1st October, or soon after

Apply by letter, stating terms, to

D. C. L., Box 5 Ottawa P. O

Ottawa, Sept. 13th, 1871. 1767.

PRIVATE BOARD WANTED

In Upper Town by a Gentleman and his Wife. Apply by letter addressed

1761- U., Times Office.

NOTICE.

An excellent CELLAR to let. Large, and entrance on level with the street. Apply to

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 13, 1871. 1767-tf

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON,
Proprietor

1760-6m

JARED. T. PALMER,

Commission and Lumbermen's Agent, Rideau Street, (entrance O'Meara's Gateway.)

Particular attention will be given to hiring men, teams, &c., and all transactions with the Crown Land and Timber Office.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:

R Nagle, Esq, Wm Mackey, Esq
Allan Grant, Esq., E McGillivray, Esq
Ottawa, Sept 1871. 1746t

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

☞ Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1753 1y

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested to settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MACEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown, now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

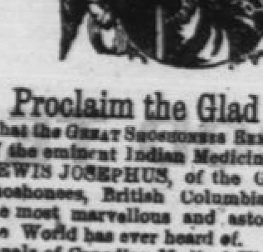
I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY.
533, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand), London, W. C., Sept. 1, 1871. 39 6m



Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the GREAT SHOSHONEES REMEDY AND PILLS, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY?

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Socotrine Aloes, Capsicum, &c., &c,) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching curative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Pint Bottles ..$1 00
Pills per Box 25

TWO VALUABLE FARMS

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The following Valuable Farm situated on the banks of the Rideau about one mile and a half from Ottawa, the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq., and known as the South West half of Lot 14 on the Rideau River in the Gore of Gloucester. It is all cleared and in the highest state of cultivation; well watered; first-class brick building with seven rooms, and substantial barns, sheds, &c., thereon; also, an excellent orchard and garden. Beautifully situated and commanding a fine view of the City, Parliament Buildings, and surrounding country; contains about 100 acres.

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Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
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The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m, and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m, and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p m, and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

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For Freight or Passage, apply to
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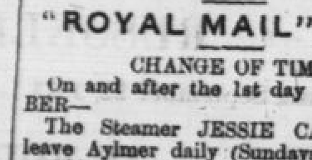
May 20, 1871 2670tf



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the 1st day of SEPTEMBER—

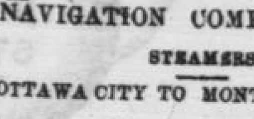
The Steamer JESSIE CASSELS will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 7.30 a.m., connecting with Steamers of the Line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The Steamer PONTIAC leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted), at 1 p.m., for Des Joachim; returning—leaving at 6 a.m., connecting with Steamer JASON GOULD, which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 p.m., passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The Steamer PRINCE ARTHUR leaves Portage du Fort at 7 a.m., connecting with Steamer JESSIE CASSELS for Aylmer.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip, at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 9 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, August 28th, 1871.

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings

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"FAIRY,"

CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.
April 25, 1871.

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Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B —Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1736tf

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N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month,

Montreal, March 3, 1871. 1

NOTICE.

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CHARLES FARRELL,
MAURICE SHANE,
THOMAS BROWNRIGG.
Pendleton 11th, September, 1871. 3f 4

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GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonising pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

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"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
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PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies.

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The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

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ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY P.M.
......	11 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	......	4.20
......	11 45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B.	8.00	......	4.20
......	......	9.00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8.00	......	7.30
......	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	......	7.30
10 15	11.45	9.00	United States, *via* Ogdensburg	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	11.45	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	North Gower, *Kars*, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c	......	......	4.20
9 20	......	4.30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	1 30
9 20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	......	......	1 20
10.30 5.30	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage; Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	8.00	11.00	7.00
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c.	......	......	7.00
7.30	......	......	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	......	
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	......	......	6.00
11.30	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	......	

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS

Via NewYork close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.00 noon in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

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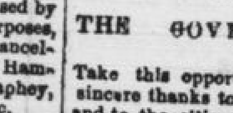
Post Office,
Ottawa, Sept. 14 1871
G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS



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Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
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Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

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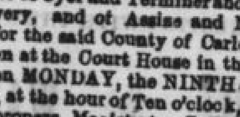
Ottawa, July 28, 1871. 1729 d&w4 1awk



NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, To Wit.

Public Notice is hereby given that the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, and of Assize and Nisi Prius, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the NINTH day of OCTOBER, at the hour of Ten o'clock a.m., of which all Coroners, Magistrates, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned, are required to take notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. F. POWELL.
Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Ottawa,
Sept. 15, 1871. 1770-tf.

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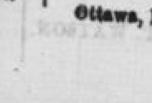
Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, July 11th, 1871. 1813 tf



HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
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Royal Insurance Co.
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We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain,
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

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NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be
Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

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May 22, 1871 1671 1y

GARDEN

—AND—

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SPARKS ST.,

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He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,
Agent,
Times Office, Ottawa.

Medical.

SEEDS! SEEDS

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

A. CHRISTIE & CO.
(Late Alex. Christie.)
Druggists,
40, Sparks-s
Ottawa April 28, 1871

MESSRS GABRIELS'

CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE

TEETH & GUMS

AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE ARE SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL

PARTS OF THE WORLD

PREPARED ONLY BY

MESSRS GABRIEL.

DENTISTS

LUDGATE HILL, LONDON E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweatens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa,
May 11 1871

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Withlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Drggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1532tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager
Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 45utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 469y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 590tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Bearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treament of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. 1&y F C CLEMOW

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT,

NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MARCIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetrau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull. Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearer, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as i[f] were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort;
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET,

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the ST. JAMES HOTEL.
Strict attention to business.
Good Wines and Liquors warranted.
Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1596

Miscellaneous.

G. C. RAINBOTH,

Provincial Land Surveyor and Draughtsman, commissioned for the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.

Office. Aylmer, P. Q. 1722 tf

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 7460

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter, Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1844.

WM. H. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

T G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

1871. ICE 1871.

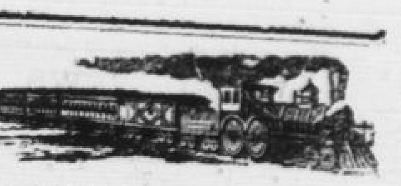
ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street
Ottawa, May 1649d



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed.

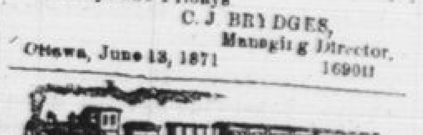
Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at	6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at	9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at	9.00 p.m
Mixed Train for Brockville, at	11.00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at	5.00 p.m.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at	7.00 a m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at	8 30 a m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at	2.00 p m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston	10.30 p m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays

C. J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON
Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.
May 31, 1871. 1680tf

DOMINION HOUSE

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel
Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 6m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.
P. O. Box 725.
Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Drawings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES.
November 26, 1870 1524tf

MORRISON'S

STEAM BISCUIT BAKERY

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your Orders are solicited, and will be PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO by

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,
Nos. 36 and 38 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

TANNERY,

PARK STREET, OTTAWA.

EDMOND GERMAIN, Proprietor.

All kinds of LEATHER for Sale, Wholesale, at reasonable prices.

ALSO,

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE.

Of his own manufacture, at REDUCED PRICES.

19th August, 1871. 1746tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre), Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1780. OTTAWA THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof whi h will be guarenteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Destillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc. Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA.

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria quare and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal. 1685 3m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Receiv

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily)
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
1746b Post O [Block.]

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

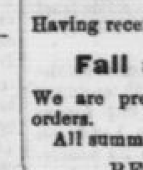
Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.



100 CASES

HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT

"THE RED BOOT,"

OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overs,

MOCCASINS,

Laces & Boot Dressing

Which will be sold at the very lowest price possible,

Wholesale and Retail.

City and country dealers will find (on giving us a call) that they can be supplied at

Montreal Prices—Freight Added.

Having received a good part of our

Fall and Winter Goods

We are prepared to EXECUTE PROMPTLY all orders.

All summer goods selling at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Orders for Hand Made Custom Work attended to promptly.

A full sett of

Messrs. Ames, Millard & Co's Samples

of BOOTS and SHOES, always on view, and orders taken at lowest prices. One of our firm will wait on the merchants of Ottawa City and District soliciting orders.

Agents for wholesaling of Wm. Clendinneng's manufacture of *Stoves, Iron-furniture, Railings, Builders* and all kinds of *Plain and Fancy Castings.*

Agents for the celebrated

Plantagenet Mineral Water.

Orders promptly attended to.

LAMB & RODDEN,
No 28, Sussex Street.

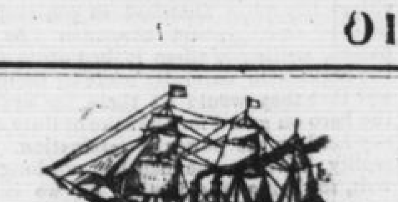
Ottawa, July 20, 1871.

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE, at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 88 Sussex Street, Ottawa.
1738 1NY SIMEON LEBEAU, Agent.



LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871. 1871.

The following first-class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES....J. James "
NIGER......W. Nisbett "
SEVERN.....G. Butchart "

Are intended to Sail, as under, during the Season of 1871, between

LONDON,

QUEBEC and MONTREAL.

FROM LONDON.

MEDWAY	Thursday,	10th August.
THAMES	"	24th "
NIGER	"	7th Sept.
SEVERN	"	21st "
MEDWAY	"	5th Oct.
THAMES	"	19th "

AND FROM QUEBEC.

NIGER	Thursday,	10th August.
SEVERN	"	24th "
MEDWAY	"	7th Sept.
THAMES	"	21st "
NIGER	"	5th Oct.
SEVERN	"	19th "
MEDWAY	"	2nd Nov.
THAMES	"	16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $5 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.

or

T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co.'s Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, June 13th. 1760y

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Lif Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

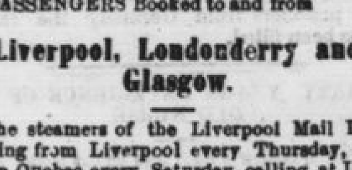
All descriptions of property insured at moderate rates.

Tables of rates for Life Assurance and all information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

T. M. CLARKE, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

MONTREAL OCEAN
STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
CHANGE OF SAILING



1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

NESTORIAN	26th August.
SCANDINAVIAN	2nd September
HIBERNIAN	9th "
MORAVIAN	15th "
SARMATIAN	23rd "
PRUSSIAN	30th "

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin	$70 to $80
Steerage	$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN, on or about	31st Aug.
OTTAWA "	7th Sept.
ST. DAVID "	14th "
ST. ANDREW "	21st "
ST. PATRICK "	28th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin	$67 25
Intermediate	$47 or 44 00
Steerage	28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-
Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and
Canadian Tweeds
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under irts
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, April 11, 1871

CHANCERY SALE.

SPAIN V WATT.

Pursuant to the Decree and final Order for Sale made in this cause, and respectively bearing dates 28th February, 1871, and 25th August, 1871, there will be sold by Public Auction, with the approbation of W. M. MATHESON, Esquire, Master in Chancery, at Ottawa, by AMOS ROWE, Auctioneer, at his Sale Rooms, near Sapper's Bridge, Rideau Street, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of SEPTEMBER, A.D. 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following valuable farm property, that is to say, all and singular the rear or west half of Lot No. Fourteen, in the Second Concession, Rideau Front, of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton.

The property, well known as the Spain Farm, is of good farming land, and contains about one hundred and ten acres, all cleared, excepting about twenty acres of hardwood bush, and is situated on the main road, about two miles from the village of Manotic, and about fourteen miles from the City of Ottawa. There are upon the property a good farm dwelling-house, two barns, sheds, two orchards of plum and apple trees, and a good well and pump.

The purchaser must pay at the time of sale ten per cent. of the purchase money, and the balance in one month from the time of sale.

The property will be put up at an upset price of $1,300 dollars, and will be sold subject to an annuity of $50 during the lifetime of one Maria Spain. In other respects the conditions of sale are the standing conditions of sale of the Court of Chancery.

For further particulars, apply to Messrs. Kennedy and Christie, Messrs Scott, Ross and Stewart, or Martin O'Gara, Esq., Solicitors, Ottawa.

Dated this 1st day of September, A D., 1871.

W. M. MATHESON,
Master at Ottawa.
KENNEDY & CHRISTIE,
Solicitors for Vendor. 1758td

OAKEY'S
SILVERSMITHS SOAP
NON-MERCURIAL

For cleaning and polishing Silver, Electro-Plate, Plate Glass, &c. Tablets, 6d. each.

OAKEY'S
WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

prepared expressly for the Patent Knife Cleaning machines, India Rubber and Buff Leather Knife Boards. Knives constantly cleaned with it have a brilliant polish equal to new cutlery. Packets, 3d. each; and tins, 6d., 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s. each.

OAKEY'S
INDIA RUBBER KNIFE BOARDS

Prevent friction in cleaning and injury to the knife. Oakey's Wellington Knife Polish should be used with the Boards.

OAKEY'S
WELLINGTON BLACK LEAD

In solid blocks—1d., 2d., 4d., and 1s. each.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS
MANUFACTURERS OF
EMERY, EMERY CLOTH, BLACK LEAD, CABINET GLASS PAPER &c.
WELLINGTON EMERY & BLACK LEAD MILLS
172. BLACKFRIARS ROAD LONDON.

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

OF THE

AGRICULTURAL & ARTS ASSOCIATION OF ONTARIO,

To be held at Kingston,

On the 25th to 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Persons intending to exhibit will please take notice that the Entries of articles in the respective classes must be made with the Secretary, at Toronto, on or before the undermentioned dates, viz:

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before Saturday, August 26th.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery and Manufactures generally, on or before Saturday, September 2nd.

Horticultural Products, Ladies' Work, the Fine Arts, &c., on or before Saturday, September 16th.

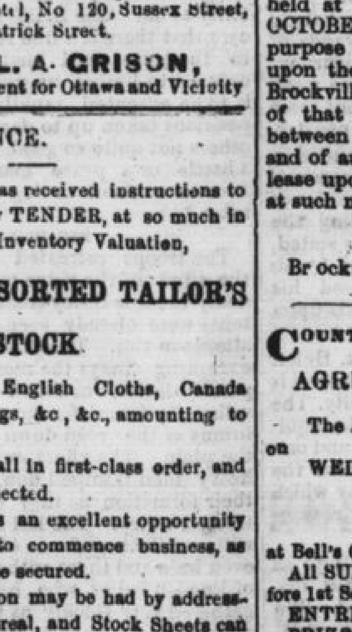
Prize Lists and Blank Forms for making the entries upon, can be obtained of the Secretaries of all Agricultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes throughout the Province.

HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec'y Agricultural and Arts Associatio
Toonto, August 15, 1871. 1745-dn&w

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)



This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex Street, and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,
1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

RARE CHANCE.

The advertiser has received instructions to offer for SALE, by TENDER, at so much in the Dollar, as per Inventory Valuation,

A WELL ASSORTED TAILOR'S STOCK.

Consisting of English Cloths, Canada Tweeds, Trimmings, &c., &c., amounting to over $4,000.

The Goods are all in first-class order, and have been well selected.

The above offers an excellent opportunity to any one about to commence business, as the goodwill can be secured.

Every information may be had by addressing Box 468, Montreal, and Stock Sheets can be seen on application to the undersigned.

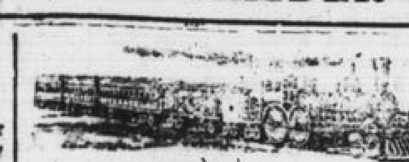
Tenders will be received until the 26th instant. Parties making other than a CASH OFFER, will please name security.

C. BAILLIE,
181 St. James' Street.
Montreal, August 5th, 1871 1749t A

WANTED,

A good Carriage and Sleigh Maker, and Blacksmith, at Kinburn, Township of Fitzroy. A good business chance for both, with shop accommodations. Steady and good workmen only need apply.

ALLAN FRASER.
Kinburn 2nd August 1871. 1733tf



The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway,

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from WEDNESDAY, 15th SEPT. Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 12:30 P.M
8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 4:00 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M. arriving in Ottawa at 6 45 A.M, every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4 40 P.M, arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 P.M

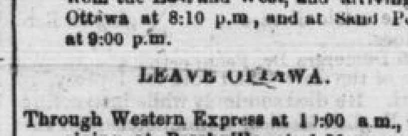
No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 6:30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.25 A.M. Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Law.
R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.
Ottawa Sept 9th, 1871



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 25th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers

Local Train at 3:40 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 4:10 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 8:10 p.m, and at Sand Point at 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 5:20 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m., 7:18 p.m., 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE SAND POINT—5:30 a.m., 9:10 a.m., 4:30 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.
Brockville, Sept. 26, 1871. 1761-y

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the BROCKVILLE and OTTAWA RAILWAY will be held at BROCKVILLE on the 10th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon a lease of the section of the said Railway lying between CARLETON PLACE and SAND POINT to the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.
Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY will be held at OTTAWA on the 11th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon the accepting of a lease from the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company of that section of their Railway lying between Carleton Place and Sand Point, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.
Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758

COUNTY OF CARLETON

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Annual Exhibition will take place on

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,

5th and 6th October,

at Bell's Corners, Nepean.

All SUBSCRIPTIONS should be paid before 1st September.

ENTRIES to be made before 3rd October.

PRIZE LISTS now ready and may be had from the Secr tary at Ottawa, or at the different hotels, Bell's Corners.

A S WOODBURN,
35 3 Secy -Treas.

SALE OF PROPERTY.

In virtue of the Power of a Bond or Deed, DUNCAN McGREGOR, the older, held from DUNCAN McGREGOR, the younger, both inhabitants of Huntley, do hereby offer for sale, by Public Auction, on the ground, the East Half of the West part of Lot No. 1, in the Twelfth Concession of Huntley, containing 50 acres, more or less. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, on MONDAY, 16th OCTOBER 1871.

D McGREGOR.
Sept 14, 1871.

BY-LAW

To raise by way of loan the sum of fifty thousand dollars for the purpose of building bridges across the Rideau Canal, repairing the Sappers' Bridge, and building a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats, in the City of Ottawa.

Whereas the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa have resolved to build bridges across the Rideau Canal, at Wellington and Maria Streets, in the City of Ottawa, to repair the Sappers' Bridge already erected across the said Canal, connecting Sparks and Rideau Streets, and also to build a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats; and it is estimated that the sum of fifty thousand dollars will be required for that purpose.

And whereas in order to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such works, it is necessary to issue debentures of the Corporation of the said City, to the amount of fifty thousand dollars, aforesaid, as hereinafter provided.

And whereas it will require the sum of five thousand five hundred dollars to be raised annually for the payment of the said debentures and the interest thereon, as hereinafter also provided.

And whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is five million seven hundred and sixty-eight thousand three hundred and nine dollars.

And whereas the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows: Principal, the sum of three hundred and two thousand eight hundred and eight dollars and fifty-one cents; and interest, the sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents, making in the aggregate the sum of three hundred and fifty-eight thousand four hundred and sixty-two dollars and sixty-seven cents, of which interest the said sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts is in arrear.

And whereas for paying the interest on the said debentures and creating an equal yearly sinking fund, for paying the principal money of the said debentures, according to the statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

Be it therefore enacted and ordained by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:—

1. That for the purpose of constructing the said works, it shall be lawful for the Mayor, for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan, from any person or persons, body or bodies coporate who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of fifty thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain, for the time being of the said City, and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

2. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa, for the time being, shall cause debentures to be made out, in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of fifty thousand dollars; which said debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

3 The said debentures shall be made payable on the first day of January, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa, and shall have coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum, from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, on the first day of the months of January and July in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

For the purpose of providing a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar shall, in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected, in each year upon all the rateable property in the city of Ottawa, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the first day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one.

And Whereas this By-law requires the assent of the electors of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said electors thereon, the Council of the Corporation of the said city, do hereby fix Tuesday the seventeenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned, in the said City, being the places at which the last elections of the members of the Council therein were held: namely, in Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke, therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward, at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine o'clock of the same day.

And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers, to take such votes at and for the several places, within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

TAKE NOTICE.

That the above is a true copy of a proposed By-law, which will be taken into consideration by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, after one month from the first publication thereof in the OTTAWA TIMES newspaper, the date of which first publication was the twenty second day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, and that the votes of the electors of the said Municipality will be taken thereon, at the following places within the City of Ottawa, namely: In and for Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street, in Victoria Ward. In and for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street; and for that part of the said last mentioned Ward, lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In and for St. George's Ward, a the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In and for By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street; and in and for Ottawa Ward, at Lot No. eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street, on Tuesday the seventeenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, at the hour of nine of the clock, in the forenoon of the same day.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa, Sept. 23, 1871. 1776 1m

LOVE'S CHOICE.

The stroller in the pensive field
Doth many a wildering flower descry,
Sometimes to him the Roses yield,
Sometimes the Lilies feed his eye;
Sometimes he takes delight in one,
Sometimes in all, sometimes in none.

But when, in dusky woodland ways,
He sees, beside some dreaming stone,
The fresh untutored Violet raise
Her pleading eyes for him alone,
Then makes his heart its final choice,
And Nature speaks in Passion's voice.

The stroller beauty's garden through,
By many a wayward impulse led,
Sometimes is charmed by gold and blue,
Sometimes by brown and mantling red;
Sometimes proud dame and maiden small
Please just the same, or not at all.

But when remote from pleasure's whirl,
He sees, at home's sequestered shrine,
The ardent, cheerful, guileless girl,
Of mortal mould but soul divine—
Too good, to beautiful to know
How fair her worth and beauty show—

Then all his roving fancies pause,
Entranced by this o'erwhelming grace;
It rules him by celestial laws,
It lights a splender in his face,
'Tis the best good that Heaven can give;
He wins it and begins to live.

—WM. WINTER, *in October Galaxy*,

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XLIII.

LAWYER AND CLIENT.

(CONTINUED.)

"I do not quite see that," answered the lawyer. "Of course something will depend on the new claimant. In any case, however, there need be no great scandal."

"Why not?" Andrew asked eagerly.

"Well, I suppose so long as this Mr. Anthony Hardell gets the estate he will not mind there being another man bearing his name going loose through the world. I should remain Anthony Hardell, if I were you. I should not even think of leaving the country. As to the expediency of taking Mr. Alton into your confidence, that is a matter for after-consideration. Certainly I should not tell Mrs. Hardell. If people recognize you and try to trade on your fears, refer them to me for the future. It is a tangle, I confess; but a little time may help to get us out of it. Meanwhile do not hasten matters; and I will think the affair over, and see what can be done."

"But how am I to manage about the property? Mr. Alton is asking me every day concerning the other claimant."

"I will think that over also—at the moment it seems to me we had better see this Mr. Anthony Hardell, and come to some sort of an understanding with him—notably on the subject of that thousand pounds, with the interest which has since accrued. Of course the length of time which has elapsed would bar your claim to it but still, as he has been out of the country we might proposed to try the question. I may tell you at once we shall decline to act as his solicitors. I do not think Mr. Anthony Hardell and ourselves would agree particularly well—but, as I said before, we must see him. When we have seen him, most probably I shall write you a formal letter setting forth that fact, and stating we now believe your impression to be correct, and that the new comer has a prior claim—that it is of course competent for you to resist his claim, but that if you act on our advice, you will endeavour to effect some compromise. If you had been only frank with us at first the matter would have been comparatively simple; but as it is, we will do our best for you, depend upon it."

"I do not know what to say to you. I do not know how to thank you," Andrew exclaimed. "My heart feels lighter than it has done for many a long day."

"That is always the case," answered Mr. St. John. "Men shut their own fears up in dark closets, and are frightened to death when they look at them. Once they are compelled to bring them out into the daylight they find they are not so very terrible in the eyes of themselves or other people."

"But who else would have looked at this skeleton of mine so kindly and Christianly as you?"

"So you really think a lawyer may be a Christian, after all," laughed Mr. St. John. "My opinion is, and as the world grows wiser I believe it will be the acknowledged, as it is now the actual opinion of the majority, that there should be a statue of limitation for a man's sins just as there is for his debts."

"The world judges more harshly, though" murmured Andrew.

"If a man have courage enough to bear the inevitable nine days' scandal, the world is ready enough to forget all about it, supposing he be sufficiently rich to want nothing from the world. But your difficulty is exceptional—just as your case is exceptional. You are a clergyman, and have been preaching under false pretences for years. As I understand, you are still, in fact, only a deacon, and some very awkward questions, it strikes me, might arise from your discharging the offices of a priest. I am not sufficiently up in ecclesiastical law to explain what I feel more fully; but I think for this reason alone, if for no other, the matter should be kept quiet. In the next place, you have practised a certain deception on your wife and her father, and it is always painful to have to confess to any thing of this sort in the domestic circle."

Andrew sat silent. His mind was going back over the years which were past, and he was wishing, oh! so fervently, he had taken courage that evening in Essex Marsh, and confessed every detail of his life to Mr. Alton then.

"It is too late now," he thought mournfully and bitterly. That had been the cry of Andrew Hardell in every difficulty of his existence. He resolved upon a course, and then, because he had so resolved, declared mentally it was too late to adopt any other.

"It is too late now," he repeated aloud in Mr. St. John's office, and that gentleman, surprised at the exclamation, which sounded strange in his ears, but which was in reality only the sequence to a long train of thought, inquired, "Too late for what?"

"Too late to take Mr. Alton into my confidence."

"I think not," was the reply; "the only real obstacle to such confidence is that, from what I have seen of him, I fear Mr. Alton is about the last man in England to take a lenient view of your conduct. If the worst have to be told, and in all probability it must, you had better get some friend to speak to him. I will, if you like; but I should not hurry the *denouement*, and if this matter could be kept forever from Mr. Alton's knowledge, I think it would be better to do so. The question, therefore, is—can it?"

"I think not," Andrew replied; "but one may hope—"

"Come, I am glad to hear you use that word, Mr. Hardell," said the lawyer cheerfully. "One may hope that it will all come right yet."

"Hope against hope," Andrew suggested with a sight; and yet his face was brighter than Mr. St. John ever recollected to have seen it.

The previous night he had made up his mind never to return home; and the feeling of happiness he experienced when Mr. St. John implied that he ought not only to return, but that every thing might go on as of old, was almost more than he could bear.

"If my darling only knew all about it, and had forgiven me for love's sake," he thought, "I believe the relief would break my heart for very joy." And almost at that very moment the lawyer was thinking.

"It seems to me that poor fellow is not long for this world; and if it can all be put off for a while, there will be no need for any body to be one whit the wiser."

"I never saw such a change in a man in my life in so short a time," during the afternoon, to his partner, Mr. Henry, when repeating to him the story Andrew had told that morning. "He will be dead within twelve months."

"The very best thing he could do," answered Mr. Henry; "though is a hard case, if his version of it be true."

"It is true enough," was the reply. "I am confident of that."

"And yet one would hardly accept a prisoner's statement in court as gospel," said Mr. Henry.

"I accept this as such," was the reply; "and all the more readily because it makes the whole circumstances of that Dumfries trial intelligible. Well, though Mr. Anthony Hardell has come into a fine property, I do not envy him!"

"Pooh! he will not care," said Mr. Henry; and he was quite right. Anthony did not care in the least. When he came to see the lawyers of his late kinsman, he made himself very agreeable to them, spoke kindly of Andrew, considered it was a great pity he had taken that "Dumfries affair" so much to heart—thought he was a perfect monomaniac in the matter—and mentioned with regret the temper he had shown when he, Anthony, refused to let him have possession of the property.

"The idea was so perfectly preposterous, you know," he said.

"And yet such things have been, ere now, I believe," observed Mr St. John.

"I never heard of them," answered Anthony quickly.

"That is quite possible," argued the lawyer; and then he went on to ask what Mr. Hardell intended to do about the thousand pounds.

"Pay it, of course," replied the new heir. "If you will let me know the total amount, I send it to you whenever I receive any of the rents of Lowell's Court."

"That is fair and liberal enough," commented Mr. Henry.

To be continued.

SMALL TALK.

Very large collars are again the style most worn.

Ladies' round hats are worn very high this season.

No jewellery whatever on the streets is the latest rule for ladies.

Tortoise-shell butterflies are a favourite ornament for the coiffure.

The gipsy shape in bonnets is preferred to any other this season.

Apple-wood and black-thorn are the favourite materials for walking cane.

Small tufts of ostrich feathers are worn by ladies in the hair, *a la belle Sauvage*.

A new war pamphlet. "The Battle of Berlin," is causing a sensation in diplomatic circles by its outspoken criticisms upon the Eastern Question.

Ladies with light brown hair use blonde powder in the evening, which has the effect of making the hair look several shades lighter.

The Princess Alice is publishing a serial novel.

The total expenses of the Mount Cenis funnel amount to $13,000,000, of which France pays $9,000,000.

Benjamin Franklin has been arrested at New Orleans for vagrancy.

Victor Hugo has been arrested in Michigan for selling liquor without a license.

—Hand-made lace of all the industries of France, has suffered least by the war, being chiefly carried on by woman.

—Why are free sittings in church very improper? Because there is a chance that they may make you good for nothing.

Mr. Robert Landells, an English journalist, has received from the Emperor of Germany the Prussian war medals of 1866 and 1870.

A new style of opera glass is very small, and has a handle which pulls out and forms a fan, and can also be detached when the glass is not in use.

—The marriage licenses now issued by the Controller of Maryland are ornamented by an all-seeing eye, two hands joined, and the seal of the State in the centre upon which is the well-known motto "*Crescite et multiplicamini*"

—A Boston paper propounds the following conundrum for Darwin: Upon what principle of selection is it that of all the darker colored horses which have white feet, twice as many of them have their white feet behind as before.

THE ORIGIN OF NEWSPAPERS.

An ingenious physician of Paris—Renaudot by name—more than two hundred years ago obtained popularity by the innocent expedient of collecting information and then circulating news-sheets among his patients, for their special delectation and amusement. But inasmuch as the seasons were not always sickly and he found he had plenty of time on his hands, he was encouraged by his success to devote his attention more exclusively to the business of journalism, by providing the public at large with news; and accordingly, in 1631, he succeeded in obtaining for himself and family the sole privilege of publishing a newspaper called the *Gazette de France*. Such is the account of the origin of newspapers given by De Saint Foix.

CARELESSNESS.

Many persons neglect their horse's health and condition until it is too late, when at a trifling expense and no trouble, the horse might have been saved if attend d to in time. To all who may have occasion to use an article of the kind, we would confidently recommend "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy;" it is without doubt the best preparation in use, as thousands who have used it testify. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all med [illegible] dealers everywhere.

BREAKFAST. EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks, —"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well select-d cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills.' Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinlined packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London d1509 1y

Coughs and colds, when left to themselves, frequently bring on pulmonary complaints, which lead to that distressing and fatal disease, consumption; but if attended to in time, "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers" are a certain remedy. They stop the irritating cough, and soothe and strengthen the bronchial tubes, allaying all irritations and inflammation. They are also particularly adapted for the use of singers and public speakers. Sold by all druggists and country dealers. Price 25 cents per box.

Ladies remember the Grand Show Room Opening at Allan, McKinnons' & McMorrans, on Thursday, 28th inst.

A large and complete assortment of new goods now on hand in every department, at Allan, McKinnon & McMorrans', No. 28 Sparks street.

Derlin's Hats that R Hats.

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers,including a variety

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

J. H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Great Commonwealth Circus—John Conklin
Dr. Robert's Ointment—Beach & Harnicott.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1871.

The Ottawa Times.

For interesting reading matter see First Page.

On enquiring into the facts connected with the letter written by R. W. in reference to the late City Show we must decline to insert the communication, which lies at the disposal of the writer.

The Intercolonial Railway Commissioners have awarded the contract for Track laying on the Nova Scotia section to Messrs. J. Fraser & Co., of Nova Scotia, and the contract for spikes to Messrs. Scorell, of St John, N. B.

We are gratified to learn that the New Provincial Building at Halifax has been handed over by the Local Government to that of the Dominion. The arbitrators, Mr. Boyd, of St. John, and Mr. Duffus, of Halifax, have met, and were able to concur in the choice of Wm. Heard, Esq., of Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, as umpire. On Mr. Heard's acceptance of the office, the Government of Nova Scotia agreed to deliver up the building which was done yesterday. It is most satisfactory that such a "bone of contention" between the two Governments should have been removed.

The political course of the Toronto *Globe* is evidently based upon a belief in the following remarks made by Dean Swift concerning the effect that can be produced by a cleverly manufactured untruth. The people of Canada however are more intelligent and quick sighted than most Englishmen were in Swift's time.

It often happens that if a lie be believed only for an hour, it has done its work, and there is no further occasion for it. Falsehood flies, and truth comes limping after it, so that when men come to be undeceived, it is too late; the jest is over and the tale has had its effect; like a man who has thought of a good repartee when the discourse is changed, or the company parted; or like a physician who has found out an infallible medicine after the patient is dead.

THE GRITS AND THE TREATY.

Some of our Opposition contemporaries are obviously inclined to advocate the ratification of the fishery clauses in the Treaty of Washington. They are now talking about making "better terms," a thing which they denounced as something terribly immoral only a few short weeks ago. The fact is that since Mr. Langevin's Quebec speech, the Opposition journals in Ontario have been in a most amusing dilemma. The question with them from the first has been, not "what line of policy is likely to prove most beneficial to the country," but "what course can we adopt which will be best calculated to injure the present Government?" They opposed the Treaty with the utmost vehemence at first, because they had made up their minds that Sir John A. Macdonald and his colleagues would support it. When, however they discovered the mistake they had made, the demoralization which occurred in the ranks was something wonderful to contemplate. All that was left for them to do was to indulge in a lot of silly twaddle about its being the duty of the Premier to hold a series of meetings throughout the country, and declare his policy—a course which, for more reasons than one, would obviously have been most impolitic. We now desire, however, to point out to our readers, and to our Grit contemporaries more especially, the good results to Canada which have sprung from the Treaty of Washington. Not only is war between Great Britain and the United States rendered almost an impossibility, a matter which in itself is of the utmost importance to the Dominion, but our sovereignty over the Fisheries of the Gulf and of the Atlantic Coast has been acknowledged by both the Mother country and the American Government, as it never was before. So far from Sir John Macdonald having bartered away the fisheries, as Opposition orators and Opposition journalists are in the habit of asserting, our right and title not only to use but to dispose of the fisheries as we think fit has been admitted in the most plain and unmistakeable manner. The fisheries are now in our possession, and we are now the acknowledged proprietors. What becomes then of all the senseless rhodomontade with which the Grits have sickened the country about Sir John Macdonald being a "traitor" and having "betrayed the interests of Canada." They may call us "an organ" but can they deny the truth of the statements we have made. We challenge them to do so, and if they cannot, what shall be said of those who have wilfully misstated facts, and unjustly maligned a public man for the purpose of prejudicing the public mind against him? The Grits have failed to do so; most egregiously have they failed. Instead of damaging Sir John A Macdonald and his colleagues, they have revealed their own narrow-minded selfishness as politicians in a manner that it never has been revealed before. Like a man who rushes into a fight blinded with passion, intent only on striking some heavy blows at his opponent but never thinking of defending himself, so has it been with the Grits. In this matter of the Washington Treaty, they only thought of attacking Sir John, and never for a moment considered how they were laying themselves open to punishment. No wonder then that they are "knocked out of time," or that the people of Canada, disgusted with their course, refuse any longer to accept such men as their political guides. Altogether the Grits have made a very nice mess of it, and the more they wriggle and twist the more ludicrous and contemptible will their position become.

MR. GLADSTONE'S ADMINISTRATION.

The English Opposition have gained two successes of late, at the Surrey and Truro elections. In both these contests all the influence of the Gladstone ministry was exerted on behalf of the defeated candidates. The late member for Truro was a warm supporter of Mr. Gladstone's and was elected by a large majority, not on account of any personal qualities or popularity which he possessed, but because the electors had faith in Mr. Gladstone. Mr. Jenkins, the author of *Ginx's* Baby, who was the Government candidate at the late election, was defeated by a majority of 170.

These facts are significant, and serve to show that the English people are not by any means satisfied with the manner in which Mr. Gladstone and his colleagues have administered the Government of the country. Each and all the Departments seem to be presided over by men who, so far from being the "right men in the right place," would in almost every case be far more useful if they were occupying any other position. Mr. Cardwell, for instance, is an undoubtedly clever man, a good debater and an able financier, but he knows about as much of military affairs as he does of bull fighting. If we remember rightly, it was said of Earl Russell that so thorough was the confidence which that nobleman felt in his own powers, that he would be ready at any time at a moment's notice either to become Archbishop of Canterbury or assume the command of the Channel Fleet. One might almost be led to imagine that some members of the Gladstone administration were equally self opinionated, so readily have they assumed positions for which neither by nature or education they are in any way qualified. Mr. Bruce, the Home Secretary has made some of the most absurd blunders in the administration of the affairs of his Department. By his vacillation and attempts to temporize he has brought the constituted authority into contempt, and has done much to encourage instead of to suppress those illegal combinations which exist in the Mother Country, and which, connected as they are with the International Society, ought certainly not to be regarded with much tolerance by a Minister of the Crown. Mr. Childers's cheese paring economy has resulted in destroying the long cherished confidence which the people of Great Britain felt in their navy. Since he reformed the naval administration of the country, they have seen one of their most powerful iron clads go to the bottom with five hundred men on board; another magnificent iron clad run aground in calm weather in consequence of the commanding officer's efforts to economise coal in obedience to Admiralty orders; a fine frigate lost in the Mediterranean; and finally the *Megæra*, a vessel which had for months been condemned, ran aground in order to save the lives of her crew. The foreign administration of affairs under the present Government has been as bad as it well could be. Only one diplomatic triumph have they to boast of and that is the Treaty of Washington. So far as European nations are concerned they have so managed matters that Great Britain has not at this moment a single friend, unless perhaps it be poor little Belgium. Nor has the long talked of scheme for the tranquilization of Ireland proved by any means an efficacious one. Apparently Mr. Gladstone was disposed to regard the inhabitants of that country as a nation of Fenians, oblivious to the fact that the majority are peaceful law abiding people, who have no sympathy with cutthroats and are anything but pleased to see the disorderly classes pandered to by the authorities as they have been. The general result of Mr.Gladstone's Irish policy, has been to lead the disaffected to imagine that the Government are afraid of them and to make them more bold than ever, and at the same time to displease the well disposed of all creeds and classes.

Doubtless the English people are beginning to understand that that ultra economy which seems to be the great end and aim of Mr. Gladstone's political life is after all a very grave mistake. The results of the Surrey and Truro elections will probably be followed by others of the same kind as the opportunity offers.

THE WELLAND CANAL.

The following is a list of the number of vessels that have passed through the Welland Canal since April 17, 1866. The table shows the number which have passed annually, and also the number up to the 1st of September in each year. This year up to the 1st of September the number was 37 per cent in advance of any former year. This does not look as though the canal had got into such bad order so far as navigation purposes are concerned.

Up to the 1st September.	Year.	No. of Vessels.
" "	1866	1,113
" "	1867	1,237
" "	1868	1,262
" "	1869	1,435
" "	1870	1,437
" "	1871	1,963

For the Year.	Year.	No of Vessels.
Up to the 11th December,	1866	1,712
" 6th "	1867	2,099
" 8th "	1868	2,124
" 11th "	1869	2,326
" 15th "	1870	2,310

HOME AGAIN.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

In my last, I kept you posted up to the second field day. Yesterday set in with a drizzly rain, and both literally and virtually threw a damp over our sports. Nobody but those who have proved it can conceive how dull men become under canvas in such weather, and altho' we began to pack up preparatory to our route home immediately after breakfast, not even this occupation did afford an opportunity for the perpetration of an extemporized pun on even a stale joke. Sullen silence was the order of the day until an order came in haste to turn out as the Governor General had arrived. Now all was bustle (not confusion) and as is well known "as two twos" all was ready, guard of honor marched off, and the Ottawa Field Battery in its place and firing a salute. No sooner had they got into camp than another order was received to march off and take their places for review and sham fight. The men owing to the cold and drizzling rain, had to wear their over coats which took off a great deal of the attractiveness of the scene, yet all went well. Fort Wellington was taken, the men were highly and deservedly complimented by the Governor-General and Sir George Cartier, and left the field both happy and hungry, and returned, at least a portion of them, to Ottawa late last night. That some grumblers were amongst us was only to be expected, but on the whole the sixteen days drill proved a pre-eminent success and will be referred to hereafter with gladsome recollections by nearly every man present. On the next occasion of a camp the supply of rations might be improved by the institution of salt pork twice a week instead of the continuous rations of fresh beef. This would serve to do away with the absurd cry for butter! whoever heard of such a thing in any army in the world? The militia of Canada do not go under canvass to make gods of their stomachs, but go there to inure them amongst other things to the hardships of a soldiers life. This fact has been practically illustrated on this last occasion and the men have all returned home more hale and hearty than when first called out.

RED CROSS.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 27.

The verdict on the Chenneville accident is as follows:

That the deceased, David Madigan, was killed by a brick wall and an iron plate which rested against the said wall of Thos. Robertson. We also find that the quantity of iron resting against the wall weighed 15 tons and pressed against the said wall with a weight of about 7 tons; that the said wall being 12 feet high by 30 feet in length, without any tie into the ceiling above sufficiently bound into the back wall and merely built against the front wall of the building was altogether unfit for the purposes for which it had been used by the said Thomas Robertson & Co., and that such use of it shows carelessness and want of judgment on their part which has resulted in the killing of Daniel Madigan as aforesaid.

The stock market continues very flat, rates being slightly under those of yesterday morning's board. There has been transactions since in the Bank of Montreal at 253¾ and 253½; Merchant's Bank, 128½; City Bank, 85; Banque du Peuple, 108; Royal Canadian, 108; other bank stocks being almost nominal and not touched.

The Putnam Phalanx proceeded to Lachine this morning and ran the rapids. The battalion made much commotion in a sort of a way. The members spent the forenoon in visiting the city. At 12.30 an informal luncheon was given at the St. Lawrance Hall, Mayor Coursol presiding. There was about a dozen of invited guests present. The luncheon was on strictly temperance principles. Several speeches were delivered by the Mayor, Ex Governor Halley, Hon. L. S. Huntington, and Judge Advocate Merrill. The toast of 'The Queen' was given by Ex-Governor Halley, and, strangely enough, was responded to by Mrs. Webster, wife of the chaplain. Her address was listened to with attention and was appropriately interspersed with poetry. The Press were not invited on the occasion and so do not publish any of the addresses. The Phalanx afterwards formed in St. James Street and marched to the Military School, and then proceeded to Champ de Mars. Here they presented Mayor Coursol a breech-loading Roper sporting rifle, manufactured by the Roper Sporting Arms Co., of Hartford, Conn., and then proceeded headed by the band to escort Ex-Governor Halley to the depot. The Phalanx will leave the city to-morrow morning.

Harry Lewis, rat catcher, poisoned himself this forenoon with morphine. The inquest is now sitting.

The annual meeting of the Baptist Missionary Convention was held to day, in Russell Hall. A good number of pastors and members from churches in the Convention were present. A cordial welcome was extended to Rev. Dr. Cooper and Mr. W. ..., from the Western Convention, also to the Rev. Mr. Smith from St. Albans, Vt; Rev. D. Marsh from Quebec, and others. This afternoon the session was occupied in discussing and passing resolutions in reference to the Theological Baptist Institute at Woodstock; also in favour of the Home Mission and Denominational Literature. In the course of the forenoon reports from the various missionaries were received and read and ordered to be printed. E. V. Mosley, Montreal, was elected President; Jos. Richards, Montreal. Treasurer; Rev Joshua Denovan and Rev. Thomas Gates, Joint Secretaries of the Convention.

In the Court of Queens Bench to day, the case of E. Coole, for arson, was commenced. The prisoner was a Commission Merchant in St. Sacrament street, in high standing and the case creates much interest.

The weather is cold and rainy.

There are large numbers of Western buyers in the city.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 27.—The *Pall Mall Gazette* denounces the *Daily Telegraph* of this morning for the misinterpretation of a sentence in Disraeli's speech in regard to the Queen as flagrantly dishonest as ever appeared in an English journal. It declares that if Gladstone keeps such company as the editors of that journal none but the rabble will follow him.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Sept. 27.—Bismarck will remain in Berlin until the opening of the German Reichstadt, on the 15th of October.

MUNICH, Sept. 27.—The Session of Randtag was opened to day by Prince Leopold.

SWITZERLAND.

LAUSANNE, Sept. 26.—The Session of the Peace League Congress to day, was tumultuous. Many of the speakers defended the acts of the Paris Commune.

Latest American Telegrams,

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27.—A *Tribune's* Washington special says: The Commissioners under the Treaty of Washington were in session several hours yesterday, at the State Department. Sometime will elapse before any important result of their labors can be arrived at. An important question has arisen and will be brought to the attention of the Commissioners, as to whether they or the Congress which is to meet at Geneva, will consider the claims of the citizens of the United States for the depredations committed along the Atlantic coast. Many persons who lost vessels and otherwise suffered by the depredations committed at the hands of British subjects are greatly interested in this question, and the matter is a subject of inquiry. The general power of the Commission as laid down in the Washington Treaty, are to the effect that they are to consider the claims of the citizens of the United States and Great Britain for depredations committed by the citizens of one nation against the citizens of the other during the period between April 19, 1861, and April 16, 1865, except those known as the Alabama Claims. The losses sustained by fishermen and others along the coast are something of an item and it is thought that the question of allowing them settlement for damages sustained, is one that should come within the meaning of the provisions of the Treaty and be the duty incumbent on the Commissoners to discharge. It is believed that this interpretation will be put on the matter at the preliminary deliberations of the Commissioners.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 27.—The State Republican Committee held a meeting this morning at the Globe Hotel, and determined to name Hon. A. D. White, of Onondaga, for temporary chairman. The situation this morning remains unchanged. both sides earnestly protesting a desire for peace and harmony.

5 p. m.—A tremendous crowd is assembled in front of Weiting Hall, where the Republican State Convention assembles waiting for the doors to be opened. A crowd of roughs have just forced the doors open and several have entered the hall. A number of policemen on hand oppose the entrance of the crowd, and have taken possession of the door way. Delegates are now being admitted upon the presentation of tickets, and everything is orderly. The galleries and floor of the hall are crowded to overflowing with delegates and spectators.

1 p. m.—A scene of great confusion has ensued. Waldo M. Hutchins attempted to speak at the call of a large number of the Convention. The confusion is so great that the police were called upon the platform to preserve order. The turmoil lasted some minutes during which the calling of the roll for taking the votes for a temporary Chairman was suspended.

MILWAUKIE, Wis., Sept. 27.—The fire raging along the Coast of Lake Michigan, between Manitowie and Chippawa, is sweeping everything before it. The loss in Kerranee County will reach a quarter of a million dollars. Farmers are burying their household goods to save them. It is thought unless rain sets in the loss of life and property will be fearful.

Knoxville, Tenn., Sept. 27.—Col. D. M. Nelson. son of Judge T. D. R. Nelson, of the Supreme Court, shot and killed Gen. J. H. Clinton, of Alabama, this evening in a personal encounter.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 27.—The *Daily News* expresses the hope that Ashbury's Yacht Livonia will meet with fair play in the American waters and will not be jockeyed out of any triumphs which of right belong to her.

The relatives of the Fenian informer Talbot, who was shot and killed several months ago by a man named Kelly, have preferred a claim for £3,000 against the city of Dublin as compensation for his death at the hands of the assassin.

The health of Queen Victoria has not improved. Gladstone is paying her a visit at Balmoral.

The Princess of Wales returned to England to-day from the continent.

UNITED STATES.

LEVENWORTH, K., Sept. 26.—President Grant and family, together with a number of Senators, representatives, and distinguished men from Illinois, and Missouri, arrived here this evening. The excursion party numbers about two hundred, and is given in honor of the formal opening of the Chicago and South Western Railways from Chicago to Levenworth. The enthusiasm of the people at the appearance of the President was unbounded.

KOLEIGH, N. C., Sept. 26.—One of the severest wind and rain storms which visited this section in a number of years prevailed since 4:30 p.m., now dying away, and large trees were blown down in the streets.

WEST INDIES.

KINGSTON, JAMAICA, Sept. 26.—A serious fire broke out in this city to-day, by which five houses were burned to the ground.

The cable steamer *International*, expected to arrive here from London to grapple, has lost her cables.

On the Island of Antigua every estate was injured by a recent storm.

A Coolie vessel, from India for Mastinique, has been lost on the coast of that island, with all hands on board. Two hundred bodies have been washed ashore.

The cattle disease raging in Barbadoes.

In Demerara Dr. Feanperthy, the discoverer of the celebrated cure for leprosy, is dead. He died suddenly while instructing the English Medical Commissioners in the mode of treatment of the disease.

The work of laying the cable from Trinidad to Grenada is proceeding satisfactorily and thirty miles of cable have also been laid toward Demerara.

DOMINION NOTES.

A man was killed at Waterdown on Saturday by a tree falling on him.

On Monday a serious fire occurred at Petrolia resulting in the destruction of the Lindsay oil well, owned by Mr. J. H. Farbank. At the Derrick engine-house one thousand barrels of oil and a quantity of wood were burnt. Total loss three thousand dollars.

The Quebec Legislature will commence its session early in November.

A great number of new buildings are being erected in Winnipeg, Manitoba; and it is predicted that before three years have elapsed, it will be necessary to form another Province out of the fertile lands to the west of Manitoba.

We are glad to see it announced that the Brantford *Courier* is shortly to be issued as a daily paper. The *Courier* is a well-conducted journal, an unflinching enemy of all shams, and deserves the prosperity of which this intended change is an indication.

The Sarnia Volunteer camp broke up on Saturday.

Governor Hoffman, whom every one would have been delighted to honour, has had to forego the pleasure of visiting Canada. He was invited to be present at the Kingston exhibition, but word has been received that he is detained by public business at Albany.

According to a St. Paul (Minn.) paper there are indications of a Fenian gathering on the Northwest frontier, with a view of raiding on Fort Garry. The New York *Herald* advises its Fenian friends, "not to do it. They might be successful, but the capture of the whole Territory with the Hudson Bay Company's property and all the half-breeds in the country, would not help them one jot toward securing the liberty of Ireland."

The journeymen tailors of the four principal shops of Toronto have struck for higher wages. They demand an advance of 14 per cent. At these shops the journeymen make from 14 to 20 dollars per week —not bad wages, we should say; but some of them work from 15 to 16 hours per day.

A petition to the Governor-General is in circulation praying for the pardon of Reiffenstein, who is undergoing sentence in the penitentiary for defrauding the Government. His confinement, it is stated, together with the anguish caused by his position, has completely shattered his constitution, so that his life depends upon his immediate liberation.

The question of securing the St. Helen island as a pleasure ground for Montreal is being vigorously agitated in that city. The island would certainly be a valuable acquisition to the Canadian metropolis, and one of the most pleasant retreats from the summer heat and dust of the city which could possibly be found within any reasonable distance.

The appointment of Mr. W. T. Hays as Registrar for the newly constituted district of North Huron, is announced. We judge that the appointment will be considered one proper to be made and that it will be popular in the new district.

Mr. Joseph Hickson, the eminent Secretary-Treasurer of the Grand Trunk, has given an example of liberality which we hope, says *La Minerve*, will bear fruit. This gentleman has a summer residence at Otterburn, county of Temiscouata. Lately, the Catholics of a place called Degelee, knowing his large and elevated views, solicited him for assistance in the purchase of a bell. This gentleman, although a Protestant, at once gave them, not a mere subscription, but the bell itself, at his own expense. There is nothing like these acts of generosity for cementing the good relations that exist in this country between Catholics and Protestants.

THE AUTUMN MANŒUVRES.

The correspondent of the London *Times* writing on the 9th inst. gives the following account of some of the manœuvres now going on in Surrey:—

RETREATING.

The march of the First Division in retreat to-day from Aldershott Camp to Chobham Ridges was on the whole decidedly successful, and this is a good opportunity for saying that visitors of distinction who knew the English Army ten years ago declare that it has improved marvellously since then. Nothing could be finer or steadier than the march of the regular regiments to-day, albeit somewhat slow, and it was plain that we have generals who can handle their men with skill and intelligence.

The Commander-in-Chief was present, and many of the foreign officers, who are already accepted as friends among the brotherhood of arms.

The manœuvre was in reality a march to a camping ground behind Chobham Ridges, but it was conducted as if the force were retiring before an enemy superior in numbers. In a retreat the baggage goes first, the rear guard occupying the post of honour. So the baggage started by Farnborough-road, Frimley, Frimley Grove, and Colony End, arriving at last on Bisley Common, where the camp was formed to await the fighing men after their day's work. The main body of cavalry marched by the same route, partly as escort, partly to furnish patrols and vedettes for that side of the position.

The 2d Infantry Brigade marched from the south camp by Thorn Hill, Ash, Canal, Bridge, Henley, Park, Pirbright, and Cordingley, round by the east of Chobham Ridges.

The 1st Brigade, including the Guards, paraded for the Duke's inspection on the Queen's Parade, North Camp, and marched off under the eyes of His Royal Highness. The guards looked magnificent, as usual, and their well-filled but not fat cheeks and bodies showed that their bones are covered with right firm muscle, made out of honest English beef. The Rifle Brigade, Prince Arthur's regiment, was there on parade, too, and the young Prince trudged on foot along the roads or heather, sharing his comrades' fatigues, like an Englishman and a gentleman. There was nothing particular to remark on the march, except that it seemed rather slower than we have been accustomed to see in other countries; but, on the other hand, it was also more solid than the movements of some foreign troops, especially French and Italian. If the Guards were called on to step out no doubt they could do it. The rear guard, under General Lysons, stood first on the crest of the hill above the permanent barracks, looking southwards. When it is said that the baggage moved on the right of the retiring columns(right and left being considered as they faced back upon the enemy), it will be evident that the left was supposed to be more threatened than the right; therefore the strength of the rear guard was rather to the left, and moved along the hills that curve round the South Camp from south to east. All was well and steadily done. The half battery of Artillery took up good positions, and the Infantry escort was well concealed in hollows or gravel pits. General Lysons worked his troops in a masterly style. As the left of the rear-guard was creeping along the low ridge, turning here and there to show front to the imaginary foe, the General perceived that the portion of his small force left to hold the bridges over the Basingstoke Canal between the North and South Camps had retired too early. They were quickly brought back again by waving of flags and even the General's plumed hat. As the enemy, superior in force, pressed on, the rear-guard fell back, crossed the railway and canal eastwards, the guns moving across the country, over Fox Hill northwards, until they reached Chobham Ridges, having again crossed the railway and canal where they come close together, near Porridge Pot Hill, and came within reach of support from the main body. It was a grand sight to see the Guards retire in echelon along the ridge, supported by the Artillery, which took up one position after another, so that they could get the longest ranges and best sweep of the ground over which the enemy was advancing.

THE ARTILLERY.

There is, perhaps, still a slight tendency to hamper the action of the guns, and once or twice it seemed as if a rather more rapid movement would have been advisable; for the great fact with regard to artillery is that it is useless when limbered up and in motion, the obvious resulting maxim being that all its movements should be as quickly executed as possible. The guns must be free and set independently. Once as they retired to day a high bank and ditch barred the way, but not for long. A certain number of spades form part of the equipment of each battery. These were quickly put in requisition. In one minute the bank was thrown down and the ditch filled in with the *debris*; in another the guns were across the obstacle.

It was, however, impossible not to remark how slow was the motion of the artillery as it retired. The gunners were all on foot, and detained the pieces, so that they could move no faster than infantry. Infantry can fire retiring even when in motion, or with only a momentary halt; but the whole power of the guns is gone when they are in motion. Every minute of delay because gunners enough are not carried to work the pieces is a minute lost to the army. This year there are no axletree seats to carry men in the field batteries. Next year this great inconvenience will exist no longer, for the new iron carriages will all have axletree seats. It is understood also that the Duke is entirely in favour of freer action being permitted to the Artillery. If there remain any officer yet doubtful on this point let him ask the opinion of the distinguished foreign soldiers now our guests. From such of them as have lately seen what war is there will be but one answer. Perhaps the best arrangement would be for the Field Officer commanding to ride always with the General, from whom he should have a general idea of the movement about to be made. He could then give equally general instructions to his captains of batteries to support the troops in carrying out the General's idea. After all, it is the officer commanding the batteries who must place his guns if there be any defined responsibility at all. The Artillery Staff must take care that there is a free retreat always open to the guns, and that they are never ordered to limber up unless a movement is to be executed rapidly. Some of the positions taken up to day were admirable, others not quite so good, but whoever saw a battle or a peace manœuvre even in Prussia without seeing also many mistakes?

ENCAMPING.

The troops retreated till they came to the edge of the ridge where it falls suddenly towards Bisley-common, where white tents were already seen glistening in the afternoon sun. Then the whole Division, excepting always the men for outpost and patrol duties, marched down a narrow valley by fours, forming into broader columns as the road down the ravine met the plain. The effect was very fine as the heavy men tramped down, broadening in their formation as they quitted the contracted valley. The hill sides were dotted with brilliant uniforms of all nations, and even here and there with the bright dresses of English ladies, who have not, however, gathered very thickly as yet at any of the military spectacles. As for the manœuvres they are not so pretty as a Brighton Volunteer Review, and to-day there was no powder burnt at all; but they are, what the Volunteer review is not, of actual practical value—real means of instruction in the science of war for officers and men of all rank.

ON GUARD.

Returning home through Frimley we had an opportuny of seeing the cavalry vedettes, who were well placed, and certainly looked as if no one should pass that way to whom they said "Nay." They were a little puzzled at the situation, and no wonder, for it something new in England for single cavalry soldiers to be placed on roads watching for an enemy who never appears. One fine open-faced English dragoon was sitting immovable on his horse, facing outwards towards Hartford Bridge Flats. His face was calm and impassive as that of a Greek hero, or a sentry at the Horse Guards. Within three feet of him sat, also immovable, on the fence a small village boy quite absorbed in contemplation of the splendid horseman. As we passed, neither of them looked at us, and the impression naturally made by the pair was that they would sit there for ever—the hero on guard for the sake of duty the boy held by the power of fascination. In reality, however, the man had not long to wait, for half a mile further on we came upon the "relief" going the rounds to change the sentries. Some of the vedettes were right well placed, at once to see and not be seen. One of them had caught sight of a cavalry patrol or vedette pushed out from Hartford Bridge Flats, and evidently wanted but little encouragement to make a foray and sweep in some of their temporary enemies. The cavalry watched all the country with a curve drawn from Colony End through Frimley to Frimley Green, and we heard from eye witnesses that the line of the railway and canal, the south side of the the position was kept safely by both infantry and cavalry, equally well placed. They are learning their trade carefully and well against the time when they shall stand face to face with other men, "arrayed for mutual slaughter."

MULTUM IN PARVO.

The people living in the neighbourhood of the site of the Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, England, have been lately gravely disturbed by the discovery that the ground beneath their feet was liable at any moment to give way and let them down into a cavern or subterranean reservoir containing thirty feet of water. Excavations and probings at different points have proved that a considerable area is thus undermined, and the consequence has been a general removal of all who could afford to take other and safer habitations. For the security of such as remain, government surveys of the ground are to be made immediately, and such safeguards adopted against accident as the necessity of the case shall demand.

Of the report of the tidal committee of the British Association, read at its current meeting, the London *Times* says:—It contained an interesting passage with regard to the degree of elastic yielding which the solid earth experiences under the tide generating influences of the sun and moon. It is quite certain that the solid earth does yield to some degree. It has long been a favourite assumption that the crust of the earth consists of a shell of rock from 20 to 50 miles in thickness inclosing an interior filled with melted material, lava, metals, &c. This hypothesis is now shown to be absolutely untenable, because, if it were true, the solid crust would yield with almost as much freedom (on account of its thinness and great area,) as if it were perfectly liquid.

Earl Russell a wonderfully active minded octogenarian, says the N. Y. *Times*, has been presiding over a conference of the National Union for the suppression of intemperance. He said in his sharp, bitter way of Mr. Bruce's Licensing Bill of the last session of Parliament, that it combined the maximum amount of in efficiency. It is calculated that in the five years ending with 1870, the British people spent for intoxicating liquors the sum of £514,841,-345.

Prince Bismarck is said to have made the remark that political cares have given place to cares of socialism, and that the latter disturb his sleep still more than the former.

The steamer Chili, recently purchased by the Japanese, is said to be intended ere long to start with a party of Japanese statesmen, scholars, and students on a voyage of observation and research round the world. When one members that it is only 18 years since the ramparts of the rigid exclusiveness of Japan were removed such a step in advance is astonishing.

The French army is becoming thoroughly reorganized; the number has been fixed at 430,000 troops and since the return of the prisoners from Germany the ranks have been filled.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA in CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers, 25 cents a bottle. Office, 215 Fulton Street, New York, and 493 Oxford Street, London.

Be sure and call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

SORE THROAT, COUGH, COLD,

and similar troubles, if suffered to progress result in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial, and Asthmatic affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost instant relief.

The TROCHES are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers, and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.

Obtain only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered.

"TROCHES," so called, sold by the ounce are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which are sold only in boxes with *fac-simile* of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON.

on outside wrapper of box, and private Government stamp attached to each box.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

DR. ROBERTS CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MANS FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 22s each; and his

PILULÆ, ANTI SCROPHULÆ or ALTERATIVE PILLS.

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family operient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet,

Prepared only by

BEACH & BARNICOTT,
Bridport, Dorset, England,

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

September 28, 1871. 39 6m

THE GREAT

Sensation of the Day.

THE GREAT

Commonwealth Circus!

UNQUESTIONABLY THE BEST CIRCUS IN THE PROVINCES.

Organized and Equipped for the Season of 1871.

WILL EXHIBIT IN OTTAWA,

FOR TWO DAYS,

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY,

October 3rd and 4th.

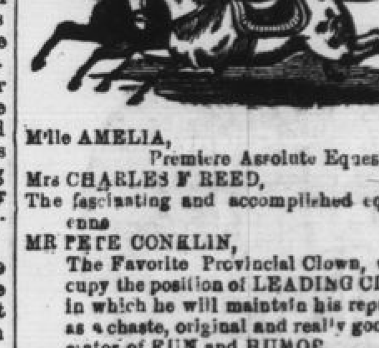
All the Truly Great Artists in the Arenic Profession will appear in a Programme superior in every respect to any Circus Performance ever given under Canvass.

Among the distinguished artists who compose this,

The Circus of the Period,

Will be found

MR GEORGE M KELLEY,
Champion Leaper of the World
MR CHARLES F REED,
Champion Somersault Rider of America
MR WILLIAM LA RUE,
Champion Hurdle Rider
MR JOHN CONKLIN,
Champion Cannon Ball Performer and Gymnast
MASTER LEON LA RUE,
Infant Bareback Rider
MR JOHN CALLAN,
Champion Tumbler and Vaulter
MR A LOWANDA,
Brazillian Gymnast and Leaper
MR JOHN H KELLEY,
The Great Equilibrist and Leaper
MR JAMES CAMPBELL,
Gymnast and Leaper



M'lle AMELIA,
Premiere Asolute Equestrienne
Mrs CHARLES F REED,
The fascinating and accomplished equestrienne
MR PETE CONKLIN,
The Favorite Provincial Clown, will occupy the position of LEADING CLOWN, in which he will maintain his reputation as a chaste, original and really good generator of FUN and HUMOR.

A large corps of auxiliaries—Riders, Leapers, Voltigeurs, Acrobats and Gymnasts, will be presented in association with the Artistic Forces of this great circus.

The Musical Department will be under the supervision of Professor William Kalitz, who has secured the services of the celebrated Metropolitan Opera Band.

Doors open at 1:30 and 6.30 p.m. Performance commences at 2 and 7:30 p.m.

Admission, 25 cents. Reserved Seats, 50 cents.

JOHN CONKLIN, Manager,
J J SHOWLES, General Agent

Tickets can be secured during the day at Orme & Son's Music Store, without extra charge. 1760td

HORSE LOST.

Lost for the last fifteen days from Hull, a RED HORSE—white nose, three white legs, and a pretty good mane.

Any person returning the horse to the owner, J. Bte. Menard, Hull, will be rewarded

HULL, Sept. 26, 1871. 1779 3

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership heretofore existing between Messrs. OLIVER & ANNABLE has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM A. ANNABLE.

The business will in future be carried on by OLIVER & SON.

Ottawa, Sept. 26, 1871. 1779 2

IMPORTANT

TO

CAPITALISTS,
LUMBER MERCHANTS,
MILL OWNERS,
and OTHERS.

The Subscriber has received instructions to offer at Public Auction at the Union House in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th OCTOBER, 1871, at 2 o'clock, p m., the undermentioned Property, Real Estate, Timber Limits, &c. &c., the Quyon Saw Mill Water Privilege. This Property consists of about 13 acres, upon which is erected a frame Saw Mill, 40 x 80 nearly finished, with one circular saw and shingle machine now in working order, with room for other saws and machinery.

ALSO,

the stone foundation of another building suitable either for a flouring mill or the manufacturing of wool, a Blacksmith's Shop, Store, two comfortable Dwelling Houses, and other buildings; also, the Slides and the Railroad from the mills to the Ottawa River, together with the Rafting Grounds, Wharf, Booms, Chains, Piers, and all other apurtenances and improvements there and to belonging.

Saw logs can be taken to the mills from the Ottawa river, as well as from the river Quyon, at a very small cost.

Also; three valuable Timber Limits on the Quyon river, being License No. 71, 72, and 73 of 1871-2, containing an area of 60½ square miles, which cover all the Crown Lands on both sides of the Quyon river to its source. Operations have already been commenced in the woods to get out about 25,000 pine logs on these limits during the ensuing winter which the purchaser will have to assume at cost incurred.

Also License No. 329 of '70 and '71, containing about 16 square miles. Operations on this license have been commenced which the purchaser will have also to assume Timber from parts of this limit can be hauled to the Quyon and to the Dechene Lake, Ottawa river, but the greater part will have to be hauled into the Peche and go out by the Gatineau river.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, Mr. WALTON SMITH at the Quyon, Onslow, P. Q., or to the undersigned at his office, Ottawa City.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

QUYON, Onslow, P. Q., Sept. 25. 1779td

LOST,

On FRIDAY, 15th instant, a Gentleman's heavy GOLD RING, with Carbuncle Stone, chased in the sides. Any one leaving it at this Office will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa Sept 20. 1773tf

LOST OR STOLEN,

A BROWN HORSE. Has a cut on the off hind leg, and a little stiff on the near fore foot; has a grey nose.

Any person returning him to E. SIMON, Hull, will be rewarded.

Ottawa, September 23, 1871. 1776 6

SHOW ROOM

OPENING!

Allan, McKinnon's & McMoran,

Will exhibit on

THURSDAY NEXT,

THE

28th September,

A Grand Display of

FALL STYLES

AND

LATEST NOVELTIES

IN

MILLINERY,

Comprising

Trimmed Hats

AND

BONNETS,

Which will be found unequalled in Style.

ALSO

A large and beautiful assortment

OF NEW

FLOWERS & FEATHERS.

There will also be shown a large variety of imported

MANTLES and JACKETS

Which will embrace everything new in Style and Material for the opening season.

Some very handsome

SEAL JACKETS

will be offered at unusually LOW PRICES.

N. B. A full assortment of

NEW GOODS

in all Departments,

ALLAN M'KINNONS & M'MORAN

Successors to

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20, Sparks street.

RINK MUSIC HALL.

FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY.

In consequence of the Troupe performing three nights more in Montreal the performance will take place on

THURSDAY, FRIDAY, & SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 29, and 30.

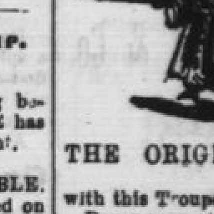
Satsuma's Royal Japanese

The best Performers ever in this country.

Men, Women, and Children in Native Costumes.

Giving a performance

NEVER ATTEMPTED BY AMERICANS!



Crowded Houses Everywhere!

Thousands turned away at Boston, New Orleans, St. Louis, and New York. Patronized by the Elite of those cities.

THE ORIGINAL "ALL RIGHT" with this Troupe.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 8 o'clock. Admission, 25 cents; Reserved Seats, 50 cents.

Reserved Seats for sale at Orme & Son's.

H. SCHUHMAN, Manager.
J. E. NOBLE, Agent.

Ottawa, Sept. 23. 1777 td

ESTIMATE

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D., 1871,

Excavation 38,000 yards	$ 38,000
Arch Covering	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps	16,000
Pumping Mains extra	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order
WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
September 23, 1871. 1774 1m

NOTICE.

FOR SALE,

A well established BUSINESS in one of the most flourishing villages in the Ottawa Valley on the line of the Brockville & Ottawa Railroad. The stock now on hand consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, and Boots and Shoes to the amount of about $4,000. The Business is well established, and an excellent trade has been done amounting to about $22,000 a year. The Shop and Dwelling can be leased or purchased.

Further particulars can be learned by applying to

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 19, 1871 1772td

NOTICE

TO LUMBERMEN AND OTHERS.

1,000 pair Government SNOW SHOES, a superior article, almost new, for sale at half price by

W REID & CO.,
84 McGill Street,
Montreal.

Ottawa, September 26. 1777 12

TAKE NOTICE.

Get your

BUFFALO ROBES

in to be

DYED,

and made like

BEAR ROBES,

for the cold weather is fast approaching.

G. A. SHELDON,
Sussex street,
Next door to the DOMINION HOUSE,

Ottawa, Sept. 21, 1871. 1771 a

LOC[AL ...]

The city was ... day.

The County ... hibition takes ...

SCHOOL TRUST... ing of the Board ... this evening.

THE MARKET. ... Market yesterd... have seen for so...

IMPROVEMENT. ... Hill, is being m... needed improve...

DIVISION COU... will open in th... 10 a.m., His Ho... siding.

RAIN.—The we... an improvement... day. A fall of ... seemed to take ... phere.

ACCIDENT.—A ... Nead, got his ... between two car... station, on Tues... was immediately ... attended to.

KINGSTON.—P... St. L. & O. Rail... ing, will arrive in ... time to witness ... tickets for $3.2... Office, York str...

MILITARY.—T... battalions arrive... the St. L. & O. ... almost immedia... where they got ... and left for L'O...

SOLD BY AUC... by auction at his ... 100 acres farm ... Watt for $170... house and prope... James Harris fo...

ARRIVAL OF ... pany Ottawa. Ri... Battery struck ... and arrived in O... R. about 8 o'clo... well and health... improved in the ...

MILITARY.—C... officers of the ... forms us that, "... his statement i... the battery stru... opposite Prescot... yards. Our info... 1,260 yards.

COMMONWEALTH... Commonwealth ... exhibiting throu... Summer will perf... and 4th of Octob... companied by a ... ing which it is p... elling. Its gymn... trians are unsurp...

POLICE COURT.... men were charge... tance into a respe... street, and were ...

Jos. Leboeuf a... the same offence... also fined $5 and ...

In the stabbin... $2 and costs, a... charged.

THE BATTERY E... and officers of th... their arrival at th... Tuesday evenin... Mr. Gilpin to p... hotel, little Suss... tery adjourned ... having unloaded... withstanding th... spent a few very ... Gilpin's hospital...

THE "JAPS."—... Troupe will giv... three entertainm... night. The trou... their first perf... owing to the li... them in Mont... longer than was ... the troupe is a v... they must cou... when they propo... night in Ottawa.

CENTRAL QU... meeting of the ... took place last ... There were abo... to use that well... it on the ligh... strains of Gowan... until about 11 o... tulates himself ... for his Hall, bu... reason to feel hi... benefit of the ... band.

ARRIVALS AT ... Benjamin, Mont... Eng; A J Gran... do; Miss Lorme... Lormer, do; W, ... pinstall, Arnpr... wife, Sherbro... Albany; D G ... Burt, Ogdensbu... Watson, Englan... W Gilmon Mon... Mr and Mrs R... Fry, Bristol; B ... Mrs R D McA... Arthur, Toront...

BUILDINGS.—T... costly buildings ... menced in Ott... last Spring are ... completion. T... many of these ... to the unusual ... mechanics a... comparatively ... were in ... lected with the ... take advantage ... on "strikes" ... which though ... less regulated ... market—were ... scarcity of sto... obtain almost ... Notwithstandin... streets are to-... splendid new s... of the spirit of ... our business m... tipping prosp...

LOCAL NEWS.

The city was full of Volunteers yesterday.

The County of Ottawa Agricultural Exhibition takes place at Chelsea to-day.

SCHOOL TRUSTEES.—There will be a meeting of the Board of Public School Trustees this evening.

THE MARKET.—The attendance on the Market yesterday was the largest one we have seen for some time.

IMPROVEMENT.—Rideau street, Sandy Hill, is being macadamised, a very much needed improvement in that locality.

DIVISION COURT.—The Division Court will open in the City Hall to-morrow at 10 a.m., His Hon. Judge Armstrong presiding.

RAIN.—The weather yesterday was rather an improvement on that of the previous day. A fall of rain in the afternoon seemed to take the chill out of the atmosphere.

ACCIDENT.—A brakesman named Wm. Nead, got his right hand severely crushed between two cars at the St. L. & O. Railway station, on Tuesday evening. Dr. Grant was immediately sent for and the wound attended to.

KINGSTON.—Parties leaving Ottawa *via* St. L. & O. Railway at 7 a.m. this morning, will arrive in Kingston at 1 p.m., in time to witness the great races. Return tickets for $3.25 at the G. T. R. Ticket Office, York street.

MILITARY.—The 18th, 42nd and 43rd battalions arrived at Ottawa yesterday by the St. L. & O. R. The 18th proceeded almost immediately to the Queen's Wharf, where they got aboard the "Alexandra" and left for L'Orignal.

SOLD BY AUCTION. Mr. Amos Rowe sold by auction at his Rooms, Rideau Street, the 100 acres farm in Nepean to Mr. James Watt for $1700, and Mr. David Moore's house and property on York street to Mr. James Harris for $3 375.

ARRIVAL OF VOLUNTEERS.—No. 1 Company Ottawa Rifles, and the Ottawa Field Battery struck tents on Tuesday afternoon and arrived in Ottawa by the St. L. & O. R. about 8 o'clock P. M. They all looked well and healthy, and seemed decidedly improved in their martial appearance.

MILITARY.—CORRECTION.—One of the officers of the Ottawa Field Battery informs us that, "Red Cross" is wrong in his statement in yesterday's issue, that the battery struck targets in the river opposite Prescott, at a distance of 1,000 yards. Our informant puts the range at 1,260 yards.

COMMONWEALTH CIRCUS.—The celebrated Commonwealth Circus which has been exhibiting through the country during the Summer will perform in Ottawa on the 3rd and 4th of October. This Circus is unaccompanied by a Menagerie, notwithstanding which it is pronounced the best travelling. Its gymnasts, athletes and equestrians are unsurpassed.

POLICE COURT.—Wednesday.—Four raftsmen were charged with insisting on admittance into a respectable house on Dalhousie street, and were fined $5 and costs each.

Jos. Leboeuf and Henry Brunette, for the same offence on Murray street, were also fined $5 and costs each.

In the stabbing case Barbault was fined $2 and costs, and the mother was discharged.

THE BATTERY ENTERTAINED.—The gunners and officers of the Ottawa Field Battery on their arrival at the St. L. & O. Station, on Tuesday evening, were kindly invited by Mr. Gilpin to partake of a lunch at his hotel, little Sussex street. The whole Battery adjourned thither accordingly after having unloaded their guns, &c., and notwithstanding the lateness of the evening spent a few very pleasant hours under Mr. Gilpin's hospitable roof.

THE "JAPS."—Satsuma's Royal Japanese Troupe will give the first of a series of three entertainments in the Music Hall to-night. The troupe were to have given their first performance last evening but owing to the liberal patronage extended them in Montreal they remained there longer than was intended. We understand the troupe is a very good one and no doubt they must count much upon their merits when they propose playing three successive night in Ottawa.

CENTRAL QUADRILLE CLUB.—The first meeting of the season of the above club took place last evening in Gowan's Hall. There were about 40 couples present who, to use that well-worn expression, "tripped it on the light fantastic" to the lively strains of Gowan's excellent Quadrille Band until about 11 o'clock. Mr. Gowan congratulates himself on having so good a tenant for his Hall, but we think the club has reason to feel highly pleased at having the benefit of the services of so superior a band.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—E Benjamin, Montreal; Francis Fox, London, Eng; A J Grant, L'Orignal; E F Dartnell, do; Miss Lormer, Pakenham; Miss Maggie Lormer, do; W McKenton, do; S N J Hepinstall, Arnprior; William J Huet and wife, Sherbrooke; B W Arnold, Albany; D G Percival, Whitehall; S W Burt, Ogdensburg; W Mohr, Fitzroy; T C Watson, England; Hugh Leach, Toronto; W Gilmon Morrisson, Glasgow, Scotland; Mr and Mrs Henry Fry, Quebec; Albert Fry, Bristol; B Dawson, Montreal; Mr and Mrs R D McArthur, Chicago; Peter McArthur, Toronto; A McArthur, Glengary.

BUILDINGS.—The many handsome and costly buildings whose erection was commenced in Ottawa on our principal streets last Spring are now far advanced towards completion. The progress in building many of these has been very slow, owing to the unusual and sorely felt scarcity of mechanics and workingmen. The comparatively few workmen who were in the market, were infected with the epidemic propensity to take advantage of circumstances and went on "strikes" when ever their demands—which though exhorbitant were nevertheless regulated by the state of the labor market—were not granted. The great scarcity of stone masons enabled them to obtain almost any price for their labor. Notwithstanding these disadvantages our streets are to-day embellished with some splendid new structures which fact is proof of the spirit of enterprize which influences our business men and of the rapidly multipying prosperity of the capital.

PRESENTATION OF PRIZES AT PRESCOTT.

The following is a list of the names of the gentlemen who received prizes and badges from the hands of His Excellency, the Governor-General, at the Prescott Review on Tuesday:

18TH BATTALION.

Sergeant Miller, Battalion badge and ten dollars.
No 1 Company: Sergeant McKeichner, Company badge, five dollars.
No 2 Company: Sergeant Lighthall, Company badge, five dollars.
No 3 Company: Sergeant Hamilton, Company badge, five dollars.
No 4 Company; Sergeant W Mooney, Company badge, five dollars.
No 5 Company: Private Gordon, Company badge, five dollars.

41ST BATTALION.

Sergeant McIntyre, Battalion badge and ten dollars.
No 1 Company: Corporal Fitzsimmons, Company badge, five dollars.
No 2 Company: Sergeant Wilkinson, Company badge, five dollars.
No 4 Company: Private Gardiner, Company badge, five dollars.
No 5 Company: Private Wilson, Company badge, five dollars.
No 6 Company: Private Barnes, Company badge, five dollars.
Ottawa Rifles: Sergeant Parson, Company badge and five dollars.

42ND BATTALION.

No 1 Company: Sergeant Lanskail, Battalion badge and ten dollars.
No 1 Company: Sergeant Lanskail, Company badge, five dollars.
No 2 Company: Sergeant McCloud, Company badge, five dollars.
No 3 Company: Private J Young, Company badge, five dollars.
No 4 Company: Corporal Dixon, Company badge, five dollars.
No 6 Company. Corporal Donaldson, Company badge, five dollars.
No 7 Company: Sergeant McCloud, Company badge, five dollars.

43RD BATTALION.

Private H Hamilton, Battalion badge and ten dollars.
Private H Hamilton: Company badge, and five dollars.
No. 1 Company: Private Guff, company badge, five dollars.
No. 2 Company: Sergeant Boyd, company badge, five dollars.
No. 3 Company: Private Heron, company badge, five dollars.
No. 4 Company: Private Featherston, company badge, five dollars.
No. 6 Company: Private E Collins, company badge, five dollars.

56TH BATTALION.

No 1 Company: Private Gallagher, company badge, five dollars.
No 3 Company: Sergeant Young, company badge, five dollars.
No 4 company: Private Lang, company badge, five dollars.
No 5 Company: Private Hartnell, company badge, five dollars.
No 6 Company: Sergeant Checkers, company badge, five dollars.
No 7 Company: Private Louden, Battalion and Company badge, fifteen dollars.

59TH BATTALION.

No 1 Company: Private W Skaith, company badge, five dollars.
No 3 Company: Sergeant Barnhart, company badge, five dollars.
No 7 company: Sergeant Douglass, Battalion and company badge, fifteen dollars.

MONEY TO LEND.—Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks & Elgin streets, Ottawa.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Beef, $5 50 to 6 50 per 100 pounds.
Calves, $4 to 6 each.
Sheep, $4 to 6 each.
Lambs, $2.00 to 2.50 do.
Young pigs, 75c to $1 each.
Fowl, 40 cts. to 50 cts. per couple.
Chickens, 25 cts. to 35 cts do.
Turkeys, 75cts to $1 each.
Ducks, 40cts to 60cts per couple.
Wild Ducks, 50 to 70 cts.
Feathers, 25 to 40 cts per lb.
Wild pigeons, 40cts to 50cts per couple.
Partridge, 50 cts do.
Eggs, 15 to 18 cts. per dozen.
Butter, (prints), 18 cts. to 22 cts. per lb.
Butter, (tub), 14cts. to 17 cts.
Butter (roll), 17 cts per lb.
Potatoes, 22 cts to 30cts per bush.
Onions, $1 25 to 1 70 per bushel.
Melons, 10cts to 40 each.
Water melons, 10 to 30 cts.
Cauliflowers, 5 to 10 cts do.
Cabbages, 5 cts to 7cts do
Beets, 50c per bushel.
Apples, 80cts to $1 00 per bush.
Crab apples, 80c to 1 30 per bush
Homespun yarn 70 to 80 cts. per lb.
Home made woollen socks, 30c per pair.

PORK—
Mess pork, $15.00 to 15.50 per barl.
Prime mess, none.
Hams smoked, $14.50 per 100 lbs.
Bacon do $10.50 do

FLOUR—Retail prices.
Double extra, $6.75 per barl.
Extra, $6.25 do
No. 1, $5.75 do
Oatmeal, $6 25. do
Cornmeal, $3.50 do
Wheat meal, $6.50 do
Provender, $1 60 per 100 lbs.

GRAIN—
Peas, 70 to 75 cts. per bushel.
Bran, $16 per ton.
Buckwheat, 75cts per bushel.
Oats, 40 to 45 cts per bushel,
Barley, 60 cts do.
New Fall Wheat, $1.20 to 1.25.
Spring, $1 15 to 1.20
Hay, $13 to $14 per ton.

HIDES AND LEATHER—
No. 1, Sole, 25cts to 28cts per lb.
No. 2, do 23 cts to 26 do
Harness leather, 33cts do
Upper do 42cts do
English kipp, 60cts do
French do 80cts do
Common do 55cts do
Splits, 37 cts do
Sheep skins, green, 40 cts to 45cts each.
Calf skins do 10 cts per lb.
Hides, No. 1, $9 per 100 lbs.

Don't forget the opening day at Allan McKinnon & McMorrans', on Thursday.

Call and see the new styles in Millinery and Mantles, at Allan, McKinnons' & McMorrans', on Thursday.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

PAIN KILLER

Husband (Returned from a call on Judge Jones). Well, Mary, I have examined those certificates and found them straight as a string, there are so many imitations and counterfeits sticking like barnacles to every good medicine that I have learned to look upon the good and bad as one and alike. It is very wrong however, this PAIN-KILLER of Perry Davis has stood the test of time. Doctors and Druggists have not been able to hush it up, it's as you say, Mary, in everybodys house and I am astonished to find it has been doing such a world of good about here and we have known nothing about it.

Wife:—It must have cured somebodys Rheumatism or you would'nt have been converted so easily.

Husband:—Converted, why it has cured a dozen of cases about here within a year, Simon Tinkler who you know used to be such an awful sufferer with it and was laid up half the time, why it was this same Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER that cured him. George Trotter who Doctor Squills used to pity so much and call such a great sufferer, he to was cured with the PAIN-KILLER and what's more he writes that he paid Doctor Squills over one hundred Dollars for attending him and was growing worse all the while, here my dear rub some of it on my shoulder at once. I am through with Doctor Squills, if PAIN-KILLER can't cure me nothing will I am convinced of that.

(*To be Continued*)

Sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cts. per bottle.

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS

Will be received for the several works required in the erection and completion of a

BUILDING

On the corner of

Wellington and O'Connor Streets,

For the

"BANK OF MONTREAL,"

According to plans and specifications prepared by MESSRS. HOPKINS & WILY, Architects, and which may be seen at the office of Mr. Walter Chesterton, Architect, Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

The Directors do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

The time for giving in the tenders to be announced in a few days.

Ottawa, Sept. 22, 1871. 1776

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollar.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By-Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes, or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands, grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts: and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the Thirtieth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar shall, in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the thirtieth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the twenty eighth day of December, A. D. 1871, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, September 22nd, 1871. 1777 1m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—
The best old brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and a Low Prices.

GIN—
J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—
Pure Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALE—
Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
Pest Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

AUCTION SALE

OF A

TIMBER LIMIT

SITUATED ON DEEP RIVER.

The Subscriber has received instructions to sell at the Union House, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, 4th October, a Timber Berth, being License No. 267 of 1870-71, of about 51 square miles on the South side of Deep River.

Terms and conditions made known at time of sale.

Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept 8, 1871. 1764-td

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS,

ON BLACK RIVER,

For Sale by Auction, at the Union House,

ON WEDNESDAY, 4th OCTOBER

next, at one o'clock, p. m., being License No. 265, of 1870-71......50 miles.
And No. 367, of 1870-71........50 miles.

Total one hundred square miles of richly timbered limits.

By order of
ALEXANDER FRASER, Esq.

Ottawa, 1st Sept. 1871. 1759-td

ENGLISH WEEKLY NEWS PAPERS AND MONTHLY MAGAZINES.

LLOYD'S WEEKLY LONDON NEWS, Weekly Times, Reynolds', Weekly Dispatch,—the latest editions,—5 cents. Subscription (post free to any part of the Dominion)—yearly, $2.50; six months, 1.25.

Illustrated London News, Graphic, Bell's Life, News of the World, Punch, Fun, Judy, &c., &c.

THE TORONTO GLOBE delivered at 10 cents per week.

C. E. HUCKETT & CO.
69, Sparks Street.

August 29. 1755 1m

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA

Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's.

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.

1737tf

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Term for Supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY

FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season..		$5 00
20lbs "	" ..	9 00
10lbs	month	1 50
20lbs "	"	2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

Terms strictly Cash in advance.

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N. B.—Ice supplied per ton or cwt.

Ottawa April [illegible] 871.

BUSINESS CHANGE.

We, the undersigned, in relinquishing the Retail branch of our business, beg to return thanks to the public of Ottawa and vicinity for the very liberal support accorded to us during the past eight years, and to announce that we have

DISPOSED OF OUR STOCK,

And leased the premises,

29 Sparks Street,

TO

MESSRS.

ALEXANDER RUSSELL,

(Late of Blyth & Russell, Ottawa,)

AND

ROBERT WATSON,

(Of Watson & Hayes, Almonte,)

Who will continue the business under the name and style of

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Both of these gentlemen were formerly in our employ, and being possessed of ample means and long experience we have great pleasure in recommending them to the confidence and patronage of all our friends and customers.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, August, 1871.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE

RUSSELL & WATSON

Have pleasure in announcing that they have [illegible] the

Entire Stock in Trade,

AND

GOOD WILL

OF THE

RETAIL BUSINESS

Lately conducted by Messrs.

Magee & Russell,

And leased their premises, 29 Sparks Street, for a term of years.

And hope by keeping only the best qualities of goods, and adopting a uniform and

Moderate Scale of Profits,

By anticipating the wants of the public and a strict attention to business to merit and retain the patronage so liberally bestowed upon their predecessors.

And we beg to assure the old patrons of the establishment that no efforts will be spared in maintaining the leading position to which it had attained.

ALEX. RUSSELL. ROB'T. WATSON.

Ottawa, August 1871.

Peaches!

Peaches!

Peaches!

Pears!

Pears!

Pears!

Apples!

Apples!

Apples!

And all other Kinds of Fruit

at the Fruit Depots of

G. LORENZ,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

—AND—

NO. 56 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Grand Show Day!

AT

Russell & Watson's

Having now the greater portion of our STOCK forward, we will on

Thursday, 28th Sept'r.

Open our SHOW ROOMS, and DISPLAY the

LATEST NOVELTIES

—IN—

Millinery, Mantles and Costumes!

Besides a well assorted Stock of Goods usually shown in the Room

In addition to Goods now forward for those Departments will be found a full and well selected STOCK of

Dress Goods, Silks,

Laces and Lace Goods,

Hosiery and Gloves, &c.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, September 22, 1871

IF YOU WANT

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

SEND TO THE

Noted Tea House

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor

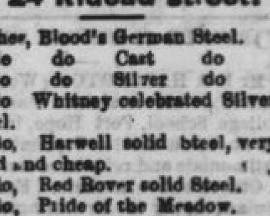
HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,



No. 24 Rideau street.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid Steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.
All ground ready for use.

Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent,
Scythe Stones, &c. &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries. Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No, 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

BOARD WANTED

In a Private Family, by a Gentleman Six o'clock dinner preferred Address X. Y. Z. P. O. Box, 285. 1754

WANTED

By a young married couple, Board, Bedroom, and Sitting Room, furnished

OR

a Small House or Cottage, furnished or unfurnished. All within easy distance of the Post Office. Possession required 1st October, or soon after

Apply by letter, stating terms, to
D. C. L., Box 5 Ottawa P. O.

Ottawa, Sept. 13th, 1871. 1767.

PRIVATE BOARD WANTED

In Upper Town by a Gentleman and his Wife. Apply by letter addressed
1761- U., Times Office.

NOTICE.

An excellent CELLAR to let. Large, and entrance on level with the street. Apply to
A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 13, 1871. 1767-tf

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON,
1760-6m Proprietor

FRED. T. PALMER,

Commission and Lumbermen's Agent, Rideau Street, (entrance O'Meara's Gateway.)

Particular attention will be given to hiring men, teams, &c., and all transactions with the Crown Land and Timber Office.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:

R Nagle, Esq, | Wm Mackey, Esq
Allan Grant, Esq, | E McGillivray, Esq

Ottawa, Sept 1, 1871. 1746t

DR. LOGAN,

Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA

RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE

All Persons Indebted to the Undersigned are requested to settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown, now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same, I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY.
533, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand), London, W. C., Sept. 1, 1871 39 6m

Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the GREAT SHOSHONEES REMEDY AND PILLS, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY?

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Socotrine Aloes, Capsicum, &c., &c,) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching curative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Pint Bottles..$1 00
Pills per Box.......................... 25

TWO VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE!

The following Valuable Farm situated on the banks of the Rideau about one mile and a half from Ottawa, the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq., and known as the South West half of Lot 14 on the Rideau River in the Gore of Gloucester. It is all cleared and in the highest state of cultivation; well watered; first-class brick building with seven rooms, and substantial barns, sheds, &c., thereon; also, an excellent orchard and garden. Beautifully situated and commanding a fine view of the City, Parliament Buildings, and surrounding country; contains about 160 acres.

ALSO

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For particulars and terms apply to DANIEL McLAURIN, Esq., of Osgoode, JAMES SEVERIGHT, Esq., of Gloucester, Trustees, or to

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Solicitor, &c.,
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MONTREAL.

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ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents in postage. Correspondence solicited. Address ... F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg ... 1771 3

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

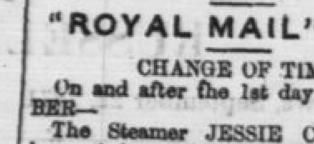
S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE.
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.
May 20, 1871 2670tf



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the 1st day of SEPTEMBER—

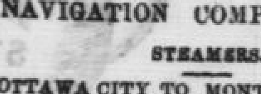
The Steamer JESSIE CASSELS will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 7.30 a.m., connecting with Steamers of the Line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The Steamer PONTIAC leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted), at 1 p.m., for Des Joachim; returning—leaving at 6 a.m., connecting with Steamer JASON GOULD, which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 p.m., passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The Steamer PRINCE ARTHUR leaves Portage du Fort at 7 a.m., connecting with Steamer JESSIE CASSELS for Aylmer.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip, at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 9 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, August 28th, 1871.

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"
CAPT. NICHOL,

Leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.
April 25, 1871.

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B.—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1736tf

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

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IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

NOTICE.

Wanted immediately, for School Section No. 3 and 10, of North and South Plantagenet, A MALE TEACHER, holding a second class certificate. Application may be made to the undersigned Trustees, stating amount of salary per annum.

CHARLES FARRELL,
MAURICE SHANE,
THOMAS BROWNRIGG.
Pendleton 11th, September, 1871. 38 4

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause, Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the ... of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic "Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for "Medical Purposes are of great importance to "Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled "to the consideration and support of every "one disposed to further the advancement of "real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies.

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
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B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
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B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Central Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c. &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

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Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

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DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awky

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

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Manufacturer and Dealer in

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Plumbers, Gassfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanised Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanised Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

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Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

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MRS. R. STEWART,
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Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.
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CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

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Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.
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F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY P.M.
......	11 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	....	4.20
......	11 45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B	8.00	....	4.20
....	....	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S	8.00	....	7.00
....	....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	....	7.00
10.15	11.45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00	....	1.20
10.15	11.45	....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	....	1.20
10.15	....	....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway		....	1.20
10.15	....	....	Osgoode, Russell, &c	....	....	1.20
9 20		4.30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	....	1.30
9 20	....	....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c			1 30
10.30 5.30	....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	8.00	11.00	...... 7.00
6.15	....	....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	....	....	7.00
7.30			Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00		
6.00	....	....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	....	....	6.00
11.50	....	....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	....	....

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.00 noon, in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M

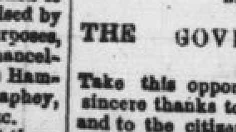
For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, Sept. 14 1871.

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS



BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,
LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.
Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

FOR SALE.

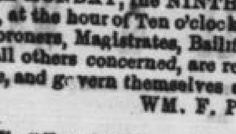
BRAE SIDE STEAM SAW MILL,

Situated near Arnprior, Province of Ontario, and extensive Timber Limits on the River Coulonge, Province of Quebec.

The Mill has just been completed, and is most substantially built and fitted with the most improved Machinery, and can manufacture 140,000 feet of lumber per day. It has an extensive piling ground attached to it. Being placed where the Brockville Railway runs beside the Ottawa River, the lumber manufactured by it may be sent direct to the United States market. The limits comprise about 280 square miles of valuable Pine Timber country, with two extensive and productive Farms, and having commodious Dwelling Houses, Storehouses and Stables erected on them. They are also supplied with a large stock of provisions, horse feed and shanty plant for next season's operations

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be had by applying to J. B. Lewis, Esq., Barrister, Ottawa, or from Mr. George Purvis, at the offices of the Mill.

Ottawa, July 28, 1871. 1729 d&w4 1awk



NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, To Wit.

Public Notice is hereby given that the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, and of Assize and Nisi Prius, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the NINTH day of OCTOBER, at the hour of Ten o'clock a.m., of which all Coroners, Magistrates, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned, are required to take notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. F. POWELL.
Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, Sept. 15, 1871. 1770-tf.

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The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged.
Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

For Sale or to Let.

NOTICE.

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Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, July 11th, 1871. 1813 tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.
Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) showed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain.
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS &Co.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S
NEWLY-DISCOVERED
VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

GARDEN —AND— FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,
CHEMIST, &c.,
SPARKS ST,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

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ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, *Agent,*
Times Office, Ottawa.

Medical.

SEEDS! SEEDS

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN
—AND—
FLOWER SEEDS.

A. CHRISTIE & CO.
(Late Alex. Christie.)
Druggists,
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Ottawa April 28, 1871

MESSRS GABRIELS'
CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE
TEETH & GUMS
AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE ARE SOLD
BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL
PARTS OF THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY
MESSRS GABRIEL
DENTISTS
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	"SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. An extraordinary application marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.
MESSRS GABRIEL'S	ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.
May 1 1871

DARLEY'S ARABIAN OIL FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1532tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER.

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it. Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager
Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York-street, Ottawa. 265y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Successor... Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. D. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 45utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 3u-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery. Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 629y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 590tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Heard's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34atf

DR. McDOUGALL.
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherston's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law. Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec.
Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W MCKAY WRIGHT. 13 F C CLEMOW

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House. Ottawa.

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT,
NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MARCIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetrau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.
Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,
Sparks Street.
OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort;
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET,

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the ST. JAMES HOTEL. Strict attention to business. Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

Miscellaneous.

G. C. RAINBOTH,
Provincial Land Surveyor and Draughtsman, commissioned for the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.
Office. Aylmer, P. Q. 1722 tf

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANE.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H Adims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R.R. 740

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1860.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders' Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

I G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

1871. ICE 1871.

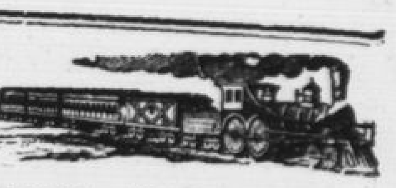
ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street,
Ottawa, May 1649d



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed.

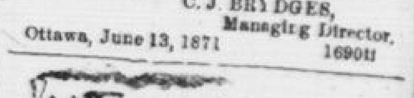
Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at	6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at	9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at	9.00 p.m
Mixed Train or Brockville, at	11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at	5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at	7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at	8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at	2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston	10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz.:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST, OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON
Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.
May 31, 1871. 1680tf

DOMINION HOUSE

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel
Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 6m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.
P. O. Box 725.
Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

CANADA AND U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and Information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,
November 26, 1870 1524tf

MORRISON'S STEAM BISCUIT BAKERY

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your Orders are solicited, and will be PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO by

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor.

Nos. 36 and 38 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

TANNERY,

PARK STREET, OTTAWA.

EDMOND GERMAIN, Proprietor.

All kinds of LEATHER for Sale, Wholesale, at reasonable prices.

ALSO,

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS WHOLESALE.

Of his own manufacture, at REDUCED PRICES.

19th August, 1871. 1746tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre), Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

VOL
PEO
P. BA
NO. 36 RIDE
GROC
Offers to the trade ... be guaranteed and ... from the Destillery ... Also, in stock ... WINES, with an ass... Flour, Pork, Ha...
Ottawa, Aug. 2...
C
CHE
J. M
N
ALE
McGILL ST
has for TWENTY YE... public in the United S... sure. It is centrally lo... of the city, commanding... the left, and a full view... furnished throughout i... fort of guests. As one... for 500 guests, while ... charged as heretofore... membering the Albion ...
WHOLESALE DR...
GARLAND, MUT...
EX LATE ...
CANADIA...
HATS
SPRING IM...
The Subscriber begs ... to his friends and the ... his Spring Style of
HATS A...
JAMES ...
33 Ride...
OPPOSITE TH...
FOR SALE.—Two ... fortable Wooden ... on, in Rochesterville ... terms apply on the p... MAN, Esq., or to
HAMN...

The Times

VOL. V. NO 1781. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Destillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc.

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal

1685 3m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Receiv

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily)!
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

☞ The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada G & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED ☜

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

HATS HATS! HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

☞ Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

☞ OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND ☜

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
1746b Post O Block.

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

100 CASES

HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT

"THE RED BOOT,"

OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overs,

MOCCASINS,

Laces & Boot Dressing

Which will be sold at the very lowest price possible,

Wholesale and Retail.

City and country dealers will find (on giving us a call) that they can be supplied at

Montreal Prices—Freight Added.

Having received a good part of our

Fall and Winter Goods

We are prepared to EXECUTE PROMPTLY all orders.

All summer goods selling at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Orders for Hand Made Custom Work attended to promptly.

A full sett of

Mesrs. Ames, Millard & Co's Samples

of BOOTS and SHOES, always on view, and orders taken at lowest prices. One of our firm will wait on the merchants of Ottawa City and District soliciting orders.

Agents for wholesaling of Wm. Clendinneng's manufacture of *Stoves, Iron-furniture, Railings, Builders* and all kinds of *Plain and Fancy Castings.*

Agents for the celebrated

☞ *Plantagenet Mineral Water.* ☜

Orders promptly attended to.

LAMB & RODDEN,
No. 23, Sussex Street.

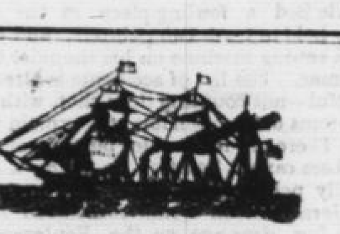
Ottawa, July 20, 1871.

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE, at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 33 Sussex Street, Ottawa.
1738 tNY SIMEON LEBEAU, Agent.



LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871. 1871.

The following first-class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES.....J. James "
NIGER......W. Nisbett "
SEVERN.....G.Butchart "

Are intended to Sail, as under, during the Season of 1871, between

LONDON,

QUEBEC and MONTREAL.

FROM LONDON.

MEDWAY	...Thursday,	10th August.
THAMES	"	24th "
NIGER	"	7th Sept.
SEVERN	"	21st "
MEDWAY	"	5th Oct.
THAMES	"	19th "

AND FROM QUEBEC.

NIGER	...Thursday,	10th August.
SEVERN	"	24th "
MEDWAY	"	7th Sept.
THAMES	"	21st "
NIGER	"	5th Oct.
SEVERN	"	19th "
MEDWAY	"	2nd Nov.
THAMES	"	16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $5 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.

or

T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co.'s Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, June 13th. 17.0y

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE

CAPITAL..........$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over.....4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over.....9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND.........6,603,210

There having been added $736,260 to the Lif Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

All descriptions of property insured at moderate rates.

Tables of rates for Life Assurance and all information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

T. M. CLARKE, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 17.0y

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING

1871. SUMMER SERVICE. 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

NESTORIAN.........26th August.
SCANDINAVIAN......2nd September
HIBERNIAN.........9th "
MORAVIAN..........15th "
SARMATIAN.........23rd "
PRUSSIAN..........30th "

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin.........$70 to $80
Steerage.........$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN, on or about...31st Aug.
OTTAWA " ......7th Sept.
ST. DAVID " ......14th "
ST. ANDREW " ......21st "
ST. PATRICK " ......28th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin.........$87 25
Intermediate..........$47 or 44 00
Steerage..........28 00

☞ An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-
Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods, &c.,

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawes,
Under [illegible]
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞ Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

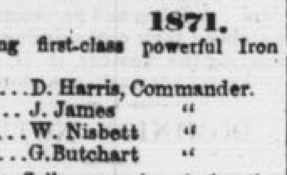
HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,



No. 24 Rideau street.

All ground ready for use.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.

Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs. Hay Rakes, straight and bent,

Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.
Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

OAKEY'S
SILVERSMITHS SOAP
NON-MERCURIAL

For cleaning and polishing Silver, Electro-Plate, Plate Glass, &c. Tablets, 6d. each.

OAKEY'S
WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

prepared expressly for the Patent Knife Cleaning machines, India Rubber and Buff Leather Knife Boards. Knives constantly cleaned with it have a brilliant polish equal to new cutlery. Packets, 3d. each; and tins, 6d., 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s. each.

OAKEY'S
INDIA RUBBER KNIFE BOARDS

Prevent friction in cleaning and injury to the knife. Oakey's Wellington Knife Polish should be used with the Boards.

OAKEY'S
WELLINGTON BLACK LEAD

In solid blocks—1d., 2d., 4d., and 1s. each.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS
MANUFACTURERS OF
EMERY, EMERY CLOTH, BLACK LEAD, CABINET, GLASS-PAPER &c.
WELLINGTON EMERY & BLACK LEAD MILLS
172 BLACKFRIARS ROAD LONDON.

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

OF THE

AGRICULTURAL & ARTS ASSOCIATION OF ONTARIO,

To be held at Kingston,

On the 25th to 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Persons intending to exhibit will please take notice that the Entries of articles in the respective classes must be made with the Secretary, at Toronto, on or before the undermentioned dates, viz:

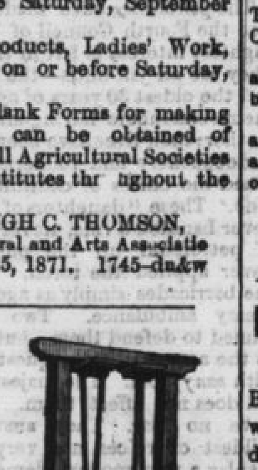
Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before Saturday, August 26th.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery and Manufactures generally, on or before Saturday, September 2nd.

Horticultural Products, Ladies' Work, the Fine Arts, &c., on or before Saturday, September 16th.

Prize Lists and Blank Forms for making the entries upon, can be obtained of the Secretaries of all Agricultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes throughout the Province.

HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec'y Agricultural and Arts Associatio
Toronto, August 15, 1871. 1745-da&w



THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex street, and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,
1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

RARE CHANCE.

The advertiser has received instructions to offer for SALE, by TENDER, at so much in the Dollar, as per Inventory Valuation,

A WELL ASSORTED TAILOR'S STOCK,

Consisting of English Cloths, Canada Tweeds, Trimmings, &c., &c., amounting to over $4,000.

The Goods are all in first-class order, and have been well selected.

The above offers an excellent opportunity to any one about to commence business, as the goodwill can be secured.

Every information may be had by addressing Box 468, Montreal, and Stock Sheets can be seen on application to the undersigned.

Tenders will be received until the 26th instant. Parties making other than a CASH OFFER, will please name security.

C. BAILLIE,
181 St. James' Street,
Montreal, August 5th, 1871 1733t A

WANTED,

A good Carriage and Sleigh Maker, and Blacksmith, at Kinburn, Township of Fitzroy. A good business chance for both, with shop accommodations. Steady and good workmen only need apply.

ALLAN FRASER,
Kinburn, 2nd August 1871. 1733tf

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from WEDNESDAY, 15th SEPT. Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 12:30 P.M
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at .:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 4:00 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6.45 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4 40 P.M, arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 P.M

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 6:30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.25 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

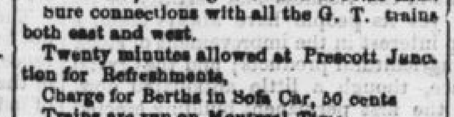
Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, taw.

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.
Ottawa Sept 9th, 1871



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 25th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.

Local Train at 1:40 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 4:10 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 8:10 p.m., and at Sand Point at 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 5:20 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m., 7:18 p.m, 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE SAND POINT—5:30 a.m., 9:10 a.m., 4:30 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.
Brockville, Sept. 26, 1871. 1761-y

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the BROCKVILLE and OTTAWA RAILWAY will be held at BROCKVILLE on the 10th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon a lease of the section of the said Railway lying between CARLETON PLACE and SAND POINT to the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.
Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY will be held at OTTAWA on the 11th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon the accepting of a lease from the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company of that section of their Railway lying between Carleton Place and Sand Point, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun.,
Secretary.
Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758

COUNTY OF CARLETON AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Annual Exhibition will take place on

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,

5th and 6th October,

at Bell's Corners, Nepean.

All SUBSCRIPTIONS should be paid before 1st September.

ENTRIES to be made before 3rd October.

PRIZE LISTS now ready and may be had from the Secretary at Ottawa, or at the different hotels, Bell's Corners.

A S WOODBURN,
35 3 Secy.-Treas.

SALE OF PROPERTY.

In virtue of the Power of a Bond or Deed, DUNCAN McGREGOR, the elder, held from DUNCAN McGREGOR, the younger, both inhabitants of Huntley, do hereby offer for sale, by Public Auction, on the ground, the East Half of the West part of Lot No. 1, in the Twelfth Concession of Huntley, containing 50 acres, more or less. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, on MONDAY, 16th OCTOBER 1871.

D McGREGOR.

Sept 14, 1871.

BY-LAW

To raise by way of loan the sum of fifty thousand dollars for the purpose of building bridges across the Rideau Canal, repairing the Sappers' Bridge, and building a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats, in the City of Ottawa.

Whereas the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa have resolved to build bridges across the Rideau Canal, at Wellington and Maria Streets, in the City of Ottawa, to repair the Sappers' Bridge already erected across the said Canal, connecting Sparks and Rideau Streets, and also to build a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats; and it is estimated that the sum of fifty thousand dollars will be required for that purpose.

And whereas in order to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such works, it is necessary to issue debentures of the Corporation of the said City, to the amount of fifty thousand dollars, aforesaid, as hereinafter provided.

And whereas it will require the sum of five thousand five hundred dollars to be raised annually for the payment of the said debentures and the interest thereon, as hereinafter also provided.

And whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is five million seven hundred and sixty-eight thousand three hundred and nine dollars.

And whereas the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows: Principal, the sum of three hundred and two thousand eight hundred and eight dollars and fifty-one cents; and interest, the sum of fifty five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents, making in the aggregate the sum of three hundred and fifty-eight thousand four hundred and sixty-two dollars and sixty-seven cents, of which interest the said sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts is in arrear.

And whereas for paying the interest on the said debentures and creating an equal yearly sinking fund, for paying the principal money of the said debentures, according to the statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

Be it therefore enacted and ordained by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:—

1. That for the purpose of constructing the said works, it shall be lawful for the Mayor, for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan, from any person or persons, body or bodies coporate who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of fifty thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain, for the time being of the said City, and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

2. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa, for the time being, shall cause debentures to be made out, in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of fifty thousand dollars; which said debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

3. The said debentures shall be made payable on the first day of January, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa, and shall have coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent per annum, from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half yearly, on the first day of the months of January and July in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

For the purpose of providing a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar shall, in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected, in each year upon all the rateable property in the city of Ottawa, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the first day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one.

And Whereas this By-law requires the assent of the electors of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said electors thereon, the Council of the Corporation of the said city, do hereby fix Tuesday the seventeenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned, in the said City, being the places at which the last elections of the members of the Council therein were held: namely, in Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke, therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward, at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine o'clock of the same day.

And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers, to take such votes at and for the several places, within the said City herein after mentioned. James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

TAKE NOTICE.

That the above is a true copy of a proposed By-law, which will be taken into consideration by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, after one month from the first publication thereof in the OTTAWA TIMES newspaper, the date of which first publication was the twenty second day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, and that the votes of the electors of the said Municipality will be taken thereon, at the following places within the City of Ottawa, namely: In and for Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street, in Victoria Ward. In and for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street; and for that part of the said last mentioned Ward, lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In and for St. George's Ward, at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In and for By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street; and in and for Ottawa Ward, at Lot No eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street, on Tuesday the seventeenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, at the hour of nine of the clock, in the forenoon of the same day.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa, Sept. 23, 1871. 1776 1m

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XLIII.

LAWYER AND CLIENT.

(CONTINUED.)

"I should wish to act more than liberally towards Andrew, if he would allow me,' replied the other; and as for your declining to act for me because you are his solicitors, the objection seems to my mind simply absurd. We are not contesting the property. I am certain we shall be as good friends as ever after a little while; and only consider the trouble to me and yourselves of moving all the boxes and papers and documents appertaining to the Hardell family. What have I done to the man to cause all this enmity—done or left undone—excepting refuse to grant an impossible request? Besides, as you assure me he is next of kin—a statement which I confess amazes me profoundly—he or his son will no doubt some day succeed to me, so that really such strict etiquette seems unnecessary."

'I will speak to our client about it, then,' said Mr. St. John, noticing the look of eager satisfaction in his partner's face.

"Thank you. It would, of course, even if he objected, be so much easier for him to get other agents than for me."

"I shall not put it to him exactly on those grounds," answered Mr. St. John, in a tone which decided Anthony that he liked Mr. Henry the best of the firm.

"He seems to me rather a nice sort of outspoken fellow," said Mr. Henry, after his departure.

"Does he? Now to me he seems just one of those people who are able to cause more harm in a day than all there neighbors can put right in a lifetime. However, as you appear to wish it, we may as well keep our new client. He will give us plenty of work, I fancy. By-the-by, I omitted to speak to him concerning the necessity for silence concerning Mr. Andrew Hardell's antecedents."

"Quite as well as you did not," Mr. Henry replied. "It is surely high time that play was ended."

"I do not think so," was the answer; "at all events, the option of ending it should lie with Andrew Hardell."

Anthony, however, when the subject came to be mooted to him, by no means entertained this opinion. He said it was false kindness to assist any longer in such concealment.

"Why, I never can go to see him," he finished, "if he persist in calling himself by my name; I should be slipping out Andrew in every sentence."

"And pray, Mr. Hardell, at whose suggestion was it that he first assumed your name? For whose pleasure and benefit did he remain in England while you went abroad?"

For a moment Anthony remained silent; then he said,

"Mr. St. John do you think it is generally good policy to let by-gones be by-gones? For whatever wrong I did I am sorry; and it was in Andrew's interests I spoke about the wisdom of assisting him to strip off his disguise at last."

"In your own interest, then, I should advise your having no part in the operation," said Mr. St. John; "if any portion of the story be told, all must, remember; and although you say you are very sorry, still public opinion may not take much account of your regret."

"I think you attach more importance to the affair than it is worth," Anthony answered, a little confusedly.

"No, the other answered steadily, "I do not; and for that reason I would have you spare Andrew Hardell and yourself, if I can persuade you to do so."

"Oh, I will say nothing about the matter," he readily promised; "only, in that case, I shall be unable to go and see him."

"I believe I am not overstating facts when I say you are the last man he would wish to have inside his doors."

"Well, that is complimentary," remarked Anthony.

"It is not complimentary," retorted Mr. St. John, "but it is true."

CHAPTER XLIV.

WHAT WAS THE MATTER?

Very soon the matter which it had seemed to Andrew Hardell so impossible to settle was arranged without any apparent difficulty.

The arrival of the new claimant was announced to Mr. Alton. In due time came the promised letter from his lawyers, confirming the opinion he had always expressed, that there was a person living whose title to the property must be considered better than his own. "No doubt," said Messrs. St. John and Henry, "you could contest the matter if you were so inclined, but we should not advise you to go to law, and indeed, after your positive assertions that you were well aware of the existence of a person with claims superior to your own we presume you must be quite prepared for his appearance. In the event of his succeeding to the property, there is a small amount of money—about two thousand pounds—which should, as a matter of equity, be handed over to you. Mr Hardell states his willingness to recognize this lien, and will make arrangements for paying it. It would be desirable for us either to see or hear from you as soon as possible, since, if you make no opposition, the new claimant will assume possession at once."

"You do not intend to contest it, I suppose?" said Mr. Alton, after he had read this letter first to himself and then aloud.

"No, sir; why should I, when I was always aware that if the man were living there was a nearer heir than myself?"

"Then who the deuce is the fellow the son of?" asked Mr. Alton, pettishly.

"I am not a good hand at tracing pedigrees," Andrew answered. "I only know that when many direct lives lay between me and this property, I understood from my guardian that there was yet another relative whose claims were superior to mine. He has lived in Australia for years with either friends or connections, and he has now returned to England to take possession of Lovell's Court."

"Then there go our chances," exclaimed Joy regretfully. "I wish those lawyers had never said a word about the matter."

"So do I, child," he remarked "heartily."

"But how in the world did it happen that they were ignorant of this man's existence?" said Mr. Alton.

"I think there is only one person in existence who understands the ramifications of the Hardell family, and that is Sir Hubert. Mr. Trelwyn has told me facts about my relations of which I was previously utterly ignorant, and he learned them from the baronet."

"And what connection are you of Sir Hubert?" inquired Joy.

"I have not the remotest idea," said her husband.

"You provoking man! every one but yourself would have their genealogy at their fingers' ends."

"But, my dear Joy, what does it matter?"

"What does it matter, indeed?" she repeated. "Why, much, of course, to me. Here have I been fancying myself for months the wife of the owner of a grand estate six times larger than papa's where we were to be welcomed by all the tenantry, and where when Master Harry came of age we should have bullocks roasted whole, and ale flowing like water in honor of the event; and then, after it has all come to nothing, you say, "what does it matter?" I declare if I were not the sweetest-tempered woman in all the world I think it would drive me distracted to be married to a man who cannot even tell me the precise degree of relationship in which he stands to Sir Hubert Hardell."

And then she rose, and put her arms round his neck and rubbed his bright hair against his locks, which were plentifully streaked with gray, and called him her dear old bear, the while he felt there were tears of disappointment in her eyes, and that she was only doing and saying all these things to hide how keenly she felt the awakening from her day-dream.

"You may yet have to roast the bullock and tap the ale in Harry's honor," he answered, "for the new claimant has no children."

"How do you know that?" asked Mr. Alton, quickly.

"He told me so the day we drove out together into St. Mark's." Andrew had never attempted to conceal the fact of the stranger having journeyed to Eelin to find him.

CHARLES DICKENS IN THE LONDON STREETS.

(From Mr. Fields' Whispering Gallery, in the Atlantic for October.)

During my stay in England in that summer of 1869, I made many excursions with Dickens, both around the city and into the country. Among the most memorable of these London rambles was a visit to the General Post Office, by arrangement with the authorities there, a stroll among the cheap theatres and lodging houses for the poor, a visit to Furnival's Inn, and the very room in it where "Pickwick" was written, and a walk through the thieves' quarter. Those two latter expeditions were made on two consecutive nights, under the protection of police detailed for the service. On one of these nights we also visited the lock-up houses, watch-houses, and opium establishments. It was in one of the horrid opium dens that we gathered the incidents which he has related, in the opening pages of "Edwin Drood." In a miserable court we found the haggard old woman blowing at a kind of pipe made of an old penny ink bottle. The identical words which Dickens put into the mouth of this wretched creature in "Edwin Drood" we heard her croon as we leaned over the tattered bed on which she was lying. There was something hideous in the way this woman kept repeating, "Ye'll pay up according, deary, won't ye?" and the Chinaman and Lascar made never-to-be-forgotten pictures in the scene. I watched Dickens intently as he went among the outcasts of London, and saw with what deep sympathy he encountered the sad and suffering in their horrid abodes. At the door of one of the penny lodging houses (it was growing toward morning and the raw air nearly cut one to the bone,) I saw him snatch a little child out of its poor drunken mother's arms, and bear it in filthy as it was, that might be warmed and cared for. I noticed that whenever he entered one of these wretched rooms he had a word of cheer for its inmate, and that when he left the apartment he always had a pleasant "Good night" or "God bless you" to bestow on them. I do not think his person was ever recognized in any of these haunts, except in one instance. As we entered a low room in the worst alley we had yet visited, in which were huddled some forty or fifty half starved looking wretches, I noticed a man among the crowd whispering to another and pointing at Dickens. Both men regarded him with marked interest all the time he remained in the room, and tried to get as near him, without observation, as posible. As he turned to go out, one of these men pressed forward and said "Good night sir," with much feeling in reply to Dickens' parting word.

MULTUM IN PARVO.

Rear-Admiral Wilmot has struck his flag on board the Agincourt, at Devonport. The armament of the Agincourt is to be rendered more powerful by the substitution of 9-inch muzzle loading-rifle guns for the 7-inch guns, which are to be withdrawn.

The body of a man named Preston, employed in the telegraph service, was found on one of the Yorkshire railway lines cut to pieces by a train. In his pocket book was found a letter written with lead pencil stating that he had neglected his duties, and considered himself better out of the world, at the same time warning all young men to avoid drink. The letter was signed and under the signature was written the date of his birth, and "died August 26, 1871." The Jury at the inquest returned a verdict of *felo de se.*

A labouring man in Dover, N. H., who works for $1.25 per day, has just given $500 towards a Catholic Church fund.

The combined Channel and Mediterranean squadrons of iron clads are cruising in the Bay of Biscay.

An old cannon, bearing date 1672, about the calibre of an 18-pounder, was discovered in some excavations near Limerick. It is supposed to have been used in the siege of Limerick.

A curious incident took place in the panic caused by the melancholy accident of the blowing up of a marriage bridal party on board the Greek steamer *Eunomia.* The unhappy bridegroom rushed into a cabin, from amid the smoke of which he carried off what he believed was his bride, and plunged with her into the water. On being picked up by a boat, he found, however, that he had rescued from death a young lady of Athens, and he returned to the steamer to find his wife burnt to death.—*Malta Times.*

A bride and bridegroom from Romulus, Mich., recently attracted some attention in Detroit, where they went for their matrimonial tour, by the fact that they had never before had any experience in wedlock, and were each over 80.

A party of German officers were dining together recently in a garrison town on the banks of the Rhine, when two of them quarreled about a lady. As dueling is not allowed, they agreed to throw at dice for each other's lives, and he throwing the lowest number was to blow his brains out. The young officer who threw the lowest number killed himself the same evening.

A correspondent of the London 'Times' is trying to prove that the world was created twenty thousand years ago.

There has been no total eclipse in Great Britain since 1724, and it is predicted that none will occur until the year 1999.

The latest case of Ku Kluxing in Georgia, occurred almost under the eyes of the military. A negro who had shot a white man in self defence had been threatened and had in consequence secured the protection of federal troops. A warrant for his arrest on a charge of murder, however, was respected by the troops and he was arrested. On his way to the jail a mob captured him and made away with him. What his fate may have been is only conjectured, but conjecture points very strongly to hanging.

Paris and vicinity must be a delectable locality, for we learn that no less than five newly married couples were to be seen at the station of that place one morning lately waiting for the 10.20 train, to start on their wedding tours. We hear, also, that four other couples left Paris station on Saturday last, and at least one couple every other day of the week. The young men of the vicinity must be pretty sensible, as the above record will show, and we do not think any young ladies who are on the "look out" for matrimonial chances could do better than to emigrate to Paris.

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa

Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Dancing and Maintien—Mr. Andrews.
Ottawa River Navigation Company—Change of time—R W Shepherd.

The Ottawa Times.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1871.

For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Bishop Tache is expected here in a few days.

Our list of vessels passing through the Welland Canal published in yesterday's TIMES had reference to vessels passing upwards only.

We have seen a letter from General McDougall late Adjutant General of Canada, who when it was written was about starting for Aldershott. Alluding to the organization of the militia force in Great Britain, he says: "I think our people might learn a great deal from Canada," and speaks generally in the highest terms of the Canadian Militia system.

THE TREATY AND THE OPPOSITION.

The leading organ of the Opposition says that "to the opposition has been left the task of maintaining the rights of the people of Canada most shamefully sacrificed at Washington, and that the sole hope of obtaining justice in the matter rests with the continued labors of that Opposition in the Press and in Parliament." This is certainly as fair an instance of cool impudence and assurance as we have often seen. In the first place we would like to be informed in what manner the rights of the people of Canada have been "most shamefully sacrificed at Washington." The right of the people of Canada to dispose of all questions in which they are immediately concerned, together with their claim to the ownership of the fisheries, was fully acknowledged at Washington; what right then has been sacrificed? The organ knows full well that not a single Canadian right has been sacrificed, but hopes by repeated misrepresentations of this kind to deceive the public and make people believe that the contrary is the case. We would also like to know what the Opposition have done towards obtaining justice in the matter. The "matter" being for the Canadian people to dispose of as they think fit the only thing that was necessary was to let them know exactly what the provisions of the Treaty were, and to point out in what manner they would affect Canadian interests. Have the orators and journalists of the Opposition done this? Have they not on the contrary, instead of helping the public to form an intelligent opinion, contented themselves with raising a senseless outcry against Sir John Macdonald for not "defining his position," and with endeavouring to deceive the people by talking about Canadian interests being "sacrificed," while at the same time they knew that the rights of the people of this country had been fully recognized and maintained? When the sole hope of the Canadian people "obtaining justice" depends upon the labours of the Opposition, Canada's case will be a hopeless one indeed.

FORTY YEARS AGO.

We have lately had an opportunity of perusing a very interesting old book, which is now we fear almost out of print, entitled *The British Dominions of North America*, by Joseph Bouchette, Esq., late Surveyor General of Lower Canada. It was published in the year 1832, and, affording as it does a reliable picture of Canada as it then was, it is a work which cannot fail to interest and instruct. Among the many well executed engravings which illustrate it, is one of "Union Bridge, Bytown," drawn by R. S. M. Bouchette, Esq., now Commissioner of Customs, in his youthful days. The view is taken from the brow of the hill just behind where the Parliament buildings now stand. On the left where Wellington street now is, two or three houses may be seen scattered here and there. In place of the present suspension bridge below the Chaudiere falls is seen a rope bridge slung from one side of the river to the other. Not a sign was there then of those immense manufactories of the Chaudiere which have done so much towards making this city prosperous. On the other side of the river two or three houses are seen, and beyond an unbroken background of forest. In speaking of Ottawa the author says "The number of houses now built is not far short of one hundred and fifty, most of which are constructed of wood, frequently in a style of neatness and taste that reflects great credit upon the inhabitants. * * * On the eastern bank of the bay is delightfully situated the residence of Colonel By the officer commanding Royal Engineers on that station. From his verandah the most splendid view is beheld that the magnificent scenery of the Canadas affords. The bold eminence that embosoms Entrance Bay, the broken and the wild shores opposite, beyond which are seen a part of the flourishing settlements and the Church of Hull, the verdant and picturesque islands between both banks, and occasional canoes, barges, and rafts, plying the broad surface of the grand river, or descending its tumultuous streams, are the immediate objects that command the notice of the beholder." We are thus enabled to form some conception of what Ottawa was forty years ago, and how vast is the progress which has been made since then. What changes will occur during the next forty years? Will those who come after us, as they look upon some old and faded photograph of Ottawa in 1871, lift up hands and eyes in astonishment, and wonder how from such a comparatively small beginning such a great and mighty city should have arisen as the Ottawa of 1911? Will they as they see the Pacific Express go rushing along the Ottawa valley, have a pitying thought for those who were not destined to live in such glorious times, and who only knew Ottawa when it was a little city of from 25,000 to 30,000 inhabitants? Let us hope that treasured up in the minds of some loved and loving ones, our memories may not then have quite passed away.

A RETROSPECT.

Now that we are hearing and reading so much about the "Autumn Manœuvres" in Surrey, the mind naturally travels back to what few of us saw but most of us can remember something about, viz. the camp which in 1853 was formed upon the very ground now occupied by the troops in the vicinity of Chobham Common At that time war appeared imminent, the Eastern question had to be solved, the immense hosts of Russia were concentrating in the neighbourhood of the principalities, so the British Government determined to give a small portion of their small army a taste of camp life in order to prepare them for the experiences of war should the necessity for war arise. The number of regular troops in the United Kingdom was much smaller in 1853 than it now is, and it was only a force of 10,000 men that turned out to welcome Her Majesty, as dressed in a scarlet riding habit and with a plumed hat upon her head, she rode up and down the lines of Chobham. But unused as English men had become to war, and slight as was the experience which they had had of active service for the past eight and thirty years, the soldiers of Great Britain did not do badly when the time of trial came. Of all that goodly show of Guardsmen, Linesmen, Highlanders, Rifles, and Artillery, who on the 21st of June, 1853, saluted the Queen, how few are left! Could they but have read the future they might almost have said "morituri te salutant." Over the heads of many of them 'ere fifteen months had passed the long grass was growing on the hill side of Alma, while many of them found their resting place on Cathcart's Hill, and in the Long Valley. Once more Great Britain is putting on her warlike panoply and arousing from that dream of millenial peace which is always so fondly cherished by every Englishman; nor can we venture to prophesy whether the clouds will roll away, or War once more destroy many of her best and bravest. One thing however we may foretell without hesitation, viz: that whatever the Future has in store, the people of the Mother Country will meet it in a manner worthy the noble sons of noble sires.

THE *GLOBE* AND THE MILITIA.

The correspondent of the Toronto *Globe* says that at the Review at Prescott on Tuesday last "a slight demonstration was made against the Minister of Militia." This is a false assertion made for political purposes. A militia officer writes as follows:—

The *Globe's* gratuitous misrepresentation ought certainly, in the interests of *truth*, to be contradicted. Sir George Cartier was as well received by the officers and men of the militia at the Prescott camp on Tuesday as the Governor General himself, and, if possible, more loudly cheered than the Governor General. Both at this camp and at the far larger ones at Niagara and Laprairie, where Sir George held levees, he was received in the best possible manner by the officers and men, and it is a poor return to the officers and men who do so much for the defence of the country to make such false representations in the public press, and to state that the militia of Canada were capable of such a breach of discipline as to insult or make (when on parade under arms, or assembled for duty) a demonstration against a Minister of the Crown—that Minister, moreover, being the political chief of the militia of the Dominion—in the presence of the Governor General of Canada, and when under the personal command of the Adjutant General.

Our correspondent does not know the *Globe* or he would be aware that in order to injure an opponent it would not only be willing to risk the destruction of our Militia organization, but the overthrow of the political system of the Dominion.

DEATH OF COLONEL BOOKER.

We regret to announce the death of Colonel Booker, who as a militia officer and as a worthy gentleman was entitled to general respect. The Montreal *Gazette* of yesterday says:—

We record with very great regret, this morning, the death of Alfred Booker, Esq. which occurred at his residence, City Councillor Street, yesterday evening. Colonel Booker, although a comparatively young man, has for a great number of years occupied a prominent position in public matters in the Province of Ontario. He was, if we mistake not, born in Nottingham, England, and removed with his father to Canada about 1840, and settled in Hamilton. While yet a very young man he took a great interest in the Volunteer movement, and in 1852 he organized and equipped the No. 1 Company of the Hamilton Independent Artillery, purchasing and paying for two, field pieces with carriages and limbers uniforms, side arms and accoutrements for gunners and drivers. From that date up to 1866, when he removed from that city to go into business in Montreal, he was prominently connected with military matters, being gazetted 8th June, 1858, Lieut. Colonel commanding the whole of the active force in Hamilton, and having received several complimentary notices in general orders from the Governors and others in authority during the whole period. He commanded the volunteers at Ridgeway, 1st June, 1866. Colonel Booker leaves a widow and three children, one son and two daughters. The funeral will take place on Friday next, at half past two o'clock, and we have no doubt that the officers of the volunteer force of Montreal will avail themselves of the privilege of paying the last token of respect to the memory of a gentleman who has for the past twenty years devoted very much valuable time and money to the fostering and promoting of a military spirit in Canada.

FUN.

The largest thing about ladies' bonnets at the present time is their price.

A young lady recently tried to do up her back hair with a honey-comb, to make it look 'sweet.'

Not all the girls are in for woman's rights, but the majority are in for marriage rites.

Why are Cashmere shawls like deaf people? Because you can't make them here.

An *Irishman* calls his sweetheart 'honey' because she is bee-loved.

The Height of Impudence.—A terrier barking at a railroad train.

Jones teaches book-keeping in one lesson of three words: "Never lend them."

Why is summer like the letter N?—Because it make ice nice.

The chaplain of the Iowa State Prison was asked by a friend how his parishioners were. "All under conviction," was the reply.

Fashionable Young Lady: "Oh, papa, you must let me go to the concert. I am so fond of music!" Juvenile Brother, triumphantly: "Then, why don't you let me play my drum?"

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.
Devlin's Hats that R Ha

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 28.

Mr. G. W. Patton, who filled the office of Adjutant to the Victoria Rifles, took his departure from the city last night for Colorado. He was an efficient officer and was well and favorably known in Montreal He was escorted to the depot by Col. Bethume and the officers and members of the regiment in uniform, headed by a Band

A social meeting in connection with the Baptist Convention, and the installation of the Rev. J. Donovan was held in the Russell Hall.

Maria Courtese, aged 14 years, was to day sent for two years to the Reformatory Prison for robbery.

Alfred Booker, known as Col. Booker, Commandant at Ridgeway, in 1866, and in business here for several years past, died last night at his residence.

The Putnam Phalanx left to-day. Dominion flags were presented them on leaving by Mayor Coursol, as significant of the rifle presented the Mayor.

A new evening paper is just now agitated. It is reported that $25,000 is already subscribed.

Sudden change in the weather—cold this afternoon.

Trade dull.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—It is announced from St. Petersburg that Russia is about calling in all officers and men of her army who are on furlough in order to test the efficacy of mobilization.

The Brazilian Chamber of Deputies have adopted a bill for the emancipation of slaves.

The ship *Hesperus* has been totally wrecked on the Island of Spiker Vog at the mouth of the Weser, and all on board were lost.

Heavy gales prevailed last night and this morning on the British Coast, and it is feared that many vessels have been wrecked.

The demands of the iron miners in Staffordshire have been conceded by their employers. An advance of 10 per cent in wages are to be given and a further increase as iron rises proportionately by shipping ton.

The brig *Manly* was wrecked to-day on Drogheda bar in plain sight of the life boat men, who refused to go to her assistance during the prevalence of the gale. Six men were drowned. A lady put off from shore in a small boat and at the risk of her own life saved that of one man.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 28.—An unknown brig has foundered off the coast of Drogheda and all in board were lost.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 28.—Baron Von Arnim, German representative at Versailles, has returned to Germany on account of ill health.

VERSAILLES, Sept. 28.—Advices from Algeria are of a satisfactory nature.

ITALY.

ROME, Sept. 28.—Chevalier Nigra, Italian Ambassador, to France, has been recalled from Paris.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Sept. 28.—King Amadeus will open the Spanish Cortes on Monday next.

It is reported that Sagusa has renounced his candidature for the Presidency of the Cortes.

It is known that the Carlist members will cast their votes in blank at the election.

SWITZERLAND.

BERNE, Sept. 28.—An explosion of fire damp occurred to-day in one of the mines in the Canton of Grisons in Switzerland, and 30 persons were killed.

GERMANY.

MUNICH, Sept. 28.—The kingdom of Bavaria is about to recall its Ambassadors to foreign States, and will in future be represented only as a portion of Germany.

BERLIN, Sept. 28.—A Protestant league is in course of formation throughout Germany, the object of which is the expulsion of the Jesuits.

INDIA.

CALCUTTA, Sept. 28.—The assassin of the Chief Justice of the High Court of Calcutta has been convicted after two hours, trial and sentenced to death.

Latest American Telegrams,

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 28.—A Texan shot and killed City Marshal King, and mortally wounded David Leslie at Newton, Kansas, on Saturday.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 28.—The President of the Board of Health states that he has personally seen every case of fever in the city and he feels satisfied that there will be no further mortality or any spread of the disease.

SALT LAKE CITY, Sept. 28.—There is much excitement created to day by the report of the arrest of Brigham Young. No such arrest has been made although it is expected even by the chief Mormons. It is stated on good authority that Brigham Young will meet all charges that will be brought against him as a law abiding citizen and will offer no opposition to arrest.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—A yacht supposed to be the *Livonia* from England for this port was spoken on the 22nd of September.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Sept. 28.—There was three deaths from yellow fever to-day.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—The British Home Secretary in a speech to his constituents last evening, advocated the most cordial and friendly relations with the United States, and said there was now a fair prospect of the settlement of all questions in dispute between the two countries.

An amicable settlement of the dispute between the workmen and their employers at Newcastle is probable.

A colliery explosion occurred to-day at Dawsbury, in Corkshire, by which several persons were killed, and others injured

Napoleon still remains at Torquay. He has suffered lately from rheumatism.

UNITED STATES.

BOSTON, Sept. 26.—William B. Washburn was nominated for Governor by the Republicans yesterday, by a vote of 643 to 464 for Butler. Butler declares that he accepts the action of the Convention as final and agrees to stand by the result.

SALT LAKE CITY, Sept. 27.—A tremendous fire is raging in the timber of Big Cottonwood mining district. Three entire townships were swept away by the flames.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27.—A special despatch from Vienna, dated Sept. 27th, says: A rumor is current here that Emperor Francis Joseph is seriously disposed to abdicate. The cause assigned is despondency at his conscious unfitness for the constitutional crisis which threatens the dissolution of the Austrian empire.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—The Commissioners under the Treaty of Washington were yesterday, with their respective counsellors and agents, engaged in preparing rules to govern their proceedings. At present their meetings are private, but it is supposed that, having secured rooms other than those they now temporarily occupy at the Department of State, they will follow the example of all previous committees and transact their business with open doors.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—The Erie Railway Company have begun work on a new road from Newark to New York, which is intended as a continuation of the Paterson and Newark Road.

THE PROVINCIAL SHOW.

The Exhibition is a great success. The Kingston *News* says:

His Excellency Lord Lisgar, Govenor General of Canada, arrived in Kingston on Tuesday evening on his visit to the Provincial Exhibition. He was received by the Mayor, but the formal reception by the Mayor and Aldermen took place to day at noon in the Council Chamber. Preparations were accordingly made to receive him shortly before noon. A guard of honour, consisting of the Garrison Artillery now in camp at Fort Henry, under command of Major Ross, was drawn up in front of the City Hall.

On the arrival of His Excellency in front of the City Hall the guard of honour presented arms and the band played the national anthem. His Excellency was conducted into the Council Chamber, where he occupied the Mayor's chair on the elevated dais. His Honour the Lieut.-Governor of New Brunswick occupied a seat with the Mayor at the Clerk's desk. Hon. Mr. Dunkin and other distinguished gentlemen were present. His Worship the Mayor presented to His Excellency the Aldermen and other citizens.

Sir John A. Macdonald entered during the presentations, and was received with a hearty demonstration.

Mr. Flanagan, the City Clerk, read the following address, which was presented by the Mayor:

To the Right Honourable John Baron Lisgar, Governor General of Canada.

On behalf of the Council of the Corporation and citizens of Kingston, I sincerely thank your Excellency for so kindly accepting our invitation to visit the Provincial Exhibition now being held here.

Although this section of the Dominion may not be so highly favoured as some others in the richness and fertility of its soil, yet its people have always taken a deep interest in the improvement of stock and agricultural products; and the Crystal Palace, though a little antiquated now, was the first permanent building erected in the country for the purposes of a Provincial Exhibition.

In this visit of your Excellency we have a perfect proof of the interest which your Excellency has always evinced in all that contributes to the material prosperity of the country; and it must be a gratifying thought that Canada has been more prosperous and its people more contented and happy under your administration of its government than during any former period of its history. Under your Excellency's sway its territory has been extended from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and is fast filling up with a free and industrious population.

Our intercourse with our neighbours is also being extended, and if we did not get all we expected to receive from the Treaty of Washington, we hope that the treaty when fully ratified will promote harmony and good feeling between two kindred peoples who should always be friends, as well as advance the material interests of both countries.

It is my earnest desire on behalf of those whom I represent that your Excellency's visit may be pleasant, and we earnestly hope your Excellency may be long spared to enjoy those honours which our Gracious Sovereign has so worthily bestowed upon you.

A. LIVINGSTON,
Mayor.
M. FLANAGAN,
City Clerk.

Kingston, Sept. 27, 1871.

His Excellency read the following reply:

To the Council and Corporation and Citizens of Kingston.

Gentlemen,—I thank you for the address with which you have favoured me, as well as for inviting me to visit the Provincial Exhibition now being held in the City of Kingston.

I have had much pleasure in reading reports of the advances which have been made far and wide in availing of the production of the soil and extending the domain of profitable cultivation.

I join in your rejoicing that the bounty of Providence has crowned the season with the riches of an abundant harvest; and trust that in every successive year a large and still larger influx of industry and intelligence will pour into the Dominion, and the vast and fertile provinces which have recently been added to it under fortunate auspices.

I cannot doubt that the Treaty of Washington when fully ratified and brought into operation will realize the hopes you express, and promote material interests both of Canada and the United States, while at the same time it provides fresh and more assured guarantees for the continuance of peace and good-will between the two countries.

I gratefully interchange good wishes with you, and trust that your town and district may long be blessed with a full measure of prosperity.

LISGAR.

Kingston, Sept. 27, 1871.

The reception was almost immediately over; and the Governor General left and drove off in his carriage, attended by a mounted body guard. It was his intention to proceed to the fair grounds, were it was arranged that at three o'clock he would be presented with an address by the Agricultural Association.

ALDERSHOTT.

As England is now preparing for the forthcoming "Battle of Dorking" by a military review at Aldershott camp, some description of that locality may be interesting to our readers.

It is, or rather was, a dreary waste on the borders of Surrey, Hants, and Berks, embracing an area of 7,063 acres, which the government purchased in 1854 for $650,000. It was considered well suited for the purpose on account of its comparative isolation, being removed from any thickly settled district though in sufficiently close proximity to several stations on the southwestern and southeastern railways, to admit of a rapid movement of troops towards the southern coast. The camp was ready for occupation in 1855, and in April of that year the Queen reviewed there 18,000 regulars and militia. The soldiers were first accommodated in wooden huts, each furnishing living and sleeping room for about twenty-five men, and having a range of iron bedsteads on either side, made to double up against the wall, and a long table through the middle, in a line with the two doors. These huts were grouped together by regiments, and the cooking was done in small rooms outside, fitted up with the necessary apparatus. The huts for the officers were somewhat better than these assigned to the privates, but still exceedingly simple. All this, however, has long since passed away, and brick barracks have be erected at a cost of $1,250,000, which are said to be the best in Great Britain, and probably unsurpassed by any in the world. The buildings extend in two long lines with a large parade ground between the infantry and artillery being on the north side and the cavalry on the south. The infantry barracks are divided into blocks, each forming a spacious quadrangle, having a courtyard in the centre; and each of these blocks accommodates a full regiment, with all the necessary sleeping, mess, store and school rooms, and offices. The officers' appartments are separate, occupying open spaces between the several blocks. The sleeping rooms for the men will contain comfortably twenty-four persons, and a broad balcony on the outside enables the inmates to overlook the play and drill grounds, which are covered with glass roofs. The artillery and cavalry barracks have the same general features as those of the infantry, combined of course, with such modifications as are made necessary by horses, guns, and their equipments.

OUR PARIS LETTER.

PARIS, Sept. 7.

Many persons believed that a council of war must necessarily be severe, and are somewhat surprised at the comparatively mild judgment of the Versailles court martial. Ordinary prosecutions in France are decided by the simple majority of the jury—seven against five. The juror writes his decision aside, puts it in the urn, and his conscience is at rest. In the military tribunal, of seven members, a vote of three involves acquittal, because five votes are required to convict. The court is composed of seven officers—one being a non-commissioned officer, a sub lieutenant, two lieutenants, two captains, and the president (who cannot be of lesser rank than colonel.) The non-commissioned officer votes first, and so on in the ascending scale, but *viva voce*. The council retired to deliberate, on Saturday morning last, at half past six, and remained occupied for nearly 13 hours. The length of the deliberation argued favorably for the accused, who were removed to their temporary waiting room, and passed their "waiting for the verdict" in recriminations, discussing the failings of the Commune, with interludes for refreshment, which each prisoner ate as our first parents. But the spectators were in purgatory. It was the hottest day in the year, besides proving to be truly the longest. One was afraid to quit a seat, despairing to regain it, or to lose the opportunity of witnessing how the prisoners would "take their punishment." Two French reporters passed their time in playing piquet. If the audience belonged to the vegetable kingdom they would have increased like Jonah's gourd in the interval; no hothouse was more real than the building. Before seven o'clock the usher gladdened our hearts by the announcement of "The Court—gentlemen stand up"—at the same time was given the order to the gendarmes—"present arms." The judges had the air of being exhausted, but were calm and grave. The President was pale and solemn; he held in his hand a large sheet of paper—the verdict and sentence, which he put apart for nearly two hours till he had read the reasons for the conclusion of the tribunal. He and his colleagues remained standing, and wore their caps. When the ceremony was over every one wished to catch a train for Paris.

The prisoners, according to usage, were not brought into court to hear their sentence, which was delivered in the "name of the French people," and on 504 counts of indictment. The spectators, almost in the dark, received the decision in silence. There was a slight murmur of astonishment at hearing Lullier was condemned to death But the feeling was decidedly in favour of the Court, that it had laboriously and honestly done its duty, and that Daniels had come to judgment.

When the public and the Judges had quitted the Court, the prisoners were introduced and made aware of their fate by the Commissary of the Government. Ferre, one of the condemned to death, fell down on a chair, but soon recovered from the nervous trembling, which made his horrible features more repulsive still, and convulsively held his left hand in his right till removed to his cell. Lullier carried his head high; on hearing he must die, the blood mounted to his cheeks, and after an internal struggle of a few instants, regained his composure and crossed his arms. Assi chuckled and tore away some of the gold braiding from his uniform: Urbain muttered what nobody could hear; Grousset seized his mustache, and twisted it mechanically; Courbet became pale with joy at escaping with six months' imprisonment and a fine, kiss Parent and permanently shook his hand. Descamps and Parent being acquitted were at once set free. The latter has since been occupied receiving the felicitations of his friends, who propose returning him to the Assembly.

Lullier will have his sentence commuted; there are many things in his favor, but Ferre will be shot, and no one appears to regret his fate. He was as cruel as Raoul-Rigault. Assi, Grousset, etc., will be imprisoned for life in the fortress of Lambessa, in Algeria. They will wear the condemned uniform, have nothing but the stone walls to contemplate, be ever under the eyes of sentinels, and kept at work. Jourde and Rastoul will be a shade more comfortable in New Caledonia, or in the "Devil's Island." They will be free to move about, but must report themselves at headquarters at hours fixed, and be locked up every night in the common dormitory. They can purchase a certain quantity of superior food and make dull care begone in less than half a glass of rum daily. There is not the slightest chance of those transported for life being amnestied unless France comes in for some run of good luck, such as recovering Alsace; or Bismark whiping out the indemnity.

The *petroleuses* have made their bow before the Fourth Council of War. Not the slightest interest is felt in the five accused They are all jail-birds—the youngest is 24 and the oldest 30 years of age. Only one of them remembers having an acknowledged mother; their lives have been simply passed in debauchery and robberies. They combined the offices of cantiniere and concubine. These "daughters of the regiment" never handled a rifle, never rolled barrels of petroleum up the public buildings, never applied the torch. They were at the barricades simply as agents of an imaginary ambulance. Two barristers are named to defend them; but quite enough, as the accused listen, question, and reply with *sang froid*. The majesty of the tribunal does not affect them. The innocents have no fear. They answer with the mildest of voices, not very intelligibly; display a very modest demeanor, and appear "surprised" at the revelations of witnesses. They are either pale from midnight orgies or sunburnt from a campaign life—the hoarse voice of *filles perdues*—eyes dim—nothing of a masculine or feminine character—without shame, without conscience—as mild-mannered women as ever cut a throat. Retiffe is, or was, a blonde—is dressed in a chestnut colored velvet mantille, red and black silk robe, white bonnet. Suetens is aged 24, a blonde, very stout, a strong brandy-tinged face; her costume is a *bariole*—of all colors. She goes by the nickname of "Big Josephine"—called after the monster gun at Mont Valerien. The others are dressed in black or gray. They are all accused of robbery as well as arson, and of complicity in the murders of Generals Thomas and Lecomte. The head devil of this band has escaped, and is as difficult to find as Felix Pyat himself. Three of the fair penitents are sentenced to be shot.

The "Fourth," the anniversary of the present republic, passed off quietly, excepting a terrible thunder storm and a tropical shower, which came down like the water of Lodore. Some shops were closed, but were such as might do the same any day without lessening receipts. No bunting was shown. More than an average number of promenaders appeared in the streets. Some journals did not appear in honor of the day, and one was saved the trouble, having been suppressed. No military precautions were neglected, however.

Paul de Kock has been gathered to his fathers at the patriarchal age of 78. Some assert he died from chronic vexation at not receiving the ribbon of the Legion of Honor; others, from chagrin at his little country seat having been demolished by the Prussians. But the Register General will tabulate his decease among "other causes." The wiry old man, until a few weeks ago, was to be met with every evening at a theatre, the gayest of the gay. He enjoyed an income 15,000frs. a year from the sale of his works, very naughty productions and therefore the more read. There is a Professor in Paris who attributes the success of his teaching to recommending his adult male pupils to read only Paul de Kock, the chronicler of the John Gilpins of Paris, as they existed from 1816 to 1840. Gregory XVI. indulged in this romancier's work as heartily as "Jeames" and servantgalism. When a traveller came from Paris, His Holiness never failed to demand, "How was his son, Paul de Kock?" The latter, being a heretic, it is to be hoped may receive some benefit from his exalted patron. At the funeral, twelve old women of the verge of eighty—ex-cooks—formed a deputation in honor of their favorite author. He leaves two volumes—Memoirs—to be published.

The "sporting season" opened on the 1st; and it would seem that all the trades men of the city besieged the trains, with guns and dogs, to shoot something—what the Prussians left—in the suburbs. One Winkle had a fowling-piece in the left hand, held in leash two pointers, and carried a sewing machine on his shoulder to a customer. The list of accidents is already frightful—not counting dogs shot, with no symptoms of hydrophobia to explain the act. There are few parties but one of the members cannot boast of receiving a few friendly pellets.

A German stock broker committed suicide a few days ago, on the Boulevards; so, as the French note, there is one Prussian less. A Baron and an eminent lawyer have stabbed their cooks during the week. Considering the weather, it is surprising the cooks did not exchange places.

DOMINION NOTES.

A Conductor on the G. W. R., was killed at Wellington Square Station, on Tuesday last, being crushed between two cars.

The Western Fair at London is a great success.

We are informed that the Hon. Neal Dow will resume his lecturing trip through Canada next week.

American silver is still current in Wingham and other points in Huron.

The Montreal *Gazette* says: "A gentleman from New York addressed a gentleman from Ontario a few days since, asking him if it would not be for the interest of the Dominion to be annexed to the United States. He asked by what would the Dominion be benefitted. His answer was that it would infuse enterprise into the country. He was reminded, in reply, that it might, but he should remember that one person in Montreal owned more steamships than the Americans owned on the whole Atlantic slope; and that eminent jurists of the United States admitted that our laws were better administered. The reply appeared to be a settler."

Rev. Wm. Morley Punshon will preach St. Catharines on Sunday.

The 78th Highlanders are under orders to leave Halifax Garrison about the last of October, or 1st of November for Ireland.

Hamilton is agitating for a public park, and suggests the commons on the brow of the mountain as a suitable locality.

The new German Catholic church on Maiden Lane, Hamilton, was opened on Sunday last. Service was conducted by Fathers Funneken and Schmidt.

The proprietors of the various Music Halls in Hamilton have been notified by the police commissioners that they must dispense with music in their establishments in future.

CURRENT TOPICS.

The fact that beggars sometimes ride was demonstrated at Hartford, the other day, when a gentleman who had entered a crowded street car handed a man a 50 cent shinplaster to pass to the driver, whereupon the individual cooly pocketed it and profusely, in beggars' style' returned thanks for the gift. The owner of the scrip was so much overcome by this audacity that he allowed the fellow to keep it.

Seneca Lake has been full of dead fish during the season, which rose to the surface, floated with the down current, and landed on the shore at Watkins, often filling that village with an intolerable strench. The theory was advanced that they were shad, hatched from the ova of dead shad brought to that station for sale. But a closer investigation shows that they are alewives, and that they found their way to the lake by the canal which enters at Watkins. The cause of their dying has not been ascertained, except that it is by neither violence nor disease. The fish were never seen in the lake until three years ago.

Mr. John Martin has sent to *The Times* a reply to the attack of the latter on him for his doings and sayings in the reception of the French delegation at Dublin. Mr. Martin was charged with having summoned the French to lead a movement against England, and with saying that he and his countrymen would follow, and *The Times* invited him to explain how language of that awful character could be reconciled with his professions of loyalty to the Throne. The facts hardly warrant this solemn interrogatory. There was, writes Mr. Martin, a crowd beneath the windows of the hotel, the Frenchmen were anxious to get into their carriages and get away, and two of them vainly tried to make the enthusiastic throng comprehend what they wanted. Then it was that Mr. Martin appeared on the balcony, and asked the people to "move on" and leave room for the Count de Flavigny and others of the delegation to enter their carriages and join the procession, assuring the people that the delegation and committee "would follow" immediately.

About a fortnight since we published, from a Portland paper, an account of a ludicrous incident concerning the sudden flight of a lady from Halifax to England, in which a telegram announcing her departure fell into the hands of a prominent citizen of Portland bearing a name very like that of her unfortunate husband. The gentleman who lost his wife so unceremoniously is Mr. J. W. Ashborn. From the time referred to until Wednesday Mr. Ashborn has been in great mental suffering on account of the affair, and had spent a good deal of money in trying to unravel the mystery of the sudden departure.

He has also been at work hard to earn money to go to England in search of his wife. The above mentioned day he received a letter from the lady explaining all. She had become homesick and lonely, especially as her husband was absent, and meeting a gentleman and lady, old friends of her family, at the hotel in Halifax, she yielded to their solicitations to visit her former home in England, and on the impulse of the moment packed her trunks and in half an hour was on board the steamer and at sea. On arriving at Liverpool she received a cable despatch from her husband, and on getting to London wrote a very affectionate letter, narrating the circumstances and promising to return to America very soon. So Mr. Ashborn is relieved from his terrible suspense and feels like a new man.

Gen. Butler, albeit a perfectly wide-wake sort of person, seems to have discovered a new kind of slumber, for he frequently winds up his Massachusetts speeches with the following couplet:

I wish you all a fair good-night,
With rosy dreams and slumbers bright,

"Fair good-night" will pass, and if Gen. B., asleep or awake, dreams of being Gov. B., "rosy" is the word at least for his somnolent visions; but what does he mean by slumbers bright?' We might think that he ment "slumbers light," but how is anybody to slumber lightly, or to slumber at all, while digesting one of Gen. Butler's speeches.

The Germans have built three miniature iron clads in Dantzic. They are intended to fix torpedoes under an enemy's ships. It is believed these little vessels will be able to run swiftly up to the enemy, fix her torpedoes, and make good her escape without much risk. The author of the "Battle of Dorking" may lay claim to the origination of the idea.

There are a good many anecdotes concerning Paul de Kock flying about. Jules Janin remembers with what avidity as a boy he used to seize hold of Paul de Kock's latest work and hurry off to some shady retreat to gloat over it. According to Jules Janin, Paul de Kock, who was the son of a Dutchman, died of grief in consequence of the Prussians having destroyed his cottage at Romainville. Asked a short time before his death what he thought of the situation, he replied. "My friend, I never meddle with politics. I have for principle that a good government cannot exist, because men are not worth much; and that good soup was never made with bad butter." The deceased novelist had a horror of medical men; but one day, when seriously ill, he consented to see a doctor, who gave him a prescription, and called the next morning to ask if it had been followed. "If I'd followed it," growled Paul de Kock, "I should have broken my neck." "How so?" said the astonished Esculapius. "Why, I flung it out of the window."

A foolish young woman whose name is now Etha Adams, which it was not a few days ago, and probably will not be in a short time to come, recently married a young farmer named Adams, and with him set out on a wedding tour from Norwalk, intending to go to Cleveland, Ohio, and thence by the lakes to Chicago. On the steamer she became acquainted with a young New Yorker giving his name as George D. Rankin, and with him she played at revelations through 'planchette.' Planchette told her that George was her soul's husband, with whom alone she should live, and so, when the boat touched at Milwaukee, the precious pair eloped—the lady having obtained her husband's pocketbook, containing somewhat less than a thousand dollars. They made the best of their way to Quincy, where Rankin got the woman to give him, the purse and a valuable diamond ring. Then he eloped alone, leaving the following heartless note behind him, which is about as contemptible a piece of villainy as has been heard of for a long time.

DEAR GIRL: I am called suddenly away from you. Return to your "hubby" at Elgin until I call for you. Au revoir.

GEORGE.

The poor, foolish woman went to Kansas City without baggage or money, concerning the loss of which 'planchette' had said nothing.

The study of one's comfort seems to be regarded by the officers of the 10th Hussars as the highest exercise of the human intellect. When they moved into camp the other day to take part in the Berkshire campaign they took with them a moveable canteen, a carriage ten feet long and five feet wide, with a roof, and fitted up with three oak vats for beer, "a large supply of wines, spirits and cooling drinks," baking apparatus and places for storing 430 two pound loaves of bread.

The Zoological Gardens at Brussels contain something which is without a parallel in Europe and might be introduced advantageously here. In a large artificial cave, which contains a number of winding passages, is adorned with stalicities, and is altogether quite as interesting as if it were natural, besides being drier and more airy—in this quiet and cool retreat are fitted up a number of glass reservoirs, lighted by gas jets above, and supplied with an unusual variety of finny inmates. Standing before one of these reservoirs, the habits and motions of the fish can be observed with perfect ease. The spectator, if at the bottom of a river, could not enjoy better advantages for ichthyological investigation. Pressing his nose against the glass, carp and bass will calmly seem to rub their sides against it. Huge eels will glide sinuously out of rocky nooks and flout it with their tails; a sullen dog-fish, hideous to behold, will stare at it with stolid indifference; and stupid fish of divers kinds will pause before it in placid imbecility. In other compartments seals and crocodiles disport; while certain tanks are devoted those curious creatures of the wave which seem to be half flower and half fish, and which have been burdened by naturalists with most unnatural Latin names.

CARELESSNESS.

Many persons neglect their horse's health and condition until it is too late, when at a trifling expense and no trouble, the horse might have been saved if attended to in time. To all who may have occasion to use an article of the kind we would confidently recommend "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy;" it is without doubt the best preparation in use, as thousands who have used it testify. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers everywhere.

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills.' Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinlined packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London d1569 1y

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY AND DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers, 25 cents a bottle. Office, 215 Fulton Street, New York, and 493 Oxford Street, London.

Be sure and call for

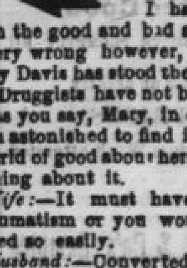
"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

DIED.

In this city, on the 28th inst., after a severe illness borne with Christian fortitude, Mrs. Elizabeth Lafleur, wife of Augustin Lafleur, and widow of the late Duncan Cameron, Esq., and daughter of the late Captain Archambault, of the River des Prairies.

The funeral will take place from her residence, corner of Church and Dalhousie streets, on Sunday, the first day of October, at 3 p.m. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend without further notice.



Husband (Returned from a call on Judge Jones). Well, Mary, I have examined those certificates and found them straight as a string, there are so many imitations and counterfeits sticking like barnacles to every good medicine that I have learned to look upon the good and bad as one and alike. It is very wrong however, this PAIN-KILLER of Perry Davis has stood the test of time. Doctors and Druggists have not been able to hush it up, it's as you say, Mary, in everybodys house and I am astonished to find it has been doing such a world of good about here and we have known nothing about it.

Wife:—It must have cured somebodys Rheumatism or you would'nt have been converted so easily.

Husband:—Converted, why it has cured a dozen of cases about here within a year, Simon Tinkler who you know used to be such an awful sufferer with it and was laid up half the time, why it was this same Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER that cured him. George Trotter who Doctor Squills used to pity so much and call such a great sufferer, he to was cured with the PAIN-KILLER and what's more he writes that he paid Doctor Squills over one hundred Dollars for attending him and was growing worse all the while, here my dear rub some of it on my shoulder at once. I am through with Doctor Squills, if PAIN-KILLER can't cure me nothing will I am convinced of that.

(*To be Continued*)

Sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cts. per bottle.

THIS EVENING.

Dancing and Maintien.

Mr. Andrews classes are now open in Gowan's Hall, and meet every Tuesday and Friday.

JUVENILES at 5 p.m.; ADULTS at 8 p.m.

P. O. Box 15,
or HOUSE, New Edinburgh.

Ottawa, Sept. 8, 1871.

RINK MUSIC HALL.

FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY.

In consequence of the Troupe performing three nights more in Montreal the performance will take place on

THURSDAY, FRIDAY & SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 29, and 30.

Satsuma's Royal Japanese

The best Performers ever in this country.

Men, Women, and Children in Native Costumes

Giving a performance

NEVER ATTEMPTED BY AMERICANS!

Crowded Houses Everywhere!

Turned thousands away at Boston, New Orleans, St. Louis, and New York; Patronized by the ELITE of those cities.

THE ORIGINAL "ALL RIGHT"

with this Troupe.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 8 o'clock. Admission, 25 cents; Reserved Seats, 50 cents.

Reserved Seats for sale at Orme & Son's.

H. SCHUHMAN, Manager.
J. E. NOBLE, Agent.

Ottawa, Sept. 23. 1777 td

IMPORTANT

TO

CAPITALISTS,
LUMBER MERCHANTS,
MILL OWNERS,
and OTHERS.

The Subscriber has received instructions to offer at Public Auction at the Union House in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th OCTOBER, 1871, at 2 o'clock, p.m., the undermentioned Property,—Real Estate, Timber Limits, &c. &c., the Quyon Saw Mill Water Privilege. This Property consists of about 13 acres, upon which is erected a frame Saw Mill, 40 x 80 nearly finished, with one circular saw and shingle machine now in working order, with room for other saws and machinery

ALSO,

the stone foundation of another building suitable either for a flouring mill or the manufacturing of wool, a Blacksmith's Shop, Store, two comfortable Dwelling Houses, and other buildings; also, the Slides and the Railroad from the mills to the Ottawa River, together with the Rafting Grounds, Wharf, Booms, Chains, Piers, and all other apurtenances and improvements there and to belonging.

Saw logs can be taken to the mills from the Ottawa river, as well as from the river Quyon, at a very small cost.

Also; three valuable Timber Limits on the Quyon river, being License No. 71, 72, and 73 of 1871-2, containing an area of 60¼ square miles, which cover all the Crown Lands on both sides of the Quyon river to its source. Operations have already been commenced in the woods to get out about 25,000 pine logs on these limits during the ensuing winter which the purchaser will have to assume at cost incurred.

Also License No. 329 of '70 and '71, containing about 16 square miles, Operations on this license have been commenced which the purchaser will have also to assume Timber from parts of this limit can be hauled to the Quyon and to the Dechene Lake, Ottawa river, but the greater part will have to be hauled into the Peche and go out by the Gatineau river.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, Mr. WALTON SMITH at the Quyon, Onslow, P. Q., or to the undersigned at his office, Ottawa City.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent

QUYON, Onslow, P. Q., Sept. 25. 1779td

NOTICE.

FOR SALE,

A well established BUSINESS in one of the most flourishing villages in the Ottawa Valley on the line of the Brockville & Ottawa Railroad. The stock now on hand consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, and Boots and Shoes, to the amount of about $4,000. The Business is well established, and an excellent trade has been done amounting to about $22,000 a year. The Shop and Dwelling can be leased or purchased.

Further particulars can be learned by applying to

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 19, 1871 1773 td

NOTICE

TO LUMBERMEN AND OTHERS

1,000 pair Government SNOW SHOES, a superior article, almost new, for sale at half price by

W REID & CO,
84 McGill Street,
Montreal.

Ottawa, September 26. 1777 12

ESTIMATE

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D., 1871.

Excavation 38,000 yards	$ 38,000
Arch Covering	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps	16,000
Pumping Mains extra	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
Septembe: 23, 1871. 1776 1m

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership heretofore existing between Messrs. OLIVER & ANNABLE has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM A. ANNABLE.

The business will in future be carried on by OLIVER & SON.

Ottawa, Sept. 26, 1871. 1779 3

OTTAWA RIVER

NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAMER ALEXANDRIA.

On and after

TUESDAY NEXT, the 3rd OCTOBER,

the above Steamer will leave L'ORIGNAL for OTTAWA and intermediate Landings on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 5 a. m., arriving in Ottawa at 10·30 p.m. Returning—will leave Ottawa on Tuesdays and Fridays at 4:30 p.m., arriving at L'Orignal at 10 p.m.

R W SHEPHERD.

N. B.—As the ALEXANDRIA takes the place of the Steamer FAIRY there will be no boat on Mondays and Saturdays.

Ottawa, Sept. 28, 1871 1781

SEALED TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for a Bridge," will be received at this Office until FRIDAY, the 29th day of SEPTEMBER, instant, at noon, for the construction of two Swing Bridges for the enlarged portion of the Grenville Canal.

Plans and specifications can be seen on application at this office, or at the Lachine Canal Office, Montreal, or at the Engineer's Office, on the work at Grenville, where printed forms of Tender may also be obtained.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th September, 1871.

The time for receiving the above Tenders has been extended to TUESDAY, the 10th day of OCTOBER next, at noon.

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 21st September, 1871. 1773

LOCAL NEWS.

THE WEATHER yesterday was cold.

Do't forget the opening day at Allan, McKinnon & McMorrans', on Thursday.

LARCENY.—The circus man charged with larceny was sentenced to six months imprisonment yesterday.

BANKRUPTCY.—A petty wholesale establishment of Lower Town has closed down, leaving several city firms considerably out of pocket.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Fred. Palmer, who has already proved himself so deserving of the confidence and patronage of the lumber merchants of the Ottawa, is at present in Pembroke, engaging men for the Government and for the shanties.

POLICE COURT.—Thursday—Two boys were charged with attempting to break into a house and with abusing a girl who occupied it. They were remanded until tomorrow.

Mr. Dempsey, charged with a breach of the cow by-law was fined $3 and costs.

Ladies remember the Grand Show Room Opening at Allan, McKinnons' & McMorrans, on Thursday, 28th inst.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—G Mercer Adams, Toronto; P White, jr., Pembroke; Mrs. E Eurdigen, Holly Falls, Mass; W Cameron, Brockville; John Bond, Montreal; D Macdonald, do; Geo H Stayner and wife, Brooklyn, N Y; John C Nelson, Aylmer; J G Street, New York; C L Yachnor, do; W J Shaw, Toronto; T P Watkins, New Orleans La; J Bryson, Coulonge; W D Catchpole, Montreal; A J Stewart, St. John, N B; R R Durion, do; Alex Fraser, Westmeath; Jno Jennings, Manotick; Geo Dickinson, do; R Luttrell, Prescott; A Anderson, J H Anderson, Glasgow, Scotland; J Anderson, Owensboro, Ky; James Bethune, Toronto; J Bell, Pembroke; J Saunders, Fredericton, N B; A Harrington, Arnprior; A H Hume, Brockville; W W Jones, Toronto; R S Brown, do; R Rosamond, Almonte.

SATSUMA'S ROYAL JAPS.—The Japs gave their first entertainment in the Music Hall last evening to a large and respectable audience. We can safely say that this Troupe is unequalled; we have never seen such feats of agility and dexterity accomplished by any other troupe. One little chap who performed at the opening of the entertainment appeared to be a most perfect specimen of the "boneless boy"; he twisted his body into almost every shape without the slightest apparent difficulty. The wire walking was the best we have ever seen. We will not particularize the different performances, but simply say that they were all very good, while some of them were perfectly marvellous. In the juggling line they are also very expert and achieved many incomprehensibly good tricks in that art, some of them being very laughable. No person should fail to see the Japs. They perform again to night, and as the Hall will be crowded we would advise parties to secure seats at Messrs Orme & Eaton's. They will give a grand matinee on Saturday afternoon.

MONEY TO LEND.—Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks & Elgin streets, Ottawa.

SPLENDID DISPLAY OF GOODS.

Messrs. McKinnon & McMorran's Show rooms were visited yesterday by innumerable ladies and gentlemen—an almost continuous stream of people might have been seen going in about until 5 p.m. Like every other good show it was well-patronized. A richer display of goods has seldom been seen. The sale rooms contain an immense assortment of the latest and most fashionable styles of goods, but it is the Ladies or millinery department which is more worthy of particular notice. The splendid goods which meet the view on every side are tastefully and neatly arranged. While everything is rich it is also chaste and beautiful. We saw splendid lace setts in Irish point, Honiton and Maltese. Some very pretty Ladies' Jackets of Seal, German Beaver, and various cloths; Wool Opera Mantles, and splendidly finished ball dress; a great variety of bonnets and a fine lot of flowers selected with good taste. There is an endless variety of shawls; the splendid new Tartan known as the "Royal Lady of Lorne"; Princess Beatrice, New Lorne Tartan and Old Lorne Tartan, &c., &c. The carpet department is also very complete, containing Oil Cloths and Carpets of every description. We are glad to note the enterprize and prosperity of this firm and hope to be able to record many such displays as that of yesterday.

A large and complete assortment of new goods now on hand in every department, at Allan, McKinnon & McMorrans', No. 28 Sparks street.

GRAND SHOW DAY AT RUSSELL & WATSON'S.

We had the pleasure of visiting the store of the above firm yesterday and their show rooms are certainly equal to any in the Dominion.

On entering the first department we came to was that of the "Dress Goods" which contains an assortment of all the leading fabrics including Fringe, Melange Cloth, Satin Goods, Repps, &c.

On the centre tables on the ground floor there is an elegant display of Laces, Ladies Handkerchiefs, Scarfs and a variety of other articles to which we would draw the particular attention of the ladies.

We next come to the silk department, which contains a large assortment of silks and satins of all colors and in rich profusion.

On the first landing there is a large display of Brussells and Tapestry Carpets, Curtains and House Furnishings of every texture and description.

Looking down from the staircase the sight which meets the view is one which is seldom to be met with in the Dry Goods Establishments of Ottawa.

The Mantle and Millinery Rooms are come to next, and are laid out with great taste and contain all sorts of Mantles, Jackets, Costumes, Ball Dresses, &c., not to speak of the inimitable collection of Bonnets, Hats, Flowers, Ribbons and Feathers. This Department was visited throughout the day by a great number of ladies and certainly the most fastidious must have seen that their taste could be accommodated.

We direct especial attention to the Tailoring department which contains every kind of Goods requisite for gentlemen's winter wear. A first class cutter is constantly employed. We were highly pleased with our visit, and as the show continues for two days longer, we would specially advise the ladies of Ottawa who may not have yet seen the magnificent display of Messrs. Russell & Watson to take advantage of the opportunity now afforded them of doing so.

Call and see the new styles in Millinery mantles, at Allan, McKinnons' & McMorrans', on Thursday.

THE GREAT

Sensation of the Day

THE GREAT

Commonwealth Circus!

UNQUESTIONACLY THE BEST CIRCUS IN THE PROVINCES.

Organized and Equipped for the Season of 1871.

WILL EXHIBIT IN OTTAWA,

FOR TWO DAYS,

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY,

October 3rd and 4th.

All the Truly Great Artists in the Arenic Profession will appear in a Programme superior in every respect to any Circus Performance ever given under Canvass.

Among the distinguished artists who compose this,

The Circus of the Period,

Will be found

MR GEORGE M KELLEY, Champion Leaper of the World
MR CHARLES F REED, Champion Somersault Rider of America
MR WILLIAM LA RUE, Champion Hurdle Rider
MR JOHN CONKLIN, Champion Cannon Ball Performer and Gymnast
MASTER LEON LA RUE, Infant Bareback Rider
MR JOHN CALLAN, Champion Tumbler and Vaulter
MR A LOWANDA, Brazilian Gymnast and Leaper
MR JOHN H KELLEY, The Great Equilibrist and Leaper
MR JAMES CAMPBELL, Gymnast and Leaper

Mlle AMELIA, Premiere Assolute Equestrienne
Mrs CHARLES F REED The fascinating and accomplished equestrienne
MR PETE CONKLIN, The Favorite Provincial Clown, will occupy the position of LEADING CLOWN, in which he will maintain his reputation as a chaste, original and really good generator of FUN and HUMOR.

A large corps of auxiliaries—Riders, Leapers, Voltigeurs, Acrobats and Gymnasts, will be presented in association with the Artistic Forces of this great circus.

The Musical Department will be under the supervision of Professor William Kalits, who has secured the services of the celebrated Metropolitan Opera Band.

Doors open at 1:30 and 6.30 p.m. Performance commences at 2 and 7:30 p.m.

Admission, 25 cents. Reserved Seats, 50 cents.

JOHN CONKLIN, Manager,
J J SHOWLES, General Agent

Tickets can be secured during the day at Orme & Son's Music Store, without extra charge. 1780td

SHOW ROOM

OPENING!

Allan, McKinnon's & McMoran,

Will exhibit on

THURSDAY NEXT,

THE

28th September,

A Grand Display of

FALL STYLES

AND

LATEST NOVELTIES

IN

MILLINERY,

Comprising

Trimmed Hats

AND

BONNETS,

Which will be found unequalled in Style

AND

ALSO

A large and beautiful assortment

OF NEW

FLOWERS & FEATHERS.

There will also be shown a large variety of imported

MANTLES and JACKETS

Which will embrace everything new in Style and Material for the opening season.

Some very handsome

SEAL JACKETS

will be offered at unusually LOW PRICES.

N. B.—A full assortment of

NEW GOODS

in all Departments.

ALLAN M'KINNONS & M'MORAN

Successors to

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20, Sparks street.

LOST.

On FRIDAY, 15th instant, a Gentleman's heavy GOLD RING, with Carbuncle Stone, chased in the sides. Any one leaving it at this Office will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa Sept 26. 1773tf

THE CONTRCTORS.

TENDERS

Will be received for the several works required in the erection and completion of a

BUILDING

On the corner of

Wellington and O'Connor Streets,

For the

"BANK OF MONTREAL,"

According to plans and specifications prepared by MESSRS. HOPKINS & WILY, Architects, and which may be seen at the office of Mr. Walter Chesterton, Architect, Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

The Directors do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

The time for giving in the tenders to be announced in a few days.

Ottawa, Sept. 22, 1871. 1776

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By-Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water-Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary; and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands, grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts: and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the Thirtieth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the thirtieth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the twenty eighth day of December, A. D. 1871, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

WM. P. LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, September 22nd, 1871. 1777 1m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, I you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street

BRANDIES—

The best old Brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

GIN—

J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Sellin, Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

AUCTION SALE

OF A

TIMBER LIMIT

SITUATED ON DEEP RIVER.

The Subscriber has received instructions to sell at the Union House, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, 4th October, a Timber Berth, being License No. 267 of 1870-71, of about 5½ square miles on the South side of Deep River.

Terms and conditions made known at time of sale.

Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 8, 1871. 1761-td

ENGLISH WEEKLY NEWS PAPERS AND MONTHLY MAGAZINES.

LLOYD'S WEEKLY LONDON NEWS, Weekly Times, Reynolds', Weekly Dispatch,—the latest editions,—5 cents. Subscription (post free to any part of the Dominion)—yearly, $2.50; six months, 1.25.

Illustrated London News, Graphic, Bell's Life, News of the World, Punch, Fun, Judy, &c., &c.

THE TORONTO GLOBE delivered at 10 cents per week.

C. E. HUCKETT & CO.
69, Sparks Street.

August 29. 1755 1m

TAKE NOTICE.

Get your

BUFFALO ROBES

in to be

DYED,

and made like

BEAR ROBES,

for the cold weather is fast approaching.

G. A. SHELDON.
Sussex street,
Next door to the DOMINION HOUSE,
Ottawa, Sept. 21, 1871. 1774

HORSE LOST.

Lost for the last fifteen days from Hull, a RED HORSE—white nose, three white legs, and a pretty good mane.

Any person returning the horse to the owner, J. Bte. Menard, Hull, will be rewarded

Hull, Sept. 26, 1871. 1779 3

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Peaches!

Peaches!

Peaches!

Pears!

Pears!

Pears!

Apples!

Apples!

Apples!

And all other Kinds of Fruit

at the Fruit Depots of

G. LORENZ,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

—AND—

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Term for Supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY

FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season	..	$5 00
20lbs " "	..	9 00
10lbs	month	1 50
20lbs "	"	2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

Terms strictly Cash in advance.

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N. B.—Ice supplied per ton or cwt.

Ottawa April 871

BUSINESS CHANGE.

We, the undersigned, in relinquishing the Retail branch of our business, beg to return thanks to the public of Ottawa and vicinity for the very liberal support accorded to us during the past eight years, and to announce that we have

DISPOSED OF OUR STOCK,

And leased the premises,

29 Sparks Street,

TO

MESSRS.

ALEXANDER RUSSELL,

(Late of Blyth & Russell, Ottawa,)

AND

ROBERT WATSON,

(Of Watson & Hayes, Almonte,)

Who will continue the business under the name and style of

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Both of these gentlemen were formerly in our employ, and being possessed of ample means and long experience we have great pleasure in recommending them to the confidence and patronage of all our friends and customers.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, August, 1871.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE:

RUSSELL & WATSON

Have pleasure in announcing that they have purchased the

Entire Stock in Trade,

AND

GOOD WILL

OF THE

RETAIL BUSINESS

Lately conducted by Messrs.

Magee & Russell,

And leased their premises, 29 Sparks Street, for a term of years.

And hope by keeping only the best qualities of goods, and adopting a uniform and

Moderate Scale of Profits,

By anticipating the wants of the public and a strict attention to business to merit and retain the patronage so liberally bestowed upon their predecessors.

And we beg to assure the old patrons of the establishment that no efforts will be spared in maintaining the leading position to which it had attained.

ALEX. RUSSELL. ROB'T. WATSON.

Ottawa, August 1871.

Grand Show Day!

AT

Russell & Watson's

Having now the greater portion of our STOCK forward, we will on

Thursday, 28th Sept'r.

Open our SHOW ROOMS, and DISPLAY the

LATEST NOVELTIES

—IN—

Millinery, Mantles and Costumes!

Besides a well assorted Stock of Goods usually shown in the Room

In addition to Goods now forward for those Departments will be found a full and well selected STOCK of

Dress Goods, Silks,

Laces and Lace Goods,

Hosiery and Gloves, &c.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, September 22, 1871

IF YOU WANT

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

SEND TO THE

Noted Tea House

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor

DR. ROBERTS CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breast piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 22s each; and his

PILULÆ, ANTI SCROFHULÆ or ALTERATIVE PILLS.

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family operient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Prepared only by

BEACH & BARNICOTT,
Bridport, Dorset, England,

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

September 28, 1871. 99 6m

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS,

ON BLACK RIVER,

For Sale by Auction, at the Union House,

ON WEDNESDAY, 4th OCTOBER

next, at one o'clock, p. m., being

License No. 265, of 1870-71.....50 miles.
And No. 367, of 1870-71.....50 miles.

Total one hundred square miles of richly timbered limits.

By order of
ALEXANDER FRASER, Esq.
Ottawa, 1st Sept. 1871. 1769-td

WANTED

By a young married couple, Board, Bedroom, and Sitting Room, furnished

OR

a Small House or Cottage, furnished or unfurnished. All within easy distance of the Post Office. Possession required 1st October, or soon after

Apply by letter, stating terms, to
D. C. L., Box 5 Ottawa P. O.
Ottawa, Sept. 13th, 1871. 1767.

PRIVATE BOARD WANTED

In Upper Town by a Gentleman and his Wife. Apply by letter addressed

1761- U., Times Office.

NOTICE.

An excellent CELLAR to let. Large, and entrance on level with the street. Apply to

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer,
Ottawa, Sept. 13, 1871. 1767-tf

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

1766-6m D. WILKINSON, Proprietor

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested to settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA

Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's.

R. JOBIN, Manufacturer.

1737tf

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the busines at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale o Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown, now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment," and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

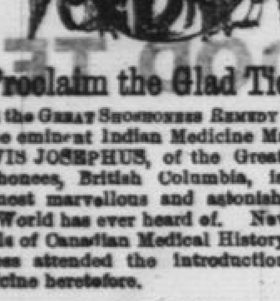
I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY,
553, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand),
London, W. C., Sept. 1, 1871. 39 6m



Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the GREAT SHOSHONEES REMEDY AND PILLS, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY?

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Socotrine Aloes, Capsicum, &c., &c.,) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching curative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Pint Bottles ..$1 00
Pills per Box 25

TWO VALUABLE FARMS

FOR SALE!

The following Valuable Farm situated on the banks of the Rideau about one mile and a half from Ottawa, the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq., and known as the South West half of Lot 14 on the Rideau River in the Gore of Gloucester. It is all cleared and in the highest state of cultivation; well watered; first-class brick building with seven rooms, and substantial barns, sheds, &c., thereon; also, an excellent orchard and garden. Beautifully situated and commanding a fine view of the City, Parliament Buildings, and surrounding country; contains about 100 acres.

ALSO

Lot No 16, in the Seventh Concession of Gloucester, Ottawa Front (the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq.), 8 miles from Ottawa and 2 miles from Taylorsville. Contains 200 acres, principally covered with timber.

For particulars and terms apply to DANIEL McLAURIN, Esq., of Osgoode, JAMES SEVERIGHT, Esq., of Gloucester, Trustees, or to

HAMNETT P. HILL,
Solicitor, &c.,
34tf Post Office Block, Ottawa.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

8 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

FRED. T. PALMER,

Commission and Lumbermen's Agent, Rideau Street, (entrance O'Meara's Gateway.)

Particular attention will be given to hiring men, teams, &c., and all transactions with the Crown Land and Timber Office.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:
R Noel, Esq. | Wm Mackey, Esq
Allan ... | E McGillivray, Esq.
Ottawa, Sept 1, 1871. 1746t

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Picton, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Picton, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m, and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

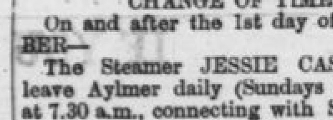
S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Picton, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Picton, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Picton with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Picton, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.
HERRICK & CROMBIE.
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.
May 20, 1871 2670tf



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the 1st day of SEPTEMBER—

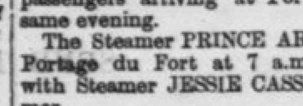
The Steamer JESSIE CASSELS will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 7.30 a.m., connecting with Steamers of the Line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The Steamer PONTIAC leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted), at 1 p.m., for Des Joachim; returning—leaving at 6 a.m., connecting with Steamer JASON GOULD, which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 p.m., passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The Steamer PRINCE ARTHUR leaves Portage du Fort at 7 a.m., connecting with Steamer JESSIE CASSELS for Aylmer.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip, at 1 30 p.m., and down trip at 9 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, August 28th, 1871.

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER

NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL

STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B —Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1736tf

A RARE CHANCE.

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FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

NOTICE.

Wanted immediately, for School Section No. 3 and 10, of North and South Plantagenet, A MALE TEACHER, holding a second class certificate. Application may be made to the undersigned Trustees, stating amount of salary per annum.

CHARLES FARRELL,
MAURICE SHANE,
THOMAS BROWNRIGG.
Pendleton 11th, September, 1871. 38 4

EMIGRATION

TO THE

UNITED STATES.

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or sixpence. Correspondence solicited. Address A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1774 2

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonising pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic "Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for "Medical Purposes are of great importance to "Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled "to the consideration and support of every "one disposed to further the advancement of "real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies.

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgic, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantral Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c. &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.
Ottawa, September 8, 1870 1455 lawky

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N.B.—Manuscript copied.
Ottawa, May 18. 1871 1669tf

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UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

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Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1669tf

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE			MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY		
A.M	A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
...	11 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	...	4.20
.....	11 45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	...	4.20
......	......	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U. S.	8.00	...	7.30
......	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	...	7.30
10.15	11.45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00	...	4.20
10.15	11.45	....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	...	4.20
10.15	......	......	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	8.00	...	4.20
10.15	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c	......	...	4.20
9 20		4:30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	...	1.30
9 20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	......	...	1 30
10.30 / 5.30		4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage / Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c	8.00	11.00	7.00
6.15	......		Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	......		7.00
7.30	......	...	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00		
6.00	......		Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and Intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	......	...	6.00
11.30	......		Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30		

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via NewYork close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.00 noon, in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

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Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

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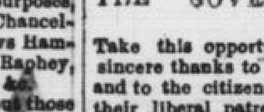
For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, Sept. 14 1871.

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS



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HIS EXCELLENCY

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Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

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One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.
Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

FOR SALE.

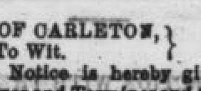
BRAE SIDE STEAM SAW MILL,

Situated near Arnprior, Province of Ontario, and extensive Timber Limits on the River Coulonge, Province of Quebec.

The Mill has just been completed, and is most substantially built and fitted with the most improved Machinery, and can manufacture 140,000 feet of lumber per day. It has an extensive piling ground attached to it. Being placed where the Brockville Railway runs beside the Ottawa River, the lumber manufactured by it may be sent direct to the United States market. The limits comprise about 280 square miles of valuable Pine Timber country, with two extensive and productive Farms, and having commodious Dwelling Houses, Storehouses and Stables erected on them. They are also supplied with a large stock of provisions, horse feed and shanty plant for next season's operations

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be had by applying to J. B. Lewis, Esq, Barrister, Ottawa, or from Mr. George Purvis at the offices of the Mills.

Ottawa, July 28, 1871. 1729 d&w4 1awk



NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON,
To Wit.

Public Notice is hereby given that the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, and of Assize and Nisi Prius, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the NINTH day of OCTOBER, at the hour of Ten o'clock a.m., of which all Coroners, Magistrates, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned, are required to take notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. F. POWELL.
Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Ottawa,
Sept. 15, 1871. 1770-tf.

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

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The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

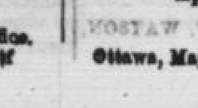
Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged.
Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

For Sale or to Let.

NOTICE.

TO LET, a Large OFFICE and THREE BEDROOMS well situated in the Aumond Block, west, end Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, July 11th, 1871. 1813 tf



HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.
Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1667tf

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain,
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS &Co.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur-, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866, besides numerous Testimonials. *Agents for Ottawa*—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

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ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, Agent.
Times Office, Ottawa.

Medical.

SEEDS! SEEDS.

The Subscribers have received a full Stock o

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

A. CHRISTIE & CO.
(Late Alex. Christie.)
Druggists,
40, Sparks-s
Ottawa April 28, 1871

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CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING
TEETH & GUMS
PREVENTING TOOTHACHE
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL
PARTS OF THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY
MESSRS GABRIEL
DENTISTS
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	"SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa,
May 11 1871.

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Pistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Drggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont,
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522M

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked; never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 26, 1870 1527y

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager.
Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chandiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treament of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherston's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

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Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
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J. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House. Ottawa.

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT,
NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MARCIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetrau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.

Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into is practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
J. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET,

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the ST. JAMES HOTEL.

Strict attention to business.

Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

Miscellaneous.

G. C. RAINBOTH,

Provincial Land Surveyor and Draughtsman, commissioned for the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.

Office: Aylmer, P. Q. 1782 tf

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANE.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R.R. 740

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1860.

WM. H. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

T G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

1871. ICE 1871.

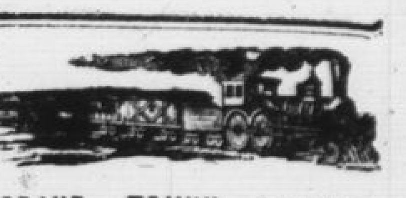
ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G, Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street,
Ottawa, May 1649d



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed.

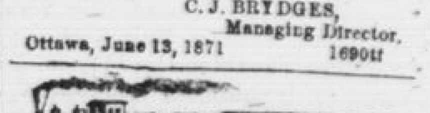
Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at	6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at	9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at	9.00 p.m
Mixed Train for Brockville, at	11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at	5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at	7.00 a m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at	8 30 a m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at	2.00 p m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston	10.30 p m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON
Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.
May 31, 1871. 1680tf

DOMINION HOUSE

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel
Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 6m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St, James-st.,
Montreal, Q.
P. O. Box 725.
Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,
November 26, 1870 1524tf

MORRISON'S

STEAM BISCUIT BAKERY

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your Orders are solicited, and will be PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO by

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,

Nos. 36 and 38 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

TANNERY,

PARK STREET, OTTAWA.

EDMOND GERMAIN, Proprietor.

All kinds of LEATHER for Sale, Wholesale, at reasonable prices.

ALSO,

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE,

Of his own manufacture, at REDUCED PRICES.

19th August, 1871. 1746tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre), Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1782. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Destillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc. Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal

1685 3m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily),
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks.

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

HATS HATS! HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

is now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL, Solicitor,

1746b Post O Block.

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

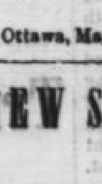
In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,

1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.



100 CASES

HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT

"THE RED BOOT,"

OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overs,

MOCCASINS,

Laces & Boot Dressing

Which will be sold at the very lowest price possible,

Wholesale and Retail.

City and country dealers will find (on giving us a call) that they can be supplied at

Montreal Prices—Freight Added.

Having received a good part of our

Fall and Winter Goods

We are prepared to EXECUTE PROMPTLY all orders.

All summer goods selling at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Orders for Hand Made Custom Work attended to promptly.

A full sett of

Messrs. Ames, Millard & Co's Samples

of BOOTS and SHOES, always on view, and orders taken at lowest prices. One of our firm will wait on the merchants of Ottawa City and District soliciting orders.

Agents for wholesaling of Wm. Clendinneng's manufacture of *Stoves, Iron-furniture, Railings, Builders* and all kinds of *Plain and Fancy Castings.*

Agents for the celebrated

Plantagenet Mineral Water.

Orders promptly attended to.

LAMB & RODDEN,

No. 28, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, July 20, 1871.

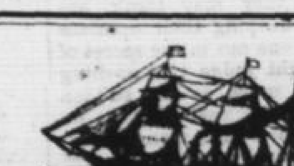
BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE, at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 33 Sussex Street, Ottawa.

1738 tNY SIMEON LEBEAU, Agent.



LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871. 1871.

The following first-class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES.....J. James "
NIGER.....W. Nisbett "
SEVERN.....G. Butchart "

Are intended to Sail, as under, during the Season of 1871, between

LONDON,

QUEBEC and MONTREAL.

FROM LONDON.

MEDWAY...Thursday, 10th August.
THAMES.... " 24th "
NIGER..... " 7th Sept.
SEVERN..... " 21st "
MEDWAY.... " 5th Oct.
THAMES..... " 19th "

AND FROM QUEBEC.

NIGER.....Thursday, 10th August.
SEVERN.... " 24th "
MEDWAY... " 7th Sept.
THAMES.... " 21st "
NIGER..... " 5th Oct.
SEVERN.... " 19th "
MEDWAY.... " 2nd Nov.
THAMES.... " 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $6 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW, Montreal.

or

T. M. CLARKE, Royal Insurance Co.'s Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, June 13th. 1760y

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL..........$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over..... 4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over..... 9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND.......... 6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

All descriptions of property insured at moderate rates.

Tables of rates for Life Assurance and all information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

T. M. CLARKE, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. SUMMER SERVICE. 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

NESTORIAN..........26th August.
SCANDINAVIAN......2nd September
HIBERNIAN..........9th "
MORAVIAN..........15th "
SARMATIAN..........23rd "
PRUSSIAN..........30th "

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin..........$70 to $80
Steerage..........$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN, on or about...31st Aug.
OTTAWA " ....7th Sept.
ST. DAVID " ....14th "
ST. ANDREW " ....21st "
ST. PATRICK " ....28th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin..........$67 25
Intermediate..........$47 or 44 00
Steerage..........28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO., Agents, 17 Sparks-

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths, Doeskins, Casimeres, English and Canadian Tweeds, Linens, Prints, Cottons, Dress Goods, &c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats, Pants, Vests, Shirts, Drawers, Under Shirts, &c., &c.

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery, Neckties, Scarfs, Handkerchiefs, Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 Rideau street.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid Steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.

Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.

Hay Rakes, straight and bent,

Scythe Stones, &c. &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

All ground ready for use.

THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24 Rideau street, Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

OAKEY'S

SILVERSMITHS SOAP

NON-MERCURIAL

For cleaning and polishing Silver, Electro-Plate, Plate Glass, &c. Tablets, 6d. each.

OAKEY'S

WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

prepared expressly for the Patent Knife Cleaning machines, India Rubber and Buff Leather Knife Boards. Knives constantly cleaned with it have a brilliant polish equal to new cutlery. Packets, 3d. each; and tins, 6d., 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s. each.

OAKEYS

INDIA RUBBER KNIFE BOARDS

Prevent friction in cleaning and injury to the knife. Oakey's Wellington Knife Polish should be used with the Boards.

OAKEY'S

WELLINGTON BLACK LEAD

In solid blocks—1d., 2d., 4d., and 1s. each.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS

MANUFACTURERS OF

EMERY, EMERY CLOTH, BLACK LEAD, CABINET GLASS PAPER &c.

WELLINGTON EMERY & BLACK LEAD MILLS

172. BLACKFRIARS ROAD LONDON.

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

OF THE

AGRICULTURAL & ARTS ASSOCIATION

OF ONTARIO,

To be held at Kingston,

On the 25th to 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Persons intending to exhibit will please take notice that the Entries of articles in the respective classes must be made with the Secretary, at Toronto, on or before the undermentioned dates, viz:

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements, on or before Saturday, August 26th.

Grain, Field Roots, and other Farm Products, Machinery and Manufactures generally, on or before Saturday, September 2nd.

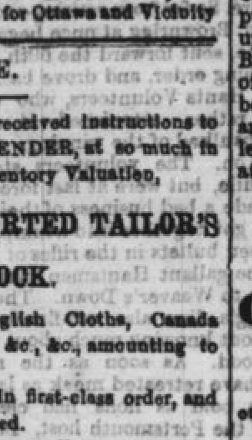
Horticultural Products, Ladies' Work, the Fine Arts, &c., on or before Saturday, September 16th.

Prize Lists and Blank Forms for making the entries upon, can be obtained of the Secretaries of all Agricultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes throughout the Province.

HUGH C. THOMSON,

Sec'y Agricultural and Arts Associatio

Toonto, August 15, 1871. 1745-d&w



THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex street, and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

RARE CHANCE.

The advertiser has received instructions to offer for SALE, by TENDER, at so much in the Dollar, as per Inventory Valuation,

A WELL ASSORTED TAILOR'S STOCK.

Consisting of English Cloths, Canada Tweeds, Trimmings, &c., &c., amounting to over $4,000.

The Goods are all in first-class order, and have been well selected.

The above offers an excellent opportunity to any one about to commence business, as the goodwill can be secured.

Every information may be had by addressing Box 468, Montreal, and Stock Sheets can be seen on application to the undersigned.

Tenders will be received until the 26th instant. Parties making other than a CASH offer, will please name security.

C. BAILLIE, 161 St. James' Street.

Montreal, August 5th, 1871 1719t A

WANTED,

A good Carriage and Sleigh Maker, and Blacksmith, at Kinburn, Township of Fitzroy. A good business chance for both, with shop accommodations. Steady and good workmen only need apply.

ALLAN FRASER.

Kinburn, 2nd August 1871. 1732tf

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from WEDNESDAY, 15th SEPT. Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 12:30 P.M
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 4:00 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6 45 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No. 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4 40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 P.M

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 6:30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.25 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

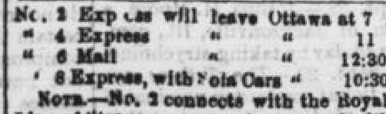
Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, tawa

R. LUTTRELL, Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa Sept 9th, 1871



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 25th SEPTEMBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.

Local Train at 1:40 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 4:10 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 8:10 p.m., and at Sand Point at 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 5:20 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m., 7:18 p.m., 9:00 p.m.

LEAVE SAND POINT—5:30 a.m., 9:10 a.m., 4:30 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT, Manager.

Brockville, Sept. 26, 1871. 1761-y

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the BROCKVILLE and OTTAWA RAILWAY will be held at BROCKVILLE on the 10th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon a lease of the section of the said Railway lying between CARLETON PLACE and SAND POINT to the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun., Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758 d

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

A Meeting of the Shareholders of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY will be held at OTTAWA on the 11th day of OCTOBER, at Two o'clock P.M., for the purpose of considering and determining upon the accepting of a lease from the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company of that section of their Railway lying between Carleton Place and Sand Point, and of authorizing the execution of such lease upon such terms as shall be approved at such meeting.

GEORGE LOWE, Jun., Secretary.

Brockville, 1st Sept., 1871. 1758

COUNTY OF CARLETON

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Annual Exhibition will take place on

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,

5th and 6th October,

at Bell's Corners, Nepean.

All SUBSCRIPTIONS should be paid before 1st September.

ENTRIES to be made before 3rd October.

PRIZE LISTS now ready and may be had from the Secretary at Ottawa, or at the different hotels, Bell's Corners.

A S WOODBURN, Secy-Treas.

35 S

SALE OF PROPERTY.

In virtue of the Power of a Bond or Deed, DUNCAN McGREGOR, the older, held from DUNCAN McGREGOR, the younger, both inhabitants of Huntley, do hereby offer for sale, by Public Auction, on the ground, the East Half of the West part of Lot No. 1, in the Twelfth Concession of Huntley, containing 50 acres, more or less. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, on MONDAY, 16th OCTOBER 1871.

Sept 14, 1871. D McGREGOR.

BY-LAW

To raise by way of loan the sum of fifty thousand dollars for the purpose of building bridges across the Rideau Canal, repairing the Sappers' Bridge, and building a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats, in the City of Ottawa.

Whereas the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa have resolved to build bridges across the Rideau Canal, at Wellington and Maria Streets, in the City of Ottawa, to repair the Sappers' Bridge already erected across the said Canal, connecting Sparks and Rideau Streets, and also to build a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats; and it is estimated that the sum of fifty thousand dollars will be required for that purpose.

And whereas in order to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such works, it is necessary to issue debentures of the Corporation of the said City, to the amount of fifty thousand dollars, aforesaid, as hereinafter provided.

And whereas it will require the sum of five thousand five hundred dollars to be raised annually for the payment of the said debentures and the interest thereon, as hereinafter also provided.

And whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is five million seven hundred and sixty-eight thousand three hundred and nine dollars.

And whereas the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows: Principal, the sum of three hundred and two thousand eight hundred and eight dollars and fifty-one cents; and interest, the sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents, making in the aggregate the sum of three hundred and fifty-eight thousand four hundred and sixty-two dollars and sixty-seven cents, of which interest the said sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts is in arrear.

And whereas for paying the interest on the said debentures and creating an equal yearly sinking fund, for paying the principal money of the said debentures, according to the statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

Be it therefore enacted and ordained by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:—

1. That for the purpose of constructing the said works, it shall be lawful for the Mayor, for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan, from any person or persons, body or bodies coporate who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of fifty thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain, for the time being of the said City, and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

2. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa, for the time being, shall cause debentures to be made out, in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of fifty thousand dollars; which said debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

3. The said debentures shall be made payable on the first day of January, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa, and shall have coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum, from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half yearly, on the first day of the months of January and July in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

For the purpose of providing a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar shall, in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected, in each year upon all the rateable property in the city of Ottawa, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the first day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one.

And Whereas this By-law requires the assent of the electors of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said electors thereon, the Council of the Corporation of the said city, do hereby fix Tuesday the seventeenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned, in the said City, being the places at which the last elections of the members of the Council therein were held: namely, in Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke, therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward, at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine o'clock of the same day.

And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers, to take such votes at and for the several places, within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

TAKE NOTICE.

That the above is a true copy of a proposed By-law, which will be taken into consideration by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, after one month from the first publication thereof in the OTTAWA TIMES newspaper, the date of which first publication was the twenty second day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, and that the votes of the electors of the said Municipality will be taken thereon, at the following places within the City of Ottawa, namely: In and for Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street, in Victoria Ward. In and for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street; and for that part of the said last mentioned Ward, lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In and for St. George's Ward, at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In and for By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street; and in and for Ottawa Ward, at Lot No. eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street, on Tuesday the seventeenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, at the hour of nine of the clock, in the fornoon of the same day.

W. P. LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, Sept. 23, 1871. 1776 1m

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XLIV.

WHAT WAS THE MATTER?

"Why did you not bring him on here?" said Mr. Alton.

"Because I had not the slightest wish for him to come," was the reply, "and because I desire when I knew he was alive to see St. John with as little delay as possible."

"I am going to London to-morrow," remarked Mr. Alton, thoughtfully, "and I think I shall call in Golden Square."

"I wish you would," his son-in-law said eagerly, "and tell them I have not the slightest intention of prosecuting my claims. If there were any likelihood of the two thousand pounds being forthcoming, I should like to settle that large fortune on Joy. With economy the interest may suffice to pay for Harry's fine feathers."

"What a story teller you are," cried Joy; "it is not I, but papa, who spoils the child; and I do not want the money, and I won't have it."

"You were crying for the moon a little while ago," her husband remarked, "and I suppose that is the reason you now refuse a slice of earth."

"I was not crying for the moon, sir; I was crying because I had set my heart on going to Lovell's Court, and being welcomed by the tenant's and driving under garlands of flowers, and hearing you make a speech. There, that was all; papa knew I never could bear being disappointed in my life; that was why he let me marry you; but I do not mind now, I do not indeed; and though I can not understand why you should be so, I am thankful to see you happier and more contented than you were before this man came over."

"My darling," the man answered—and Mr. Alton could not avoid noticing how his voice quivered—"the suspense was killing me."

"In what way?" she asked, marvelling.

"I never longed for anything in this world before, except your love, as I longed to possess Lovell's Court."

"And yet you are not disappointed?" said his father-in law.

"Yes, I am," was the answer; "how sorely, you can not imagine, but the uncertainty is ended; I know there is no use in harrassing myself about the affair any more."

"It is a strange thing," observed Mr. Alton, "but I never thought you really wished to become the owner of that place."

"Then you were mistaken; I could not take the man's inheritance, knowing of his existence; but I declare to you, had the Australian brought news of his death, instead of the heir in person, it would have been the happiest day of my life."

"Now, I call that excessively wicked," interposed Joy. "I am dreadfully disgusted at having all my hopes disappointed, but I could not wish the inopportune creature dead notwithstanding."

"I am glad the matter is settled, at all events," said her husband, repeating a former statement in different words.

"Do you know I am afraid I have been misjudging you all through this business?" Mr. Alton began, after a slight pause. "I fancied"

"You did not misjudge me, I think," interposed his son-in-law hurriedly; "at all events I am sure you would never do so intentionally," and thus the matter ended; and Mr. Alton, going to London, called on Messrs. St. John and Henry, and had a long talk with the elder partner, who having, on consideration, decided to say nothing about Andrew's antecedents, assured him Mr. Hardell's conduct throughout the whole affair had been beyond praise.

"But for him this man would never have known he was the next heir. Some few years since there were so many relatives waiting to inherit Lovell's Court, that it is a thousand chances to one a person in Australia might never have known of their their decease. The present owner admits this himself, and speaks in the highest terms of your son-in-law's straightforwardness. I must tell you candidly, we were a little nettled at our client's reserve, but we now think he imagined he was acting rightly in withholding some unpleasant particulars until this gentleman's arrival."

"Then he is a gentleman?" inquired Mr. Alton.

"Yes, but not a very straightforward one, I should say," was the answer. "We have undertaken his business, and agreed to be his solicitors, and therefore I am scarcely right, perhaps, in remarking that this Mr. Anthony Hardell is not at all to my taste."

"And is his name Anthony also?" asked Mr. Alton.

"Yes it seems to have been a favorite in the family."

"How very singular!"

"Not at all; we have to do with a property now in which nine Julias are interested."

"In what way do you distinguish one from the other?"

"Oh! we add the names of their husbands to those who are married, and the spinsters, happily, have some second appellation, as Julia Louise, Julia Constance, and so forth; in fact, to exhaust the matter, the world is too full of people, and it is impossible to find fresh names for them all. Fresh combinations must be exhausted in another generation, and then lawyers will have to fall back on numerals. There could scarcely be more than ten of the same Christian name in any single family, I should hope, even in another hundred years."

"This man has no children?" observed Mr. Alton.

"No, and has been married many years; so I hope your grandson may have Lovell's Court yet."

"You seem to take a kindly interest in my son-in-law and grandson," said Mr. Alton, pleased almost, in spite of himself, at the lawyer's altered tone.

"I am immensely interested in your son-in-law, Mr. Alton," answered Mr. St. John with emphasis; "all the more, perhaps, because I once did him an injustice."

"Well, do you know, so did I," confessed the other.

"I wish you understood him as well as I do now," said Mr. St. John; "I think you would never misjudge him again."

"I do not believe I shall;" and the man who had laboured under such grievous fears brightened up, and looked younger by ten years than Mr. St. John remembered him six months before.

"Now, shall I make a clean breast of it, and tell him everything," thought the lawyer, "or shall I not?" but even while he was deliberating, Mr. Alton, mistaking his silence for a hint that the time of London man is valuable rose, and saying he feared he had detained him from his business too long, took his departure.

"Another moment, and I should have broken the ice," mused Mr. St. John; "but perhaps it is as well; in which conclusion, notwithstanding his long acquaintance with men and things, he chanced to be mistaken. Since, after all, it is always a comfort to reflect that, what will come, every one who had a right to know anything knows it, and that no good natured friend or sneaking enemy can point a moral to greater advantage, or adorn a tale with more truthful embellishments, than has already been done by yourself—or some one in your confidence.

To be continued.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

IMMORTALITY.

Shall we seek to make real to our hearts the joy and the promise of that waiting home? Consider, then, that all the truth, all the life of this present world, is of the spirit. You loved your friend. What was it you loved in him? It was his love, his nobleness, his aspiration, his self-forgetfulness. These were of the spirit. The outward presence that you rejoiced in was but the revelation of the spirit. It was this that looked from the eyes, and smiled though the lips, and uttered itself in the voice. Thus, when this outward presence perished, the friend remained, the love loved on; though the body's lips are hushed the soul can still utter itself to soul. Nay, we may believe that after the body's death, there is often a closer union between soul and soul than when each could only half express itself through the poor medium of the flesh. And what this outer presence was to your friend, that is the universe to God; it is His glory that flashes from the heavens; the strength of the hills is His strength; the beauty of the flower is His beauty; the love of all spirits is His love. What, then that is dear and precious to us will be lost, though the heavens should be rolled together as a scroll, and all the visible forms of things should perish? This outward world is only the hint of the spiritual world—a veil that half reveals and half conceals its glory. Whatever is highest here, that is the truest. Thus we look forward and upward,

"Knowing that what is excellent,
As God lives, is permanent."

If we would form a picture of the heavenly life, we have then only to take what is most divine in the earthly life. The gladness of thought, the communion of love, the blessedness of service, the ecstacy of worship, the contemplation of the divine—these are of the spirit and partake of its eternity. The contemplation of the divine—the words may sound cold and meaningless; but if it be true, as was just affirmed, that whatever thrills us in the grandeur and beauty of the earth is only a hint of the presence of God, what joy must come from the ever higher and higher manifestation of his presence!

MISCELLANEOUS.

President Grant has secured 17 stalls on the St. Louis Fair grounds for exhibition of some fine stock from his farm.

"Strip me of the robes of pride, clothe me with humility," were the words sung by a Louisville choir as a lady, whose dress was white satin and point lace, with a long train carried by a page, passed up the aisle.

Musical geniuses are proverbially sensitive, When Franz Liszt last played on the piano at the Vatican the Pope fell asleep during one of the composer's *fantaies,* which so enraged the vain Hungarian that he quitted Rome, and now swears that he will never return while Pio Nono stays there.

A new felt skirt for a winter Balmoral is called the royal batswing. It is as soft as ladies cloth, yet thick and warm; is seamless, but far wider than the felt skirts of two years ago. It is of Australian wool, manufactured in England; and is of such choice colors and designs that it might well serve for a skirt of a costume.

A thief, of the Mawworm type, said to a judge on circuit quite confidingly, "My Lord, I really assure you I committed the theft in a weak moment; quite, indeed, against my own will, my lord, quite." "Oh! very well," said his lordship; "it is only right you should have no cause for complaint. The offence will be met in a proper spirit. As you committed the act against your own will, you will be punished against your own will."

One of the most thin skinned of mortals is George Augustus Sala, who has done a large amount of the sensationalism for the London *Daily Telegraph.* He is not particular regarding the feelings of other men so long as he can make a point, but if you prick himself he will bleed. The publishers of Bret Harte's condensed novels are to be the victims of a suit for libel, on account of a parody of Sala's style. The deadly injury has been caused by the condensation, for if there is one thing George hates more than another, it is being boiled down.

In October the Emperors of Austria and Prussia meet again, and this time in the domains of the former, at Coblentz, on the Rhine. Wilhelm will doubtless lead his Austrian guest over the impregnable masonry of Ehrenbreitstein, and chuckle over the envy on Franz Joseph's face; and while they stand there we will tell them a little story. Many years ago a Prussian King stood on the walls of the same fortress, striving also to wake envy in a royal guest. Failing in his attempt, he called one of his body guard to the edge of the battlement that overhung a precipice and bade him jump. The man leapt into eternity with a smile.

We commend the following figures to those who are always lamenting that the "balance of trade" is against Canada. Upon their theory Great Britain must be losing by so much every year, as is represented by the excess of imports. Yet, strange to say, that country is growing richer every year, and has always large amounts of capital to invest in foreign enterprises. By the balance of trade theory the facts are inexplicable. The following are figures for a few years back, which may be sufficient as an example:—

	Imports.	Exports.	Excess of Imports.
1870...	£313,000,000	£249,000,000	£54,000,000
1869...	295,000,000	237,000,000	58,000,000
1868...	294,000,000	228,000,000	66,000,000
1867...	275,000,000	226,000,000	49,000,000
1866...	295,000,000	239,000,000	56,000,000

Four hundred years ago there was a *cause celebre* in France, which, like the Tichborne case in England, divided public opinion while the trial lasted, though cleared up at last. A French woman who had been deserted by her husband, Martin Guerre, received him again, as she supposed, after an absence of eight years and it was not until she had lived with him three years and borne two children that she made up her mind that he was one Arnaud who had taken possession of herself and property. We read that in the trial which followed, one hundred and fifty witnesses were examined; a large number, including the family of Martin, swore positively to the identity, recognizing him by his voice, manner, appearance, and perfect knowledge of the family history. The real Martin had a crooked finger nail, two scars under his eye-brow, the left eye bloodshot and certain warts, etc., all which peculiarities the accused possessed. Quite as much contrary evidence was, however, adduced, and, to increase the perplexity of the situation, another man suddenly appeared, declaring himself to be the real Martin. This one, however, had a wooden leg, and his answers were not so clear as those of No. 1. He was, indeed, quite confused when confronted with the rival claimant, who browbeat him and charged him with being an imposter. And yet Wooden-leg was the genuine article, and succeeded in proving it. He had lost his leg in battle, and Arnaud, who had been his companion, had wormed out all the family secrets and turned them to his own account.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The *Civil Service Gazette,* remarks, —"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills.' Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinlined packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homoeopathic Chemists, London. d1509 1y

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Cedar Posts Wanted—St. L & O Railway.
Notice to Contractors—J Howard.

The Ottawa Times.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1871.

☞ For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Dr. Schultz, M. P. of Manitoba, is in Montreal.

The Governor General is expected here this morning.

The Provincial Exhibition for 1872 is to be at Hamilton. Once again Ottawa is "left out in the cold."

Messrs. J. B. Anderson and A. Anderson, the former a brother and the latter a son of the late well known Sir James Anderson, Lord Provost of Glasgow, were at the Russell House on Friday. They leave this morning on a tour through Canada and the States.

We trust that the Earl of Derby will have the gratification of reading the numerous obituary notices with which our Nova Scotia contemporaries have favoured him under the mistaken impression that he was dead. Men of Lord Derby's stamp who appreciate the value and importance of Britain's Colonial Empire, are sure to be respected in Canada while living, and regretfully remembered when dead.

At the Provincial Exhibition at Kingston this year there were 6,378 entries; at the Western Fair in London though going on at the same time as the Provincial Fair the entries numbered 6,600; so that there were about 13,000 entries at the two exhibitions. At the New York State Fair held at Rochester this week there were 4,000 entries, and the Rochester papers speak of its being an extraordinary success. It is evident that the Americans are "no where" as compared with the Canadians in the matter of State Fairs.

There does not appear to be much opportunity for indulging in Capuan luxury in the Autumn camps of instruction in England. A correspondent of the London *Daily News* describes the son of a Duke with upturned sleeves trying to cook a rasher of bacon on a coke fire on the tail-board of a forge cart, whilst another officer blew the bellows. An officer's servant busy with a frying pan, skewers with a fork a piece of meat remotely resembling a beef steak, which he bears to his master, who receives it on a slice of bread, and with a clasp knife cuts up the double stratum, much as a hungry shantyman would do, the same officer at his club being not improbably one of those who would have the cook up if there were too much pepper in his ragout.

What would the two or three among our Volunteers who made such a fuss because they could not obtain enough butter while they were in camp at Prescott, say to this?

When the leading organ of the Opposition is desirous of making a point against any member of the Cabinet, it does not often attempt much in the way of argument, but contents itself very frequently either with speaking of him in a slangy disrespectful manner, or, if its wrath is very hot against him, it calls him a "resuscitated mummy". Thus in speaking of the Immigration policy of the Government, the Minister of Agriculture is referred to as "Kit Dunkin". We do not suppose that Mr. Dunkin cares much about this, or that he will sink in public estimation because the *Globe*, instead of conducting itself as a respectable journal should do, imitates the coarse and vulgar style of a Western newspaper. What is still more reprehensible and thoroughly unfair, is the effort it makes to induce the people of Canada to condemn the Government's Immigration policy in advance. We are quite sure however that the public will not be inclined to do so, that they will wait until that policy is announced, and then judge it by its merits.

MILITIA RATIONS.

We have received a letter from a Volunteer complaining because he and his companions could not get fresh milk and butter with their rations at the Prescott Camp. The fact is complaints of this kind arise in consequence of the intention of the Militia training camps being misunderstood. The men go there, not for a picnic, but to obtain some experience of active service in the field, and the nearer their mode of life approaches to what it would be in war time the better. We do not hear that the English militiamen, now encamped in Surrey, complain of their rations, yet instead of 1½lb. of bread which our soldiers get, the English are only allowed 1lb., and a smaller portion of meat, tea, &c. Neither butter or milk are included in the English rations.

RALLY.

Yesterday a large meeting of the members of the party of Progress was held in the town of Brantford, the object of which was to initiate steps for the thorough organization of the party in the county of Brant. We are glad to learn this, and shall be rejoiced to hear that meetings of the same kind have been held throughout the country. There is too much disposition on the part of many Progressionists to rely entirely upon the justice of their cause and to neglect organization. It must not be forgotten however, that we have a wily and unscrupulous foe to fight against, who will resort without hesitation to every trick and misrepresentation in order to obtain a victory. The future progress and prosperity of the country depends in a great measure upon our defeating the Grits at the polls next year. If they and their motley crew of allies were to attain to office, what hope of wise and good government could there be under such a "coalition" as would then have to be formed. The issue at stake is too important to be left to chance, and therefore we say to all the friends of Progress everywhere, to every man who loves Canada, "RALLY against the Grits!"

THE QUEEN.

Although we trust that the Queen is not in that precarious state of health which some of the telegrams received *via* New York would lead us to believe, we fear there is no doubt that Her Majesty is in anything but a satisfactory condition. The shock which her system received ten years ago, when the husband who she loved so dearly was so suddenly taken from her, has never been recovered, and although she has struggled bravely and successfully to perform the most important duties of Her station, only refraining from the discharge of those which could with propriety be delegated to others, there is no doubt that she has suffered much, both mentally and physically. The London *Times* which in the interests of the West End shopkeepers has thought proper on more than one occasion to reprove the Queen for not indulging in more gaiety, is now full of remorse, and has suddenly discovered that Her Majesty has been suffering from a long and painful illness. We presume this may be accepted as an indication that the people of Great Britain are filled with sympathy and sorrow for their monarch's illness. The *Times* never forms public opinion in England to any extent but always manages to follow it very closely. So when the "Thunderer" acknowledges indirectly that it has erred in finding fault with the Queen for her retirement, we may rely upon it that the public generally are of the same opinion, and that the fact of Her Majesty's life having been in danger, has proved to the people of Great Britain how precious she is to them, and how ill they could afford to part with Her whose virtues have been the pride and glory of all her subjects. From the latest accounts we are led to hope that the crisis is past, and that in the course of a few months the Queen will be restored to health. If the hopes and prayers of Her Canadian subjects are fulfilled such will most assuredly b the case. We notice that Bradlaugh, the well known atheist and communist, whose writings are, perhaps, unsurpassed as specimens of blasphemy and scurrility, is speculating on the results of the Queen's death, and has announced himself as the first President of the English Republic! England's sun would be set indeed, and her cup of humiliation filled to the brim, if a ruffian of this description were to have anything to do with the controlling of her destinies.

"THE WISH FATHER TO THE THOUGHT."

The *Globe's* veracious correspondent in this city has reported to his principals that owing to "the infirmities of age" having been exhibited by Sir Francis Hincks, "there is a general impression "in official circles that his successor will "soon have to be named." It is but a few weeks since on the same authority it was alleged that Sir Francis was about to resign office on private grounds, and we have little doubt that some other equally correct rumour will ere long emanate from the same source. For a wonder "our own correspondent" learned just enough of truth to enable him to concoct a *canard* of the most unfeeling kind. The *Globe* and its correspondents have, one might suppose no friends, and may be unable to comprehend that such malicious falsehoods as that which we have noticed are calculated to cause alarm and distress to the relations and friends of Sir F. Hincks. But what cares the *Globe* for the feelings of others if it can wound a political opponent? The fact is that Sir Francis Hincks has had an attack of influenza, which has not prevented him from transacting his regular business, though he has deemed it prudent to remain in the house for two or three days. He is otherwise in his usual health, and unceasing in his attention to his official duties.

THE LATE COLONEL BOOKER.

All the Montreal papers have a kindly notice of this gentleman's death. The *Gazette's* remarks we have already published. The *Daily News* says:

Although but a short time in Montreal, having come to this city from Hamilton only four years ago, the amiable and obliging disposition of the deceased, his social virtues and his strict integrity secured to him warm and sincere friends.

The *Herald* says:

The death of Col. Booker will cause much sorrow among a large circle of friends by whom his worth was highly appreciated. The deceased gentleman was an Englishman, born at Nottingham in 1824; but he had resided in Canada since 1842, in which year he came to this country with his father, the Rev. Mr. Booker, a Baptist clergyman, who was unfortunately killed by the fatal railway accident which occurred some years ago at the bridge over the Desjardin's Canal. Shortly after settling in Hamilton, Mr. Booker organised a battery of artillery which he equipped at his own expense, and by his constant application to drill and his devotion to the volunteer cause, he succeeded in having under his command the best drilled corps in the Province. That this is no mere partial and friendly statement is sufficiently proved by the well-deserved thanks he received on several occasions, and the approbation conveyed to him in reports and general orders.

The *Star* in referring to the deceased gentleman's connection with the Ridgeway campaign, says;—

It will be remembered that Colonel Booker had to meet the Fenians with the volunteers under his command upon the occasion of the first raid into Canada at Ridgeway. He and his men acted with undaunted courage, and fell into a trap laid for them by the Fenian leaders, who, by means of a feigned retreat, drew the brave volunteers from their impromptu fortification, and then slaughtered them from masked rifle stations. Colonel Peacock, of the 16th Foot, by some misarrangement never came to the aid of the volunteers until they had driven the invaders off at a great sacrifice of life; and Colonel Booker was most unjustly censured for the loss of life which ensued.

THE LATE STORMS IN THE WEST INDIES.

A general statement has been received of the effects of the recent storms on the Bahamas. The gale—or a succession of gales—was terrific, the storm shifting from the northeast to the southeast. The whole coasts of the islands are strewn with wrecks, from which much valuable property and many lives have been destroyed. Sweeping through the island of Abaco the storm completely divided it into two islands, carrying with its violence a large number of the inhabitants who have been victims of its fury. A large amount of property was also carried away as by the besom of destruction, and probably buried in the sea. The ripe fruit crop of the various islands composing the group has been entirely swept away, and it was found impossible to get a cargo. Nothing remains of the orange or banana crop but the very young growth and the trade in these fruits has been very seriously disturbed.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

KINGSTON.

KINGSTON, Sept. 29.

The Frigade Garrison Artillery will return by special train at four o'clock to morrow afternoon.

At the cricket match, to-day, Ottawa, in the first innings, made 87; Kingston, 27. For Ottawa Rev. Mr. Phillips scored 10; Powell, 12, Brodie, not out, 21.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 29.

The Presbyterian Union continued sitting to-day. The discussion was resumed in the morning on Educational Institutions, and three separate resolutions were submitted, but none voted upon. A subcommittee was appointed at the close of the forenoon Sederunt to draw up a finding, based upon the expressed general sentiments of the meeting, and report this afternoon. The delegates reassembled at 3 o'clock this afternoon, and occupied the afternoon in discussing over the providing of a Supplementary Subsistent Fund for the united Church. The Sub-Committee of Education have not reported up to this evening.

The house of Mr. Henry Thomas, Redpath St., was partially burned this afternoon. The loss is about $5,000, but it is substantially insured. The new steam fire engine was brought into practical operation for the first time proving itself at once to be of great value.

Paschal Pinsonnault murdered Francois Paradis last night at Laprairie. After having invited him to a tavern, he picked a quarrel with him and knocked him down, after which he inflicted kicks from which Paradis died in a few minutes. Pinsonnault is still at large. The city police have joined the village constables in pursuit.

Patrick Ryan, the prisoner who killed his fellow prisoner, Gaylor, last spring, by striking him on the head with a stone-hammer in the jail yard, was acquitted in the Court of Queen's Bench on the ground of insanity.

Francois Gadmire, a carter, fell dead early this morning while driving. Verdict—died of hemmorage of the lungs.

Rev. Father O'Farrell, of New York, lectured last night on Daniel O'Connell in aid of the Deaf and Dumb Institution. The lecture took place in the St. Patrick's Hall, and over $100 was realized.

Favorable accounts are given by Dr. Schultz, who is here from Manitoba, as to the condition of the country. He has induced several citizens to go out and inspect the land if not settle on it.

The weather to-day was cold, and a few flakes of snow fell in the afternoon.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—R. S. Gilmore has presented to the Secretary of War, the Right Hon. Edward Cardwell, details of his plan for a grand international musical festival to be held in Boston, Mass., on the 17th June, 1872. Mr. Cardwell, acting on behalf of Her Majesty's Government, has given attentive consideration to the scheme and has finally promised the projector of the festival the use of the splendid band of the Guards. Mr. Gilmore goes to Berlin and Paris, at which capitals he hopes to obtain permission from the Governments of Germany and France for some of the best bands in their military service.

The Right Rev. Geo. Augustus Selwyn, Bishop of Litchfield, has sailed for the United States to attend the Conference of Bishops of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

The Newcastle engineers on strike have proposed to submit the difficulty between themselves and their employers to arbitration.

The men on strike in Newcastle have decided to hold a mass meeting to-morrow. They have invited working men of Sunderland and other places to send delegations to the meeting.

GREECE.

ATHENS, Sept. 29.—Grand Duchess Dagmar of Russia arrived in this city on a visit.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 29.—The bullion in the Bank of France has increased 6,900,000f during the week.

The loan of the city of Paris has been taken up. Subscriptions were more than thirteen times the required amount. Several conflicts have taken place within the past few days between the French citizens and the German Garrison of Dijon. The town is intensely excited over these unfortunate occurrences.

SWITZERLAND.

BERNE, Sept. 29.—The Court of Arbitration on the Alabama Claims, the members which have been appointed by the Governments of the United States, Great Britain, Italy, and Switzerland, will not meet at Geneva for at least two months for the reason that the 5th arbitrator, who is to be named by the Emperor of Brazil, has not been chosen.

Latest American Telegrams,

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—The steamer *St. Olaf* brought to port twenty-four men, the crew of the ship *Sublime*, of South Shields, from Quebec for Sunderland, taken off the sinking vessel on the 18th inst.

In the Court of Common Pleas, the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company has brought a suit against the Western Union Telegraph and Cable Companies to compel the former to transmit to cable companies messages received in New York over the lines of Plaintiff. The Western Union Company claims the right to compel plaintiff to add to the signatures of original messages its own name, and to require plaintiff to pay for such additions. Judge Van Brunt in August last granted an injunction requiring defendants to receive and transmit messages for the plaintiff with impartiality and good faith and without requiring any other terms than those required of private individuals. This injunction the Western Union Telegraph Company now moves to dissolve on the ground principally that they had a right to make plaintiffs pay under Act for any additional signatures to their messages. A motion was argued before Judge C. P. Daly who reserved his decision.

SALT LAKE CITY, Sept. 29.—Gen. DeTrobiand, commanding Camp Douglass, has prepared comfortable accommodations for Brigham Young at his own headquarters in anticipation of his, Brigham's arrest. The high Mormons are exultingly confident that Brigham Young will overcome all the charges against him before the law. No trouble is apprehended.

A party of German officers were dining together recently in a garrison town on the banks of the Rhine, when two of them quarrelled about a lady. As dueling is not allowed, they agreed to throw at dice for each other's lives, and he throwing the lowest number was to blow his brains out. The young officer who threw the lowest number killed himself the same evening.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LIVERPOOL, 10:30 a.m., Sept. 29.—Cottons firm: Uplands, 9¾ to 12. Orleans, 9¾ to 9¾. Stock in port, 423,000 bales, including 184,000 bales of American.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—The liverymen of the city of London, in accordance with their annual custom for many centuries, assembled in Guildhall and elected Alderman Sills John Gibbons to the office of Lord Mayor for the ensuing civic year, which begins on the 9th of November. Mr. Gibbons is a member of the Conservative party, and a successful merchant, and at present fills the position of senior member of the Court of Aldermen.

The Duke of Grammont is expected in London.

FRANCE.

VERSAILLES, Sept. 29.—M. Lambracht, Minister of Commerce, has informed the Committee of the Assembly, who have control of the Legislative affairs during recess, that negotiations with Germany are making fair progress.

The rumor that evidences of a Bonapartist conspiracy had been discovered, proves to be unfounded.

Heavy gales continue, and several additional disasters to shipping and minor casualities are reported.

UNITED STATES.

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—Joshua H. Moore, a wealthy citizen of Jacksonville, Ill., committed suicide to-day by taking strychnine.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—The *Tribune* says we accept the ticket yesterday nominated at Syracuse, and pledge to its support that three-fourths of the entire republican vote of this city whose delegates were unwillingly driven from the convention. Come what may we must carry New York for an honest government against the thieves.

Civil suits are going to be commenced against the city authorities and other parties for recovery of the money alleged to have been illegally and fraudulently paid out of the city treasury. Processes will be served on the respective parties to-day.

DOMINION NOTES.

Harry Lewis the celebrated Montreal rat catcher is dead.

Four inches of snow fell in the valley of the Montapediac a few days ago, and the frost was so severe as to partially destroy the crops.

The Welland House at St. Catharines was sold on Wednesday, Mr. James Cairns being the purchaser at $31,500

Eugene Gallicher, a sub-contractor on the Canada Southern in Oxford Township has decamped for the land of the free, leaving a large number of creditors and several railroad laborers to mourn his departure.

The Stevenson House at St. Catherines has been closed for the season.

M. J. P. Merritt, the father of the Canadian Historical Society, says the St. Catharines *Journal*, attends the Provincial Fair at Kingston, taking with him a large number of the records of the society, and copies of several lectures which he delivered before the society. It is his intention to endeavor to organize a branch in Kingston, and also to try and secure an annual excursion after the fashion of the English Archeological Society.

Mr. Richard Howard, one of the oldest residents of Niagara, died in Toronto, whither he had gone on a visit to some members of his family. Deceased was highly respected, and his genial presence will be missed in that ancient borough. He was one of the ancient landmarks.

At the annual meeting of the Fruit Growers Association at Kingston, Thursday, the address of the President was, in his absence, read by Mr. D. Beadle. The Treasurer's report showed a balance on hand of $542. Rev. Dr. Burnet, of Hamilton, and Mr. D. W. Beadle were re-elected President and Secretary-Treasurer respectively.

Charles Laing a marine of H. M. S. "Sirius," deserted last week at Halifax taking with him £100 belonging to the Captain.

At the Magdalen Islands at last accounts boats were bringing in 1,000 mackerel per day.

Recent reports from the Labrador Coast are to the effect that the codfishing continued to be extraordinary good. In one place, Bonne Esperance, one thousand quintals of codfish have been taken by three boats, and that several Nova Scotia schooners took away on an average 800 quintals each.

A grand type setting competition is to take place in Montreal on the 21st. November, open to the whole of Canada, for the Championship of the Dominion, and a solid silver composing stick. The Championship will be decided by the result of two hours work. Two other competitions, of one hour, will also be held.

THE PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION.

The Provincial Exhibition at Kingston appears to have been well attended and the Kingstonians have excited themselves to the utmost to render it a success, nor have they failed in their attempts to do so. The Kingston *Whig* of Thursday evening last has the following in reference to the movement of notables:—

His Excellency was entertained at dinner at the residence of G. A. Kirkpatrick, Esq., M.P., on Tuesday evening. There were present to meet His Excellency, Lt.-Governors Howland and Wilmot, Sir John A. Macdonald and Lady Macdonald, Hons. Messrs. Campbell, Dunkin, and Aikens, His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston, Colonel Hance, R. J. Cartwright, Esq., M.P., Mr. Turville and Mr. Drinkwater.

After the public reception yesterday, and lunch at his residence, Lord Lisgar drove to Cataraqui Course, and in company with a distinguished party, composed of Sir John A. Macdonald, and Lady Macdonald, Lieutenant Governor Howland and Mrs. Howland, and the Mayor, occupied a position reserved on the Ladies stand. His Excellency drove in a carriage with Mrs. G. A. Kirkpatrick. After witnessing the hurdle race, which came off immediately, and was of great interest, the party were driven from the stand by the rain, and entering the carriages drove to the Crystal Palace with the escort of cavalry.

At the Exhibition His Excellency's visit was a matter of much interest. It was for a short time only, as the cold rain showers made pleasure a difficult attainment. His Excellency received the Association's Address in the Band stand, and replied to it.

This morning at eight o'clock His Excellency visited the Exhibition in company with G. A. Kirkpatrick, Esq., and took a stroll over every portion of it. He did not disdain to ride in one of the heavy waggons labelled "To and from the Fair."

This afternoon at half-past two o'clock His Excellency and a distinguished party drove in carriages to Fort Henry, where the Artillery in camp were inspected, and where the party were dined at the officer's mess. A large number of prominent gentlemen of Kingston and volunteer officers of the district were present by invitation. The Volunteer Cavalry again escorted Lord Lisgar.

To-morrow morning His Excellency will pay a visit to the Penitentiary, and to Rockwood, and will leave by one of the afternoon express trains for Ottawa.

If you have a cough with raising of phlegm in the morning, night sweats, and irregularity of the bowels, loss of appetite, and general debility, take Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya. A host of those who have taken it throughout Canada will attest its great efficacy in arresting the decline of the Consumptive. It begins at the root of the evil, the Stomach, and perfects Digestion, Assimilation, and the formation of Healthy Blood. It enables the invalid to take and digest sufficient food which is the secret of curing chronic wasting diseases. The constitution will become rapidly invigorated, and the functions of all the vital organs restored. It is agreeable to take and permanent in its effect with no liability of relapse. Sold at $1 00 by Davidson and Daniels, and by all druggists.

THE AUTUMN MANŒUVRES.

THE BATTLE OF WEAVER'S DOWN.

THE PLAN OF BATTLE.

FRENSHAM, Sept. 15.

A British *corp d'armee* was understood to be disposed towards the North from Aldershott to Guildford, holding the line of the Hog's Back, and drawing its supplies from the North and Nort East. Half of the 3rd Division at Borden Lodge, Woolmer, was supposed to be the British advanced guard, acting under instructions to attack the invaders whenever and wherever they might be met, and feeling its way southwards with its vedettes and outposts pushed along the Greatham and Liphook roads. The other half of the Division was by an enormous and most unpalatable fiction understood to be the advanced guard of a foreign army. The foreign fleet had swept the British Navy out of the narrow seas; troops had been landed, and were now marching on London, and safely supplying themselves from the comfortable bases of the captured towns of Portsmouth and Southampton. The advanced guards are both of the same strength, or nearly so, being 4,100 against 4,300, but whereas the orders of the British are to make a bold and decisive attach at the earliest possible opportunity, the main force of the invaders is not yet ready to advance, and the division sent forward is instructed to do no more than move with caution, to ascertain the strength of the British, not to compromise itself in any decisive action, but, nevertheless, to do its best should it chance unexpectedly on the enemy. One cannot describe a battle from both sides, and as it becomes a patriot to range himself with his countrymen, let Brownrigg's demi-division be my friends and Stephenson's invaders the hated foe, and let your readers be careful to keep their sympathies, and, what is more important, their right and left hands, from changing places. The programme of the fight, which, as we shall see presently, was not exactly carried out, enjoined the invaders to first show themselves on the right at Greatham, attacking and driving in our outposts, in order to compel us to show our strength on Whitehill. Having done this, which was to be all their object, the enemy were to retire. Determined, in accordance with instructions from Head-Quarters, say at Guildford, to push this skirmishing to an issue, our troops would then rapidly advance southwards from the Brimstone and Forked Pond woods, overtake the reluctant enemy—who wished us, forsooth, to show our hand, but forgot to reckon that we might dash it in his face and let him make the most of it when he had seen it—on the height of Weaver's Down, and then, though the position would be all in his favour, deliver a decisive attack.

THE TWO ARMIES.

The Duke of Cambridge and his Staff wore white bands—pocket handkerchiefs, I think—on their left arms to mark their neutrality. Besides his Royal Highness, the umpires were Sir Charles Staveley, Sir T. Macmahon, Sir Garnet Wolseley, Colonel Ord, Colonel Lennox, and Lieutenant-Colonel Clive. The defending force was commanded by General Brownrigg, and consisted of half a battery of Royal Horse Artillery, the 2d Dragoon Guards, half of the 7th Hussars, half a company of Royal Engineers, a Field Battery, the 4th Battalion of the 60th Rifles, the 100th, 102d, and 94th Foot, the London and 3rd Middlesex Militia, and the Dorset Volunteers, in all 4,300 combatants. The enemy advancing from Portsmouth, were led by Colonel Stephenson, and included half a battery of Royal Horse Artillery, the 9th Lancers, half of the 7th Hussars, a Field Battery, half a company of Royal Engineers, the 2-17th, 32d, and 2-22d Foot, the 1st and 2d Surrey Militia, and the 1st Hants and 2d Wilts Volunteers—4,100 fighting men.

THE FIGHT.

These latter, "the enemy" *par excellence*, left camp at 8 and got into position facing north, with their line extending from Longmoor Wood east across the Langley road towards Liphook, about 11, by which time "the British," under General Brownrigg, who left camp at 10, were ready to strike a blow for their hearths and homes. The British right, which is also our right, rested on Woolmer Pond, and their line extended east beyond the Brimstone and over against the Forked Pond woods, into which were pushed their outposts. Thus at the start Stevenson's troops had before them open fir woods held by the British outposts, and at their backs Weaver's Down. Stevenson's orders, be it remembered, were to advance cautiously till he found the enemy, and then to do no more than make him show his strength on the open ground about Whitehill, to the north of the wood. Had the programme of the day been properly carried out, Stevenson's invaders, pushing their outpost, right through through the woods which lay before them, would have compelled General Brownrigg, after having his outpost driven in, to show his whole strength on the open ground about the Whitehill, and having seen what he wanted, Stevenson would then have retired back through the woods towards his original position in front of Weaver's Down. At this point Brownrigg would have begun to obey his orders for a decisive attack, would have pressed closely on the retiring invaders through the wood, and, finally, have dashed—with what success the umpires would decide—at the strong position of the enemy on Weaver's Down. According to this scheme, a fierce outpost fight would have raged through the woods and back and the day would have been wound up by a pitched battle on the Down, but, as it turned out, Brownrigg somehow or other read his orders with a difference, and obstinately held the woods, instead of falling back to have his hand forced in the open. Stevenson, seeing that Brownrigg refused to take his cue and retire, fought for some time, and then began to fall back towards Weaver's Down; the British furiously followed, but the Duke, considering that enough had been done, threw down his baton, and stopped the great fight for the Weaver position. Thus all the fighting was in the Brimstone and Longmoor woods, or enclosures as they are called, and, owing to the British refusal to retreat, the fighting was never all along the line, as was intended, but only partial and in the centre. What there was began about 11, when the Duke and the Prince and Prince Louis of Hesse and the foreign officers arrived on the ground. Brownrigg sent forward his cavalry to feel their way, and presently skirmishers began a dropping fire on the left, opposite the wood called Forked Pond Enclosure. So far from retiring and showing his hand, Brownrigg at once began a dashing game, sent forward the 60th Rifles in skirmishing order, and drove back the 82d and the Hants Volunteers, who were naturally rather astonished at being so cruelly baulked of the winnings they had counted on. The volunteers stood well for a while, but were at last forced back. They made a bad business of their retreat, for they got together into a lump, and had there been bullets in the rifles of the 60th, few of the gallant Hantsmen would have got back to Weaver's Down. The left of Brownrigg's line also out-flanked them, but without knowing much about it, owing to the wood. As soon as the men who were to have retreated meek as lambs but came on bold as lions had cleared the woods of the Portsmouth host, Brownrigg pushed two squadrons of the 7th Hussars and a half battery of Horse Artillery through the trees on his left, and was hotly pursuing the aghast invader up Weaver's Down, when the bugles sounded a halt, firing ceased, and the fighting ended about two o'clock, which made it just three hours' battle. The Duke then called up the umpires, heard what they had to say, and gave his opinion on the dispositions which had been made. As for the troops, they got into order, fell out, and had their dinners, which cooking parties had been preparing while the fighting was going on. The Division, dividing no more, then marched back, and got in the tents about 5 o'clock.

THE SUCCESS OF THE MANŒUVRES.

Though the programme of the manœuvring, to a certain extent, miscarried, every one agrees that what there was went off well. There were little mistakes of course, but there was plenty to praise, and in the opinion of good officers the day showed considerable improvement even on the best of the ordinary Aldershott sham fights. What General Blumenthal thought one would like to know; an Austrian officer who was attached to the Abyssinian Expedition, and whose opinion is in other respects well worth having, considered we had done uncommonly well. The foreign officers, whatever they may think, are fond, however, of keeping their opinions to themselves, and one not in the secret of their thoughts might judge that nothing interested them so much as the sudden rise of two blackcock. Yesterday, as on other days, they admired the men, horses, and *materiel* of our cavalry and artillery.

THE QUEEN'S HEALTH.

From the London Times Sept. 14.

The public will have observed with considerable anxiety the recent statements in the *Court Circular* respecting the health of the Queen. They are the more grave as coming from the Highland home in which for so many years her Majesty has been wont to find health and refreshment. She has sought, like numbers of her subjects, a renewal of strength in the fresh mountain air of Scotland, and that she should there be prostrated by weakness is matter of special regret and concern. We grieve to say, however, it is true that her Majesty has suffered from a severe and painful attack of illness. It commenced with a grave general derangement of health. This was followed by a violent affection of the throat, which rendered swallowing or speaking above a whisper very severe painful and difficult; and the attack ended in a very severe, abscess under the arm. The abscess was opened by Professor Lister last Monday week, and proved to be much larger than he had anticipated. Fearing lest it should fail to progress satisfactorily, or lest there should be any appearance of another he remained at the castle the whole of last week. Happily, there has been no drawback to the process of cure, and the professor left Balmoral on Sunday. We may trust, therefore, that there is no occasion for further anxiety. The Queen's health has much improved during the last few days, and she appears in a fair way to recovery. We observe with pleasure that she is able to resume her drives, but such an illness is extremely weakening and distressing. Her strength is much reduced, and we fear it must be some time before she recovers even her usual state of health.

BIRTH.

In this city, on the 28th inst., the wife of J. G. Kearney, of Malone, N. Y., of a son.

CARELESSNESS.

Many persons neglect their horse's health and condition until it is too late, when at a trifling expense and no trouble, the horse might have been saved if attended to in time. To all who may have occasion to use an article of the kind we would confidently recommend "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy;" it is without doubt the best preparation in use, as thousands who have used it testify. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers everywhere.

SORE THROAT, COUGH, COLD,

and similar troubles, if suffered to progress result in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial, and Asthmatic affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost instant relief.

The TROCHES are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers, and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.

Obtain only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered.

"TROCHES," so-called, sold by the ounce are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which are sold only in boxes with *facsimile* of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON.

on outside wrapper of box, and private Government stamp attached to each box.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

PAIN KILLER

Husband (Returned from a call on Judge Jones). Well, Mary, I have examined those certificates and found them straight as a string, there are so many imitations and counterfeits sticking like barnacles to every good medicine that I have learned to look upon the good and bad as one and alike. It is very wrong however, this PAIN-KILLER of Perry Davis has stood the test of time. Doctors and Druggists have not been able to hush it up, it's as you say, Mary, in everybodys house and I am astonished to find it has been doing such a world of good about here and we have known nothing about it.

Wife:—It must have cured somebodys Rheumatism or you would'nt have been converted so easily.

Husband:—Converted, why it has cured a dozen of cases about here within a year, Simon Tinkler who you know used to be such an awful sufferer with it and was laid up half the time, why it was this same Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER that cured him. George Trotter who Doctor Squills used to pity so much and call such a great sufferer, he to was cured with the PAIN-KILLER and what's more he writes that he paid Doctor Squills over one hundred Dollars for attending him and was growing worse all the while, here my dear rub some of it on my shoulder at once. I am through with Doctor Squills, if PAIN-KILLER can't cure me nothing will I am convinced of that.

(*To be Continued*)

Sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cts. per bottle.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Cedar Posts Wanted.

1,000 Cedar Posts wanted immediately delivered at the RICHMOND ROAD CROSSING of the Chaudiere branch of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

The Posts to be thirteen feet long and not less than six inches diameter at the small end; to be straight and sound.

Flatted Cedar also wanted.

Tenders to be addressed to the Engineer's Office, Ottawa Station.

Ottawa, Sept. 30. 1782 6

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed tenders addressed to the undersigned and endorsed

"TENDERS FOR PRESBYTERY,"

will be received until

Monday, 9th day of October, instant,

at noon, for the construction of the R. C. Presbytery at Grenville, P.Q.

Plans and specifications can be seen on application at JOHN HOWARD'S Store, Grenville.

The trustees will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
J. HOWARD,
A. CAMERON, Sen,
J. JOHNSTON,
M. PILON,
Trustees.

Grenville, Sept. 28, 1871. 1783 9

THE GREAT

Sensation of the Day.

THE GREAT

Commonwealth Circus!

UNQUESTIONABLY THE BEST CIRCUS IN THE PROVINCES.

Organized and Equipped for the Season of 1871.

WILL EXHIBIT IN OTTAWA,

FOR TWO DAYS,

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY,

October 3rd and 4th.

All the Truly Great Artists in the Arenic Profession will appear in a Programme superior in every respect to any Circus Performance ever given under Canvass.

Among the distinguished artists who compose this,

The Circus of the Period.

Will be found

MR GEORGE M KELLEY, Champion Leaper of the World
MR CHARLES F REED, Champion Somersault Rider of America
MR WILLIAM LA RUE, Champion Hurdle Rider
MR JOHN CONKLIN, Champion Cannon Ball Performer and Gymnast
MASTER LEON LA RUE, Infant Bareback Rider
MR JOHN CALLAN, Champion Tumbler and Vaulter
MR A LOWANDA, Brazillian Gymnast and Leaper
MR JOHN H KELLEY, The Great Equilibrist and Leaper
MR JAMES CAMPBELL, Gymnast and Leaper

M'lle AMELIA, Premiere Arrolute Equestrienne
Mrs CHARLES F REED, The fascinating and accomplished equestrienne
MR PETE CONKLIN, The Favorite Provincial Clown, will occupy the position of LEADING CLOWN, in which he will maintain his reputation as a chaste, original and really good generator of FUN and HUMOR.

A large corps of auxiliaries—Riders, Leapers, Voltigeurs, Acrobats and Gymnasts, will be presented in association with the Artistic Forces of this great circus.

The Musical Department will be under the supervision of Professor William Kalits, who has secured the services of the celebrated Metropolitan Opera Band.

Doors open at 1:30 and 6.30 p.m. Performance commences at 2 and 7:30 p.m.

Admission, 25 cents. Reserved Seats, 50 cents.

JOHN CONKLIN, Manager,
J J SHOWLES, General Agent

Tickets can be secured during the day at Orme & Son's Music Store, without extra charge. 1780td

SHOW ROOM

OPENING!

Allan, McKinnon's & McMoran,

Will exhibit on

THURSDAY NEXT,

THE

28th September,

A Grand Display of

FALL STYLES

AND

LATEST NOVELTIES

IN

MILLINERY,

Comprising

Trimmed Hats

AND

BONNETS,

Which will be found unequalled in Style

ALSO

A large and beautiful assortment

OF NEW

FLOWERS & FEATHERS.

There will also be shown a large variety of imported

MANTLES and JACKETS

Which will embrace everything new in Style and Material for the opening season.

Some very handsome

SEAL JACKETS

will be offered at unusually LOW PRICES.

N. B.—A full assortment of

NEW GOODS

in all Departments,

ALLAN M'KINNONS & M'MORAN

Successors to

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20, Sparks street.

LOST.

On FRIDAY, 15th instant, a Gentleman's heavy GOLD RING, with Carbuncle Stone chased in the sides. Any one leaving it at this Office will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa Sept 20. 1773if

RINK MUSIC HALL.

FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY.

In consequence of the Troupe performing three nights more in Montreal the performance will take place on

THURSDAY, FRIDAY & SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 29, and 30.

A GRAND MATINEE will take place this afternoon at 2:30.

Satsuma's Royal Japanese

The best Performers ever in this country.

Men, Women, and Children in Native Costumes.

Giving a performance NEVER ATTEMPTED BY AMERICANS!

Crowded Houses Everywhere!

Thousands turned away at Boston, New Orleans, St. Louis, and New York Patronized by the ELITE of those cities.

THE ORIGINAL "ALL RIGHT"

with this Troupe.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 8 o'clock. Admission, 25 cents; Reserved Seats, 50 cents.

Reserved Seats for sale at Orme & Son's.

H. SCHUHMAN, Manager.
J. E. NOBLE, Agent.

Ottawa, Sept. 23. 1777 td

IMPORTANT

TO

CAPITALISTS,
LUMBER MERCHANTS,
MILL OWNERS,
and OTHERS.

The Subscriber has received instructions to offer at Public Auction at the Union House in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th OCTOBER, 1871, at 2 o'clock, p.m., the undermentioned Property, Real Estate, Timber Limits, &c. &c., the Quyon Saw Mill Water Privilege. This Property consists of about 13 acres, upon which is erected a frame Saw Mill, 40 x 80 nearly finished, with one circular saw and shingle machine now in working order, with room for other saws and machinery.

ALSO,

the stone foundation of another building suitable either for a flouring mill or the manufacturing of wool, a Blacksmith's Shop, Store, two comfortable Dwelling Houses, and other buildings; also, the Slides and the Railroad from the mills to the Ottawa River, together with the Batting Grounds. Wharf, Booms, Chains, Piers, and all other apurtenances and improvements there and to belonging.

Saw logs can be taken to the mills from the Ottawa river, as well as from the river Quyon, at a very small cost.

Also; three valuable Timber Limits on the Quyon river, being License No. 71, 72, and 73 of 1871-2, containing an area of 60½ square miles, which cover all the Crown Lands on both sides of the Quyon river to its source. Operations have already been commenced in the woods to get out about 25,000 pine logs on these limits during the ensuing winter which the purchaser will have to assume at cost incurred.

Also License No. 329 of '70 and '71, containing about 16 square miles. Operations on this license have been commenced which the purchaser will have also to assume. Timber from parts of this limit can be hauled to the Quyon and to the Dechene Lake, Ottawa river, but the greater part will have to be hauled into the Peche and go out by the Gatineau river.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, Mr. WALTON SMITH at the Quyon, Onslow, P. Q., or to the undersigned at his office, Ottawa City.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent
Quyon, Onslow, P. Q., Sept. 2. 1779td

NOTICE.

FOR SALE.

A well established BUSINESS in one of the most flourishing villages in the Ottawa Valley on the line of the Brockville & Ottawa Railroad. The stock now on hand consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, and Boots and Shoes, to the amount of about $4,000. The Business is well established, and an excellent trade has been done amounting to about $22,000 a year. The Shop and Dwelling can be leased or purchased.

Further particulars can be learned by applying to

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 19, 1871 1773.td

NOTICE

TO LUMBERMEN AND OTHERS.

1,000 pair Government SNOW SHOES, a superior article, almost new, for sale at half price by

W REID & CO.,
84 McGill Street,
Montreal.

Ottawa, September 26. 1777 12

ESTIMATE

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D., 1871.

Excavation 38,000 yards	$ 38,000
Arch Covering	9,000
Bulkhead and Gates	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps	16,000
Pumping Mains extra	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order
WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
September 23, 1871. 1776 1m

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership heretofore existing between Messrs. OLIVER & ANNABLE has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM A. ANNABLE.

The business will in future be carried on by OLIVER & SON.

Ottawa, Sept. 26, 1871. 1779 3

OTTAWA RIVER

NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAMER ALEXANDRA.

On and after

TUESDAY NEXT, the 3rd OCTOBER,

the above Steamer will leave L'ORIGNAL for OTTAWA and intermediate Landings on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 5 a. m., arriving in Ottawa at 10:30 p.m. Returning—will leave Ottawa on Tuesdays and Fridays at 4:30 p.m., arriving at L'Orignal at 10 p.m.

R W SHEPHERD.

N. B—As the ALEXANDRA takes the place of the Steamer FAIRY there will be no boat on Mondays and Saturdays.

Ottawa, Sept. 29, 1871. 1781 6

SEALED TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for a Bridge," will be received at this Office until FRIDAY, the 29th day of SEPTEMBER, instant, at noon, for the construction of two Swing Bridges for the enlarged portion of the Grenville Canal.

Plans and specifications can be seen on application at this office, or at the Lachine Canal Office, Montreal, or at the Engineer's Office, on the work at Grenville, where printed forms of Tender may also be obtained.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th September, 1871.

The time for receiving the above Tenders has been extended to TUESDAY, the 10th day of OCTOBER next, at noon.

F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 21st September, 1871. 1777 3

LOCAL
City Council.—A
City Council will be
Do't forget the
McKinnon & McM
Matinee.—The Ja
the Music Hall at 2
noon. No person
wonderful performa
The Weather ye
bracing. An occasi
was the only intimat
tence that was seen
Ladies remember
Opening at Allan,
rans, on Thursday,
Police Court.—
men charged with
were fined $5 and co
A man named Bel
ing liquor without
and costs.
Acknowledgement
the County of Carlet
Hospital, acknowle
thirty-two dollars, a
taken up in the Bis
street, City of Ottaw
tution.
A large and compl
goods now on hand
at Allan, McKinno
28 Sparks street.
Arrivals at th
N Allan, Montreal;
milton; C K Adams,
do; Wm Little New
Toronto; George Mc
can MacMillan, Lond
Fredericton, N B; J
Harvest Home
of those very p
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the Quio on Thursda
numerous gathering
surrounding country
went up on the st
from Ottawa, Hull
band was engaged fo
very jolly time was
the good fortune to
Call and see the
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McMorrans', on Thur
Satsuma's Royal J
of unparalleled perfo
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and plays a large tub
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feats with smaller tub
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Japs give a rare ente
them to attend the m
this afternoon or th
in the evening.
COUNTY OF OTTA
The County of Ott
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who did not go
went to see the
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and enterprising in
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E. B. Eddy, &c.,
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about 6 o'clock the
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Stallion for Draug
10 dollars.
Stallion for Gene
Kenny; 2nd, Timo
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Mare and Foal
Robt H Klock; 2n
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Saddle Horse, le
rick O'Connel; 3r
Span Draught H
Co; 2nd, Jas Klo
Span Horses for
mour & Co; 2nd,
Joseph Carr.
Span Carriage H
art; 2nd, Timothy
vil.
Single Carriage
art; 2nd, Richar
Mather.
2 year old Colt D
art; 2nd, Hugh
Harris.
2 year old Colt,
Scarf; 2nd, Thom
Burk.
Horned C
Best Bull, 1st, A
2nd year old Bu
2nd, John Hudson
Yearling Bull, 1
Milch Cow, 1st
George Rodmore;
3 year old Milch
2nd, R Kenny; 2
Fatted Cow,
2nd, M Hendrick
2 year old Heife
Gilmour & Co; S

LOCAL NEWS.

CITY COUNCIL.—A regular meeting of the City Council will be held on Monday night.

Do't forget the opening day at Allan, McKinnon & McMorrans', on Thursday.

MATINEE.—The Japs give a Matinee in the Music Hall at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon. No person should fail to see their wonderful performances.

THE WEATHER yesterday was cold and bracing. An occasional burst of sunshine was the only intimation of Old Sol's existence that was seen during the day.

Ladies remember the Grand Show Room Opening at Allan, McKinnons' & McMorrans, on Thursday, 28th inst.

POLICE COURT. — Friday — Two young men charged with breaking into a house were fined $5 and costs each.

A man named Behan charged with selling liquor without license was fined $30 and costs.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT.— The Treasurer of the County of Carleton General Protestant Hospital, acknowledges the receipt of thirty-two dollars, amount of a collection taken up in the Bishop's Church, Sussex street, City of Ottawa, in aid of said Institution.

A large and complete assortment of new goods now on hand in every department, at Allan, McKinnon & McMorrans', No. 28 Sparks street.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—R N Allan, Montreal; Harris Buchanan, Hamilton; C K Adams, Montreal; C Baillie, do; Wm Little New York; E B O'Brien, Toronto; George McLean Rose, do; Duncan MacMillan, London; S D Hatheway, Fredericton, N B; J Wilson, Arnprior.

HARVEST HOME AT THE QUIO. — One of those very pleasant celebrations known as "Harvest Homes" took place at the Quio on Thursday last. There was a numerous gathering of people from the surrounding country and several parties went up on the steamer *Jessie Cassells* from Ottawa, Hull and Aylmer. Gowan's band was engaged for the occasion and a very jolly time was enjoyed by all who had the good fortune to be present.

Call and see the new styles in Millinery and Mantles, at Allan, McKinnons' & McMorrans', on Thursday.

SATSUMA'S ROYAL JAPANESE.—This troupe of unparalleled performers entertained a still larger audience than on Thursday night in the Music Hall last night. Their whole entertainment from beginning to end consists of a succession of really astonishing feats while some of them fairly sink among the marvellous. One chap swallows fifty or sixty needles as easily as a person would eat bread, and does several other wonderful things which will be better appreciated if seen. Another member of the troupe places himself on his back and plays a large tub on his feet with remarkable dexterity, and performs other feats with smaller tubs of no less wonderful a nature. We assure our readers the Japs give a rare entertainment, and advise them to attend the matinee at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon or the final entertainment in the evening.

COUNTY OF OTTAWA EXHIBITION.

The County of Ottawa Agricultural Exhibition was held yesterday at the Village of Chelsea. The weather was very favorable and farmers turned out in large numbers to attend this annual event fraught with much interest to them. Those who did not go there to exhibit went to see the Fair and fair ones, who also put in a strong appearance. Without them the Exhibition would be imperfect,—old agricultural enthusiasts may talk about their fine grain, champion potatoes, generally good root crops, delicious fine fruits, &c., but among the many fine things we saw in the Chelsea Hall yesterday, we failed to see anything more attractive looking than the modest and charming young country damsels, the fresh flush of health and beauty on whose pretty faces was like the delicate tints painted by nature on the foliage of the mountain maples around them. The county of Ottawa can assuredly boast of pretty girls.

The hall in which the exhibition was held is large, substantial, and commodious. The display generally was very good, reflects much credit on the farmers of the county, and proves them to be industrious and enterprising in the agricultural line. They are an industrious class of people and seem to understand that ambition and emulation is as necessary in the tilling of the soil as in any other walk of life. In the root department we saw some potatoes, beets, turnips, &c, which, we feel satisfied could not be equalled in size and quality by anything shown at the Provincial exhibition. The fruits and grain were excellent. On the whole the exhibition must be considered very successful which is owing in great part, no doubt, to the energetic secretary Mr. Symmes.

Among the many persons persent we noticed Alonzo Wright, Esq., M.P., and E. B. Eddy, Esq., M.P.P., both gentlemen being liberal patrons of everything that tends to improve the welfare of the county. A very good dinner was energetically attended to about 4 p.m., and about 5 o'clock the people were on their way towards their respective homes.

The following is the list of prizes—

Stallion far Draught, 1st, Robt H Klock, 10 dollars.

Stallion for General Use, 1st, William Kenny; 2nd, Timothy Parker.

Mare and Foal for Draught, 1st, Hurdman & Brother.

Mare and Foal for General Use, 1st, Robt H Klock; 2nd, Martin Welch; 3rd, Hurdman & Brothers.

Saddle Horse, 1st Seth Cotes; 2nd Patrick O'Connel; 3rd, Robt H Klock.

Span Draught Horses, 1st, Gilmour & Co; 2nd, Jas Klock; 3rd, Robt H Klock.

Span Horses for General Use, 1st, Gilmour & Co; 2nd, John A Brooks; 3rd, Joseph Carr.

Span Carriage Horses, 1st, David Stewart; 2nd, Timothy Moffat; 3rd, P Mulvil.

Single Carriage Horse, 1st, Robert Stewart; 2nd, Richard Fogarty; 3rd, John Mather.

2 year old Colt Draught, 1st, David Stewart; 2nd, Hugh Darby; 3rd, Thomas Harris.

2 year old Colt, General Use, 1st Wm Scarf; 2nd, Thomas Scarf; 3rd, David Burk.

Horned Cattle—Grade.

Best Bull, 1st, Andrew Blackburn.

2nd year old Bull, 1st, Gilmour & Co; 2nd, John Hudson; 3rd, A Wright.

Yearling Bull, 1st, Timothy Moffat.

Milch Cow, 1st, Robert Kenny; 2nd, George Rodmore; 3rd, A Wright.

3 year old Milch Cow, 1st, Geo Rodmore; 2nd, R Kenny; 3rd, A Wright.

Fatted Cow, 1st, George Rodmore; 2nd, M Hendrick; 3rd, A Wright.

2 year old Heifer, 1st, Robt Kenny; 2nd, Gilmour & Co; 3rd, A Wright.

Yearling Heifer, 1st, Robert Kenny 2nd, George Rodmore; 3rd, Timotny Mof fat.

Heifer Calf, 1st, Robert Kenny; 2nd, George Rodmore; 3rd, A Wright.

Ayrshire.

Best Bull, 1st, A Wright.

Yearling Bull, 1st, Gilmour & Co; 2nd, Geo Link.

Milch Cow, 1st, Gilmour & Co; 2nd, A Wright.

3 year old Milch Cow, 1st, A Wright.

3 year old Heifer, 1st, A Wright.

Yearling Heifer, 1st, A Wright.

Heifer Calf, 1st, A Wright.

Durhams.

Milch Cow, 1st, R Kenny.

2 year old Heifer, 1st, R Kenny.

Yearling Heifer, 1st, R Kenny.

Bull Calf, 1st, R Kenny

3 year old Milch Cow, 1st, R Kenny.

Yearling Heifer, 1st. R Kenny.

Heifer Calf, 1st, R Kenny.

Sheep—Grade.

Ram, any age, 1st, J Klock; 2nd, S Cotes.

Fatted Sheep, 1st, Jas Klock.

Cotswolds.

Ram, any age, 1st R Kenny.

Ram Lamb of 1871, 1st R Kenny; 2nd W Kenny.

Pair of Ewes, two shears or over, 1st R Kenny; 2nd W Kenny.

Pair of Ewes, 1 shear or over, 1st R Kenny.

Pair of Ewes Lambs of 1871, 1st R Kenny.

Leicester's.

Ram, any age, 1st R Kenny.

Ram, one shear, 1st R Kenny.

Ram lamb, 1871, 1st R Kenny; 2nd W Kenny.

Pair of Ewes, 2 shears or over, 1st R Kenny; 2nd W Kenny.

Ewe lambs, 1871, 1st R Kenny; 2nd W Kenny.

Pair of Ewes, 1 shear, 1st R Kenny; 2nd W Kenny.

Swine—Grade.

Boar, any age, 1st S Cotes.

Boar under one year, 1st Martin Welch.

Sow, any age, 1st John Hudson.

Sow under one year, 1st Martin Welch.

Fatted Hog, 1st Gilmour & Co.

Berkshires.

Boar, any age, 1st R Kenny.

Boar under 1 year, 1st R Kenny; 2nd Gilmour & Co.

Sow, any age, 1st R Kenny.

Sow under 1 year, 1st R Kenny.

Yorkshires.

Sow, any age, 1st Gilmour & Co.

Suffolk.

Sow under 1 year, 1st R H Klock; 2nd J Klock.

Poultry.

Pair of geese, 1st T Parker; 2nd M Welch; 3rd Mr Steele.

Pair of ducks, 1st John Muller; 2nd G L Chitty; 3rd Miss J Steele.

Pair of Fowl, 1st, J Mather, 2nd, S Kates; 3rd, J Mather.

Pair of Chickens, 1st, G L Chitty; 2nd, J Mather; 3rd, H Parker.

Leather Department.

Heavy Lumber Harness, 1st, Gilmour & Co; 2nd, R H Klock; 3rd, J Klock.

Dairy Products.

30 lbs Butter in Keg, 1st, Mrs T Link; 2nd, Mrs M Welsh; 3rd, Mrs Steel.

5 lbs Butter in Prints, 1st, Mrs T Link; 2nd, Mrs Link; 3rd, Miss Cassidy.

Home Made Cheese, 1st Mrs J Pritchard.

Woolen and Linen Goods.

20 yds Woolen Cloth, 1st, Norman Read; 2nd, S Cotes.

20 yds Flannel, fancy all wool, 1st, Mrs J Pritchard; White Union, 1st, N Read.

20 yds Flannel, fancy, 1st, N Read.

Pair Blankets, 1st, Mrs M Welsh; 2nd, Mrs J Pritchard.

Ladies Department.

Loaf of Bread, 1st, Mrs J Pritchard; 2nd, Mrs T Parker; 3rd, Mrs M Welsh.

Linen Shirt, Prize, Miss Cassidy.

Cotton Quilt, Patched, 1st, Mrs Sayers; 2nd, Miss Sheffield; 3rd, Mrs Josie.

Woolen Quilt, patched 1st, Miss Cassidy; 2nd, Miss Jackson.

3 pair of Socks, 1st, Mrs J. Pritchard; 2nd, Mrs Josie.

3 pair Stockings, 1st, Mrs J Pritchard; 2nd, Miss Link; 3rd, Miss S Link.

3 pair of Gloves, 1st, Mrs Darbey.

3 pair of Mitts, 1st, Mrs Josie; 2nd, Mrs Aylen; 3rd, Mrs Symmes.

Fancy Work.

Display of Ladies' Fancy Work, 1st, Miss Mary Conroy; 2nd, Miss Cotes.

Crotchet Work, 1st, Miss Mary Conroy; 2nd, Miss Nancy Klock; 3rd, Miss Lottie Conroy.

Embroidery, 1st, Miss Cotes.

Berlin Wool Work, 1st, Miss Mary Conroy; 2nd, Mrs Sayers; 3rd, Miss Nancy Klock.

Tatting, 1st, Mrs Read; 2nd, Mary Cotes.

Rag Mats, 1st, Mrs Sayers; 2nd, Miss Parker; 3rd, Miss Link.

Netting, 1st, Miss Lottie Conroy; 2nd, Miss Steele.

Agricultural Produce.

2 Bushels Fall Wheat, 1st, H Parker; 2nd, R H Klock; 3rd, N Read.

2 Bushels Spring Wheat, 1st, L Eady; 2nd, J Hudson; 3rd, Gilmour & Co.

Two bushels Peas, 1st J Hudson; 2nd Geo Link; 3rd Gilmour & Co.

Two bushels Oats, 1st Gilmour & Co; 2nd J Pritchard; 3rd L Eady.

Two bushels of Beans, 1st L Eady; 2nd J Hudson; 3rd Jas Klock.

Collection of Potatoes, 1st Gilmour & Co; 2nd T W Symmes; 3rd Geo Rodmore.

Two bushels of Barley, 1st George Link.

Two bushels Potatoes, 1st Gilmour & Co; 2nd J Cassidy; 3rd H Parker.

One bushel of Corn, 1st H Parker; 2nd L Eady; 3rd J Cassidy.

Display of Field Roots, 1st T Symmes; 2nd Gilmour & Co.

One dozen of Carrots, 1st Thos Link; 2nd Gilmour & Co; 3rd L Eady.

One dozen Turnips, 1st Gilmour & Co; 2nd A Blackburn; 3rd Thos Link.

One dozen Mangolds, 1st W W Kenney; 2nd Thos Link; 3rd T Symmes.

Six bunches Grapes, white, 1st T W Symmes; 2nd H Parker.

Six bunches Grapes, blue, 1st T W Symmes; 2nd H Parker.

Horticultural Produce.

1st John Mather; 2nd Thomas Symmes.

One dozen Table Apples, 1st H Parker; 2nd Jas Klock; 3rd T Parker.

One dozen Winter Apples, 1st H Parker; 2nd R H Klock; 3rd H Parker.

Six Heads of Cabbage, 1st J Mather; 2nd Thos Symmes.

One dozen Onions, 1st T W Symmes; 2nd Thos Symmes; 3rd J Mather.

Collection of Flowers, 1st J Mather; 2nd T Symmes.

Home-made or Imported Implements.

Cultivator, Prize J A Brooks.

Iron Plough, 1st Thos Link; 2nd M Welch; 3rd J A Brooks.

Harrow, 1st Gilmour & Co.

MONEY TO LOAN.—Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks & Elgin streets, Ottawa.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers, 25 cents a bottle. Office, 215 Fulton Street, New York, and 493 Oxford Street, London.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins on the outside wrapper. All others are but imitations.

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS

Will be received for the several works required in the erection and completion of a

BUILDING

On the corner of

Wellington and O'Connor Streets,

For the

"BANK OF MONTREAL,"

According to plans and specifications prepared by MESSRS. HOPKINS & WILY, Architects, and which may be seen at the office of Mr. Walter Chesterton, Architect, Sappers' Bridge, Rideau Street.

The Directors do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

The time for giving in the tenders to be announced in a few days.

Ottawa, Sept. 22, 1871. 1776

CITY OF OTTAWA ADVANCE

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes, or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands, grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts: and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the Thirtieth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the thirtieth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the twenty eighth day of December, A. D. 1871, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
September 22nd, 1871. } 1777 1m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, that you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street

BRANDIES—

The best old Brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

GIN—

J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

AUCTION SALE

OF A

TIMBER LIMIT

SITUATED ON DEEP RIVER.

The Subscriber has received instructions to sell at the Union House, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, 4th October, a Timber Berth, being License No. 267 of 1870-71, of about 5½ square miles on the South side of Deep River.

Terms and conditions made known at time of sale.

Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 8, 1871. 1761 td

ENGLISH WEEKLY NEWS PAPERS AND MONTHLY MAGAZINES.

LLOYD'S WEEKLY LONDON NEWS, Weekly Times, Reynolds', Weekly Dispatch,—the latest editions,—5 cents. Subscription (post free to any part of the Dominion) — yearly, $2.50; six months, 1.25.

Illustrated London News, Graphic, Bell's Life, News of the World, Punch, Fun, Judy, &c., &c.

THE TORONTO GLOBE delivered at 10 cents per week.

C. E. HUCKETT & CO.
69, Sparks Street.

August 29. 1755 1m

TAKE NOTICE.

Get your

BUFFALO ROBES

in to be

DYED,

and made like

BEAR ROBES,

for the cold weather is fast approaching.

G. A. SHELDON,
Sussex street,

Next door to the DOMINION HOUSE,

Ottawa, Sept. 21, 1871. 1774 a

HORSE LOST.

Lost for the last fifteen days from Hull, a RED HORSE—white nose, three white legs, and a pretty good mane.

Any person returning the horse to the owner, J. Bte. Menard, Hull, will be rewarded

HULL, Sept. 26, 1871. 1779 3

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Peaches!

Peaches!

Peaches!

Term for applying during the

Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY

FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

16lbs per day for the season..		$5 00
20lbs " " ..		9 00
16lbs " month		1 50
20lbs " "		2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

Terms strictly Cash in advance.

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention

H. PALMER

N B.—Ice supplied per ton or cwt.

Ottawa April 1871

BUSINESS CHANGE.

We, the undersigned, in relinquishing the Retail branch of our business, beg to return thanks to the public of Ottawa and vicinity for the very liberal support accorded to us during the past eight years, and to announce that we have

DISPOSED OF OUR STOCK,

And leased the premises,

29 Sparks Street,

TO

MESSRS.

ALEXANDER RUSSELL,

(Late of Blyth & Russell, Ottawa,)

AND

ROBERT WATSON,

(Of Watson & Hayes, Almonte,)

Who will continue the business under the name and style of

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Both of these gentlemen were formerly in our employ, and being possessed of ample means and long experience we have great pleasure in recommending them to the confidence and patronage of all our friends and customers.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, August, 1871.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE

RUSSELL & WATSON

Have pleasure in announcing that they have purchased the

Entire Stock in Trade,

AND

GOOD WILL

OF THE

RETAIL BUSINESS

Lately conducted by Messrs.

Magee & Russell,

And leased their premises, 29 Sparks Street, for a term of years.

And hope by keeping only the best qualities of goods, and adopting a uniform and

Moderate Scale of Profits,

By anticipating the wants of the public and a strict attention to business to merit and retain the patronage so liberally bestowed upon their predecessors.

And we beg to assure the old patrons of the establishment that no efforts will be spared in maintaining the leading position to which it had attained.

ALEX. RUSSELL, ROB'T. WATSON.

Ottawa, August 1871.

Peaches!

Pears!

Pears!

Pears!

Apples!

Apples!

Apples!

And all other Kinds of Fruit

at the Fruit Depots of

G. LORENZ,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

AND

NO. 38 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Grand Show Day!

AT

Russell & Watson's

Having now the greater portion of our STOCK forward, we will on

Thursday, 28th Sept'r.

Open our SHOW ROOMS, and DISPLAY the

LATEST NOVELTIES

IN—

Millinery, Mantles and Costumes!

Besides a well assorted Stock of Goods usually shown in the Room.

In addition to Goods now forward for those Departments will be found a full and well selected STOCK of

Dress Goods, Silks,

Laces and Lace Goods,

Hosiery and Gloves, &c.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, September 22, 1871

IF YOU WANT

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

SEND TO THE

Noted Tea House

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprieto

DR. ROBERTS' CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 12½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s and 22s each; and his

PILULÆ, ANTI SCROFULÆ or ALTERATIVE PILLS.

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family operient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Prepared only by

BEACH & BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England.

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

September 28, 1871. 1779 6m

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

AT ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co's Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS,

ON BLACK RIVER,

For Sale by Auction, at the Union House,

ON WEDNESDAY, 4th OCTOBER

next, at one o'clock, p. m., being

License No. 265, of 1870-71.....50 miles.

And No. 367, of 1870-71.....50 miles.

Total one hundred square miles of richly timbered limits.

By order of

ALEXANDER FRASER, Esq.

Ottawa, 1st Sept. 1871. 1759 4 d

WANTED

By a young married couple, Board, Bedroom, and Sitting Room, furnished

on

a Small House or Cottage, furnished or unfurnished. All within easy distance of the Post Office. Possession required 1st October, or soon after

Apply by letter, stating terms, to

D. C. L., Box 5 Ottawa P. O

Ottawa, Sept. 13th, 1871. 1767.

PRIVATE BOARD WANTED

In Upper Town by a Gentleman and his Wife. Apply by letter addressed

1761— U., Times Office.

NOTICE.

An excellent CELLAR to let. Large, and entrance on level with the street. Apply to

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Sept. 13, 1871. 1761-4

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

1766-6m D. WILKINSON
Proprietor

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m. and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1733 1y

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested to settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA

Between Howell and Finland & Draper's.

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.

1737M

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the busines at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale o Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown, now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

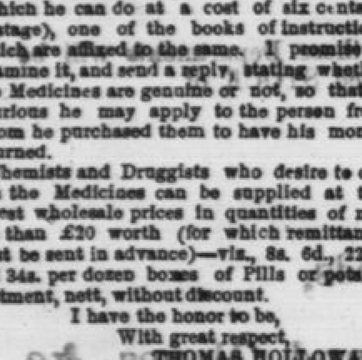
I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s. and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY.

533, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand), London, W. C., Sept. 1, 1871. 39 6m



Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the Great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY?

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Soccotrine Aloes, Capsicum, &c., &c.) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching curative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Pint Bottles...$1 00
Pills per Box...25

TWO VALUABLE FARMS

FOR SALE!

The following Valuable Farm situated on the banks of the Rideau about one mile and a half from Ottawa, the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq., and known as the South West half of Lot 14 on the Rideau River in the Gore of Gloucester. It is all cleared and in the highest state of cultivation; well watered; first-class brick building with seven rooms, and substantial barns, sheds, &c., thereon; also, an excellent orchard and garden. Beautifully situated and commanding a fine view of the City, Parliament Buildings, and surrounding country; contains about 100 acres.

ALSO

Lot No 16, in the Seventh Concession of Gloucester, Ottawa Front (the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq.), 8 miles from Ottawa and 3 miles from Taylorsville. Contains 200 acres, principally covered with timber.

For particulars and terms apply to DANIEL McLAURIN, Esq., of Osgoode, JAMES SEVERIGHT, Esq., of Gloucester, Trustees, or to

HAMNETT P. HILL.
Solicitor, &c.,
34-tf Post Office Block, Ottawa.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

TEAS AND WINES,

8 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

FRED. T. PALMER,

Commission and Lumbermen's Agent, Rideau Street, (entrance O'Meara's Gateway.)

Particular attention will be given to hiring men, teams, &c., and all transactions with the Crown Land and Timber Office.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:
R Nagle, Esq, | Wm Mackey, Esq
Allan Grant, Esq, | E McGillivray, Esq
Ottawa, Sept 1, 1871. 1746t

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," Capt. Davison.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," Capt. Connell.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," Capt. Baquet.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," Capt. McKenzie.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m, and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

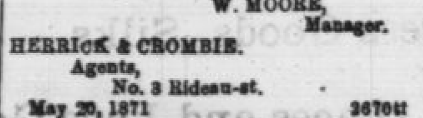
S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE.
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.
May 20, 1871 3670tf



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the 1st day of SEPTEMBER—

The Steamer JESSIE CASSELS will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 7.30 a.m., connecting with Steamers of the Line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The Steamer PONTIAC leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted), at 1 p.m., for Des Joachim; returning—leaving at 6 a.m., connecting with Steamer JASON GOULD, which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 p.m., passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The Steamer PRINCE ARTHUR leaves Portage du Fort at 7 a.m., connecting with Steamer JESSIE CASSELS for Aylmer.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip, at 1 30 p.m., and down trip at 9 a.m.
R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, August 28th, 1871.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers
QUEEN VICTORIA,
Capt. Bowie
PRINCE OF WALES,
Capt. R. W. Shepherd.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B.—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1736tf

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FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

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IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address
GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,
N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.
Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

NOTICE.

Wanted immediately, for School Section No. 3 and 10, of North and South Plantagenet, A MALE TEACHER, holding a second class certificate. Application may be made to the undersigned Trustees, stating amount of salary per annum.

CHARLES FARRELL,
MAURICE SHANE,
THOMAS BROWNRIGG.
Pendleton 11th, September, 1871. 38 4

EMIGRATION TO THE UNITED STATES.

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or sixpence. Correspondence solicited. Address A. F. ROBERTSON & Co, Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1774 2

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT.

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonising pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.
"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
"SIR J RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies.

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
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The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

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B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Central, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

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A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

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OTTAWA.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awky

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These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

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Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

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RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1665tf

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY P.M.
...	11 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	...	4.20
...	11 45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	...	4.20
...	...	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S	8.00	...	7.30
...	...	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	...	7.30
10.15	11.45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00	...	4.20
10.15	11.45	...	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	...	4.20
10.15	...	...	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	...	...	4.20
10.15	...	...	Osgoode, Russell, &c	...	...	4.20
9 20	...	4.30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	...	1.30
9 20	...	...	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. O. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	...	...	1 30
10.30	...	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	...
5.30	...	...	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c	...	...	7.00
6.15	...	...	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	...	...	7.00
7.30	...	...	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	...	...
6.00	...	...	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and Intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	...	...	6 00
11.30	...	...	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	...	...

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via NewYork close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.00 noon, in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

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On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Pos Cards.

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G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, Sept. 14 1871.

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

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One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
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STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

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Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

FOR SALE.

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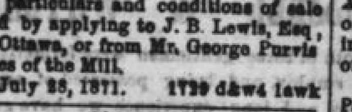
The Mill has just been completed, and is most substantially built and fitted with the most improved Machinery, and can manufacture 140,000 feet of lumber per day. It has an extensive piling ground attached to it. Being placed where the Brockville Railway runs beside the Ottawa River, the lumber manufactured by it may be sent direct to the United States market. The limits comprise about 280 square miles of valuable Pine Timber country, with two extensive and productive Farms, and having commodious Dwelling Houses, Storehouses and Stables erected on them. They are also supplied with a large stock of provisions, horse feed and shanty plant for next season's operations

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be had by applying to J. B. Lewis, Esq., Barrister, Ottawa, or from Mr. George Purvis at the offices of the Mill.

Ottawa, July 28, 1871. 1739 d&w4 1awk



NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, To Wit.

Public Notice is hereby given that the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, and of Assize and Nisi Prius, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the NINTH day of OCTOBER, at the hour of Ten o'clock a.m., of which all Coroners, Magistrates, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned, are required to take notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. F. POWELL.
Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Ottawa,
Sept. 18, 1871. 1779-tf.

FOR CHEAP READING,

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Books bought, sold and exchanged.
Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

For Sale or to Let.

NOTICE.

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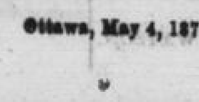
Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, July 11th, 1871. 1813 tf



HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.
Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

Madoc, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co, OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,
I remain,
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.
C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co.

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NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be
Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials. *Agents for Ottawa*—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

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—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

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SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.
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James Bailiff, Agent,
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Medical.

SEEDS! SEEDS

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FRESH GARDEN

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(Late Alex. Christie.)
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Ottawa April 28, 1871

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MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	"SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.
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MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth Price 5s.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweatens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.
May 11871

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ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Willows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.
November 24, 1870 1532tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER.

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it. Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,

Sold in Ottawa by H. F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.
November 30, 1870 1537y

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected), will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager
Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa; 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

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WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 566tf GEORGE TAILLON

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DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherston's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

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J. O. ARCHAMBAULT,
NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MARCIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetrau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull. Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into is practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.
Ottawa, September 3, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
669y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
A. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The Proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE "RURAL" SALOON,
ELGIN STREET,

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel. Strict attention to business.
Good Wines and Liquors warranted.
Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1599

Miscellaneous.

G. C. RAINBOTH,
Provincial Land Surveyor and Draughtsman, commissioned for the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.
Office; Aylmer, P. Q. 1782 tf

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANE.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H ASims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O. & St. L. R.R. 760

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Reed's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks st, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1860.

WM. H. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

T G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

1871. ICE 1871.

ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use;

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street
Ottawa, May 1649d

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed.

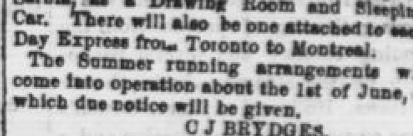
Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE. Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at	6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at	9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at	9.00 p.m
Mixed Train or Brockville, at	11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at	5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at	7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at	8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at	2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston	10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Estables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.
DEMPSY & CAMERON
Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this new celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thorougly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.
GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.
May 31, 1871. 1680tf

DOMINION HOUSE

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel
Ottawa, May 12, 1871. 1665 6m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, C.
P. O. Box 723.
Montreal, March 11, 1871 1619y

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES.
November 26, 1870 1524tf

MORRISON'S

STEAM BISCUIT BAKERY

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your Orders are solicited, and will be PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO by

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,
Nos. 86 and 88 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

TANNERY,

PARK STREET, OTTAWA.

EDMOND GERMAIN, Proprietor,

All kinds of LEATHER for Sale, Wholesale, at reasonable prices.

ALSO,

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE

Of his own manufacture, at REDUCED PRICES.
19th August, 1871. 1746tf

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